DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1876.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MONTGOMERY, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T. C. Bingham will be paidby us. T. C. BINGHAM & Co,

dtf. Proprietors.

TWELVE years ago to day, Gen. Early invaded Maryland.

QUITE a large number of strangers were in the city on the 4th inst.

THE problem of the hour: How to keep the starch in one's shirt collar.

THE most fashionable straws now are about eight inches long, and are worn upright in a tumbler.

THIS reporter sharpened his pencil for a wrestle with the fourth of July firefiend, but, alas, our fears were only fears.

THE steamers and the firemen made a handsome display on Tuesday. Our fire laddies are always ready and never fail to make a splendid showing.

IT is bad enough to have the thermometer up in the nineties, without being obliged to answer on every corner the imbecile greeting: "Is it hot enough for you to-day?

WHEN a man asks you to-day, as twenty men will surely ask you, "is it hot enough for you to-day;" just look that interrogator camly in the face, and tell him gravely, "no."

THE reception of the ladies of "St. John's Beneficial Society" will be held this evening at the residence of Mrs. Josiah Morris. Proceeds applied to charity. Admittance 10 cents.

THERE were some belligerent demonstrations on the glorious 4th. Our reporter heard of three fights, and hunted them all up; but he found that they did not amount to any very great thing and we leave off here.

THE large flag of the JOURNAL would have been displayed from the JOURNAL building on the Fourth, but as the city had no flag, we loaned ours to the Mayor in order that Montgomery as a corporation might make as big a show as possible.

OUT of a spirit of "patriotic duty" the railroads closed their freight offices Tuesday. It might have been in accordance with that patriotic spirit if the railroad authorities had advertised the fact a little more extensively.

THE police court yesterday morning was an interesting affair. The officers made a splendid haul on the 4th, and the city treasury was considerably elevated. The tanglefoot cases were on a scale of magnificence hardly excelled, while the P. R. sort rather fell below par.

THE following is a verbatim copy of an expressive letter a young lady at the Centennial wrote her mother:

PHILADELPHIA, June, 1876.

DEAR MOTHER—Oh! Oh!! Oh!!! Oh!!!! Oh!!!!! O-o-o-o-o-o-o-o-o-h!!!!!!

Your affectionate daughter,

MARY.

THE silver cup presented some time ago by the Escambia Rifles, of Pensacola, to the Greys and the Greenville Guards, to be shot for, was won Tuesday by the latter company, in a spirited contest at the new fair grounds. The score was: Greys, 156; Guards 245. The distance was 900 yards. Of course the contest having taken place on the dunghill of the Greys they were too generous to win the cup.

THE pyrotechnic display on the night of the 4th was not a very brilliant success. We do not know the cause of the failure, but we presume the stringency of the times prevented subscriptions being very large. The committee did the best they could under the circumstances, but receiving but little aid from the public they could not make much of a display. The bright moonshine told heavily against the display that was made; and, upon the whole, we do not know but it would have been better to have given the money to the poor that was spent in that direction.

A NIGHT TRIP.—A boat ride in summer is never very pleasant on the Alabama, in the day time. A trip to Selma last Friday night, on the elegant steamer Mary, confirmed our opinion in this respect, that it is much better to travel on the steamboat at night, and on the cars in day time—during the heated term. The Mary is a clean and pleasant little steamer, and her officers are all accomplished gentlemen. They do everything in their power to make passengers comfortable, and so far as accommodations are concerned, they never fail. But Capt. John Quill cannot control "Old Probs" to such an extent as to insure cool breezes during his trips up and down the majestic Alabama. During our trip Friday night, we had the pleasure of a moonlight ride on our noble river, and there is nothing half so beautiful as a moonlight trip along a stream so thickly studded with trees and shrubbery as this great river. The songs of the whippoorwill were to be heard nearly the whole night, and for those who delight to commune with themselves in the soft still hours of the night, we commend a night trip on the Alabama. There is but little business doing along the river now, as planters are all busy with their crops; the cotton crop has all about got to market, and the swift railway supercedes the steamboat in the general freight business. At Montgomery the Mary took on 50 bales of cotton for the Prattville factories, which she put off at Washington and took on fifteen of Pratts' gins. A little lower down a considerable lot of domestics were taken aboard from the Autaugaville factories. Planters who came aboard the Mary at different landings were very enthusiastic about crops, and boasted that they could not gather what they expect to make. Our readers will rejoice to learn that the corn crop was pronounced to be the finest ever known in this section of the country. We trust that the brightest hopes of all our farmers may be more than realized.

THE streets were crowded Tuesday night until nearly 11 o'clock by ladies and gentlemen who were looking out for the display of fireworks. A dozen or so of Roman candles and about fifteen rockets were exploded at the State House. This made up the pyrotechnics of our celebration.

THE GUARDS' FESTIVAL.—The festival of the Governor's Guard, at their armory in the City Building, on the night of the 4th, was a most pleasant and agreeable success. The hall was elegantly arranged with flowers and presenfed a real fairy-like appearance, as the soft gas light fell upon the scene. The refreshments were ice cream, etc., and every one who was fortunate enough to attend enjoyed the occasion fully. Every arrangement necessary to insure pleasure was thoroughly carried out, and the ladies and gentlemen who enjoyed the occasion will always remember it as a green spot in their lives. The Guards deserve many thanks for their efficient management of this most pleasant event, and all who were there will join in returning them a unanimous vote of thanks.

No Peace Wanted.

REPUBLICANS READ AND REFLECT.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., July 5, 1876.

EDITOR JOURNAL: As you have published that portion of the proceedings of the Republican County Executive Committee for this county, which referred to their effort to harmonize the party in this county, you will please publish the following correspondence, which will show to the republicans of our county and State the *overbearing* and *uncompromising* spirit of the SO-CALLED "Reform" party. So far as I am individually concerned, it would be far beneath my dignity to pay any more attention than this to the INSOLENT and IMPUDENT conduct of an individual, who was once elected *by the Republicans of this county* to the same office which I subsequently had the honor of filling (as I believe), with credit to myself and the people who elected me, but he, on the contrary, after disgracing himself and those who elected him for two years, sold the remainder of his term for the sum of *fifteen hundred dollars* to a DEMOCRAT. For this conduct he was, by UNANIMOUS RESOLUTION of the Republican County Convention, held in 1871, expelled from the ranks of the Republican party, and declared unworthy to be a member of it. This resolution was offered by the late Hon. L. J. Williams, and has never been expunged from the records by any subsequent county convention. Respectfully,

PAUL STROBACH,
Chairman Republican County Executive Committee of Montgomery county.

ROOMS REP. EX. COMMITTEE,
Montgomery, July 1st, 1876.

Captain Robert Barber Chairman, Etc., Montgomery, Ala.

SIR—At a regular meeting of the Republican Executive Committee, of Montgomery county, held to day, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That a committee of conference, to consist of three, be appointed by the chairman, to confer with a like committee, to be appointed by the committee, of which you are chairman, and endeavor to arrange the terms necessary to a peaceful and harmonious adjustment of the dissensions of our party in this county. In obedience to this resolution the following persons have been appointed on said committee — Wm. M. Loftin, Charles Johnson and George Allen.

You will please notify me at your earliest convenience, if, and at what time and place the committee can meet.

Respectfully yours,

PAUL STROBACH.
Chairman Rep. Ex. Com. of Montgomery county.

ROOMS REP. CO. EX. COMMITTEE,
MONTGOMERY, ALA., July 3, 1876.

To P. Strobach, Self Styled Chairman, Etc.:

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication dated July 1st, and in reply would suggest that a committee of conference be appointed for the purpose of ascertaining the most practicable way of ridding the Republican party of P. Strobach; this is a question of more vital importance at this particular moment than any other question now agitating the minds of the Republican people of this county. I assert, without fear of successful contradiction, that the *Republican party* of Montgomery county are *united*, that they to-day present a solid front to the common enemy, the Democratic party, and to that disorganizer and political fraud, P. Strobach. You, individually (under the master you serve), are the only and sole cause of the trouble, if any exists, in this county, not being satisfied with your overwhelming defeat at the ballot box, and by being repudiated by over six thousand voters of this county, *you* now assume to be a leader, to lead a bolt, to lead a faction, *when, in fact, you lead nothing.* The Republican party owe it to their manhood and self-respect to treat you with that contempt your conduct so justly merits. The campaign of the great Republican party of this county is now opened, and will be conducted as becomes a great party with a manly, open, honest, fight for the glorious principles of true Republicanism, and for the success of these principles every honest Republican will vote in spite of P. Strobach or any other bolter or set of bolters. I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

ROBT. BARBER,
Chairman Rep. Co. Ex. Committee.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE REPUBLICAN COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

MONTGOMERY, July 5, 1876.

After the receipt of the above reply from Robert Barber, the Regular Republican County Executive Committee met at the call of the chairman. After hearing the reply of Barber read, the following preamble and resolution were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, This committee has earnestly endeavored to secure peace and harmony in the ranks of the Republican party in Montgomery county, and appointed a committee to confer with the SO-CALLED Reformers, for that purpose, and

WHEREAS, The chairman of our committee having addressed a respectful note to Robert Barber, chairman of their county committee, asking that a committee of conference be appointed under the resolution of the committee, and

WHEREAS, The said Robert Barber having replied to said note in an *insolent and discourteous* manner, showing conclusively that the object of the so-called "Reformers" is to "RULE OR RUIN," and believing that an *honest* effort is necessary on the part of all honest Republicans *to secure this county from the hands of the Democratic party, into which it is rapidly drifting under the leadership of the so-called Reformers*, therefore—

Be it Resolved, That we hereby authorize the chairman of this committee to adopt, without delay, all measures necessary to a successful prosecution of the campaign in this county in favor of our candidates for President and Vice President—Hayes and Wheeler; the State ticket nominated on the 24th of May, and our candidates for the Legislature, and hereby cordially invite all Republicans who are opposed to the RULE or RUIN policy, and in favor of electing true and tried Republicans to office, to cooperate in their effort to preserve our country from the consequences of the ruinous policy adopted by the so-called "Reform" party of Republicans.

PAUL STROBACH, Chairman.
T. C. BINGHAM, Secretary.

Died in Sanford county, on Wednesday the 21 of June, Mr. T. L. Hudgins.

The Centennial Anniversary.

CELEBRATION OF JULY 4TH IN MONTGOMERY—A GENERAL HOLIDAY.

The Nation's Anniversary was celebrated in this city for the first time since 1860, in a public manner. Ever since the war the Republican citizens have celebrated this glorious event in some manner, but as the great body of white citizens took no part, of course the observances were not attended with the eclat which has been characteristic of all our public celebrations. When the proposition was first broached to have an "old time" celebration of the Fourth of July, it was thought that our poverty was so pressing that we could not get up an imposing occasion. Considering all the circumstances, the celebration day before yesterday was quite a success.

The programme of ceremonies embraced salutes, fired from the Capitol enclosure on a large cannon. The first salute was fired at midnight of Monday; the next at daylight on Tuesday, and again at 12 o'clock of that day. In the morning the military companies formed in procession and marched through some of the principal streets to the stand erected on Court Square, in front of the "Dollar Store" of Pollak & Co. and the offices of Messrs. Moses Brothers. Arriving there, Gen. Holtzclaw, Grand Marshal, called the assemblage to order, and addressed a few remarks of a thrilling and patriotic character. The Rev. Dr. Petrie, of the Presbyterian Church, delivered a most eloquent and impressive prayer. The Declaration of Independence was read by Mr. Neil Blue, our oldest citizen, who is, at the ripe old age of 83, able to read without glasses. The oration was delivered by Gov. Watts. It was an impressive address, and thoroughly imbued with the spirit of the occasion. The proceedings were broad and liberal, and we trust that they may be productive of a more tolerant and enlightened spirit among our people than has existed. Freedom was the prize for which our forefathers sacrificed themselves—to think, to act and speak according to their own hearts and the dictates of their own consciences. Let us have no more of ostracism and proscription for opinion's sake. Let us all catch the inspiration of this Centennial of Freedom, and accord to all men the right to vote for whom they please, and act with whatever political party they please. This was the great boon for which our fathers struggled through all those seven long years of toil and suffering. The proceedings of Tuesday have already given new impulse to our citizens; they feel that all the dark and dreadful past is now buried out of sight forever, and a new era of peace, toleration and prosperity awaits us. Had the weather not been so oppressive there would have been a much larger turn out than there was. But we had a very successful celebration in spite of the heat and dust. After the ceremonies were concluded, the citizens generally dispersed to spend the remainder of the day in such manner as they deemed best suited to the occasion. Most of the business houses were closed during the day. We are glad to be able to state that there were but two or three cases of intoxication, and they amounted to nothing. It was too warm to drink intoxicating liquors, and those who did it suffered more misery than if they had been compelled to labor all day in the heat of the sun.

A Beautiful Appeal.

DR. PETRIE'S CENTENNIAL PRAYER.

The following beautiful and eloquent prayer was delivered by the Rev. Dr. Petrie at the opening of the Centennial ceremonies of our celebration on the 4th of July:

O, Eternal God, King of Kings and Lord of Lords, mighty in power, and of majesty incomprehensible, look down, we beseech Thee, with Thy favor and blessing upon us, Thy servants, who are here assembled in Thy name and presence. Thou art the Author and Giver of all good, and a strong tower and defence to those who fear and trust in Thee. We adore Thee as the God in whom our fathers trusted; as the God whose protecting arm has preserved the people of these United States through many and great trials; has distinguished them by signal and unnumbered blessings, and given them a great name among the nations of the earth. We praise Thee for the dispensations of Thy bountiful hand, and for all Thy goodness vouchsafed to us, Thy favored people. Through Thy blessing, and because Thy compassions fail not, we behold this Centennial anniversary of our National Independence. May it call to our remembrance Thy mercies, which have ever been of old; and may we be sensible that not for our righteousness, or the uprightness of our own hearts, hast Thou brought us to possess this good land; nor has the might of our own arm given us the victory in battle. Not unto us, O Lord, not unto us, but unto Thy name be the praise, for Thy mercy and Thy truth's sake.

Grant unto us, we beseech Thee, such a sense of Thy blessings to us, and to the people of our country, that our hearts may be most truly thankful, and our lives be devoted to Thee.

And we pray, O God, that we and our country may continue under Thy holy care and protection. Be Thou our shield and buckler, that we, trusting in Thy defence, may not fear the power of any adversaries.

We beseech Thee to continue Thy merciful goodness to us and our country. Give wisdom, and strength, and union to the government and people of these United States, and this State, especially, in which we live. Bless all who are, and shall be, set in authority over us, and so enlighten their minds, direct their counsels and strengthen their hands, that righteousness and peace may dwell in our land. May they who are and shall be appointed to give laws and to execute them, be endowed with wisdom and equity, and a just regard for the public good, that through their impartial administration, the safety and welfare of the people shall be promoted.

Grant, O, Lord, that a deep sense of Thy providential care may preserve us from pride and self dependence. While we are thankful for the great blessings of civil liberty and political independence, may we be preserved from a trust in ourselves and from all vain confidence of boasting; may we never forget who it is that makes us to differ from each other, nor use our liberty for a cloak of maliciousness, but follow after charity and the things which make for peace.

And as we have much reason to fear, O, God, that the sins which prevail in our country and our ungrateful returns for Thy unremembered mercies may provoke Thy indignation and call forth Thy judgment upon us, we beseech Thee mercifully to look upon our infirmities and turn from us the evils we have so justly deserved. Preserve us, O, Lord, from desolating judgments, from selfishness, from discord and contentions. Grant, we beseech Thee, that we may be united and happy, rejoicing ever in Thy holy protection.

And may all who shall assemble on the glad occasion of this centennial anniversary be duly sensible from whom our blessings flow. Help us all to enjoy the bounty which Thy hand bestows, with temperance and sobriety and in Thy faith and fear. May this memorable and commemorative day be so celebrated as not to increase the sins of the nation, but rather, through Thy blessing, be so observed as to diffuse the comforts of national freedom, social affections and pious gratitude throughout the community and country. Extend Thy blessing to the religious institutions in our land, and through these to all lands. And then, may Thy kingdom come, and Thy will be done on earth, as it is in Heaven.

We ask these things, O, God, Our Heaven'ly Father, and whatever else Thou seest good and fit for us, for our State, for our country, and for all times, to the name and merit of our Mediator. Amen.

Local and Business Notices.

I. O. O. F.—The installation of officers of Montgomery Lodge, No 6, Independent Order of Odd Fellows will take place at Odd Fellows Hall, Friday evening, July 7th, at 8½ o'clock. The public are cordially invited to be present, and every arrangement will be perfected for their comfort and entertainment.

By order of the N. G.

F. GEAGLEY, Secretary.

7-6 lt

The Latest.

"The Office" Saloon, is offering the best inducements to Lager Beer drinkers of any Saloon in the city. They are still selling those large ten cent glasses for five cents. "The Office," (under the Advertiser building, on Court Street) is the place to get beer for your families, as you get more beer for your money. Also Sweet Cider on hand. 6-24-tw

MR. DANIEL F. BEATTY, of Washington, N. J., is constantly in receipt of the most flattering testimony from all parts of the United States and Canada, as to the beauty and excellence of his pianos and organs. Send for catalogue and list of testimonials. Address, Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, Warren county, N. J., U. S. A. d5t

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To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.* 3-14 d&wcm

THE Star Parlor Organs are celebrated for their purity of tone, elegant design and thorough construction. Send for catalogue. Address,

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & Co,
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Vital weakness or depression: A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental overwork, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphrey's Homeopathic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per package of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Homeopathic Medicine Company, 662 Broadway, New York.

1-1d&w 1y

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The People's Remedy.
The Universal Pain Extractor.
Note: ask for POND'S EXTRACT.
Take no other.

"Hear, for I will speak of excellent things."

POND'S EXTRACT—The great **Vegetable Pain Destroyer.** Has been in use over **thirty years**, and for cleanliness and prompt curative virtues cannot be excelled.

CHILDREN.—**No family can afford to be without Pond's Extract. Accidents, Bruises, Contusions, Cuts, Sprains,** are relieved almost instantly by external application. Promptly relieves pains or **Burns, Scalds, Excoriations, Chafings, Old Sores, Boils, Felons, Corns,** etc. Arrests inflamation, reduces swellings, stops bleeding, removes discolorations and heals rapidly.

FEMALE WEAKNESSES.—It always relieves pain in the back and loins, fullness and pressing pain in the head, nausea, vertigo.

IN LEUCORRHŒA it has no equal. All kinds of **ulcerations** to which ladies are subject are promptly cured. Fuller details in book accompanying each bottle.

PILES—**blind or bleeding**—meet prompt relief and ready cure. No case, however chronic or obstinate, can long resist its regular use.

VARICOSE VEINS.—It is the only sure cure for this distressing and dangerous condition.

KIDNEY DISEASES.—It has no equal for permanent cure.

BLEEDING from any cause. For this is a **specific.** It has saved hundreds of lives when all other remedies failed to arrest bleeding from **nose, stomach, lungs,** and elsewhere.

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PHYSICIANS of all schools who are acquainted with **Pond's Extract of Witch Hazel** recommend it in their practice. We have letters of commendation from hundreds of Physicians, many of whom order it for use in their own practice. In addition to the foregoing, they order its use for **Swellings** of all kinds, **Quinsy, Sore Throat, Inflamed Tonsils,** simple and chronic **Diarrhœa, Catarrh,** (for which it is a specific,) **Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Stings of Insects, Mosquitoes,** etc., **Chapped Hands, Face,** and indeed all manner of skin diseases.

TOILET USE.—Removes **Soreness, Roughness,** and **Smarting;** heals **Cuts, Eruptions,** and **Pimples.** It *revives, invigorates,* and *refreshes,* while wonderfully improving the **Complexion.**

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CAUTION.—**Pond's Extract** has been imitated. The genuine article has the words **Pond's Extract** blown in each bottle. It is prepared by **the only persons living** who ever knew how to prepare it properly. Refuse all other preparations of Witch Hazel. This is the only **article used by Physicians,** and in the hospitals of this country and Europe.

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The Centennial Newly Illustrated County, Railroad and Distance Map of all the States and Territories and "The World," a panorama of the country from New York to San Francisco, or from ocean to ocean; showing "The Big Trees of California," the Yosemite Valley, the distance from one railroad station to the next, and many other points of interest never before shown in map form. Also, The Centennial Chart, giving a steel-like portrait of all the signers of the Declaration of Independence, their place of residence, date of birth and death. Also, a copy of the Declaration in plain type, and a bird's eye view of the Great Centennial Exhibition at Philadelphia. Selling like hot cakes. Agents can make money rapidly selling these maps and charts. Everybody wants them, and everybody must have them. Agents wanted. Address, or call on, CALDWELL, BRADSHAW, Gen. Southern Agent, No. 4, Perry street, Montgomery, Alabama. 6-30dlwjt

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Retailing at 2 cents per pound, at O. WILLIAMS' Ice House, corner Madison and Lawrence Streets, (Sharp's Mills.) Open daily from 5 a. m. to 11 p. m., Sunday from 5 a. m. to 8 p. m. Wagon runs daily, and will deliver to customers. —Protective Ice Co., tickets received.

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Ice! Ice!

No Short Crop in Alabama.

The Montgomery Protective Ice Co.

Having bought the Stock and Fixtures of D. P. WEST, and contracted for all the Ice made by the

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Are now prepared to supply the public at their old stand, MONROE ST., opposite the CITY HALL. J. A. DIAZ & CO.,

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ESTABLISHED 1838.

As good liquors as can be found in the city at prices to suit the time, and on a specie basis.

We are the agents for Chatham's and Kinny's celebrated Tennessee and Bourbon Whiskies, which we shall in future sell at our Bar.

We are also agents for the celebrated **Key West Cigar,** which has been pronounced the champion 5 cents cigar of this or any other market.

Draught Lager	5 cts
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Krug Wine, quarts	$3.00
Krug Wine, pints	1.50
Mixed Drinks	15 cts

6-7 E. BEEBE & CO.

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CORNER WATER & CONTI STREETS,

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GREAT REDUCTION OF RATES!

This HOTEL, with its beautifully furnished ROOMS and the best TABLE this fine market affords, is undoubtedly the

CHEAPEST HOTEL

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ONLY $2.00 and $2.50 PER DAY.
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PARLOR ORGAN

Surpasses in tone and power any Reed Organ heretofore manufactured in this country. It has been tested by many competent judges and

Gives Universal Satisfaction.

By a skillful use of the stops, and of the patent knee swell, the music is adapted to the human voice, ranging from the softest flute-like note to a volume of sound,

Unsurpassed by any Instrument

The proprietors have noted carefully for many years the imperfections and needs of the reed instruments, and direct their practical experience to the correction of such imperfections, and their experiments have resulted in the production of a quality of tone which assimilates so closely to the

PIPE ORGAN QUALITY

That it is difficult to distinguish between the two. This instrument has all

THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS,

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This organ needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and is sold at ext emely

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An illustrated work (96 pages) containing full information concerning the Physiology of Marriage, Single and Married Life, Love, Courtship, Impediments to Marriage, Abuses in Marriage, Diseases of Reproduction, how to be truly happy in the married relations. Male and female, young and middle aged should read and ponder it, it contains information that should be in the hands of every adult person, how to prevent children, the number one can afford to be without, even before. Sold cheap for the trashy novels. The best and only true Marriage Guide in the world. Price 50 cents by Mail. The author may be consulted personally or by mail on any of the subjects mentioned in the work. Address Dr. A. G. OLIN, 127 Washington st., Chicago, Ill.

MARQUETTE, HOUGHTON & ONTONA GUN RAILROAD—MICHIGAN. TIME TABLE.

GOING WEST.

Leave Marquette..... 7.45 a. m
Arrive at L'Anse..... 12.45 p. m

GOING EAST.

Arrive at Marquette..... 8.10 p. m
Leave L'Anse..... 3.00 p. m

Leave Chicago via. C. & N. W. R. R. for Marquette and all points on the Upper Peninsula at 10 p. m.

Leave Marquette for Chicago at 7.45 a. m.

Southerners should avail themselves of the reduction in R. R. and Steamboat fares during the summer months, to visit the Iron, Silver and Copper mines of the Lake Superior region.

Here are to be found the most extensive Iron and the most valuable Copper mines in the World.

CARPENTER'S Manual — A practical guide to all operations of the trade; drawing for carpenters, forms of contract, specifications, plans, &c.; plain instructions for beginners, and full glossary of terms. Illustrated cloth. Paint, er's Manuel, 20. Book of Alphabets, 50. Scrolls and Ornaments, $1. Watchmaker and Jeweler, 50. Soapmaker, 5. Of booksellers, or by mail. JESSE HANEY & CO., 119 Nassau street, N. Y.

2-30dkwcm

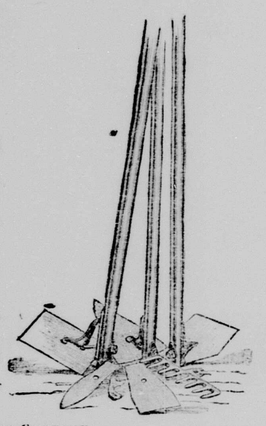
COMBINATION HOE.

First Premium Awarded at the Grangers' State Fair

Of Alabama, October, 1875, the first place where the Hoe was exhibited.

Manufactured by the Granger Hoe Company.

WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.



Requires no wedging. Can be adjusted for any work, or to suit the height of workman in fifteen seconds.

The Blade of the Field Hoe is made entirely of cast steel, square in shape, and when one edge becomes dull or worn out, the blade may be reversed, thus making

Two Hoes for the Price of One

It can be taken from the handle without trouble for the purpose of grinding.

The fixtures are made of malleable iron and cannot be broken.

The handles are made of sound ash wood—the best material known for handles.

Hoes handled ready for use, as cheap as the best hoe blade manufactured.

Saves time and money in the item of handles—no wedges to shrink up and pull out in dry weather.

No. 2, "Boys' Hoe" medium size, for field or garden work. Adjustable same as field hoe

An entire set of splendid garden tools for the price of one implement.

For further information, address,

W. R. NOBLE, Secretary Granger Hoe Company.

1776 Centennial. 1876

SPRING AND SUMMER

SEASON.

GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,

—AT—

5 COURT SQUARE

HAVE NOW ON HAND THE COMPLETEST LINES OF

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS

TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

New Dress Goods, Real Iron Frame Grenadines,
Novelties in Matamora Suitings, Exquisite Knickerbockers,
Stylish Damassee Suitings, and everything that is new in Dress Goods,
Fresh White Goods, Rich Fancy Goods, Elegant Ecru Ties

Novel Ecru Ruffling, Handsome Parasols,
Complete Stock of Bleachings, Large Selection
In Hosiery, Best 10-4 Sheetings, Genuine Irish Linens, Good
Table Damasks, Latest in Lace Curtains, full selections in White Piques,

Guaranteed Kid Gloves, Perfect fitting Corsets,
Excelsior Trimmings. Full selections in Cassimers,
Tweeds, Linens, Cottonades, Etc., for Men and Boys' wear.

WE OFFER THE BEST ASSORTMENTS IN

Ladies', Children and Misses' Philadelphia Hand-Made Shoes.

In fact everything desirable in a First-class Dry Goods House will be found at our Store, all offering at the very

Lowest Prices.

TO THE MERCHANTS:

We are displaying the largest stock of Goods ever received by our firm, and we guarantee bottom prices. Call early and look at our stock.

GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,
5 Court Square, Montgomery, Ala.

NEW DOLLAR STORE.

1776 CENTENNIAL 1876

Centennial Dry Goods.
Centennial Hats,
Centennial Boots,
Centennial Shoes,
Centennial Clothing,
Centennial Hosiery,
Centennial Parasols.

In fact a general assortment of CENTENNIAL goods, suitable for the CENTENNIAL Spring and Summer, recently purchased at the very lowest cash prices. Give me a call and be satisfied. If you don't see what you want ask for it.

S. A. MEERTIEF, New Dollar Store.

REDUCED TO A CERTAINTY.
Chance to Gain
$50,000
NO RISK.

Send for circular at once. No time to lose. READ & Co., Bankers, 74 Maiden Lane, NEW YORK

A. MOODY & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND DEALERS IN

WINES AND LIQUORS

Agents for Cincinnati Lager Beer

No. 85 Commerce Street

MONTGOMERY ALABAMA.

Have resumed business and are prepared with full stock of and ample facilities to supply all their customers with anything they may need.

They have a choice selection of GROCERIES which they are prepared to sell at the very lowest rates. They ask a continuance of the patronage heretofore xtended to them.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW,

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No. 16 Perry St.,
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$10 to $500. In Wall street often lead to fortune. A 72 page book entitled "Men and Idioms of Wall Street," explaining everything, sent FREE. JOHN HICKLING & Co., Bankers and Brokers, Broadway, New York.



Carries a ½ inch ball with accuracy fifty feet, without powder or percussion. Brass barrel, hair trigger. For sale by dealers. By mail, free for 75 cents, with permanent ammunition for target practice indoors and for sporting out of doors.

ACENTS WANTED.

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VEIL & CO.,
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COMPLETEST LINES OF
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IN THE CITY.
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Fancy Goods, Elegant Ecru Ties
election
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Curtains, full selections in White Piques,
orsets,
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ENNIAL goods, suitable for the CEN-
purchased at the very lowest cash prices.
and see what you want ask for it.
New Dollar Store.
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August1
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Long Range Breech Loading
Practice Pistol & Targets.
Carries a ½ inch ball with accuracy fifty feet, without powder or detonation. Brass barrel, hair trigger. For sale by dealers. By mail, free for 75 cents, with permanent ammunition for target practice indoors and for sporting out of doors.
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ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL.

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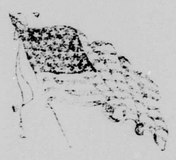
VOLUME VIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 7, 1876 NUMBER 249

To Tourists.

Citizens leaving the city during the summer months, and wishing to be informed of matters transpiring at home, can have THE DAILY JOURNAL mailed to their address, free of postage, at the following rates, payable in advance:

One week	$ 20
One month	80
Two months	1 50
Three months	2 00
Six months	4 00

Union Republican Ticket.



For President of the United States

Rutherford B. Hayes,

OF OHIO.

For Vice-President,

William A. Wheeler,

OF NEW YORK.

REP. STATE EX. COM. OF ALA.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA., July 1, 1876.

The members of the Republican State Executive Committee are requested to meet at the rooms of the committee in this city on Monday, the 10th day of this month.

Every member of the committee is urged to be present, as matters of the utmost importance will be considered.

CHAS. E. MAYER, Chairman,
GEO. TURNER, Sec'y.

Gov. Hayes' Letter of Acceptance

[St. L. nis Globe. Interviewer. 4th.]

A Globe-Democrat reporter, in anxious search of ex-Senator Schurz, called last evening at the residence of Dr. Preetorious, on Park avenue, and was courteously invited up stairs to see the gentleman. Gen. Schurz was very busy buttoning on a clean shirt collar—indeed, much too busy to be interviewed. He had just been preparing his speech, and was much too preoccupied "to say anything just now." The reporter descended the stairs in company with Dr. Preetorious, and, after some indifferent chat, said:

Doctor, how does your paper stand as regards the Republican Presidential ticket?

Dr. P.—Oh, we shall support Hayes and Wheeler with a vim. Did you not see the editorial in the Westliche Post this morning?

The reporter said he didn't understand German.

Dr. P.—Well, we shall support the ticket.

R.—Then you are satisfied, I presume, as to Gov. Hayes' standing in relation to reform?

Dr. P.—We are quite satisfied. In a week or two, when his letter of acceptance is out, we shall hoist the ticket. We know what the main points of the letter of acceptance are.

R.—And they are satisfactory?

Dr. P.—Yes, perfectly. It will embrace a decided expression on reform—reform in the civil service, hard money and other things we have been fighting for.

Concluding his remarks thus, the bland Doctor rubbed his hands with glee, and bade the reporter a cordial good night.

It is stated that Mr. Redpath, who accompanied the Mississippi Investigating Committee, says that the only point on which the Republicans and Democrats of the Committee agree is, that not one of them would live in Mississippi if they received a legal title to the whole State as an inducement. He thinks that the negroes are so thoroughly intimidated that the State will go Democratic next fall unless the Government affords them protection. If protection is given them, Mississippi will go Republican by from thirty to forty thousand majority

THE Pittsburgh Commercial remarks that the St. Louis nominations appear to be peculiarly unfortunate in Ohio. Neale and Savage, Democratic members of Congress from that State, repudiate them; so does Dan Callen, of the Butler county Democrat, and so, also do George W. Houke, a delegate to St. Louis, Gen. Joe Geiger, and the Steubenville Gazette. Thurman says he supports the ticket, as a matter of course, but he has no hope of success.

TWENTY daily German newspapers have come out in favor of the Republican ticket. They are published in Baltimore, Buffalo, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago, Davenport, Ia., Detroit, Kansas, Louisville, Milwaukee, New York, New Jersey, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Rochester, Reading, Toledo and Washington. It is very safe to infer that the ticket will poll an immense German vote.

MR. TILDEN expresses the belief that he will be elected because he will be able to divide the liberal vote with Hayes. The Washington Star noting this says:—But Uncle Samuel, didn't your party fail four years ago with *all* the liberal vote?

THE Democratic crow eaters in New York are having rather a hard time of it in this weather.

National Republican Platform Adopted at Cincinnati, June, 1876.

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league.

2. The work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. To every American citizen, complete liberty and exact equality.

4. Steadily progress towards specie payment.

5. Appointments selected with sole reference to efficiency and faithful service to the country.

6. Punishment to all who betray official trust.

7. The Public School system is the bulwark of the American republic, and for its security the application of public funds to sectarian schools should be forbidden.

8. Revenue MUST be derived from duties on importation.

9. No grants of public lands to corporations and monopolies.

10. The same protection to adopted American citizens as to native-born.

11. Duty of Congress to investigate the Chinese puzzles.

12. Woman's rights to be respected.

13. Polygamy to be prohibited and extirpated.

14. The nation's pledges to soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled.

15. The Democratic party count on a united South arrayed against the nation.

16. The Democratic party is the same in character and spirit as when in sympathy with treason.

17. Hearty gratitude of the American people to President Grant and his administration, and for his immense services in war and in peace.

Differences of Opinion.

During the wrangling of the factions at St. Louis certain leading Democratic politicians enunciated their opinions with rather more zeal than prudence. One Indiana leader, excited by the contest, hotly declared:

"I tell you, gentlemen, that no other man but Hendricks can beat Rutherford Hayes. You don't know the man you have to deal with. He is the strongest man in the West except Hendricks, and unless you nominate my man, I tell you we are sure to be beaten."

Here Fitz Hugh Lee joined in with: "No one doubts the ability or strength of your candidate, sir, but I tell you he is not the man to win. He can not succeed, sir, and Mr. Tilden, although a very fine gentleman, is even weaker than Hendricks. I tell you, sir, we of the South have a deeper, a more intense interest in this struggle than you possibly have, and we are assured beyond all doubt that only with Hancock can we carry this country against the Radical candidate."

This was more than the political mountebank, Dorsheimer, could bear, and he said, with a great deal more heat than is usual with him, "You are all wrong, gentlemen, all wrong. Governor Tilden is the man—the only man—who can win this fight."

These differences of opinion do not argue a very harmonious contest during the campaign, and show that the leading Democrats do not regard Hayes as a weak candidate.

Carl Schurz.

HE COMES OUT DEFINITELY FOR HAYES—HE ADDRESSES A LARGE ASSEMBLY OF GERMANS IN ST. LOUIS AND IS ENTHUSIASTICALLY RECEIVED.

Special Dispatch to the Cincinnati Gazette.

ST. LOUIS, July 3.—The celebration of the Centennial 4th of July has already begun in St. Louis on a grand scale, though in this city it was not supposed, until lately, that there would be any display at all. Singularly enough the immense German population have taken hold of the matter, and to-night a monster procession, in honor of the Centennial, filled the streets, while the display of decoration and fireworks, extends all over the city. The display to night far exceeds in extent anything witnessed during the late Convention, and is not without a political significance of its own. Ex-Senator Schurz arrived in the city last night, and was at once visited by members of the press, anxious to learn, definitely, his attitude in the present political campaign. To all inquiries, he returns simply the intimation that his views would be found clearly defined in the Westliche Press of this morning, with the advent of the Post. No little excitement was created by the editorial, written by Schurz, and bearing his initials, in which he stated his position. The article is a terrific arraignment of the Democracy, and a keen analyzation of the hollow pretence of the financial plank, adjusted to please both the hard money men and inflationists. The practical, eventual result, Schurz says, must be repudiation, should the Democrats succeed in the canvass. He also asserts that there is a degree of foundation to the statement that Tilden, if elected, may die before the end of his term, leaving Hendricks the inflationist President. The article throughout is a magnificent dissection of the Democratic platform, closing with the declaration that, if others can reconcile their consciences to its support, the Westliche Post can not. To-night the Germans of the city closed their celebration by marching in procession to Lafayette Park, to be addressed by Schurz in person, followed by Col. Fred. Hecker.

The entire German population appears to have turned out. No greater assemblage of Germans probably ever occurred in the city, and the enthusiastic reception accorded to Schurz testified equally to his continued strength with the German masses, and the importance of his political stand taken to-day.

Tilden's Frauds.

The Augusta Constitutionalist of the 4th inst., in an article devoted to the exposures of Tilden's railroad swindles by the New York Express, says:

The principal campaign documents used for Radical purposes against Tilden are drawn from Democratic papers recently hostile to him.

Quite true. The New York Express, one of the leading Democratic journals of that city, charged Tilden with swindling scores of men in railroad operations, and with having amassed a fortune out of the miseries and sufferings of those who were weak enough to get into his clutches. The Express also published the facts concerning a suit brought by certain citizens against Tilden for the recovery of railroad property of which he possessed himself by open, shameless fraud. It also stated that Tilden dared not meet the case, and by quibbling got it continued until after the St. Louis convention in order that the people might not have the opportunity of reading the exposure of his frauds. The Express also stated that it had behind facts enough to drive Tilden from all association with, and recognition by, honorable and decent gentlemen. When these facts were published by the Express, the New York World which, up to that time, had been a warm supporter of Mr. Tilden, suddenly changed its tack and virtually transferred its support to Mr. Hancock. Mr. Manton Marble, the editor and proprietor of the World, sold out the paper, or pretended to sell it, and retired from journalism. These facts are well known to the Democratic leaders in Alabama. They know that the New York World was a zealous advocate of Samuel J. Tilden, ignoring every other Democratic aspirant for the Presidency, until the Express published Tilden's railroad frauds to the world. It was then that Manton Marble investigated the charges and found them to be of such a damning character that he was forced to withdraw the support of the World from Tilden. In order to do so in a manner that would not damage his master's chances, but at the same time retain for himself the respect of honest men, he sold out his paper to Mr. Hurlbutt. After the sale or bargain was consummated, the New York World changed from a Tilden paper to a Hancock paper. In making the change the new editor of the World was called upon by the Democratic papers of the country to state why it was that the World had so suddenly shifted its position. He replied that the paper was the organ of no one man, but was a Democratic mouthpiece generally. But the New York journals, cognizant of all the facts, charged the new editor of the World with prevarication. They asserted that the exposure of Tilden's railroad swindles by the Express was so full of truth that no decent journalist could longer suppor him.

Nevertheless, Mr. Tilden was nominated at St. Louis as the Democratic choice for the Presidency, and both the World and Express support the ticket. The Express states that it "does not alter its opinion of Tilden, nor does his nomination change the character of the facts it published concerning his frauds: It is a Democratic sheet, and supports Democratic principles; that while it believes Tilden to be a fraud and an unfit man for President, it cannot oppose the platform of its party, nor can a bad nomination drive it out of the Democratic party." In view of these facts, we candidly ask the people of the South if they believe Tilden to be the right sort of a man for them to support, in preference to Gov. Hayes, whose record is not blotched with any railroad or other swindles?

Bought His Nomination.

Some time ago many of the leading Democratic journals in Alabama charged Samuel J. Tilden with being engaged in an attempt to buy his nomination at St. Louis. Democratic papers throughout the South were then publishing short editorial articles favoring Tilden for the Democratic Presidential nomination, and it was generally admitted that these notices were sent out by the advertising firm of Bates & Locke, of New York city, and paid for as advertisements—the stipulation being that they should appear in the papers as editorial matter in conspicuous positions. The following from the Eufaula News is a tacit confession of Tilden's guilt, and an undisguised indorsement of the act:

We rather like the precedent Mr. Tilden has established—that of paying the press for what he would have it say of him. We have been puffing candidates for office a long time and gratuitously, and we are glad that Mr. Tilden has set a good example for such men to follow. That's the sort of a hair pin we are. We want pay for services to individual aspirants, just as we want pay from merchants and business men for services rendered. In advance of a convention of the people, no man can or ought to expect the gratuitous support of newspapers; but having secured such a nomination from such a convention, he does have a right to claim the gratuitous support of his party organs, and we always most cordially and heartily respond to the claim.

The New York Herald does not entertain a very exalted opinion of the tail of the Democratic kite. It characterizes Hendricks as a professional Democrat, who represents the platform of repudiation in the North and revolution in the South, and who will not carry any Eastern or Middle State except Delaware.

THE Republican platform favors free schools; the Democratic platform demands an unrestricted liquor traffic. There is a slight difference, here.

AT St. Louis—

"Saith Samuel unto Kelley,
'Just you fight against my dog,
And then we'll meet in harmony,
And per-haps divide the swag.'"

THE word "reform" occurs eleven times in the Democratic platform. "Methinks the lady doth protest too much."

The Grange in Politics.

The New York World of the 4th inst., has a leading article devoted to the discussion of the Grange in its relation to politics. In the course of its article that paper says:

The World may state that the Grange never was designed to be an element in politics.

* * * * *

It is unquestionably the case that many politicians, whose minds were unable to entertain the idea of an association of men with the tie of the same pursuits and interests which did propose to meddle in politics, have counted upon the Grange as something they could "capture" and "ram" to the advantage of themselves or their party.

We are inclined to the opinion that the original design of the Grange was to prevent imposition upon the agricultural interests of the country by railroads and other monopolies. In the North and West the Grange never takes any part in political affairs, as the public sentiment of those sections would not permit such action; but it is quite different in the South. It may be possible that the Grange in this section was not organized at first with any reference to politics, but it is also the fact that the Democratic leaders here have seized upon the organization as a lever in promoting the schemes of the Democratic party. As an instance in our own State, we may cite the case of Mr. Chambers, the Master of the State Grange, who is now a candidate for State Senator. Two years ago Mr. Chambers was a candidate of the Democratic party in Russell county, for Representative in the General Assembly. Russell county is largely Republican upon any fair vote, and the facts are that Mr. Chambers was badly defeated by a colored man. He came here to Montgomery and instituted a contest for the seat for which his colored opponent had beaten him by a large majority, and in the face of the overwhelming Republican Majority of Russell county, the Democratic House of Representatives ousted the colored man, who had been elected by that large majority, and seated Mr. Chambers. It was rumored during the contest that the Democratic House did not dare to refuse to seat Mr. Chambers through the fear of offending the Grangers, and some of the best Democratic citizens of Alabama have expressed their dissent to the action of the House in seating Mr. Chambers in the face of the heavy majority against him. Again, when the Democratic State Convention met in Montgomery on the 31st day of May, last, Mr. Chambers was made Chairman of that Convention for the purpose of courting the Grange vote. And again, Mr. Chambers is now a candidate for State Senator in Russell county, and it is rumored that in the event of his election, he is to be made President of the Senate, upon a slate which elects Houston to the United States Senate, and then carries Mr. Chambers on into the Executive chair of the State—the President of the Senate succeeding to the Governorship in case of vacancy.

Who will say, in the face of these facts, that the Democratic leaders in Alabama are not using the Grange to complete their scheme of perpetuating their ruinous domination in this State?

AT a Hayes and Wheeler ratification meeting held at Nashville, last week, Frank T. Reid, an ex-Confederate soldier, and a young man of real ability, was one of the speakers. In giving his reasons for being a Republican, he said:

"I am a Republican, because I believe that party represents the National idea; that this nation, under the providence of God, is destined to a mighty work that could not be performed by mere State sovereignties; and because the Republican party believes in the strict maintainance of the National honor—the National faith and integrity [applause] in the honest payment of an honest debt, and because it believes in an honest currency, and as the Democratic party is so hopelessly divided on these paramount questions, the people of this country can expect no relief from it; [applause] therefore, for these and other reasons, I am proud to say that I am a member of the National Republican party. [Applause.]

THE Democratic party was the first to legislate for increased hours of labor. The Republicans have always striven to keep them down and give the working man a show.

REFORMER MORRISSEY'S view of Tilden is unique. He said, "since the old man had left off stealing, he could support him heartily."

SAID LOUIS XIV of France: "The State! I am the State." Says Sammy Tilden: "Reform! I am Reform."

THERE is some truth if not poetry in this:

"Who stuck to Tweed through thick and thin?
Who counted John T. Hoffman in?
Who thought the Union war a sin?
Sam Tilden."

Hale County Convention.

GREENSBORO, HALE CO., ALA., July 1, '76.

Editor State Journal—At a convention of the Republicans of Hale county held in Greensboro on Saturday the first day of July for the purpose of nominating a Senator and two Representatives, the following ticket was unanimously nominated: For State Senator, Burrell Johnston; for House of Representatives, F. M. Harris and B. W. Reese.

The following resolutions were offered:

Resolved, That we the Republicans of Hale county, in convention assembled, do heartily endorse the nominations made at Cincinnati and will support Gov. R. B. Hayes, of Ohio, for President, and Hon. Wm. A. Wheeler, of New York for Vice President, that we feel with those men as our Standard Bearers we can go before the American people with confidence of success.

Resolved 2nd, That as Republicans we deplore the unfortunate condition of the party in this State and hope that the day will soon dawn when there will be a perfect and speedy reconciliation of all differences.

Resolved 3d, That the proceedings of this convention be forwarded to the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL for publication.

DOCK LANE, Chairm'n.
GEO. E. HARRIS, Secr'y.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Expressly for the State Journal by the Southern and Atlantic Telegraph Line.

WASHINGTON.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Senate met at 11 o'clock this morning.

Mr. Conkling presented a memorial of the Commissioners of Immigration, asking certain legislation. Referred.

Mr. Sargent called up his resolution in relation to Chinese immigration and offered a substitute that, in the opinion of the Senate, no relations should be entered into with the governments of Great Britain and China to change existing treaties so as to prevent the great influx of Chinese Coolies, and criminals into this country.

After some discussion, Mr. Morton proposed a substitute, that a committee of three Senators be appointed to inquire into the character, intent and effect of Chinese immigration into this country, with power to visit the Pacific coast for that purpose, and send for persons and papers, and report at the next session of Congress.

Mr. Sargent accepted the resolution, and it was agreed to.

At 12 o'clock the Senate proceeded to the trial of articles of impeachment against W. W. Belknap.

After the journal of the last trial day had been read, Mr. Lord, for the Managers, asked if the witnesses summoned by the prosecution were present.

The clerk was directed to call the names of those summoned and the witnesses to rise and respond when their names were called. Some 27 names were called and the following responded, viz: E. P. Barker, Caleb P. Marsh, etc.

Mr. Morton and Lord asked that attachments might be issued for witnesses who had not responded, with the exception of those who had been told they would be notified when wanted.

On motion of Mr. Edmunds, action upon this motion was deferred until to-morrow.

Mr. Lord proceeded with the opening argument for the prosecution.

House.

The House resumed the consideration of the Geneva Award bill—the question being on the adoption of the minority report of the committee.

Mr. Knott offered a substitute for Mr. Lord's bill. Substitute was rejected—yeas 35, nays 139.

Mr. Holman moved to lay the bill on the table, which was rejected.

The bill was then ordered to be engrossed and was read a third time. After the third reading the bill was passed by a vote of 108 yeas to 94 nays.

Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, from the conference committee on the legislative appropriation bill, reported that the committee had been unable to agree, and asked to be discharged, and that another committee be appointed.

After a long discussion Mr. Randall's motion was agreed to and a new conference was ordered. Messrs. Randall of Pennsylvania, Morrison of Illinois, and Kasson of Iowa, were appointed conferees.

On motion of Mr. Payne, of Ohio, the House agreed to the conference asked by the Senate on the silver bill.

On motion of Mr. Randall the House non-concurred in the Senate amendments to the sundry civil bill, and a conference was asked.

On motion of Mr. Hopkins, of Pennsylvania, the House took up and passed the Senate joint resolution in relation to the completion of the Washington monument.

Mr. Lawrence, of Ohio, called up the bill requiring the Pacific railroad to create a sinking fund for the payment of the amount due the United States, and gave notice that he would ask for a vote.

After a discussion of two hours, the House adjourned.

The news of the disaster to Gen. Custar's command created a profound sensation here, especially in army circles and among those of our citizens who have relatives in the army now operating in the Sioux country. There were many anxious inquiries at the war department to-day for further particulars of the fight, but at 1 o'clock the department had received no information on the subject. Gen. Townsend has telegraphed to Gen. Sheridan's headquarters in Chicago, for an early official report of the fight. Gens. Sherman and Sheridan, and Secretary Cameron are in Philadelphia, and it is believed the first report received in Chicago will be sent direct to these officers. Already the disaster to Custar's command is being used as a point of argument against any reduction of the army.

Major General Hancock was at the Executive office this morning and had an extended interview with the President.

Gen. New is still acting as Treasurer and making payments on drafts drawn and warrants issued previous to the close of business on Friday.

Up to one o'clock p. m. Senator Morrill had not made his appearance in the department.

It is understood that Mr. Geo. B. McCartel will succeed Judge Barnum as Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

The Committee on Banking and Currency again postponed a vote on the resumption repeal bill until Monday when it will decide the question one way or the other.

Mr. S. Guthrie will be appointed Cashier of the Treasury in the place of Mr. Gilfillan, who was appointed Assistant Treasuer, and Mr. J. W. Whalpley will be appointed as Assistant Cashier. The promotions were in regular order.

The conference on the legislative, judicial and executive appropriation bill this morning, resulted in a failure to agree and the conference will report to their respective houses and ask for a new committee. This will probably deter Senator Morrill from entering at once upon the discharge of his duties as Secretary of the Treasury.

Generals Hancock, Auger, and Schofield, of the United States army, were on the floor of the Senate to-day during the impeachment trial. If the House does not ask officially for a postponement of the trial the Senate will proceed with it until it is ended. Members of the House say the lower body will not ask for a postponement and the outlook is quite promising that the case will be immediately tried.

The special committee on the St. Louis whisky frauds failed to get a quorum this morning. Ex Secretary Bristow was not examined.

UTAH.

SALT LAKE, July 6.—A special from Still Water, dated July 2d, says Muggins Taylor, a scout for Gen. Gibbons, arrived the previous night from Little Horn river, and reports that Gen. Custar found an Indian camp of 2,000 lodges on the Little Horn, and immediately attacked it. Nothing is known of the operations of this detachment except their course as traced by the dead. Major Reno, commanding seven other companies, attacked the lower part of the Indian camp. The Indians poured in a murderous fire from all directions. Gen. Custar, his two brothers, his nephew and his brother-in-law were all killed. Not one of his detachment escaped. Two hundred and seven men were buried in one place. The number of killed is estimated at 300 and the wounded at 31. The Indians surrounded Reno's command and held them one day in the hills, until Gibbon's command came in sight, when the Indians broke camp in the night and left. The 7th regiment fought like tigers, and were overcome by mere brute force. The Indian loss cannot be estimated. The Indians got all the arms of the killed soldiers. Seventeen commissioned officers were killed. The whole Custar family died at the head of their column. The Indians actually pulled men off their horses in some instances. The above report is confirmed by other sources. The Indians numbered from 25,000 to 40,000. When the Indians left the field it looked like a slaughter pen. The dead were much mutilated.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 6.—In the House of Commons this afternoon Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt, Liberal member for the city of Oxford, gave notice that he would at an early day move as a resolution that it is expedient to amend the extradition laws, so as to more effectually provide justice for all excepting political offenses.

Asijanox Slevola Bored, the French sculptor, is dead.

FRANCE.

PARIS, July 6.—At a meeting yesterday of the deputies belonging to the party of the Left, a conference respecting the municipal bill presented by a committee was definitely accepted by a large majority.

M. Cassimer Perier, the statesman, who has been ill for some time, died today.

ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, July 6.—A dispatch confirming the report sent last night, of General Custar's fight on the Little Horn River, has just been received at General Sheridan's headquarters.

SOLID WEALTH!

$600,000 IN GIFTS.

Grandest Scheme ever Presented to the Public.

A Fortune for only $12.

The Kentucky Cash Distribution Company, authorized by a special act of the Kentucky Legislature, for the benefit of the Public Schools of Frankfort, will have the first of their series of Grand Drawing at Major Hall, in the city of Frankfort, Ky., on Tuesday, August 29, 1876, on which occasion they will distribute to the ticket-holders the immense sum of

$600,000.

THOS. P. PORTER, ex-Gov. of Kentucky, General Manager.

POSITIVELY NO POSTPONEMENT.

LIST OF GIFTS:

One Grand Cash Gift			$100,000
One Grand Cash Gift			50,000
One Grand Cash Gift			25,000
One Grand Cash Gift			10,000
One Grand Cash Gift			5,000
5 Cash Gifts of	$1,000	each	5,000
10 Cash Gifts of	500	each	5,000
100 Cash Gifts of	400	each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts of	300	each	30,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200	each	40,000
600 Cash Gifts of	100	each	60,000
10,000 Cash Gifts of	12	each	120,000
Total, 11,156 Gifts, All Cash			$600,000

PRICE OF TICKETS:

Whole tickets $12; Halves $6; Quarters $3; 9 Tickets $100; 27½ Tickets $300; 55½ Tickets $600; 95½ Tickets $1,000. 100,000 Tickets at $12 each.

Remittances can be made by Express, Draft, Postoffice Money order or Registered Letter, made payable to Kentucky Cash Distribution Company.

All communications connected with the distribution, and orders for Tickets, and applications of Agents to sell Tickets, should be addressed to

HON. THOS. P. PORTER,
6 29 4t&wtm Gen'l Manager, Frankfort, Ky.

$10 to $500. In Wall Street often lead to fortune. A 72 page book entitled: "Men and Idioms of Wall Street," explaining everything

SENT FREE. JOHN HICKLING & Co., Bankers and Brokers Broadway, New York.

The Pee Dee Herald

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY,
—AT—
WADESBORO, N. C.

Only One Dollar Per Year.

Bright, Cheerful, progressive, always up to the advancing thoughts of the times, the HERALD takes rank with the leading journals of the day. It is on the side of Christianity.

THE HERALD is devoted to the family circle. It contains original and selected stories, wit, humor, etc. Every family in the land should subscribe for it. Its low price—only one dollar—places it in the reach of the poorest in the land. We pay all postage.

Read What the Press Thinks of Us:

The Polkton (N. C.) Ansonian says: The Herald is one of the neatest papers in the State.

The Concord (N. C.) Register says: We congratulate our friends of the Wadesboro Herald upon the fine appearance of their paper.

The Piedmont (N. C.) Press says: The Herald is a sprightly sheet, full of news and other interesting reading matter.

The Herald is a first-class family paper, having some of the ablest writers in North Carolina attached to its staff. There is enough reading in it to make one laugh for a week—enough to keep family quiet until the next comes.—Rockmart (Ga.) News

GIVEN AWAY To agents and others, male and female, a $50 set of new and beautifully illustrated 100-page Novelty Catalogue. H. F. Young & Co., 29 Broadway, New York. 8-20w12m

Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

JULY 6.—Our market today is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary	8 1/16	8 1/4
Good Ordinary	9 1/16	—
Strict Good Ordinary	10	9 7/16
Low Middling	10 9/16	—
Middling	11 1/16	—

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.]

Bacon—C R Sides	12 1/2	@	12 1/2
" Shoulders	10 1/2	@	10 1/2
Bulk—C R Sides	11 1/2	@	11 1/2
" Shoulders	8 1/2	@	—
Plain Sugar-cured Hams	15	@	—
Canvas'd "	15	@	15 1/2
Lard—Choice, in tierces	13 1/2	@	13 1/2
" " in 5 pails	14	@	14 1/2
" " in kegs	14 1/2	@	15
" " in buckets	3 50	@	3 25
Sugar—Snow White	11	@	—
" W. C.	10 1/2	@	10 1/2
" Y. C.	10 3/4	@	10 3/4
" Strictly Choice	10 1/2	@	10 1/2
" Prime	9 3/4	@	9 3/4
" Fair	9 1/4	@	9 1/4
Molasses—Choice	60	@	70
" Prime	50	@	55
" Fair	45	@	50
" Common	35	@	40
Coffee—Choice	23	@	—
" Prime	22	@	23
" Fair	21	@	22
" Common	20	@	21
Rice—Choice	8	@	8
" Prime	7	@	7
" Fair	6	@	7
Flour—Fancy	8 00	@	8 50
" Choice	7 50	@	7 75
" Family	6 25	@	7 00
" Superfine	5 00	@	5 50
" Common	4 75	@	5 00
Tobacco	32	@	1 00
Whisky—Jeffries'	1 00	@	1 25
" Better Grades	1 50	@	3 00
Wine—Port and Sherry	1 25	@	2 00
" Claret	3 50	@	6 00
Brandies	4 25	@	6 00
" French	6 00	@	10 00
" Peach and Apple	2 00	@	3 50
Gin	1 40	@	2 25
" in cases	6 00	@	7 00
Beer in bottles, per doz	1 50	@	1 75
" in kegs	3 50	@	—
Cigars, per thousand	18 00	@	60 00
OYSTERS—			
Oysters, Tidewater, per doz	90	@	1 00
" " 2 "	1 75	@	2 00
Fresh Peaches, 2 lbs cans, per doz	2 40	@	2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case	4 00	@	4 25
" " Cherries, " "	4 25	@	4 50
Sardines, ¼ boxes, " "	16 00	@	16 50
Condensed Milk, " "	11 00	@	12 00
Yeast Powders, per doz	1 50	@	2 10
Pickles, gal's, "	5 00	@	6 00
" ½ " " "	3 75	@	4 50
" ¼ " " "	2 50	@	3 00
" ½ " " "	1 50	@	2 00
Soda, in kegs, " lb	5½	@	6
" in boxes, " "	6½	@	7½
Potash, " doz	5 50	@	6 00
Candles, full weight, per lb	10½	@	11½
Soaps, "	5	@	7½
Starch, "	5½	@	6½
Salt, Liverpool, per sack	1 35	@	1 40
" Fine Liverpool	1 00	@	—
" Virginia, "	2 10	@	2 25
Buck Shot	2 50	@	—
Buck Shot	2 75	@	—
Powder, " keg	5 75	@	6 25
Nails, standard rate, per keg	3 50	@	—
Snuff—Maccaboy, Lorillard's	80	@	—
" Miller's	75	@	—
" Gail & Ax	75	@	—
" Scotch, per gross	9 00	@	—
" Garrett's, per doz	4 75	@	—
Ink, per case	1 50	@	—
Mustard, per dozen	1 25	@	3 00
Ground Spices	1 00	@	1 25
" Pepper	1 00	@	1 25
" Ginger	1 00	@	1 25
" Allspice	1 00	@	1 25
" Cloves	1 00	@	1 25
" Cinnamon	1 50	@	—
Percussion Caps	65	@	80
" G. D. Caps	45	@	—
Toilet Soaps, box	1 75	@	2 75
Shaving, box	50	@	1 00
Smoking Tobacco	50	@	60
Pen	75	@	1 25
Wampoo Bitters	8 50	@	—
Diamond Cab	7 50	@	—
Plantation Bitters	8 50	@	—
Hostetter's Bitters	8 50	@	—
Rhine Wine	8 00	@	12 50
Wrapping Paper, Large	75	@	—
" D C	65	@	—
" Medium	50	@	—
" Small	40	@	—
Nutmegs	1 50	@	—
Broom	2 25	@	3 50

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, July 6.—Money closed at 2. Gold 112. Stocks dull.

COTTON.

Spot cotton today closed quiet: Middling Orleans 11 13-16c; middling Alabama, 11¾c; middling upland, 11¾c; strict low middling upland, 11¼; low middling upland, 11 1-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10¼c; good ordinary upland, 9 15-16c; ordinary upland, 8 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed quiet; sales 23,500 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 21-32@11 13-16
August	11 31-32@12
September	11 15-16@11 31-32
October	11 25-32@—
November	11 25-32@11 11-16
December	11 25-32@11 11-16

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 6.—Cotton flat; middling uplands, 6d; middling Orleans, 6 1-8d; sales to-day 6,000 bales, of which 1000 bales are for export and speculation; receipts —— bales, American —— bales.

SAVANNAH, July 6.—Receipts 202, gross 202, exports to Great Britain —; sales 75; stock 1,-005; price of middlings, 10½; market quiet.

NEW ORLEANS, July 6.—Net receipts 86, gross 106; exports to Great Britain —; coast 1757; sales 750; stock 66,284; price of middlings 11½, low middlings 10¾; good ordinary 9¾; market quiet.

WILMINGTON, July 6.—Net receipts 17; sales —; stock 636; price of middlings 10½; market steady.

MOBILE, July 6.—Net receipts 41; exports to Great Britain —, coast for sales 250; stock 8,-896; price of middlings 11c, low middlings 10c, good ordinary 8½; market weak.

NORFOLK, July 6.—Net receipts 9; sales —; stock 2,235; price of middlings 11—; market quiet.

GALVESTON, July 6.—Net receipts 71, gross 71; sales 715; stock 6,859; price of middlings 11½; market dull.

BOSTON, July 6.—Net receipts 184, gross 320, exports to Great Britain —; sales —; stock 10,-000; price of middlings 12c; market quiet.

CHARLESTON, July 6.—Net receipts 23; sales 12c; stock 4,300; price of middlings 11½; market quiet.

PHILADELPHIA, July 6.—Net receipts 196; gross 233; sales —; price of middlings 11¾; market quiet.

PROVIDENCE, July 6.—Stock 15,000 bales.

BALTIMORE, July 6.—Net receipts 4, sales 50; stock 3,709; price of middlings 11½; market dull.

PROVISION MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 6.—Flour quiet, extra $4 25@5 75. Wheat steady, No. 2 spring $1 06. Corn firm, No. 2 mixed 46—c, new mixed 43c. Oats dull, No. 2 mixed 30½c. Rye dull, 64@65½c. Barley dull, 72c. Mess Pork firm, $19 50—. Lard dull, 11½c

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

FRIDAY, JULY 7, 1876.

TILDEN.

What his own Party Organs Think of Him—Some Interesting Reading for Free Men.

We presume that every Democratic reader of the JOURNAL knows that the Cincinnati Enquirer is the leading Democratic paper of the West. No one conversant with political affairs will deny this fact, we apprehend. The following articles from the Enquirer will show what is thought of Mr. Tilden by the leaders of his own party. As they were written by Democrats it is reasonable to infer that they are true, in view of the fact that they have never been denied. We propose to keep them standing in our columns for the present:

[Cincinnati Enquirer, June 5, 1876.]

A private letter just received from New York, from a gentleman of fairness and intelligence, says: "I had a good opinion of Tilden until I came among those that know him, but I find they all agree that his show of reform is a humbug." The recent Albany Conference is corroborative of all this testimony. The controlling politicians, as well as the masses of the people in the Democratic party in New York, who can draw a dividing line between an honest man and a Bengal tiger or a hypocrite, are all-ke well aware that Tilden can not carry his own State, should he, by the wrath of God, be nominated for the Presidency. If there are potent reasons why the Democracy of Tilden's own State are opposed to his nomination, there are more, and greater reasons, why the Democracy of the West and the South should be intelligent and honorable enough to resist his bribes and defeat his nomination. We do not apprehend his nomination, but we are not insensible to the power of money and management. There are a few facts concerning Sam. Tilden, which, we trust, will sink into the minds of Western and Southern Democrats.

1. He can not carry his own State in November.

2. He can not carry any Northern State.

3. He is a hypocrite, a political swindler, has long been a public plunderer, and is really the only disreputable candidate prominently named on the Democratic side.

4. He did what he could to defeat the Democratic party of Ohio in 1875, expending his money, and subsidizing the Eastern Democratic press to that end, knowing that Ohio's victory was his defeat, and loving Tilden more than the Democratic party. He has earned the enmity of the West and South.

5. He has sought this high office by methods so unprecedentedly shameless and disreputable that it would be an everlasting stigma upon a Democratic Convention to nominate him, and a reproach upon the American people to elect him if nominated.

6. Upon the foremost question of the hour he is a most pitiless foe of the interests of the West and the South. He is the unscrupulous oppressor of the great, struggling industries of the vast producing sections of the country. No Republican Administration could be more hostile to them than would his.

7. Should "God's Providence, seeming estranged," permit his nomination, by whom and what would he be nominated? By the servile, conscienceless tools that money can purchase; by the most corrupt influences that ever entered into a Presidential nomination; by the system on which all other quack medicines are sold—advertising—and even respectable medical associations read out of the profession the "Doctors" that will advertise. It would seem that the Democratic party should have as high a respect for the good name of the party and the Government as the vender of pills have for their craft. It could not but be that a man educated in cunning, in hypocrisy, in iniquity, nominated in corruption and shameless effrontery, even though his millions could elect him, would give us the most corrupt Administration the country has ever known. "Neither imperial dignities, nor the gloom of solitude," said Tacitus, "could save Tiberius from himself." And Tilden could not rise above himself, or above the sources of his power.

[Cincinnati Enquirer, June 6, 1876.]

The political jobbers, thieves, and betrayers of the people are very generally in favor of Tilden.

[Cincinnati Enquirer, June 17, 1876.]

Mr. Barlow is the champion railway "undertaker" and jobber of New York. Of course, he's for Tilden. All men of his stripe are. With Tilden in the White House, men of Mr. Barlow's kidney would be very busy and prosperous. All the vicious, thieving, corrupt elements in the Democratic party are moving toward "reform under the banner of Sam Tilden.

[Cincinnati Enquirer, June 23, 1876.]

The kid-glove Democracy, of which Tilden is the chief, have not the confidence and can not obtain the votes of the masses. His nomination will disrupt and disorganize the Democratic party. It means defeat.

Hendricks.

The New York Evening Post recalls the following vivid portraiture of Hendricks, which it drew some time ago:

"Hendricks is * * a politician of the politicians; a poor shambling, shuffling, two faced, flexible waiter upon the tides; with no more consistency than a lump of dough, which he who handles kneads into shape; whose habitual attitude for years past has been that of striding a fence; who in the Ohio election strove to ride the hard-money horse while he fondled the rag baby; and whose success * * would send a pang of despair to every citizen devoted to the great cause of free trade, of honest money and rigid administration."

This is a very accurate and just description. The Post now says it sees no reason to revise its opinion, adding "Aside from the contingency which might put him at the head of federal affairs, his nomination stamps and characterizes the party which made it. Hendricks will be a deadweight for the Democrats to carry in New York and other hard-money States."

BRICK POMEROY says: "I can't support Tilden, for the same reason that I could not and would not support his instructor, Tweed." This is a bad position for Brick to take, for Tilden has been a liberal advertiser. It is hoped the New York-Lacrosse-Chicago Democrat will not come out in favor of Hayes. There is Peter Cooper, now, old and tough, and on a platform that no one can injure. Please go to him Pom.

SOME time ago the New York World declared that if the Democratic Congressional caucus decided to recommend the repeal of the promise of specie resumption," there is no tongue so persuasive as to induce the people to believe the Democratic party sincere in its demand for resumption." A still higher authority—the National Convention—has now declared for the repeal of that promise. The people cannot, therefore, believe the Democratic party sincere in its demand for resumption.

A stalk of cotton nineteen inches high has been exhibited in the town of Oxford.

Union Republican Ticket.



FOR GOVERNOR:
JAS. S. CLARKE, of Morgan.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
THOS. T. ALLINGTON, of Lauderdale.

FOR AUDITOR:
GEORGE P. PLOWMAN, of Talladega.

FOR TREASURER:
BENJ. M. LONG, of Walker.

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL:
ROBT S. HEFLIN, of Randolph.

FOR SUP'T OF EDUCATION:
P. J. GLOVER, of Marengo.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:
L. C. COULSON, of Jackson.
CHAS. E. MAYER, of Mobile.

District Electors.

FIRST DISTRICT—Lon H Mayer of Mobile.

SECOND DISTRICT—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.

THIRD DISTRICT—P G Clarke of Barbour.

FOURTH DISTRICT — J T Rapier of Lowndes.

FIFTH DISTRICT—S S Booth of Autauga.

SIXTH DISTRICT—A B Hays, of Winston.

SEVENTH DISTRICT—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.

EIGHTH DISTRICT—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

[Regular State Executive Committee.]

Chas E Mayer Chairman; George Turner, Secretary.

First District—C S Wood, Allen Alexander.

Second District—William M Loftin, Frenchard Gray.

Third District—W H Black, Philip King.

Fourth District—M G Candee, H Cochran.

Fifth District—Wm J Boon, J H Alston.

Sixth District — Charles Hays, C C Sheats.

Seventh District—Arthur Bingham, H L Watlington.

Eighth District—George E. Spencer, Z E Thomas.

Regular Ticket of Montgomery County.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

CHARLES STEELE.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

T. C. BINGHAM, W. H. CRUSIUS,
J. K. GREENE, J. K. P. LUCAS.

Regular County Executive Committee.

PAUL STROBACH, Chairman. T. C. BINGHAM, Secretary.

Clark Evans, Charles Loper,
W. M. Loftin, Geo. Allen,
W. J. Maxwell, Ab. Davis,
Wm. Anthony, Br. McDaniel,
Thos. Oliver, Chas. Johnson,
Aug. Montgomery, Jos. Barnett,
Randall Chilton, Parrish Phillips,
John Breckenridge.

PLATFORM

—OF THE—

REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections State and Federal, announce as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men as the fundamental principle of our government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperiling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the cordial recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing intolerance, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and action, in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and antipaties, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the States and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one as indestructible, the other as indissoluble.

5th. The preservation and maintainance of the Republican party in the Southern States, as a safeguard against sectionalism, and the strongest guaranty of an inviolate union.

Resolved 1st, That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has carried the nation through a period of unprecedented difficulties and trials with safety and success, and has won for the President a renown as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd, That we deplore the divisions in our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies, and that now, as in the past, we are ready and desirous of healing these divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse to its energies or hope to its future, since the war, and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

ALEX WHITE, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 15th, 1876.)

When, in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved these governments to the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed." Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously edforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitutional amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts o its purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin. Commercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the many important amendments effected by Republican Legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congess to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who periled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We therefore note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts as its chief hope of success on the electoral vote of a united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation; we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil the national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason; with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes; with reasserting and applauding in the National Capitol the sentiments of unrepented rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan mismanagement and obstruction of investigation; with proving itself, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and immense services in war and in peace.

Another Credit Mobilier.

SAMUEL J. TILDEN'S TERRE HAUTE RECORD—FACTS AND FIGURES FOR THE PEOPLE—THE COMPLAINT FILED IN THE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—"ADDITION, DIVISION, AND SILENCE!"

[From the New York Express (Dem.)]

There is at present a bill before the United States Circuit Court for the Southern district of New York, sitting in equity, wherein the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad Company appears as complainant and Mr. Samuel J. Tilden as the most prominent defendant. The complaint, in brief, demands an account of certain moneys or securities entrusted to the defendants, and Mr. Tilden, in brief, replies by asking and getting time to answer *until the first of July*.

THE FORECLOSURE OF THE RAILROAD.

According to the complaint in this case, on Feb. 14, 1855, the Terre Haute and Alton Company and the Belleville and Illinoistown Railroad Company were consolidated, under the title of the Terre Haute, Alton and St. Louis Railroad Company. Subsequently the new Terre Haute, Alton and St. Louis Company became financially embarrassed, and unable to pay the interest on the mortgages of the old companies which it had assumed, as well as on its own; and bills of foreclosure, asking for the sale of the property, were filed by the trustees of the second mortgages of the original companies in the United States Circuit Courts of the districts of Indiana and Southern Illinois, in which actions decrees of foreclosure and sale were about to be entered. Upon this, about April 15, 1861, the board and stockholders and the general creditors of the company subscribed to a general plan of reorganization, which embraced the purchase of the road, the chartering of a new corporation, and the creation and disposal of stock and securities.

A committee of five were appointed agents to carry this plan into effect. The committee were *Samuel J. Tilden*, Robert Bayard, Joseph Tuckerman, John G. Richardson and Charles Butler. On March 24, 1865, in Alton, Ill., the road was sold by auction, and purchased by this committee for $800,000, and a new corporation was formed soon afterwards, under the title of the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad Company, with *Samuel J. Tilden*, Robert Bayard, John Tuckerman, John G. Richardson and Russell Sage as incorporators. By the act of incorporation the new company was empowered to assume the liabilities of the old company and make settlements, using for that purpose the new company's stock and bonds, the settlements to be made within six months after the organization, and all claimants to be debarred from the benefits of the act unless their claims were surrendered and settled within that six months.

THE ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND TERRE HAUTE ROAD.

On June 27, 1862, a meeting of the Board of Directors was held at the Company's office, No. 12 Wall street, in this city. Samuel J. Tilden and the other members of the Purchasing Committee were among the directors. One of them offered a series of resolutions, which were referred to Purchasing-Committee-Member-and-Director Samuel J. Tilden, as Counsel of the Company. On the following day the Board met again at the same place, and Purchasing-Committee-Member-Director-and-Counsel-for-the-Corporation Samuel J. Tilden reported the resolutions, which were to the effect that certain bonds and stock should be issued and created and handed over to Samuel J. Tilden and his Purchasing Committee for the payment of the purchase money and the settlement of claims. The bonds and stock authorized by the charter and directed to be issued by these resolutions, were as follows:

First mortgage bonds.....		$2,200,000
2d mortgage, pref'd..	$2,800,000	
Income..	1,700,000	
		4,500,000
Stock—Preferred ...	$1,700,000	
Common	2,050,000	
		3,750,000
Total		$10,450,000

HAUL NUMBER ONE.

The complaint sets forth that on June 30, 1862, the Purchasing Committee conveyed to themselves by deed the above amount of stocks and bonds, *with the addition* of $250,000 common stock, whose issue was never authorized by anybody; that is, they gave themselves $4,000,000 worth of certificates of stock, instead of the $3,750,000 above set forth as a thorized by the charter and the resolutions of the Board. This quarter of a million over-issue of stock, says the complainat, is still outstanding as part of the liabilities of the company, and the stockholders want to know who has got it and where it is. Mr. Tilden will probably explain after the Convention. He refuses to do so before it.

The Trustee and Surviving Receiver of the old company, who sold the property to Tilden and his Purchasing Committee, was Mr. Azariah C. Flagg. He made a report to the bondholders of the old company in 1863, and of that report the report of the new company for the same year, signed by the Tilden Purchasing Committee, thus speaks:

"The proceedings of the Committee of Bondholders and Stockholders on reorganization—to-wit, Samuel J. Tilden and the Purchasing Committee—are all stated in the report of Mr. Flagg with such *particularity* as to render any further statement superfluous."

HAUL NUMBER TWO.

The reader will please glance again at the above list of bonds and stock issued. The report of Mr. Flagg, thus commended for "particularity," states that the claims settled by the first mortgage bonds of $2,200,000, amounted to only $2,045,740.41, leaving a balance in the hands of the Tilden Purchasing Committee of $154,259.59. The stockholders want Mr. Tilden to tell them where that went to, and Mr. Tilden has answered in effect, "Wait until after the St. Louis Convention."

HAUL NUMBER THREE.

The reader will please look again at the table and note the issue of 4,500,000 second mortgage bonds, preferred and income. Mr. Flag's report states with much and cruel "particularity" that the amount of claims settled by this issue was only $4,369,545.89, leaving a trifle of $130,454.11 which the stockholders ask Mr. Tilden to account for; but he says he won't do it till after the adjournment of the Convention, and does *not* say that he will do it even then.

HAUL NUMBER FOUR.

Another glance at the table above will reveal the issue of $1,700,000 preferred stock. With most aggravating "particularity" the report of Mr. Flagg sets down the amount of liabilities settled by this issue at $1,568,709, leaving a wretched margin of $131,300 to be accounted for by Mr. Tilden, which he declares he will not do until after the St. Louis Convention, and won't promise to do it even then.

HAUL NUMBER FIVE.

The annual report of the Directors, showing the condition of the Company on the 1st of January, 1874, stated that the common stock handed over up to that time in liquidating claims, etc., was $1,939,516.85. Please note that the Company was *authorized* to issue $2,050,000, so that to say nothing of the over issue of $250,000 above mentioned, there is still left a balance of $110,483.15 to be accounted for by Mr. Tilden. Mr. Tilden says he'll do nothing of the sort until after the St. Louis Convention. He does not say that he will account for it then.

RECAPITULATION OF THE HAULS—AN ALLEGED STEAL OF $1,000,000.

The cry of anguish which comes from the complainant in the last paragraph of his wailings before the Court, is so heartrending that we quote it in all its naked wretchedness.

"And your orator further complains and avers, that the said defendants (Tilden and the Purchasing Committee) have not, nor either of them, ever rendered to your orator any account of the hereinbefore mentioned surplus of $154,000 first mortgage bounds, $130,000 second mortgage bonds, $131,000 preferred stock and $360,000 common stock, or any of the bonds or stocks entrusted to them as members of the said Purchasing Committee, although your orator has repeatedly, by its agents duly authorized, demanded such an account; but, on the contrary, your orator alleges and avers, that the said defendants, or some of them, have refused to render any such account, or to give your orator any explanation of the manner in which, or the purpose for which, the said bonds and stock were issued and disposed of; and your orator charges that the said surplus bonds and stock have been *unlawfully retained by and divided among the said defendants*, or issued and disposed of by them, in violation of their duty as members of the said Purchasing Committee, and of the Board of Directors of the said corporation, complainant herein, and of the trust and confidence reposed in them as such; and that the pecuniary liabilities and burdens of your orator have been, thereby, unjustly and unnecessarily increased to the amount of more than one million dollars!"

A SALARY GRAB.

There is one more paragraph in the document worth quoting entire, anticipating, as it does, any plea that the defendants may offer to the effect that they, or any of them, retained the sums above charged as unaccounted for in compensation for services rendered.

"And your orator further shows that, at a meeting of the said Purchasing Committee, held Nov. 3, 1862, it was resolved that the compensation of Mr. Bayard be $3,000 per annum for three years of his services as Chairman of the Committee; and it was further resolved that the compensation of Mr. Butler be fixed at $2,5000 per annum for three years, in full for special services in various capacities; and Mr. Tilden (to wit, *Samuel J. Tilden*, one of the parties defendant herein) having stated his claims for services at $10,000 against the second mortgage and a like sum as against the first mortgage, and the reorganization, it was resolved that the same be allowed at said sums, in full of such services;" and that accordingly the sums were paid to the said parties, nearly $9,000 to Bayard, $7,500 to Butler and *twenty thousand dollars to Samuel J. Tilden.*

All this Mr. Tilden has been called upon from time to time to explain, but he has invariably managed to postpone his explanation, until he finally succeeded in getting the Court to grant him time to file his definite answer to this complaint until something like a week after the adjournment of the St. Louis Convention.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

DR. RICE,

No. 37 Court Place,

LOUISVILLE, KY

"A regularly educated and legally qualified physician, and the most successful, as his practice will prove. Cures all forms of Private, Chronic and Sexual Diseases. Spermatorrhœa and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth or sexual excesses in maturer years or other causes, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, etc., rendering marriage unhappy or improper, are thoroughly and permanently cured. Syphilis positively cured and entirely eradicated from the system. Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Piles and other Private Diseases quickly cured. Patients treated by mail or express. Consultation free and invited, charges reasonable, and correspondence strictly confidential.

A PRIVATE COUNSELOR of 100 pages, sent to any address (securely sealed) for thirty (30) cents. Should be read by all. Address as above. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m., Sundays 2 to 4 p. m. s31:1&w12m

UNITED STATES MAIL.

ALABAMA.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
Washington, May 29, 1876.

PROPOSALS will be received at the Contract Office of this Department until 2 p. m. of July 5, 1876, for the period from the 21st July for carrying the mail of the United States from October 1st, 1876, to June 30, 1880, on the routes in the State of

ALABAMA,

and by the schedules of departures and arrivals hereinafter specified, viz:

17225 From Clinton, by Pleasant Ridge, Sipsey Mills, Bridgeville, and Frances A. to Carrollton, 24 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Clinton, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Carrollton by 5 p m;
Leave Carrollton, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Clinton by 5 p m.
Bond required with bid, $600.

17226 From Cullman, by Hanceville, Mills (n. o.), and Bangor to Blake's Ferry, 35 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Cullman Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Blake's Ferry by 12 m;
Leave Blake's Ferry Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Cullman by 7 p m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17227 From Decatur, by Hillsboro, Lamar, and Stone Hill, to Aroneschee, 40 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Roanoke Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Aroneschee by 7 p m;
Leave Aroneschee Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Roanoke by 7 p m.
Bond required with bid, $400.

17228 From Ironaque, by Midtown, to Dudleyville, 30 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Roanoke Friday at 7 m;
Arrive at Dudleyville by 2 p m;
Leave Dudleyville Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Roanoke by 2 p m.
Bond required with bid, $300.

17229 From Troy, by Pea River (n. o.), and Buck Horn (n. o.) to Louisville, 52 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Troy Friday at 7 m;
Arrive at Louisville by 5 p m;
Leave Louisville Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Troy by 5 p m.
Bond required with bid, $400.

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS AND POST-MASTERS.

Containing also conditions to be incorporated in the contracts to the extent the Department may deem proper.

The Postmaster General warns bidders and their sureties to read carefully the requirements of the laws of Congress relative to contracts for the carriage of the mails (the important provisions of which are stated herein), and also to familiarize themselves with the instructions and forms herein furnished, before they shall assume any liabilities as such bidders or sureties, and to prevent misapprehension or cause of complaint therefrom.

Postmasters are required to make themselves familiar with the laws and these instructions that they may be able to inform and direct others.

1. Seven miles per hour are required, unless otherwise specified, for assorting the mails.

2. On routes where the mode of conveyance admits of it, the size and weight of the Post Office department, on post office blanks, mail locks and keys, are to be conveyed without extra charge.

3. "Way bills" or receipts prepared by postmasters or other agents of the Department, will accompany the mails, specifying the number and destination of the several bags, to ensure regularity in the delivery of bags and packages.

4. No pay will be made for trips not performed, and for each of such omissions, if the failure be assessed by the fault of the contractor or carrier, the time the pay of the trip will be deducted. For arrivals so far behind time of the book connection as to lose the mails, and for the offer of a deficient mail, one-fourth of the compensation for the trip is subject to forfeiture. For repeated delinquencies of the kind herein specified, the pay may be withheld altogether, and for disobedient, unfaithful, improper or quarrelsome carriers, or those interfering with the mails, or violating the laws of the Department, the service may be annulled at once.

5. The Postmaster General may order an increase of service on any route by allowing the contractor a pro rata increase on the contract pay. He may change schedules of departures and arrivals in all cases, and particularly to make them conform to connections with railroads, when the public interest may require it, and the contractor shall be paid, provided the running time be not abridged. The Postmaster General may also discontinue or curtail the service, in whole or in part, in order to expedite the superior service of steamboats, when the public interests, in his judgment, shall require such discontinuance or curtailment to exist, and other cases he allowing, as full indemnity for the reduction of pay, the amount of service discontinued or curtailed, and a pro rata compensation for the amount of service retained and required.

6. Payment will be made by collections from order of postmasters or other wise, after the expiration of each quarter, say in November, February, May and August, provided that regular evidence of service has been received.

7. The distances given are believed to be substantially correct; but no increased pay will be allowed should they be found otherwise. All the points to be supplied are correctly stated. Bidders must inform themselves on this point, and also in reference to the weight of the mail. The condition of bids must state the price per mile for bridges, ta npikes, pl nk roads, ferries and obstruction of any kind by which expense may be incurred. No claim for additional pay, based upon such grounds, will be considered, nor for alleged mistake or misapprehension as to the degree of service nor for bridges destroyed, ferries discontinued, or other causes of detention or failure of service, but less than five per centum of the amount of the bond accompanying the bid, if the amount of said bond exceeds ($5,000) five thousand dollars.

8. The amount of bond required with bids, and the per cent pay when it exceeds ($5,000) five thousand dollars, are stated in the advertisement under the head of the respective route.

Sureties on the bond of a bidder must take an oath before an officer qualified to administer oaths that they are the owners of real estate worth, in the aggregate, a sum double the amount of said bond, over and above all debts due and owing by them, and all judgments, mortgages, and executions against them, after allowing all exemptions of every character whatever.

9. All checks deposited with bids will be held until contract is executed and the service commenced by the accepted bidder. Checks will then be returned by mail, on the written request of the bidder, or delivered to any one on his order.

21. The contract are to be executed and returned to the Department by or before the 20th day of September, 1876, after which the accepted bidder will be considered as having failed, and the Postmaster General may proceed to contract for the service with other parties, according to law.

Assignments of contracts, or of interest in contracts, are forbidden by law, and consequently cannot be allowed. Neither can bids, or interest in bids, be transferred or assigned to other parties. Bidders will therefore take notice that they will be expected to perform the services themselves, and that the Department will not recognize any other parties as interested in the contracts.

16. In case of failure of the accepted bidder to execute a contract, or of the abandonment of service during the contract term, the service will be readvertised and relet at the expense of the failing bidder or contractor, and any accepted bidder who shall wrongfully refuse or fail to enter into contract, in due form, and to perform the service described in his proposal, may be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, be fined and imprisoned therefor.

17. The Postmaster General reserves the right to reject any bid which may deemed extravagant, and also to disregard the bids of failing contractors and bidders.

No contract for carrying the mail shall be made with any person who has entered, or proposed to enter, into any combination to prevent the making of any bid for carrying the mail, or who has made any agreement, or given or performed, or promised to give or perform, any consideration whatever to induce any other person not to bid for any such contract.

No bidder for carrying the mails shall be released from his obligation under his bid or proposal, nor relieved from an award made for a lower bidder, until a contract for the designated service shall have been duly executed by such lower bidder and his sureties, and accepted, and the service entered upon by the contractor to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General.

By regulation of the Department, no carrier can be employed who is under sixteen years of age. No bid or offer will be accepted who is under twenty-one years of age, or who is a married woman.

18. The bid should be sealed, superscribed "Mail Proposals, State of ——," addressed "Second Assistant Postmaster General, Contract Office."

19. Every proposal must be accompanied by a bond with two or more sureties approved by a postmaster, and in cases where the amount of the bond exceeds five thousand dollars ($5,000) by a postmaster of the first, second, or third class. Bids for service, the pay for which at the time of advertisement exceeds five thousand dollars, ($5,000) must be accompanied by a certified check, or draft, payable to the order of the Postmaster General, on some solvent national bank, of not less than five per centum on the amount of the annual pay on such route, and in cases of new or increased service, not less than five per centum of the amount of the bond accompanying the bid, if the amount of said bond exceeds ($5,000) five thousand dollars.

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17

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

FRIDAY, JULY 7, 1876.

A HOLIDAY.

Out of the city, far away
With Spring to-day!—
Where copses tufted with primroses
Give me repose.
Wood—or oil and wild violet
Soothe my soul's fret.
The pure delicious vernal air
Blows away care.
The birds' reiterated songs
Heal fr mcied wrongs.

Down the rejoicing brook my grief
Perits like a leaf.
And on its gently murmuring flow
Sor ow I see not I g
The bu -despri kled boughs and hedges
The sprouting sedges
Waving beside the waters brink,
Come like cool drink
To fever'd lips, like fresh soft meat
To kine that feed.

Much happier than the kine, I feel
My yearning heal
In large draughts of mountains blue,
Like heave'n in view.
Green world and sunny sky above
Alive with love;
All, all, however came they there,
Divinely fair.

Is this the better oracle,
Or what sire is he to
O base confusion, falsehood, strife,
Man puts in life!
Sink, thou Life-Measurer!—I can say
I've lived a day;
And Memory holds it now in keeping,
Awake or sleeping.

[Fraser's Magazine.

TILDEN AND TWEED.

The Twin Brothers of Tammany—The Modern Reformer Exposed—An Apt Pupil of the Great Robber Tweed—A Characteristic Letter from Horace Greeley—Tilden's Ballot-Box Stuffing

In 1866, John T. Hoffman was Democratic candidate for Governor of New York against Mr. Fenton, and was beaten by a majority of 13,768. In 1868, Hoffman was again a candidate and was elected by a Democratic majority of 27,936. This increase of the Democratic majority, in the brief space of two years, by a total of over 40,000 was a matter for profound astonishment to the whole United States, excepting only a small band of faithful Democrats in New York City. To them, headed by Boss Tweed and Samuel J. Tilden, belongs the credit of the astonishing change. It may interest our people to learn something of the method by which it was brought about.

On the eve of the election Samuel J. Tilden addressed to some of the faithful followers of his party, in every county of the State, a circular of which the following is a copy:

ROOMS OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE COM.
October 27, 1868.

MY DEAR SIR—Please at once to communicate with some reliable person in three or four principal towns and in each city of your county, and request him (expenses duly arranged for this end) *to telegraph to William M. Tweed*, Tammany Hall, at the minute of closing the polls, not waiting for the count, such person's estimate of the vote. Let the telegraph be as follows; "This town will show a Democratic gain (or loss) over last year of —— (number)." Or this one, if sufficiently certain: "This town will give a Republican (or Democratic) majority of——." *There is of course, an important object to be attained by a simultaneous transmission at the hour of closing the polls, but not longer waiting.* Opportunity can be taken of the usual half hour lull in telegraphic communication over the lines before accurate results begin to be declared, and before the Associated Press absorb the telegraph with returns and interfere with individual messages, and give orders to watch carefully the count.

Very truly, yours,
SAMUEL J. TILDEN, Chairman.

The italics in the above are ours. They indicate that Mr. Tildea, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, was working in conjunction with Boss Tweed, with an "important object to be attained" whose nature is now known to all. That object was to get the vote of the whole State before them in New York, and then to stuff enough more votes into the city ballot-boxes to produce a Democratic majority. The work was well done. The Democratic majority returned from New York City, at that election, was 69,159. It is now, as Senator Conkling called it in a public speech, an "open secret" that thirty thousand fraudulent votes were added to the count in New York City and Brooklyn, and that Hoffman was deliberately counted in by the nefarious work of Samuel J. Tilden and Boss Tweed.

Previous to the election of the following fall, when these facts had become thoroughly known, Horace Greeley, late the Presidential candidate of the Democratic party, addressed to Mr. Tilden an open letter from which we make the following extracts:

To Samuel J. Tilden, Chairman Democratic State Committee:

SIR—You hold a most responsible and influential position in the councils of a great party. You could make that party contest itself with the polling of legal votes if you only would. In our late Constitutional Convention, I tried to erect some fire's barriers against election frauds did you? The very little that I was enabled to effect in this direction, I shall try to have ratified by the people at our ensuing election. Will you?

Mr. Tilden, you can not escape responsibility by saying, with the guilty Macbeth,

"Thou can'st not say I did it; never shake
Thy gory locks at me!"

for you were at least a passive accomplice in the great frauds of last November. Your name was used without public protest on your part, in circulars sowed over the State, whereof the manifest intent was to "make assurance doubly sure" that the frauds here perpetrated should not be overborne by the honest vote of the rural districts. And you, not merely by silence, but by positive assumption, have covered those frauds with the mantle of your respectability. On the principle that "the receiver is as bad as the thief," you are as deeply implicated in them to-day as though your name were Tweed, O'Brien, or Oakey Hall.

And though our city has largely increased its population, the *honest wards* were quite as populous then (1840) as they are to-day, several of them more so.

Now, look at the vote of four of these wards in 1840 and 1868 respectively:

4 Wards	President, 1840	Governor, 1868
	4,793 | 5,521	2,849 | 20,283

Van Buren's majority, 726; Hoffman's majority 17,443.

Mr. Tilden, you know what this contrast attests. Right well do you comprehend the means whereby the vote of 1868 was thus swelled out of all proportions. There are not 12,000 legal voters living in those wards to-day, though they gave Hoffman 17,443 majority. Had the day been of average length, it would doubtless have been swelled to at least 20,000. There was nothing but time needed to make it 100,000, if so many had been wanted and paid for.

Now, Mr. Tilden, I call on you to put a stop to this business. You have but to walk into the Sheriff's office, the Mayor's and the Supervisor's offices in the City Hall Park, and say that there must be no more of it; SAY IT SO THAT THERE SHALL BE NO DOUBT THAT YOU MEAN IT, and we shall have a tolerably fair election once more.

Will you do it? If we Republicans are swindled once more, as we were swindled last fall, you and such as you will be responsible to God and man for the outrage. Yours, HORACE GREELEY.

New York, October 20, 1869.

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CURES
HUMPHREYS'
HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS
Been in general use for twenty years. Everywhere proved the most SAFE, SIMPLE, ECONOMICAL and EFFICIENT medicines known. They are just what the people want, saving time and money averting sickness and suffering. Each single specific or prescription of an eminent physician.

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1.	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations,	20
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3.	Crying-Colic, or Teething of Infants,	30
4.	Diarrhœa, of Children or Adults,	30
5.	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic,	30
6.	Cholera-Morbus, Vomiting,	30
7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,	30
8.	Neuralgia, Toothache, Facache,	30
9.	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo,	30
10.	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach,	30
11.	Suppressed, or Painful Periods,	30
12.	Whites, too Profuse Periods,	30
13.	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	30
14.	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	30
15.	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains,	30
16.	Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Agues,	50
17.	Piles, Blind or Bleeding,	50
18.	Ophthalmy, and Sore or Weak Eyes,	50
19.	Catarrh, Acute or Chronic Influenza,	50
20.	Whooping-Cough, Violent Coughs,	50
21.	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing,	50
22.	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing,	50
23.	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swellings,	50
24.	General Debility, Physical Weakness,	50
25.	Dropsy and Scanty Secretions,	50
26.	Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding,	50
27.	Kidney-Disease, Gravel,	50
28.	Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, or Involuntary Discharges,	1 00
29.	Sore Mouth, Canker,	50
30.	Urinary Weakness, Wetting the Bed,	50
31.	Painful Periods, with Spasms,	50
32.	Sufferings at Change of Life,	1 00
33.	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	1 00
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Parlor Organs.

These remarkable instruments possess capabilities for musical effects and expression never before attained, admired by Amateur and Professional, and all remark in unqualified terms

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Dealers will find it to their advantage to examine this instrument. It has improvements found in no other. Correspondence solicited.

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From Jos. F. Regan, firm Regan & Carter, publishers Daily and Weekly Tribune, Anderson City, Ind., after receiving a $700 instrument, says:

"Piano reached us in good condition I am well pleased with it. It is all I expected it to be."

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Best inducements ever offered. Money refunded upon return of Piano and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory, after a test trial of five days. Pianos warranted for six years. Agents wanted. Send for catalogue. Address,

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This instrument is the most handsome and best piano ever before manufactured in this country or Europe, having the greatest possible depth, richness and volume of tone, combined with a rare brilliancy, clearness and perfect evenness throughout the entire scale, and above all a surprising duration of sound, the power and sympathetic quality of which never changes under the most reckless or powerful touch. Space forbids a full description of this magnificent instrument. Agents discount given where I have no agents. Remember you take no risk in purchasing one of these CELEBRATED INSTRUMENTS. If after (3) three days test trial it proves unsatisfactory, the money you have paid will be returned upon return of instrument and freight charges paid by me both ways. Pianos Warranted for six years. Address,

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Seabrook's Infant Soothing Syrup	1 00	10 00
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Bellsett's English Horse Liniment	1 50	15 00
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Each newspaper published in the town where agent is located will insure as agency is established, be given an advertisement, advertising such agency and the company, and fully explaining the plans, purposes and objects of the company. Such advertisement will continue in such papers as long as agency is successfully conducted.

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Leave Marquette,	7.40 a. m
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Arrive at Marquette,	8.10 p. m
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1 Cash Prize of	$100,000
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1 Cash Prize of	20,000
51,025 Cash Prizes amounting to	$350.000

The first drawing (new drawings will be regularly given) was presided over by Col. Patrick, Pres't Board of Trade. Second by Gov. James. Third by Ticket Holders. Fourth by City, County, and State officials. Fifth by Sworn Commissioners. Extraordinary offer: 20 Chances for $10, leaving balance to be deducted from Prizes after the drawing. Agents Wanted Liberal Pay. For full particulars and Circulars, Address the Manager,
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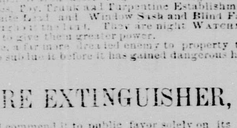

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The music is adapted to the human voice, ranging from the softest flute-like tone to a volume of sound unsurpassed by any instrument.

This instrument has all the latest improvements, and every organ is fully warranted for six years, carefully packed in double black walnut panelled cases, which will not CRACK or WARP, and forms, in addition to a splendid instrument of music, a beautiful piece of furniture.

The organ is only to be seen to be appreciated, and is sold at extremely low figures for cash. Second-hand instruments taken in exchange.

Agents wanted, male or female, in every county in the United States and Canada. A liberal discount made to teachers, ministers, churches, schools, lodges, etc., where we have no agents. Illustrated catalogue and price list free. I have no agents. Best offer ever given now ready.

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From D. S. Beane, Stockton, N. J., after receiving a $500 Beatty Piano, says:

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"The piano came to hand in good order, and gives entire satisfaction, both in tone and finish."

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Notice to the Afflicted and Unfortunate.

Before applying to the professional quacks who advertise in public papers, or using the various quack nostrums which are daily thrust upon you, or before you put disease in or how deplorable your condition,

Or, Before employing the services of the above-named professional quacks, you should consult the most eminent medical professor of this country, who can be consulted personally or by mail, on the diseases of the sexual system, at his office and residence, No. 12 North Eighth street, between Market and Green.

MARRIAGE GUIDE. An illustrated work 270 pages, 12mo., on the Physiology of the married and unmarried, with 100 prescriptions for all the acute and chronic diseases of the sexual system, the author of which, for the last twenty years, has been extensively employed in the treatment of the above diseases. Every married man, or one contemplating marriage, should read it. Every young man who is troubled with nocturnal emissions, or any weakness arising from self-abuse, should read it. Every man who wishes to be healthy, happy and prosperous, should read it. Every man who wishes to be married, and be happy in the married state, should read it. Every man who wishes to be cured of any disease, should read it. Every man who wishes to be cured of any disease, should read it. Every man who wishes to be cured of any disease

DAILY STATE JOURNAL

FRIDAY, JULY 7, 1876.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MONTGOMERY, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T. C. BINGHAM will be paidby us.

T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,
dtf. Proprietors.

LIBERTY'S fete.

OUR flag is still there.

LET the whole land shout for joy.

THE drowning season has fairly opened.

SWING out your Centennial flag; a silent noise as it were.

THE girl of the period, who is no bigger than a candle, must have a taper waist.

THE Police Court yesterday was a very tame affair, and the city didn't realize much from it.

TRAINS on the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad are now running through from Meridian, Miss., to Chattanooga, Tenn.

THERE were more outdoor sports on the 4th of July, both on land and water, than ever before in the history of our country.

THERE is rhetorical ballooning from Maine to Texas, and the orators are sweeping their arms aloft and ripping the gussets out of the stars.

"How are you off for soap?" has become a serious question, so much of the article is made from poisonous materials, thus causing diseases that are alike loathsome and fatal.

A CENTENNIAL has a habit of coming only once in a hundred years, and as most of us cannot hope to be on deck when the next one comes, let us this time go in with heart and hand.

A GREAT many of our young poets imagine they are wrestling with the same sort of melancholy genius that produced "Manfred," whereas, it is only a bad case of disordered liver.

SOME of the papers will have it that the 4th of July came upon the same day of the week this year as in 1776; but they are mistaken. The 4th of July, 1776, came on Thursday.

YESTERDAY was a dull, quiet day, with little if any business transactions. The watermelon market is as full as usual at this period of the year, and prices still hang up above a poor man.

SUMMER now reigns everywhere, and wherever a root lay buried or a tiny twig was hidden, she has breathed upon it and made it instinct with life, and covered it with leaves and flowers.

THE man who has "just one word" to say, is at large and equipped for the campaign. The editor knows him. This man must be killed this year. It will be a good way to signalize the Centennial year.

MARRIED—At St. Peter's Church, at 4 o'clock Thursday afternoon, July 6th, 1876, by the Rev. Father Savage, Mr Luke O'Brien and Miss Bettie Hopson, all of Montgomery.

MARRIED—At the residence of the bride's father, Col. W. T. Hatchett, in this city, on the evening of the 6th inst., Prof. George Thomas and Miss Pet Hatchett, all of Montgomery.

MARRIED—At the residence of Dr. Bellinger, in Montgomery, at 6:30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, July 5, 1876, by the Rev. Father Savage, Mr. C. H. Beale and Miss Taylor Lowe, all of this city.

THE installation of the officers of Montgomery Lodge No. 6, I. O. O. F., will take place at Odd Fellows' Hall this evening. An invitation to the public to attend and witness the ceremonies has been extended, and arrangements will be made for the entertainment of a large number of friends.

Two cadets from the Annapolis Naval School took part in the grand Centennial procession of the 4th instant, and carried the Revolutionary war flag which floated over John Paul Jones' privateer, consisting of yellow cloth with a rattlesnake painted on it, in a hostile position, underneath which was the earnest warning: "Don't tread on me."

MR. MAYOR MOSES has ordered an individual by the name of J. F. Jordan to shake the dust of Montgomery from his feet and vamoose the ranch. Cause—Jordan's continuous, uninterrupted, hoggish assaults on old John Barleycorn and Tanglefoot Sour Mash. A man who thus gives up himself to the destruction of only one article of manufacture raises up a monopoly, and is unfit to live in a city of civilized people. Hence, Jordan, horrible shadow, hence, avaunt!

THE Selma postoffice is said to have been the only building in that city decorated with flags on the 4th instant. We learn that Capt. Henry Cochran, the postmaster there, had over fifty beautiful flags floating from the building, and large portraits of Hayes and Wheeler in a conspicuous position. He deserves credit for the patriotism which he exhibited. The postoffice at Selma is said to have excited universal admiration on account of the beautiful display on the 4th.

A SAD DEATH.—A young man, apparently about 23 or 24 years of age, was instantly killed by a north-bound train on the South and North Alabama Railroad, near Bangor, Blount county, early Wednesday morning. He was sitting or asleep on a bridge across a small stream at Willite Station, and was not discovered by the engineer until almost within a yard of him. The cowcatcher struck him almost at the same instant that the engineer discovered him. The body was hurled about 25 or 30 feet into the marsh below the bridge. Conductor Mitchell stopped the train and had the body taken up, but there were no papers on it to indicate the name of the unfortunate man. The body was left in charge of citizens near by.

A GENTLEMAN who attended the Spring Villa Centennial celebration informs us that it was not near so magnificent an affair as was hoped for. It appears that the crowd was too large for any system of order to be effectively carried out, and very soon after the crowd had gathered, every one had to look out for himself. He says that there was a patent attempt on the part of the owners of the grounds to make as much money as possible, no matter who was inconvenienced. If this is the case, the good name of the place will be somewhat injured. Every man has the right to make all the money he can legitimately, but no man ought to practice deception upon his neighbors for that or any other purpose.

THE Fourth of July was not observed in Tuskegee, and why, we do not know. How do our people hope to prosper? Do they ever hope or expect to find a demand for their land, or an increase in value in their property, so long as they remain quiet, making no effort to induce immigrants to come among us? If they do, they will be greatly mistaken, for such a thing is inconsistent and impossible. Arouse yourselves, make an effort to build up the country, fill up the waste places, and another state of affairs will soon exist.—Tuskegee News.

Good advice, neighbor. Had you tendered it ten years ago, your little town would have been a city by this time. Better late than never, though, and we join you in impressing upon our people the great necessity of placing Alabama en rapport with national progress and national advancement. Let us get in line with the rapidly advancing spirit of American progress.

GO SEE the Amateurs at the Theatre to-night, if you would enjoy an eveuing of real fun and mirth. Without exception this is the finest band of amateur talent that has ever assembled in Montgomery, and our citizens should take pride in aiding the enterprise. Should this one be a success financially, the young gentlemen propose to give entertainments of like character during the summer. The programme consists of a selection of popular ballads with quartette choruses; a grand burlesque cantata, written expressly for the occasion; and Martin's roaring farce of Box and Cox. Tickets of admission to all parts of the house, fifty cents—to be had at any of the bookstores. The Theatre will be aired through and made as cool as possible.

A CITY ATTORNEY.—We observe that Alderman Durr has introduced, in the Board of Aldermen, a resolution looking to the appointment of a city Attorney. As far back as 1871 the JOURNAL advocated this measure, and pointed out valid reasons why it should be adoped. There were several cases against the city involving not only large amounts of money, but some of the most intricate questions of law. It became necessary to employ some of the most able and experienced lawyers of the city to take hold of these cases in behalf of the corporation, and, of course, the city had to pay large amounts for fees. Alderman Durr proposes to have a stated salary of one thousand dollars attached to the office of City Attorney, an amount which ought to secure the best legal talent in Montgomery. It is economy, in our judgment, to establish the office of City Attorney, and pay the salary named. In the course of time the tax payers will save a great deal of money by it. There should bertainly be no hesitation in establishing this office.

KNIGHTS OF HONOR.—We are glad to note the steady advancement of Montgomery in the scale of social advancement, as exemplified in the organization of a Lodge of "Knights of Honor." The objects of this organization are, of course, benevolence and charity. And we are glad to note that in addition to the usual benefits accruing to families of deceased brethren, this noble order will pay a death benefit of two thousand dollars to the family of every deceased member. Such an organization deserves the greatest prosperity and success, and every father who is able to join such a lodge ought not to hesitate to do so at the very earliest moment possible. The following officers are amongst our best citizens.

T. G. Foster, Post Dictator.
N. H. Holmes, Dictator.
D. S. Rice, Vice Dictator.
M. H. Stuart, Assistant Dictator.
T. Taliaferro, Guide.
John N. Browder, Chaplain.
F. W. Flint, Reporter.
D. C. Hanson, Financial Reporter.
W. A. McBryde, Treasurer.
G. C. Dowd, Guardian.
J. W. Kenny, Sentinel.
Dr. W. C. Jackson, W. E. Engelhardt and S. Corzelius, Trustees.

POLITICAL ASSESSMENTS.—No one disputes the assertion of the organ of the "Reform Republicans" that it has been customary to assess the Federal and State officials in Alabama, for campaign purposes. Both parties in Alabama have done this ever since the war. The JOURNAL attempted to make no point on that score, in publishing, yesterday, the article from the Washington Republican, commenting upon General Healy's letter to Mr. Dereen. The point we make is this, and we hope all the friends and supporters of the "Reformers," so called, will read it closely: The organs of the "Reformers" have abused the Federal officers in Alabama, who refused to join them in breaking up the Republican party, as "a set of corrupt and unscrupulous tools doing the dirty work of Geo. E. Spencer." In denouncing these officers not one single exception was made. Now, to call upon these gentlemen whom they have so ungenerously and unjustly assailed to furnish the money to pay their political purposes, was an act as brazen and indefensible as it was absurd and ridiculous. Had the "reformers" been content with abusing their opponents generally, and not single out the Federal officers to denounce by wholesale, no one would have thought it strange for them to have assessed these officers. But after abusing a set of men as corrupt and unscrupulous, and then turn round and demand that they furnish the money to carry out a campaign directed against them, is the very height of impudence and cheek. If Mr. Charles E. Mayer was to call upon Judge Rice for an assessment of one hundred dollars, it would not be a whit more absurd than the act of Gov. Smith in calling upon the Federal officers in this city, Selma and elsewhere for funds to prosecute his campaign. This is the only point there is in the matter, and we think it is a very good one.

OUR CELEBRATION.—We find the following dispatch in a number of our Northern exchanges:

MONTGOMERY, ALA., July 3.—The Fourth will be celebrated in grand style in this city by a national salute, oration, military parade, and fire works at night. The Mayor of the city sends the following:

To General Hawley, President Centennial Committee, Philadelphia:

The people of Montgomery, the birthplace of the Confederate Government, through its City Council, extend cordial and fraternal greeting to all the people of the United States with the earnest prayer for perpetuation of concord and brotherly feelings throughout our land.

M. L. MOSES, Mayor.

WE omitted, inadvertently, to mention one of the most pleasing incidents of the elegant festival of the Governor's Guard, on the night on the 4th inst. There was a prize drill of the company, and an elegant fan presented to the successful member. The drill progressed finely until only three were left, viz: Messrs. N. Bell. M. Moore and R. T. Bibb. These three young gentlemen had an exciting contest for the prize, Mr. Bibb finally coming off the victor. The fan was presented to Mr. B. by Mr. Edward A. Graham in a neat and eloquent address which produced a profound impression. After receiving the fan Mr. Bibb presented it to Miss Bammie Brown, as the most beautiful and accomplished young lady present. Messrs. Major J. N. Gilmer and Lieutenants Joseph and Engelhardt, of the Greys, were the judges of the drill.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—We call the attention of our numerous readers to the following new advertisements in this issue of the JOURNAL:

Lea & Perrins' celebrated sauce, sold by John Duncan's Sons, New York.

Messrs. True & Co., of Augusta, Maine, advertise for agents—who can make $12 per day.

Messrs. P. O. Vickery & Co., advertise for agents. $77.00 per week guaranteed.

Messrs. Stinson & Co., Portland, Me., advertise for agents, who can make from $5 to $20 per day at their homes.

William & Co., of Philadelphia, advertise Psychomancy or Soul Charming.

Those world-wide known newspaper advertising agents, Geo. P. Rowell & Co., of New York, have some advertisements which are of great interest to readers, generally.

Chas. M. Evans, of 152 West Fourth street, Cincinnati, is advertising the best quality of artificial limbs now in use. We have examined these limbs, and they are certainly the best we have ever seen.

State News.

[By Yesterday's Mail to the Journal.]

The 4th day of July was celebrated in Tuskegee with a champion game of marbles.

The gardens in and around Tuscumbia are looking splendid. The late rains give them a fresh and animated appearance.

We understand that the grasshoppers have got into some of the corn fields near our town and is playing havoc with the crops.—Tuscumbia Times.

Roasting ears are now in abundance and watermelons are begiming to ripen, and coming to town. Peaches are scarce there being but very few in this section, the late season killing them all.—Tuskegee News.

Married, at Courtland, on the evening of July 4th, 1876, Miss Katie Garth, the accomplished daughter of Mrs. W. S. Bankhead, of Courtland, and the Rev. R. M. DuBose, formerly of Decatur. Success attend them.

The rains last week were pretty general throughout the entire county and the crops are now in a fine condition, growing finely. In some portions of the county there has been too much rain. We heard an old farmer say that he was nearly washed away in June, having about three rains a week, and some of them the hardest he ever saw.—Tuskegee News.

Mrs. Louisa, wife of Mr. Nathan G. Pearsall, was found dead in her bed on the morning of the 29th ult., at Ligon Springs. Mrs. Pearsall had been suffering for some months from a chronic affection, and went to Ligon Springs to recuperate her shattered health. Her death has cast a gloom over her relatives, of which she has many, and the entire community. She leaves behind her six children, four daughters and two sons.

Local and Business Notices.

I. O. O. F.—The installation of officers of Montgomery Lodge, No 6, Independent Order of Odd Fellows will take place at Odd Fellows Hall, Friday evening, July 7th, at 8½ o'clock. The public are cordially invited to be present, and every arrangement will be perfected for their comfort and entertainment.

By order of the N. G.

F. GEAGLEY, Secretary.

7 6 ht

The Latest.

"The Office" Saloon, is offering the best inducements to Lager Beer drinkers of any Saloon in the city. They are still selling those large ten cent glasses for five cents. "The Office," (under the Advertisor building, on Court Street) is the place to get beer for your families, as you get more beer for your money. Also Sweet Cider on hand. 6-24-tw

MR. DANIEL F. BEATTY, of Washington, N. J., is constantly in receipt of the most flattering testimony from all parts of the United States and Canada, as to the beauty and excellence of his pianos and organs. Send for catalogue and list of testimonials. Address, Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, Warren county, N. J., U. S. A. d5t

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.*

3-14 d&wem

For Sale.

STATE WARRANTS.
STATE CERTIFICATES.
CITY WARRANTS.

WOLFFE, HERTZ & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.

2-27dlt

Nervous Debility.

Vital weakness or depression: A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or conrage; the result of mental overwork, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphrey's Homeopathic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the drain and rejavenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per packake of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Hemeopathic Medicine Company, 662 Broadway, New York.

1-1d&w-1y.

THE STAR Parlor Organs are celebrated for their purity of tone, elegant design and thorough construction. Send for catalogue. Address,

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & CO.
6-30dlw&wom Washington, N. J.

New Advertisements.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and Outfit FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING. How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc., 1,000,000 sold. A great book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pub's, Philadelphia

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population of each of not less than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended by advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing over 2,000 copies each issue. Also, all the religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Fashion, and other special class journals; every complete list. Together with complete lists of over 300 German papers printed in the United States. Also, an essay upon advertising, tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers, and everything which a person advertising would like to know. Address, GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

NEWSPAPERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

A complete list, numbering 8,229 with a Gazetteer correct to date of towns and cities in which newspapers are published; historical and statistical sketches of the Great Newspaper Establishments; illustrated with numerous engravings of the principal newspaper buildings. Book of 200 Pages, just issued. Price, $2 00 added, post paid, to any address for 25c. Apply (inclosing price) to SUPERINTENDENT OF THE NEWSPAPER PAVILION Centennial Grounds, Philadelphia, or American News Company, N. Y. Every advertiser needs it.

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE



EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at WORCESTER. May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

"Only Good SAUCE,"

An I applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

LEA & PERRINS'

SIGNATURE is on EVERY BOTTLE.

Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
NEW YORK.

LIFE PRESERVER.

ABSOLUTE SAFETY At Sea.

LIFE SAVING SUIT FOR OCEAN TRAVEL.

THE CONTINUOUS DISASTERS AT SEA.

And the almost countless lives that have been lost, urge the introduction of more effective appliances for saving life than have yet been generally adopted. In response to the great public demand, the American Life Saving Suit Company now present a

Practical Life Saving Suit.

This suit having been tested and approved by the most scientific and practical authorities, we now offer as a means of absolute safety from death by drowning. The invention now offered claims its superiority over all inventions in that it floats the body in a vertical position in the roughest sea, preserves the natural caloric of the body for any number of days, with capacity for carrying provisions for ten days, and signals to attract attention from passing vessels.

This suit embodies three principles which are imperative in a life saving dress—

First—A buoyancy which supports the body in a vertical position, and maintains it as from a natural law.

Second—Protection from water and weather and consequent chill.

Third—A commissariat department, to which is attached signals, with capacity for carrying valuables, etc., etc

This suit is put on over ordinary clothing, except shoes and hat, and can be put on inside of five minutes; and are let to passengers on transatlantic steamers at the low price of

FIVE DOLLARS; A TRIP.

Send for a pamplet.

The American

LIFE SAVING SUIT COMPANY.
14 NEW CHURCH ST., NEW YORK.
4-26em

PRICES REDUCED. Best Quality with FULL TIMES and Standard Guarantee. CHEAPEST IN THE U. S. during CENTENNIAL YEAR. CHAS. M. EVANS, Manufr., 152 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati, O. Fourth and Market Sts., Louisville, Ky.

GULF CITY HOTEL.
CORNER WATER & CONTI STREETS,

Mobile Ala.

GREAT REDUCTION OF RATES!

This HOTEL, with its beautifully furnished ROOMS and the best TABLE this fine market affords, is undoubtedly the

CHEAPEST HOTEL

—IN THE—

SOUTH!

ONLY $2.00 and $2.50 PER DAY.
W. C. MORROW, JR.,
3-8dtf Proprietor.

BLANKS.

Blanks, Blanks, Blanks.

We are now prepared to furnish Tax Collectors and Tax Assessors with

Blank Lists of Property, Tax Deeds, and all Blanks used by County Officials at Chicago Prices.

T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,
State Journal Job Office,
4-6tf Montgomery, Ala.

SKETCHING from Nature, in pencil and water colors, and drawing and painting in colored crayons; a practical instructor, illustrated, 50 cts. Of any bookseller, or JESSE HANEY & CO., 119 Nassau street, N. Y.

$25 a day guaranteed using our Well Augur and Drills. $100 a month paid to good agents. Augur book free. Jil Augur Co., St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—
—FROM—
TEN TO FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS
—OF—

Black Moss,

Delivered at our shops.

Highest market price paid.

AUGS. OHLANDER & SON,
Mattress Makers and Renovators,
49 Market St., Shops cor. South and McDonough.

$250 A MONTH—Agents wanted everywhere. Business honorable and first class. Particulars sent free. Address J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo

POND'S EXTRACT.

The People's Remedy.
The Universal Pain Extractor.
Note: ask for POND'S EXTRACT.
Take no other.

"Hear, for I will speak of excellent things."

POND'S EXTRACT—The great Vegetable Pain Destroyer. Has been in use over thirty years, and for cleanliness and prompt curative virtues cannot be excelled.

CHILDREN.—No family can afford to be without Pond's Extract. Accidents, Bruises, Contusions, Cuts, Sprains, are relieved almost instantly by external application. Promptly relieves pains or Burns, Scalds, Excoriations, Chafings, Old Sores, Boils, Felons, Corns, etc. Arrests inflamation, reduces swellings, stops bleeding, removes discolorations and heals rapidly.

FEMALE WEAKNESSES.—It always relieves pain in the back and loins, fullness and pressing pain in the head, nausea, vertigo.

IN LEUCORRHŒA it has no equal. All kinds of ulcerations to which ladies are subject are promptly cured. Fuller details in book accompanying each bottle.

PILES—blind or bleeding—meet prompt relief and ready cure. No case, however chronic or obstinate, can long resist its regular use.

VARICOSE VEINS.—It is the only sure cure for this distressing and dangerous condition.

KIDNEY DISEASES.—It has no equal for permanent cure.

BLEEDING from any cause. For this is a specific. It has saved hundreds of lives when all other remedies failed to arrest bleeding from nose, stomach, lungs, and elsewhere.

RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, Toothache and Earache are all alike relieved, and often permanently cured.

PHYSICIANS of all schools who are acquainted with Pond's Extract of Witch Hazel recommend it in their practice. We have letters of commendation from hundreds of Physicians, many of whom order it for use in their own practice. In addition to the foregoing, they order its use for Swellings of all kinds, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Inflamed Tonsils, simple and chronic Diarrhœa, Catarrh, (for which it is a specific,) Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Stings of Insects, Mosquitoes, etc., Chapped Hands, Face, and indeed all manner of skin diseases.

TOILET USE.—Removes Soreness, Roughness, and Smarting; heals Cuts, Eruptions, and Pimples. It revives, invigorates, and refreshes, while wonderfully improving the Complexion.

TO FARMERS.—Pond's Extract. No Stock Breeder, no Livery Man can afford to be without it. It is used by all the Leading Livery Stables, Street Railroads and first Horsemen in New York City. It has no equal for Sprains, Harness or Saddle Chafings, Stiffness, Scratches, Swellings, Cuts, Lacerations, Bleeding, Pneumonia, Colic, Diarrhœa, Chills, Colds, etc. Its range of action is wide, and the relief it affords is so prompt that it is invaluable in every Farm-yard as well as every Farm-house. Let it be tried once, and you will never be without it.

CAUTION.—Pond's Extract has been imitated. The genuine article has the words Pond's Extract blown in each bottle. It is prepared by the only persons living who ever knew how to prepare it properly. Refuse all other preparations of Witch Hazel. This is the only article used by Physicians, and in the hospitals of this country and Europe.

HISTORY AND USES OF POND'S EXTRACT, in pamphlet form, sent free on application to POND'S EXTRACT COMPANY, 76 Maiden Lane, New York.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

Ice! Ice!

No Short Crop in Alabama.

The Montgomery Protective Ice Co.

Having bought the Stock and Fixtures of D. P. WEST, and contracted for all the Ice made by the

Montgomery Ice Manufacturing Co.

Are now prepared to supply the public at their old stand, MONROE ST., opposite the CITY HALL. J. A. DIAZ & CO., 4-13tf Agents.

RIALTO!

RIALTO! BAR AND BILLIARD SALOON.



ESTABLISHED 1868.

As good liquors as can be found in the city at prices to suit the times, and not a specie basis.

We are the agents for Cheatham's and Kinney's celebrated Tobacco and Bourbon Whiskies, which we sell out at wholesale at our Bar.

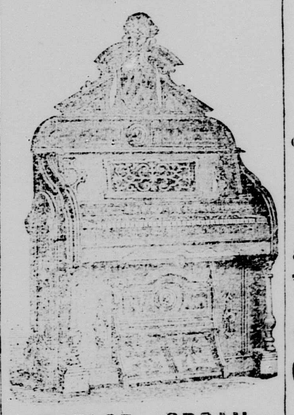
We are also agents for the celebrated **Key West Cigar**, which has been pronounced the champion cigar of this or any other market.

Draught Lager	5 cts
Bottled Lager	10 cts
Krug Wine, quarts	$1.00
Krug Wine, pints	1.50
Mixed Drinks	15 cts

6-7 F. BLEEL & CO.

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & CO'S

STAR



PARLOR ORGAN

Surpasses in tone and power any Reed Organ heretofore manufactured in this country. It has been tested by many competent judges and

Gives Universal Satisfaction.

By a skillful use of the stops, and of the pateut knee swell, the music is adapted to the human voice, ranging from the softest flute-like note to a volume of sound.

Unsurpassed by any Instrument

The proprietors have noted carefully for many years the imperfections and needs of the reed instruments, and from their practical experience to the correction of such imperfections, and their experiments have resulted in the production of a quality of tone which assimilates so closely to the

PIPE ORGAN QUALITY

That it is difficult to distinguish between the two. This instrument has all

THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS,

And every organ is fully warranted. Large Oil Polish, Black, Walnut Panelled Cases that forms in addition to a splendid instrument of music,

A Beautiful Piece of Furniture.

This organ needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and is sold at extremely

LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

AGENTS WANTED—(Male or female) in every county in the United States and Canada. A liberal discount made to Teachers, Ministers, Churches, Schools, Lodges, etc., where there is no agent for the Star Organ. Illustrated catalogue and price list free. Correspondence solicited. Address the manufacturers,

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & CO.,
Washington, N. J.

H. W. ALLEGER,
C. P. BOWLBY,
6-20 l&wlm

T. B. MCMURRRIE
EDWARD PLOTTS

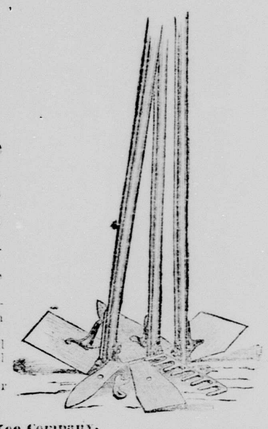
COMBINATION HOE.

First Premium Awarded at the Grangers' State Fair

Of Alabama, October, 1875, the first place where the Hoe was exhibited.

Manufactured by the Granger Hoe Company.

WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.



Requires no wedging. Can be adjusted for any work, or to suit the height of workman in fifteen seconds.

The Blade of the Field Hoe is made entirely of cast steel, square in shape, and when one edge becomes dull or worn out, the blade may be reversed, thus making

Two Hoes for the Price of One

It can be taken from the handle without trouble for the purpose of grinding.

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Hoes handled ready for use, as cheap as the best hoe blade manufactured.

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No. 2, "Boys' Hoe" medium size, for field or garden work. Adjustable same as field hoe

An entire set of splendid garden tools for the price of one implement.

For further information, address,

W. R. NOBLE, Secretary Granger Hoe Company.

1776 Centennial. 1876

SPRING AND SUMMER SEASON.

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Novelties in Matamora Suitings, Exquisite Knickerbockers,
Stylish Damassee Suitings, and everything that is new in Dress Goods.
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In Hosiery, Best 10-4 Sheetings, Genuine Irish Linens, Good
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Centennial Boots,
Centennial Shoes,
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VOLUME VIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 8, 1876 NUMBER 250

To Tourists.

Citizens leaving the city during the summer months, and wishing to be informed of matters transpiring at home, can have THE DAILY JOURNAL mailed to their address, free of postage, at the following rates, payable in advance:

One week	$ 20
One month	80
Two months	1 50
Three months	2 00
Six months	4 00

Union Republican Ticket.



For President of the United States

Rutherford B. Hayes,

OF OHIO.

For Vice-President,

William A. Wheeler,

OF NEW YORK.

REP. STATE EX. COM. OF ALA.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA., July 1, 1876.

The members of the Republican State Executive Committee are requested to meet at the rooms of the committee in this city on Monday, the 10th day of this month.

Every member of the committee is urged to be present, as matters of the utmost importance will be considered.

CHAS. E. MAYER, Chairman,
GEO TURNER, Sec'y.

Political Jottings.

"Then the Lord called Samuel, and he answered, Here am I."—1 Sam 3:4.—Louisville Courier-Journal (Dem.)

"Pshaw is all ablaze for Helden and Tildricks. Hard money and greenbacks is the rallying cry of the excited population."

The mixed aspect of the Democratic ticket is rather hard on the rank and file of the party, as is indicated by this item from a Western exchange:

The Utica Herald notes that among the congratulatory dispatches received by Gov. Tilden and given to the press there is not one signed Horatio Seymour.

Some papers are speaking of Tilden's shrewdness since the nomination. Too much shrewdness in a Presidential candidate is the worst kind of blundering.

The Chicago Times supports Tilden, but a few days before the nomination was made it declared that "Hayes would beat Tilden as easily as Grant defeated Greeley." That is pretty strong crow to be obliged to eat.

First of a large bundle of straws: A vote was taken Saturday on the steamer Arlow during her trip to Mount Vernon, resulting as follows: Hayes and Wheeler 73, Tilden and Hendricks 43. Twenty States were represented.

"And the Lord called yet again, Samuel. And Samuel arose and went to Eli, and said, Here am I, for thou didst call me. And he answered, I called not, my son; lie down again."—1 Sam. 3:6—St. Louis Globe-Democrat (Rep.)

There is a report in Washington that the Hon. John Morrissey contemplates starting a Democratic newspaper there on a capital of $500,000. It will be the organ probably of old-fashioned Tammany reform.

A correspondent of the Lowell Courier says: "The indications are that Gen. Butler's friends will present him as a candidate for Congress in this district, in an earnest manner, if his consent can be obtained."

The Chicago Tribune says: "The Democratic-Confederate platform was written by Samuel J. Tilden himself, all of it except the Chinese plank, and taken to St. Louis by his *fidus Achates*, Dorsheimer, and adopted by the Confederate convention."

Gen. Cary of Ohio stands by soft money, and becomes a bolter. He has lost faith in both parties, since he believes they are only in search of spoils. If there is anything Samuel—and Sam Tilden is like unto him—can't bear it is spoils.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Herald writes that several Republican Senators have been discussing privately the advisability of asking the President, for the sake of the party, to dismiss General Babcock from the public employment he holds.

The Cincinnati Commercial says: "Hendricks is a mistake. He cannot save Indiana, and he will harm rather than help Tilden in Ohio. Morrison was the man. He would have been of service in Illinois. Tilden's game should have been played out as boldly as it was commenced."

The difference between the two platforms on the money question is this: The Republicans is essentially a hard-money platfrom, and the only chance for its being other than it is arose from an attempt to make it harder. The Democratic is essentially a self-money platform, and the only chance of its being other that it is arose from an attempt to make it softer. The Republican party, therefore, as judged by its platform, is a hard-money party with a tendency toward increased hardness; the Democratic party by the same test is a soft-money party with a tendency toward the rag-baby lunacies of Bill Allen.—Worcester Spy.

Is It True?

The Tuscumbia Times, in its issue of July 4th, asserts that a caucus of Democratic leaders was held in Montgomery some time since, at which it was agreed that Attorney General Sanford should, in his official capacity, frame an opinion upon the new revenue law, to arrest the tide of indignation which was sweeping the State, at the enormities of that monstrous outrage upon the tax paying people of Alabama. This is a charge which involves the honor and personal integrity, not only of C. H. Sanford, but of every member of the State Government, and of every leader of the Democratic party in this State.

The gentleman who charges Mr. Sanford with framing an opinion, as Attorney General, to quell public clamor, and without any regard to his honest convictions as a lawyer, is Major Joseph H. Sloss, editor of the Tuscumbia Times. Maj. Sloss is not unknown to the people of Alabama; he was twice elected to Congress by the Democratic party, and has been recognized at home and abroad as one of the leaders of the Democracy in Alabama. After stating the dissatisfaction of the people with the revenue law and the wide-spread clamor against the Legislature and the Democratic State Government, Maj. Sloss continues:

The Bourbon press, with very few exceptions, came to the rescue of the Legislature and the Governor; but this failed to satisfy the people. The removal of the five hundred dollar exemption justly incensed the poor men, while the income tax met a positive opposition from the rich. At this juncture, we understand, a caucus was held at Montgomery and it was decided that the Attorney General should so revise and expound the law as to ignore the intent of the Legislature in favor of an income tax, as well as the right of the counties to assess the county tax upon drummers in the usual legal manner, for the plain reason that these plain provisions of the law were objected to by the men of influence and wealth in the State.

Here, then, is a plain, explicit charge that an officer of the Democratic State Government used his high and honorable position to advance the interests of his party, regardless of the law, by framing a legal opinion which was designed to deceive the people of the State, and blind them to the actual meaning and intent of an important act passed by the General Assembly. It is presumed that the Legislature and the State officials intended this law to operate as they at first attempted to enforce it. But seeing that its enforcement in accordance with its meaning and intent, was arousing a storm of opposition and indignation amongst all classes of tax payers, it is now alleged that the Democratic leaders held a caucus in Montgomery, and induced the Attorney General to give his official assent to an opinion which reversed the whole scope of the law and made it amount to nothing. The question with us is, did Col. Sanford do this? It is an important question, and he ought to answer it now while it is capable of fair and just consideration by all who are interested in it. Col. Sanford is a member of the Montgomery bar. He is now on his fourth round for the office of Attorney General, and he owes it to the people who have honored him with this high office to meet this charge at once.

We have no other interest in the matter than that of the Sentinel on the watchtower, who sounds the alarm for the people, who have a right to know whether their public servants have discharged their trusts with fidelity and upright purpose. Such a grave charge demands instant proof or denial. It ought not to stand as it is. No public official should remain under the imputation of moral turpitude which is involved in the charges made by Maj. Sloss. As citizens of Alabama and large tax payers, we desire this charge against the Attorney General of the State ventilated and either made good or disproved beyond any shadow of doubt.

Massacre of Custer's Brave Troop.

The telegraph yesterday morning brought the sad news of a deadly battle between the heroic United States troops, led by the brave Gen. Custer, and the Indians on Little Horn river, in the Black Hills country. Although the reports are meagre, sufficient is known to state that our troops have suffered a crushing defeat. Not a man of Custer's detachment which he led in person, and which made the attack, was left to tell the story. Gen. Custer and his two brothers were killed at the head of their columns, and nearly three hundred men shared their fate. It was a dreadful encounter, and the Indians will be encouraged to pursue their murderous purpose with renewed energy.

In view of this sickening slaughter the conduct of the Democratic House of Representatives at Washington, in trying to cripple the army and locking the wheels of government, becomes an outrage upon every sentiment of a gallant and chivalrous people. While our brave soldiers are being murdered and scalped by the merciless Indian savages, the Democratic House is trying to reduce the army, withholding appropriations and dilly-dallying with the dearest interests of the people.

A long and bloody Indian war is evidently before us, and the people demand that their army be sustained at every cost. The clowns at Washington who are trying to destroy the government, will do well to pause and reflect.

"THE Greeley household and all its friends are for you," telegraphed Nicholas Smith (Ida Greeley's husband) from Chappaqua to Governor Tilden on Thursday.—Press Telegram.

As the Greeley household includes only one voter, viz: Mr. Smith himself—who is a gentleman from the rather Democratic State of Kentucky, we imagine that Mr Tilden was not much surprised nor very greatly encouraged by the dispatch in question. It looks as though Smith was after a consulate if things turn out right.

Mr. Hays' Letter.

We publish elsewhere a letter from the Hon. Charles Hays, addressed to Gov. Smith, in which he pledges his support to the ticket nominated here on the 16th of May last. We do not see any good to be accomplished by the publication of this letter, but Mr. Hays makes a special appeal to us, on the ground of personal friendship, to do so. Ordinarily, we recognize the right of any Republican, in good standing with his party, to the use of these columns in the discussion of questions affecting the success of the party. While we are surprised at the course of Mr. Hays, and regret that he thus abandons his friends for the sake of a mere faction born of indefensible revolution, we have no comments to make upon his letter, further than to express the hope that all the differences between Republicans will soon be happily healed, assuring Alabama for Hayes and Wheeler.

An Important Question Settled.

We see from that always able and well informed journal, the Pittsburg Commercial that the question as to when the war of secession began, in a commercial sense, has just been decided by the Supreme Court of the United States, in an opinion delivered by Mr. Justice Strong. The Court of Appeals of the State of New York had affirmed a judgment found in the Court of Common Pleas of the county of New York against Edward Mathews, at the suit of Nelson McStear. The original cause of the action was an acceptance of a bill of exchange by the firm of Brander, Chambliss & Co., of New Orleans, it being alleged that Matthews was at the time of the acceptance a member of that firm. The bill of exchange was dated April 23, 1861; made payable in one year to the order of DeStea, Value & Co., and it was accepted by Brander, Chambliss & Co. on the day of its date. The principal defense, and the only one which presents a Federal question, was that the time when the acceptance was made the defendant Matthews was a resident of the State of New York; that the other members of the firm, also made defendants in the suit, were residents of Louisiana and that before the acceptance the copartnership was dissolved by the war of the rebellion. This defense was not sustained in the Common Pleas, and the judgment of that court was affirmed by the Court of Appeals. Judge Strong says:

"The single question, therefore, for consideration, is whether the partnership was dissolved by the war before April 25, 1861. That the civil war had an existence commencing before that date must be accepted as an established fact. This was fully determined in the prize cases (2 Black, 635), and it is no longer open to denial. The President's proclamation of April 19, 1861, declaring that he deemed it advisable to set on foot a blockade of the ports within the States of South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas, was a recognition of a war waged, and conclusive evidence that a state of war existed between the people inhabiting those States and the United States. It is held that until the President issued his proclamation of August 19, 1861, in pursuance of the act of July 13 of that year, commerce between the parties was not unlawful. The enactment that commerce should be unlawful until after such proclamation implies that it is lawful until proclamation. The Court of Appeals was, therefore, right in holding that the partnership in this case was not dissolved by the war when this acceptance was made. Affirmed.

A Political Mummy.

Speaking of Gov. Hendricks, the Democratic candidate for Vice President, the Russell Register asserts with enthusiastic admiration:

He has no pronounced opinion on the currency, and this recommends him and will add to his strength in the West. He is in the prime of life, and a man possessing a vigorous intellect and a character above reproach.

Here is a Democratic paper professing to be for reform in the government of the nation, commending a candidate for the high office of Vice President because he has *no pronounced opinions* on one of the vital subjects agitating the people of the country. A man who is stated to possess a *vigorous intellect*, and then charged with having *no opinions* of his own upon the vital question of a sound currency, certainly cannot be the proper person to fill the second highest office of the nation. We put that assertion squarely to the people of the South. If Mr. Hendricks is the statesman he is represented to be, he must have pronounced opinions upon the currency question. No man is fit to be trusted with any high office who has no pronounced opinions upon every question affecting the welfare and happiness of the people. Such a man is a deceit and a fraud, and ought not to be trusted. What we want now is men with pronounced opinions upon the great questions of the day—men like Hayes and Wheeler, who have met all these questions and made their records.

It is an insult to the whole people of the West and South to assert that a man who has no pronounced opinions is stronger with them than the man who has made an honorable, brave record.

So Hendricks is opposed to "every feature" of the Resumption act. And yet he and Tilden, looking in opposite directions, are standing on the same platform, and expect to receive the votes of hard money Democrats! Truly, "Reform," in Democratic eyes, covers a multitude of inconsistencies.

Reform incidents at St. Louis: Alderman Tuomey knocked Judge Ackert down in the Southern Hotel, and was arrested; and Senator Stockton of New Jersey disposed of a man in the same way who had called him a traitor to Joel Parker. (Democratic) boys will be boys.

Motto for the St. Louis ticket: In hoc signo ($) vinces. Before the Convention the sign was $9 50, but now it isn't so definite.

Hon. Charles Hays.

HE YIELDS SUPPORT TO GOV. SMITH'S TICKET.

HOUSE OF REPRESETATIVES,
WASHINGTON, D. C.,
June 22, 1876.

Hon. Wm. H. Smith:

DEAR GOVERNOR: The recent action of the National Republican Convention at Cincinnati, in recognizing the Alabama delegates appointed by the Convention held at Montgomery on the 16th of May last, appears to me should be acquiesced in by every true Republican in the State. From the decision of the National Convention there can be no appeal, and I regard it the duty of every citizen of Alabama that has the interests of the Republican party at heart, to submit cheerfully and willingly to that decision. This is no time to expend our energies and strength in internal party warfares when we have the common enemy before us threatening destruction to our State and National existence.

As you well know, I counseled harmony and unity of action between the two contending factions in our State Council, previous to the assembling of either of the Conventions that met in Montgomery on the 16th and 24th of May last. So, now, I would be pleased to see a State and electoral ticket, composed of the members of both organizations, that would insure harmony and success in our fall elections. The contest between individual members of our party should not enter into a campaign of such vital importance to the people of our State, where the success of the Republican party is paramount to the aggrandizement or temporary supremacy of any one individual, or set of men. This is a struggle for life, for law and order, for our homes and firesides, and it is too important to all of us to undertake to keep two tickets in the field, thereby aiding and assisting our common enemy.

As for myself, I feel it a duty (if no compromise satisfactory to all Republicans can be effected) to myself, to the Republican party and to my country, to support the ticket nominated by the Convention of the 16th of May, and I regard it equally the duty of the Central Committee, or that part of it that met in Convention on the 24th of May, to withdraw the ticket nominated at that time, and support the recognized ticket headed by Hon. Thomas M. Peters for Governor, and the electoral ticket nominated at the same time.

With a united Republican party, determined to make a bold and vigorous campaign, and with the many dissensions existing in the ranks of the Democratic party, we can redeem our State and cast her electoral vote for Hayes and Wheeler. Let us do our duty to ourselves and our State, and victory will again crown our efforts. I am, sir, very respectfully your obedient servant,

CHARLES HAYS.

The German Press for Hayes.

[From the Chicago Tribune.]

The Liberal German Press are generally supporting the Hayes and Wheeler ticket. Twenty daily German newspapers have come out for the National ticket. Following is the list: Baltimore Wecker, Buffalo Freie Presse, Buffalo Taylicher Republikaner, Cleveland Anzeiger, Cincinnati Freie Presse, Chicago Freie Presse, Davenport Demokrat, Detroit Abendpost, Kansas Freie Presse, Louisville Volksblatt, Milwaukee Germania, Minnesota Staats-Zeitung, New York Demokrat, New Jersey Freie Zeitung, Philadelphia Freie Presse, Pittsburg Freiheitsfreund, Rochester Beobachter Reading Post, Toledo Express, Washington Journal. The Staats Zeitung of this city, has been waiting to see the St. Louis ticket and platform before declaring it self. The same is the case with the Cincinnati Volksblatt, St. Louis Westliche Post, St. Louis Volksblatt, Milwaukee Herald, and several others, the most of which will undoubtedly conclude to support Hayes and Wheeler in preference to the Confederate candidates.

At the semi-centennial Bunker Hill dinner, in 1825, General Lafayette, the principal guest of the occasion, gave for his toast, "Enfranchised America" adding, in the sudden spirit of prophecy, that the toast of the next jubilee should be "enfranchised Europe." The fifty years have passed; the celebration to which he referred has come and gone, and to-day the circle of the century which has lapsed since free institutions began their victorious march from Bunker Hill and Independence Hall, is completed, and to-day the people of England and Ireland are enfranchised. The serfs of Russia, for whom even Lafayette did not dare to hope, are this day freemen. The people of Germany under free constitutions this day, are able to make their own terms with their sovereigns. The Emperor of Austria reigns to day only at the pleasure of his free kingdom of Hungary. The prophecy of Lafayette is fulfilled, and the French Republic, stronger to day than ever in the real arts of progress and prosperity, more than redeems the most sanguine hopes of himself and his companions. Indeed, throughout all the borders of the habitable globe there is—and who shall say in what degree it is due to the sublime audiacity of the Fathers of this Republic?—

"A nation tolling in the gloom,
The spirit of the years to come,
Yearning to mix itself with life."

The Albany correspondent of the New York Times records this query: "Can any one explain why it is that wherever Mr. Tilden is personally known he is detested and hated? He adds. "Among this society of Albany, in which the whole tone is Democratic, Republican Governors have lived for years, popular all the time, and parting with regret. Not so with Mr. Tilden. A Democrat himself, a born Democrat, so to speak, no Governor who ever came to Albany is more disliked, distrusted and ostracised. Socially he has little or nothing to do with the people of the city he resides in, and in his public capacity it is almost impossible to find a single leading Democrat in this county who is not an openly declared or a silent opponent. No one understands this better than Mr. Tilden himself."

Died, at his home, three miles north of Russellville, in Franklin county (Anderson's Spring), Thursday morning last, June 29th, at 8 o'clock. Hon. Sidney S. Anderson, Probate Judge of Franklin county, Alabama.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Expressly for the State Journal by the Southern and Atlantic Telegraph Line.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The House Committee on Privileges and Elections have adopted a report in the contested election case of Breaux vs. Darrell, from Louisiana, giving the seat to the latter.

In the case of Butts vs. Mackey, from South Carolina, that committee will report no election, which ousts Mackey, the sitting member.

The conferees of the two houses on the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill held a session this morning and made considerable progress toward a reconciliation existing difficulties. A second conference will be held at five o'clock and the inference is that at this meeting an agreement will be reached.

Ex-Senator, now Secretary Morrill bade his associates in the Senate goodbye at half-past one o'clock to-day and proceeded to the Treasury to take charge of that department. At 2 p. m. Mr. Morrill, accompanied by Judge Wylie, called upon the President and took the oath of office as Secretary of the Treasury.

Persons who talked with Gov. Hayes, in Philadelphia, say that his letter accepting the Republican nomination for President, will be made public within the next three or four days.

General Custer's old comrades, in Washington, will hold a meeting Saturday evening for the purpose of taking some action expressive of their esteem for him as a citizen and soldier, and adopting suitable resolutions regarding his death.

Chief Justice Tarbell, of Mississippi, testified before the special Senate committee on affairs in that State to-day. He corroborate the statement of outrages upon negroes at the last State election.

The Senate to-day, at the request of the petioner, agreed to a resolution removing the political disabilities of Gen. Beauregard.

The Attorney General is considering a strong application made for the pardon of Avery. The document will again be referred to the District Attorney at St. Louis, and Judge Taft will carefully read all the evidence before taking definite action.

Secretary Cameron this evening, received a dispatch from General Sherman, in Philadelphia, which says the dispatch received by Gen. Sheridan from Capt. Smith, aid-de-camp to Gen. Terry, sent by him to Bismarck, confirms the report of the recent dispatch from Ft. Ellis, Montana. Two hundred and sixty-one of the dead are buried and fifty wounded have been carried from the field to the Yellowstone, near which Generals Terry and Gibbes are. I will come to Washington by the lightning express to-day.

WEATHER.—In the South Atlantic and Gulf States, areas of rains and easterly to southerly winds with stationary temperature and rising, followed by falling barometer.

Senate.

The Senate met at 11 o'clock a. m.

Mr. Windom introduced a bill to extend and continue the act to provide for the temporary expenses of the government. Referred.

Mr. Ingalls offered a resolution, which was adopted, calling on the President for information as to whether the Sioux Indians made any hostile demonstration prior to the invasion of the Black Hills, and whether the reported massacre of Gen. Custer be true.

Mr. Hitchcock asked the present consideration of the bill to provide for the sale of the Fort Kearney reservation in Nebraska, and it was taken up and passed.

Mr. Morrill, of Maine, from the Committee of Conference on the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Bill, reported that the committee had been unable to agree. He went on to explain why they had been unable to agree.

Mr. Paddock offered a joint resolution authorizing the President to accept volunteers for the Sioux war from Nebraska and the adjoining territories, not exceeding three regiments of cavalry or infantry, for a period not exceeding nine months from the date of their mustering into the service of the United States. He asked the present consideration of the resolution, but objection was made and it went over under the rules.

The hour of 12 having arrived, the Senate met as a court for the impeachment trial, but on motion of Mr. Edwards to allow Mr. Morrill to conclude his remarks, the court took a recess until further notice, and the Senate continued its legislative business, and Mr. Morrill concluded his remarks.

House.

The regular order having been demanded the House took up the bill to grant a pension to Daniel O'Leary as a soldier of the Mexican war. The proposition was to date his pension back three years, which was resisted as being contrary to precedent. The bill was finally amended so as to take effect from the time of its passage, and in that form it passed.

The Speaker then proceeded to call committees for reports of a private nature, and a large number of bills were reported and referred to committee of the whole on the private calendar.

At the close of the morning hour Mr. Lawrence called up for consideration the bill requiring the Pacific railroad to establish a sinking fund, he having given notice yesterday that he would call for a vote to-day after a discussion of two hours. On a division there were 65 in favor of taking up the bill, and 62 against it.

Mr. Randall called for the yeas and nays, and said the question might as well be settled now, for it was an effort to kill the bill by postponing it, and he wanted to see who were in favor of it. On the question of taking up Mr. Lawrence's bill the yeas were 96 and the nays 88, so the motion was agreed to.

Mr. Lawrence then addressed the House and said if this bill passed it would save $15,000,000 to the government, and if it did not pass that amount would be lost to the country.

Mr. Hunter, of Pennsylvania, addressed the House in favor of the bill. The question was then taken on the passage of the bill by yeas and nays, and it was passed. Yeas 159, nays 9.

The Speaker appointed Messrs. Randall of Pennsylvania, Holman of Indiana, and Hale of Maine, conferees on the part of the House, on the sundry civil appropriation bill.

The House then adjourned.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 7.—A special from Berlin to the Pall Mall Gazette, says that much importance is attached to the fact that the Roman Catholics of Bosnia have protested against the annexation of that province to Servia.

The American college at Constantinople enthusiastically celebrated the fourth of July. At the American college at Pera, Mr. Maynard, the American minister to Turkey, presided. He read the Declaration of Independence and made a speech.

The Canard line of steamships, Scotia, Cuba, and Calabria, are advertised for sale. It is stated that the company proposes to sell those steamers which are the least suited to American trade, and replace them with new and better steamers.

TURKEY.

BUCHAREST, July 7.—The Roumanian government has sent troops, with artillery, to the frontier for the purpose of preventing Turkish gunboats from entering Servian Roumanian centres.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 7.—Twenty dispatches have been published here from the seat of war since Wednesday. The Bey of Tunis has informed the Porte that he will dispatch a regiment of troops to Constantinople.

IOWA.

DES MOINES, July 7.—Later advices show that some 25 persons were killed in Morrow county alone; that 6 or 8 were killed in Watson county; that probably 150 houses were completely destroyed; that as many more are badly injured, and that the devastation of crops, fences and animals by Tuesday night's storm was immense. The names of the persons killed and wounded cannot be obtained. They are mostly the wives and children of farmers. Some reports place the killed in Morrow county at 40.

A circus is water bound at Indianola, and the train on the Des Moines and Indianola Railroad, which left here last night, is water bound between the North and Middle rivers.

NEW JERSEY.

ATLANTIC CITY, July 7.—The yacht America struck on the Brigantine shoals at 2 a. m. She floated off at 4 a. m., leaking badly. Assistance has been telegraphed for. Gen. B. F. Butler is among the party on board.

EGYPT.

ALEXANDRIA, July 7.—A statement which has gained currency that the Khedive refused to send troops to Constantinople on the ground that the late Sultan had released him from that obligation, excepting in case of a foreign war, is unfounded. On the contrary, two regiments of Egyptian troops are leaving to-day for Constantinople.

SOLID WEALTH!

$600,000 IN GIFTS.

Grandest Scheme ever Presented to the Public.

A Fortune for only $12.

The Kentucky Cash Distribution Company, authorized by a special act of the Kentucky Legislature, for the benefit of the Public Schools of Frankfort, will have the first of their series of Grand Drawing at Major Hall, in the city of Frankfort, Ky., on THURSDAY, August 31, 1876, on which occasion they will distribute to the ticket-holders the immense sum of

$600,000.

THOS. P. PORTER, ex-Gov. of Kentucky, General Manager.

POSITIVELY NO POSTPONEMENT.

LIST OF GIFTS:

One Grand Cash Gift		$100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
One Grand Cash Gift		10,000
One Grand Cash Gift		5,000
50 Cash Gifts of	$1,000 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	500 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	400 each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts of	300 each	30,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200 each	40,000
600 Cash Gifts of	100 each	60,000
10,000 Cash Gifts of	12 each	120,000
Total, 11,156 Gifts, All Cash		600,000

PRICE OF TICKETS:

Whole tickets $12; Halves $6; Quarters $3; 9 Tickets $100; 27's Tickets $200; 45 Tickets $300; 95's Tickets $600; 100,000 Tickets at $12 each.

Remittances can be made by Express, Draft, Postoffice Money order or Registered Letter, made payable to Kentucky Cash Distribution Company.

All communications connected with the distribution, and orders for Tickets, and applications of Agents to sell Tickets, should be addressed to

HON. THOS. P. PORTER,
6-2-dtwtxwtm Gen'l Manager, Frankfort, Ky.

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LOUISVILLE, KY

A regularly educated and legally qualified physician, and the most successful, as his practice will prove. Cures all forms of Private, Chronic and Sexual Diseases. Spermatorrhea and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth or sexual excesses in maturer years or other causes, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, etc., rendering marriage unhappy or improper, are thoroughly and permanently cured. Syphilis positively cured and entirely eradicated from the system. Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Piles and other Private Diseases quickly cured. Patients treated by mail or express. Consultation free and invited, charges reasonable, and correspondence strictly confidential.

A PRIVATE COUNSELOR of 160 pages, sent to any address (securely sealed) for thirty (30) cents. Should be read by all. Address as above. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 3 p.m., Sundays 2 to 4 p. m.

8-21-1&wl2m

Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

JULY 7.—Our market to-day is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary	8⅛@	8⅛
Good Ordinary	9⅛@	—
Strict Good Ordinary	10 @	—
Low Middling	10⅝@	—
Middling	11⅜@	—

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.

Bacon—C R Sides	12½@		12½
" Shoulders	10 @		10½
Bulk—C R Sides	11⅝@		11⅝
" Shoulders	8½@		—
Plain Sugar-cured Hams	@		—
Canvased "	15 @		15½
Lard—Choice, in tierces	12½@		13
" " kegs	14½@		14½
" " buckets	3 75 @		3 75
Sugar—Snow White	11 @		—
" W. C.	10½@		10½
" Y. C.	10 @		10½
" Strictly Choice	10 @		10½
" Prime	9½@		9¾
" Fair	8¾@		9
Molasses—Choice	6 @		7
" Prime	50 @		55
" Fair	45 @		50
" Common	35 @		40
Coffee—Choice	23 @		—
" Prime	22 @		22½
" Fair	21 @		21½
" Common	20 @		20½
Rice—Choice	8 @		8½
" Prime	7 @		7½
" Fair	6½@		7
Flour—Fancy	8 00 @		8 50
" Choice	7 50 @		7 75
" Family	6 25 @		7 00
" Superfine	5 00 @		5 50
" Common	4 75 @		5 00
Tobacco	42 @		1 00
Whisky—Rectified	1 00 @		1 35
" Better Grades	1 50 @		3 50
Wine—Port and Sherry	1 25 @		2 00
" Claret	3 00 @		6 00
Brandies	3 00 @		6 00
" French	6 00 @		10 00
" Peach and Apple	2 00 @		3 50
Gin	1 40 @		2 25
" in cases	6 00 @		9 00
Beer in bottles, per doz	1 65 @		1 75
" in kegs	3 50 @		—
Cigars, per thousand	18 00 @		60 00
CASE GOODS.			
Oysters, 1 lb cans, per doz	90 @		1 00
" 2 " "	1 75 @		2 00
Fresh Peaches, 2 lb cans, per doz	1 40 @		2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case	4 00 @		4 25
" Cherries, " "	4 25 @		4 50
Sardines, ¼ lb kegs	16 @		16
Condensed Milk	11 @		12 00
Yeast Powders, per doz	1 0 @		2 10
Pickles, gal's "	5 00 @		6 00
" ½ " "	2 75 @		4 50
" ¼ " "	2 00 @		3 00
Soda, in kegs, " lb	5½@		6
" in boxes, " "	6½@		7½
Potash, " doz	5 50 @		6 50
Candles, full weight, per lb	10½@		12½
Soaps, " "	5 @		7½
Starch, " "	5½@		7½
Salt, Liverpool, per sack	1 35 @		1 40
" Fine Liverpool	1 60 @		—
" Virginia, "	2 10 @		2 25
Drop Shot	2 50 @		—
Buck Shot	2 75 @		—
Powder, " keg	5 75 @		6 25
Nails, standard rate, per keg	3 50 @		—
Spun—Macaulay, Lorillard's	84 @		—
" Miller's	75 @		—
" Gail & Ax	76 @		—
" Scotch, per gross	9 00 @		—
" Garrett's, per doz	4 50 @		—
Ink, per case	1 50 @		—
Mustard, per dozen	2 25 @		3 00
Ground Spices	1 00 @		1 25
" Pepper	1 00 @		1 25
" Ginger	1 00 @		1 25
" Allspice	1 00 @		1 25
" Cloves	1 00 @		1 25
" Cinnamon	1 50 @		—
Percussion Caps	65 @		85
G. D. Caps	45 @		—
Toilet Soaps, box	1 75 @		2 25
Bluing, box	50 @		1 00
Smoking Tobacco	50 @		60
Tea	75 @		1 25
Wampoo Bitters	6 50 @		—
Diamond Gin	7 50 @		—
Plantation Bitters	8 50 @		—
Hostetter's Bitters	8 50 @		—
Rhine Wines	8 00 @		12 00
Wrapping Paper, Large	75 @		—
" DC	65 @		—
" Medium	50 @		—
" Small	40 @		—
Nutmegs	1 50 @		—
Brooms	2 25 @		3 50

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, July 7.—Money closed at 2. Gold 112. Stocks dull.

COTTON.

Spot cotton to-day closed quiet: Middling Orleans 11 15-16c; middling Alabama, 11⅞c; middling upland, 11⅞c; strict low middling upland, 11⅝; low middling upland, 11 1-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10⅝c; good ordinary upland, 9 15-16c; ordinary upland, 8 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed quiet; sales 23,500 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 21-32@11 13-16
August	11 13-32@12
September	11 1-16@11 31-32
October	11 25-32@
November	11 25-32@11 11 16
December	11 25-32@11 11 16

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 7.—Cotton fair; middling uplands, 6⅛; middling Orleans, 6 1-8; sales, to-day 6,000 bales, of which 1000 bales are for export and speculation; receipts —— bales, American —— bales.

SAVANNAH, July 7.—Receipts 202, gross 202, exports to Great Britain —; sales 75; stock 1,-038; price of middlings, 10½c; market quiet.

NEW ORLEANS, July 7.—Net receipts 88, gross 100; exports to Great Britain —; coast 757; sales 750; stock 6,294; price of middlings 11½c, low middlings 10¾; good ordinary 9⅝c; market quiet.

WILMINGTON, July 7—Net receipts 17; sales —; stock 636; price of middlings 10½c; market steady.

MOBILE, July 7.—Net receipts 41; exports to Great Britain —, coast for sales 250; stock 8,405; price of middlings 11c, low middlings 10c, good ordinary 8½c; market weak.

NORFOLK, July 7.—Net receipts 9; sales —; stock 2,250; price of middlings 11—; market quiet.

GALVESTON, July 7.—Net receipts 71, gross 71; sales 713; stock 6,839; price of middlings 11½c; market dull.

BOSTON, July 7.—Net receipts 184, gross 320, exports to Great Britain —; sales —— stock 15,-634; price of middlings 12c; market quiet.

CHARLESTON, July 7.—Net receipts 23; sales 150; stock 4,350; price of middlings 11¼c; market quiet.

PHILADELPHIA, July 7.—Net receipts 196; gross 239; sales ——; price of middlings 11¾c; market quiet.

PROVIDENCE, July 7.—Stock 15,000 bales.

BALTIMORE, July 7.—Net receipts 4, sales 50; stock 3,700; price of middlings 11¾c; market dull.

PROVISION MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 7.—Flour quiet, extra $4 25@5 75. Wheat steady, No. 2 spring $1 06. Corn firm, No.

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

SATURDAY, JULY 8, 1876.

"Soapy Sam."

INTERESTING LEAVES FROM TILDEN'S HISTORY.—TWEED'S PROTEGE EXPOSED.

The New York Times makes some revelations regarding Tilden's private affairs, which indicate that he has not always been a hard-money man. We extract as follows:

"The revelations concerning Tilden's shinplaster mill in Northern Michigan continue. There were fifty-eight companies engaged in the manufacture of the 'currency,' the returns of two of which are thus stated:

Iron Cliff, (Tilden's).....$4,552,094 00
New York, (Tilden's).....2,113,656 66

"The whole amount of the currency issued in Michigan was over $100,000,000, and it had an exclusive run from 1863 until 1874, when some persons were indicted for counterfeiting it, *and the court discharged the prisoners on the ground that the currency itself was fraudulent and illegal, and it was no crime to counterfeit it.* At the same time, the revenue officers began to demand the internal revenue tax, and began to take evidence as to the amount in circulation. The tax was 10 per cent., and for the twelve years Tilden's share amounted to at least $50,000,000. *But by some secret manipulation a bill was smuggled through Congress, on the night of March 3, 1875, remitting this tax, except for the last year.* Here was the apostle of hard money talking and writing to the people upon the destructive demoralization of paper money, and pointing out the glories of hard money, *while for twelve years he was running two mills for the manufacture of rag money, and palming it off on the miners as better than gold.* Sam also had several stores in the neighborhood of the mines, where groceries and dry goods and a variety of other articles were for sale, and *Sam made his notes legal tender in exchange for these goods.* His notes being legal tender *only at his own stores, the unfortunate holders had to make all their purchases from Tilden, who thus pocketed a handsome extra profit on the sale of his wares.*"

The record of Tilden's intimacy with Boss Tweed is becoming somewhat embarrassing in view of the fact that Tilden still claims to be the very personification of reform. He not only addressed him as an intimate friend, but aided him in getting gangs of Democratic repeaters to go from Philadelphia to New York to swell the Democratic vote of the latter city. Besides this he accepted money from Tweed, knowing that it had been stolen from the taxpayers of the city. The following letters fully sustain these charges:

"No. 15 GRAMERCY PARK,
Aug. 12, 1866—11 a. m.

My Dear Sir: I decided to go to Philadelphia in the morning, and shall not be able to see you before I leave. Mr. Richmond is at the St. Nicholas, somewhat ill. If well enough he will come on the 2 p. m. train. Whether he is there to-day or not, I hope you will not fail to be in Philadelphia.

Very truly your friend, S. J. TILDEN.

Hon. WM. M. TWEED."

Hon. Wm. M. Tweed:

MY DEAR SIR: I beg to present to your attention the case of Mr. Samuel Allen, a very old friend of ours, who is in great need of a small appointment under your department, for which he has applied. He would be content with something, for a time, of not a very high rank. You will know him so well that I need add nothing. *He used to be a very efficient and useful worker,* and is an entirely reliable man, and I should be personally glad if you could help him. Truly yours.

S. J. TILDEN.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8, 1868.

The National Broadway bank will pay to order of William M. Tweed five thousand dollars.

[Signed] WILLIAM M. TWEED.
Indorsed 'Pay S. J. Tilden or order.'
WILLIAM M. TWEED.

For deposit in the Bank of North America. S. J. TILDEN.

Tilden's Rag Money.

[From the Cincinnati Enquirer, June 19.]

Mr. S. J. Tilden, it appears, is largely interested in mines near Marquette, and one of them is named the New York Mine in compliment to the State. He owns three-fourths of the stock company. In 1863 the New York Mine Company, among others, issued demand notes in payment of its laborers and local mine debts, which notes were beautifully engraved, and presented a striking similitude to a greenback note. These mine shinplasters circulated among the people of the Upper Peninsula of Michigan as money that they drove legitimate money out of general circulation. In the ten years in which they had full sway Mr. Finney [the Sub-collector of the Marquette District] estimates that fully fifty millions of this worthless trash was issued by Mr. Tilden and his mining friends. In 1874 three enterprising gentlemen brought down the wrath of the mining wild-cat operators upon themselves by counterfeiting some of the stuff, and they were arrested and prosecuted for the forgery. The trial developed the fact that the issue of this "iron currency," as it was called, was illegal and fraudulent; that the notes were void and incapable of being forged, and that the utterers of them were liable to fine and imprisonment for their enterprise. In the meantime the attention of the Government authorities had been called to the fact that the mining corporations had not paid any of the tax required by law in such cases, and an agent was sent to assist the resident revenue agent in assessing and collecting the tax due for years. It was also announced that the statute taxing National and State banks ten per cent. on every dollar of this money that had or might issue would be enforced. This killed Mr. Tilden's rag baby effectually, and he and his fellow wild-catters set about devising a plan to escape paying the tax that was justly due the government on the shinplasters they had issued. Accordingly, they framed an act directing the Secretary of the Treasury to settle all claims and penalties against them on the payment of a mere moiety of the amount they owed, and this act they had rushed through the night of the last session of the Forty-third Congress. This is a nice record for a hard money man to explain, and we cheerfully accord Mr. Tilden the floor for that purpose.

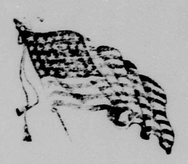
Can Tilden Carry New York?

[N. Y. Herald]

The Governor is reported by one of our Albany correspondents as saying that he can carry New York by fifty thousand majority. We have no doubt the Governor thinks so. He carried New York once, and it is the most natural thing in the world that he should expect to do it again. He is in the honeymoon of the nomination nuptials, and must be allowed the illusions natural to a candidate in that condition. But New York is a peculiar State. When Tilden carried it the Republicans were divided and the Democrats were united. Now the Republicans are united and the Democrats are divided. This is a point well worth considering.

The Democratic delegate at St. Louis had about the right of it when he said the day after Tilden was nominated: "Hayes is a lucky man, and yesterday was the luckiest of all his lucky days."

Union Republican Ticket.



FOR GOVERNOR:
JAS. S. CLARKE, of Morgan.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
THOS. T. ALLINGTON, of Lauderdale.

FOR AUDITOR:
GEORGE P. PLOWMAN, of Talladega.

FOR TREASURER:
BENJ. M. LONG, of Walker.

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL:
ROBT'S. HEFLIN, of Randolph.

FOR SUP'T OF EDUCATION:
P. J. GLOVER, of Marengo.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:
L. C. COULSON, of Jackson.
CHAS. E. MAYER, of Mobile.

District Electors.

FIRST DISTRICT—Lon H Mayer of Mobile.

SECOND DISTRICT—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.

THIRD DISTRICT—P G Clarke of Barbour.

FOURTH DISTRICT — J T Rapier of Lowndes.

FIFTH DISTRICT—S S Booth of Autauga.

SIXTH DISTRICT—A B Hays, of Winston.

SEVENTH DISTRICT—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.

EIGHTH DISTRICT—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

Regular State Executive Committee.

Chas E Mayer Chairman; George Turner, Secretary.

First District—C S Wood, Allen Alexander.

Second District—William M Loftin, Frenchard Gray

Third District—W H Black, Philip King.

Fourth District—M G Candee, H Cochran.

Fifth District—Wm J Boon, J H Alston.

Sixth District — Charles Hays, C C Sheats.

Seventh District—Arthur Bingham, H L Watlington.

Eighth District—George E. Spencer, Z E Thomas.

Regular Ticket of Montgomery County.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

CHARLES STEELE.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

T. C. BINGHAM, W. H. CRUSIUS,
J. K. GREENE, J. K. P. LUCAS.

Regular County Executive Committee.

PAUL STROBACH, Chairman. T. C. BINGHAM, Secretary.

Clark Evans, Charles Loper,
W. M. Loftin, Geo. Allen,
W. J. Maxwell, Ab. Davis,
Wm. Anthony, Br. McDaniel,
Thos. Oliver, Chas. Johnson,
Aug. Montgomery, Jos. Barnett,
Randall Chilton, Parrish Phillips,
John Breckenridge.

PLATFORM

—OF THE—

REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections State and Federal, announce as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men as the fundamental principle of our government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperiling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the cordial recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing intolerance, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and action, in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and antipaties, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the States and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one as indestructible, the other as indissoluble.

5th. The preservation and maintainance of the Republican party in the Southern States, as a safeguard against sectionalism, and the strongest guaranty of an inviolate union.

Resolved 1st. That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has carried the nation through a period of unprecedented difficulties and trials with safety and success, and has won for the President a renown as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd, That we deplore the divisions in our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies, and that now, as in the past, we are ready and desirous of healing these divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse to its energies or hope to its future, since the war, and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

ALEX WHITE, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 15th, 1876.)

When, in the economy of Providenee, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved these governments to the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.' Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously edforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitutional amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4 In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts of its purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin. Commmercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the many important amendments effected by Republican Legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power ovet the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congess to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who periled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We therefore note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts as its chief hope of success on the electoral vote of a united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation; we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil the national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason; with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes; with reasserting and applaudiug in the National Capitol the sentiments of unrepented rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan mismanagement and obstruction of investigation; with proving itself, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and immense services in war and in peace.

Another Credit Mobilier.

SAMUEL J. TILDEN'S TERRE HAUTE RECORD—FACTS AND FIGURES FOR THE PEOPLE—THE COMPLAINT FILED IN THE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—"ADDITION, DIVISION, AND SILENCE!"

[From the New York Express (Dem.)]

There is at present a bill before the United States Circuit Court for the Southern district of New York, sitting in equity, wherein the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad Company appears as complainant and Mr. Samuel J. Tilden as the most prominent defendant. The complaint, in brief, demands an account of certain moneys or securities entrusted to the defendants, and Mr. Tilden, in brief, replies by asking and getting time to answer *until the first of July.*

THE FORECLOSURE OF THE RAILROAD.

According to the complaint in this case, on Feb. 14, 1855, the Terre Haute and Alton Company and the Belleville and Illinoistown Railroad Company were consolidated, under the title of the Terre Haute, Alton and St. Louis Railroad Company. Subsequently the new Terre Haute, Alton and St. Louis Company became financially embarrassed, and unable to pay the interest on the mortgages of the old companies which it had assumed, as well as on its own; and bills of foreclosure, asking for the sale of the property, were filed by the trustees of the second mortgages of the original companies in the United States Circuit Courts of the districts of Indiana and Southern Illinois, in which actions decrees of foreclosure and sale were about to be entered. Upon this, about April 15, 1861, the bond and stockholders and the general creditors of the company subscribed to a general plan of reorganization, which embraced the purchase of the road, the chartering of a new corporation, and the creation and disposal of stock and securities.

A committee of five were appointed agents to carry this plan into effect. The committee were *Samuel J. Tilden,* Robert Bayard, Joseph Tuckerman, John G. Richardson and Charles Butler. On March 24, 1865, in Alton, Ill., the road was sold by auction, and purchased by this committee for $800,000, and a new corporation was formed soon afterwards, under the title of the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad Company, with *Samuel J. Tilden,* Robert Bayard, John Tuckerman, John G. Richardson and Russell Sage as incorporators. By the act of incorporation the new company was empowered to assume the liabilities of the old company and make settlements, using for that purpose the new company's stock and bonds, the settlemenes to be made within six months after the organization, and all claimants to be debarred from the benefits of the act unless their claims were surrendered and settled within that six months.

THE ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND TERRE HAUTE ROAD.

On June 27, 1862, a meeting of the Board of Directors was held at the Company's office, No. 12 Wall street, in this city. Samuel J. Tilden and the other members of the Purchasing Committee were among the directors. One of them offered a series of resolutions, which were referred to Purchasing Committee-Member-and-Director Samuel J. Tilden, as Counsel of the Company. On the following day the Board met again at the same place, and Purchasing Committee-Member-Director-and-Counsel-for-the Corporation Samuel J. Tilden reported the resolutions, which were to the effect that certain bonds and stock should be issued and created and handed over to Samuel J. Tilden and his Purchasing Committee for the payment of the purchase money and the settlement of claims. The bonds and stock authorized by the charter and directed to be issued by these resolutions, were as follows:

First mortgage bonds.....	$2,200,000	
2d mortgage, pref'd..	$2,800,000	
Income..	1,700,000	
		4,500,000
Stock—Preferred....	$1,700,000	
Common	2,050,000	
		3,750,000
Total		$10,450,000

HAUL NUMBER ONE.

The complaint sets forth that on June 30, 1862, the Purchasing Committee conveyed to themselves by deed the above amount of stocks and bonds, *with the addition* of $250,000 common stock, whose issue was never authorized by anybody; that is, they gave themselves $4,000,000 worth of certificates of stock, instead of the $3,750,000 above set forth as authorized by the charter and the resolutions of the Board. This quarter of a million over-issue of stock, says the complaint, is still outstanding as part of the liabilities of the company, and the stockholders want to know who has got it and where it is. Mr. Tilden will probably explain after the Convention. He refuses to do so before it.

The Trustee and Surviving Receiver of the old company, who sold the property to Tilden and his Purchasing Committee, was Mr. Azariah C. Flagg. He made a report to the bondholders of the old company in 1863, and of that report the report of the new company for the same year, signed by the Tilden Purchasing Committee, thus speaks:

"The proceedings of the Committee of Bondholders and Stockholders on reorganization—to-wit, Samuel J. Tilden and the Purchasing Committee—are all stated in the report of Mr. Flagg with such *particularity* as to render any further statement superfluous."

HAUL NUMBER TWO.

The reader will please glance again at the above list of bonds and stock issued. The report of Mr. Flagg, thus commended for "particularity," states that the claims settled by the first mortgage bonds of $2,200,000, amounted to only $2,045,740.41, leaving a balance in the hands of the Tilden Purchasing Committee of $154,259 59. The stockholders want Mr. Tilden to tell them where that went to, and Mr. Tilden has answered in effect, "Wait until after the St. Louis Convention."

HAUL NUMBER THREE.

The reader will please look again at the table and note the issue of 4,500,000 second mortgage bonds, preferred and income. Mr. Flag's report states with much and cruel "particularity" that the amount of claims settled by this issue was only $4,369,545.89, leaving a trifle of $130,454.11 which the stockholders ask Mr. Tilden to account for; but he says he won't do it till after the adjournment of the Convention, and does *not* say that he will do it even then.

HAUL NUMBER FOUR.

Another glance at the table above will reveal the issue of $1,700,000 preferred stock. With most aggravating "particularity" the report of Mr. Flagg sets down the amount of liabilities settled by this issue at $1,568,709, leaving a wretched margin of $131,300 to be accounted for by Mr. Tilden, which he declares he will not do until after the St. Louis Convention, and won't promise to do it even then.

HAUL NUMBER FIVE.

The annual report of the Directors, showing the condition of the Company on the 1st of January, 1874, stated that the common stock handed over up to that time in liquidating claims, etc., was $1,939,516.85. Please note that the Company was *authorized* to issue $2,050,000, so that to say nothing of the over issue of $250,000 above mentioned, there is still left a balance of $110,483.15 to be accounted for by Mr. Tilden. Mr. Tilden says he'll do nothing of the sort until after the St. Louis Convention. He does not say that he will account for it then.

RECAPITULATION OF THE HAULS—AN ALLEGED STEAL OF $1,000,000.

The cry of anguish which comes from the complainant in the last paragraph of his wailings before the Court, is so heartrending that we quote it in all its naked wretchedness.

"And your orator further complains and avers, that the sad defendants (Tilden and the Purchasing Committee) have not, nor either of them, ever rendered to your orator any account of the here nbefore mentioned surplus of $154,000 first mortgage bounds, $130,000 second mortgage bonds, $131,000 preferred stock and $250,000 common stock, or any of the bonds or stocks entrusted to them as members of the said Purchasing Committee, although your orator has repeatedly, by its agents duly authorized, demanded such an account; but, on the contrary, your orator alleges and avers, that the said defendants, or some of them, have refused to render any such account, or to give your orator any explanation of the manner in which, or the purpose for which, the said bonds and stock were issued and disposed of; and your orator charges that the said surplus bonds and stock have been *unlawfully retained by and divided among the said defendants,* or issued and disposed of by them, in violation of their duty as members of the said Purchasing Committee, and of the Board of Directors of the said corporation, complainant herein, and of the trust and confidence reposed in them as such; and that the pecuniary liabilities and burdens of your orator have been, thereby, unjustly and unnecessarily increased to the amount of more than one million dollars."

A SALARY GRAB.

There is one more paragraph in the document worth quoting entire, anticipating, as it does, any plea that the defendants may offer to the effect that they, or any of them, retained the sums above charged as unaccounted for in compensation for services rendered.

"And your orator further shows that, at a meeting of the said Purchasing Committee, held Nov. 3, 1862, it was resolved that the compensation of Mr. Bayard be $3,000 per annum for three years of his services as Chairman of the Committee; and it was further resolved that the compensation of Mr. Butler be fixed at $2,5000 per annum for three years, in full for special services in various capacities; and Mr. Tilden (to wit, *Samuel J. Tilden,* one of the parties defendant herein) having stated his claims for services at $10,000 against the second mortgage and a like sum as against the first mortgage, and the reorganization, it was resolved that the same be allowed at said sums, in full of such services;" and that accordingly the sums were paid to the said parties, nearly $9,000 to Bayard, $7,500 to Butler and *twenty thousand dollars to Samuel J. Tilden.*

All this Mr. Tilden has been called upon from time to time to explain, but he has invariably managed to postpone his explanation, until he finally succeeded in getting the Court to grant him time to file his definite answer to this complaint until something like a week after the adjournment of the St. Louis Convention.

National Republican Platform Adopted at Cincinnati, June, 1876.

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league.

2. The work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. To every American citizen, complete liberty and exact equality.

4. Steady progress towards specie payment.

5. Appointments selected with sole reference to efficiency and faithful service to the country.

6. Punishment to all who betray official trust.

7. The Public chool system is the bulwark of the American republic, and for its security the application of public funds to sectarian schools should be forbidden.

8. Revenue must be derived from duties on importation.

9. No grants of public lands to corporations and monopolies.

10. The same protection to adopted American citizens as to native-born.

11. Duty of Congress to investigate the Chinese puzzles.

12. Woman's rights to be respected.

13. Polygamy to be prohibited and extirpated.

14. The nation's pledges to soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled.

15. The Democratic party count on a united South arrayed against the nation.

16. The Democratic party is the same in character and spirit as when in sympathy with treason.

17. Hearty gratitude of the American people to President Grant and his administration, and for his immense services in war and in peace.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

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9.	**Headaches,** Sick Headache, Vertigo,	25
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11.	**Suppressed,** or Painful Periods,	25
12.	**Whites,** too Profuse Periods,	25
13.	**Croup,** Cough, Difficult Breathing,	25
14.	**Salt Rheum,** Erysipelas, Eruptions,	25
15.	**Rheumatism,** Rheumatic Pains,	25
16.	**Fever and Ague,** Chill Fever, Agues,	25
17.	**Piles,** blind or bleeding,	25
18.	**Ophthalmy,** and Sore or Weak Eyes,	25
19.	**Catarrh,** Acute or Chronic Influenza,	25
20.	**Whooping-Cough,** Violent Coughs,	25
21.	**Asthma,** Oppressed Breathing,	25
22.	**Ear Discharges,** Impaired Hearing,	25
23.	**Scrofula,** Enlarged Glands, Swellings,	25
24.	**General** Debility, Physical Weakness,	25
25.	**Dropsy** and Scanty Secretions,	25
26.	**Sea-Sickness,** Sickness from Riding,	25
27.	**Kidney-Disease,** Gravel,	25
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.....	.....	2 25 P M
.....	10 45	10 50
.....	11 01	11 03
.....	11 34	11 35
.....	12 02	12 42
.....	12 59	12 59 A M
.....	12 59	12 21
.....	12 59	12 31
.....	1 37	1 38
.....	1 52	1 54
.....	2 04	2 05
.....	2 20	2 21
.....	.....	.....

Passenger Train—North.

.....	.....	12 15 P M
.....	.....	12 31
.....	.....	12 58
.....	.....	1 16
.....	.....	1 37
.....	.....	1 52
.....	.....	2 08
.....	.....	2 25
.....	.....	2 40
.....	.....	3 12
.....	.....	3 18
.....	.....	3 37
.....	.....	3 52
.....	.....	4 10

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... 5.04 p. m. ... 5.41 a. m. 5.41 p. m
... 5.44 p. m. ... 6.05 a. m. 6.17 p. m
... 8.24 p. m. 11.54 a. m. 11.55 p. m
... 1.19 p. m. ... 1.06 p. m.
SOUTHWARD.
No. 2. No. 4. No. 12.
... 4.00 p. m. ... 5.00 a. m.
... 7.04 p. m. ... 7.41 a. m. 1.00 p. m
... 7.07 p. m. ... 7.07 a. m. 4.10 p. m
... 8.52 p. m. ... 9.42 a. m. ... 5.18 a. m
... 10.30 p. m. ... 1.06 p. m. ... 6.30 p. m
Passengers on Nos. 1 and 2, between New Orleans and Baltimore.
Sleeping cars run on Nos. 1 and 4, between Nashville and ...
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DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

SATURDAY, JULY 8, 1876.

THE LIBERTY BELL.

[From Harper's Bazar.]

High in the belfry the Liberty Bell
Hung in the dusk of a twilight dim;
Slumbered the tones which were soon to tell
Of a Nation's birth in a lofty hymn.
"They" in the council chamber sat,
Men of stainless and wide renown.
Through the stately lace of the broad-brimmed hat
Peeped the powder'd head of the Puritan.
Over field, from town,
Over side by side,
Potomac's river and Boston's Bay,
Had gathered those who, at heel, with life,
Had gathered those who, at heel, and stay
Would reason the home of their hearts, and stay
Its stanch defenders in peace or strife.

Hancock and Adams and all the rest,
Their names are bright on the honored scroll,
Today of our treasures accounted best,
Glory's indelible muster-roll.
Little they knew, when the brave hands signed
The bold defiance, that years to be
Should prize them lovers of all mankind,
And loved where ever mankind is free.

Below in the street and the open square
Swayed an impetuous human tide:
"Oh, what will they do?" "Will they dare?"
Questioned, and timidly lips replied.
Till suddenly to from the State House flung
The eager boy "King! ring! ring!" his shout,
And every throat and lip and tongue
Of the great bell thundered its answer out.

O, Liberty Bell! you were cast in mold
For the end, for a use sublime!
O Liberty Bell! now worn and old,
And silent, your musical echoes chime
Six hours o'clock, a century gone,
When a hundred peals to the blithe air gave
The hope and the promise of Freedom's dawn,
And never men's souls to an issue grave!

Through spaces of crystal the hours crept,
While the ringer stood in the belfry's shade,
And there grew thick, and the grand bell slept
In silence. Declaration was sternly made,
A million bells will be ringing clear,
Under the azure-vaulted sky,
When Nation keeps, in its fourteenth year,
The day of its birth, in this fair July.

But simpler fingers of boy and girl
Will touch with a tender and sacred awe
The old cracked bell. Were it set with pearl
And ruby, it would not their reverence draw
As the tale of its past is told,
And round it graven the finest ivy see,
Proclaiming, in letters strong and bold,
To the land and its people, Liberty.

TILDEN AND TWEED.

The Twin Brothers of Tammany—The Modern Reformer Exposed—An Apt Pupil of the Great Robber Tweed—A Characteristic Letter from Horace Greeley—Tilden's Ballot-Box Stuffing.

In 1867, John T. Hoffman was Democratic candidate for Governor of New York against Mr. Fenton, and was beaten by a majority of 13,768. In 1868, Hoffman was again a candidate and was elected by a Democratic majority of 27,-936. This increase of the Democratic majority, in the brief space of two years, by a total of over 40,000 was a matter for profound astonishment to the whole United States, excepting only a small band of faithful Democrats in New York City. To them, headed by Boss Tweed and Samuel J. Tilden, belongs the credit of the astonishing change. It may interest our people to learn something of the method by which it was brought about.

On the eve of the election Samuel J. Tilden addressed to some of the faithful followers of his party, in every county of the State, a circular of which the following is a copy:

ROOMS OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE COM.
October 27, 1868.

MY DEAR SIR—Please at once to communicate with some reliable person in three or four principal towns and in each city of your county, and request him (expenses duly arranged for this end) *to telegraph to William M. Tweed*, Tammany Hall, at the minute of closing the polls, not waiting for the cost, such person's estimate of the vote. Let the telegraph be as follows: "This town will show a Democratic gain (or loss) over last year of ——(number)." Or this one, if sufficiently certain: "This town will give a Republican (or Democratic) majority of ——." *There is of course, no important object to be attained by a simultaneous transmission at the hour of closing the polls, but not longer waiting.* Opportunity can be taken of the usual half hour lull in telegraphic communication over the lines before accurate results begin to be declared, and before the Associated Press absorb the telegraph with returns and interfere with individual messages, and give orders to watch carefully the count.

Very truly, yours,
SAMUEL J. TILDEN, Chairman.

The italics in the above are ours. They indicate that Mr. Tilden, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, was working in conjunction with Boss Tweed, with an "important object to be attained" whose nature is now known to all. The object was to get the vote of the whole State before them in New York, and then to stuff enough more votes into the city ballot-boxes to produce a Democratic majority. The work was well done. The Democratic majority returned from New York City, at that election, was 69,150. It is now, as Senator Conkling called it in a public speech, an "open secret" that thirty thousand fraudulent votes were added to the count in New York City and Brooklyn, and that Hoffman was deliberately counted in by the nefarious work of Samuel J. Tilden and Boss Tweed.

Previous to the election of the following fall, when these facts had become thoroughly known, Horace Greeley, late the Presidential candidate of the Democratic party, addressed to Mr. Tilden an open letter from which we make the following extracts:

To Samuel J. Tilden, Chairman Democratic State Committee:

SIR—You hold a most responsible and influential position in the councils of a great party. You could make that party content itself with the polling of legal votes if you only would. In our late Constitutional Convention, I tried to erect some fresh barriers against election frauds; did you? The very little that I was enabled to effect in this direction, I shall try to have ratified by the people at our coming election. Will you?

Mr. Tilden, you can not escape responsibility by saying, with the guilty Macbeth,

"Thou can'st not say I did it; never shake
Thy gory locks at me!"

for you were at least a passive accomplice in the great frauds of last November. Your name was used without public protest on your part, in circulars sowed over the State, whereof the manifest intent was to "make assurance doubly sure" that the frauds here perpetrated should not be overborne by the honest vote of the rural districts. And you, not merely by silence, but by positive assumption, have covered those frauds with the mantle of your respectability. On the principle that "the receiver is as bad as the thief," you are as deeply implicated in them to-day as though your name were Tweed, O'Brien, or Oakey Hall. * * *

And though our city has largely increased its population, the *later wards* were quite as populous then (1840) as they are to-day, several of them more so. * * *

Now, look at the vote of four of these wards in 1840 and 1868 respectively:

4 Wards	President, 1840	Governor, 1868
	4,793 | 5,521	2,840 | 20,283

Van Buren's majority, 726; Hoffman's majority 17,443.

Mr. Tilden, you know what this contrast attests. Right well do you comprehend the means whereby the vote of 1868 was thus swelled out of all proportions, was thus swelled out of all proportions. There are not 12,000 legal voters living in those wards to-day, though they gave Hoffman 17,443 majority. Had the day been of average length, it would doubtless have been swelled to at least 20,000. There was nothing but time needed to make it 100,000, if so many had been wanted and paid for.

Now, Mr. Tilden, I call on you to put a stop to this business. You have but to walk into the Sheriff's office, the Mayor's and the Supervisor's offices in the City Hall Park, and say that there must be no more of it; SAY IT SO THAT THERE SHALL BE NO DOUBT THAT YOU MEAN IT, and we shall have a tolerably fair election once more.

Will you do it? If we Republicans are swindled once more, as we were swindled last fall, you and such as you will be responsible to God and man for the outrage. Yours, HORACE GREELEY.
New York, October 20, 1869.

TILDEN.

What his own Party Organs Think of Him.—Some Interesting Reading for Free Men.

We presume that every Democratic reader of the JOURNAL knows that the Cincinnati Enquirer is the leading Democratic paper of the West. No one conversant with political affairs will deny this fact, we apprehend. The following articles from the Enquirer will show what is thought of Mr. Tilden by the leaders of his own party. As they were written by Democrats it is reasonable to infer that they are true, in view of the fact that they have never been denied. We propose to keep them standing in our columns for the present:

[Cincinnati Enquirer, June 5, 1876.]

A private letter just received from New York, from a gentleman of fairness and intelligence, says: "I had a good opinion of Tilden until I came among those that know him, but I find they all agree that his show of reform is a humbug." The recent Albany Conference is corroborative of all this testimony. The controlling politicians, as well as the masses of the people in the Democratic party in New York, who can draw a dividing line between an honest man and a Bengal tiger or a hypocrite, are alike well aware that Tilden can not carry his own State, should he, by the wrath of God, be nominated for the Presidency. If there are potent reasons why the Democracy of Tilden's own State are opposed to his nomination, there are more, and greater reasons, why the Democracy of the West and the South should be intelligent and honorable enough to resist his bribes and defeat his nomination. We do not apprehend his nomination, but we are not insensible to the power of money and management. There are a few facts concerning Sam. Tilden, which, we trust, will sink into the minds of Western and Southern Democrats.

1. He can not carry his own State in November.

2. He can not carry any Northern State.

3. He is a hypocrite, a political swindler, has long been a public plunderer, and is really the only disreputable candidate prominently named on the Democratic side.

4. He did what he could to defeat the Democratic party of Ohio in 1875, expending his money, and subsidizing the Eastern Democratic press to that end, knowing that Ohio's victory was his defeat, and loving Tilden more than the Democratic party. He has earned the enmity of the West and South.

5. He has sought this high office by methods so unprecedentedly shameless and disreputable that it would be an everlasting stigma upon a Democratic Convention to nominate him, and a reproach upon the American people to elect him if nominated.

6. Upon the foremost question of the hour he is a most pitiless foe of the interests of the West and the South. He is the unscrupulous oppressor of the great, struggling industries of the vast producing sections of the country. No Republican Administration could be more hostile to them than would his.

7. Should "God's Providence, seeming estranged," permit his nomination, by whom and what would he be nominated? By the servile, conscienceless tools that money can purchase; by the most corrupt influences that ever entered into a Presidential nomination; by the system on which all other quack medicines are sold—advertising—and even respectable medical associations read out of the profession the "Doctors" that will advertise. It would seem that the Democratic party should have as high a respect for the good name of the party and the Government as the vender of pills have for their craft. It could not but be that a man educated, running, in hypocrisy, in iniquity, nominated in corruption and shameless effrontery, even though his millions could elect him, would give us the most corrupt Administration the country has ever known. "Neither imperial dignities, nor the gloom of solitude," said Tacitus, "could save Tiberius from himself." And Tilden could not rise above himself, or above the sources of his power.

[Cincinnati Enquirer, June 6, 1876.]

The political jobbers, thieves, and betrayers of the people are very generally in favor of Tilden.

[Cincinnati Enquirer, June 17, 1876.]

Mr. Barlow is the champion railway "undertaker" and jobber of New York. Of course, he's for Tilden. All men of his stripe are. With Tilden in the White House, men of Mr. Barlow's kidney would be very busy and prosperous. All the vicious, thieving, corrupt elements in the Democratic party are moving toward "reform under the banner of Sam Tilden.

[Cincinnati Enquirer, June 23, 1876.]

The kid-glove Democracy, of which Tilden is the chief, have not the confidence and can not obtain the votes of the masses. His nomination will disrupt and disorganize the Democratic party. It means defeat.

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Lewis' Horse Condition Powder	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Chicken Cholera Powder	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Hog Cholera Powder	3 00	30 00
S. & Co.'s Extract Jamaica Ginger, 2 oz	1 75	18 00
S. & Co.'s Compound Syrup Liquidamber	3 50	37 50
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Long Range Breech Loading
Practice Pistol & Targets.



Carries a ½ inch ball with accuracy fifty feet, without powder or percussion. Brass barrel, hair trigger. For sale by dealers. By mail, free for 75 cents, with permanent ammunition for target practice indoors, and for sporting out of doors.

AGENTS WANTED.
A. A. GRAHAM, 67 Liberty Street, New York

Official Railroad Time Table

Giving arrival and departure of all trains of Montgomery. Reported and corrected expressly for the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, by Messrs HOUGH & RENSON, General Ticket Agents. Office under Exchange Hotel, where any information as to rates, connections or distance be obtained.

Tickets sold to all points North, South, East and West.

Calls for the Omnibus or Baggage Wagon left at our office, or at the Exchange Hotel will receive prompt attention.

SOUTH AND NORTH ALA. RAILROAD

GOING NORTH.

	No 2—Mail	No 4—Exp
Leaves Montgomery	7:00 am	8:00 pm
Calera	9:35 am	10:25 pm
Birmingham	10:55 am	11:40 pm
Decatur	2:35 p m	3:05 a m
Nashville	8:15 p m	8:50 a m
Arrive at Louisville	5:45 a m	7:40 p m

Accommodation.

	No 8
Leaves Montgomery	4:00 p m
Calera	10:25 p m
Arrive Birmingham	3:00 a m

GOING SOUTH.

	No 1—Mail	No 3—Exp
Leave Louisville	10:05 am	12:30 a m
Nashville	6:45 pm	8:25 a m
Decatur	12:40 am	2:00 p m
Birmingham	3:30 am	5:20 p m
Calera	5:10 am	6:50 pm
Arrive at Montgomery	7:40 am	9:25 pm

ROBERT MEEK, Supt.
C. P. ATMORE, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.

MONTGOMERY & EUFAULA R. R.

GOING EAST.

Leave Montgomery ..... 2:00 and 10:00 p m
Arrive at Union Springs ..... 5:30 p m and 1:30 a m
Arrive at Eufaula ..... 9:55 p m and 6:00 a m

Connecting closely at Union Springs with trains for Troy, and at Eufaula with Southwestern railroad for all points in Southwest Georgia and Florida, and with Central line of Roads for Apalachicola, Jacksonville, Tallahassee, etc.

COMING WEST.

Leave Eufaula ..... *10:00 pm and 4:15 p m
Arrive at Union Springs ..... 1:55 a m and 5:55 p m
Arrive at Montgomery ..... 6:25 a m and 7:00 a m

Connecting closely at Union Springs with trains for Columbus, and at Montgomery with all roads for all points north, south, east and west.

E. D. TENNANT Supt.
E.P. WELLS, Gen. Ticket Agent.
*Does not run on Sundays.

† 2 pm. train runs to Eufaula Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays; to Troy, Sundays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

MOBILE & MONTGOMERY RAILROAD

Commencing Sunday, November 21, 1875, the Mobile & Montgomery Railroad will run double daily passenger trains, and will run as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

Leaves Montgomery	7:45 a m
Arrives at Mobile	3:20 p m
Arrive at New Orleans	9:30 p m
Leave Montgomery	9:05 p m
Leave Mobile	3:00 p m
New Orleans, N O & M R R	10:3 a m

COMING NORTH.

Leaves New Orleans, N O & M R R	6:45 a m
Leave Mobile	12:20 p m
Arrives at Montgomery	7:45 p m
Leave New Orleans	5:00 p m
Leave Mobile	11:0 p m
Arrives at Montgomery	6:25 a m

GEO. NASON, Gen. Pass. and Ft. Agent.

H. JORDAN, Superintendent.

WESTERN RAILROAD OF ALABAMA

GOING EAST AND NORTH.

Leaves Montgomery	6:50 a m
NIGHT PASSENGER—EAST	
Leave Montgomery	8:08 p m
Selma and West Point Accommodation*	
Arrive at Montgomery	12:10 p m
Leave Montgomery	2:25 p m

COMING FROM EAST AND NORTH.

Arrive

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

SATURDAY, JULY 8, 1876.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MONTGOMERY, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T. C. BINGHAM will be paidby us. T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,

dtf. Proprietors.

REGULAR market day again.

THE city was dull and quiet yesterday in an alarming degree.

THE musquito family now numbers about one million to every square inch.

THE weather turned off cool suddenly last evening, about 7 o'clock, indicating that good rains had fallen in our vicinity.

BOARDER—"Has the red-haired girl gone away?" Landlady—"Yes, sir." Boarder—"I thought so; I found black hair in the butter to-day."

SOME interesting cases were tried in the Police Court yesterday. The City Treasury realized a small amount of cash from "gentlemen of elegant leisure."

A CALL upon the people has been issued by the officers of the Washington National Monument Society, requesting contributions to the monument. The time is propitious.

IF you are going West you had better put some cash in your pocket. Arkansas robbers take a man's clothes when he hasn't cash, and he is forced to go ahead with only a necktie on.

THERE is nothing half so sad in life as the spectacle of an auctioneer attempting to sell $15,000 worth of goods to an audience whose aggregate and tangible assets foot up 30 cents.

"THE dog-star rageth." Sirius is in the ascendant. Hydrophobia is rampant. Isn't it about time for the police to pat our 3,000 city dogs lovingly on the head with the seasoned locust?

POLITICAL cartoons and caricatures are beginning to appear. But we think that nothing worse can be pictured concerning either candidate than the pictures that we see for sale as portraits of them.

WE are glad to learn, as we do by letter from Hot Springs, Arkansas, that our friend, General J. A. Diaz, is rapidly recovering his health and strength, and will be able in a short time to return home.

ANY excuse is better than none. A toper says he would be a temperance man in a minute if it wasn't for his wife. He knows she would be lonesome if she hadn't something to jaw about and find fault with.

A GREENVILLE gentleman has discovered a remedy for the potato bug. It is beef brine applied to the plant regularly three times a day. The first application kills the plant, and then the bug dies of starvation.

IT is said they live longest who have moderate ambitions. The man who quits work and commences to whittle in front of a grocery store at the age of thirty is likely to whittle and be a blessing to his family for fifty years.

THE elegant steamer Mary has been withdrawn from the trade on the Alabama, for the present, and the beautiful little Peerless has taken her place. The latter steamer arrived from below yesterday morning, and departed in the evening on her return trip to Mobile.

A NEWSPAPER instructor in table etiquette lays it down as a rule, that "when you are drunk enough, you must stop; as by taking another glass you will lay yourself open to the appearance of having a defect." One would think it would look like having a surplus.

OUR youthful contemporary speaks of our suppressing the truth. This we deny. The resolutions referred to were incorrectly written, and were not as published by our censor; therefore we took the liberty of changing the phraseology so that they would read proper.

MESSRS. G. W. TOWNSEND and George F. Moore, attorneys, have filed a bill in chancery to have the assignment of E. Beecher & Co. set aside. These gentlemen represent a number of the depositors of Beecher & Co. The Chancellor will hear the case at the approaching term of the Court, we presume.

THE watermelon crop is a great success this season. Wagon loads of this fine fruit come into the city daily, and are disposed of at prices which show that money is not so scarce as some people would seem to believe. Watermelons at 50 cents each, worth only 10 cents, do not indicate stringency in money matters.

THEATRE.—The audience at the Theatre last night was a large and fashionable one, considering the warm weather. The dress circle was crowded, and the parquette was as full as it ought to have been for comfort. The performance was quite interesting, the music and singing being worthy of old troupes. We hope another performance will be given at an early day, as this one took so well.

THE attention of the street overseer is called to the dangerous condition of Perry street, between Monroe and Market streets. The sidewalks are caving in near the large sewer, and unless they are repaired at once, some person may break a limb, and then the city will be mulcted in heavy damages. These sidewalks have been in this dangerous condition for more than a month, and we have heard many complaints about them.

"MY son," said the fond parent, as his eighteen-year old offspring stood, carpet bag in hand, upon the threshold, "you are going to the Centennial. Promise me that during your absence you will shun bad company and keep your feet from the doors of alehouses and billiard saloons." "Father," replied the young man, with the memory of the last caucus floating through his mind, "I cannot. I go uninstructed and unpledged."

A MARKET street man thought he would please his wife for once; so he bought her the handsomest and most expensive bonnet in town. But she wasn't pleased with it; the trimming, she said, didn't match her new silk stockings.

And now some one says that it is idiotic to suppose that sunstroke is caused by stroke of the sun; that, in fact, it frequently occurs at a time when there is no sun to strike at all, and that the physical break down called sunstroke is simply nervous exhaustion aggravated by excessive heat, whether in sun or shade. All this may be true, even though it does knock over a venerable pet theory, or pet politician.

BEEF, beef, the gay and festive beef, still continues to excite the admiring multitude. Adam Schuessler will have at his stall in the market this evening, not only a splendid array of fine beef steaks, but every other kind of tempting fresh meats. He has some fine meats selected specially for his patrons, to be served to them on this day. Everybody knows he keeps the finest meats to be found in the market, and hence a simple notice to them now is all that is necessary.

A FAMILY of Mongolians have arrived in the city, and we understand they propose to open a laundry at an early day, for the benefit of citizens generally. In this line of business the Chinese are said to excel all others. They have a peculiar mode of giving to white linen a gloss which adds much to its beauty and makes it as soft and spotless as snow. We say this much for our Mongolian citizens because we are glad to have enterprising citizens come among us and assist in building up our magnificent city.

THOSE of our citizens who were anxious to attend the Spring Villa Centennial, and did attend, have returned home somewhat crestfallen. They speak very sharply in condemnation of their treatment at the grounds, and assert that the prices charged them there were extortionate out of all reason. We regret to hear this; because we hoped that it would be a great success, as an inducement to the people of other portions of the State to repeat the celebrations hereafter. The Columbus papers are very pronounced in their disapproval of the conduct of the managers of the celebration.

GOVERNOR HOUSTON would do the public a favor if he would put bands around the heads of some of the employes at the State house. He will certainly save the employes the pains of swelling in the cranium by so doing. Such a process would evidently help all around. The State house belongs to the people of the State and it is a great misfortune that hirelings employed to work there labor under the impression that that immense building belongs exclusively to them. We have seen painful results from swelling in the head, and we fear we are destined to witness still more, unless the Governor intervenes as a good Samaritan.

THE GREENVILLE GUARDS.—We received by mail yesterday the following resolutions adopted by the Greenville Light Guard:

ARMORY GREENVILLE LT. GUARDS,
Greenville, Ala., July 6, 1876.

At a called meeting of this company the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the thanks of this company be tendered the Montgomery Greys, the Governor's Guards, the Fire Department and the citizens of Montgomery generally, for their kind and generous treatment on the 4th inst., and that these proceedings be published in the Montgomery and Greenville papers as an expression of our admiration and regard for our hospitable entertainers.

D. B. TAYLOR, Capt. Com.
A. Y. PORTER, C. S.

I. O. O. F.—The installation of the officers of Montgomery Lodge No. 6, I. O. O. F., took place last night, and was an interesting affair. The following officers were installed:

P. G.—B. H. Screws.
N. G.—D. S. Rice.
V. G.—T. J. Scott.
Secretary—F. Geagley.
Treasurer—T. S. Doron.
Warden—D. Engelhardt.
O. S. G.—A. Abrahams.
Conductor—F. Haygood.
I. S. G.—Robert Garrett.
R. S. N. G.—B. Holt.
L. S. N. G.—O. F. Warner.
R. S. S.—John Foster.
L. S. S.—C. R. Dickinson.
R. S.—Wm. P. Chilton.
L. S.—E. Beebe.

The address of Col. Chilton was quite interesting and appropriate. A large audience, among whom were several ladies, attended, and a number of brethren from other Lodges also took part in the ceremonies.

IT is rumored that Don Carlos, the Spanish pretender, passed through Montgomery two or three days ago on his way to the Centennial. This may be so. In these days of rapid transit a Spanish Prince may succeed in traveling from that nation through Mexico to these United States without being discovered. Such a feat is possible; it is hardly probable. We do not believe that Don Carlos has passed, or ever will pass, through Montgomery; yet greater things than this have happened, and the world kept on making its daily revolution without any perceptible variation. Greater men than Don Carlos have passed through Montgomery; aye, have even stopped over here and admired our city, and been admired themselves by our people. But still we do not believe that King Charles the Vth, self-styled, has ever put foot on the free soil of this nation. If he has, it is all right. We simply do not believe it.

DEATH OF REV. MR. MORRISON.—The Selma Times, of yesterday, contains the following account of the death of the Rev. A. J. Morsison, of the First Presbyterian Church of that city:

Our whole community received a great shock yesterday by the announcement of the death of Rev. Alf. J. Morrison, the pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of this city. Mr. Morrison left Selma about a month ago in fine health and spirits, hoping by a few weeks' stay at Hot Springs, Arkansas, to be entirely relieved from a slight throat affection, which had been troubling him occasionally for a year past. He had been at Hot Springs only ten days or two weeks when he had an attack of malarial fever. As soon as it was thought prudent, he started homeward, but on reaching Memphis, he was so much prostrated by his journey, it was thought best that he should remain there with his relatives for a few days until sufficiently recuperated to finish his journey. But instead of improving, he gradually grew worse until yesterday, about 9 a. m., he died.

NEW BOOKS.—We have received from the well known publishing house of J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia, through our popular bookseller, Mr. Joel White, the following works, just issued from the press:

A New Golgotha—By Stanley Hope, an thor of "Geoffrey's Wife." A hasty glance at this work inclines us to the belief that it is one of the most interesting we have had the pleasure of perusing this season. It is well bound and just the very thing for a handsome present for the library.

A Winter City—By Ouida. This is one of the series of the novels of this brilliant authoress, and is said to be one of her very best. All those who have read her works heretofore will be glad, we presume, to get an opportunity of reading her last one.

State News.

[By Yesterday's Mail to the Journal.]

Jasper has a liberty pole 61 feet high.

The air is full of matrimonial gossip.

Butter is selling at 10c per pound in Jasper.

The crops are beginning to need rain in some sections.

Rev. Thomas Stith Malone, M. D., died in Athens, Alabama, June 30, 1876.

James L. Comon, Esq., died suddenly in Athens, Alabama, on Sunday night, July 2d, 1876.

Mr. Allgood, an old citizen of Blount county, died very suddenly on the 26th ult., at his residence in that county.

Married—In Evergreen, on the 29th ult., by Rev. James S. Rencher, John D. Burnett, Esq., to Miss Virginia Martin.

Tuck Hays, living ten miles south of Blountsville, was shot and killed by his son-in law, Richard Poe, on last Friday, June 30.

Two brothers-in-law named Smith and Lyon, of Etowah county, exchanged shots at each other on the 25th ult., without damage to either.

The gardens are now furnishing a handsome living to the families who were thoughtful enough to give them proper attention.—Florence Gazette.

Married—At the residence of Dr. J. L. Shaw, in the town of Belleville, June 21, 1876, by Rev. W. G. Curry, Rev. B. F. Riley to Miss Emma Shaw.

Five convicts have arrived at the State prison since our last report, all from Butler county—one white and four negroes. [Wetumpka Banner.

Married—At the residence of the groom, July 2d, in Opelika, by Elder Geo. E. Brewer, Mr. J. M. Smith and Miss Emeline Hillier.

The colored people of Union Springs and vicinity had a big picnic celebration in Dr. Jas. M. Foster's grove on the Fourth of July. Several speeches were made.

Married—In Wetumpka city on the 5th inst., at the bride's residence, by the Rev. H. C. Taul, of the Baptist Church, Mr. M. Burk, of Burkville, Lowndes county, to Mrs. Olivia Johnson.

Hon. Julius G. Robinson, a highly prominent and well known citizen of Covington county, died at his residence in said county on the 3d inst. "Peace be to his ashes."

On Thursday last, W P. Hall, sheriff of Greene county, dropped his pistol on the rock floor of the court house, causing one barrel to explode, the ball entering his right foot and passing out at the heel.

Married, on the evening of Tuesday the 26th of June, at the residence of the bride's mother, in Florence, by the Rev. John A. Thompson, Mr. Samuel Young and Miss Fannie House, both of Lauderdale county.

On Saturday, June the 24th, near Waterloo, a Mr. Williams, in pursuance, as said, of an old grudge, struck one John Cooper from his horse with a hoe, killing him almost instantly. Williams fled and has so far escaped arrest.

Mr. John N. Sowell, a citizen of Conecuh county, was shot and killed on the night of the 3d inst. by some party or parties unknown. Mr. S. was a member of the Democratic Executive Committee of that county.

Union Springs so far has sent nine visitors to the Centennial—Mrs. S. J. Foster, Robert Foster, Esq., R. C. Jelks, J. H. Eley, N. B. Feagin and wife, and W. H. Black and family. Others will go during the summer.

Miss Annie Wells, an interesting young lady, committed suicide in Dalton, Ga., early Friday evening, by shooting herself through the head. She was the daughter of the former Superintendent of the M. & G. R. R.

Seasonable showers have in the early part of the week fallen throughout the county. Crops in good condition—corn and cotton doing well. We have not heard of any caterpillars yet in Russell, and trust that their reported arrival near Tuskegee is a mistake, or so weakly that but little damage will be done.—Russell Register.

Local and Business Notices.

I. O. O. F.—The installation of officers of Montgomery Lodge, No 6, Independent Order of Odd Fellows will take place at Odd Fellows Hall, Friday evening, July 7th, at 8½ o'clock. The public are cordially invited to be present, and every arrangement will be perfected for their comfort and entertainment.

By order of the N. G.
F. GEAGLEY, Secretary.
7 6 ht

The Latest.

"The Office" Saloon, is offering the best inducements to Lager Beer drinkers of any Saloon in the city. They are still selling those large ten cent glasses for five cents. "The Office," (under the Advertiser building, on Court Street) is the place to get beer for your families, as you get more beer for your money. Also Sweet Cider on hand. 6-24-tw

MR. DANIEL F. BEATTY, of Washington, N. J., is constantly in receipt of the most flattering testimony from all parts of the United States and Canada, as to the beauty and excellence of his pianos and organs. Send for catalogue and list of testimonials. Address, Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, Warren county, N. J., U. S. A. d5t

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.*
3-14 d&wem

Nervous Debility.

Vital weakness or depression: A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental overwork, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphrey's Homeopathic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per package of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Hemeopathic Medicine Company, 662 Broadway, New York.
1-1d&w-1y.

THE Star Parlor Organs are celebrated for their purity of tone, elegant design and thorough construction. Send for catalogue. Address,

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & CO.,
6-30d&wom Washington, N. J.

New Advertisements.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and Outfit FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine

"PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc. 1,000,000 sold. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pub's, Philadelphia

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population of 5,000 and over according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada publishing over 2,000 copies each issue. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Fashion, and other special class journals; very complete list. Together with complete lists of over 200 German papers printed in the United States. Also, directions upon advertising; many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers, and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

NEWSPAPERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

A complete list, numbering 8,420 with character correct to date, of all towns and cities in which newspapers are published; historical and statistical sketches of the Great Newspaper Establishments; illustrated with numerous engravings of the principal newspaper buildings. Book of 300 Pages, just issued. Mailed, post paid, to any address for 35c. Apply (inclosing price) to SUPERINTENDENT OF THE NEWSPAPER PAVILION, Centennial Grounds, Philadelphia, or American News Company, N. Y. Every advertiser needs it.

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE

"Only Good SAUCE,"

An Applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.



EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

LEA & PERRINS' SIGNATURE is on EVERY BOTTLE.

Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
77 NEW YORK.

LIFE PRESERVER.

ABSOLUTE SAFETY At Sea.

LIFE SAVING SUIT FOR OCEAN TRAVEL.

THE CONTINUOUS DISASTERS AT SEA.

And the almost countless lives that have been lost, urge the introduction of more effective appliances for saving life than have yet been generally adopted. In response to the great public demand, the American Life Saving Suit Company now present a

Practical Life Saving Suit.

This suit having been tested and approved by the most scientific and practical authorities, we now offer as a means of absolute safety from death by drowning. The invention now offered claims its superiority over all inventions in that it floats the body in a vertical position in the roughest sea, preserves the natural caloric of the body for any number of days, with capacity for carrying provisions for ten days, and signals to attract attention from passing vessels.

This suit embodies three principles which are imperative in a life saving dress—

First—A buoyancy which supports the body in a vertical position, and maintains it as from a natural law.

Second—Protection from water and weather and consequent chill.

Third—A commissariat department, to which is attached signals, with capacity for carrying valuables, etc., etc

This suit is put on over ordinary clothing, except shoes and hat, and can be put on inside of five minutes; and are let to passengers on transatlantic steamers at the low price of

FIVE DOLLARS; A TRIP.

Send for a pamplet.

The American

LIFE SAVING SUIT COMPANY,
14 NEW CHURCH ST., NEW YORK.
4-26cm

PRICES REDUCED. Best Quality ARTIFICIAL LIMBS manufactured or in sale. CHEAPEST IN THE U. S. during CENTENNIAL YEAR. CHAS. M. EVANS, Manufr., 122 West Fourth street, Cincinnati, O. Fourth and Market Sts., Louisville, Ky.

GULF CITY HOTEL.

CORNER WATER & CONTI STREETS.

Mobile Ala.

GREAT REDUCTION OF RATES!

This HOTEL, with its beautifully furnished ROOMS and the best TABLE this fine market affords, is undoubtedly the

CHEAPEST HOTEL

—IN THE—

SOUTH!

ONLY $2.00 and $2.50 PER DAY.
W. C. MORROW, Jr.,
3-8dtf Proprietor.

BLANKS.

Blanks, Blanks, Blanks.

We are now prepared to furnish Tax Collectors and Tax Assessors with

Blank Lists of Property, Tax Deeds, and all Blanks used by County Officials at Chicago Prices.

T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,
State Journal Job Office,
4-6tf Montgomery, Ala.

SKETCHING from Nature, in pencil and water colors, and drawing and painting in colored crayons; a practical instructor, illustrated, 50 cts. Of any bookseller, or JESSE HANEY & CO., 119 Nassau street, N. Y.

$25 a day guaranteed using our Well Auger and Drills. $100 a month paid to good agents. Augur book free. Jil Augur Co., St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—

—FROM—

TEN TO FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS

—OF—

Black Moss,

Delivered at our shops.

Highest market price paid.

AUGS. OHLANDER & SON,
Mattress Makers and Renovators,
49 Market St., Shop cor. South and McDonough.

$250 A MONTH—Agents wanted everywhere. Business honorable and first class. Particulars sent free. Address J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

POND'S EXTRACT.

The People's Remedy.
The Universal Pain Extractor.
Note: ask for POND'S EXTRACT.
Take no other.

"Hear, for I will speak of excellent things."

POND'S EXTRACT—The great Vegetable Pain Destroyer. Has been in use over thirty years, and for cleanliness and prompt curative virtues cannot be excelled.

CHILDREN.—No family can afford to be without Pond's Extract. Accidents, Bruises, Contusions, Cuts, Sprains, are relieved almost instantly by external application. Promptly relieves pains or Burns, Scalds, Excoriations, Chafings, Old Sores, Boils, Felons, Corns, etc. Arrests inflamation, reduces swellings, stops bleeding, removes discolorations and heals rapidly.

FEMALE WEAKNESSES.—It always relieves pain in the back and loins, fullness and pressing pain in the head, nausea, vertigo.

IN LEUCORRHŒA it has no equal. All kinds of ulcerations to which ladies are subject are promptly cured. Fuller details in book accompanying each bottle.

PILES—blind or bleeding—meet prompt relief and ready cure. No case, however chronic or obstinate, can long resist its regular use.

VARICOSE VEINS.—It is the only sure cure for this distressing and dangerous condition.

KIDNEY DISEASES.—It has no equal for permanent cure.

BLEEDING from any cause. For this is a specific. It has saved hundreds of lives when all other remedies failed to arrest bleeding from nose, stomach, lungs, and elsewhere.

RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, Toothache and Earache are all alike relieved, and often permanently cured.

PHYSICIANS of all schools who are acquainted with Pond's Extract of Witch Hazel recommend it in their practice. We have letters of commendation from hundreds of Physicians, many of whom order it for use in their own practice. In addition to the foregoing, they order its use for Swellings of all kinds, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Inflamed Tonsils, simple and chronic Diarrhœa, Catarrh, (for which it is a specific,) Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Stings of Insects, Mosquitoes, etc., Chapped Hands, Face, and indeed all manner of skin diseases.

TOILET USE.—Removes Soreness, Roughness, and Smarting; heals Cuts, Eruptions, and Pimples. It revives, invigorates, and refreshes, while wonderfully improving the Complexion.

TO FARMERS.—Pond's Extract. No Stock Breeder, no Livery Man can afford to be without it. It is used by all the Leading Livery Stables, Street Railroads and first Horsemen in New York City. It has no equal for Sprains, Harness or Saddle Chafings, Stiffness, Scratches, Swellings, Cuts, Lacerations, Bleeding, Pneumonia, Colic, Diarrhœa, Chills, Colds, etc. Its range of action is wide, and the relief it affords is so prompt that it is invaluable in every Farm-yard as well as in every Farm-house. Let it be tried once, and you will never be without it.

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We are also agents for the celebrated Key West Cigar, which has been pronounced by champion 5 cents cigar of this or any other market.

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Bottled Lager	10 cts
Krug Wine, quarts	$3.00
Krug Wine, pints	1.50
Mixed Drinks	15 cts

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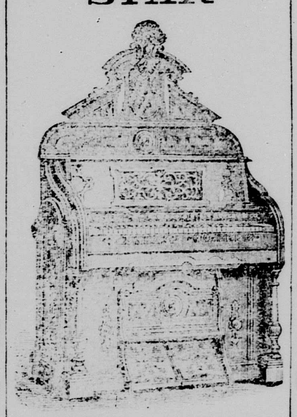

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And every organ is fully warranted. Large Oil Polish Black Walnut Panelled Cases that forms in addition to a beautiful instrument of music,

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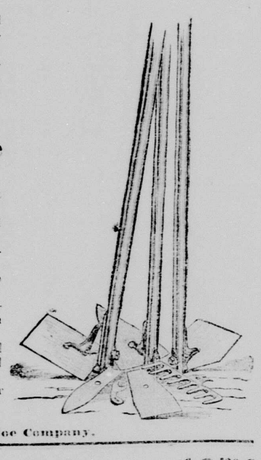
COMBINATION HOE.

First Premium Awarded at the Grangers' State Fair

Of Alabama, October, 1875, the first place where the Hoe was exhibited.

Manufactured by the Granger Hoe Company.

WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.



Requires no wedging. Can be adjusted for any work, or to suit the height of workman in fifteen seconds.

The Blade of the Field Hoe is made entirely of cast steel, square in shape, and when one edge becomes dull or worn out, the blade may be reversed, thus making

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1776 Centennial. 1876

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SEASON.

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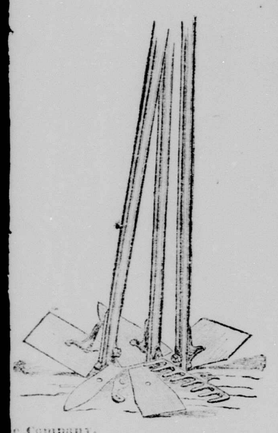

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VOLUME VIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 9, 1876 NUMBER 251

To Tourists.

Citizens leaving the city during the summer months, and wishing to be informed of matters transpiring at home, can have THE DAILY JOURNAL mailed to their address, free of postage, at the following rates, payable in advance:

One week	$ 20
One month	80
Two months	1 50
Three months	2 00
Six months	4 00

For President of the United States

Rutherford B. Hayes,

OF OHIO.

For Vice-President,

William A. Wheeler,

OF NEW YORK.

REP. STATE EX. COM. OF ALA.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA., July 1, 1876.

The members of the Republican State Executive Committee are requested to meet at the rooms of the committee in this city on Monday, the 10th day of this month.

Every member of the committee is urged to be present, as matters of the utmost importance will be considered.

CHAS. E. MAYER, Chairman,
GEO. TURNER, Sec'y.

DEMOCRATIC Ticket: For President, Slippery Sam; for Vice President, Tortuous Tom.

Do the Democratic "reformers," so-called, feel like reducing the army this morning?

No contributions for the army by the Democratic House of Representatives. Read our dispatches this morning.

DOES Mr. Samuel J. Tilden approve the war made upon the army by the Democratic leaders in Congress?

THE Democratic members of Congress have attempted to destroy our army. Look at the dispatches this morning.

WHAT will the people do with the Democratic "reformers" who have attempted to disgrace our brave army?

Reduced $20,000,000.

The national debt was reduced thirty millions during the year ending June 30. This is a sufficient answer to all the charges of extravagance trumped up by the opposition. Stick a pin here.

A Nice Trick.

It now appears that the virulent opposition of Tammany to Tilden at St. Louis was only apparent, and that Boss Kelly really had a private understanding with the cunning conspirator. Tilden could have discounted Machiavelli in the arts of trickery, but they will all fail as against the straightforward intelligence and honesty of the people.

Blarney.

There are premonitory symptoms that Gov. Tilden may prove too garrulous for his own and the good of his party in the coming campaign. Some indiscreet friend reported his not over modest remarks on receiving the news of his nomination, and the other evening he made a speech in response to a serenade, in which he lauded himself as a great reformer and the workingman's friend. No people are quicker to detect blarney than the Americans, and it would do well for Uncle Sam to remember Gen. Scott's protestation of "his love for the rich Irish brogue," and the ridicule it cost him, even among the class for whose votes he was bidding.

"Oh, Lads, neither mind Sam,
Sam's so deceivin'
Till de cold won't b'lieve him."

Character of Our Candidate.

The Hartford Courant describes Gov. Hayes thus:

First—He is the ideal candidate, fulfilling the epigram, the office seeks the man, not the man the office. True of him in his former three-fold contests in Ohio, it is true in the present. He remains ever the same modest, unassuming man.

Second—He is a man of liberal education, a graduate of Kenyon College, Ohio, and of Cambridge Law School, Harvard College. He is known as a man of culture, of constant and wide reading, as a student of books, and of books of the best sort.

Third—His character is stainless, politically, publicly, privately. Search the State of Connecticut and one could not find a man more absolutely unimpeached and unimpeachable.

Fourth—He is wealthy by a recent inheritance, and has neither the anxiety for fortune, the need of it, nor has he had the exposure to the influences of speculation or of intrigue in amassing it.

THE Louisville Commercial says that Fernah Nagoffin and John Morrissey have been appointed a committee to draw a chalk line across the Democratic platform in order to keep Hendricks always on the repeal of the resumption act side, while Tilden dances down to the footlights on the free trade and patent reform planks with a Mongolian woman on his blind side.

The Indian War.

Our dispatches concerning the war on our Western frontiers are full this morning. An important dispatch from Lieut. Gen. Sheridan also appears. It is evident that the ultimatum of this conflict is the extermination of every hostile Indian on American soil. The advance of civilization, science and christianity will not be impeded on this continent by any race, save at their peril, and a persistence in such obstruction must lead to extermination.

The loss of the brave and chivalrous General Custer and his heroic followers has created a profound sensation in this country and Europe. Gen. Custer was one of the foremost of American commanders, and a soldier without reproach. The brave band of heroes which followed him to death will be embalmed in our history as the noble band of Spartan heroes who persisted at Thermepyloea. Their undaunted conduct in the face of such overwhelming members excites admiration throughout the land, and there is not one of the brave little band but deserves a monument of marble erected over his grave.

Gen. Sheridan intimates that all will be well—which we construe as an announcement in advance that the savages are to be quickly wiped out of the party of advancing civilization in the West. God speed the day!

Great Frauds Upon the Government.

FIVE MILLION DOLLARS INVOLVED.

[From the Washington Star]

Secretary Chandler has just discovered in the Interior department a fraud upon the government of great magnitude, amounting to nearly $5,000,000. An act of the present session of Congress directs the transfer of the Indian trust funds, heretofore held by the Secretary of the Interior, to the custody of the Secretary of the Treasury. Before complying with this request, Secretary Chandler caused an inventory to be made, the latter part of last week, of the various stocks, bonds, and other securities constituting the funds. It was then found that in addition to the $870,000 alleged to have been taken while Jacob Thompson was Secretary of the Interior under President Buchanan's administration, $1,506,466,66 was invested by Secretaries of the Interior under democratic administrations prior to 1861 in bonds of the southern states, bearing from five to six per cent. interest. The bonds were almost, if not entirely valueless, while the transaction itself was wholly illegal; as the law, which was enacted in 1841, says: "All funds held in trust by the United States, and the annual interest accruing thereon, when not otherwise required by treaty, shall be invested in stocks of the United States bearing a rate of interest not less than 5 per centum per annum." This law has been in force ever since. In some cases the interest which has been accruing on these worthless bonds amounts to more than the principal itself, while in all cases the interest is very large. Congress has annually been making appropriations to meet the accruing interest on these worthless bonds, which were held in trust for the various Indian tribes. The interest on the bonds abstracted under Thompson's secretaryship amounts to $156,940,76. Thus the government has been defrauded, up to July 1st, 1876, of between four and five million dollars.

Later.—The House of Representatives this afternoon adopted a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Interior to transmit to the House all information in his possession with reference to the alleged deficiencies in the Indian trust fund.

THE Democratic thieves of New York were heroic fellows. There is not one of them that would have stolen a man's watch, or lifted his pocket-book. They went for the millions.—Mobile Tribune.

Precisely. The Tribune supports Samuel J. Tilden for the Presidency. This same Samuel J. Tilden was the leader of the Tammany thieves, and the bosom friend of Wm. M. Tweed the greatest Democratic thief of this or any other age. We have published the facts which establish beyond the shadow of a doubt that William M. Tweed and Samuel J. Tilden were the co-leaders of the Tammany thieves. When these thieves were discovered, driven from power and finally into the penitentiary, Samuel J. Tilden was smart enough to escape by turning upon his old comrades and crying out with the honest people of New York, "stop thief." He became a reformer by playing the ingrate; and no sooner was he elected Governor of New York than his old crony, Wm. M. Tweed, escaped from prison. Tweed is still at large, and Tilden has made no effort to effect his capture. He knows that he is just as guilty as Tweed, hence he permits the latter to enjoy liberty during his term as Governor. The Tribune is correct when it says these thieves "went for millions." Tilden is one of the richest men in New York; and the Express, a leading Democratic paper of New York city, charges that Tilden made his fortune by fraud and swindling. Yet, the Mobile Tribune supports him for President.

"Can such things be and
Overcome us like a summer cloud
Without exciting our special wonder?"

THE Springfield Union puts the case very pungently when it says: "Tilden is spoiled for hard-money men by being associated with Hendricks, and Hendricks is spoiled for soft-money men by being associated with Tilden. The result is that the ticket is neither flesh nor fowl, one thing or the other, but a mixture of diverse and irreconcilable elements, like the feet of the statue in Daniel's vision, composed half of iron and half of miry clay. Tilden will defeat Hendricks in Indiana and Hendricks will defeat Tilden in New York."

Repudiates the Repudiator.

Congressman Singleton, of Illinois, a leading Democrat of that State, utterly refuses to swallow the St. Louis crow. He peremptorily rejects the whole business as an outrage alike upon the Democratic party and upon the entire American nation.

The Laboring Men's Friend.

Hon. John Fehrenbatch, of Ohio, who has been President of the Workingmen's International Union, President of the Machinists' and Blacksmiths' Union of North America, and a leader of other organizations of workingmen, has written a letter to the Rochester Express, in which he says:

"The question you ask concerning the attitude of Gov. R. B. Hayes in relation to the interest of the laboring masses, I can most cheerfully answer. I am personally acquainted with the Governor, and, as an advocate of the rights of my fellow workingmen, I can heartily endorse him as the real friend of all who earn their bread by honest industry. I have dedicated the best portion of my life to the advancement of the interests of my fellow toilers, and were I so situated that I could take the field during the coming campaign, I should with great pleasure cast my influence in the balance for Gov. R. B. Hayes.

Judge Davis For Hayes.

INFLATION HENDRICKS AGAINST RESUMPTION.

Special Dispatch to the Cincinnati Gazette.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—It has been known here for some time that Justice David Davis, who had been at one time prominent in the minds of reform Democrats as a candidate for the Presidency, had written a letter, in which he expressed satisfaction with the nomination of Hayes by the Republicans. This letter was written before the St. Louis Convention, and the statement that he had withdrawn his name as a candidate at St. Louis was ignorantly based on this letter. The letter was a confidential note, addressed by Justice Davis to his friend, M. J. D. Defrees, of this city, who has been active during the past six months in advocating his nemination by the Democrats. Mr. Defrees decimes to publish the letter. It is understood that, in the letter, Mr. Davis expresses the opinion that Hayes will make a good President, and that his candidacy renders it unnecessary for the Liberals and Independents to look to the Democrats for a candidate, or to attempt an Independent movement this year.

The friends of Gov. Hendricks say that he will soon arrive in Washington and use his influence to induce the House to pass the bill repealing the specie Resumption Act. They state that Hendricks will not publish his formal letter of acceptance until after the House shall have taken some definite action on this subject. If it shall vote to repeal, he will make a very prominent feature of such action in his letter of acceptance.

Tilden.

THE WHOLE CASE IN A NUTSHELL.

[From the Cincinnati Enquirer.]

It could not but be that a man educated in cunning, in hypocrisy, in iniquity, nominated in corruption and shameless effrontery, even though his millions could elect him, would give us the most corrupt administration the country has ever known.

ONE of the humors of the present campaign is to see the New York World, which for the past two years has not been able to go outside of its shibboleth, "Hard money, free trade and home rule," eulogizing Hendricks as "a source of strength," and consoling him for the disappointment of the second place by speaking of him as a mere youth who has a brilliant future before him, and who "may well consider the Vice Presidency not the summit of his political ambition but a step upon the ladder." Hendricks, we presume, is meanwhile reading up back files of the New York World, and studying the works of David A. Wells Amasa Walker and Prof. Sumner, so as to be able to enlighten his Hoosier constituents.

THE New Haven (Conn.) Union (soft-money Dem.) comes out flatfooted for Peter Cooper for President. It denounces Tilden and Marble as traitors to their financial principles. As the organ of the soft-money Democracy of Connecticut its stand may prove important in a State classed as doubtful.

TWO hypocrisies do not make one sincerity, and the talk in which the Democratic press is now indulging about the party's having "struck the golden mean" in the nomination of Tilden and Hendricks is all gammon. *In medio tutissimus ibis:*

"As the judge remarked to the rowdy Scotch man,
Who was going to quod between two watchmen."

OUR distinguished fellow citizen, Gen. L. P. Walker, has returned from the St. Louis Convention. He speaks hopefully of the prospects of the Democratic party in the coming Presidential contest. The ticket, Tilden and Hendricks, he regards as powerful and certain to win.—Huntsville Independent.

Exactly. And Pope once boasted that he or somebody else would plant the Confederate flag on the dome of the National Capitol at Washington within a specified time. Did he do it? That's the question, brother Wiggs; did he do it?

THERE are several excellent school teachers unemployed in Tuscaloosa.—Tuscaloosa Times.

Yes, and until the people rid themselves of the old fossils who now dominate the State, the number of unemployed school teachers is likely to increase at a rapid rate.

TILDEN was the attorney for Oakes Ames' Credit Mobilier speculation. The latter swore to this fact under oath before the Congressional Investigating Committee. Yet Sammy is the great "Reformer" of the 19th century.

OUR county, politically, is sound as a gold dollar.—Tuscaloosa Times.

Count one for Hayes and Wheeler here, if that is true.

Bargain.

We are able to state, upon direct and indisputable authority, that an agreement was entered into at St. Louis between the Indiana delegation and leading members of nearly all the other delegations that if Gov. Hendricks would accept the nomination for Vice President now and make the race, there should be no opposition in the Democratic party to his nomination for President four years hence. This agreement to be held good, whether the Democrats are successful this year or not.—Indianapolis Journal.

Notwithstanding this bargaining over the highest office in the gift of the American people, all the thirsty Democrats in the land will stick to Tilden like sick kittens to hot bricks. It is in the blood, and there is no relief for it.

IN the Republican Convention at Cincinnati there was but one expression of opinion on the currency question. Every man declared it to be an organic principle that the country should delay no longer the fulfillment of its promises to its creditors. At St. Louis even the most rigorous discipline scarcely served to carry the specious resolution which it was admitted was inserted not as an exponent of the party feeling, but as a necessity. A sprat to catch a whale. Mr. Dorsheimer might have spared his vehemence. The American people are not apt to mistake the substance of chalk for the flavor of cheese. They know now, and will know it better before November, that the success of Democracy means the final postponement of promised industrial prosperity and the repudiation of the nation's financial promises.

THE Supreme Court of New York has held that entering a *nolle prosequi* of an indictment does not bar an action for malicious prosecution on the part of the person charged in the indictment. This decision opens the door for Frank Moulton to proceed with his suit against Beecher; and Frank swears he is bound to go for him. As Frank has just gone into the wholesale salt business, it is presumed that he will have a rod in pickle for Plymouth Church on the scandal question. But Frank must look out lest his salt shall lose its savor.

"A WRECKER of railroads" is the happy title which Daniel Webster Voorhees, the Democratic orator of Indiana, gave to Governor Tilden before his nomination. The title is one of great significance, considering the Governor's operations in sundry Western railroads, which ruined the stockholders and gave him millions. Tilden is the man of two R.'s—Railroad-wrecker and Reform.

IN the estimate of some of the papers at the North, Alabama is put down to Hayes and Wheeler. How can that be, while there are two Republicans parties within the State, and the Democrats are united.—Mobile Tribune.

There is no difference among Republicans about supporting Hayes and Wheeler, that we are aware of. Every Republican and thousands of Democrats, so-called, will no doubt vote for the sound money and reform ticket headed by Hayes and Wheeler.

WHILE some are waiting to see how Schurz stands on the candidate question and others are pleading with disgusted and bolting Democratic newspapers behold! here comes Judge Davis, of Illinois, announcing that he will work and vote for the Hayes ticket.

THE Tilden and Hendricks ticket is thought to be like a poor clothespin, because it straddles the line too loosely to hold the Schurz on.

THE Albany, N. Y. Argus says: "The Argus would like to support an honest Democrat as against Governor Hayes and Samuel J. Tilden, there is not an independent paper in the State of New York that will not support Governor Hayes as a matter of patriotic duty."

SAYLER is Sammy Cox's Old Man of the Sea.

"REFORM Morrissey and Tilden" is the Chicago Tribune's motto. It reads best without commas.

Rightly used a barrel of money goes a long way—say from New York to St. Louis.

Gatling guns are to be used to fire Hendricks salutes. The Governor made a few contracts for these guns a few years since.

SOLID WEALTH!

$600,000 IN GIFTS.

Grandest Scheme ever Presented to the Public.

A Fortune for only $12.

The Kentucky Cash Distribution Company, authorized by a special act of the Kentucky Legislature, for the benefit of the Public Schools of Frankfort, will have the first of their series of Grand Drawing at Major Hall, in the city of Frankfort, Ky., on THURSDAY, AUGUST 31, 1876, on which occasion they will distribute to the ticket-holders the immense sum of

$600,000.

THOS. P. PORTER, ex-Gov. of Kentucky, General Manager.

POSITIVELY NO POSTPONEMENT.

LIST OF GIFTS:

One Grand Cash Gift			$100,000
One Grand Cash Gift			50,000
One Grand Cash Gift			25,000
One Grand Cash Gift			20,000
One Grand Cash Gift			10,000
One Grand Cash Gift			5,000
50 Cash Gifts of	$1,000	each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	500	each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	400	each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts of	300	each	30,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200	each	40,000
600 Cash Gifts of	100	each	60,000
10,000 Cash Gifts of	12	each	120,000
Total, 11,156 Gifts, All Cash			600,000

PRICE OF TICKETS:

Whole tickets $12; Halves $6; Quarters $3; 9 Tickets $100; 27½ Tickets $300; 46¾ Tickets $500; 95¾ Tickets $1,000. 100,000 Tickets at $12 each. Remittances can be made by Express, Draft, Postoffice Money order or Registered Letter, made payable to Kentucky Cash Distribution Company.

All communications connected with the distribution, and orders for Tickets, and applications of Agents to sell Tickets, should be addressed to

HON. THOS. P. PORTER,
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$10 to $500 in Wall Street often lead to fortune. A 72 page book entitled: "Men and Idioms of Wall Street," explaining everything

SENT FREE. JOHN HICKLING & Co., Bankers and Brokers Broadway, New York.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Expressly for the State Journal by the Southern and Atlantic Telegraph Line.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—The following dispatch was received here this morning: Gen. W. T. Sherman, Washington, D. C.: Your dispatch received. I think it premature to ask for volunteers of cavalry with the attendant expense. Six companies of the 22d infantry were given to Gen. Terry. He will have about two thousand men. Gen. Crooke in a few days will have 1,500 men and I send him Merrill's eight companies of the Fifth cavalry, four hundred strong, which will make him over 2,000 strong. We are all right. Give us a little time. I deeply deplore the loss of Custer and his officers and men. I fear it was an unnecessary sacrifice, due to misapprehension and a superabundance of courage, the latter extraordinarily developed in Custer. I will keep in constant communication with you, and if I should see the slightest necessity for additional mounted men, which, unfortunately, cannot be furnished from my meagre command, I will not hesitate to ask for them if Congress will give the $200,000, which I have asked for, for the past two years, for the establishing of the posts at the mouth of the Big Horn. It will be in the interest of economy, and will settle the Sioux question. It should be remembered that the loss of Custer and the men with him must have been attended by at least a corresponding loss on the part of the Indians.

[Signed.] P. H. SHERIDAN,
Lieutenant General.

Senate.

Mr. Morton, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported a bill to continue in force the act providing, temporarily, for the expenses of the government for ten days, from the 10th of July. Passed.

Mr. Kernan introduced a bill for the better protection of life and property at sea. Referred.

Mr. Authony, from the Committee on Printing, reported a bill to continue the work under the Congressional printer for ten days after July 10th. Passed.

Mr. Morton called up the resolution directing tha Committee on Printing to investigate the official conduct of the Congressional Printer. Without action the resolution went over.

Mr. Wadleigh called up the House bill to supply an omission in the enrollment of the deficiency bill, approved March 3, 1875. Passed.

At 12 o'clock the Senate was called to order as a court of impeachment.

Gen. E. D. Townsend, Adjutant General, was re-called and his examination continued by Mr. McMahon, one of the managers. The witness was shown two letters from Evans, accepting the appointment of post trader; one to Secretary Belknap, direct, dated November 25, 1870, and another dated December 12, and addressed to the Adjutant General's office. It is supposed the latter was written to comply with instructions contained in the letter of appointment and report through the Adjutant General's office. The next was the letter of Gen. Grierson, in which he reiterates that the firm represented to him that they had to pay large sums to a Mr. Marsh, of New York city, already made public through the House investigation. The letter was endorsed as submitted to the Secretary of War, March 22, 1872.

House.

Mr. Young, from committee on public buildings and grounds, reported a bill to authorize the purchase of a lot of ground for the erection of a public building at Danville Va. Objected to and withdrawn.

Mr. Cox of New York, asked leave to offer a resolution directing the Secretary of War to report to the House the object of the expeditions of Gens. Crooke and Terry against the Sioux Indians; to report the necessity of such expedition, and to transmit all the correspondence, orders etc., relating to the object.

Mr. Young then objected.

Mr. Bern, of Kentucky moved to reconsider the vote committing to committee of Indian affairs, the bill of the Senate authorizing the appointing a commission of five persons to negotiate with the Sioux Indians for a portion of their reservation in Dakota Teritory.

The House refused to entertain the motion to reconsider.

The regular order being then demanded the House resumed the consideration of the bill pending in the last morning hour, as reported from the committee on Indian affairs, declaring all the territory north of the North Platte, and east of the Big Horn mountain in Wyoming portion of the Black Hills, open to exploration and settlement.

The conference committee of the two houses on the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill have reached an agreement and it is quite possible that the bill will be disposed of this afternoon.

It is the impression of a good many senators that the impeachment trial will not last more than ten days, the outlook now is quite promising for an adjournment about the latter part of the present month.

The President, Secretary Cameron and General Sherman held a consultation at the White House last evening, and the subject of the Indian war was discussed at considerable length.

The first official act of Secretary Morrill upon taking charge of the Treasury Department yesterday afternoon, was the approval of the bond of Mr. Wyman, as Treasurer. This removed Mr. New from the treasuryship, who transferred to his successor the office, in which business was resumed to-day.

Immediately on receipt of the news at Augusta, Maine, that Mr. Morrill had entered upon his duties as Secretary of the Treasury, Governor Connor waited upon Mr. Blaine and tendered him the appointment of United States Senator, stating that it was the desire of the Republicans of the State that he should fill the vacancy. Mr. Blaine will probably accept. He was not quite as well yesterday as for two or three days previous.

WEATHER.—In the South Atlantic and Gulf States, Tennessee and Ohio Valleys, areas of rain during Sunday, partly cloudy weather, southeast to southwest winds, and no decided change in temperature and barometer.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 8.—Columbus special says: Gov. Hayes has written his letter of acceptance, and will, it is understood, give it to the press in time to appear Monday morning.

A few details regarding the Indian massacre have been received further than the one already published. A special dispatch from Little Horn via Bismarck says Custer's body was not mutilated when found, although the others were. He lay as if asleep, his face calm and a smile on his lips. Reno and his remnant of the seventh cavalry must also have fallen had not Gibbons appeared to rescue them. Nothing is known of the battle in which Custer and his comrades perished except what can be surmised from the appearance of the field. Maj. Reno says he advanced upon the Indian village with his command, and encountered but little resistance; he deployed in a plain between the bluff and the river; the first intimation of danger was the appearance of masses of Indians on the bluff and on the left flank of Reno's command. The Indians opened a heavy fire from the bluff and at the same time charged in front. The troops behaved gallantly driving the Indians back, but the fire from the bluff was so severe that Reno's men were forced towards the river, he ordered them into the timber before they dismounted to fight on foot; the Indians tried several times to dislodge them but ineffectually; they charged both on ponies and on foot; they tried to work round in the rear but Reno charged them through the timber. The Indians pressed so hard and and were so numerous that Reno ordered his men to mount and cut their way through. A wild scramble for life followed, it was everybody for himself; it was a hand to hand fight; one soldier having sometimes as many as five Indians upon him; the troops used their revolvers at short range. They then dashed through the timber, crossed the river and ascended the high bank opposite, the Indians meanwhile maintaining a deadly fire. The slaughter at the ford was terrible—horses and men were shot and rolled down the bank into the river. The Indians charged the high bank but were repulsed. They then began to draw off. It was surmised that the large mass of Indians were somewhere else. Reno then became anxious about Custer, but his attention was soon occupied by a large body of Indians which were preparing to attack him. The men sheltered their wounded and dug rifle pits and prepared for the battle. The Indians charged on the fort and made a tremendous effort to route the soldiers. The fight was desperate and hand to hand. The Indians finally retired. Fighting continued at intervals, and at night the troops were completely surrounded. At daylight on the 26th, the battle was resumed. The Indians numbered from two to four thousand. Reno's command numbered barely four hundred. His men were without water for 36 hours and were desperate. The horses and the wounded were perishing for water, which was only a mile off, but the ground was full of Indian sharpshooters on both sides of the river. Reno determined to get water at all hazards. One company took the camp-kettles and canteens while another charged down the hillside and engaged the Indians while water was being taken by the first company. Five men fell in this charge. The Indians withdrew later, and at night were nearly all gone. On the sixth day Gibbon's command arrived and relieved Reno.

The statement of Geo. Herndon, one of Custer's scouts, who was with Reno, but was cut off from his command during the fight, is published. He says he believes that Custer thought the village was abandoned or about to be. After the first skirmish between Reno's command and the Indians, Herndon heard cannon firing down the river, which he learned proceeded from Custer's command. He gives a graphic description of the fight between the Indians and Reno. Part of the desperate fighting at the ford, however, he did not see. He thinks some of the troops have been captured and tortured. Herds of squaws and old gray haired Indians were roaming over the battle field after the fight, killing and robbing the wounded. Six squaws were killed by the Rees Indian allies. He estimates the strength of the Indians at 3,000 that fought Reno first, then finished Custer, then came back to finish Reno, but were frightened off by Gibbon's approach. Sitting Bull commanded in person. The Chiefs carried flags. He does not believe that one of Custer's men escaped. They were surrounded by at least 2,500 Indians.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 8.—A large and influential meeting of representatives of the North and Northeast Lancastershire Cotton Spinners and Manufacturers Association, was held at Manchester yesterday. It was unanimously resolved that the time had arrived when a reduction of 15 per cent. should be made in the wages of operatives in the cotton trade districts. Meetings of the various local associations will be held on Wednesday next. The resolution will effect from fifty to sixty thousand operatives. The notice issued by the Masters in the Migen and Tyldesley districts, for a reduction of 15 per cent. in miner's wages, having expired on Wednesday, the men came out on a strike, but it is expected they will yield in a few days on account of trade being much depressed. Yesterday several large and enthusiastic meetings were held in West Brownwich and Oldbury districts, to consider the Master's notice for an increase in the number of working hours, and resolutions were unanimously adopted to resist to the utmost any attempt at encroachments on the present working hours. Both Masters and men are very resolute.

LIVERPOOL, July 8.—The Blackburn correspondent of the Post telegraphs that the amalgamated masters in North and Northeast Lancastershire, have not only agreed to adopt short time, but most likely the rule will be four days per week instead of six as now. They have also resolved upon a reduction of wages, and should a vigorous resistance be attempted a lock-out will be the result.

KANSAS.

LEAVENWORTH, July 8.—General Pope has issued an order directing General Miles, with six companies of the 5th infantry to report at once at the scene of the Sioux war. The companies so ordered are stationed one at Fort Gibson, one at Fort Hayes, one at Fort Riley and three at Fort Leavenworth. Gen. Miles has the reputation of being one of the best Indian fighters in the army.

Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

JULY 8.—Our market to-day is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary	8⅛@8¼
Good Ordinary	9¼@—
Strict Good Ordinary	10 @—
Low Middling	10½@—
Middling	11⅛@—

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

(CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.

Bacon—C R Sides	12½@	12¾
" Shoulders	10½@	10¾
Bulk—C R Sides	11½@	11¾
" Shoulders	8½@	—
Plain Sugar-cured Hams	14 @	—
Canvas'd "	15 @	15½
Lard—Choice, in tierces	13½@	13¾
" " ½ bbls	14½@	14¾
" " kegs	14½@	15
" " buckets	3 15 @	3 25
Sugar—Snow White	11 @	—
" W. C	10½@	10¾
" Y. C	10½@	10¾
" Strictly Choice	10 @	10¼
" Prime	9¾@	9¾
" Fair	8¾@	9
Molasses—Choice	65 @	70
" Prime	60 @	65
" Fair	45 @	50
" Common	35 @	40
Coffee—Choice	22 @	—
" Prime	22 @	21½
" Fair	21 @	21½
" Common	20 @	20½
Rice—Choice	8 @	8¼
" Prime	7 @	7½
" Fair	6¾@	7
Flour—Fancy	8 00 @	8 50
" Choice	7 50 @	7 75
" Family	6 25 @	7 00
" Superfine	5 00 @	5 50
" Common	4 75 @	5 00
Tobacco	42 @	1 00
Whisky—Rectified	1 08 @	1 35
" Bottler Grades	1 50 @	3 50
Wine—Port and Sherry	1 25 @	2 00
" Claret	3 50 @	6 00
Brandies	$ 1 25 @	2 50
" French	6 00 @	10 00
" Peach and Apple	2 00 @	3 50
Gin	1 40 @	2 25
" in cases	6 00 @	7 00
Beer in bottles, per doz	1 65 @	1 75
" in kegs	2 50 @	—
Cigars, per thousand	18 00 @	60 00
CASE GOODS—		
Oysters, 1 lb cans, per doz	90 @	1 00
" 2 " " "	1 75 @	2 00
Fresh Peaches, 2 lb cans, per doz	2 00 @	2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case	4 00 @	4 25
" Cherries, " "	4 25 @	4 50
Sardines, ¼ boxes, " "	16 00 @	16 50
Condensed Milk, " "	11 00 @	12 00
Yeast Powders, per doz	1 50 @	2 10
Pickles, gall's, " "	5 00 @	6 00
" ½ " " "	3 75 @	4 50
" ¼ " " "	2 50 @	3 00
" ⅛ " " "	1 50 @	2 00
Soda, in kegs, " lb	5½@	6
" ¼ lbs, " "	6½@	7½
Potash, " doz	5 50 @	6 00
Candles, full weight, per lb	16½@	17½
Soaps, " "	5 @	7½
Starch, " "	4½@	6¾
Salt, Liverpool, per sack	1 35 @	1 40
" fine Liverpool	1 00 @	—
" Virginia, "	2 10 @	2 25
Drop Shot	2 50 @	—
Buck Shot	2 75 @	—
Powder, " keg	5 75 @	6 25
Nails, standard rate, per keg	3 50 @	—
Snuff—Macaulay, Lorillard's	80 @	—
" Miller's	75 @	—
" Gail & Ax	70 @	—
" Scotch, per gross	9 00 @	—
" Garrett's, per doz	4 75 @	—
Ink, per case	1 50 @	—
Mustard, per dozen	1 25 @	3 00
Ground Spices	1 00 @	1 25
" Pepper	1 00 @	1 25
" Ginger	1 00 @	1 25
" Allspice	1 00 @	1 25
" Cloves	1 00 @	1 25
" Cinnamon	1 50 @	—
Percussion Caps	60 @	80
" G. D. Caps	45 @	—
Toilet Soaps, box	1 75 @	2 75
Shaving, box	50 @	1 00
Soy-King Tooth Powder	50 @	60
Tea	75 @	1 25
Wampoo Bitters	6 50 @	—
Diamond Gin	8 50 @	—
Plantation Bitters	8 50 @	—
Hostetter's Bitters	8 50 @	—
Rhine Wine	8 00 @	12 00
Wrapping Paper, Large	75 @	—
" D C	65 @	—
" Medium	50 @	—
" Small	40 @	—
Nutmegs	1 75 @	—
Bronze	2 75 @	3 50

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, July 8.—Money closed at 2. Gold 112. Stocks dull.

COTTON.

Spot cotton today closed quiet: Middling Orleans 11 15-16c; middling Alabama, 11¾c; middling upland, 11¾c; strict low middling upland, 11¼; low middling upland, 11 1-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10¾c; good ordinary upland, 9 15-16c; ordinary upland, 8 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed quiet; sales 23,500 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 21-32@11 13-16
August	11 31-32@12
September	11 15-16@11 31-32
October	11 25-32c
November	11 25-32@11 11-16
December	11 29-32@11 11-16

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 8.—Cotton flat: middling uplands, 6¼; middling Orleans, 6 1-4; sales, to-day 6,000 bales, of which 1000 bales are for export and speculation; receipts —— bales, American —— bales.

SAVANNAH, July 8.—Receipts 202, gross 202; exports to Great Britain ——; sales 75; stock 1,-958; price of middlings, 10¾c; market quiet.

PROVISION MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 8.—Flour quiet, extra $4.25@5.75. Wheat steady, No. 2 spring $1.06. Corn firm, No. 2 mixed 46—c, new mixed 43c. Oats dull, No. 2 mixed 30½c. Rye dull, 64@65½c. Barley dull, 90c. Mess Pork firm, $19.50—. Lard dull, 11½c. Dry Salt Meats quiet, shoulders 8¾c, long clear 11½c. Green Meats quiet and unchanged. Whisky quiet, $1.10.

ST. LOUIS, July 8.—Pork dull, $20 50@—. Cut meats unchanged. Bacon lower, shoulders 8¾@9c, clear rib —— clear 13¼@13½c.

NEW ORLEANS, July 8.—Sugar strong, fair 7@7½c, prime 8c. Molasses, demand good, choice 48@50c, strictly prime 52c. Flour dull, superfine $5.75, choice family $6.75@7.75. Pork steady, mess $24.00@24.75. Corn, in sacks, white 55c, mixed 54c, yellow 58c. Oats quiet, 42c. Hay prime $15@16. Dry Salt Meats, shoulders 8¼@9—, clear rib sides 12½c, clear 12c. Bacon, shoulders 10½c, clear rib sides 13¾@13¾c, clear 14c. Hams, choice sugar cured, 14¾c. Lard, scarce tierce 14½c, Keg 14¾@15c, buc

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

SUNDAY, JULY 9 1876.

TRICKY SAM TILDEN.

Running a Still and Paying No Tax—Tweed's Protege as a Revenue Defrauder.

There is pending in the Circuit Court of Cook county, Illinois, a suit against Samuel J. Tilden in which the facts of his gross misbehavior as trustee and attorney of the Chicago and Alton Railway are fully set forth. In the bill, which was filed about two months ago, Mr. Tilden is charged, in connection with Louis H. Myer, with having received and disposed of bonds for which he has never accounted, and with appropriating $150,000 of funds belonging to the corporation to his own use. An injunction has been issued by Judge Williams forbidding Mr. Tilden to dispose of any more of the stocks or bonds of the road, and requiring him to appear and answer the charged preferred against him. In addition to the above, a suit is pending against Tilden in the United States Court for the Southern District of New York charging him with having tricked the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad out of nearly $1,000,000. We stated in a former article the charges brought against him in St. Louis. It should be remembered, as before stated, that these are not new facts, raked up since his nomination, but matters of record, standing on the dockets of the courts. That they will give the reformer trouble before the election is over is highly probable.

But it is not in railway matters alone that Mr. Tilden will need to explain. His connection with Tammany will be ventilated, and it seems from the following that he will need to explain certain other transactions which at present look bad. A correspondent for a morning paper, hearing that Mr. George W. Guysi, of Cincinnati, had some interesting facts regarding Tilden to communicate, waited upon that gentleman, and learned the following particulars:

"In 1866 or 1867 in the winter, I can't tell exactly what month, I was sent over to investigate an irregularity there in the Tilden laboratory. They called it a laboratory. The Tilden Bros. were distilling there and paying no tax. The tax at that time was $2 per gallon. They claimed that they had chemicals in the mash. They had a regular distillery, and were mashing from 100 to 125 bushels per day. They claimed that it came out ether."

Reporter—What was the distillation?

Mr. Guysi—Alcoholic, of course.

R.—And subject to the tax of $2?

Mr. G.—Certainly.

R.—Had they been paying anything?

Mr. G.—Not a cent.

R.—And the tax was then $2 per gallon?

Mr. G.—Yes.

R.—How long had this been going on?

Mr. G.—Well, I can't exactly say now. The tax ought to have been in the neighborhood of $700 or $800 per day.

R.—Had this been going on long?

Mr. G.—Well, for some months, at least. I can't give you the figures, as all my papers were destroyed by fire, but the reports in Washington will show.

R.—What did you do with the case?

Mr. G.—I stopped them, and turned the matter over to the Assessor there, to collect what was due from them.

R.—Do you know what was the result?

Mr. G.—I don't know, but I have no doubt the reports on file at Washington will show the whole case up.

R.—What was your position then?

Mr. G.—I was a special agent of the Internal Revenue Department.

This, in these days, would mean a year or two or the penitentiary or jail, and confiscation and fine. It is fortunate for Mr. Tilden that the offense did not occur in this centennial year, otherwise he might find the situation extremely awkward, and his acceptance of the St. Louis nomination depending on a disagreeable contingency.

Walker and Rice.

[Noah's N. Y. Sunday Times.]

The Evening Telegram says that General Pope Walker, a delegate to the St. Louis Convention from Alabama, and who was once the Confederate Secretary of War, made a speech in Montgomery, at the outbreak of the rebellion, in which he predicted that the Confederate flag would soon float over the Capitol at Washington and that the Confederate army would dictate terms of peace in Independence Hall in Philadelphia. Pope Walker, while unquestionably a lawyer of ability, was a bad prophet. He was over-sanguine at that time of the success of the Confederate arms, and no doubt still believes that "truth, crushed to the earth, will rise again." Nevertheless, he will support Governor Tilden in the coming canvass, and would not object, in event of Democratic success, to exchange the classic court-house at Huntsville for the portfolio of the Department of Justice. Independence Hall, however, is now utilized to more peaceful purposes than dictating an armistice between contending armies, and since Fitzhugh's dismissal, the danger of flying the Confederate flag at Washington has been averted. It is rather remarkable, however, to find ex-Judge Sam Rice, of Alabama, one of General Walker's most trusted Confederates in rebellion times, and a secessionist who out-Heroded Herod, Chairman of the Republican Executive Committee of that State, and 'rahing for Hayes and Wheeler, most stentoriously.

Our contemporary is mistaken in saying that Judge Rice is Chairman of the State Executive Committee of the Republican party of Alabama. He is the attorney of an organization known as the Smith reformers, a small body of Republicans, and writes all their addresses, editorials, pronunciamentoes, letters, and other documents for public digestion.

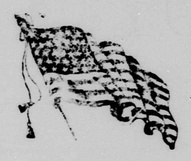
THE Louisiana Radical convention has nominated Packard for the United States Senate.—Atlanta Times, 6.

For truth, commend us to the Democratic press? The idea of a convention of the people nominating a man for the United States Senate! Get an editor, neighbor Times. Your reputation will suffer among intelligent men, else.

While Hayes creates no enthusiasm, he is liked by everybody, and all the sections of the party can combine upon him. He has never had an unamiable word to say about any of his opponents. Hayes is a splendid man, there's no doubt about it. His reputation is without flaw or stain.—Senator Thurman.

THE immortal words of John Adams were indeed prophetic. Bonfires, the ringing of bells and the roaring of cannon annually make good the prediction of the noble old patriot who gave his voice and signature to the great Declaration of a hundred years ago. All honor to him, and to all of the heroic signers. Eulogy can hardly overpaint their praise, nor admiration scarce surpass their merit. Let each name forever be consecrated to Freedom, and each forever find a sanctuary in every patriot's heart.

Union Republican Ticket.



FOR GOVERNOR:
JAS. S. CLARKE, of Morgan.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
THOS. T. ALLINGTON, of Lauderdale.

FOR AUDITOR:
GEORGE P. PLOWMAN, of Talladega.

FOR TREASURER:
BENJ. M. LONG, of Walker.

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL:
ROBT S. HEFLIN, of Randolph.

FOR SUP'T OF EDUCATION:
P. J. GLOVER, of Marengo.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:
L. C. COULSON, of Jackson.
CHAS. E. MAYER, of Mobile.

District Electors.

FIRST DISTRICT—Lou H Mayer of Mobile.

SECOND DISTRICT—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.

THIRD DISTRICT—P G Clarke of Barbour.

FOURTH DISTRICT — J T Rapier of Lowndes.

FIFTH DISTRICT—S S Booth of Autauga.

SIXTH DISTRICT—A B Hays, of Winston.

SEVENTH DISTRICT—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.

EIGHTH DISTRICT—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

Regular State Executive Committee.

Chas. E Mayer Chairman; George Turner, Secretary.

First District—C S Wood, Allen Alexander.

Second District—William M Loftin, Frenchard Gray

Third District—W H Black, Philip King.

Fourth District—M G Candee, H Cochran.

Fifth District—Wm J Boon, J H Alston.

Sixth District — Charles Hays, C C Sheats.

Seventh District—Arthur Bingham, H L Waddington.

Eighth District—George E. Spencer, Z E Thomas.

Regular Ticket of Montgomery County.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

CHARLES STEELE.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

T. C. BINGHAM, W. H. CRUSIUS,
J. K. GREENE, J. K. P. LUCAS.

Regular County Executive Committee.

PAUL STROBACH, Chairman. T. C. BINGHAM, Secretary.

Clark Evans, W. M. Loftin, W. J. Maxwell, Wm. Anthony, Thos. Oliver, Aug. Montgomery, Randall Chilton, John Breckenridge.

Charles Loper, Geo. Allen, Ab. Davis, Br. McDaniel, Chas. Johnson, Jos. Barnett, Parrish Phillips,

PLATFORM

—OF THE—

REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections State and Federal, announce as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men as the fundamental principle of our government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperiling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the cordial recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing intolerance, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and action, in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and antipaties, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the States and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one as indestructible, the other as indissoluble.

5th. The preservation and maintainance of the Republican party in the Southern States, as a safeguard against sectionalism, and the strongest guaranty of an inviolate union.

Resolved 1st. That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has carried the nation through a period of unprecedented difficulties and trials with safety and success, and has won for the President a renown as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd, That we deplore the divisions in our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies, and that now, as in the past; we are ready and desirous of healing these divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse to its energies or hope to its future, since the war, and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

ALEX WHITE, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 15th, 1876.)

When, in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved these governments to the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.' Until those truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously enforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitution al amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts of its purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin. Commercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the many important amendments effected by Republican Legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congess to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who periled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We therefore note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts as its chief hope of success on the electoral vote of a united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation; we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil the national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason; with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes; with reasserting and applauding in the National Capitol the sentiments of unrepented rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan mismanagement and obstruction of investigation; with proving itself, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and immense services in war and in peace.

Another Credit Mobilier.

SAMUEL J. TILDEN'S TERRE HAUTE RECORD—FACTS AND FIGURES FOR THE PEOPLE—THE COMPLAINT FILED IN THE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—"ADDITION, DIVISION, AND SILENCE!"

[From the New York Express (Dem.)]

There is at present a bill before the United States Circuit Court for the Southern district of New York, sitting in equity, wherein the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad Company appears as complainant and Mr. Samuel J. Tilden as the most prominent defendant. The complaint, in brief, demands an account of certain moneys or securities entrusted to the defendants, and Mr. Tilden, in brief, replies by asking and getting time to answer *until the first of July.*

THE FORECLOSURE OF THE RAILROAD.

According to the complaint in this case, on Feb. 14, 1855, the Terre Haute and Alton Company and the Belleville and Illinoistown Railroad Company were consolidated, under the title of the Terre Haute, Alton and St. Louis Railroad Company. Subsequently the new Terre Haute, Alton and St. Louis Company became financially embarrassed, and unable to pay the interest on the mortgages of the old companies which it had assumed, as well as on its own; and bills of foreclosure, asking for the sale of the property, were filed by the trustees of the second mortgages of the original companies in the United States Circuit Courts of the districts of Indiana and Southern Illinois, in which actions decrees of foreclosure and sale were about to be entered. Upon this, about April 15, 1861, the bond and stockholders and the general creditors of the company subscribed to a general plan of reorganization, which embraced the purchase of the road, the chartering of a new corporation, and the creation and disposal of stock and securities.

A committee of five were appointed agents to carry this plan into effect. The committee were *Samuel J. Tilden*, Robert Bayard, Joseph Tuckerman, John G. Richardson and Charles Butler. On March 24, 1865, in Alton, Ill., the road was sold by auction, and purchased by this committee for $800,000, and a new corporation was formed soon afterwards, under the title of the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad Company, with *Samuel J. Tilden*, Robert Bayard, John Tuckerman, John G. Richardson and Russell Sage as incorporators. By the act of incorporation the new company was empowered to assume the liabilities of the old company and make settlements, using for that purpose the new company's stock and bonds, the settlements to be made within six months after the organization, and all claimants to be debarred from the benefits of the act unless their claims were surrendered and settled within that six months.

THE ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND TERRE HAUTE ROAD.

On June 27, 1862, a meeting of the Board of Directors was held at the Company's office, No. 12 Wall street, in this city. Samuel J. Tilden and the other members of the Purchasing Committee were among the directors. One of them offered a series of resolutions, which were referred to Purchasing-Committee-Member-and-Director Samuel J. Tilden, as Counsel of the Company. On the following day the Board met again at the same place, and Purchasing Committee-Member-Director-and-Counsel-for-the Corporation Samuel J. Tilden reported the resolutions, which were to the effect that certain bonds and stock should be issued and created and handed over to Samuel J. Tilden and his Purchasing Committee for the payment of the purchase money and the settlement of claims. The bonds and stock authorized by the charter and directed to be issued by these resolutions, were as follows:

First mortgage bonds.....	$2,200,000	
2d mortgage, pref'd..	$2,800,000	
Income..	1,700,000	
		4,500,000
Stock—Preferred ...	$1,700,000	
Common	2,050,000	
		3,750,000
Total		$10,450,000

HAUL NUMBER ONE.

The complaint sets forth that on June 30, 1862, the Purchasing Committee conveyed to themselves by deed the above amount of stocks and bonds, *with the addition* of $250,000 common stock, whose issue was never authorized by anybody; that is, they gave themselves $4,000,000 worth of certificates of stock, instead of the $3,750,000 above set forth as authorized by the charter and the resolutions of the Board. This quarter of a million over-issue of stock, says the complaint, is still outstanding as part of the liabilities of the company, and the stockholders want to know who has got it and where it is. Mr. Tilden will probably explain after the Convention. He refuses to do so before it.

The Trustee and Surviving Receiver of the old company, who sold the property to Tilden and his Purchasing Committee, was Mr. Azariah C. Flagg. He made a report to the bondholders of the old company in 1863, and of that report the report of the new company for the same year, signed by the Tilden Purchasing Committee, thus speaks:

"The proceedings of the Committee of Bondholders and Stockholders on reorganization—to-wit, Samuel J. Tilden and the Purchasing Committee—are all stated in the report of Mr. Flagg with such *particularity* as to render any further statement superfluous."

HAUL NUMBER TWO.

The reader will please glance again at the above list of bonds and stock issued. The report of Mr. Flagg, thus commended for "particularity," states that the claims settled by the first mortgage bonds of $2,200,000, amounted to only $2,045,740.41, leaving a balance in the hands of the Tilden Purchasing Committee of $154,259 59. The stockholders want Mr. Tilden to tell them where that went to, and Mr. Tilden has answered in effect, "Wait until after the St. Louis Convention."

HAUL NUMBER THREE.

The reader will please look again at the table and note the issue of 4,500,000 second mortgage bonds, preferred and income. Mr. Flag's report states with much and cruel "particularity" that the amount of claims settled by this issue was only $4,369,545.89, leaving a pride of $130,454.11 which the stockholders ask Mr. Tilden to account for; but he says he won't do it till after the adjournment of the Convention, and does *not* say that he will do it even then.

HAUL NUMBER FOUR.

Another glance at the table above will reveal the issue of $1,700,000 preferred stock. With most aggravating "particularity" the report of Mr. Flagg sets down the amount of liabilities settled by this issue at $1,568,700, leaving a wretched margin of $131,300 to be accounted for by Mr. Tilden, which he declares he will not do until after the St. Louis Convention, and won't promise to do it even then.

HAUL NUMBER FIVE.

The annual report of the Directors, showing the condition of the Company on the 1st of January, 1874, stated that the common stock handed over up to that time in liquidating claims, etc., was $1,939,516.85. Please note that the Company was *authorized* to issue $2,050,000, so that to say nothing of the over issue of $250,000 above mentioned, there is still left a balance of $110,483.15 to be accounted for by Mr. Tilden. Mr. Tilden says he'll do nothing of the sort until after the St. Louis Convention. He does not say that he will account for it then

RECAPITULATION OF THE HAULS—AN ALLEGED STEAL OF $1,000,000.

The cry of anguish which comes from the complainant in the last paragraph of his wailings before the Court, is so heartrending that we quote it in all its naked wretchedness.

"And your orator further complains and avers, that the said defendants (Tilden and the Purchasing Committee) have not, nor either of them, ever rendered to your orator any account of the hereinbefore mentioned surplus of $154,060 first mortgage bounds, $130,099 second mortgage bonds, $131,099 preferred stock and $369,000 common stock, or any of the bonds or stocks entrusted to them as members of the said Purchasing Committee, although your orator has repeatedly, by its agents duly authorized, demanded such an account; but, on the contrary, your orator alleges and avers, that the said defendants, or some of them, have refused to render any such account, or to give your orator any explanation of the manner in which, or the purpose for which, the said bonds and stock were issued and disposed of; and your orator charges that the said surplus bonds and stock have been *unlawfully retained by and divided among the said defendants*, or issued and disposed of by them, in violation of their duty as members of the said Purchasing Committee, and of the Board of Directors of the said corporation, complainant herein, and of the trust and confidence reposed in them as such; and that the pecuniary liabilities and burdens of your orator have been, thereby, unjustly and unnecessarily increased to the amount of more than one million dollars."

A SALARY GRAB.

There is one more paragraph in the document worth quoting entire, anticipating, as it does, any plea that the defendants may offer to the effect that they, or any of them, retained the sums above charged as unaccounted for in compensation for services rendered.

"And your orator further shows that, at a meeting of the said Purchasing Committee, held Nov. 3, 1862, it was resolved that the compensation of Mr. Bayard be $3,000 per annum for three years of his services as Chairman of the Committee; and it was further resolved that the $2,5000 per annum for three years, in full for special services in various capacities; and Mr. Tilden (to wit, *Samuel J. Tilden*, one of the parties defendant herein) having stated his claims for services at $10,000 against the second mortgage and a like sum as against the first mortgage, and the reorganization, it was resolved that the same be allowed at said sums, in full of such services;" and that accordingly the sums were paid to the said parties, nearly $9,000 to Bayard, $7,500 to Butler and *twenty thousand dollars to Samuel J. Tilden.*

All this Mr. Tilden has been called upon from time to time to explain, but he has invariably managed to postpone his explanation, until he finally succeeded in getting the Court to grant him time to file his definite answer to this complaint until something like a week after the adjournment of the St. Louis Convention.

National Republican Platform Adopted at Cincinnati, June, 1876.

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league.

2. The work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. To every American citizen, complete liberty and exact equality.

4. Steady progress towards specie payment.

5. Appointments selected with sole reference to efficiency and faithful service to the country.

6. Punishment to all who betray official trust.

7. The Public School system is the bulwark of the American republic, and for its security the application of public funds to sectarian schools should be forbidden.

8. Revenue MUST be derived from duties on importation.

9. No grants of public lands to corporations and monopolies.

10. The same protection to adopted American citizens as to native-born.

11. Duty of Congress to investigate the Chinese puzzle.

12. Woman's rights to be respected.

13. Polygamy to be prohibited and extirpated.

14. The nation's pledges to soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled.

15. The Democratic party count on a united South arrayed against the nation.

16. The Democratic party is the same in character and spirit as when in sympathy with treason.

17. Hearty gratitude of the American people to President Grant and his administration, and for his immense services in war and in peace.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

DR. RICE,

No. 37 Court Place,

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1.	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations,	50
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8.	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache,	50
9.	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo,	50
10.	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach,	50
11.	Suppressed, or Painful Periods,	50
12.	Whites, too Profuse Periods,	50
13.	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	50
14.	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	50
15.	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains,	50
16.	Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Agues,	50
17.	Piles, blind or bleeding,	50
18.	Ophthalmy, and Sore or Weak Eyes,	50
19.	Catarrh, Acute or Chronic Influenza,	50
20.	Whooping-Cough, Violent Coughs,	50
21.	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing,	50
22.	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing,	50
23.	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swellings,	50
24.	General Debility, Physical Weakness,	50
25.	Dropsy and Scanty Secretions,	50
26.	Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding,	50
27.	Kidney-Disease, Gravel,	50
28.	Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, or Involuntary Discharges,	1.00
29.	Sore Mouth, Canker,	50
30.	Urinary Weakness, Wetting the Bed,	50
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32.	Sufferings at Change of Life,	1.00
33.	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	1.00
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35.	Chronic Congestions and Eruptions,	50

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Passenger Train—South.

STATIONS.	Arrive.	Leave.
Atlanta	.....	8 55 a m
East Point	9 11	9 13
Fairburn	9 34	9 36
Palmetto	9 48	9 50
Newnan	10 10	10 12
Grantville	10 37	10 39
Whitesville	10 49	10 51
Lagrange	11 04	11 06
West Point	11 30	11 30

Passenger Train—North.

West Point	.....	12 00 m
Long Cane	12 24	12 26 p m
Lagrange	12 50	12 52
Whitesville	1 06	1 08
Hogansville	1 18	1 20
Grantville	1 32	1 34
Phœnix	1 48	1 50
Newnan	2 14	2 16

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

SUNDAY, JULY 9, 1876.

TO A YOUNG LADY ON THE APPROACH OF THE SEASON.

I

At 10 o'clock your maid awakes you;
You breakfast when she's done your hair
At 12 the groom arrives and takes you
In Rotten Row to breath the air.
From 12 to 1 you ride with vigor;
Your horse how gracefully you sit!
Your habit, too, shows off your figure.
And you're an excellent admit.
One other habit I could mention—
I hope your feelings won't be hurt.
But you receive so much attention,
At times fatsy you're a flirt.
Of course you're not annoyed, I merely would
indicate
Your life as you lead it by day and night.

II.

At 2 you've lunch; at 3 it's over.
And then—in shoals arrive
Admirers many, perhaps a lover;
Your next event is tea at 6.
At 6 o'clock you go to Albert Gate,
To occupy yourself contriving
Till dinner time; comes round at 8,
Each hour now flies in stricter advances,
Each hour now flies in attraction with it to rings:
A concert, followed by some dances;
The opera, if Patti sings.

III.

At 2 you waltz at one you've leisure
To try some chicken and champagne;
At 2 you do yourself the pleasure
Of seeing it all over again.
At 3 your partners hate each other—
You scarcely know which loves you best,
But both you hate more to smother,
Each hour now flies with them all you jest.
At 4 your chaperon gives warning
That it is really time to go;
You wish good night, and say next morning,
You'll meet them in the Row.

IV.

My dear, you're so very pretty,
I love you with all my life,
That it would be a downright pity
To look upon you as a wife.
I don't think we'd like—I mean marriage
With all its cares, would accord,
The opera, horses and a carriage,
Are things so few men can afford.
And then you need so much devotion—
I'm sure that we would not try;
But could we find it, I've a notion,
'Twere rich for one man to supply.
Of course you're not annoyed, I merely would
indicate
Your life as you lead it by day and night.

TILDEN AND TWEED.

The Twin Brothers of Tammany—The Modern Reformer Exposed—An Apt Pupil of the Great Robber Tweed—A Characteristic Letter from Horace Greeley—Tilden's Ballot-Box Stuffing.

In 1865, John T. Hoffman was Democratic candidate for Governor of New York against Mr. Fenton, and was beaten by a majority of 13,768. In 1868, Hoffman was again a candidate and was elected by a Democratic majority of 27,-935. This increase of the Democratic majority, in the brief space of two years, by a total of over 40,000 was a matter for profound astonishment to the whole United States, excepting only a small band of faithful Democrats in New York City. To them, headed by Boss Tweed and Samuel J. Tilden, belongs the credit of the astonishing change. It may interest our people to learn something of the method by which it was brought about.

On the eve of the election Samuel J. Tilden addressed to some of the faithful followers of his party, in every county of the State, a circular of which the following is a copy:

ROOMS OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE COM.
October 27, 1868.

MY DEAR SIR—Please at once to communicate with some reliable person in three or four principal towns and in each city of your county, and request him (expenses duly arranged for this end) *to telegraph to William M. Tweed*, Tammany Hall, at the minute of closing the polls, not waiting for the count, such person's estimate of the vote. Let the telegraph be as follows; "This town will show a Democratic gain (or loss) over last year of —— (number)." Or this one, if sufficiently certain: "This town will give a Republican (or Democratic) majority of——." *There is of course, an important object to be attained by a simultaneous transmission at the hour of closing the polls, but not longer waiting.* Opportunity can be taken of the usual half hour lull in telegraphic communication over the lines before accurate results begin to be declared, and before the Associated Press absorb the telegraph with returns and interfere with individual messages, and give orders to watch carefully the count.

Very truly, yours,
SAMUEL J. TILDEN, Chairman.

The italics in the above are ours. They indicate that Mr. Tilden, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, was working in conjunction with Boss Tweed, with an "important object to be attained" whose nature is now known to all. That object was to get the vote of the whole State before them in New York, and then to stuff enough more votes into the city ballot-boxes to produce a Democratic majority. The work was well done. The Democratic majority returned from New York City, at that election, was 69,150. It is now, as Senator Conkling called it in a public speech, an "open secret" that thirty thousand fraudulent votes were added to the count in New York City and Brooklyn, and that Hoffman was deliberately counted in by the nefarious work of Samuel J. Tilden and Boss Tweed.

Previous to the election of the following fall, when these facts had become thoroughly known, Horace Greeley, late the Presidential candidate of the Democratic party, addressed to Mr. Tilden an open letter from which we make the following extracts:

To Samuel J. Tilden, Chairman Democratic State Committee:

SIR—You hold a most responsible and influential position in the councils of a great party. You could make that party content itself with the polling of legal votes if you only would. In our late Constitutional Convention, I tried to erect some fresh barriers against election frauds; did you? The very little that I was enabled to effect in this direction, I shall try to have ratified by the people at our ensuing election. Will you?

Mr. Tilden, you can not escape responsibility by saying, with the guilty Macbeth,

"Thou can'st not say I did it; never shake
Thy gory locks at me!"

for you were at least a passive accomplice in the great frauds of last November. Your name was used without public protest on your part, in circulars sowed over the State, whereof the manifest intent was to "make assurance doubly sure" that the frauds here perpetrated should not be overborne by the honest vote of the rural districts. And you, not merely by silence, but by positive assumption, have covered those frauds with the mantle of your respectability. On the principle that "the receiver is as bad as the thief," you are as deeply implicated in them to-day as though your name were Tweed, O'Brien, or Oakey Hall. * * *

And though our city has largely increased its population, the *lower wards* were quite as populous then (1840) as they are to-day, several of them more so. * * *

Now, look at the vote of four of these wards in 1840 and 1868 respectively:

4 Wards	President, 1840	Governor, 1868
	4,735 | 5,521	2,840 | 20,283

Van Buren's majority, 726; Hoffman's majority 17,443.

Mr. Tilden, you know what this contrast attests. Right well do you comprehend the means whereby the vote of 1868 was thus swelled out of all proportions. There are not 12,000 legal voters living in those wards to-day, though they gave Hoffman 17,443 majority. Had the day been of average length, it would doubtless have been swelled to at least 20,000. There was nothing but time needed to make it 100,000, if so many had been wanted and paid for.

Now, Mr. Tilden, I call on you to put a stop to this business. You have but to walk into the Sheriff's office, the Mayor's and the Supervisor's offices in the City Hall Park, and say that there must be no more of it; SAY IT SO THAT THERE SHALL BE NO DOUBT THAT YOU MEAN IT, and we shall have a tolerably fair election once more.

Will you do it? If we Republicans are swindled once more, as we were swindled last fall, you and such as you will be responsible to God and man for the outrage. Yours, HORACE GREELEY.

New York, October 20, 1869.

TILDEN.

What his own Party Organs Think of Him—Some Interesting Reading for Free Men.

We presume that every Democratic reader of the JOURNAL knows that the Cincinnati Enquirer is the leading Democratic paper of the West. No one conversant with political affairs will deny this fact, we appehend. The following articles from the Enquirer will show what is thought of Mr. Tilden by the leaders of his own party. As they were written by Democrats it is reasonable to infer that they are true, in view of the fact that they have never been denied. We propose to keep them standing in our columns for the present:

[Cincinnati Enquirer, June 5, 1876.]

A private letter just received from New York, from a gentleman of fairness and intelligence, says: "I had a good opinion of Tilden until I came among those that know him, but I find they all agree that his show of reform is a humbug." The recent Albany Conference is corroborative of all this testimony. The controlling politicians, as well as the masses of the people in the Democratic party in New York, who can draw a dividing line between an honest man and a Bengal tiger or a hyperite, are alike well aware that Tilden can not carry his own State, should he, by the wrath of God, be nominated for the Presidency. If there are potent reasons why the Democracy of Tilden's own State are opposed to his nomination, there are more, and greater reasons, why the Democracy of the West and the South should be intelligent and honorable enough to resist his bribes and defeat his nomination. We do not apprehend his nomination, but we are not insensible to the power of money and management. There are a few facts concerning Sam. Tilden, which, we trust, will sink into the minds of Western and Southern Democrats.

1. He can not carry his own State in November.

2. He can not carry any Northern State.

3. He is a hyperite, a political swindler, has long been a public plunderer, and is really the only disreputable candidate prominently named on the Democratic side.

4. He did what he could to defeat the Democratic party of Ohio in 1875, expending his money, and subsidizing the Eastern Democratic press to that end, knowing that Ohio's victory was his defeat, and loving Tilden more than the Democratic party. He has earned the enmity of the West and South.

5. He has sought this high office by methods so unprecedentedly shameless and disreputable that it would be an everlasting stigma upon a Democratic Convention to nominate him, and a reproach upon the American people to elect him if nominated.

6. Upon the foremost question of the hour he is a most pitiless foe of the interests of the West and the South. He is the unscrupulous oppressor of the great, struggling industries of the vast producing sections of the country. No Republican Administration could be more hostile to them than would his.

7. Should "God's Providence, seeming estranged," permit his nomination, by whom and what would he be nominated? By the servile, conscienceless tools that money can purchase; by the most corrupt influences that ever entered into a Presidential nomination; by the system on which all other quack medicines are sold—advertising—and even respectable medical associations reat out of the profession the "Doctors" that will advertise. It would seem that the Democratic party should have as high a respect for the good name of the party and the Government as the vender of pills have for their craft. It could not but be that a man educated in cunning, in hypocrisy, in iniquity, nominated in corruption and shameless effrontery, even though his millions could elect him, would give us the most corrupt Administration the country has ever known. "Neither imperial dignities, nor the gloom of solitude," said Tacitus, "could save Tiberius from himself." And Tilden could not rise above himself, or above the sources of his power.

[Cincinnati Enquirer, June 8, 1876.]

The political jobbers, thieves, and betrayers of the people are very generally in favor of Tilden.

[Cincinnati Enquirer, June 17, 1876.]

Mr. Barlow is the champion railway "undertaker" and jobber of New York. Of course, he's for Tilden. All men of his stripe are. With Tilden in the White House, men of Mr. Barlow's kidney would be very busy and prosperous. All the vicious, thieving, corrupt elements in the Democratic party are moving toward "reform under the banner of Sam Tilden.

[Cincinnati Enquirer, June 23, 1876.]

The kid-glove Democracy, of which Tilden is the chief, have not the confidence and can not obtain the votes of the masses. His nomination will disrupt and disorganize the Democratic party. It means defeat.

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The Polkton (N. C.) Ansonian says: The Herald is one of the neatest papers in the State.

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The Piedmont (N. C.) Press says: The Herald is a sprightly sheet, full of news and other interesting reading matter.

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	Per doz.	Per Gross.
Walker's Rheumatic Cure	$12 00	$10 80
Hurley's Com. Syrup Sarsaparilla, with or without Iod. Potash	7 75	7 50
Hurley's Ague Tonic	7 00	6 50
Hurley's Popular Worm Candy	1 35	14 25
Hurley's Stomach Bitters	7 25	7 00
Seabrook's Infant Soothing Syrup	1 00	16 00
Seabrook's Elix. Pyrophos. Iron and Calisaya	7 50	7 00
Bettison's English Horse Liniment	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Horse Condition Powder	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Chicken Cholera Powder	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Hog Cholera Powder	3 00	30 00
S. & Co.'s Extract Jamaica Ginger, 2 oz.	1 75	18 00
S. & Co.'s Compound Syrup Liquidamber	3 50	37 50
S. & Co.'s Jackson's Pectoral Syrup	3 50	37 50
S. & Co.'s Magic Kid Glove Cleaner	1 75	18 00
S. & Co.'s Oriental Pearl Drops, white or pink	3 00	30 00

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1 oz. 4 doz in box, per doz	$ 50
2 oz. 4 doz in box, per doz	60
4 oz. 2 doz in box, per doz	1 10
½ pint, 1 doz in box, per doz	2 50
1 pint, 1 doz in box, per doz	4 00
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1 qt copying, 1 doz in box, per doz	7 00
2 oz. Black Ink; 4 doz in box, per doz	45
4 oz. Black Ink, 2 doz in box, per doz	70

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2 oz Cork, 1 dozen in box	$1 25
4 oz Cork, 1 dozen in box	2 50
2 oz Glass Stopper, 1 dozen in box	2 50
4 oz Glass Stopper, 1 dozen in box	3 50

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4 oz, 1 dozen in box	1 25
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2 ounce, 6 dozen in box	$ 25	$ 3 60
4 ounce, 4 dozen in box	50	6 00
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8 ounce, 2 dozen in box	90	10 80
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DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

SUNDAY, JULY 9, 1876.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

CATHOLIC.

ST. PETERS.—Rev. Father Savage Pastor. Services at 6 A. M., 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.

EPISCOPAL.

ST. JOHN'S.—Rev. Dr. H. Stringfellow, Rector. Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath School at 9:30 A. M.

HEBREW.

KAHL MONTGOMERY.—Rev. Dr. B. E. Lecots Rabbi. Services at 6:30 P. M., on Friday, and 9 A M. on Saturday.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Rev. G. H. W. Petrie, D. D., Pastor. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 5 P. M. Sabbath School at 9 A. M. Thursday evening at 8 P. M.

METHODIST.

COURT STREET.—Rev. A. S. Andrews, Pastor Services at 11 A M and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath School at 9:30 A. M.

HERRON STREET.—Rev. T. H. Armstrong Pastor. Services at 11 A. M., and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath School at 3:30 P. M.

PROTESTANT.—Rev. J. L. Mills, Pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath School at 9:30 A. M.

BAPTIST.

FIRST.—Rev. D. W. Gwin, D. D. Pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath School at 9:30 A. M.

ADAMS STREET.—Rev. J. Falkner, Pastor Service at 11 A. M. Sabbath School at 9:30 A. M.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MONTGOMERY, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T. C. Bingham will be paidby us.

T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,
dtf. Proprietors.

FIFTH Sunday after Pentecost'.

ORGANIZE is the word—they say.

THE 4th of July was a solid cube.

THE thermometer ranged between 95 and 100 yesterday.

THE American Eagle has shed his moulting feathers.

BUSINESS was dull all along Commerce street yesterday.

THE only ism upon which all men are agreed—patriotism.

YESTERDAY was the anniversary of the massacre of Wyoming Valley, 1778.

So far as heard from but few couples were married in balloons on the fourth.

THE streets of Montgomery are in a terrible condition in more places than one.

PRESIDENT ZACHARY TAYLOR died twenty-six years ago to day—July 9th, 1850.

THE Rev. Thos. K. Armstrong will officiate at the Herron Street M. E. Church this morning.

THE Rev. Father Hamilton of Mobile will officiate at St. Peter's Catholic church to day.

TO-MORROW, twenty-six years ago, the great conflagration of 1850, at Philadelphia, occurred.

THE Rev. Mr. Howard will conduct divine services at the First Baptist church of this city to-day.

THERE is a proposition, we understand, for a steamboat excursion to Wetumpka, at an early day.

IT is pleasant to be able to say that you owe no man a cent, even if you can not get trusted.

WE have entered on our second century and the Washington monument is not yet completed.

OBITUARY poetry can do no ill to the dead; and the living relatives are only too happy to pay for it.

ATTENTION is respectfully called to the advertisement, elsewhere, of United States Marshal Turner.

FINIS coronat opus. The beginning of the National century has been vindicated by its conclusion.

CHURCH NOTICE.—There will be services at the First Baptist Church this morning at 11 o'clock."

THE supply of watermelons in the market yesterday was unusually large, for this season of the year.

"I shall follow her soon," said a sad-eyed man, at the grave of his wife Within a month he was following another woman.

WHAT is the difference between all-night revelers, and those who retire early? The ones-sin-till early the others-scintillate.

AN individual has been found who boasted he had seen the whole Centennial Exposition in one day, and his name isn't Dom Pedro, either.

THE new depot of the Mobile and Montgomery railroad is quite an ornament and improvement to the portion of the city in which it is situated.

This is one land on the face of God's earth where a man loses his birthright to be governed, and takes up his unconquerable right to govern.

THE respectable gentlemen who signed that little document one hundred years ago, could hardly have foreseen what a blow their descendants would make about it this year.

THE Selma Times of Friday contains this interesting item:

Collector Barker seized on yesterday, twenty-five boxes of tobacco having on them bogus stamps.

A CHRISTIAN husband who felt too tired to go to the corner drug store and get his wife a few drops of cough drops, revived enough to escort a pretty seamstress home through a rain storm the same evening.

IF you happen to be a widow and are about to be so no longer, don't bother with a vail on the festive occasion. It is more the thing to hang your hair, bandage your head with moss and set out a few potted plants therein.

WE are glad to announce that officer Payne succeeded on Friday night, in capturing the desperado, Miles Robinson, who escaped from the Stowe plantation some time ago, where with other convicts, he was employed. Payne was scouting in the neighborhood of the church on Herron street, and was fortunate in coming upon this convict.

IF a dog happens to act a little queer, the people immediately yell out, "shoot the beast—he's got the hydrophobia;" but when a man gets to "taking on" his friends whisper, "lead the poor fellow home, he's drunk."

THE case against the Rev. Mr. Kendrick, of Columbus, Georgia, having been settled by the courts, the church has taken hold of the matter, and cited Mr. Kendrick to appear before the proper authorities of the church to answer for his conduct.

Now that summer dullness has crept over business, the lunch fiend comes out from his hiding place, and bar-tenders cut their ice in larger pieces to make it a weightier argument. Beautiful new signs have come out with "No trust for drinks" inscribed on them.

OUR friend Ben H. Screws left yesterday to see the sights at the Centennial. His principal desire in visiting Philadelphia at this time, is to form the acquaintance of Dom Pedro, as he thinks of emigrating to Brazil to engage in the lumber business.

CUCUMBERS are as vigorous as usual this season. A man who partook of them freely a few days ago, was found curled over a fence on the outskirts of the city, waiting for the judgment day, and had breath enough left to explain that he'd just as lief wait there as anywhere else.

OWING to the extreme heat yesterday there was not as large a turn out at the market, as generally on Saturday afternoons. Nevertheless, the display of meats and vegetables was as tempting as ever. The gardeners say, however, that certain kinds of vegetables are about exhausted—such as beans, peas, etc. The prices remain about the same.

THE fifty-third annual session of the Alabama Baptist State Convention will be held with the First Baptist Church in this city, commencing next Thursday morning at 10:30, a. m. The public are invited to attend the sessions of the convention.

A committee will be in attendance at the church to assign delegates their homes.

EVERY one whom we have heard speak of the Spring Villa Centennial pronounces it a failure.—Columbus Enquirer.

Which fact is to be regretted by every friend of the prosperity of Alabama. These public celebrations, when properly conducted, never fail to be of immense benefit to communities. As a well wisher of our noble old State, we regret that the Spring Villa managers did not have more foresight and patriotism than they exhibited.

THE Amateurs' entertainment at the Theatre Friday night was one of the most successful affairs of the kind ever witnessed in this city. We have seldom seen a larger or more fashionable audience than greeted the young gentlemen who so kindly gave their services in the cause of charity. The programme was a very entertaining melange of songs, recitations, etc., and the performance was interspersed with some laughable jokes, cuts and puns. The audience was highly delighted, and a general wish was expressed that the entertainment should be repeated at an early day.

THAT was an exciting runaway yesterday afternoon, in which the well known horse of Deputy Collector Strobach figured, That horse is as well treated as any animal in the State, and he is not overworked. Why he should cut his master such a caper as this, it is hard to determine. He is recognized as one of the best fed animals of the city, and his master is always scrupulously kind and polite to him. Such ingratitude deserves the severest condemnation. If it were possible, the Mayor should impose a fine of not less than one thousand dollars on this ungrateful horse. The damage done to vehicles in this wild escapade of the deputy collector's horse, did not amount to any considerable sum, but a horse ought to be taught to understand that such conduct will not be tolerated. A bird that can sing and won't sing, ought to be made to sing.

AN amusing story is told of a Montgomery lady who was jealous of her husband and suspected him of kissing the cook. She kept quiet, however, and bided her time, intending to catch him in the act. One evening she heard him come in and quietly seek the kitchen, whereupon she prepared for action. As that happened to be Katy's (the cook) "night out," the kitchen was dark, so the wife, taking some matches, threw a shawl over her head, after Katy's fashion, and, entering the kitchen by the back door, was almost immediately seized and embraced in the most ardent manner. Almost bursting with rage and jealousy, and intending to wreak summary vengeance upon her faithless lord, she struck a match, and stood face to face with—the hired man. Tableau! It is difficult to tell on which face was pictured the greatest astonishment. The husband says he don't know why it is, but his wife never treated him so well since the first month they were married as she has for the past few days.

EXTERMINATING MOSQUITOES.—A new plan for exterminating mosquitoes has been tried, but as the first trial promises to result fatally to the patentee, it is safe to say that the device will not become generally popular. Mrs. Henry Albers, living at No. 2, 456 DeKalb street, N. Y. determined to try gunpowder as a means for driving out the mosquitoes, which were more plenty than comfortable in her sleeping-room. She had a flask filled with gunpowder, and it was her intention to pour some of the powder into a pan and ignite it, in the hope that the fumes would kill or disperse the disagreeable visitors. She first lit a piece of paper, and while holding it in her left hand, poured into that hand from the flask a portion of the powder. While so doing a spark dropped from the paper, and in an instant the powder had ignited, exploding the flask and driving several of the pieces into the hands, and face, and body of Mrs. Albers. Her clothing also took fire, and before it could be extinguished her lower limbs, from the knee down, were terribly burned. Mrs. Albers was near her confinement, and her frightful experience, it is thought, may result fatally to her.

THE CAMPAIGN OPENED.—A large and enthusiastic Republican meeting was held at Hickory Bend yesterday. Flemming Hopkins presided, and a club was organized, every man on the ground enrolling his name as a member It was one of the largest meetings ever held in that portion of the country, and the persons present were fully imbued with a determination to prosecute the canvass to a successful conclusion. Hon. Paul Strobach and other speakers addressed the meeting, and aroused the greatest enthusiasm by their presentation of the issues of the campaign. The Republicans who were present assured the speakers that every voter in the neighborhood would join the club and take part in the canvass. Resolutions were adopted looking to a thorough organization of the party that the usual majority may be rolled up for the State and Presdeutial tickets; that as all efforts toward harmony had been met by the friends of Goy. Smith with scorn, they would now proceed to make a vigorous campaign for the regular ticket of May 24th, and the county ticket of the regular organization headed by Charles Steele.

State News.

[By Yesterday's Mail to the Journal.]

The anniversary of American Independence passed quietly and pleasantly in Athens. The small boys made some noise with fire-crackers and small guns.

The Limestone News says cider-making has begun in that county.

Miss Lizzie Holcombe of Athens has a fuschia now holding one hundred and seventy perfect blooms.

In the southern portion of this county a great excess of rain has fallen and the grass is getting ahead of the cotton More work.—Athens News.

We are having fine seasons which gives assurance of at least, moderate corn and vegetable crops.—Scottsboro Herald.

There has been going on for several weeks a regular business of entering and robbing dwellings and business houses here.—Scottsboro Herald.

Some nights ago Mr. G. W. Wells heard a disturbance among his chickens under his house, and upon investigation found the cause to be a large rattlesnake, which he shot. The snake was 4½ feet long and had killed several chickens, apparently in an attempt to swallow them. Twelve rattles and a button.—Jacksonville Republican.

Bagger, who was confined in jail, charged with the murder of a Mr. Cobb, in 1865, has been discharged.—Clanton Courier.

Mrs. Sarah Blackburn, widow of an old and esteemed citizen of Madison, Mr. David Blackburn, died of consumption, in that place, last Friday night.—Huntsville Advocate.

We learn that a Mr. T. S. Hill, residing on the Sam Moore place, some twelve or fourteen miles west of this city, was murdered on Saturday evening last.—Huntsville Independent.

Col. N. J. Smith, of Bibb, made 241½ bushels of rust proof oats on 4½ acres of land. These oats were sown last Fall.

Mr. Geo. Rannall, who lives about two miles from town, gave us a cotton boll last week which would have opened in a few days.—Shelby Guide.

CORRECTION.—It was stated last week that Mr. James McFadden had been killed by Mr. Hall, at Greensboro. Such was our informatiun at the time; but we are glad to learn since, that the wound, inflicted by a pistol shot fired by a Mr. Miles, although severe, is not considered dangerous, and that Mr. McF. is in a fair way of recovery.—Marion Commonwealth.

The crops between Marion and Demopolis, are very good; those on the Alabama Central being very promising. The acreage of corn is quite large.

Several citizens of Marion left Thursday morning for Philadelphia and other Northern cities. Among them were Miss Mary Jones and Miss Helen Raymond, Messrs. J. C. Perkins, James Sherrard, Perry Fowlkes, William Gregory and Richard Tucker, the "model" farmer, Mr. Wm. H. Raymond joined them at Selma. We trust that the highest anticipations of all the members of this pleasant party may be fully realized, and that no accident or incident may occur to mar the pleasure of their journey.

Mr. Richard Tucker exhibited at our office on Friday last, a substance which resembled in appearance and to the touch dressed buck skins. It was about 8 or 10 inches in length, and was taken from the heart of a pine tree which had been windshaken. It is something of a curiosity.—Marion Commonwealth.

Messrs. James Sherrard and S. Perry Fowlkes left Marion on the 6th inst., for Toronto, where they go as delegates from the Y. M. C. A. to attend the Convention of the Association.

The crops on the Warrior river are promising.

Tuskaloosa farmers are acting wisely in feeding their surplus corn to hogs.

New wheat is coming into market. The grain is well filled out and makes good flour.—Tuskaloosa Times.

Hogs are dying of cholera in North Alabama.

Kellogg and Spencer, coal miners of Tuskaloosa, say their coal is superior to the best Northern coal, for gas making purposes.

The Moulton Advertiser claims for its town 2006 inhabitants, provided fleas and dogs are counted.

Kellogg and Spencer are sinking a coal shaft on the lands of Daniel Black, 14 miles from the city on the A. & C. R. R. [Tuskaloosa Times.

The residence of Col. John Hampton, four miles south of Tuskaloosa, was destroyed by fire on last Friday night, with nearly all that it contained. The family escaped with difficulty. The fire was accidental. Loss, several thousand dollars. No insurance.

Local and Business Notices.

MR. DANIEL F. BEATTY, of Washington, N. J., is constantly in receipt of the most flattering testimony from all parts of the United States and Canada, as to the beauty and excellence of his pianos and organs. Send for catalogue and list of testimonials. Address, Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, Warren county, N. J., U. S. A. d5t

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.* 3-14 d&wem

Nervous Debility.

Vital weakness or depression: A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental overwork, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphrey's Homeopathic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, [dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per package of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Homeopathic Medicine Company, 662 Broadway, New York.

1-1d&w-1y.

THE STAR Parlor Organs are celebrated for their purity of tone, elegant design and thorough construction. Send for catalogue. Address,

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & CO.,
6-30d&wom Washington, N. J.

New Advertisements.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$777 A WEEK guaranteed to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and Outfit FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine

PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING.—How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc. 1,000,000 sold. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pub's, Philadelphia

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to price charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing 5,000 copies each issue. Also, all the religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical Fashion, and other special class journals; very complete list. Together with complete lists of over 200 German papers printed in the United States. Also, an essay upon advertising, many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers, and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know. Address, GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

NEWSPAPERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

A complete list, numbering 8,429 with a classified correct list of cities and towns and either in which newspapers are published; historical and statistical sketches of the Great Newspaper Establishments; illustrated with numerous engravings of the principal newspaper buildings. Book 8 x 10 inches, just issued, post paid, to any address for $1. Also apply (inclosing price) to SUPERINTENDENT OF THE NEWSPAPER PAVILION, Centennial Grounds, Philadelphia, or American Newspaper Company, N. Y. Every advertiser needs it.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.—For the Middle District of Alabama.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

Middle District of Alabama, S. S:

In the matter of Burch, Kennedy & Co., Bankrupts.

This is to give notice that on the 7th day of July, 1876, a warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Alabama, against the estate of Burch, Kennedy & Co., of Tuskaloosa, in the county of Tuskaloosa, in said District, who were adjudged Bankrupts on their own petition; That the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupts to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law; and that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupts to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of the estate, will be held at a court of bankruptcy, to be holden at the United States court rooms in the city of Montgomery before Joseph W. Burke, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said District, on the 28th day of July, A. D. 1876.

GEORGE TURNER,
7-9-11t U. S. Marshal for said District.

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE

"Only Good SAUCE,"

And applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.



EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

LEA & PERRINS'

SIGNATURE is on EVERY BOTTLE.

Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
77 NEW YORK.

LIFE PRESERVER.

ABSOLUTE SAFETY At Sea.

LIFE SAVING SUIT FOR OCEAN TRAVEL.

THE CONTINUOUS DISASTERS AT SEA.

And the almost countless lives that have been lost, urge the introduction of more effective appliances for saving life than have yet been generally adopted. In response to the great public demand, the American Life Saving Suit Company now present a

Practical Life Saving Suit.

This suit having been tested and approved by the most scientific and practical authorities, we now offer as a means of absolute safety from death by drowning. The invention now offered claims its superiority over all invent ons in that it floats the body in a vertical position in the roughest sea, preserves the natural caloric of the body for any number of days, with capacity for carrying provisions for ten days, and signals to attract attention from passing vessels.

This suit embodies three principles which are imperative in a life saving dress—

First—A buoyancy which supports the body in a vertical position, and maintains it as from a natural law.

Second—Protection from water and weather and consequent chills.

Third—A commissariat department, to which is attached signals, with capacity for carrying valuables, etc., etc.

This suit is put on over ordinary clothing, except shoes and hat, and can be put on inside of five minutes; and are let to passengers on transatlantic steamers at the low price of

FIVE DOLLARS A TRIP.

Send for a pamphlet.

The American

LIFE SAVING SUIT COMPANY,
14 NEW CHURCH ST., NEW YORK.
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PRICES REDUCED. Best Quality WHITE METAL TIMES satisfaction or no sale. CHEAPEST IN THE U. S. during CENTENNIAL YEAR. CHAS. M. EVANS, Manuf'r, 122 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati, O. Fourth and Market Sts., Louisville, Ky.

GULF CITY HOTEL.

CORNER WATER & CONTI STREETS,

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GREAT REDUCTION OF RATES!

This HOTEL, with its beautifully furnished ROOMS and the best TABLE this fine market affords, is undoubtedly the

CHEAPEST HOTEL

—IN THE—

SOUTH!

ONLY $2.00 and $2.50 PER DAY.
W. C. MORROW, Jr.,
3-9dtf Proprietor.

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—FROM—

TEN TO FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS

—OF—

Black Moss,

Delivered at our shops.

Highest market price paid.

AUGS. OHLANDER & SON,
Mattress Makers and Renovators,
49 Market St., Shops cor. South and McDonough.

$250 A MONTH—Agents wanted everywhere. Business honorable and first class. Particulars sent free. Address J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

POND'S EXTRACT.

The People's Remedy.
The Universal Pain Extracter.
Note: ask for POND'S EXTRACT.
Take no other.

"Hear, for I will speak of excellent things."

POND'S EXTRACT—The great Vegetable Pain Destroyer. Has been in use over thirty years, and for cleanliness and prompt curative virtues cannot be excelled.

CHILDREN.—No family can afford to be without Pond's Extract. Accidents, Bruises, Contusions, Cuts, Sprains, are relieved almost instantly by external application. Promptly relieves pains or Burns, Scalds, Excoriations, Chafings, Old Sores, Boils, Felons, Corns, etc. Arrests inflamation, reduces swellings, stops bleeding, removes discolorations and heals rapidly.

FEMALE WEAKNESSES.—It always relieves pain in the back and loins, fullness and pressing pain in the head, nausea, vertigo.

MENORRHAGIA, or too profuse menstruation, and all ulcerations to which ladies are subject are promptly cured. Fuller details in book accompanying each bottle.

PILES—Blind or bleeding—meet prompt relief and ready cure. No case, however chronic or obstinate, can long resist its regular use.

VARICOSE VEINS.—It is the only sure cure for this distressing and dangerous condition.

KIDNEY DISEASES.—It has no equal for permanent cure.

DIARRHŒA from any cause. For this is a specific. It has saved hundreds of lives when all other remedies failed to arrest bleeding from nose, stomach, lungs, and elsewhere.

RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, Toothache and Earache are all alike relieved, and often permanently cured.

PHYSICIANS of all schools who are acquainted with Pond's Extract of Witch Hazel recommend it in their practice. We have letters of commendation from hundreds of Physicians, many of whom order it for use in their own practice. In addition to the foregoing, they order its use for Swellings of all kinds, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Inflamed Tonsils, Sore Eyes, Chronic Diarrhœa, Catarrh, (for which it is a specific,) Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Stings of Insects, Mosquitoes, etc., Chapped Hands, Face, and indeed all manner of skin diseases.

TOILET USE.—Removes Soreness, Roughness, and Smarting; heals Cuts, Eruptions, and Pimples. It restores, invigorates, and refreshes, while wonderfully improving the Complexion.

TO FARMERS.—Pond's Extract. No Stock Breeder, no Livery Man can afford to be without it. It is used by all the Leading Livery Stables, Street Railroads and first Horsemen in New York City. It has no equal for Sprains, Harness or Saddle Chafings, Stiffness, Scratches, Swellings, Cuts, Lacerations, Bleeding, Pneumonia, Colic, Diarrhœa, Chills, Colds, etc. Its range of action is wide, and the relief it affords is so prompt that it is invaluable in every Farm-yard as well as in every Farm-house. Let it be tried once, and you will never be without it.

CAUTION.—Pond's Extract has been imitated. The genuine article has the words Pond's Extract blown in each bottle. It is prepared by the only persons living who ever knew how to prepare it properly. Refuse all other preparations of Witch Hazel. This is the only article used by Physicians, and in the hospitals of this country and Europe.

HISTORY AND USES OF POND'S EXTRACT, pamphlet form, sent free on application to POND'S EXTRACT COMPANY, 93 Maiden Lane, New York.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

No Short Crop in Alabama.

The Montgomery Protective Ice Co.

Having bought the Stock and Fixtures of D. P. WEST, and contracted for all the Ice made by the

Montgomery Ice Manufacturing Co.

Are now prepared to supply the public at their old stand, MONROE ST., opposite the CITY HALL.

J. A. BLAZ & CO.,
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BAR AND BILLIARD SALOON.



ESTABLISHED 1838.

Age old liquors as can be found in the city at prices to suit the time, and on a specie basis.

We are the agents for the Chantre and Kinney's celebrated Pennsylvania Rye Bon Whiskies, which we shall introduce all at our bar.

We are also agents for the celebrated Key West Cigar, which has been pronounced the champion 5 cents cigar of this or any other market.

Draught Lager	5 cts
Bottled Lager	10 cts
Krug Wine, quarts	$3.00
Krug Wine, pints	1.50
Mixed Drinks	15 cts

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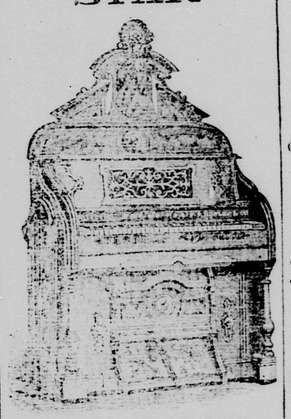
ALLEGER, BOWLBY & CO'S

STAR



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Surpasses in tone and power any Reed Organ heretofore manufactured in this country. It has been tested by many competent judges and

Gives Universal Satisfaction.

By a skillful use of the stops, and of the patent knee swell, the music is adapted to the human voice, ranging from the softest flute like note to a volume of sound.

Unsurpassed by any Instrument

The proprietors have noted carefully for many years the imperfections and needs of the reed instruments, and direct their practical experience to the correction of such imperfections, and their experiments have resulted in the production of a quality of tone which assimilates so closely to the

PIPE ORGAN QUALITY

That it is difficult to distinguish between the two. This instrument has all

THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS,

And every organ is fully warranted. Large Oil Polish, Black Walnut Paneled Cases that forms in addition to a splendid instrument of music,

A Beautiful Piece of Furniture.

This organ needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and is sold at extremely

LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

AGENTS WANTED—(Male or female) in every county in the United States and Canada. A liberal discount made to Teachers, Ministers, Churches, Schools, Lodges, everywhere there is no agent for the Star Organ. Illustrated catalogue and price list free. Correspondence solicited. Address the manufacturers,

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & CO.,
Washington, N. J.

H. W. ALLEGER, T. B. MCMURRIE
C. H. P. BOWLBY, EDWARD PLOTTS
6-20d&wlm

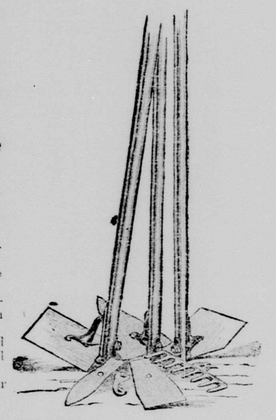
COMBINATION HOE.

First Premium Awarded at the Grangers' State Fair

Of Alabama, October, 1875, the first place where the Hoe was exhibited.

Manufactured by the Granger Hoe Company.

WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.



Requires no wedging. Can be adjusted for any work, or to suit the height of workman in fifteen seconds.

The Blade of the Field Hoe is made entirely of cast steel, square in shape, and when one edge becomes dull or worn out, the blade may be reversed, thus making

Two Hoes for the Price of One

It can be taken from the handle without trouble for the purpose of grinding.

The fixtures are made of malleable iron and cannot be broken.

The handles are made of sound ash wood—the best material known for handles.

Hoes handled ready for use, as cheap as the best hoe blade manufactured.

Saves time and money in the item of handles—no wedges to shrink up and pull out in dry weather.

No. 2, "Boys' Hoe" medium size, for field or garden work. Adjustable same as field hoe

An entire set of splendid garden tools for the price of one implement.

For further information, address,

W. R. NOBLE, Secretary Granger Hoe Company.

1776 Centennial. 1876

SPRING AND SUMMER

SEASON.

GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,

—AT—

5 COURT SQUARE

HAVE NOW ON HAND THE COMPLETEST LINES OF

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS

TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

New Dress Goods, Real Iron Frame Grenadines,
Novelties in Matamora Suitings, Exquisite Knickerbockers,
Stylish Damassee Suitings, and everything that is new in Dress Goods,
Fresh White Goods, Rich Fancy Goods, Elegant Ecru Tea

Novel Ecru Ruffling, Handsome Parasols,
Complete Stock of Bleachings, Large Selection
In Hosiery, Best 10-4 Sheetings, Genuine Irish Linens, Good
Table Damasks, Latest in Lace Curtains, full selections in White Piques,

Guaranteed Kid Gloves, Perfect fitting Corsets,
Excelsior Trimmings. Full selections in Cassimers,
Tweeds, Linens, Cottonades, Etc., for Men and Boys' wear.

WE OFFER THE BEST ASSORTMENTS IN

Ladies', Children and Misses' Philadelphia Hand-Made Shoes.

In fact everything desirable in a First-class Dry Goods House will be found at our Store, all offering at the very

Lowest Prices.

TO THE MERCHANTS:

We are displaying the largest stock of Goods ever received by our firm, and we guarantee bottom prices. Call early and look at our stock.

GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,
5 Court Square, Montgomery, Ala.

NEW DOLLAR STORE.

1776 CENTENNIAL 1876

Centennial Dry Goods.
Centennial Hats.
Centennial Boots.
Centennial Shoes.
Centennial Clothing.
Centennial Hosiery,
Centennial Parasols.

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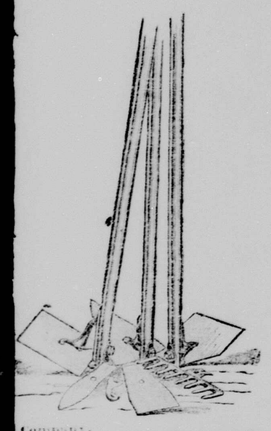
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VOLUME VIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 11, 1876 NUMBER 252

For President of the United States,
Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio.

For Vice-President,
Wm. A. Wheeler, of New York.

Republican State Committee.

The Republican State Executive Committee convened in this city yesterday. We are glad to learn that arrangements were perfected for a vigorous prosecution of the canvass in Alabama, both National and State. Judge Clarke having intimated to the Committee his desire not to make the race for Governor, the Committee withdrew his name and substituted that of the Hon. C. C. Sheats of Morgan county. Col. Sheats is well and favorably known in North Alabama, and will no doubt poll the full vote of the party in that section. In view of the refusal of Gov. Smith's faction to accede to any compromise, or to respect any offers looking to the unity and cementing of the party, the committee resolved to do their full duty to the party by making a thorough canvass for the regular ticket of the State Convention of the 24th of May.

Rather Expensive Reform.

Tilden's canal reform cost the State of New York one hundred thousand dollars and netted nothing to the State. The reform carried on in the Republican party within the past year has already netted to the Government over fifty millions of dollars, to say nothing of the constant increase secured by the honest collection of revenue.

Democratic Plundering.

The Pittsburgh Commercial calls public attention to the fact that the recent exposures of Democratic plundering of the Indian trust funds, during Buchanan's Presidential term is by no means a new revelation, although many may now hear of it for the first time. The facts were all made known at the time; but, now that Tilden and the Democratic party are setting up as "reformers," and are shedding crocodile tears over the terrible state of "corruption" that they allege is prevailing under Republican rule, it is well enough to revive the old record, and confront these mock "reformers" with a history of their own deliberate stealings.

The Interior Department, as is well known, is the custodian of the Indian trust funds. The intention of Congress in creating these trusts, was to purchase United States bonds with the principal of the sums due to the several Indian tribes by the United States Government, and deposit the bonds with the Interior Department, applying the interest thereon, semi-annually, to the payments due the Indians. The bonds were so purchased, and they were so deposited; but, when the Republicans came into power in 1861, an examination of these trust funds showed that *the United States bonds had been abstracted, and worthless Southern bonds substituted in their stead!* The United States, all this while, has been paying the interest on these worthless bonds to the Indians, and this payment has now been kept up for eighteen or twenty years. The Government thus loses both principal and interest.

But the robbery did not end here. The large sum originally bequeathed by Smithson, an English millionaire, to establish and maintain the Smithsonian Institution, came into the hands of a Democratic administration in United States bonds, but a Democratic Secretary of the Interior changed the investment to Arkansas State bonds. The Government has ever since had to pay the interest on these bonds, and to all intents and purposes the bequest of Smithson was stolen, and the Smithsonian Institute has been built up and sustained, *not* by Smithson's money, but by the money of the United States Government, which was made the executor of Smithson's will.

All this stealing was done under a Democratic administration, by Democratic Secretaries, and with the full knowledge of the Administration. There seemed to be no astonishment at it, when it happened, and every one seemed to regard it as a matter of course. Nothing better was expected, and those who looked for just such results were not disappointed.

And now, after closing up their career of stealing in 1861, the Democratic politicians want back again; and want back, of all things, upon the pretext of "reform" and hostility to "corruption." They first set the example of official infidelity, and then cry out that they, only, are the men to set things right! They have never yet atoned for their crime in abstracting the Indian trust and Smithsonian funds; and now have the impudence to assert that they, with their hands all covered with the dirt of those frauds, are the only true "reformers."

Lord is the only canal robber of New York that has been convicted. He was a personal enemy of Tilden, and, though a Democrat, did all he could against Tilden in 1874. He has moved for a new trial. Meantime his attorney goes to St. Louis to work for Tilden. And Lord is still out on bail. This is what is called Tilden's reform.

CINCINNATI Gazette:—Rehm, the notorious whisky thief and ex-Chief of Police of Chicago, has gone to meet Hesing in jail. Hesing owns a newspaper and supports Tilden, but the temporary restriction of the law upon Rehm's movements will prevent his giving his personal support to the great "reformer."

THE Democratic mind is worried because Gov. Hayes did not introduce in Congress some measure calculated to cause a stomach-ache in the body politic.

Sub Committee.

The National Republican Executive Committee met in Philadelphia, on Saturday the 8th inst., for the purpose of organizing and perfecting arrangements for the campaign. A sub-committee was appointed to investigate the condition of the Republican party in Alabama, with a view of compromising the differences which may exist among us. This committee will probably visit Montgomery at an early day, on their mission, and we trust that our friends will receive them with open arms. We must have unity if such a thing is possible. When these Republicans visit us, they will quickly see who is right and who is wrong. They will not waste their time in dealing with myths. We shall welcome them as the harbingers of peace.

Tilden's Frauds Exposed.

We have on hand enough exposures of Tilden to drive any ordinary man forever into disgraceful obscurity. We shall publish these exposures from day to day until the election in November. In publishing them, we challenge the Democratic press of Montgomery to a denial of the facts we shall State. These exposures have been printed in the New York Times, in the very face of the Tilden organ in New York city, the World, and that sheet does not dare to dispute them; and, also, in the Albany Evening Journal, in the face of the Tilden organ in that city, the Argus, and it has not the cheek to deny them. We shall see if the organs down this way have the cheek to meet them.

The German Emperor's Letter.

One of the pleasantest incidents attending the commemoration of our Centennial Fourth must be counted she presentation of an autograph letter from the Emperor of Germany to the President of the United States. On the Fourth the German Minister at Washington was formally presented to the President, and stated that he was instructed by his Emperor to deliver on that day the letter which he then delivered; to which expression of regard the President appropriately replied.

The following is the Emperor's letter as translated, brief and beautiful:

"William, by the grace of God, Emperor of Germany, King of Prussia, etc., to the President of the United States of America: Great and good friend, it has been vouchsafed to you to celebrate the Centennial festival of the day upon which the great Republic over which you presside entered the ranks of independent nations. The purpose of its founders has, by a wise application of the teachings of history of the foundation of nations, and with an insight into the distant future, been realized by development without a parallel. To congratulate you and the American people on this occasion affords me so much the greater pleasure, because since the treaty of friendship which my ancestor of glorious memory, King Frederick the Second, who now rests with God, concluded with us, undisturbed friendship has continually existed between Germany and America, has been developed and strengthened by the ever increasing importance of the mutual relations and by an intercourse becoming more fruitful in every domain of commerce and science. That the welfare of the United States and the friendship of the two countries may continue to increase, is my sincere desire and confident hope. Accept the renewed assurance of my unqualified esteem. "WILLIAM."

Countersigned, "VON BISMARCK."

"Berlin, June 9, 1876."

THE Springfield Republic calls, properly enough, for facts. We suppose the exposures given elsewhere in this paper of Governor Tilden, will be entitled to credit. There's no getting behind such facts as these.

THEY forget at St. Louis to explain how the country became burdened with the load of public debt of which the Democracy complains so much. There were persons there, however, who could have explained it.

GOVERNOR Tilden's advertising at ten cents a line won him the nomination, and there are several more "bar'ls of money" where the first came from. But we don't believe the Governor is rich enough to purchase an election.

IN 1864 with McClellan, in 1868 with Seymour, and in 1872 with Greeley, the Democrats promised to carry New York; and now in 1876, with Tilden, they promise the same thing. Pie crust.

SAYS the Pittsburgh Commercial:—The Democratic papers boast loudly of the fact that Tilden is a descendant of Oliver Cromwell. Beelzebub is a descendant from Heaven.

AUGUSTUS SCHELL is of the opinion that Tilden can not carry his own State. Mr. Schell is a leading Democrat and a neighbor of Tilden's. He knows him.

SHERIFF Conner, who let Tweed ride away from jail in a coach, still holds his fat office undisturbed. He is a loud shrieker for "Tilden and reform."

WHAT has Tilden done to the man who was responsible for Boss Tweed's escape?

THE larger the Republican majority in Ohio, the better it will be for November.

National Debts

It has recently been announced by a platform orator at St. Louis that the United States are the most largely indebted of any nation in the world. That this statement is not true will be seen from the following exhibit, gathered from authentic sources, of the indebtness of the larger nations of Christendom, reduced to our form of dollars.

The pulic debt of the United States is, in round numbers, $2,100,000,000. The debt of Great Britain is nearly double that amount—$3,875,000,000. Austria has a debt of $1,810,000,000; being almost as great as the United States debt, with not over half of our resources for ultimate payment. The public debt of France amounts to $4,650,000,000. This is the greatest national indebtedness in the world; and is more than double the debt of this country. And yet the credit of France is good. Italy's debt amounts to $1,068,000,000; just about half as much as ours, with not one-fifth of our resources. Russia has a debt of $1,140,000,000, and has ample resources. Germany has really no public debt beyond the amount represented by her different constituent States for railway expenditure. That amount in the case of Germany is stated at $236,000,000, which is but a small matter for her to assume.

The amount of these public debts per head of the population of the several nations is as follows: In the United States it stands, in round numbers, at $18. In England at $117. In France at $125. In Italy at $61. In Austria at $50. In Russia at $20. In Germany at $5. In this distribution Russia is credited with the whole population of her Empire in Europe and Asia. So that, excepting Russia and Germany, the lightest assessment *per capita* for payment of national debts would be ours. Let us thank God and take courage.

Tilden's Intimacy with Tweed.

The record of Tilden's intimacy with Boss Tweed is becoming somewhat embarrassing in view of the fact that Tilden still claims to be the very personification of reform. He not only addressed him as an intimate friend, but aided him in getting gangs of Democratic repeaters to go from Philadelphia to New York to swell the Democratic vote of the latter city. Besides this he accepted money from Tweed, knowing that it had been stolen from the tax-payers of the city. The following letter fully sustains these charges:

"NO. 15 GRAMERCY PARK,
August 12, 1868—11 a. m.

"MY DEAR SIR:—I decided to go to Philadelphia in the morning, and shall not be able to see you before I leave. Mr. Richmond is at the St. Nicholas somewhat ill. If well enough he will come on the 2 p. m. train. Whether he is there to-day or not, I hope you will not fail to be in Philadelphia.

"Very truly your friend,
S. J. TILDEN.

"Hon. Wm. M. Tweed."

"Hon. Wm. M. Tweed:

"MY DEAR SIR:—I beg to present to your attention the case of Mr. Samuel Allen, a very old friend of ours, who is in great need of a small appointment under your department, for which he has applied. He would be content with something, for a time, of not a very high rank. You will know him so well that I need add nothing. He used to be a very efficient and useful worker, and is an entirely reliable man, and I should be personally glad if you could help him.

"Truly, yours, S. J. TILDEN.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8, 1868.

"The National Broadway bank will pay to order of William M. Tweed five thousand dollars.

[Signed] "WILLIAM M. TWEED."

"For deposit in the bank of North America. S. J. TILDEN."

THE Montgomery STATE JOURNAL (Republican) speaking of the votes given by Messrs. Hayes and Wheeler for the back-pay grab says: "Now that they are exposed, let the National Republican Committee call a meeting and take them down."—Mobile Register.

Where ignorance is bliss 'tis folly to be wise.

WANTED—
—FROM—
TEN TO FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS
—OF—
Black Moss,
Delivered at our shops.
Highest market price paid.
AUGS. OHLANDER & SON,
Mattress Makers and Renovators,
49 Market St., Shops cor. South and McDonough.

SOLID WEALTH!
$600,000 IN GIFTS.
Grandest Scheme ever Presented to the Public.
A Fortune for only $12.
The Kentucky Cash Distribution Company, authorized by a special act of the Kentucky Legislature, for the benefit of the Public Schools of Frankfort, will have the first of their series of Grand Drawing at Major Hall, in the city of Frankfort, Ky., on THURSDAY, AUGUST 31, 1876, on which occasion they will distribute to the ticket-holders the immense sum of
$600,000.
THOS. P. PORTER, ex-Gov. of Kentucky, General Manager.
POSITIVELY NO POSTPONEMENT.
LIST OF GIFTS:

One Grand Cash Gift			$100,000
One Grand Cash Gift			50,000
One Grand Cash Gift			25,000
One Grand Cash Gift			20,000
One Grand Cash Gift			10,000
One Grand Cash Gift			5,000
50 Cash Gifts of	$1,000	each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	500	each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	400	each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts of	300	each	30,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200	each	40,000
600 Cash Gifts of	100	each	60,000
10,000 Cash Gifts of	12	each	120, 00
Total, 11,156 Gifts. All Cash			600,000

PRICE OF TICKETS:
Whole tickets $12; Halves $6; Quarters $3; 9 Tickets $100; 27¼ Tickets $300; 46¾ Tickets $500; 95½ Tickets $1,000. 100,000 Tickets at $12 each.
Remittances can be made by Express, Draft, Postoffice Money order or Registered Letter, made payable to Kentucky Cash Distribution Company.
All communications connected with the distribution, and orders for Tickets, and applications of Agents to sell Tickets, should be addressed to
HON. THOS. P. PORTER,
6-20d&wtm Gen'l Manager, Frankfort, Ky.

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SENT FREE. JOHN HICKLING & CO., Bankers and Brokers Broadway, New York.

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WASHINGTON.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Mr. Hamlin asked the Senate to take up and pass the House post route bill. The bill was taken up and then temporarily laid aside.

Mr. Eaton offered a resolution directing the Secretary of War to report to the Senate the number of United States troops of the various arms, in the Southern States, with the location of each regiment or detachment.

Mr. Sherman presented a petition for a convention to modify the constitution of the United States. Referred.

Mr. Edmunds called up his motion to amend the rules of the court so as to limit argument on the offer or objection to evidence, or on incidental or interlocutory evidence.

After considerable discussion made upon the amendment offered by Mr. Conkling, providing that consultations may be held with open doors, and that Senators may ask questions without reducing them to writing, the amendment was rejected. Yeas 23, nays 24.

On motion of Mr. Kernan the resolution was amended fixing the limit of time for argument on such motions, to fifteen minutes. As amended the resolution was adopted. Yeas 26, nays 16.

The regular order was demanded, and the Senate proceeded as a court, to the impeachment trial.

Whitelaw Reid was called by the Managers. He remembered the Fort Sill matter.

Question—State whether, after its appearance, any communication, either personally or by letter, was made by the Secretary of War as to the authority for that letter, or any communication in relation to the matter?

Objected to by Mr. Carpenter, and the objection was sustained.

Q. Did you receive any communication from General McDowell on this subject?

Objected to. Objection overruled.

Witness said he did receive a letter, which he produced.

At this point the court took a recess to permit the reception of the ten days extension bill from the House. The bill was taken up and passed. The Court then resumed its session.

Caleb P. Marsh was then called.—Had resided in New York about eight years; four years in the furniture business and four in the tea importing business; had sent sums of money to W. W. Belknap for the first year and a half, in sums of $500 quarterly, after that semi-annually. Four certificates of deposit were shown, which the witness stated he had endorsed to the order of W. W. Belknap, and he thought he had, in each case, forwarded them by mail; always sent money according to his directions in each case; had no letters or telegrams from Secretary Belknap; had destroyed them all.

He was asked to give about the form of one of his notices to Belknap of a remittance.

After objection and argument by counsel, the case was admitted.

At this point Mr. MacMahon called upon the defence to produce the letters and telegrams from Marsh, called for in the notice served on them.

Mr. Carpenter said that all the letters on the Fort Sill matter were official and could be found on the War Department files.

Mr. Carpenter appealed to the Court to adjourn over until Wednesday, in order to allow the defense to arrange its testimony, but without acting on the appeal the Court at 4.50 p. m. adjourned.

The Senate then went into legislative and then into executive session, and after some time spent, adjourned.

House.

Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, offered a bill to extend the appropriations of the last fiscal year ten days longer from the present date. Passed.

On motion of Mr. Banning, of Ohio, the Secretary of War was directed to report to the House the object of the military expedition under Generals Crook, Terry and Gibbons, together with the circumstance that led to the organization of the expedition, with copies of all correspondence bearing on the same, with copies of all orders relelating thereto.

The House then took up and passed the bills from the private calendar agreed to in the committee of the whole Saturday.

The Speaker laid before the House a letter from Governor Connor, of Maine, announcing that he had appointed Hon. J. G. Blaine a Senator of the United States and that he had resigned as a Representative of the Third District of that State, to take effect on July 10th.

The regular order having been demanded the Speaker proceeded to call the roll of States for bills for reference.

Only very few bills were offered and they were principally of a private nature.

Mr. Scales, of North Carolina, a bill authorizing the appointment of a commission of three Representatives and two Senators to visit the Indian Territory and to report upon the condition of the Indians there; the necessity of a new form of government, and also to report what further legislation is required in relation to the conduct of Indian affairs. Referred to Committee on Indian Affairs.

Mr. Ellis, of Louisiana, a bill to confirm the orders for degrees and judgments of provisional courts of the State of Louisiana. Referred.

Mr. Page, a bill relating to deposits in sovereign banks and declaring them exempt from taxation when the bank does no other business except receive deposits. Referred.

Mr. Garfield, of Ohio, a joint resolution authorizing and directing the Secretary of State to cause to be prepared and published, a complete history of the geographical survey and scientific explorations ordered and prosecuted during the century just closed, including surveys of rivers and lakes, and all topographical and military surveys of the interior, and appropriating a sufficient sum of money to carry out the provisions of the act. Referred.

Mr. Frost, of Massachusetts, a bill in relation to appraisement of imported merchandise. Referred.

At 5:20 p. m. the House adjourned till Wednesday.

Three million two hundred thousand dollars was received at the Redemption Bureau of the Treasury Department on Saturday for redemption, being the accumulation of the week.

Attorney General Taft says that if Col. D. P. Dyer, U. S. District Attorney at St. Louis, has been removed, as has been reported, he knows nothing of it.

The sub-judiciary committee investigating Mr. Blaine to-day postponed the further examination of Messrs. Mulligan and Fisher until to-morrow morning.

Mr. Blaine has formally accepted Gov. Conner's appointment as U. S. Senator, and has resigned the position of Representative in Congress. The vacancy thus created will not be filled until the regular State election in September. Mr. Blaine's health is steadily improving.

Dispatches are being continually received at the War Department from all parts of she West offering volunteers to engage in the Indian war. Of course these offers cannot be accepted under the law, but they tend to show what excitement the late Custer defeat has caused.

The House this morning passed a bill to further extend the appropriations of last year ten additional days. It refused to recognize the Senate bill passed on Saturday, taking the ground that all matters pertaining to appropriations and the revenue should originate in the House. Later in the day the Senate passed the House bill, consequently the wheels of government will continue to revolve for ten days longer.

GEORGIA.

AUGUSTA, July 10.—We take the following from the Constitutionalist of to-day:—Row in Hamburg on the 4th of July.—The colored military companies of Hamburg, S. C., just across the river, were out parading. They were halted by the Captain, and came to a parade rest, with the line across a public road. While in this position two white gentlemen who had been to Augusta, were returning to to their homes in Edgefield, S. C., and coming to where the negro troops were resting, asked a sufficient number of them to move sufficiently to permit them to pass. This civil request was indignantly refused, and the gentlemen otherwise grossly insulted. The next day they returned and made complaint before Prince Rivers, the colored magistrate, who had the officers arrested for their misconduct. During the preliminary trial a negro named Doc Adams, who is the Captain of the company, became so obstreperous and insulting to the court that the magistrate fined him for contempt. This he refused to submit to, and was backed and encouraged by his company, who were on the spot. Seeing that a difficulty would likely ensue, the magistrate postponed the case until last evening at 4 o'clock, at which time all parties were warned to appear at the trial.

The gentlemen who were aggrieved were A. N. Butler and his friends. They came down to Hamburg yesterday, and a large number of their friends came with them. Among them was Gen. McButler, who was counsel for the plantiffs. The negroes swore in advance that they would submit to no punishment inflicted by the magistrate, and were loud and threatening in expression of their views, and the colored company proceeded to arm themselves with muskets and pistols, and defied the law. The magistrate ordered the company to deliver up their arms, as under the state of feeling which then possessed them, it was possible that trouble might arise. This they peremptorily refused to do, and furthermore threatened to assassinate Rives at night, for having given it as his legal opinion that they were liable to a fine for obstructing the public highway. The colored company, numbering about fifty men, then repaired to an old brick house in town and fortified themselves and defied Rivers and his posse. Rivers at once summoned a number of persons to assist him in upholding the law and vindicating its majesty. This occurred at a little before sundown. Some two hundred men, mostly from Edgefield, surrounded the building and demanded a surrender, which was refused, and general firing was opened on both sides. As might be expected, the news of this state of affairs soon reached this city and a large number of people of both colors, repaired to the banks of the river while some crossed the bridge.

The firing from the entrenched negroes upon the besiegers was kept up pretty lively for an hour or so within plain view of hundreds on this side, who had assembled. Two young men were firing from behind an abutment of the C. C. & A. R. R. bridge, when two negroes slipped through the tall weeds on the edge of the river, and coming up in the rear of them shot and killed a Mr. Merriwether, son of Dr. Merriwether of Edgefield, the ball striking him behind the ear, killing him instantly. The young man who was with Merriwether turned and fired at the negroes, killing one dead, the other threw down his gun and made an effort to escape but was pursued and captured by the young man and brought in as a prisoner.

At this juncture a party of a dozen men were seen carrying across the bridge a piece of artillery, which had been taken from this side. In the course of a few minutes the loud thunder of the cannon was heard, and the flash lit up all surrounding objects. It was discharged three times at the house, with but little damage. After the three discharges of the cannon a lull of an hour occurred, when it is reported four negroes from the beleaguered house came out, and after firing attempted to escape. A volley was poured into them, killing one outright, the other three escaped. At ten o'clock they were firing from the cell roof the building, and the besieging party were acting very carefully and calmly, and at one o'clock a sharp rattle of musketry was heard. The arms held by the company have been ordered returned to the Governor, as they are held contrary to law, but the negroes positively refused to give them up when ordered to do so by Rivers, who is also chief of the State Militia in addition to his position as Magistrate. Rivers has fled to this side for safety.

At 4 o'clock this morning the firing had ceased, and most, if not all the rioters under arrest and most of their arms captured with them. About thirty prisoners are under guard, some with arms in their hands, while others either secreted or destroyed them.

Thus far everything has been conducted in as orderly a manner as it could possibly have been done under the circumstances, and the capturing party has been very forbearing in the treatment of the murderous crew.

There is nothing new beyond what has already been published; negroes were moving away from Hamburg all day yesterday. The statement in the Chronicle and Sentinel of yesterday about ten negroes being killed after their surrender is almost entirely without foundation. Two negroes were killed who were defying the civil law with arms in their hands and one wounded after his arrest, he was 1st Lieutenant of the negro company. He died yesterday evening. About 30 were captured and placed under guard. Gen. Butler directed them to be taken to Aiken, South Carolina jail. After he left the guard called the roll, and determined to kill the ring leaders, which was only three. The Captain of the negro company, Doc Adams, is still at large. The negroes killed are six; whites one, and one wounded. Rivers is holding the inquest to-day, and the verdict is not yet reached. Everything is very quiet and the excitement has entirely subsided.

There are no troops in Hamburg, as reported.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 10.—A Philadelphia special says: An important secret politico-religious convention was held there yesterday, called the Grand Council of American Alliance. Two delegates each were present from twenty-nine States. The Alliance is the result of the union of all the Native American orders, the O. A. U., the O. U. A. M., the P. O. A., and others. It has five hundred thousand members already.

Resolutions were adopted indorsing Hayes and Wheeler; declaring in favor of the American public school system; calling upon voters to vote for Americans only; opposing Roman Catholic influences in politics; declaring the Bible to be the bulwark of our liberties; expressing friendly feelings towards the South, and eulogizing President Grant's administration.

The motto is: "Americans and Protestants to rule America."

A special from Washington says that the heat is seriously affecting the health of Congressmen. Many Senators are hardly able to keep their places. Senator Davis was prostrated in the Senate chamber on Saturday and carried home almost insensible. Many Northern members of the House are so debilitated as to require an immediate departure for their homes.

Vanderbilt holds on to life with extraordinary tenacity, to-day he was bright and cheerful, and his physicians are astonished at his extraordinary vitality.

Heat in this city continues intense, and cases of prostration attended with fatal results are very numerous. At noon to-day the thermometer marked 83 degrees. About 25 deaths from effects of heat has been reported within 24 hours past.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 10.—Mr. Edward Pierrepont, the new United States Minister, has arrived here and will be presented to the Queen, at Windsor Castle, to-morrow.

The Standard says it is understood that the foreign office has received a report of the preliminary inquiry at Aukland, in the proceedings of the British war vessel, Barracouta, in connection with recent affairs at the Samarian Islands, and it has been considered desirable to order the vessel home.

John Edward Crooke, stock broker, has failed. His liabilities are $680,000—assets $412,000.

WISCONSIN.

MILWAUKEE, July 10.—The propeller St. Clair has been burned on Lake Superior; 27 lives were lost.

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Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

JULY 10.—Our market to-day is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary	8¼@8⅝
Good Ordinary	9@9⅜
Strict Good Ordinary	10 @—
Low Middling	10¾@—
Middling	11⅛@—

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.]

Bacon—C R Sides			12¾@—
" Shoulders			10½@—
Bulk—C R Sides			11⅝@—
" Shoulders			8½@—
Plain Sugar-cured Hams			—@—
Canvassed "			15 @16½
Lard—Choice, in tierces			12½@13
" " " ½bbls			14½@14¾
" " " kegs			14½@15
" " buckets			3 5 @3 25
Sugar—Snow White			1 —@—
" W. C.			10¾@10¾
" Y. C.			10⅜@10⅜
" Strictly Choice			10¼@10¼
" Prime			9¾@9¾
" Fair			8¾@9
Molasses—Choice			65 @70
" Prime			50 @55
" Fair			45 @50
" Common			35 @40
Coffee—Choice			15 @—
" Prime			12 @13
" Fair			11 @12
" Common			10 @10½
Rice—Choice			8 @8
" Prime			7 @7
" Fair			6¾@6¾
Flour—Fancy			8 00 @8 50
" Choice			7 50 @7 75
" Family			6 25 @7 00
" Superfine			5 00 @5 50
" Common			4 75 @5 00
Tobacco			42 @67
Whiskey—Rectified			1 00 @1 25
" Better Grades			1 50 @3 50
Wine—Port and Sherry			1 25 @2 00
" Claret			1 50 @2 00
Brandies			1 25 @2 00
" French			6 00 @10 00
" Peach and Apple			2 00 @3 00
Gin			1 40 @2 00
" in cases			6 00 @7 00
Beer in bottles, per doz			1 65 @1 75
" in kegs			3 50 @—
Cigars, per thousand			18 00 @60 00
CANNED GOODS—			
Oysters, 1 lbcans, per doz			90 @1 00
" 2 " " "			1 75 @2 00
Fresh Peaches, 2 lbcans, per doz			2 00 @2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case			4 00 @4 25
" Cherries, " "			4 25 @4 50
Sardines, ¼ boxes			16 00 @18 00
Condensed Milk, " "			11 00 @12 00
Yeast Powders, per doz			1 50 @2 10
Pickles, gal's, " "			5 00 @6 00
" ½ " "			2 75 @3 00
" ¼ " "			2 50 @3 00
" ⅛ " "			1 50 @2 00
Soda, in kegs, " lb			5½@6 6
" " bxs, " "			6½@6¾ 7¾
Potash, " " doz			5 50 @6 50
Candles, full weight, per lb			16½@16 17½
Soaps, " "			6 @6 7½
Starch, " "			5½@6 6½
Salt, Liverpool, per sack			1 35 @1 40
" Fine Liverpool			1 00 @—
" Virginia, " "			2 10 @2 25
Drop Shot			2 50 @—
Buck Shot			2 75 @—
Powder, " keg			5 75 @6 25
Nails, standard rate, per keg			2 50 @—
Snuff—Maccaboy, Lorillard's			80 @—
" Miller's			75 @—
" Gail & Ax			70 @—
" Scotch, per glass			90@1 00
" Garrett's, per doz			4 75 @—
Ink, per case			1 50 @—
Mustard, per dozen			1 25 @2 00
Ground Spices			1 00 @1 25
" Pepper			1 00 @1 25
" Ginger			1 00 @1 25
" Allspice			1 00 @1 25
" Cloves			1 00 @1 25
" Cinnamon			1 00 @—
Percussion Caps			65 @85
C. D. Caps			45 @—
Toilet Soaps, box			1 75 @2 25
Blueing, box			50 @1 00
Smoking Tobacco			50 @60
Tea			75 @1 25
Wampoo Bitters			6 50 @—
Diamond Gin			7 50 @—
Plantation Bitters			8 50 @—
Hostetter's Bitters			8 50 @—
Rhine Wines			8 00 @12 50
Wrapping Paper, Large			75 @—
" D C			65 @—
" Medium			50 @—
" Small			40 @—
Nutmegs			1 50 @—
Brooms			2 25 @3 00

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, July 10.—Money closed at 2. Gold 112. Stocks dull.

COTTON.

Spot cotton to-day closed quiet: Middling Orleans 11 15-16c; middling Alabama, 11⅞c; middling upland, 11⅞c; low middling upland, 11 14-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10⅝c; good ordinary upland 9 15-16c; ordinary upland, 8 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed quiet; sales 23,500 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 23-32@11 13-16
August	11 31-32@12
September	11 1-16@11 31-32
October	11 25-32@—
November	11 25-32@11 11-16
December	11 25-32@11 11-16

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 10.—Cotton flat; middling uplands, 6¼; middling Orleans, 6 1-8d sales to-day 6,000 bales, of which 1000 bales are for export and speculation; receipts —— bales, American —— bales.

SAVANNAH, July 10. Receipts 202, gross 202 exports to Great Britain —; sales 75; stock 1,-685; price of middlings, 10⅞c; market quiet.

NEW ORLEANS, July 10.—Net receipts 88, gross 100; exports to Great Britain ——; coast 757; sales 750; stock 95,284; price of middlings 11¼c, low middlings 10¾c, good ordinary 9¼c market quiet.

WILMINGTON, July 10—Net receipts 17; sales —; stock 926; price of middlings 10¾c; market steady.

MOBILE, July 10.—Net receipts 41; exports to Great Britain ——, coast 50; sales 250; stock 8,404; price of middlings 11c, low middlings 10c, good ordinary 8¾c; market weak.

NORFOLK, July 10.—Net receipts 9; sales —; stock 2,250; price of middlings 11—c; market quiet.

GALVESTON, July 10.—Net receipts 71, gross 74; sales 71; stock 6 820; price of middlings 11⅛c; market dull.

BOSTON, July 0.—Net receipts 184, gross 320, exports to Great Britain ——; sales ——; stock 15,-034; price of middlings 12c; market quiet.

CHARLESTON, July 10.—Net receipts 23; sales 150; stock 4,310; price of middlings 11⅝c; market quiet.

PHILADELPHIA, July 10.—Net receipts 196; gross 239; sales ——; price of middlings 11⅞c; market quiet.

PROVIDENCE, July 10.—Stock 15,000 bales.

BALTIMORE, July 10.—Net receipts 4, sales 50; stock 3,709; price of middlings 11¾c; market dull.

PROVISION MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 10.—Flour quiet, extra $4.50@5 75. Wheat steady, No. 2 spring $1 06. Corn firm, No. 2 mixed 45—c, new mixed 43c. Oats dull, No. 2 mixed 30½c. Rye dull, 64@65½c. Barley dull, 90c. Mess Pork firm, $19 50—Lard dull, 11¼c. Dry Salt Meats quiet, shoulders 8½c, long clear 11¾c. Green Meats quiet and unchanged. Whisky quiet, $1 10.

ST LOUIS, July 10.—Pork dull, $20 50@——Cut meats unchanged. Bacon lower, shoulders 8¼@8¾c, clear rib —— clear 13¼@13½c.

NEW ORLEANS, July 10.—Sugar strong, fair 7@7⅛c, prime 8c. Molasses, demand good, choice 48@50c, strictly prime 52c. Flour dull, superfine $5 75, choice family $6 75@7 75. Pork steady, mess $24 00@24 75. Corn, in sacks, white 53c, mixed 54c, yellow 55c. Oats quiet, 42c. Hay prime $15@16. Dry Salt Meats, shoulders 8

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

TUESDAY, JULY 11, 1876.

State News.

[By Yesterday's Mail to the Journal.]

After a considerable scuffle and a race of some distance, Deputy Sheriff Meredith of Green county captured an escaped penitentiary convict on Thursday last. He was at work on one of Mr. Haye's plantations. Mr M. gets a reward of $25.

Married.—June 27th, 1876, by Rev. E. M. Turner, at the residence of the bride's father, Jas. M. Hopper, near Fairnsdale, Marengo county, Ala., Mr. Wm. Morgan, Jr., of Green Co., to Miss Lizzie Z Hopper, of Marengo.

Badly Cut.—On Saturday last Nat and Tom Hurt, got drunk in town and went to the Choctaw Bluff place, where they work, and at night raised a row with old George Webb. Hilliard, son of George Webb, being called to assist his father, was assaulted by Tom Hurt and so badly cut that his life is despaired of. He received four wounds, two of them penetrating to the hollow. Nat was arrested and committed on Saturday. Tom made his escape, but was captured yesterday below Forkland, and is now in jail.—Eutaw Whig.

Weather and Crops.—Refreshing rains have fallen during the past several days, and while many entertain fears that cotton prospects will be injured thereby, one might well suppose that He that made grain grow for the sustenance of man will wisely dispense the blessings of the "former and latter rain." Strange what practical infidels we allow ourselves to become.—Eutaw Whig.

Remarkable Phenomenon. — *Mr. Editor:* On Saturday morning last, 1st July, a little after midnight, while up looking after one of the chicken brigade, I noticed an intense and dazzling light, or rather series of flashes, a little south of west and far below the zenith, nearly as bright as the noonday sunshine. About 2 or 3 minutes after the flash a stunning explosion was heard followed by not far from a hundred less violent ones, growing gradually less as the sound seemed to die away in a kind of rambling sound in the far south-west. Judging from the interval between the flash and report, it must have proceeded from an aerolite or meteor which, coming within the sphere of the earth's attraction, was drawn into the atmosphere and there exploded by the friction of its rapid flight into a resisting medium.

Who else witnessed the singular phenomenon? I recollect a singular one about '47 or '48 at about 10 o'clock a. m. A—— July 3, 1876.—Eutaw Whig.

A few days ago Mr. J. G. Whitfield, Black Bluff, picked six bushels of snap beans from 130 vines, and presented them to the steamer Hale. "That Jones' Bluff man" has the floor again.

Killed by Lightning.—Mr. Miles Stevens, who resided at or near Mr. A. J Mayfield, about ten miles northwest of Greensboro, was killed by lightning on Monday of last week, while going to the house from the field where he had been plowing. The mule he was leading was so badly stunned that he was believed for some time to be dead.

Mr. Stevens was a very poor man, and leaves a widow and seven helpless children, and a mother and several brothers and sisters to mourn his loss.—Greensboro Beacon.

The Greensboro Beacon says crop reports are more favorable than might be expected from the unusually large quantity of rain that has fallen in this section during the last two or three months. Corn and cotton in the bottoms, generally, are, we judge, small and grassy.

Married, in Atlanta, Ga., at the residence of the bride's brother, W. B. Lowe, Esq., by Rev. Mr. Cook, Mr. J. L. Scruggs, of Livingston, Ala., and Mrs. Fannie C. Gary.

The health of Jona Bliss, Esq., of Gainesville, has improved sufficiently to enable him to start on his annual visit to his native State (Massachusetts), a few days ago. We trust he may be benefitted by the trip, and that he may be an honored member of Sumter for many years to come.—Livingston Journal.

The Livingston Journal says: Crop reports are favorable except from portions of south Sumter, where up to a few days ago, rain was much needed.

Married, in Bryan, Texas, May 11th, 1876, Dr. F. M. Hall and Miss Ella Gillespie—the latter formerly of Livingston, Ala.

Mr. Soc. Parker has been awarded the contract for carrying the mail between Livingston and Ramsey's Station, *via* Sumterville.

There was a public barbecue at Hayneville, on the 4th, gotten up in the usual good style of the people of that vicinity, and which was largely attended.

A brilliant meteor was seen, and the explosion of it heard, by several of our citizens, last Friday night. Its course was nearly due North, and when it exploded it was about 35 miles distant.—Livingston Journal.

During the week we have been favored with frequent showers which have greatly refreshed vegetation and put new life in the crops generally. The early corn may now be considered as having passed the crisis, and with one more season will produce an abundant yield. Cotton is also looking well and promises a large crop.—Decatur News.

Maj. A. H. Todd, of Talladega, has been elected President of the Female Seminary, Lexington, Mo.

A Mr. Rogers was killed by lightning at Stone's X Roads, on the 20th ult.

A negro named Lyle was assassinated by unknown parties at Hartin's Mill on the 17th ult.

A negro boy, named Ed. Mayhoe, aged about 16 years, was shot and killed in Tuskaloosa by an unknown negro boy, on Monday night last. Several arrests have been made, and among others, Charlie Logan, a boy of 14, who is supposed to be the guilty party.

The Tuskaloosa Times says: A little child of Mr. and Mrs. Jesper, aged about 3 years, fell from the gallery, on the second floor, to the pavement beneath, at the Store of Fitts, Maxwell & Jesper, on last Sunday evening. It was indeed a wonder that the little fellow was not instantly killed; but fortunately, he was only slightly injured.

Mr. Rockmore, of Opelika, has a large timber contract on the A. & C. R. R.

Crops are flourishing in all parts of Jefferson county, and the health of the people is excellent.

Mr. Moses Spencer and family arrived in Tuscaloosa last week from England. He goes into the mining business.

The Rev. Mr. Gwalthey, of Rome, Ga., will take charge of the Judson Female Institute of Marion.

Died, near Louisville, Ky., on the 30th of June, 1876, Jane, wife of ex-Governor D. Merriweather, of Kentucky, and daughter of the late David Cumming, of Birmingham.

The Fourth of July festivities were in a great measure o'erclouded with gloom at Oxmoor on Tuesday, by the accident on the little railroad leading to the Red Mountain ore bank. The coupling broke, and one of the flats filled with boys was thrown off the track and five boys were hurt, two of them, Busby, aged 15 years, and Cooke, aged 10 years, dangerously if not fatally. The first named received injuries in the throat and breast, the second had his leg broken and his hip dislocated. Both were alive at last accounts.—Birmingham Independent.

So "Sammy T." was a distiller. And "crooked" too.

The Sioux Indians reservation in Dakota is 56,072 square miles or 35,887,080 acres, including the Black Hills.

Union Republican Ticket.



FOR GOVERNOR:

JAS. S. CLARKE, of Morgan.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:

THOS. T. ALLINGTON, of Lauderdale.

FOR AUDITOR:

GEORGE P. PLOWMAN, of Talladega.

FOR TREASURER:

BENJ. M. LONG, of Walker.

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL:

ROBT S. HEFLIN, of Randolph.

FOR SUP'T OF EDUCATION:

P. J. GLOVER, of Marengo.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:

L. C. COULSON, of Jackson.
CHAS. E. MAYER, of Mobile.

District Electors.

First District—Lou H Mayer of Mobile.

Second District—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.

Third District—P G Clarke of Barbour.

Fourth District — J T Rapier of Lowndes.

Fifth District—S S Booth of Autauga.

Sixth District—A B Hays, of Winston.

Seventh District—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.

Eighth District—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

Regular State Executive Committee.

Chas. E Mayer Chairman; George Turner, Secretary.

First District—C S Wood, Allen Alexander.

Second District—William M Loftin, Frenchard Gray.

Third District—W H Black, Philip King.

Fourth District—M G Candee, H Cochran.

Fifth District—Wm J Boon, J H Alston.

Sixth District — Charles Hays, C C Sheats.

Seventh District—Arthur Bingham, H L Watlington.

Eighth District—George E. Spencer, Z E Thomas.

Regular Ticket of Montgomery County.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

CHARLES STEELE.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

T. C. BINGHAM, J. K. GREENE, W. H. CRUSIUS, J. K. P. LUCAS.

Regular County Executive Committee.

PAUL STROBACH, Chairman. T. C. BINGHAM, Secretary.

Clark Evans, W. M. Loftin, W. J. Maxwell, Wm. Anthony, Thos. Oliver, Aug. Montgomery, Randall Chilton, John Breckenridge, Charles Loper, Geo. Allen, Ab. Davis, Br. McDaniel, Chas. Johnson, Jos. Barnett, Parrish Phillips.

PLATFORM

—OF THE—

REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections State and Federal, announce as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men as the fundamental principle of our government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperiling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the cordial recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing intolerance, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and action, in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and antipaties, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the States and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one as indestructible, the other as indissoluable.

5th. The preservation and maintainance of the Republican party in the Southern States, as a safeguard against sectionalism, and the strongest guaranaty of an inviolate union.

Resolved 1st, That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has carried the nation through a period of unprecedented difficulties and trials with safety and success, and has won for the President a renown as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd, That we deplore the divisions in our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies, and that now, as in the past, we are ready and desirous of healing these divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse to its energies or hope to its future, since the war, and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

ALEX WHITE, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 15th, 1876.)

When, in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved these governments to the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed." Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously edforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitutional amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts as to its purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin. Commmercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the many important amendments effected by Republican Legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congess to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who periled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We therefore note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts as its chief hope of success on the electoral vote of a united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation; we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil the national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason; with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes; with reasserting and applauding in the National Capitol the sentiments of unrepented rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan mismanagement and obstruction of investigation; with proving itself, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and immense services in war and in peace.

Another Credit Mobilier.

SAMUEL J. TILDEN'S TERRE HAUTE RECORD—FACTS AND FIGURES FOR THE PEOPLE—THE COMPLAINT FILED IN THE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—"ADDITION, DIVISION, AND SILENCE!"

[From the New York Express (Dem.)]

There is at present a bill before the United States Circuit Court for the Southern district of New York, sitting in equity, wherein the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad Company appears as complainant and Mr. Samuel J. Tilden as the most prominent defendant. The complaint, in brief, demands an account of certain moneys or securities entrusted to the defendants, and Mr. Tilden, in brief, replies by asking and getting time to answer *until the first of July.*

THE FORECLOSURE OF THE RAILROAD.

According to the complaint in this case, on Feb. 14, 1855, the Terre Haute and Alton Company and the Belleville and Illinoistown Railroad Company were consolidated, under the title of the Terre Haute, Alton and St. Louis Railroad Company. Subsequently the new Terre Haute, Alton and St. Louis Company became financially embarrassed, and unable to pay the interest on the mortgages of the old companies which it had assumed, as well as on its own; and bills of foreclosure, asking for the sale of the property, were filed by the trustees of the second mortgages of the original companies in the United States Circuit Courts of the districts of Indiana and Southern Illinois, in which actions decrees of foreclosure and sale were about to be entered. Upon this, about April 15, 1861, the bond and stockholders and the general creditors of the company subscribed to a general plan of reorganization, which embraced the purchase of the road, the chartering of a new corporation, and the creation and disposal of stock and securities.

A committee of five were appointed agents to carry this plan into effect. The committee were *Samuel J. Tilden*, Robert Bayard, Joseph Tuckerman, John G. Richardson and Charles Butler. On March 24, 1865, in Alton, Ill., the road was sold by auction, and purchased by this committee for $8,000,000, and a new corporation was formed soon afterwards, under the title of the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad Company, with *Samuel J. Tilden*, Robert Bayard, John Tuckerman, John G. Richardson and Russell Sage as incorporators. By the act of incorporation the new company was empowered to assume the liabilities of the old company and make settlements, using for that purpose the new company's stock and bonds, the settlements to be made within six months after the organization, and all claimants to be debarred from the benefits of the act unless their claims were surrendered and settled within that six months.

THE ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND TERRE HAUTE ROAD.

On June 27, 1862, a meeting of the Board of Directors was held at the Company's office, No. 12 Wall street, in this city. Samuel J. Tilden and the other members of the Purchasing Committee were among the directors. One of them offered a series of resolutions, which were referred to Purchasing Committee-Member-and-Director Samuel J. Tilden, as Counsel of the Company. On the following day the Board met again at the same place, and Purchasing Committee-Member - Director - and - Counsel - for-the Corporation Samuel J. Tilden reported the resolutions, which were to the effect that certain bonds and stock should be issued and covered and handed over to Samuel J. Tilden and his Purchasing Committee for the payment of the purchase money and the settlement of claims. The bonds and stock authorized by the charter and directed to be issued by these resolutions, were as follows:

First mortgage bonds	$2,200,000	
2d mortgage, pref'd	$2,800,000	
Income	1,700,000	
		4,500,000
Stock—Preferred	$1,700,000	
Common	2,050,000	
		3,750,000
Total		$10,450,000

HAUL NUMBER ONE.

The complaint sets forth that on June 30, 1862, the Purchasing Committee conveyed to themselves by deed the above amount of stocks and bonds, *with the addition* of $250,000 common stock, whose issue was never authorized by anybody; that is, they gave themselves $4,000,000 worth of certificates of stock, instead of the $3,750,000 above set forth as authorized by the charter and the resolutions of the Board. This quarter of a million over-issue of stock, says the complaint, is still outstanding as part of the liabilities of the company, and the stockholders want to know who has got it and where it is. Mr. Tilden will probably explain after the Convention. He refuses to do so before it.

The Trustee and Surviving Receiver of the old company, who sold the property to Tilden and his Purchasing Committee, was Mr. Azariah C. Flagg. He made a report to the bondholders of the old company in 1863, and of that report the report of the new company for the same year, signed by the Tilden Purchasing Committee, thus speaks:

"The proceedings of the Committee of Bondholders and Stockholders on reorganization—to-wit, Samuel J. Tilden and the Purchasing Committee—are all stated in the report of Mr. Flagg with such *particularity* as to render any further statement superfluous."

HAUL NUMBER TWO.

The reader will please glance again at the above list of bonds and stock issued. The report of Mr. Flagg, thus commended for "particularity," states that the claims settled by the first mortgage bonds of $2,200,000, amounted to only $2,045,740.41, leaving a balance in the hands of the Tilden Purchasing Committee of $154,259.59. The stockholders want Mr. Tilden to tell them where that went to, and Mr. Tilden has answered in effect, "Wait until after the St. Louis Convention."

HAUL NUMBER THREE.

The reader will please look again at the table and note the issue of 4,500,000 second mortgage bonds, preferred and income. Mr. Flagg's report states with much and cruel "particularity" that the amount of claims settled by this issue was only $4,369,545.89, leaving a trifle of $130,454.11 which the stockholders ask Mr. Tilden to account for; but he says he won't do it till after the adjournment of the Convention, and does *not* say that he will do it even then.

HAUL NUMBER FOUR.

Another glance at the table above will reveal the issue of $1,700,000 preferred stock. With most aggravating "particularity" the report of Mr. Flagg sets down the amount of liabilities settled by this issue at $1,568,700, leaving a wretched margin of $131,300 to be accounted for by Mr. Tilden, which he declares he will not do until after the St. Louis Convention, and won't promise to do it even then.

HAUL NUMBER FIVE.

The annual report of the Directors, showing the condition of the Company on the 1st of January, 1874, stated that the common stock handed over up to that time in liquidating claims, etc., was $1,939,516.85. Please note that the Company was *authorized* to issue $2,050,000, so that to say nothing of the over issue of $250,000 above mentioned, there is still left a balance of $110,483.15 to be accounted for by Mr. Tilden. Mr. Tilden says he'll do nothing of the sort until after the St. Louis Convention. He does not say that he will account for it then.

RECAPITULATION OF THE HAULS—AN ALLEGED STEAL OF $1,000,000.

The cry of anguish which comes from the complainant in the last paragraph of his wailings before the Court, is so heartrending that we quote it in all its naked wretchedness.

"And your orator further complains and avers, that the said defendants (Tilden and the Purchasing Committee) have not, nor either of them, ever rendered to your orator any account of the hereinbefore mentioned surplus of $154,000 first mortgage bonds, $430,000 second mortgage bonds, $131,000 preferred stock and $360,000 common stock, or any of the bonds or stocks entrusted to them as members of the said Purchasing Committee, although your orator has repeatedly, by its agents duly authorized, demanded such an account; but, on the contrary, your orator alleges and avers, that the said defendants, or some of them, have refused to render any such account, or to give your orator any explanation of the manner in which, or the purpose for which, the said bonds and stock were issued and disposed of; and your orator charges that the said surplus bonds and stock have been *unlawfully retained by and divided among the said defendants*, or issued and disposed of by them, in violation of their duty as members of the said Purchasing Committee, and of the Board of Directors of the said corporation, complainant herein, and of the trust and confidence reposed in them as such; and that the pecuniary liabilities and burdens of your orator have been, thereby, unjustly and unnecessarily increased to the amount of more than one million dollars!"

A SALARY GRAB.

There is one more paragraph in the document worth quoting entire, anticipating, as it does, any plea that the defendants may offer to the effect that they, or any of them, retained the sums above charged as unaccounted for in compensation for services rendered.

"And your orator further shows that, at a meeting of the said Purchasing Committee, held Nov. 3, 1862, it was resolved that the compensation of Mr. Bayard be $3,000 per annum for three years of his services as Chairman of the Committee; and it was further resolved that the compensation of Mr. Butler be fixed at $2,5000 per annum for three years, in full for special services in various capacities; and Mr. Tilden (to wit, *Samuel J. Tilden*, one of the parties defendant herein) having stated his claims for services at $10,000 against the second mortgage and a like sum as against the first mortgage, and the reorganization, it was resolved that the same be allowed at said sums, in full of such services;" and that accordingly the sums were paid to the said parties, fearly $9,000 to Bayard, $7,500 to Butler and *twenty thousand dollars to Samuel J. Tilden.*

All this Mr. Tilden has been called upon from time to time to explain, but he has invariably managed to postpone his explanation, until he finally succeeded in getting the Court to grant him time to file his definite answer to this complaint until something like a week after the adjournment of the St. Louis Convention.

National Republican Platform Adopted at Cincinnati June, 1876.

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league.

2. The work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. To every American citizen, complete liberty and exact equality.

4. Steady progress towards specie payment.

5. Appointments selected with sole reference to efficiency and faithful service to the country.

6. Punishment to all who betray official trust.

7. The Public school system is the bulwark of the American republic, and for its security the application of public fund to sectarian schools should be forbidden.

8. Revenue must be derived from duties on importation.

9. No grants of public lands to corporations and monopolies.

10. The same protection to adopted American citizens as to native-born.

11. Duty of Congress to investigate the Chinese puzzles.

12. Woman's rights to be respected.

13. Polygamy to be prohibited and extirpated.

14. The nation's pledges to soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled.

15. The Democratic party count on a united South arrayed against the nation.

16. The Democratic party is the same in character and spirit as when in sympathy with treason.

17. Hearty gratitude of the American people to President Grant and his administration, and for his immense services in war and in peace.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby render our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

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Cholera-Morbus, Vomiting	6.	20
Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	7.	20
Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	8.	20
Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo	9.	20
Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach	10.	20
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Whites, too Profuse Periods	12.	20
Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing	13.	20
Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	14.	20
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Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Ague	16.	20
Piles, Blind or Bleeding	17.	20
Ophthalmy, and Sore or Weak Eyes	18.	20
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Whooping-Cough, Violent Coughs	20.	20
Asthma, Oppressed Breathing	21.	20
Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing	22.	20
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Red Oak	9 31 a m	9 36 a m
Newnan	10 11 a m	10 16 a m
Grantville	10 41 a m	10 46 a m
Lagrange	11 11 a m	11 16 a m
West Point	11 41 a m	

Passenger Train—North.

West Point	12 10 p m
Lagrange	12 40 p m
Whitesville	1 10 p m
Grantville	1

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

TUESDAY, JULY 11, 1876.

JULY.

Some flowers are withered and some boys have died!
The garden rocks with an East Indian scent
From fields where gilly flowers stand weak and bent;

The white heat poises the skies from side to side;
At noonday all the living gestures hide;
But in the lanes and rivers, cool, content,
Lie clear blossoms on a new firmament,
Under clear blossoms on a new firmament,
Where lilies float and regally abide.
In vain the sot takes their buzz in glare;
The lily does not seek their buzz in glare;
The lily does not seek their buzz in glare;
In vain the pallid ghoul is refuse to share
In the deep pallid ghoul is refuse to share
Their drowse; the lily feels no fear or dread;
Unharmed she lifts her queenly face and head;
She drinks of living waters and keeps fair.

TILDEN AND TWEED.

The Twin Brothers of Tammany—The Modern Reformer Exposed—An Apt Pupil of the Great Robber Tweed—A Characteristic Letter from Horace Greeley—Tilden's Ballot Box Stuffing.

In 1868, John T. Hoffman was Democratic candidate for Governor of New York against Mr. Fenton, and was beaten by a majority of 13,768. In 1868, Hoffman was again a candidate and was elected by a Democratic majority of 27,-916. This increase of the Democratic majority, in the brief space of two years, by a total of over 40,000 was a matter for profound astonishment to the whole United States, excepting only a small band of faithful Democrats in New York City. To them, headed by Boss Tweed and Samuel J. Tilden, belongs the credit of the astonishing change. It may interest our people to learn something of the method by which it was brought about.

On the eve of the election Samuel J. Tilden addressed to some of the faithful followers of his party in every county of the state, a circular of which the following is a copy:

ROOMS OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE COM.
October 27, 1868.

MY DEAR SIR—Please at once to communicate with some reliable person in three or four principal towns and in each city of your county, and request him (expenses duly arranged for this end) *to telegraph to Wiliam M. Tweed*, Tammany Hall, at the minute of closing the polls, but waiting for the count, such person's estimate of the vote. Let the telegraph be as follows: "This town will give a Democratic gain (or loss) over last year of —— (number)." Or this: "This town will give a Republican (or Democratic) majority of ——." *There is of course important object to be attained in these instructions, as to the hour of closing the polls, but not longer.* Opportunity can be taken of the usual half hour lull in telegraphic communication over the lines before accurate results begin to be declared, and before the associated Press absorb the telegraph for returns and interfere with individual messages, and give orders to watch carefully the count.

Very truly, yours,
SAMUEL J. TILDEN, Chairman.

The italics in the above are ours. They indicate that Mr. Tilden, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, was working in conjunction with Boss Tweed, with an "important object to be attained" whose nature is now known to all. That object was to get the vote of the whole State before them in New York, and then to stuff enough more votes into the city ballot-boxes to produce a Democratic majority. The work was well done. The Democratic majority returned from New York City, at that election, was 69,159. It is now, as Senator Conkling called it in a public speech, an "open secret" that thirty thousand fraudulent votes were added to the count in New York City and Brooklyn, and that Hoffman was deliberately counted in by the nefarious work of Samuel J. Tilden and Boss Tweed.

Previous to the election of the following fall, when these facts had become thoroughly known, Horace Greeley, late the Presidential candidate of the Democratic party, addressed to Mr. Tilden an open letter from which we make the following extracts:

To Samuel J. Tilden, Chairman Democratic State Committee:

SIR—You hold a most responsible and influential position in the councils of a great party. You could make that party content itself with the polling of legal votes if you only would. In our late Constitutional Convention, I tried to erect some fresh barriers against election frauds; did you? The very little that I was enabled to effect in this direction, I shall try to have ratified by the people at our coming election. Will you?

Mr. Tilden, you can not escape responsibility by saying, with the guilty Macbeth:

"Thou canst not say I did it; never shake
Thy gory locks at me!"

You were at least a passive accomplice to the great frauds of last November. Your name was used without public protest on your part, in circulars sowed broadcast over the land, whereof the manifest intent was to "make assurance doubly sure" that the frauds here perpetrated could not be overborne by the honest vote of the rural districts. And you, not merely by silence, but by positive assumption, have covered those frauds with the mantle of your respectability. On no principle that "the receiver is as bad as the thief," you are as deeply implicated in them to-day as though your name were Tweed, O'Brien, or Oakey Hall. * * *

And though our city has largely increased its population, the *lower wards* were quite as populous then (1840) as they are to-day, several of them more so. * * *

Now, look at the vote of four of these wards in 1840 and 1868 respectively:

4 Wards	President, 1840	Governor, 1868
	4,793 | 5,521	2,840 | 20,283

Van Buren's majority, 726; Hoffman's majority 17,443.

Mr. Tilden, you know what this contrast attests. Right well do you comprehend the means whereby the vote of 1868 was thus swelled out of all proportions. There are not 12,000 legal voters living in those wards to-day, though they gave Hoffman 17,443 majority. Had the day been of average length, it would doubtless have been swelled to at least 20,000. There was nothing but time needed to make it 100,000, if so many had been wanted and paid for.

Now, Mr. Tilden, I call on you to put a stop to this business. You have but to walk into the Sheriff's office, the Mayor's and the Supervisor's offices in the City Hall Park, and say that there must be no more of it; SAY IT SO THAT THERE SHALL BE NO DOUBT THAT YOU MEAN IT, and we shall have a tolerably fair election once more.

Will you do it? If we Republicans are swindled once more, as we were swindled last fall, you and such as you will be responsible to God and man for the outrage. Yours, HORACE GREELEY.

New York, October 30, 1869.

THE Republican platform favors free schools; the Democratic platform demands an unrestricted liquor traffic. There is a slight difference, here.

CLYMER'S Committee should take hold of Tilden's railroad jobbery. They would strike oil.

TILDEN.

What his own Party Organs Think of Him—Some Interesting Reading for Free Ben.

We presume that every Democratic reader of the JOURNAL knows that the Cincinnati Enquirer is the leading Democratic paper of the West. No one conversant with political affairs will deny this fact, we apprehend. The following articles from the Enquirer will show what is thought of Mr. Tilden by the leaders of his own party. As they were written by Democrats it is reasonable to infer that they are true, in view of the fact that they have never been denied. We propose to keep them standing in our columns for the present:

[Cincinnati Enquirer, June 5, 1876.]

A private letter just received from New York, from a gentleman of fairness and intelligence, says: "I had a good opinion of Tilden until I came among those that know him, but I find they all agree that his show of reform is a humbug." The recent Albany Conference is corroborative of all this testimony. The controlling politicians, as well as the masses of the people in the Democratic party in New York, who can draw a dividing line between an honest man and a Bengal tiger or a hypocrite, are alike well aware that Tilden can not carry his own State, should he, by the wrath of God, be nominated for the Presidency. If there are potent reasons why the Democracy of Tilden's own State are opposed to his nomination, there are more, and greater reasons, why the Democracy of the West and the South should be intelligent and honorable enough to resist his bribes and defeat his nomination. We do not apprehend his nomination, but we are not insensible to the power of money and management. There are a few facts concerning Sam. Tilden, which, we trust, will sink into the minds of Western and Southern Democrats.

1. He can not carry his own State in November.

2. He can not carry any Northern State.

3. He is a hypocrite, a political swindler, has long been a public plunderer, and is really the most disreputable candidate prominently named on the Democratic side.

4. He did what he could to defeat the Democratic party of Ohio in 1875, expending his money, and subsidizing the Eastern Democratic press to that end, knowing that Ohio's victory was his defeat, and loving Tilden more than the Democratic party. He has earned the enmity of the West and South.

5. He has sought this high office by methods so unprecedentedly shameless and disreputable that it would be an everlasting stigma upon a Democratic Convention to nominate him, and a reproach upon the American people to elect him if nominated.

6. Upon the foremost question of the hour he is a most pitiless foe of the interests of the West and the South. He is the unscrupulous oppressor of the great, struggling industries of the vast producing sections of the country. No Republican Administration could be more hostile to them than would his.

7. Should "God's Providence, seeming estranged," permit his nomination, by whom and what would he be nominated? By the servile, conscienceless tools that money can purchase; by the most corrupt influences that ever entered into a Presidential nomination; by the system on which all other quack medicines are sold—advertising—and even respectable medical associations read out of the profession the "Doctors" that will advertise. It would seem that the Democratic party should have as high a respect for the good name of the party and the Government as the vender of pills have for their craft. It could not but be that a man educated in cunning, in hypocrisy, in impurity, nominated in corruption and shameless effrontery, even though his millions could elect him, would give us the most corrupt Administration the country has ever known. "Neither imperial dignities, nor the gloom of solitude," said Tacitus, "could save Tiberius from himself." And Tilden could not rise above himself, or above the sources of his power.

[Cincinnati Enquirer, June 6, 1876.]

The political jobbers, thieves, and betrayers of the people are very generally in favor of Tilden.

[Cincinnati Enquirer, June 17, 1876.]

Mr. Barlow is the champion railway "undertaker" and jobber of New York. Of course, he's for Tilden. All men of his stripe are. With Tilden in the White House, men of Mr. Barlow's kidney would be very busy and prosperous. All the vicious, thieving, corrupt elements in the Democratic party are moving toward "reform under the banner of Sam Tilden.

[Cincinnati Enquirer, June 20, 1876.]

The Kid-glove Democracy, of which Tilden is the chief, have not the confidence and can not obtain the votes of the masses. His nomination will disrupt and disorganize the Democratic party. It means defeat.

The Pee Dee Herald

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Lewis' Horse Condition Powder	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Chicken Cholera Powder	3 00	30 00
Lewis' Hog Cholera Powder	1 75	18 00
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OPIUM

Official Railroad Time Table

Giving arrival and departure of all trains of Montgomery. Reported and corrected expressly for the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, by Messrs. ROUGH & BENSON, General Ticket Agents Office under Exchange Hotel, where any information as to rates, connections or distance can be obtained.

Tickets sold to all points North, South, East and West.

Calls for the Omnibus or Baggage Wagon left at our office, or at the Exchange Hotel will receive prompt attention.

SOUTH AND NORTH ALA. RAILROAD

GOING NORTH.

	No 2—Mail	No 4—Exp
Leaves Montgomery	7:00 am	8:00 pm
Calera	9:35 am	10:25 pm
Birmingham	10:55 am	11:46 pm
Decatur	2:45 pm	3:05 am
Nashville	8:15 pm	8:30 am
Arrive at Louisville	3:45 am	3:40 pm

Accommodation.

	No 8
Leaves Montgomery	4:00 p m
Calera	10:20 p m
Arrive Birmingham	3:00 a m

COMING SOUTH.

	No 1—Mail	No 3—Exp
Leaves Louisville	10:05 am	12:35 am
Nashville	4:46 pm	5:25 am
Decatur	12:10 am	2:00 p m
Birmingham	3:50 am	5:30 pm
Calera	6:10 am	6:50 pm
Arrive at Montgomery	7:40 am	9:25 pm

ROBERT MEEK, Supt.
C. P. ATMORE, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.

MONTGOMERY & EUFAULA R. R.

GOING EAST.

Leave Montgomery ..... *2:00 and 10:00 p m
Arrive at Union Springs ..... 5:30 p m and 1:30 a m
Arrive at Eufaula ..... 9:55 p m and 6:00 a m

Connecting closely at Union Springs with train for Troy, and at Eufaula with Southwestern railroad for all points in Southwest Georgia and Florida, and with Central line of Boats for Apalachicola, Jacksonville, Tallahassee, etc.

COMING WEST.

Leave Eufaula ..... *10:00 pm and 4:15 p m
Arrive at Union Springs ..... 1:25 a m and 5:36 p m
Arrive at Montgomery ..... 6:20 a m and 7:30 a m

Connecting closely at Union Springs with train for Columbus, and at Montgomery with all roads for all points north, south, east and west.

R. DUNHAM Sup't.
T. P. WEBB, Gen. Ticket Agent.
*Does not run on Sundays.

* 2 pm. train runs to Eufaula Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays; to Union Springs, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

MOBILE & MONTGOMERY RAILROAD.

Commencing Sunday, November 21, 1875, the Mobile & Montgomery Railroad will run double daily passenger trains, and will run as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

Leaves Montgomery	7:45 a m
Arrives in Mobile	5:30 p m
Arrive at New Orleans	9:30 p m
Leave Montgomery	9:35 p m
Arrive at Mobile	4:20 a m
New Orleans, N O & M R	10:35 a m

COMING NORTH.

Leaves New Orleans, N O & M R	6:45 a m
Leave Mobile	12:20 p m
Arrives at Montgomery	7:40 p m
Leave New Orleans	5:00 p m
Leave Mobile	11:0 p m
Arrives at Montgomery	6:0 a m

G. JORDAN, Superinten dent.
GEO. NASON, Gen. Pass. and Frt. Agent.

WESTERN RAILROAD OF ALABAMA

GOING EAST AND NORTH.

Leaves Montgomery	6:59 a m
NIGHT PASSENGER—EAST	
Leave Montgomery	8:08 p m
Selma and West Point Accommodation*	
Arrive at Montgomery	12:10 p m
Leave Montgomery	2:28 p m
COMING FROM EAST AND NORTH.	
Arrive at Montgomery	6:45 a m
NIGHT PASSENGER, FROM THE EAST	
Arrive Montgomery	9:30 p m
West Point and Selma Accommodation *	
Arrives at Montgomery	2:36 p m
Leave Montgomery	3:10 p m
GOING WEST.	
Leaves Montgomery	8:00 a m
COMING EAST.	
Arrive at Montgomery	7:20 p m

7:30 a m Train has through sleeping coaches for Washington and Baltimore via Kennesaw route. 7:20 p m train has through sleeping coaches for Macon and Atlanta.

L. P. ALEXANDER, Gen'l Manager
S. D. HUMPHREY, Jr., Gen. Ticket Agent.
*Does not run on Sundays.

MOBILE AND GIRARD RAILROAD.

Leave Columbus	2:06 p m
Arrives at Union Springs	5:43 p m
Troy	8:15 p m
RETURNING.	
Leave Troy	11:40 p m
Arrives at Union Springs	1:37 a m
Columbus	6:55 a m

W. L. CLARK, Supt.

ALABAMA CENTRAL RAILROAD.

GOING WEST.

Leave Selma ..... 2:50 p m
Arrive at Meridian ..... 11:24 p m

COMING EAST.

Leave Meridian ..... 1:00 a m
Arrive at Selma ..... 8:00 a m

JOHN M. BRIDGES, Supt.

ALABAMA AND CHATTANOOGA R. R.

COMING SOUTH.

Leaves Chattanooga	5:15 p m
Birmingham	4:15 a m
Tuskaloosa	10:20 a m
Arrives at Meridian	7:50 p m
GOING NORTH.	
Leaves Meridian	5:40 a m
Tuskaloosa	3:00 p m
Birmingham	9:10 p m
Arrive at Chattanooga	10:00 a m

C. H. STANTON, Supt.

MOBILE AND OHIO RAILROAD.

GOING NORTH.

Leave Mobile	6:00 p m
Meridian	1:15 a m
Corinth	12:05 p m
Humboldt	4:00 p m
Arrive at Columbus, Ky	7:40 p m
COMING SOUTH.	
Leave Columbus, Ky	8:00 a m
Humboldt	11:50 a m
Corinth	3:35 p m
Meridian	1:05 a m
Arrive at Mobile	8:00 a m

A. L. RIVES, Chief Eng. & Gen. Supt.
CHAS. L. FITCH, Gen. Frt. & Pass. Agent.

SAVANNAH AND MEMPHIS R. R.*

Leave Kellyton	5:51 a m
Arrive at Opelika	9:43 a m
Leave Opelika	3:00 p m
Arrive at Kellyton	6:52 p m

E. P. ALEXANDER, President.
*Does not run on Sundays.

EAST ALABAMA AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE, TO TAKE EFFECT FRIDAY OCTOBER FIRST.

PASSENGER TRAIN, GOING SOUTH.

Leaves Buffalo	7:30 a m
Arrives LaFayette	7:45 a m
Leaves LaFayette	8:00 a m
Arrives Junction	9:15 a m
Leaves Junction	9:15 a m
Arrives Opelika	9:30 p m
GOING NORTH.	
Leaves Opelika	3:30 a m
Arrives Junction	3:45 a m
Leaves Junction	3:45 a m
Arrives LaFayette	5:15 a m
Leaves LaFayette	5:30 a m
Arrives Buffalo	5:45 a m
CONSTRUCTION TRAIN GOING SOUTH.	
Leaves Opelika	10:40 a m
Arrives Junction	11:00 a m
GOING SOUTH.	
Leaves Junction	2:45 a m
Arrives Opelika	3:00 a m

OPELIKA, Ala., Sept 22, 1875.
R. H. KELLY Sup

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From the Hon. G. R. Cather, publisher "Southern Index," Selma, Ala.

"We have received from the manufacturer, Mr. Beatty, one of his square pianos. It is a thing of beauty, but not more exquisite to the eye is the finish of its case than pleasing to the ear is the sweetness of its melody. The piano combines the highest existence, to which all the first class manufacturers of musical instruments aim. To all who wish to invest in a first class piano we have no hesitancy in advising them to send the money directly to Mr. Beatty. We speak from actual experiment, and it is with pleasure we give the evidence of the reliability of Mr. Beatty and his instruments."

Best offer ever given. Money refunded upon return of Piano and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory, after a ten trial of five days. Piano warranted for six years.

Agents wanted everywhere. Send stamp for catalogue. Address, DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, New Jersey, U. S. A.

GAUGING.

Notice to Wholesale Liquor Merchants.

UNITED STATES GAUGER'S OFFICE,
Montgomery, October 16, 1875.

The wholesale Liquor dealers of Montgomery are hereby notified that the undersigned can be found at all times, at his office in the JOURNAL building, on Perry street. All orders left at this office will be promptly

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

TUESDAY, JULY 11, 1876.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MONTGOMERY, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T. C. Bingham will be paidby us.

T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,
dtf. Proprietors.

THE best Centennial sentiment is Justice.

A VERY narrow aperture—the crack of a whip.

THE paths of glory lead but to the grave.

THE boy of the period still has his hand in a sling.

YOU can take the cotton out of your ears now.

DRUGGISTS report a corner in the Arnica market.

SHOULDN'T you think the sun would get tired.

THE green watermelon is beginning to set the doctors up in trade.

THIRTEEN years ago to-day, the Confederates occupied Hagerstown, Pennsylvania.

SILVER seems to be doing its utmost in this city to make shinplasters respectable.

MANY of our citizens, not content to pull down their vests take them off altogether.

WE call attention to the advertisement of Marshal Turner, which will be found elsewhere.

LEISURE is sweet to those who have earned it, but burdensome to those who get it for nothing.

AN undertaker's clerk was busy yesterday taking the names of all who bought watermelons.

TICE predicts an earthquake. Those who believe in him will henceforth make their habitations in tents.

THE very latest curiosity spoken of in the papers is a wheel that came off a dog's tail when it was a 'waggin.

ONE good turn deserves another; but the most exacting gentlemen have found that a paper collar can really have only one turn in July.

NEXT to a diary the most difficult thing for a reporter to keep, is a lead pencil. At least we have found it so in Montgomery.

IT must make a man feel mean to pay an old debt because he thinks he is going to die, and then have the doctors pull him through all right.

THE patriotic citizen who bought a ten-foot flag for his two year old baby, must have had in mind Mother Goose's melody of "Buy a baby bunting."

IN Montgomery a son of Mr. Goldsby vomitted thirteen worms, coated with hair, and resembling "wolves" found in cattle.—Decatur News.

Go away from home to learn the news.

PERSONAL.—We learn that the Hon. James T. Rapier has been invited by the Republicans of Indiana to make a canvass of that State, and will probably leave for that State this week.

THE poor Indian can now be reasoned with, and have tracts sent out to him, or he can have his head knocked off, and so end the romance and beastliness of the noble red man.

PERSONAL.—Hon. John Bruce, Judge of the U. S. District Court, has returned to the city. He will probably hear bankrupt cases before finally closing the U. S. Courts for the Summer.

THOSE farmers who are plowing up boxes of gold coin every week, have our warmest congratulations. It is just what we predicted when this country first started. Plough right ahead.

THE sweet, contented expression that sits in the corners of a Coroner's mouth when he hears of "another mysterious death," is what does much to reconcile us all to the system of official fees.

A BOY in one of our public schools wrote a composition some time ago, in which he said: A turtle is not so fishy as a man, but he can stand a hot coal on his back longer without squalling.

SYMPATHY is requested for the sleepless gentleman in a Perry street boarding house, who felt his way down into the cellar last night for a bottle of iced lager from the refrigerator, and by mistake got hold of some Rochelle salts in the dark.

SEVERAL cases for violations of the revenue and enforcement laws were tried before Commissioner Hunter yesterday. Judge Rice represented the defendants, and, in the absence of District Attorney Mayer, Mr. Geo. H. Patrick represented the government.

THE following petit jury was empanneled in the City Court yesterday:

Cæsar Holmes, M. M. Cansbury, Calvin Stephens, E. W. Downing, T. J. Molton, Alfred Dean, John Phillips, Geo. W. Harris, Henry Farley J. W. Alford, G. B. Mulligan, Geo. W. Larkins.

THAT fine horse of Deputy Collector Strobach has nearly ruined himself. His last runaway scrape resulted in cutting his legs very badly. Mr. Strobach had a very fine horse killed some time ago by ths bite of a snake. This is his last animal, and his friends will regret to learn that he is now without any horse at all.

THE time-honored question, "will lager intoxicate?" seems never to have been satisfactorily decided in the courts. But the woman whose husband came home about 1 o'clock the other morning, from a meeting of our German fellow citizens, called to take action on the 4th of July celebration, and hurriedly invited her to go up on the roof of the house and witness "mosh magnifshen splayve shooting stars shevver saw," is ready to testify on the subject before any judge and jury of the country.

WE regret to learn that the cotton caterpillar have made their appearance in several portions of this county. Prompt work is needed now to save the cotton. The farmers will have to give up the principal portion of the time of the next month in exterminating these pests.

WE are very grateful to our kind friends who yesterday expressed so much confidence in the JOURNAL and their determination to sustain it to the end. Such substantial encouragement cannot fail to make the JOURNAL an effective instrument in the campaign in behalf of law, order, good government and equal rights.

THE Montgomery reporter has a hard time of it now-a-days. He can't find an item of any consequence, nor can he dive down into the depths and drag out a sensation. From early morn till dewy eve he plods about and hastens to his sanctum at night, only to find blanks. We hope for better times.

THE conduct of certain persons in this county, in mutilating and defacing public posters is likely to lead to trouble. The grand jury, which meets to-day, should look into this matter and see if any citizen has been injured or wronged by having publications defaced by malicious persons.

PERSONAL.—Hon's Alexander White, of Talladega; P. D. Barker and H. Cochran, of Selma; M. G. Caudle, of Wilcox; H. L. Watlington, of Blount; D. B. Booth and W. H. Boone, of Autauga, P. G. Clarke of Barbour, Jas. Gillette of Mobile, and several other distinguished citizens from abroad were in the city yesterday.

THERE are very few, if any Republicans in Montgomery county, who will see the election notice issued by the sheriff of this large Republican county. This is the first instance in the history of Republicanism in Alabama that a Republican sheriff addressed his legal election notice only to the members of one political party—and his opponents at that.

THE churches were all well attended on Sunday, notwithstanding the oppressive heat. Throughout the city the utmost quiet and good order prevailed. In the evening there was a prospect of rain, which blew away, however, leaving a warm night, which was utilized by the musquito family in furthering their interests.

CITY COURT.—The City Court, Judge Minnis presiding, convened the summer term yesterday morning. The following is a list of grand jurors:

W. V. Metcalf, John Barker, John W. Simpson, Aug. McLellan, W. R. Pickett, Adam Robinson, J. H. Rushton, Felix McManus, John W. Hall, A. T. Hawse, Felix Marx, W. J. Maxwell, J. B. Crump, Washington Stevens, M. J. Sweat, J. J. Johnston, A. Gerald, A. Dehler.

THANKS.—At a meeting of the Governor's Guards, held on the evening of the 6th of July, the following resolutions were adopted and ordered published:

Resolved, That the sincere thanks of this company are tendered to those of the noble ladies of Montgomery who worked so zealously and faithfully for the success of our festival, and to the citizens who donated the refreshments for the occasion.

Resolved further, That a copy of these resolutions be published in the daily newspapers of this city.

THE following from the Troy Enquirer will be read with pleasure by the many friends of Miss Estelle Mayer in this city:

The concert by Miss Estelle Mayer, on Tuesday night, was a musical treat of rare excellence. It was to have been repeated on Friday night, but the inclemency of the weather caused a postponement of the time to to-night. Miss Mayer possesses an excellent voice, naturally melodious and beautiful, and thoroughly trained by superior teachers; and she renders her music with a naturalness and charming impressiveness that makes it enrapturing. All who attend the concert will be delighted with it. Such worthy and meritorious entertainments should be encouraged, and it is hoped, a large crowd will be in attendance.

ATTENTION.—The grand jury of the city will do this community a favor of the greatest magnitude if they will break up the pernicious habit of carrying concealed deadly weapons, now so prevalent among all classes of the young. The reporter of this paper has seen on several occasions, boys of not more than ten years of age, carrying deadly weapons, and drawing them on others in quarrels. Recently in the very heart of the city, persons have been shot at while hundreds of citizens were passing to and fro along the streets. Unless this infamous practice is broken up by the law, there will be mourning and sorrow to many happy households that now think they are secure.

CHICKEN CHOLERA.—The Shelby Guide of the 6th instant, contains the following interesting recipe:

We are indebted to a subscriber's wife for the following cure for this disease that has proved so disastrous to poultry raisers. Mrs. Moore says: "Last year I lost upwards of 100 chickens. I tried every remedy I could hear of without success. This year I have given my chickens a feed or two every week of onion tops boiled and mixed with meal, and kept a little sack of tar in the trough, and have found it successful—have not lost a chicken. My neighbors and the tenants on our place have lost nearly all they had."

A Card.

SOME CLOSING WORDS FOR ROBERT BARBER.

July 10, 1876.

I am again compelled to request you to allow me a short space in the JOURNAL to give a few *last* words to that *dirty Blackguard*—Robert Barber—who had the audacity to publish on Saturday last, a hand-bill "to the Republicans of Montgomery county," charging me with "high crimes and misdemeanors," and that I have been expelled from the Republican party at the county convention of 1874, on a resolution introduced by Hon. Hales Elsworth." The entire thing is *a tissue of falsehoods from beginning to end.* Mr. Hales Elsworth declared to me yesterday in presence of four witnesses, that he never offered such a resolution, and is entirely ignorant of it. Therefore, this assertion of Barber is, like all the others, *"a lie out of whole cloth."* In my first communication I branded Barber as a political traitor and Judas, who sold his party for fifteen hundred dollars, which he had to acknowledge; and I now brand him *as an unmitigated liar*, and turn him loose to the infamy he so richly merits, and the contempt of every decent man, with the hope that he will imitate the first Judas—take a rope and hang himself—which certainly will be the first decent and commendable act of his life, and will be approved and applauded by the whole community!

Mr. Editor, I shall trouble you no further with anything concerning this miserable wretch.

Respectfully yours, etc.,
PAUL STROBACH.

State News.

[By Yesterday's Mail to the Journal.]

Henry Ezell and Nelson Walker, negroes, are to be hung in Clarke county, on the 28th inst.

In Marengo county, recently, Brad Allen shot and killed his brother Frank.

A negro woman living on the plantation of Mr. J. W. Oattis, near Fort Browder, in Barbour county, went out to milk the cows, on the 28th June, when one of them attacked her and "hooked" her so severely before assistance could be secured that she died of her wounds.

As the first results of the religious meetings which are now progressing in the Baptist church here, Mrs. E. O. Petty, Miss Virgie Shaver, and Miss Doxie Hinson were baptised on Wednesday morning, by Rev. Mr. Chaudoin, who has been laboring so zealously with the Pastor, Rev. Mr. Norton, since the commencement of the meetings, in the cause of his Master.—Clayton Courier.

Hon. Eli S. Shorter of Eufaula, has an orange tree growing in the open air in his yard, which has on it twenty eight or thirty oranges about as large as lemons now and which are thriving and growing finely. The tree is about fifteen years old, but this is the first year that it has borne fruit, and the assiduity with which the Colonel nourishes his pet is worthy of the reward which he is just beginning to reap.

On last Saturday Mr. Wash Blakey, one of the oldest citizens of Barbour county, died at his residence about five miles south east of town, after a brief illness.

Mr. John Burton, a man of good character and large family, who has for some time been the miller at Mr. J. C. Flournoy's about three miles from town was drowned Tuesday in his efforts to make some repairs to the "drum" of the mill.—Clayton Courier.

The Eufaula Times of the 8th says: Clarrissa, a faithful servant of Mr. Jno. J. Barnes, died on the morning of the 5th.

A Postoffice has been established at Bennett's Station, on the Ala. Central Railroad. Mr. A. B. Harrison, Postmaster.

Something like cholera is prevailing among the hogs, in the Black Bluff neighborhood. When disease appears among hogs, the first step should be to separate the affected ones from the others—and so with poultry.

In Livingston the 4th was celebrated by a pyrotechnic display on the part of the juveniles, a show of the Stars and Stripes at the barracks, and the firing of a national salute by the military. A large number of citizens attended the celebration at Gainesville.

Maj. Felix Tait has accepted the nomination of the "Independents," for State Senator from Wilcox county.

The Rev. Dr. H. M. Welch, of Boonsboro, Ark., is on a visit to his relatives and numerous friends in Morgan county. The picnic, or, rather, the feast, given by the Patrons of Husbandry at Walnut Grove on the 4th, called together the largest assemblage of civilians ever seen in Morgan county. The crowd was estimated at from 1000 to 1500 persons. Judge W. H. Chambers. Gen. D. Johnston and Gen. E. M Law, all holding important and positions in the State Grange were present.

One of the most delightful picnic occasions of the season was had by the employes of the S. & N. Railroad, at Decatur on Tuesday last.

We understand that a difficulty occurred at Cullman on last Tuesday between John Ryland and a man named Cochran, in which Cochran received wounds from which he has died. Ryland, who we learn was under the influence of whisky, made his escape, but on meeting the South-bound train on the S. & N. Road, near Wilhite's about 1 o clock at night, was run over and instantly killed in Limestone county on Tuesday last.

Aunt Jennie Green, a colored woman, one of the oldest citizens, of good character, and much esteemed by both white and black for good qualities, died in this place on Thursday morning last. She had been an invalid for a long time.—Decatur News.

The Decatur News says: We are pained to learn of the death of our estimable young friend, Mr. Brown Hall, which sad event took place at Jonesboro last week.

TOURNAMENT RIDING.—At the Fair Grounds on the Fourth, after the speaking and dinner was over, there was an improvised Tournament, in which a number of Knights enlisted. We have been unable to get the names of all those who rode, and can only sum up the general result as follows: Mr. R. W. Petty was declared first and foremost, Mr. Dan Mabry second, Mr. Colbert Price third, Mr. W. A. Bishop fourth, and Bob Lee came "tearing out behind" the winner of the leather medal. Adjourned to the Hall, Mr. Petty crowned Miss Laura Hill, Queen of love and beauty, and Mr. Mabry crowned Miss Ida McNab first maid of honor, Mr. Price crowned Miss Ida Johnson second maid of honor. In a subsequent trial for treats to judges and riders, our friend Bob Lee served the ice cream and lemonade with princely hospitality.—Clayton Courier.

MARRIED.—At the residence of the bride's mother, in Eufaula, on the evening of July 4th, by Rev. Josiah Bancroft, Mr. G. W. Hudson, of Vernon, Fla., to Miss Charity Barefield, of Eufaula.

Bunting was profuse on the fourth, and our little town was gaily decorated.—Cullman Immigrant.

The Cullman Immigrant says: The crops in our vicinity are looking finely, and our German citizens are daily increasing by immigration.

On Friday evening, the 30th day of June, about 6 o'clock P. M., John R. Poe killed S. T. Hays, by shooting him with a gun, in the yard at his house in Blount county. Poe is son-in-law to Hays, whom he killed.

Local and Business Notices.

MR. DANIEL F. BEATTY, of Washington, N. J., is constantly in receipt of the most flattering testimony from all parts of the United States and Canada, as to the beauty and excellence of his pianos and organs. Send for catalogue and list of testimonials. Address, Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, Warren county, N. J., U. S. A. d5t

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.*
3-14 d&wem

Nervous Debility.

Vital weakness or depression: A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental overwork, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphrey's Homeopathic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per packake of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Hemeopathic Medicine Company, 662 Broadway, New York.
1-1d&w-1y

THE Star Parlor Organs are celebrated for their purity of tone, elegant design and thorough construction. Send for catalogue. Address,
ALLEGER, BOWLBY & CO,
6-30d&wom Washington, N. J.

New Advertisements.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$77 a WEEK guaranteed to Agents Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and Outfit FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

"PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc. 1,000,000 sold. A queer book. Address P. WILLIAM & CO., Pub's, Philadelphia

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

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ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing over 5,000 copies each issue. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic Journals, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical Fashion, and other special class journals; very complete list. Together with complete lists of over 200 German papers printed in the United States. Also, an essay upon advertising; many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers, and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know. Address, GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

NEWSPAPERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

A complete list, numbering 4,170 with a classified correspondent in each town and letters in which newspapers are published; historical and statistical sketches of the great Newspaper Establishments; interspersed with numerous engravings of the principal newspaper buildings. Book of 300 Pages, just issued, which post paid, to any address for 35c. Apply (inclosing price) to SUPERINTENDENT OF THE NEWSPAPER PAVILION, Centennial Grounds, Philadelphia, or American News Company, N. Y. Every advertiser needs it.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICE.

In the District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Alabama.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

In the matter of Alfred R. Knapp, a bankrupt.

This is to give notice—

1. That a warrant in bankruptcy has been issued against the estate of Alfred R. Knapp, bankrupt aforesaid.

2. That the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him is forbidden by law.

3. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at Montgomery, in said district, on the 28th day of July, A. D., 1876, at 10 o'clock, a. m., in the U. S. Court Room in Montgomery, by Joseph W. Burke Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said district.

GEO. TURNER.
U. S. Marshal (Messenger.)
7-0

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.—For the Middle District of Alabama.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

MIDDLE District of Alabama, S. S:

In the matter of Baugh, Kennedy & Co., Bankrupts.

This is to give notice that on the 7th day of July, 1876, a warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Alabama, against the estate of Baugh, Kennedy & Co., of Talladega, in the county of Peskaloosa, in said District, who were adjudged Bankrupts on their own petition; that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupts to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law; and that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupts to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of the estate, will be held at a court of bankruptcy, to be holden at the United States court rooms in the city of Montgomery before Joseph W. Burke, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said District, on the 28th day of July, A. D. 1876.

GEORGE TURNER.
7-9 4t U. S. Marshal for said District.

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE

"Only Good SAUCE,"

An I applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.



EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

LEA & PERRINS'

SIGNATURE is on EVERY BOTTLE.

Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
77 NEW YORK.

LIFE PRESERVER.

ABSOLUTE SAFETY At Sea.

LIFE SAVING SUIT FOR OCEAN TRAVEL.

THE CONTINUOUS DISASTERS AT SEA

And the almost countless lives that have been lost, urge the introduction of more effective appliances for saving life than have yet been generally adopted. In response to the great public demand, the American Life Saving Suit Company now present a

Practical Life Saving Suit.

This suit having been tested and approved by the most scientific and practical authorities, we now offer as a means of absolute safety from death by drowning. The invention now offered claims its superiority over all inventions in that it floats the body in a vertical position in the roughest sea, preserves the natural caloric of the body for any number of days, with capacity for carrying provisions for ten days, and signals to attract attention from passing vessels.

This suit embodies three principles which are imperative in a life saving dress—

First—A buoyancy which supports the body in a vertical position, and maintains it as from a natural law.

Second—Protection from water and weather and consequent chill.

Third—A commissariat department, to which is attached signals, with capacity for carrying valuables, etc., etc

This suit is put on over ordinary clothing, except shoes and hat, and can be put on inside of five minutes; and are let to passengers on transatlantic steamers at the low price of

FIVE DOLLARS A TRIP.

Send for a pamphlet.

The American

LIFE SAVING SUIT COMPANY,
14 NEW CHURCH ST., NEW YORK.
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PRICES REDUCED. Best Quality ARTIFICIAL EYES manufactured and for sale. CHEAPEST IN THE U. S. Catalog CENTENNIAL YEAR, CHAS. M. EVANS, Manuf'r, 122 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati, O. Fourth and Market Sts., Louisville, Ky.

GULF CITY HOTEL.

CORNER WATER & CONTI STREETS,

Mobile Ala.

GREAT REDUCTION OF RATES!

This HOTEL, with its beautifully furnished ROOMS and the best TABLE this fine market affords, is undoubtedly the

CHEAPEST HOTEL —IN THE— SOUTH!

ONLY $2.00 and $2.50 PER DAY.
W. C. MORROW, Jr.,
3-8tf Proprietor.

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To agents and others, male and female, a $50 secret, and beautifully illustrated 100-page Novelty Catalogue. R. F. Young & Co., 29 Broadway, New York. $-20w12m

POND'S EXTRACT.

The People's Remedy.
The Universal Pain Extractor.
Note: ask for POND'S EXTRACT.
Take no other.

"Hear, for I will speak of excellent things."

POND'S EXTRACT—The great Vegetable Pain Destroyer. Has been in use over thirty years, and for cleanliness and prompt curative virtues cannot be excelled.

CHILDREN.—No family can afford to be without Pond's Extract. Accidents, Bruises, Contusions, Cuts, Sprains, are relieved almost instantly by external application. Promptly relieves pains or Burns, Scalds, Excoriations, Chafings, Old Sores, Boils, Felons, Corns, etc. Arrests inflamation, reduces swellings, stops bleeding, removes discolorations and heals rapidly.

FEMALE WEAKNESSES.—It always relieves pain in the back and loins, fullness and pressing pain in the head, nausea, vertigo.

LEUCORRHŒA It has no equal. All kinds of ulcerations to which ladies are subject are promptly cured. Fuller details in book accompanying each bottle.

PILES—blind or bleeding—meet prompt relief and ready cure. No case, however chronic or obstinate, can long resist its regular use.

VARICOSE VEINS.—It is the only sure cure for this distressing and dangerous condition.

KIDNEY DISEASES.—It has no equal for permanent cure.

BLEEDING from any cause. For this is a specific. It has saved hundreds of lives when all other remedies failed to arrest bleeding from nose, stomach, lungs, and elsewhere.

RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, Toothache and Earache are all alike relieved, and often permanently cured.

PHYSICIANS of all schools who are acquainted with Pond's Extract of Witch Hazel recommend it in their practice. We have letters of commendation from hundreds of Physicians, many of whom order it for use in their own practice. In addition to the foregoing, they order its use for Swellings of all kinds, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Inflamed Tonsils, (for which it is a specific,) Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Stings of Insects, Mosquitoes, etc., Chapped Hands, Face, and indeed all manner of skin diseases.

TOILET USE.—Removes Soreness, Roughness, and Smarting; heals Cuts, Eruptions, and Pimples. It restores, invigorates, and refreshes, while wonderfully improving the Complexion.

TO FARMERS.—Pond's Extract. No Stock Breeder, no Livery Man can afford to be without it. It is used by all the Leading Livery Stables, Street Railroads and first Horsemen in New York City. It has no equal for Sprains, Harness or Saddle Chafings, Stiffness, Scratches, Swellings, Cuts, Lacerations, Bleeding, Pneumonia, Colic, Diarrhœa, Chills, Colds, etc. Its range of action is wide, and the relief it affords is so prompt that it is invaluable in every Farm-yard as well as in every Farm-house. Let it be tried once, and you will never be without it.

CAUTION.—Pond's Extract has been imitated. The genuine article has the words Pond's Extract blown in each bottle. It is prepared by the only persons living who ever knew how to prepare it properly. Refuse all other preparations of Witch Hazel. This is the only article used by Physicians, and in the hospitals of this country and Europe.

HISTORY AND USES OF POND'S EXTRACT, in pamphlet form, sent free on application to POND'S EXTRACT COMPANY, 25 & Maiden Lane, New York.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

Ice! Ice!

No Short Crop in Alabama.

The Montgomery Protective Ice Co.

Having bought the Stock and Fixtures of D. P. WEST, are contracted to sell the Ice made by the

Montgomery Ice Manufacturing Co.

Are now prepared to supply the public at their old stand, MONROE ST., opposite the CITY HALL.

J. A. DIAZ & CO.,
4-13tf Agents.

RIALTO!

RIALTO! BAR AND BILLIARD SALOON.



ESTABLISHED 1838.

A assortment of liquors as can be found in the city at prices to suit the time, and on a specie basis.

We are the agents for Cruthirds's and Kinzy's celebrated Tennessee and Bourbon Whiskies, which we sha l in future sell at our Bar.

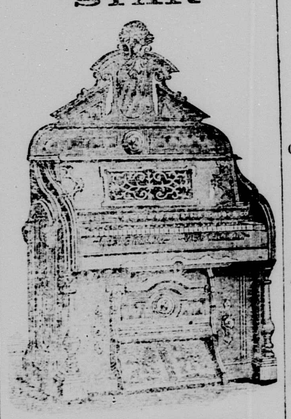
We are also agents for the celebrated Key West Cigar, which has been pronounced the champion 5 cents cigar of this or any other market.

Draught Lager	5 cts
Bottled Lager	10 cts
Krug Wine, quarts	$1 00
Krug Wine, pints	75 cts
Mixed Drinks	15 cts

6-7 E. BEEBE & CO.

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & CO'S

STAR



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Surpasses in tone and power any Reed Organ heretofore manufactured in this country. It has been tested by many competent judges and

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That it is difficult to distinguish between the two. This instrument has all

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And every organ is fully warranted. Large Oil Polish, Black Walnut Panneled Cases that forms in addition to a splendid instrument of music.

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This organ needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and is sold at extremely

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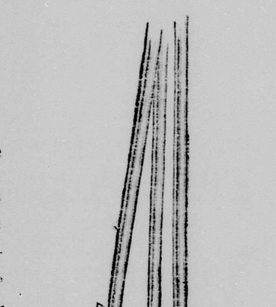
First Premium Awarded at the Grangers' State Fair

Of Alabama, October, 1875, the first place where the Hoe was exhibited.

Manufactured by the Granger Hoe Company.

WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.



Requires no wedging. Can be adjusted for any work, or to suit the height of workman in fifteen seconds.

The Blade of the Field Hoe is made entirely of cast steel, square in shape, and when one edge becomes dull or worn out, the blade may be reversed, thus making

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It can be taken from the handle without trouble for the purpose of grinding.

The fixtures are made of malleable iron and cannot be broken.

The handles are made of sound ash wood—the best material known for handles.

Hoes handled ready for use, as cheap as the best hoe blade manufactured.

Saves time and money in the item of handles—no wedges to shrink up and pull out in dry weather.

No. 2, "Boys' Hoe" medium size, for field or garden work. Adjustable same as field hoe

An entire set of splendid garden tools for the price of one implement.

For further information, address,
W. R. NOBLE, Secretary Granger Hoe Company.

1776 Centennial. 1876

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—AT—

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New Dress Goods, Real Iron Frame Grenadines,
Novelties in Matamora Suitings, Exquisite Knickerbockers,
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Complete Stock of Bleachings, Large Selection
In Hosiery, Best 10-4 Sheetings, Genuine Irish Linens, Good
Table Damasks, Latest in Lace Curtains, full selections in White Piques.

Guaranteed Kid Gloves, Perfect fitting Corsets,
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5 Court Square, Montgomery, Ala.

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Centennial Dry Goods,
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Centennial Boots,
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Centennial Clothing,
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Centennial Parasols.

In fact a general assortment of CENTENNIAL goods, suitable for the CENTENNIAL Spring and Summer, recently purchased at the very lowest cash prices. Give me a call and be satisfied. If you don't see what you want ask for it.

S. A. MEERTIEF, New Dollar Store.

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WINES AND LIQUORS!
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Have resumed business and are prepared with full stock of and ample facilities to supply all their customers with anything they may need.

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QUARE
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MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 12, 1876

VOLUME VIII. NUMBER 253

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET:

For President of the United States,
Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio.

For Vice-President,
Wm. A. Wheeler, of New York.

Thomas M. Peters to Vote for Houston.

A distinguished lawyer from North Alabama, at present attending the Supreme Court, in this city, states that the Hon. Thomas M. Peters, ex-Judge of the Supreme Court, has publicly declared his intention to support Geo. S. Houston for Governor, at the approaching August election.

If this be true, it occurs to us that Judge Peters is not the proper man for Republicans in this State to be asked to vote for.

Gov. Hayes' Letter of Acceptance.

The letter of Gov. Hayes accepting the nomination of the Republican party, to the Presidency, is given to our readers this morning. It is a noble document—worthy of Rutherford B. Hayes, and of the Centennial era. It breathes a spirit of peace, goodwill and fraternity, and is like "apples of gold set in pictures of silver." We agree with the Cincinnati Gazette that "we shall be mistaken if it does not create throughout the country where Mr. Hayes has hitherto been little known, a high opinion of his judgment, and a conviction that he takes a high view of the duties of the office of President, and has formed a resolve to carry them out on a high plane. The letter is clear and pronounced, and is unexceptionable.

The candidate might limit his letter to a formal acceptance, and a general approval of the declaration of sentiments; but Gov. Hayes has given emphasis to the declarations of the Convention on those matters which are most prominent in the public mind, and he has added thereto his declaration of his inflexible purpose not to be a candidate for re-election. The reason he gives for this, namely, that it is to divest his determination for civil service reform from all temptation to use the patronage of his office to promote his re-election, will give an idea of the high view which Gov. Hayes takes of the office of President, and of the standard of civil service reform which he has resolved upon.

We have to say that while we were strenuous for the presentation of the custom which has limited a President to two terms, and while we had to speak out very plainly against a breach of this by a President of our party, we were content with the rule which allows a fair President two terms, and we would not have thought of putting any single-term resolution into the platform. But the reason Gov. Hayes gives is so forcible, and the voluntary act for such a reason is so patriotic, and gives such assurance of the high measure of administrative reform that he has set up, that it elicits our warm admiration.

The most pronounced sentiment of the Republican masses at this time is for administrative reform; for a reform of the Administration; an elevation of its tone; a higher influence in the legislative branch, and for the lifting up of the whole Executive service by a rule which shall make capacity and fidelity the requisites, and shall relieve it from degrading use as a machine, to run the party and promote the personal ambition of Executive or Congressman. With the Democrats, the cry of reform is merely an expedient to get into office; with the Republicans, whose party has the offices, it is a living principle, and it has become a pronounced demand.

The Cincinnati platform spoke, and clearly, on this matter. It is the most pronounced declaration ever made on this subject by a platform. It is immeasurably superior to the string of generalities in the St. Louis platform about reform, because it is specific and practical, and strikes at the very cause of the debasement of the civil service, and prescribes the remedy, by declaring that the Constitution has conferred the appointing power on the President, and that Senators and Representatives should not be allowed to dictate appointments.

Here is a clear statement of the cause of the degradation of the civil service to a party and personal machine, and of the remedy, namely, to have the Executive resume his functions, and then make "honesty, fidelity, and capacity" the rule of appointment and continuance. Here is the cause of the demoralization of the civil service, and the remedy, in a nutshell. No resolution thus specific and practical could pass any Democratic convention; for the doctrine that each Congressman is entitled to his quota of the appointments was invented and established by the Democratic party.

Governor Hayes emphasizes this specific declaration. He describes how the Democratic rule that "to the victors belong the spoils," has replaced the original qualifications of capacity and fidelity, and how Executive responsibility and efficiency have been dissipated, the independence of the several branches of Government broken down, and the official service disorganized by the practice of farming out the appointments to Congressmen. He declares "it ought to be abolished." Members of Congress and the Executive service ought to be relieved from it. "The reform should be thorough, radical, and complete." Public officers should owe their whole service to the government," and should not be required to do "partisan service." The "officer should be secure in his tenure as long as his personal character remained untarnished, and the performance of his duties satisfactory."

To this, and more to the same effect, he adds this explicit declaration:

"If elected, I shall conduct the administration of the government upon these principles, and all the constitutional powers vested in the Executive will be employed to establish this reform."

This is the announcement of a new era. This is what the people who desire higher administration have longed for. It is no glittering general declaration of reform, nor childish iteration of the word reform through fine resolutions. It is a plain statement of the cause of the evil, and of the remedy, and a plain pledge to administer it. It will carry good cheer to the Republican masses throughout the land. To those who felt that Gov. Hayes was unknown to them, this will be a presentation of him that will give a knowledge of his character.

The subject of the currency Governor Hayes treats with clearness, firmness and good judgment. The pledge to pay the legal-tender notes was to be kept. A fluctuating currency is an evil, and impairs general confidence. It should be made stable by specie payment. He will approve every measure to accomplish this end, and will oppose any step backward. This is in accordance with the platform, which declares for "steady progress to specie payment." The most intelligent financiers now pronounce the Resumption Act not a steady progress to specie payment, nor any preparation to that end, and not possible to carry into effect. While we advocate the repeal of that, we oppose any step backward, and we are unalterably opposed to any increase in paper money, whether by banks or government, holding that there can be no step toward specie payment save by retiring it.

The remarks of Gov. Hayes on the pacification of the South, on the basis of mutual respect and protection, and on his purpose to put forth his "best efforts in behalf of a civil policy which shall wipe out forever the distinction between North and South in our common country," are appropriate and admirably expressed, and show a broad National spirit. But, as every man will read this letter, we shall not extend our comment further. If any Republicans felt any apprehensions of mistakes in this letter, they are now relieved. If any feared it would not be up to the reform demands of Republican sentiment, they are now satisfied.

R. B. HAYES.

The Long Looked for Letter of Acceptance—A Full and Explicit Pledge for Civil Service Reform—A Declaration in Favor of a Single Presidential Term—A Refusal to take One Step Backward on the Path of Specie Resumption—An Earnest Desire for the Pacification of the South, and an Assurance that if Elected He will Labor for these Objects.

"COLUMBUS, O., July 8, 1876.

"*Hon. Edward McPherson, Hon. Wm. A. Howard, Hon. Joseph H. Rainey, and others, Committee of the Republican National Convention:*

GENTLEMEN:—In reply to your official communication of June 17th, by which I am informed of my nomination for the office of President of the United States by the Republican National Convention at Cincinnati, I accept the nomination with gratitude, hoping that, under Providence, I shall be able, if elected, to execute the duties of the high office, as a trust for the benefit of all the people. I do not deem it necessary to enter upon an extended examination of the declaration of principles made by the convention. The resolutions are in accord with my views, and I heartily concur in the principles they announce.

In several of the resolutions, however, questions are considered of such importance that I deem it proper to briefly express my convictions in regard to them.

The fifth resolution adopted by the Convention is of paramount interest. More than forty years ago a system of making appointments to office grew up, based upon the maxim, "To the victors belong the spoils." The old rule the true rule, that honesty, capacity, and fidelity constitute the only real qualification for office, and that there is no other claim, gave place to the idea that party services were to be chiefly considered. All parties, in practice, have adopted this system. It has been essentially modified since its first introduction. It has not, however, been improved. At first the President, either directly or through the heads of the departments, made all the appointments, but gradually the appointing power, in many cases, passed into the control of members of Congress. The offices in these cases have become, not merely rewards for party services, but rewards for services to party leaders. This system destroys the independence of the seperate departments of the government. It tends directly to extravagance and official incapacity. It is a temptation to dishonesty, it hinders and impairs that careful supervision and strict accountability by which, alone, faithful and efficient public services can be secured. It obstructs the prompt removal and sure punishment of the unworthy. In every way it degrades the civil service and the character of the government. It is felt, I am confident, by a large majority of the members of Congress to be an intolerable burden and an unwarrantable hinderance to the proper discharge of their duties. It ought to be abolished. The reform should be thorough, radical, and complete. We should return to the principles and practice of the founders of the government, supplying by legislation, when needed, that which was formerly the established custom. They neither expected nor desired, from the public officer, any partisan service. They meant that public officers should owe their whole service to the government and to the people. They meant that the officer should be secure in his tenure, as long as his personal character remained untarnished, and the performance of his duties satisfactory. If elected, I shall conduct the administration of the government upon these principles, and all the constitutional powers vested in the executive will be employed to establish this reform.

The declaration of principles by the Cincinnati Convention makes no announcement in favor of a single Presidential term. I do not assume to add to that declaration, but believing that the restoration of the civil service to the system established by Washington and followed by the early Presidents, can be best accomplished by an Executive who is under no temptation to use the patronage of his office to promote his own re-election, I desire to perform what I regard as a duty in stating now my inflexible purpose, if elected, not to be a candidate for election to a second term.

On the currency question I have frequently expressed my views in public, and I stand by my record on this subject. I regard all the laws of the United States relating to the payment of the public indebtedness, the legal-tender notes included, as constituting a pledge and the moral obligation of the government, which must, in good faith, be kept. It is my conviction that the feeling of uncertainty, inseparable from an irredeemable paper currency, with its fluctuations of values, is one of the great obstacles to a revival of confidence and business, and to a return of prosperity. That uncertainty can be ended but one way—the resumption of specie payment. But the longer the instability connected with our present money system is permitted to continue, the greater will be the injury inflicted upon our economical interests and all classes of society. If elected, I shall approve every appropriate measure to accomplish the desired end, and shall oppose any step backward.

The resolution with respect to the public school system is one which should receive the hearty support of the American people. Agitation upon this subject is to be apprehended, until by Constitutional amendment the schools are placed beyond all danger of sectarian control or interference. The Republican party is pledged to secure such an amendment.

The resolution of the Convention on the subject of the permanent pacification of the country and the complete protection of all its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their Constitutional rights is timely and of great importance. The condition of the Southern States attracts the attention and commands the sympathy of the people of the whole Union. In their progressive recovery from the effects of the war, their first necessity is an intelligent and honest administration of government, which shall protect all classes of citizens in all their political and private rights. What the South most needs is peace, and peace depends upon the supremacy of law. There can be no enduring peace if the constitutional rights of any portion of the people are habitually disregarded. A division of political parties resting merely upon the distinctions of race, or upon sectional lines, is always unfortunate, and may be disastrous. The welfare of the South, alike with that of every other part of the country depends upon the attractions it can offer to labor, to immigration, and to capital. But laborers will not go, and capital will not be ventured, where the Constitution and the laws are set at defiance, and distraction, apprehension and alarm take the place of peace-loving and law-abiding social life. All parts of the Constitution are sacred, and must be sacredly observed, the parts that are new no less than the parts that are old. The moral and material prosperity of the Southern States can be most effectually advanced by a hearty and generous recognition of the rights of all by all. A recognition without reserve or exception. With such a recognition fully accorded, it will be practical to promote, by the influence of all the legitimate agencies of the general government, the efforts of the people of those States to obtain for themselves the blessings of honest and capable local government. If elected, I shall consider it not only my duty, but it will be my ardent desire, to labor for the attainment of this end. Let me assure my countrymen of the Southern States that if I should be charged with the duty of organizing an administration, it will be one which will regard and cherish their truest interests, the interests of the white and of the colored people, both and equally, and which will put forth its best efforts in behalf of a civil policy which will wipe out forever the distinction between North and South in our common country.

With a civil service organized upon a system which will secure purity, experience, efficiency, and economy, a strict regard for the public welfare solely in appointments, and the speedy, thorough, and unsparing prosecution and punishment of all public officers who betray official trusts; with a sound currency; with education, unsectarian and free to all; with simplicity and frugality in public and private affairs, and with a fraternal spirit of harmony pervading the people of all sections and classes, we may reasonably hope that the second century of our existence as a nation will, by the blessing of God, be pre-eminent as an era of good feeling, and a period of progress, prosperity and happiness.

Very respectfully, your fellow citizen,
[Signed] R. B. HAYES.

A Plank Missing.

The Democratic platform covers a great deal of ground, but why didn't its framers incorporate a plank explaining Slippery Sam's robbery of the stockholders of the St. Louis, Alton, and Terre Haute road to the tune of some $280,000?

TILDEN'S good angel was absent on vacation at the time of his nomination at St. Louis. So says the Pittsburgh Commercial.

TILDEN and Hendricks are the fruit of an intrigue of the basest elements of Democracy.

Eating Crow.

Some of that crow is awfully tough and unsavory. Pomeroy's Democrat before the nomination of Tilden was made spoke of that eminent reformer (?) as "the heartless corruptionist, dishonest intriguer, overbearing aristocrat, railroad monopolist, arrant shyster, unprincipled Know Nothing, pseudo Democrat, and corrupt tool of the money power," and declared that "all that know Tilden regard him as a small, mean, selfish, egotistical, cunning, unscrupulous man, whose nomination would be a national calamity, and whose election would be an utter impossibility." The Madison (Wis.) Patriot two days before convention said that "besides being a hard-soft-shinplaster-anything-to-make-dollars man, Governor Tilden is a big railway shark with a double row of teeth all 'round." Anybody who can eat such crow need never starve.

Thurlow Weed on Tilden.

The venerable Thurlow Weed, of New York, who knows his man thoroughly, says of Tilden:

"He did not go to the front in the hour of the country's peril. His voice was not heard in the time of danger, and when money was needed for the widows and orphans, Mr. Tilden's purse was not open. No vote of mine shall ever add to elect a President who was not in sympathy, and publicly known to be a war man, loyal to the core, ready with his voice, his influence and his means to help his country and uphold her flag. Mr. Tilden was not one of these.

The Columbus Enquirer in reply to a former statement of this kind about Tilden, "nailed it as a lie." We shall see now what it has to say of Mr. Weed's imputation upon Tilden's loyalty.

Pet Names.

Here are a few of the pet names applied to Tilden by his fellow Democrats:

"A railroad wrecker."
"A bloated bondholder."
"A bullionist."
"A sham reformer."
"A Tweed sympathizer."
"A ballot-box stuffer."
"A lightning calculator."
"Soapy Sam."

THE next President of the United States will be Samuel J. Tilden.

"The stars have said it, and the voice
Of my own orisen'd art and prophetic soul
Confirms the shining syllable."
—Courier-Journal.

Hardly. Far more appropriate are these words of Gray:

"Ambition thus shall tempt to rise,
Then break a neck or heart or eye,
And what a train of ills attend
The grim attendant Flattery."
—Pittsburgh Commercial.

LAST year Tilden's friends passed the word along the lines in Ohio that Allen must be beaten. Now it is Allen's turn to pay Tilden in his own coin.

WANTED—
—PERSON—
TEN TO FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS
—OF—
Black Moss,
Delivered at our shops.
Highest market price paid.
ALLEN, ORLANDER & SON,
Hatters' Furriers and Dyers,
49 Market St., Shops on South and McDonough.

SOLID WEALTH!
$600,000 IN GIFTS.
Grandest Scheme ever Presented to the Public.
A Fortune for only $12.
The Kentucky Cash Distribution Company, authorized by special act of the Kentucky Legislature, for the benefit of the Public Schools of Frankfort, Ky., will have the first of their series of Grand Distributions at Masonic Hall, in the city of Frankfort, Ky., on Thursday, August 31, 1876, for which occasion they will distribute to the ticket-holders the immense sum of
$600,000.
PHOS. P. PORTER, ex-Gov. of Kentucky, General Manager.
POSITIVELY NO POSTPONEMENT.
LIST OF GIFTS:

One Grand Cash Gift		$100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
One Grand Cash Gift		10,000
One Grand Cash Gift		5,000
One Grand Cash Gift		1,000
20 Cash Gifts of $1,000	each	20,000
100 Cash Gifts of	500 each	50,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200 each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts of	200 each	20,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200 each	40,000
300 Cash Gifts of	100 each	30,000
1,000 Cash Gifts of	120 each	120,000
10,000 Cash Gifts of	12 each	120,000
Total, 11,660 Gifts, All Cash		600,000

PRICE OF TICKETS:
Whole tickets $12; Halves $6; Quarters $3; 9 Tickets $100; 27 Tickets $200; 55 Tickets $400; 134 Tickets $1000; 1,000 Tickets at $12 each.
Remittances can be made by Express, Draft, Postoffice Money order or Registered Letter, made payable to Kentucky Cash Distribution Company.
All communications connected with the distribution, and orders for Tickets and applications of Agents to sell Tickets, should be addressed to
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Parlor Organs.
These remarkable instruments possess capacities for musical effects and expression never before attained, adapted for Amateur and Professional, and an ornament in any parlor.
EXCEL IN QUALITY OF TONE THOROUGH WORKMANSHIP, ELEGANT DESIGNS AND FINISH,
and Wonderful Variety of their Combination Solo Stops.
Beautiful new Centennial styles now ready. Address, DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington N. J.

BEATTY PIANO.
GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.
This instrument is the most handsome and best piano ever before manufactured in this country or Europe, having the greatest possible depth, richness and volume of tone, combined with a rare brilliancy, clearness and perfect evenness throughout the entire scale, and above all a surpassing duration of sound, the power and sympathetic quality of which never changes under the most delicate or powerful touch. Space forbids a full description of this magnificent instrument. Agents discount given who can have no agents. Remember you make no risk in purchasing one of these CELEBRATED INSTRUMENTS. If after (5) five days test trial it proves unsatisfactory the money you have paid will be returned upon return of instrument and freight charges paid by me both ways. Pianos Warranted for six years. Address,
DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington N. J.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Expressly for the State Journal by the Southern and Atlantic Telegraph Line.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—At the request of the President, Hon. D. D. Pratt, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, this morning tendered his resignation to take effect on the 31st day of the present month, and it was accepted.

The President in conversation with the agent of the American Press Association this morning, said that he had accepted Mr. Jewell's resignation, and would to-morrow appoint J. N. Tyner, of Indiana, the present Second Assistant Postmaster General. It is understood that Mr. Tyner's appointment is made at the suggestion of Senator Morton, and with a view to strengthen the Republican party in Indiana. There are no other important changes in contemplation by the President.

Senate.

The Senate met at 11 o'clock and opened as a court of impeachment.

Mr. Conkling moved that the court adjourn until to-morrow, which was rejected.

Mr. Thurman then moved for a recess of half an hour, which was also rejected.

Caleb P. Marsh was called and examined by Mr. Carpenter: witness said the first talk with Secretary Belknap was in relation to the appointment of witness to the post tradership. There was never any agreement between witness and the Secretary that any consideration should be paid for the appointment of witness or of Evans or for the continuance of Evans. The kind treatment of Mrs. Belknap when sick at witness' house, he always supposed led to the appointment being given witness.

Mr. Mitchell submitted the following question:

Why did you send the one-half of the money received from Fort Sill to W. W. Belknap?

Answer—I felt like doing it. It gave me pleasure to do so. I sent him the money as a present, it was always gratuitously. That was the only reason I had for doing it.

Senator Edmunds asked whether Gen. Belknap knew in advance of the remittance and how large the present was to be.

Witness replied he could not say, for he knew not.

Senator Edmunds—Did you know yourself how large they would be?

A—Certainly. I made up my mind in advance, to send him one-half of the money received from the Government.

Senator Dawes—State as far as you know if Gen. Belknap had any knowledge as to the amount of any money sent him from any source.

A—I know nothing about Gen. Belknap's knowledge.

After examining several other witnesses, the court adjourned at 4:50 p. m., to 12 m. to-morrow, and the Senate resumed its legislative session.

Mr. Thurman, from judiciary committee, reported a bill to amend the bankrupt act, with a recommendation that the Senate non-concur in the House amendment and ask for a committee of conference, which was agreed to. The chair appointed Messrs. Edmunds, Thurman and Wright as members of the conference committee.

Mr. Edmunds said Mr. Thurman had had charge of the bill and asked that he be excused, or that his name be put at the end of the committee, and the two names were reversed, making Mr. Thurman chairman.

Mr. Allison, from committee on appropriations, reported the river and harbor bill, with sundry amendments, which was ordered printed.

Senate then adjourned to 11 o'clock to-morrow.

It was reported to-day that Attorney General Taft intended handing in his resignation shortly. The report was based upon the published statement that the President was removing and appointing officers of his department without any concurrence on his part. Judge Taft says, however, that he has no such intention, and that everything the President has done has been with his concurrence.

The Fitch diamonds, which were received at the Treasury, from the Collector of Customs in New York, were, on Saturday, in the presence of Gen. Sherman, the Secretary of the Treasury and others, opened at the Department, and, after verification, again sealed with the official seal of the department and placed in the Treasury vault for safe keeping.

WEATHER—For the South Atlantic and Gulf States no decided change in temperature or barometer, southerly winds and clear or fair weather, except possibly local rains in the southwest.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 11.—A London dispatch says the Standard's correspondent at Constantinople, telegraphing on Saturday, said that no important movement would be made by the Turks until Aboul Kedim, commander in chief of the army, should have reached the army, which he did on Sunday. Kedim is too old and has little knowledge of military service, but his is accompanied by Sulleman Pacha, Director General of the military college, who has received a European military training.

A Custer monument fund of $1,185, of which James Gordon Bennett has subscribed $1,000, and Clara Louise Kellogg $100, has been raised here.

Mary Lindel and Emma Archer, aged respectively 11 and 9 years, were drowned yesterday at Cold Springs, Long Island, while bathing.

The Democratic announcement committee met to-day in secret session in the Fifth Avenue Hotel, to arrange for the ratification of Gov. Tilden's nomination. Gen. McClellan presided, and a quorum of the committee was present. The committee decided to proceed to Albany in a body and notify Governor Tilden of his nomination. A suitable address was drawn up by a sub-committee to be delivered by the chairman of the committee to-morrow, in Albany. The committee also decided to notify Governor Hendricks, and a sub-committee, consisting chiefly of Western men, was appointed to call on the candidate for Vice President, and notify him of his nomination.

TROY, July 11.—Two fatal cases of sunstroke occurred in West Troy yesterday.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 11.—The Porte has sent the following dispatch to his representatives abroad: In an engagement of five hours' duration, at Saibaskadi, in the district of Balgradzick, the Servians, numbering 7,000, were beaten and pursued to the Servian territory. The Turks captured a quantity of ammunition. After an engagement of two hours' duration, at Sabinc, in Bosnia, the Servians were driven into Austria.

BELGRADE, July 11.—Official dispatches announces that the Turks have withdrawn from the neighborhood of the river Servia. The Servian army of the Tenish has occupied Servian villages and reconnoitered the country to Widden, to which point the Turks have retreated. The population of the district of Widden have risen and joined the Moravian division of the Servian army. The Servians under Gen. Bontan fought a superior force of Turks seven hours, on the 7th inst., at Keinshevas. The Turkish loss was considerable. The Servians' loss was slight, and they captured some flags, a variety of arms and occupied several villages.

OHIO.

CINCINNATI, July 11.—The Volksblatt, of this city, this morning, favors Hayes and Wheeler. Frederick Hassaurek, who has been managing editor, retired from active connection with the paper.

CLEVELAND, July 11.—The Iron Moulders' International Association yesterday elected the following officers: President, Wm. Saffan, Cincinnati; Vice Presidents, John J. Grace, Albany; Frances Sullivan, St. Louis; John Nolan, Toronto, and Dennis Gunn, of San Francisco; Secretary, M. F. Haythorn, New York; Treasurer, J. Menay, Brooklyn.

MICHIGAN.

DETROIT, July 11.—The intense heat of the past few days was somewhat abated by a refreshing rain last evening.

Six companies of United States infantry left here for the West to-day, to reinforce the forces operating against the Indians.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 11.—A letter just received from Valparaiso, Chili, contains positive information that George M. Pinney, the defaulting pay inspector's clerk, is residing in that city. The letter comes from a reliable source. Pinney is represented as having arrived there with two boxes, each containing ten thousand dollars in gold coin.

GEORGIA.

MACON, July 11.—A ratification meeting of the Tilden and Hendricks nomination is being held here to night. The crowd is large and enthusiastic; addresses are being delivered by prominent orators. The city is illuminated, and a torchlight procession with cannon firing is progressing.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 11.—A dispatch from Valparaiso by way of Montevidio, July 7th, announces that the American Steamship, Georgia, which left New York May 13th, for Panama and San Francisco and which has been previously reported as having touched at Rio Janerio is ashore on the Straits of Magellan, and will probably be a total wreck. The cargo was saved.

FRANCE.

PARIS, July 11.—Several of the journals here publish intelligence that the Turks have captured Zaitschar, and that the Servian General Tchecnageff is hemmed in between two Turkish armies now marching from Widden and Sophia. Intelligence received at Semlin states that the Servian General, Entich, near Novi Bazar, is threatened.

MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE, July 11.—The will of Mrs. Jane Boy, who died last week, aged 75 years, was admitted to probate yesterday. Her entire estate, amounting to over two hundred thousand dollars, after paying a few small legacies and annuities, is bequeathed to the Jane Boy Home for Boys, an institution incorporated for boys by the last legislature, to educate and train orphan and poor boys.

Twenty-seven cases of sunstroke and prostration from heat, occurred here yesterday, of which fourteen were fatal.

BEATTY PIANO
GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.
From Geo. E. Letcher, firm of Wm H. Letcher & Bro., Bankers, Fayette, Ohio.
"We received the piano and think it a very fine toned one out here. Waited a short time to give it a good test. If you wish a word in favor of it we will cheerfully give it.
James R. Brown, Esq., Edwardsville, Ill., says: "The Beatty Piano received gives entire satisfaction." Agents wanted. Send for catalogue. Address
DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

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GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.
Best offer ever given now ready.
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$10 to 25 per Day To Farmers Sons and other energetic young men to sell an article at STAPLE as COFFEE, to Farmers and others in their own neighborhoods. Particulars Free. Address—THE CENTENNIAL CO., St. Louis, Mo.

Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

JULY 11.—Our market to-day is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary	8¼@8½
Good Ordinary	9@9⅝—
Strict Good Ordinary	10 @—
Low Middling	10½@—
Middling	11⅛@—

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.

Bacon—C R Sides		12¾@	—
" Shoulders		10½@	—
Bulk—C R Sides		11¾@	—
" Shoulders		9¾@	—
Plain Sugar-cured Hams		— @	—
Canvas'd "		15 @	16¾
Lard—Choice, in tierces		13½@	13¾
" " " ½ bbls		14½@	14¾
" " " kegs		14½@	15
" " " buckets		3 15 @	3 25
Sugar—Snow White		11 @	—
" W C		10½@	10¾
" Y C		10¾@	0¾
" Strictly Choice		10¼@	10½
" Prime		9¾@	9¾
" Fair		8¾@	9
Molasses—Choice		65 @	70
" Prime		55 @	60
" Fair		45 @	50
" Common		35 @	40
Coffee—Choice		23 @	24
" Prime		22 @	23
" Fair		21 @	22½
" Common		20 @	20½
Rice—Choice		8 @	8¼
" Prime		7 @	7¾
" Fair		6¼@	7
Flour—Fancy		8 00 @	8 50
" Choice		7 50 @	7 75
" Family		6 25 @	7 00
" Superfine		5 00 @	5 50
" Common		4 75 @	5 00
Tobacco		42 @	1 00
Whisky—Rectified		1 05 @	1 35
" Bottled Grades		1 50 @	3 50
Wine—Port and Sherry		1 25 @	2 00
" Claret		5 50 @	6 00
Brandies		$ 1 25 @	2 50
" French		6 00 @	10 00
" Peach and Apple		2 00 @	3 50
Gin		1 40 @	2 25
" in cases		6 00 @	7 00
Beer in bottles, per doz		1 65 @	1 75
" in kegs		3 50 @	—
Cigars, per thousand		18 00 @	60 00
OYSTER GOODS—			
Oysters, 1 gallons, per doz		90 @	1 00
" 2 " " "		1 75 @	2 00
Fresh Peaches, 2 gallons, per doz		2 00 @	2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case		4 00 @	4 25
" Cherries, " "		4 25 @	4 50
Sardines, ½ boxes		16 00 @	18 00
Condensed Milk, " "		11 00 @	12 00
Yeast Powders, per doz		1 40 @	2 10
Pickles, gal's, " "		5 00 @	6 00
" ½ " " "		3 75 @	4 50
" ¼ " " "		2 50 @	3 00
" ⅛ " " "		1 50 @	2 00
Soda, in kegs, " lb		5½@	6
" " boxes, " "		6½@	7¾
Potash, " " doz		5 50 @	6 50
Candles, full weight, per lb		16½@	17¾
Soaps, " "		5 @	7¾
Starch, " "		5½@	6¾
Salt, Liverpool, per sack		1 30 @	1 40
" fine Liverpool		1 00 @	—
" Virginia, "		2 10 @	2 25
Drop Shot		2 50 @	—
Buck Shot		2 75 @	—
Powder, " keg		5 75 @	6 25
Nails, standard rate, per keg		3 50 @	—
Snuff—Maccaboy, Lorillard's		80 @	—
" Miller's		75 @	—
" Gail & Ax		70 @	—
" Scotch, per gross		9 00 @	—
" Garrett's, per doz		4 75 @	—
Ink, per case		1 50 @	—
Mustard, per dozen		1 25 @	3 00
Ground Spices		1 00 @	1 25
" Pepper		1 00 @	1 25
" Ginger		1 00 @	25
" Allspice		1 00 @	1 25
" Cloves		1 00 @	1 25
" Cinnamon		1 50 @	—
Percussion Caps		65 @	80
G. D. "		45 @	—
Toilet Soaps, box		1 75 @	2 25
Bluing, box		50 @	1 00
Smoking Tobacco		50 @	60
Tea		75 @	1 25
Wampoo Bitters		6 50 @	—
Diamond Gin		7 50 @	—
Plantation Bitters		8 50 @	—
Hostetter's Bitters		8 50 @	—
Rhine Wines		8 00 @	12 50
Wrapping Paper, Large		75 @	—
" Medium		65 @	—
" Small		10 @	—
		40 @	—
Nutmegs		1 50 @	—
Brooms		2 25 @	3 50

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, July 11.—Money closed at 2. Gold 111⅝. Stocks dull.

COTTON.

Spot cotton to-day closed steady: Mid lin's Orleans 11 15-16c; middling Alabama, 11⅝c; middling upland, 11¾c; strict low middling upland, 11⅜c; low middling upland, 11 1-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10¾c; good ordinary upland 9 15-16c; ordinary upland, 8 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed quiet; sales 21,500 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 21-32@11 13-16
August	11 23-32@12
September	11 7-16@11 31-32
October	11 25-32@—
November	11 23-32@11 11-16
December	11 7-32@11 11 16

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 11.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands, 6½; middling Orleans, 6 1-8d sales to-day 6,000 bales, of which 1000 bales are for export and speculation; receipts —— bales, American —— bales.

SAVANNAH, July 11.—Receipts 35, gross 417, exports to Great Britain —; sales —; stock 1,-845; price of middlings, 10⅞c; market quiet.

NEW ORLEANS, July 11.—Net receipts 139, gross 2,230; exports to Great Britain ——; coast ——; sales 500; stock 55,284 price of middlings 11¼c, low middlings 10⅝c, good ordinary 9¾c; market quiet.

WILMINGTON, July 11—Net receipts 17; sales —; stock 636; price of middlings 10¾c; market steady.

MOBILE, July 11.—Net receipts 1; exports to Great Britain ——, coast 50; sales 100; stock 1,640; price of middlings 10¾c, low middlings 10c, good ordinary 8¾c; market weak.

NORFOLK, July 11.—Net receipts 9; sales —; stock 2,200; price of middlings 11—c; market quiet.

GALVESTON, July 11.—Net receipts 71, gross 74; sales 71; stock 6,820; price of middlings 11¾c; market dull.

BOSTON, July 11.—Net receipts 184, gross 320, exports to Great Britain ——; sales ——; stock 15,-034; price of middlings 12c; market quiet.

CHARLESTON, July 11.—Net receipts 23; sales 150; stock 4,310; price of middlings 11½c; market quiet.

PHILADELPHIA, July 11.—Net receipts 196; gross 255; sales ——; price of middlings 11¾c; market quiet.

PROVIDENCE, July 11.—Stock 15,000 bales.

BALTIMORE, July 11.—Net receipts 4, sales 50; stock 5,799; price of middlings 11⅜c; market dull.

PROVISION MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 11.—Flour quiet, extra $4@5 50. Wheat steady, No. 2 spring 91½c. Corn firm, No. 2 mixed 43—c, new mixed 42c. Oats dull, No. 2 mixed 28½c. Rye dull, 64@65½c. Barley dull, 57c

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 14, 1876.

Democratic Insincerity — Deceiving the People.

THE LATEST ORDER PROMULGATED FROM HEADQUARTERS.

It has been usual in past elections in this State for the Radical party to call to its aid the military arm of the government. The pretext for this has been the alleged lawlessness of our people, especially with reference to the negro race. We feel it a duty incumbent on us, therefore to warn our people to furnish no possible excuse for military interference. In this connection it is better to avoid even the appearance of evil. Should crimes be committed against the equal rights of any class of our citizens, we trust that good citizens will not fail to arrest and bring the perpetrators to justice. The perpetrators of such crimes do more to advance the Radical party than if they were avowedly co-operating with it. They furnish to that party the political capital on which it relies chiefly for success. We know, however, that the emissaries of the Radical party have, in some instances, for the purpose of manufacturing capital, perpetrated outrages themselves, with the design of fixing the responsibility therefor on members of the Democratic and Conservative party. It is important that such persons be detected, exposed and punished. The rights, privileges and immunities of citizenship have been conferred upon the negro not only by the Constitution of the United States, but also by the provisions of our State Constitution. Let us therefore so conduct ourselves as to demonstrate to the world, what we all know to be the fact, that the negro is as secure here in Alabama, in the enjoyment of all his rights, as he is in any State of the Union; that he sleeps as securely here in his cabin, as Ben Butler does in his palace in Massachusetts.

Editor Journal:—The above extract from the latest *order* promulgated from the headquarters of the caucus, is the completest specimen of *gammon* the world has lately witnessed. It is designed to be used in the North for the purpose of deceiving the people, as to the *status* of things here. Capt. Bragg issued an order of like tenor in 1874, and following close upon its heels, come the assasssination of Billings and Ivey over in Sumter by Democrats for party purposes—to carry the county. The Eufaula and Mobile riots closed the programme of intimidation. Democrats are very *"gushing"* in *professions*, but their *practice* falls many degrees below tueir preaching! Intimidation of negro voters is a part of the business of a Democratic campaign. The Legislature passed a law to render this Democratic work easier and more effective—I allude to the law requiring persons to vote in their own beats. This law will prevent negroes voting at county precincts.

This sort of gammon is thrown away on the Northern people, who have sense enough to judge Democracy by its actions, not by its gushing and high sounding professions.

The Executive Committee of the Bourbons are wonderfully verdant, and supremely credulous, if they believe in the truth of what they state about the security of the colored people in Alabama. We think somebody has imposed upon them, inasmuch as their statement is notoriously incorrect and unfounded. They have put forth a purely fancy sketch so far as the security of the negroes is concerned. The Committee is shamefully guorant, or else it has been imposed upon by some merciless wag. We state boldly that there are many counties in the State in which half the negroes have rarely been suffered to vote by the Democrats. Tuskaloosa and Pickens are nearly equally divided, yet the Democrats poll big majorities. Choctaw and Washington might be included in the same list. Will Col. Graham and his committee do something practical to protect negroes in voting all over the State? There is Monroe county where the colored voters probably out number the whites, yet Monroe runs up a rousing Bourbon majority. How is all this managed? by intimidation, threats; patrolling in armed bands, etc. Let the Committee and the Democrats do something *practical* to stop this intimidation and insure an honest and fair vote and a *fair* count of the votes. Let Republican managers be appointed, let the registration be revised and gone over, for it has been shamefully done in many counties.

Let us judge Democracy by its *deeds*. With a fair and honest election, the Republicans can carry Alabama any day. They carried it in 1874.

We emphatically *deny* that "the negro is as secure here in Alabama, in the enjoyment of all his rights, as he is in any State of the Union." Facts demonstrate this boast to be utterly unfounded. The assertion that "the negro sleeps as securely here in his cabin, as Ben Butler in his palace in Massachusetts," if intended as a figure of speech, or rhetorical exaggeration, may pass unchallenged, but, as a statement of *fact*, we challenge its correctness. We deny it in to-to. Let Col. Graham write to the various county solicitors—nearly all of whom are Democrats—and to the Judges of Probate, for particulars of the number of negroes lynched, murdered, and assassinated in their counties within the past 30 months, and whether negroes can and do vote without molestation and intimidation at any and all precincts. Let their answers by duly sworn to, and published, along with the white and colored vote of each county. If these men only state the *whole* truth, the world will wonder at the anarchy and lawlessness prevalent in Alabama, and the Bourbons, if not insensible of shame, will blush for political victories won by fraud, brutality, and barbarism, unmatched in all the annals of history. Let the entire facts come out, and let us have neither gaubling nor smothering. Will Col. Graham adopt this plan of getting at the truth?

I would suggest to the Republicans of each county, that they write out a full account of all outrages in their counties for the past thirty months on white and colored Republicans, and send them to the National Republican Committee at Washington, D. C. Let them also state whether or not negroes can safely vote in their counties, and whether their votes will be counted by Democratic managers.

To disprove the alleged security of the negro, I append from the Meridan Mercury an account of the killing of a negro in Sumter county for the enormous crime of intending to report to the authorities a difficulty he had had with Peres—a Democrat. The comments of the Mercury certainly do not indicate that the negroes enjoy all their rights and sleep in security in their cabins.

July 7, 1876. JUSTICE.

Peres, the Frenchman, well known in this city, has got into serious trouble, at York, where he was keeping a drinking saloon. We have found it difficult to satisfactorily arrive at the facts. We hear that he was charged with killing a negro, who was on his way to the soldier camp at Livingston to report an account of a difficulty he had with him. It is also said that a deputy Sheriff, of Sumter county, attempted to arrest him by authority of a warrant commanding him to do so, and that Peres shot and wounded the officer. He then shut himself up in his house. A Sheriff's posse surrounded it. Peres opened his door, fully armed with pistols, and made a bold dash to break through their line, which he did, being fired upon, and returning the fire as he fled, making good his escape, though wounded. He was traced three miles by the flow of blood from his wounds. At this writing we are not advised that anything further has been heard of him.

Since writing the foregoing we hear that Peres appeared at York, went quietly to his boarding house, got him a suit of clothes and departed. From this we infer that his wounds are not serious. We hear, also, that the deputy sheriff he shot was but slightly wounded

And all of this trouble has come of keeping soldiers in the country to make fools of negroes, to tempt them to provoke terrible consequences to themselves by running to camps and informing on white men. The negroes about that country we suppose, remember the hand cuffing of white men on a former occasion, and, when they have a difficulty with a white man want and expect to get it repeated. It is little wonder that negroes get shot when they set out to get it done.—Meridian Mercury.

Union Republican Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR:

C. C. SHEATS, of Morgan.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:

THOS. T. ALLINGTON, of Lauderdale.

FOR AUDITOR:

GEORGE P. PLOWMAN, of Talladega.

FOR TREASURER:

BENJ M. LONG, of Walker.

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL:

ROB'T S. HEFLIN, of Randolph.

FOR SUP'T OF EDUCATION:

P. J. GLOVER, of Marengo.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:

L. C. COULSON, of Jackson.
CHAS. E. MAYER, of Mobile.

District Electors.

FIRST DISTRICT—Lou H Mayer of Mobile.

SECOND DISTRICT—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.

THIRD DISTRICT—P G Clarke of Barbour.

FOURTH DISTRICT — J T Rapier of Lowndes.

FIFTH DISTRICT—S S Booth of Autauga.

SIXTH DISTRICT—A B Hays, of Winston.

SEVENTH DISTRICT—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.

EIGHTH DISTRICT—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

Regular State Executive Committee.

Chas. E Mayer Chairman; George Turner, Secretary.

First District—C S Wood, Allen Alexander.

Second District—William M Loftin, Frenchard Gray.

Third District—W H Black, Philip King.

Fourth District—M G Candee, H Cochran.

Fifth District—Wm J Boon, J H Alston.

Sixth District — Charles Hays, C C Sheats.

Seventh District—Arthur Bingham, H L Watlington.

Eighth District—George E. Spencer, Z E Thomas.

Regular Ticket of Montgomery County.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

CHARLES STEELE.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

T. C. BINGHAM, W. H. CRUSIUS,
J. K. GREENE, J. K. P. LUCAS.

Regular County Executive Committee.

PAUL STROBACH, Chairman. T. C. BINGHAM, Secretary.

Clark Evans, Charles Loper,
W. M. Loftin, Geo. Allen,
W. J. Maxwell, Ab. Davis,
Wm. Anthony, Br. McDaniel,
Thos. Oliver, Chas. Johnson,
Aug. Montgomery, Jos. Barnett,
Randall Chilton, Parrish Phillips,
John Breckenridge.

PLATFORM

—OF THE—

REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections State and Federal, announce as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men as the fundamental principle of our government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperiling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the cordial recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing intolerance, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and action, in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and antipaties, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the States and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one as indestructible, the other as indissoluble.

5th. The preservation and maintainance of the Republican party in the Southern States, as a safeguard against sectionalism, and the strongest guaranty of an inviolate union.

Resolved 1st, That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has carried the nation through a period of unprecedented difficulties and trials with safety and success, and has won for the President a renown as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd, That we deplore the divisions in our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies, and that now, as in the past, we are ready and desirous of healing these divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse to its energies or hope to its future, since the war, and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

ALEX WHITE, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 15th, 1876.)

When, in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved these governments to the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed." Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously enforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitutional amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts of its purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin. Commercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the many important amendments effected by Republican Legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congess to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who periled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We therefore note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts as its chief hope of success on the electoral vote of a united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation; we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil the national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason; with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes; with reasserting and applauding in the National Capitol the sentiments of unrepented rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan mismanagement and obstruction of investigation; with proving itself, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and immense services in war and in peace.

Another Credit Mobilier.

SAMUEL J. TILDEN'S TERRE HAUTE RECORD—FACTS AND FIGURES FOR THE PEOPLE—THE COMPLAINT FILED IN THE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—"ADDITION, DIVISION, AND SILENCE."

[From the New York Express (Dem.)]

There is at present a bill before the United States Circuit Court for the Southern district of New York, sitting in equity, wherein the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad Company appears as complainant and Mr. Samuel J. Tilden as the most prominent defendant. The complaint, in brief, demands an account of certain moneys or securities entrusted to the defendants, and Mr. Tilden, in brief, replies by asking and getting time to answer *until the first of July.*

THE FORECLOSURE OF THE RAILROAD.

According to the complaint in this case, on Feb. 14, 1875, the Terre Haute and Alton Company and the Belleville and Illinoistown Railroad Company were consolidated, under the title of the Terre Haute, Alton and St. Louis Railroad Company. Subsequently the new Terre Haute, Alton and St. Louis Company became financially embarrassed, and unable to pay the interest on the mortgages of the old companies which it had assumed, as well as on its own; and bills of foreclosure, asking for the sale of the property, were filed by the trustees of the second mortgages of the original companies in the United States Circuit Courts of the districts of Indiana and Southern Illinois, in which actions decrees of foreclosure and sale were about to be entered. Upon this, about April 15, 1861, the bond and stockholders and the general creditors of the company subscribed to a gene al plan of reorganization, which embraced the purchase of the road, the chartering of a new corporation, and the creation and disposal of stock and securities.

A committee of five were appointed agents to carry this plan into effect. The committee were *Samuel J. Tilden*, Robert Bayard, Joseph Tuckerman, John G. Richardson and Charles Butler. On March 24, 1865, in Alton, Ill., the road was sold by auction, and purchased by this committee for $800,000, and a new corporation was formed soon afterwards, under the title of the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad Company, with *Samuel J. Tilden*, Robert Bayard, John Tuckerman, John G. Richardson and Russell Sage as incorporators. By the act of incorporation the new company was empowered to assume the liabilities of the old company and make settlements, using for that purpose the new company's stock and bonds, the settlements to be made within six months after the organization, and all claimants to be debarred from the benefits of the act unless their claims were surrendered and settled within that six months.

THE ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND TERRE HAUTE ROAD.

On June 27, 1882, a meeting of the Board of Directors was held at the Company's office, No. 12 Wall street, in this city. Samuel J. Tilden and the other members of the Purchasing Committee were among the directors. One of them offered a series of resolutions, which were referred to Purchasing-Committee-Member-and-Director Samuel J. Tilden, as Counsel of the Company. On the following day the Board met again at the same place, and Purchasing-Committee-Member - Director - and - Counsel - for-the Corporation Samuel J. Tilden reported the resolutions, which were to the effect that certain bonds and stock should be issued and created and handed over to Samuel J. Tilden and his Purchasing Committee for the payment of the purchase money and the settlement of claims. The bonds and stock authorized by the charter and directed to be issued by these resolutions, were as follows:

First mortgage bonds	$2,200,000	
2d mortgage, pref'd	$2,800,000	
Income	1,700,000	
		4,500,000
Stock—Preferred	$1,750,000	
Common	2,050,000	
		3,750,000
Total		$10,450,000

HAUL NUMBER ONE.

The complaint sets forth that on June 30, 1862, the Purchasing Committee conveyed to themselves by deed the above amount of stocks and bonds, *with the addition* of $250,000 common stock, whose issue was never authorized by anybody; that is, they gave themselves $4,000,000 worth of certificates of stock, instead of the $3,750,000 above set forth as authorized by the charter and the resolutions of the Board. This quarter of a million over-issue of stock, says the complaint, is still outstanding as part of the liabilities of the company, and the stockholders want to know who has got it and where it is. Mr. Tilden will probably explain after the Convention. He refuses to do so before it.

The Trustee and Surviving Receiver of the old company, who sold the property to Tilden and his Purchasing Committee, was Mr. Azariah C. Flagg. He made a report to the bondholders of the old company in 1863, and of that report the report of the new company for the same year, signed by the Tilden Purchasing Committee, thus speaks:

"The proceedings of the Committee of Bondholders and Stockholders on reorganization—to-wit, Samuel J. Tilden and the Purchasing Committee—are all stated in the report of Mr. Flagg *with such particularity* as to render any further statement superfluous."

HAUL NUMBER TWO.

The reader will please glance again at the above list of bonds and stock issued. The report of Mr. Flagg, thus commended for "particularity," states that the claims settled by the first mortgage bonds of $2,200,000, amounted to only $2,045,740.41, leaving a balance in the hands of the Tilden Purchasing Committee of $54,259 59. The stockholders want Mr. Tilden to tell them where that went to, and Mr. Tilden has answered in effect, "Wait until after the St. Louis Convention."

HAUL NUMBER THREE.

The reader will please look again at the table and note the issue of 4,500,000 second mortgage bonds, preferred and income. Mr. Flag's report states with much and cruel "particularity" that the amount of claims settled by this issue was only $4,369,545.89, leaving a trifle of $130,454.11 which the stockholders ask Mr. Tilden to account for; but he says he won't do it till after the adjournment of the Convention, and does *not* say that he will do it even then.

HAUL NUMBER FOUR.

Another glance at the table above will reveal the issue of $1,700,000 preferred stock. With most aggravating "particularity" the report of Mr. Flagg sets down the amount of liabilities settled by this issue at $1,568,700, leaving a wretched margin of $131,300 to be accounted for by Mr. Tilden, which he declares he will not do until after the St. Louis Convention, and won't promise to do it even then.

HAUL NUMBER FIVE.

The annual report of the Directors, showing the condition of the Company on the 1st of January, 1874, stated that the common stock handed over up to that time in liquidating claims, etc., was $1,929,516.85. Please note that the Company was *authorized* to issue $2,059,000, so that to say nothing of the over issue of $250,000 above mentioned, there is still left a balance of $110,483.15 to be accounted for by Mr. Tilden. Mr. Tilden says he'll do nothing of the sort until after the St. Louis Convention. He does not say that he will account for it then.

RECAPITULATION OF THE HAULS—AN ALLEGED STEAL OF $1,000,000.

The cry of anguish which comes from the complainant in the last paragraph of his wailings before the Court, is so heartrending that we quote it in all its naked wretchedness.

"And your orator further complains and avers, that the said defendants (*Tilden* and the Purchasing Committee) have not, nor either of them, ever rendered to your orator any account of the hereinbefore mentioned surplus of $154,000 first mortgage bonds, $130,000 second mortgage bonds, $130,000 preferred stock and $300,000 common stock, or any of the bonds or stocks entrusted to them as members of the said Purchasing Committee, although your orator has repeatedly, by its agents daly authorized, demanded such an account; but, on the contrary, your orator alleges and avers, that the said defendants, or some of them, have refused to render any such account, or to give your orator any explanation of the manner in which, or the purpose for which, the said bonds and stock were issued and disposed of; and your orator charges that the said surplus bonds and stock have been *unlawfully retained by and divided among the said defendants*, or issued and disposed of by them, in violation of their duty as members of the said Purchasing Committee, and of the Board of Directors of the said corporation, complainant herein, and of the trust and confidence reposed in them as such; and that the pecuniary liabilities and burdens of your orator have been, thereby, unjustly and unnecessarily increased to the amount of more than one million dollars."

A SALARY GRAB.

There is one more paragraph in the document worth quoting entire, anticipating, as it does, any plea that the defendants may offer to the effect that they, or any of them, retained the sums above charged as unaccounted for in compensation for services rendered.

"And your orator further shows that, at a meeting of the said Purchasing Committee, held Nov. 3, 1862, it was resolved that the compensation of Mr. Bayard be $3,000 per annum for three years of his services as Chairman of the Committee; and it was further resolved that the compensation of Mr. Butler be fixed at $2,5000 per annum for three years, in full for special services in various capacities; and Mr. Tilden (to wit, *Samuel J. Tilden*, one of the parties defendant herein) having stated his claims for services at $10,000 against the second mortgage and a like sum as against the first mortgage, and the reorganization, it was resolved that the same be allowed at said sums, in full of such services;" and that accordingly the sums were paid to the said parties, nearly $9,000 to Bayard, $7,500 to Butler and *twenty thousand dollars to Samuel J. Tilden.*

All this Mr. Tilden has been called upon from time to time to explain, but he has invariably managed to postpone his explanation, until he finally succeeded in getting the Court to grant him time to file his definite answer to this complaint until something like a week after the adjournment of the St. Louis Convention.

National Republican Platform Adopted at Cincinnati, June, 1876.

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league.

2. The work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. To every American citizen, complete liberty and exact equality.

4. Steady progress towards specie payment.

5. Appointments selected with sole reference to efficiency and faithful service to the country.

6. Punishment to all who betray official trust.

7. The Public school system is the bulwark of the American republic, and for its security the application of public funds to sectarian schools should be forbidden.

8. Revenue must be derived from duties on importation.

9. No grants of public lands to corporations and monopolies.

10. The same protection to adopted American citizens as to native-born.

11. Duty of Congress to investigate the Chinese puzzles.

12. Woman's rights to be respected.

13. Polygamy to be prohibited and extirpated.

14. The nation's pledges to soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled.

15. The Democratic party count on a united South arrayed against the nation.

16. The Democratic party is the same in character and spirit as when in sympathy with treason.

17. Hearty gratitude of the American people to President Grant and his administration, and for his immense services in war and in peace.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

DR. RICE,

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19.	Catarrh, Acute or Chronic Influenza,	25
20.	Whooping-Cough, Violent Coughs,	25
21.	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing,	25
22.	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing,	25
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DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 12, 1876.

HIS MESSENGER.

BY MARY E. BRADLEY.

Maiden with the waiting face,
Maiden with the pale-brown hair,
At the gate and door in the silent place,
She sits and sews on the outer stair—
She sits and sews—they pass her door,
Pass her door—they pass her door,
Up the stair and down the low again:
Still it is said was the sweetest no more,
Still it is said her prayers all prayed in vain?
And her prayers all prayed in vain?

Through the warm and the winter night,
Maiden with wistful eyes,
Sits she by her lonely lamp alight,
Sees she her lonely lamp alight?
Is it the stars are dim in the skies,
Through the gray and the shining day
He, in gold and in silver, swift and slim,
He, in gold and in silver, not one astray,
Not one astray, not one astray,
Straight her heart is far away
Over the summer seas with him.

Over the distant summer seas
Maiden, yearning fingers fly;
Sighs she for the island breeze,
Sighs she for the isle of the tropic sky,
Does she know, as they come and go,
Those waves that fan the island shore,
Those waves that fan the island shore,
Ebb and flow—ceaseless ebb and flow
Tangled locks she will comb no more?

Many a hopeless hope she keeps,
Maiden with the aching heart; [weeps,
Many a hopeless hope she keeps,
Sometimes sighs and sometimes she
At thought of the end unbroken start,
At thought of the end will be;
Lo! she knows that the end will be
Some day when the Master sends for her
Some day when the Master sends for her
And there will be His messenger.

TILDEN AND TWEED.

The Tweed Brothers of Tammany—The Modern Reformer Exposed—An Apt Pupil of the Great Rubber Tweed—A Characteristic Letter from Horace Greeley—Tilden's Ballot Box Stuffing.

In 1868, John T. Hoffman was Democratic candidate for Governor of New York against Mr. Fenton, and was beaten by a majority of 13,768. In 1868, Hoffman was again a candidate and was elected by a Democratic majority of 27,-916. This increase of the Democratic majority, in the brief space of two years, by a total of over 40,000 was a matter for profound astonishment to the whole United States, excepting only a small band of faithful Democrats in New York City. To them, headed by Boss Tweed and Samuel J. Tilden, belongs the credit of the astonishing change. It may interest our people to learn something of the method by which it was brought about.

On the eve of the election Samuel J. Tilden addressed to some of the faithful followers of his party, in every county of the State, a circular of which the following is a copy:

ROOMS OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE COM.
October 27, 1868.

MY DEAR SIR—Please at once to communicate with some reliable person in three or four principal towns and in each city of your county, and request him (expenses duly arranged for this end) *to go specially to William M. Tweed*, Tammany Hall, at the minute of closing the polls, not waiting for the count, such person's estimate of the vote. Let the telegraph be as follows: "This town will show a Democratic gain (or loss) over last year of —— (number)." Or this one, if sufficiently certain: "This town will give a Republican (or Democratic) majority of——." *There is of course, an important object to be attained by a simultaneous transmission at the hour of closing the polls, but not longer sitting.* Opportunity can be taken of the usual half hour lull in telegraphic communication over the lines before accurate results begin to be declared, and before the Associated Press absorb the telegraph with returns and interfere with individual messages, and give orders to watch carefully the count.

Very truly, yours,
SAMUEL J. TILDEN, Chairman.

The italics in the above are ours. They indicate that Mr. Tilden, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, was working in conjunction with Boss Tweed, with an "important object to be attained" whose nature is now known to all. That object was to get the vote of the whole State before them in New York, and then to stuff enough more votes into the city ballot-boxes to produce a Democratic majority. The work was well done. The Democratic majority returned from New York City, at that election, was 63,150. It is now, as Senator Conkling called it in a public speech, an "open secret" that thirty thousand fraudulent votes were added to the count in New York City and Brooklyn, and that Hoffman was deliberately counted in by the nefarious work of Samuel J. Tilden and Boss Tweed.

Previous to the election of the following fall, when these facts had become thoroughly known, Horace Greeley, late the Presidential candidate of the Democratic party, addressed to Mr. Tilden an open letter from which we make the following extracts:

To Samuel J. Tilden, Chairman Democratic State Committee:

SIR—You hold a most responsible and influential position in the councils of a great party. You could make that party content itself with the polling of legal votes if you only would. In our late Constitutional Convention, I tried to erect some fresh barriers against election frauds; did you? The very little that I was enabled to effect in this direction, I shall try to have ratified by the people at our ensuing election. Will you?

Mr. Tilden, you can not escape responsibility by saying, with the guilty Macbeth—

"Thou can'st not say I did it; never shake
Thy gory locks at me!"

for you were at least a passive accomplice in the great frauds of last November. Your name was used without publication on your part, in circulars sowed over the State, whereof the manifest intent was to "make assurance doubly sure" that the frauds here perpetrated should not be overborne by the honest vote of the rural districts. And you, not merely by silence, but by positive assertion, have covered those frauds with the mantle of your respectability. On the principle that "the receiver is as bad as the thief," you are as deeply implicated in them to-day as though your name were Tweed, O'Brien, or Oakey Hall. * * *

And though our city has largely increased its population, the *inner wards* were quite as populous then (1840) as they are to-day, several of them more so. * * *

Now, look at the vote of four of these wards in 1840 and 1868 respectively:

	President, 1840	Governor, 1868
4 Wards	4,703 | 5,521	2,840 | 20,283

Van Buren's majority, 726; Hoffman's majority 17,443.

Mr. Tilden, you know what this contrast attests. Right well do you comprehend the means whereby the vote of 1868 was thus swelled out of all proportions. There are not 12,000 legal voters living in those wards to-day, though they gave Hoffman 17,443 majority. Had the day been of average length, it would doubtless have been swelled to at least 20,000. There was nothing but time needed to make it 100,000, if so many had been wanted and paid for.

Now, Mr. Tilden, I call on you to put a stop to this business. You have but to walk out to the Sheriff's office, the Mayor's and the Supervisor's offices in the City Hall Park, and say that there must be no more of it; SAY IT SO THAT THERE SHALL BE NO DOUBT THAT YOU MEAN IT, and we shall have a tolerably fair election once more.

Will you do it? If we Republicans are swindled once more, as we were swindled last fall, you and such as you will be responsible to God and man for the outrage. Yours, HORACE GREELEY.

New York, October 29, 1869.

TILDEN.

What his own Party Organs Think of Him—Some Interesting Reading for Free Men.

We presume that every Democratic reader of the JOURNAL knows that the Cincinnati Enquier is the leading Democratic paper of the West. No one conversant with political affairs will deny this fact, we apprehend. The following articles from the Enquirer will show what is thought of Mr. Tilden by the leaders of his own party. As they were written by Democrats it is reasonable to infer that they are true, in view of the fact that they have never been denied. We propose to keep them standing in our columns for the present:

[Cincinnati Enquirer, June 5, 1876.]

A private letter just received from New York, from a gentleman of fairness and intelligence, says: "I had a good opinion of Tilden until I came among those that know him, but I find they all agree that his show of reform is a humbug." The recent Albany Conference is corroborative of all this testimony. The controlling politicians, as well as the masses of the people in the Democratic party in New York, who can draw a dividing line between an honest man and a Bengal tiger or a hypocrite, are alike well aware that Tilden can not carry his own State, should he, by the wrath of God, be nominated for the Presidency. If there are potent reasons why the Democracy of Tilden's own State are opposed to his nomination, there are more, and greater reasons, why the Democracy of the West and the South should be intelligent and honorable enough to resist his bribes and defeat his nomination. We do not apprehend his nomination, but we are not insensible to the power of money and management. There are a few facts concerning Sam. Tilden, which, we trust, will sink into the minds of Western and Southern Democrats.

1. He can not carry his own State in November.

2. He can not carry any Northern State.

3. He is a hypocrite, a political swindler, has long been a public plunderer, and is really the only disreputable candidate prominently named on the Democratic list.

4. He did what he could to defeat the Democratic party of Ohio in 1875, expending his money, and subsidizing the Eastern Democratic press to that end, knowing that Ohio's victory was his defeat, and loving Tilden more than the Democratic party. He has earned the enmity of the West and South.

5. He has sought this high office by methods so unprecedentedly shameless and disreputable that it would be an everlasting stigma upon a Democratic Convention to nominate him, and a reproach upon the American people to elect him if nominated.

6. Upon the foremost question of the hour he is a most pitiless foe of the interests of the West and the South. He is the unscrupulous oppressor of the great, struggling industries of the vast producing sections of the country. No Republican Administration could be more hostile to them than would his.

7. Should "God's Providence, seeming estranged," permit his nomination, by whom and what would he be nominated? By the servile, conscienceless tools that money can purchase; by the most corrupt influences that ever entered into a Presidential nomination; by the system on which all other quack medicines are sold—advertising—and even respectable medical associations read out of the profession the "Doctors" that will advertise. It would seem that the Democratic party should have as high a respect for the good name of the party and the Government as the vender of pills have for their craft. It could not but be that a man educated in cunning, in hypocrisy, in iniquity, nominated in corruption and shameless effrontery, even though his millions could elect him, would give us the most corrupt Administration the country has ever known. "Neither imperial dignities, nor the gloom of solitude," said Tacitus, "could save Tiberius from himself." And Tilden could not rise above himself, or above the sources of his power.

[Cincinnati Enquirer, June 6, 1876.]

The political jobbers, thieves, and betrayers of the people are very generally in favor of Tilden.

[Cincinnati Enquirer, June 17, 1876.]

Mr. Barlow is the champion railway "undertaker" and jobber of New York. Of course, he's for Tilden. All men of his stripe are. With Tilden in the White House, men of Mr. Barlow's kidney would be very busy and prosperous. All the vicious, thieving, corrupt elements in the Democratic party are moving toward "reform under the banner of Sam Tilden."

[Cincinnati Enquirer, June 23, 1876.]

The kid-glove Democracy, of which Tilden is the chief, have not the confidence and can not obtain the votes of the masses. His nomination will disrupt and disorganize the Democratic party. It means defeat.

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A few years ago we bought in New York Santonin, bearing the name of the great chemist of Germany, whose make had always been purest, this was used in making Worm Candy, a lot of 200 gross. After sales of the Candy were made, complaints came that it "wet down and ran together." Upon investigation we found that a fraud had been practiced upon us: the Santonin label being counterfeited, and the Santonin adulterated with chlorate of potash. We called in all the Candy we could hear of, replacing it with good. If you have any, we will gladly replace yours, and we make this appeal to your sense of justice, not to let the possibility of another injure our good name. We ask a renewal of your confidence in Hurley's Worm Candy, guaranteeing that only PURE and TESTED material is used in its preparation, and with proper care it will keep in any climate.

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	Per doz.	Per Gross.
Walker's Rheumatic Cure	$12 00	$10 50
Hurley's Com. Syrup Sarsaparilla, with or without Iod. Potash	7 75	7 50
Hurley's Agne Tonic	7 00	6 50
Hurley's Popular Worm Candy	1 25	14 25
Hurley's Stomach Bitters	2 25	7 00
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Seabrook's Elix. Pyrophos. Iron and Calisaya	7 50	7 00
Bettison's English Horse Liniment	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Horse Condition Powder	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Chicken Cholera Powder	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Hog Cholera Powder	3 00	30 00
S. & Co.'s Extract Jamaica Ginger, 2 oz.	1 75	18 00
S. & Co.'s Compound Syrup Liquidambar	3 50	37 50
S. & Co.'s Jackson's Pectoral Syrup	3 50	37 50
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2 oz. Black Ink; 4 doz in box, per doz	45
4 oz. Black Ink, 2 doz in box, per doz	70

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2 oz Cork, 1 dozen in box	$1 25
4 oz Cork, 1 dozen in box	2 50
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2 ounce, 6 dozen in box	$ 35	$ 3 60
4 ounce, 4 dozen in box	60	6 00
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Physicians recommend SEATON & CO.'s LIQUIDAMBAR for Dyscentery, Diarrhea, and Summer Complaints. Aids digestion.

An English Farrier made, and the veteran veterinarian, Dr. Bettison, improved our ENGLISH HORSE CONDITION POWDER. Use for all skin diseases or old sores on man, horse or cattle.

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Flaky, light white bread insured by use of Seaton & Co's HOME BAKING POWDER. Delicious and pure.

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1 Cash Prize of	$100,000
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51,025 Cash Prizes amounting to $350.000

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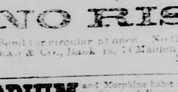

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Leave Marquette	7.45 a. m
Arrive at L'Anse	12.45 p. m

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Arrive at Marquette	8.10 p. m
Leave L'Anse	3.00 p. m

Leave Chicago via. C. & N. W. R. R. for Marquette and all points on the Upper Peninsula at 10 p. m.

Leave Marquette for Chicago at 7.45 a. m.

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Here are to be found the most extensive Iron and the most valuable Copper mines in the world.

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Parties desiring to act as agents must accompany their application by a letter of recommendation as to character and responsibility from and signed by the Editor of a newspaper published in the town or county for which agent he proses to act. The agency is to sell the bonds of the Industrial Exhibition Company.

Bonds $20 Each.

The Industrial Exhibition Company will furnish agents with Circulars, etc., etc.

Each newspaper published in the town where agent is located will, as soon as agency is established, be given an advertisement, advertising such agency and the company, and fully explaining the plans, purposes and objects of the company. Such advertisement will continue in such papers as long as agency is successfully conducted.

The Industrial Exhibition Company is the first to adopt the plan so long in use by the European governments of issuing bonds when the principal is made secure. There is no risk, but where there is a chance for a large premium, an investment of $20 is sure to return to the investor $—— gold. If more than one bond and the holder of a $20 bond may obtain a premium either of $50, $100, $20 0, $500, $1,000, $3,000, $5,000, $10,000, $25,000 or $100,000. The interest, which is ordinarily distributed to all the bondholders pro rata, is in this loan distributed by chance. The purchaser of a bond knows he will receive back his investment, with a small rate of interest added, and in consideration of taking this small rate of interest, he has a chance in the above named premiums, which are simply the distribution of interest on the whole loan.

Each bond participates in four drawings each year, until it has drawn a premium, when it is surrendered, the premium paid, and the bond cancelled.

The Industrial Exhibition Company, under a special charter, granted by the State of New York, is given authority to issue these bonds. The Legislature of the State, recognizing the great benefits which will arise from the success of this enterprise, have exempted all the real estate and property of the company from taxation and assessments for five years, and has also conferred other great privileges.

Every American who understands the purposes of this company will, of a necessity, feel a pride in aiding it to a successful termination.

Each individual who buys a bond becomes an owner and an interested party, and when he views the structure erected with his money can say, "I aided to erect in our country the most magnificent building the world has ever seen, a palace which, in truth, represents the industry, energy and mechanical genius of the American people."

The manufacturers and the inventors of America are peculiarly interested in the success of this enterprise, for the reason that it is to be their home, where all their inventions and manufactures can be exhibited and sold.

The building will contain 5,320,000 square feet of space.

Purchasers desiring Bonds before an agency is established where they reside, will communicate directly with this office, from where they can be supplied.

Parties desiring to act as agents or to purchase bonds will address

INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION CO.,
No. 12 East 17th Street,
BET. B'WAY & 5th AVE.,
NEW YORK CITY

NOTE.—All moneys by drift on New York, or Express, or postal order—charges paid by sender 8-20w

LOUIS TRIPP'S
Great Central Music House
No. 170 & 172 Fourth Street,
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MANNING'S

Piano---Organs.

Everything in the music line from

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New Music

Received daily, at 1 from 2 to 50 copies of every piece published since 1813, now in stock.

ORDERS promptly filled no matter how small the amount.

Catalogues furnished free.

Address LOUIS TRIPP,
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GAUGING.

Notice to Wholesale Liquor Merchants.

UNITED STATES GAUGER'S OFFICE,
Montgomery, October 26, 1875.

The wholesale Liquor dealers of Montgomery are hereby notified that the undersigned can be found at all times, at his office in the JOURNAL building, on Perry street. All orders left at this office will be promptly attended to.

J. M. LEVEY.
U. S. Gauger, Second District of Alabama.
10-17 tf

DEFIED TO A CERTAINTY.
Chance to Gain
$50,000
NO RISK.

Send for circular at once. No time to lose. Read & Co., Bank 74 Maiden Lane, New York

OPIUM and Morphine habit effectually and speedily cured. Patients can be treated at home by correspondence. Send stamp for pamphlet. Dr. Calhoun, 12 Washington st., Chicago, Ill.

Official Railroad Time Table

Giving arrival and departure of all trains of Montgomery. Reported and corrected expressly for the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, by Messrs HOUGH & BENSON, General Ticket Agents Office under Exchange Hotel, where any information as to rates, connections or distance be obtained.

Tickets sold to all points North, South, East and West.

Calls for the Omnibus or Baggage Wagon left at our office, or at the Exchange Hotel will receive prompt attention.

SOUTH AND NORTH ALA. RAILROAD

GOING NORTH.

	No 2—Mail	No 4—Exp
Leaves Montgomery	7:00 am	8:00 pm
Calera	9:05 am	10:25 pm
Birmingham	10:55 am	11:45 pm.
Decatur	2:45 pm	3:05 am
Nashville	8:15 pm	8:20 am
Arrive at Louisville	9:45 am	3:40 pm

Accommodation.

	No 8
Leaves Montgomery	4:00 p m
Calera	10:25 p m
Arrive Birmingham	3:00 a m

COMING SOUTH.

	No 1—Mail	No 3—Exp
Leaves Louisville	10:05 am	12:35 am
Nashville	6:45 pm	8:25 am
Decatur	12:10 am	2:00 p m
Birmingham	3:50 am	5:30 p m
Calera	5:10 am	6:30 pm
Arrive at Montgomery	7:40 am	9:25 pm

ROBERT MEEK, Supt.
C. P. ATMORE, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.

MONTGOMERY & EUFAULA R. R.

GOING EAST.

Leave Montgomery *2:00 and 10:00 p m
Arrive at Union Springs 5:30 p m and 1:30 a m
Arrive at Eufaula 9:48 p m and 6:00 a m

Connecting closely at Union Springs with train for Troy, and at Eufaula with Southwestern railroad for all points in Southwest Georgia and Florida, and with Central line of Boats for Apalachicola, Jacksonville, Tallahassee, etc.

COMING WEST.

Leave Eufaula *10:00 pm and 4:15 p m
Arrive at Union Springs 1:20 a m and 9:36 p m
Arrive at Montgomery 5:20 a m and 7:00 a m

Connecting closely at Union Springs with train for Columbus, and at Montgomery with all roads for all points north, south, east and west.

R. DUNHAM Sup't.
T. P. WELLS, Gen. Ticket Agent.
*Does not run on Sundays.
* 2 pm. train runs to Eufaula Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays; to Union Springs, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

MOBILE & MONTGOMERY RAILROAD

Commencing Sunday, November 21, 1875, the Mobile & Montgomery Railroad will run double daily passenger trains, and will run as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

Leaves Montgomery	7.45 a m
Arrives at Mobile	5.30 p m
Arrive at New Orleans	9.30 p m
Leave Montgomery	9.35 p m
Arrive at Mobile	4.40 a m
New Orleans, N O & M R	10.30 a m

COMING NORTH.

Leaves New Orleans, N O & M R R	6.45 a m
Leave Mobile	12.20 p m
Arrives at Montgomery	7.45 p m
Leave New Orleans	5.00 p m
Leave Mobile	11.10 p m
Arrives at Montgomery	6.35 a m

G. JORDAN, Superintendent.
GEO. NASON, Gen. Pass. and Frt. Agent.

WESTERN RAILROAD OF ALABAMA

GOING EAST AND NORTH.

Leaves Montgomery	6.59 a m

NIGHT PASSENGER—EAST

Leave Montgomery	8.08 p m

Selma and West Point Accommodation*

Arrive at Montgomery	12.10 p m
Leave Montgomery	2.58 p m

COMING FROM EAST AND NORTH.

Arrive at Montgomery	6.45 a m

NIGHT PASSENGER, FROM THE EAST.

Arrive Montgomery	9.30 p m

West Point and Selma Accommodation.*

Arrives at Montgomery	2.26 p m
Leave Montgomery	3.16 p m

GOING WEST.

Leaves Montgomery	8.00 a m

COMING EAST.

Arrive at Montgomery	7.28 p m

7.50 a m train has through sleeping coaches for Washington and Baltimore via Kennesaw route. 7.30 p m train has through sleeping coaches for Macon and Atlanta.

L. P. ALEXANDER, Gen'l Manager.
S. D. HUBBARD, Jr., Gen. Ticket Agent.
*Does not run on Sundays.

MOBILE AND GIRARD RAILROAD.

Leave Columbus	2:00 p m.
Arrives at Union Springs	5:45 p m
Troy	8:15 p m

RETURNING.

Leave Troy	11:40 p m
Arrives at Union Springs	1:07 a m
Columbus	6:45 a m

W. L. CLARK, Supt.

ALABAMA CENTRAL RAILROAD.

GOING WEST.

Leave Selma	2:00 p m
Arrive at Meridian	11:24 p m

COMING EAST.

Leave Meridian	1:00 a m
Arrive at Selma	8:00 a m

JOHN M. BRIDGES, Supt.

ALABAMA AND CHATTANOOGA R. R

COMING SOUTH.

Leaves Chattanooga	5:15 p m
Birmingham	4:12 a m
Tuskaloosa	10:20 a m
Arrives at Meridian	7:50 p m

GOING NORTH.

|

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 14, 1876.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MONTGOMERY, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T. C. Bingham will be paidby us.

T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,
dtf. Proprietors.

THE corn is a project on foot.

PAPERS this weather are red hot.

THE thermometers are now ambitious.

BALL players travel to get a change of base.

OUR Centennial holidays begin on Saturday.

THE money you cannot get is hard enough.

WHEN is our street railway to be resurrected?

HE is a very incapable man who cannot do mischief.

THE intemperate thermometers continue to get high.

THE fishing season is now in the very noonday of success.

No reasonable person can doubt that it is summer at last.

THERE is scarcely a bridge crossing in the city that is safe.

WHO said nobody was going to travel in Europe this year?

KEEP on the shady side of the street if you would be happy.

THE lawyers are having a warm time of it in the city court.

THIS warm weather is doing wonders for summer resorts about here.

THIS is the period when the young of both sexes get their parchment.

WITH low cut shoes and a bald head, a man has a chance to keep cool.

A GREAT deal of poetry and fire crackers were wasted on the fourth of July.

THE sale of "sweetened wind," otherwise called sodawater, is immense in Montgomery.

TIED back skirts all have the appearance of having been through the Centennial gates, says the N. O. Republican.

WE learn that Mr. Carroll Winter has been assigned to the Superintendency of the W. U. Telegraph company in this city.

WHEN a man owes his neighbor a debt, it is very unjust in him to turn upon that neighbor and abuse him until the debt is paid in full.

"THIS weather sort of pulls a man down," remarked a poor little fellow yesterday who was staggering under something more than he could carry well.

A NEWSPAPER writer should never get under the influence of whisky before writing articles for public perusal. The tangle-leg will crop out in editors as in other beings.

ANOTHER song writer has been asking: "Are we forgotten when we are gone?" If the author sung his own songs in a boarding house, and stepped out, leaving an unpaid board bill, he can rest assured that he is not forgotten.

A WAGON load of chickens and watermelons from Elmore county was offered for sale in the city yesterday, at prices which indicated that both articles were plentiful in that county—watermelons 5 to 15 cents—chickens 10 to 30 cents.

WILL the grand jury inquire into the nefarious practice of carrying deadly weapons so prevalent in Montgomery? It a duty they owe to themselves no less than the public, to break up this practice if law can do it. Make an effort anyway.

WE do not think that our streets are kept sprinkled sufficiently. In passing about the city daily on our rounds, we frequently notice many portions where it appears to us the hose are never used. The Water Works will be of little service unless the streets are kept thoroughly sprinkled during this warm season.

THE JOURNAL once kept an individual out of the penitentiary by turning back the storm of prejudice which was sweeping him on into that institution, with an impetuosity which defied every obstacle—but this press. When that man lays down to sleep these warm nights, does he ever let fond memory bring to life the light of those troublous times?

PERSONAL.—Mr. J. C. Slorah, the popular traveling agent of the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Company, will leave the city this morning on a visit to the North. During his absence he will visit Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Niagara, Saratoga, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and other prominent cities. He has our best wishes for a pleasant trip and safe return home.

AN attempt was made Monday night to rob Conductor Hudson, of the Western railroad, as he was passing from the city over to the depot of that road. Two stout ruffians attacked him about midway between the city and the depot, and but for his presence of mind would have no doubt succeeded in robbing him. As he was on the alert, however, the robbers only succeeded in getting his punch—ticket punch and several punches from his fists. Good for Hudson.

DURING these warm days those streets which so much need repair should be promptly looked after. There are portions of our principal streets which are an absolute disgrace to the city. They are in a worse conditior than the byways in the country which are seldom frequented. Montgomery is certainly able to keep her principal streets in good order, and as it is expected that they will be, we therefore call the attention of the proper authorities to the matter.

IT never pays for a decent man or newspaper to bandy epithets with bullies and blackguards. The JOURNAL never notices the kick of an ass, nor the braying of a bully. If such characters feel happier by expending their filth at us they are welcome to continue. They need never fear any harm—so far as we are concerned. We rather like their contortions, for it amuses the community, and does not, in the least, disturb our equanimity.

WE call the attention of the sanitary authorities to the fact that, after nightfall, Market and Perry streets are filled with very unpleasant odors. Monday night persons passing along Perry street, were forced to take notice of the unpleasant odors which arose and almost drove them from the street. We have had several parties make complaint to us, and request us to call the attention of the proper authorities to the great nuisance. Such things should not be tolerated.

MR. A. GERALD, late chief of police, has been appointed foreman of the grand jury of the City Court. Capt. Gerald knows more of the undercurrent of Montgomery than any other citizen of the city, perhaps, and can lay his hand on every violator of the law. He knows those "young men of leisure" who walk about our streets, with their hands always on hair-trigger repeaters, and who are a constant menace to the peace, good order and security of the city. Gerald is the very man for the work of breaking up the dangerous practice of carrying concealed weapons. For once the right man is in the right place.

The arrangements for the State Fair this fall are progressing rapidly and the gentlemen who are charged with the work of preparation, feel greatly encouraged at the prospect. We hope that our citizens will render all the aid necessary to insure the complete success of this fair. Montgomery is deeply interested in this event, and we must all do whatever is necessary in forwarding our interests as identified in the success of the approaching fair. Thousands of strangers will be attracted to our city by the fair, and we must make a first class showing in every department of agriculture and commerce. Our exhibitions should be on a grand scale. If we make a success of this fair, our future is assured.

ABOUT 9 o'clock yesterday morning, while Mr. Wm. M. Loftin was in the news room of Mr. R. T. Offutt, engaged in a conversation with that gentleman, he was suddenly, and without warning, attacked by Robert Barber, who struck him once, and attempted to repeat the blow, but Mr. Loftin succeeded in warding it off. During the melee a loaded revolver dropped from Barber's pocket, and was instantly seized by Mr. Loftin. In trying to wrest the pistol from Loftin's hand, Barber succeeded in cutting a severe gash in the palm of Loftin's right hand. The police arrested the parties and they gave bail for their appearance this morning. Barber was also arrested upon a charge of carrying concealed weapons, and will be prosecuted, we are informed, for making an assault with a deadly weapon upon Loftin.

Oh for an iceberg to climb up and ride;
Oh for a snowbank wherein we may hide;
Oh for a swim in the boreal seas;
Oh for Spitzbergen's most northerly breeze;
Oh for the mercury forty below;
Oh for all these things; and then, again, oh
For a trip on a comet, away from the sun,
Not to come back till the summer is done;
Oh for a hurricane, whirlwind, typhoon;
Oh for the whole of them, oh, very soon;
Oh for a mighty parade of cyclones;
Oh for the power to sit in our bones,
The marrow remove and wind whistling through—
Oh, Sidney Smith, can that story be true?
Oh—but we are wasting our breath with these ohs;
So we'll wipe off our forehead and gushingly close.

How to Treat Sunstroke.

FACTS WORTH HEEDING WHILE THE MERCURY IS AMONG THE NINETIES.

As every reader of the JOURNAL is interested in the prevention and treatment of sunstroke, the following report of the New York Board of Health is timely. The report of the Sanitary Committee of that Board upon sunstroke says that sunstroke is caused by excessive heat, and especially if the weather is "muggy." It is more apt to occur on the second, third or fourth day of a heated term than on the first. Loss of sleep, worry, excitement, close sleeping rooms, debility and abuse of stimulants predispose. It is much more apt to attack those working in the sun, and especially between the hours of 11 o'clock in the morning and 4 o'clock in the afternoon. On hot days wear thin clothing. Have as cool sleeping rooms as possible. Avoid loss of sleep and all unnecessary fatigue. If working indoors and where there is artificial heat, see that the room is well ventilated.

If working in the sun wear a light hat (not black, as it absorbs heat), and put inside of it on the head a wet cloth or a large green leaf; frequently lift the hat from the head and see that the cloth is wet. Do not check perspiration, but drink what water you need to keep up, as perspiration prevents the body from being overheated. Have wherever possible an additional shade, as a thin umbrella when walking, a canvas or board cover when working in the sun. When much fatigued do not go to work, or be excused from work, especially after 11 o'clock in the morning on very hot days, especially if the work is in the sun. If a feeling of fatigue, dizziness, headache or exhaustion occurs cease work immediately, lie down in a shady and cool place, apply cold cloths to and pour cold water over head and neck. If any one is overcome by the heat give the person cool drinks of water or cold black tea or coffee, if able to swallow. If the skin is hot and dry, sponge with or pour cold water over the body and limbs, and apply to the head pounded ice wrapped in a towel or other cloth. If there is no ice at hand keep a cold cloth on the head, and pour cold water on it as well as on the body.

If the person is pale, very faint and pulse feeble, let him inhale ammonia for a few seconds, or give him a teaspoonful of aromatic spirits of ammonia (hartshorn) in two tablespoonsfull of water with a little sugar.

A young man by the name of Taylor, living near Rock Springs, was drowned in Smith's mill-pond, in Tallapoosa county, last week, while in swimming.

A WORTHY MOVE.—Last year a prominent minister of Boston, the Rev. Mr. Garnett, proposed to benevolent people in the country that they should invite to their homes, for a week, month, or such time as suited their convenience, a city child or children from among those whose life is one round of poverty and misery, and to whom country life must mean Paradise. Some responses were made to the suggestion, and children, who had never seen a field of grass, a daisy or a buttercup, had long days of perfect bliss. Kindness is contagious, and the gentle idea is spreading. The subject was laid before the Progressive Friends at their late Longwood meeting, and nine women shortly expressed their readiness to do this service for the love of God and humanity. Those who have children of their own may naturally fear the influence upon them of neglected waifs, but a little search will reveal numbers who are not dangerous. If the benefit could be conferred upon invalid children, it would often save a life that hangs trembling in the balance, and nearly sure to go out amidst the impure air, vile odors and innutricious food of poor city homes. The city missionaries and officers of the several benevolent societies would know the most needy and deserving cases. Many physicians could tell of cases of chronic illness, in which the sufferers are too poor to secure the benefits of country air and food, and too self-respecting to ask help. If any of our readers feel a desire to "lend a hand" in this direction they can readily find those to whom their charity will be most helpful. There are also women out of work, out of heart and hope, and ailing in body, who might well be embraced in such a plan, and here and there a man ill of consumption, or recovering from other illness, who would appreciated a service that would cost but little.

State News.

[By Yesterday's Mail to the Journal.]

Died at the residence of Mrs. William sons, in Daleville, Monday night, Mrs. —— Banks, after a long and painful illness. Peace to her ashes.

One negro killed another near the river last week, by stabbing him. The perpetrator of the deed is still at large.—Dadeville Headlight.

At the commencement exercises of the University at Tuskaloosa, a few days ago, the valedictory oration was delivered by Mr. B. Leon Wyman, son of the learned Professor of Languages in the University, Prof. William S. Wyman. The list of graduates in the several schools is as follows:

Bachelors of Laws—John B. Baskin, Tuskaloosa; Thomas W. Clark, Selma; Summer R. Foster, Tuskaloosa; Preston B. Love, Huntsville; James B. Martin, Jacksonville; Claiborne C. Meyers, Montgomery; Abner L. Neal, Columbus, Mississippi.

Masters of Arts—Summer B. Foster, John W. Holliday, Aberdeen, Mississippi; James A. Kelly, Sr., Coosa county; Samuel M. Peck, Tuskaloosa; B Leon Wyman, Tuskaloosa.

Bachelors of Science—John W. Bradfield, Uniontown; George H. Chadwick, Huntsville; Reuben Chapman, Jr., Huntsville; William H. Patton, Knoxville; R. Emmett Pettus, Huntsville; James O Pruge, Tuskaloosa.

Local and Business Notices.

MR. DANIEL F. BEATTY, of Washington, N. J., is constantly in receipt of the most flattering testimony from all parts of the United States and Canada, as to the beauty and excellence of his pianos and organs. Send for catalogue and list of testimonials. Address, Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, Warren county, N. J., U. S. A. d5t

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.*
3-14 d&wem

Nervous Debility.

Vital weakness or depression: A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental overwork, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphrey's Homeopathic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per packake of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Homeopathic Medicine Company, 562 Broadway, New York.
1-1d&ew 1y

THE Star Parlor Organs are celebrated for their purity of tone, elegant design and thorough construction. Send for catalogue. Address,
ALLEGER, BOWLBY & Co,
6-30d&wom Washington, N. J.

"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure and instruction."

Harper's Bazar.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The Bazar is edited with a combination of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—Boston Traveller.

The Bazar commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patterns for the children's clothes, to paterfamilias by the tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the leading matter of the Bazar is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—N. Y. Evening Post.

In its way there is nothing like it. Fresh and trustworthy as a fashion guide, its stories and essays, its poetry and sparkle, are all invigorating to the mind.—Chicago Evening Journal.

TERMS.

Postage Free to al Subscribers in the United States.

Harper's Bazar, one year.....$4 00
$4 00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine, Weekly, and Bazar, to one address, for one year, $10 00; or two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address, for one year, $7 00, postage free.

An extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly or Bazar, will be supplied gratis for every club of five subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or six copies for $20 00 without extra copy, postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Bazar, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7.00 each. A complete Set, comprising eight Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5.25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

Prominent attention will be given in HARPER'S BAZAR to such illustrations of the Centennial International Exposition as may be peculiarly appropriate to its columns.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROS.
Address HARPER & BROTHERS'
New York.

DUST AND FOAM!

Or Journeyings Toward the Setting Sun. A most fascinating record of Sight-Seeing, Fun, and Adventure on FOUR CONTINENTS AND MANY SEAS. Mysteries of the Orient. 220 ENGRAVINGS. Bright, witty, entertaining—the most attractive book out. In every respect first rate. It sells rapidly, pays splendidly! **AGENTS WANTED.** Write at once for illustrated circulars and extra terms, to ANCHOR PUBLISHING CO., 520 Pine street, St. Louis Mo. 2-19dhm

New Advertisements.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and Outfit FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING. How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents, together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc. 1,000,000 sold. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pub's, Philadelphia.

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

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ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of those newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada (a total of over 5,000 copies) issued in the interest of Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Financial, Insurance, Law, Sporting, Musical and Fashion, and other special class journals, very completely classified. Together with complete lists of over 600 German papers printed in the United States. Also, several hundred pages of advertisers' lists, showing the cost of advertising in various localities, and everything which advertisers desire to know. Address, GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

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A complete list, containing a full description of over 5,000 newspapers in which to advertise. Also, a catalogue of those newspapers which are recommended by the publishers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada (a total of over 5,000 copies) issued in the interest of Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Financial, Insurance, Law, Sporting, Musical and Fashion, and other special class journals, very completely classified. Together with complete lists of over 600 German papers printed in the United States. Also, several pages of advertisers' lists, showing the cost of advertising in various localities, and everything which advertisers desire to know. Address, GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICE.

In the District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Alabama.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

In the matter of Alfred R. Knapp, a bankrupt.

This is to give notice—

1. That a warrant in bankruptcy has been issued against the estate of Alfred R. Knapp, a bankrupt of Montgomery.

2. That the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

3. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held before the Court of the undersigned, at Montgomery, in said District, on the 25th day of July, A. D. 1876, at 10 o'clock, a. m., in the office of the Register, in Montgomery, to Joseph W. Harris, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said district.

GEO. TURNER,
7-9 U. S. Marshal (District).

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.—For the Middle District of Alabama.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

Middle District of Alabama, S. S.:
In the matter of Bush, Kennedy & Co., Bankrupts.

This is to give notice that on the 7th day of July, 1876, a warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Alabama, and at the petition of Bush, Kennedy & Co., of Talladega, in the county of Talladega, in said District, who were adjudged Bankrupts on their own petitions: That the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupts to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law; and that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupts to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of the estate, will be held at the office of the Register, in Montgomery, in said District, on the 25th day of July, A. D. 1876, at 10 o'clock, a. m., before Joseph W. Harris, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said District, on the 25th day of July, A. D. 1876.

GEORGE TURNER,
7-9dt U. S. Marshal for said District.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE



"Only Good SAUCE,"

An applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his Brother at Worcester, May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most delicious, as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

LEA & PERRINS' SIGNATURE is on EVERY BOTTLE.

Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
NEW YORK.

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LIFE PRESERVER.

ABSOLUTE SAFETY At Sea.

LIFE SAVING SUIT FOR OCEAN TRAVEL.

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And the almost countless lives that have been lost, urge the introduction of more effective appliances for saving life than have yet been generally adopted. In response to the great public demand, the American Life Saving Suit Company now present a

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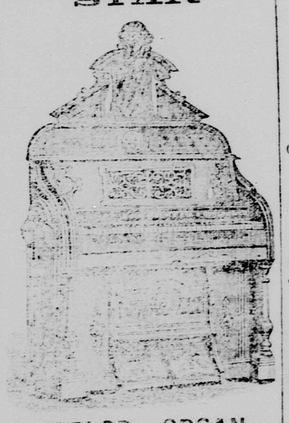

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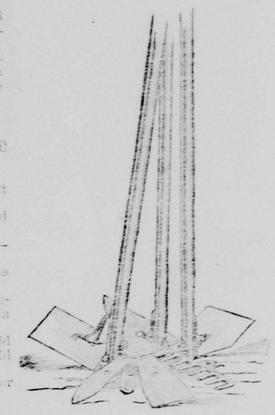

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1776 Centennial. 1876

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ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL.

By T. C. BINGHAM & Co. "The Union of Our Forefathers------Peace and Prosperity to All Men!" Terms---$8 Per Annum.

VOLUME VIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 13, 1876 NUMBER 254

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET:

For President of the United States.
Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio.

For Vice-President.
Wm. A. Wheeler, of New York.

Republican Nominees.

We respectfully request the chairman of each Republican County Executive Committee to forward to us, for publication, the names of the gentlemen nominated for the legislature—House and Senate—at the earliest practicable day. It is important that Republicans throughout the State should know what their brethren are doing, as it tends to encourage and enthuse the party. In counties where no nominations are made, we should be glad to have the fact stated as well as the reason why no nominations are made.

An Able Letter

We shall publish to-morrow the able and exhaustive letter of the Hon. Alex. White, recently printed in the Washington Republican, reviewing the causes which led to the dangerous stab the Republican party received at Cincinnati—by professed friends. Col. White shows conclusively that it was the ambition of a Presidential candidate which resulted in the admission of a bogus delegation from Alabama to the National Convention. Every Republican in Alabama ought to read Col. White's letter. It is able, exhaustive, conclusive and unanswerable—the production of a statesman who understands thoroughly the whole Southern situation, and meets it at every step.

The Cabinet Changes.

We hail with profound rejoicing the changes in President Grant's Cabinet, as announced yesterday, by telegraph. These changes simply mean that President Grant intends to put on guard men who are mere tools for the elevation and success of the public service than the advancement of their own private schemes; they mean that the President desires no longer for his councilors men who are thirsting for high office, and who seized upon his confidence to make use of high official stations in the gratification of their personal ambition—to the great detriment of the public service. Whenever the heads of Departments become aspirants for the Presidency they cease to be fit instruments for the successful conduct of the government, and President Grant has submitted to such embarrassments until patience ceased to be a virtue—until he could no longer do so without grave dereliction of official duty on his part, and he has simply discharged a duty he owed to the people of the country in retiring from his councils those officials who forgot their duties in the ambition to grasp power.

As to the resignation of Commissioner Pratt we must confess that the telegram was too meagre to enable us to form a decided opinion. He has been a faithful, honest and conscientious public servant, and we regret the necessity of his retirement. When the facts shall have reached us, we shall digest them thoroughly, in the hope that Mr. Pratt's resignation was the result of friendly differences, instead of angry imputations as alleged.

Gen. Grant knows what he is doing.

Not long since the New York World editorially declared that the attempt by the Democrats to repeal the resumption act without more, would be a flagrant an act that no ingenuity could make the people believe the Democratic party honest in any pretence of a desire for the resumption of specie payments. Now the St. Louis Convention demands the repeal of that act, and makes no sign for anything as a substitute therefor. Upon the authority of the World, therefore, it is fair to say, precisely as the St. Louis platform indicates, that there is no disposition on the part of the Democratic party to aid in the restoration of a sound currency, or further the initiation of a currency based upon coin. This is a matter wholly above, as it should be outside of party politics. Above politics, that is to say, in the sense that every honest man, every lover of his country's honor, every friend of the prosperity of the whole community, should be an earnest advocate of the fulfillment of the national obligations, and that at the earliest possible day. Now the difference between the Republican and Democratic parties, in this matter is this: The Republican party acknowledges the obligation, and promises to cancel it; the Democratic party talks about it, but does not say, refuses to say, that if it is vouchsafed power, it will do anything toward paying the national debt.

Not more than a week before the St. Louis Convention met, the New York Express (Democratic) said:

"Let Tilden be nominated at St. Louis. When the telegraph announces it to New York, would she respond by a thrill of enthusiasm that would continue during the campaign and lead on to victory? On the contrary, a few guns would be fired by the tools expecting appointments in case of his success, but from that moment the nomination would fall like a wet blanket, and no matter who was hitched to him for Vice President, the October elections would go against us. Then good bye to all prospects of Democratic success."

The New Post Master General.

The President has made a ten strike, in the appointment of the Hon. Jas. N. Tyner of Indiana to be Post Master General. Gen. Tyner is one of the most thorough and experienced officers in the service of the Government. His record is one of which any gentleman would be proud, and his character is spotless. No purer or better man could have been selected for the important office of Post Master General. His experience in that department renders him competent to assume the direction of its affairs at once, and the people can feel secure that in his hands the mail service will be more acceptable than ever before; and that the affairs of that department will be administered with fidelity, upright purpose and clean hands.

It may not be amiss for us to state that Gen. Tyner was one of the few prominent Republicans of Cincinnati who understood the situation in Alabama, and who endeavored to prevent the consummation of the bargain between Gov. Smith's delegates and the supporters of Blaine and Bristow. He exposed the flimsy claim of the Conover to seats in the National Convention, and exposed the fraud which was perpetrated upon the Republican party of Alabama. For this great service to the Republicans of this State, Gen. Tyner deserves our lasting gratitude. We rejoice at his promotion, and feel assured that a brilliant future awaits him in the cabinet of our gallant President. He is the right man in the right place.

Not so False.

The Advertiser of yesterday undertakes to enlighten us upon the subject of Democratic bolters. A few days ago we reprinted a short paragraph from the Brooklyn Argus, a Democratic paper, denouncing Tilden as a fraud and refusing to support him. By an oversight we credited the paragraph to the Albany Argus. That was the extent of the falsehood in this case. As to the case of Judge Davis, we reprinted a positive statement from a prominent Cincinnati Journal, alleging that he had expressed his intention of supporting Hayes and and Wheeler. The Advertiser informs us that "letters from Bloomington, where Justice Davis lives, pronounce the statement untrue." The Advertiser "shuffles." Where are these letters? and why are they not given to the public? that we may all see whether or not Judge Davis "pronounces the statement untrue! We have seen the assertion in dozens of leading papers that Judge Davis repudiates Tilden; and in one at least, we read the letter of Judge Davis announcing his purpose to support the National Republican ticket. In the absence of any authoritative expression to the contrary, we shall continue to hold that Judge Davis is a supporter of Hayes and Wheeler.

As to Mr. Singleton, the Democratic Congressman from Illinois, we have only to say that a reporter of the Washington Star published recently in that paper, an interview with Mr. Singleton, in which it was stated that he would not support Tilden and Hendricks. The Advertiser asserts that "Gen. Singleton made a speech at a ratification meeting the other evening in favor of Tilden and Hendricks." The Advertiser again "shuffles." Why not state where the ratification meeting was held, and publish Gen. Singleton's speech, or sufficient thereof to establish the fact of his support of Tilden and Hendricks? In the meantime the New York Times, a journal known all over the land, says: "Gen. James W. Singleton, of Illinois, a man who has long been prominent in the Democratic councils of that State, said to a reporter of the Quincy Whig, in response to an inquiry: 'Tilden will be badly beaten. No one who is an honest man at heart ever wrote that platform. It was prepared for the express purpose of deceiving the people. It is a studied deception and fraud, and cannot win.'" These words do not indicate that Singleton supports Tilden and Hendricks.

The JOURNAL gave, in every instance, names and dates, so that there could be no question as to the identity of the person or persons referred to.

It appears, then, that we still hold the advantage. Until the Advertiser produces undoubted proofs to controvert the statements we have made, we think that it cannot with any degree of consistency contend that the statements are false.

Tricky Sam.

The New York Times exposes a fraud which tricky Sam Tilden attempts to play off upon the people about Governmental expense, taxation etc. The exposure appears on the second page of this edition of the JOURNAL. Every good citizen who desires information should read this exposure carefully. We do not expect men who are blinded by prejudice and political malice to listen to reason and argument, and hence this article is not addressed to them. But to the good citizen who desires to act intelligently in the present canvass, we appeal for a careful reading and digestion of the articles we are publishing in exposing the great fraud of the age, Samuel J. Tilden.

COTTON.—On Saturday night, there were only 453 bales of cotton in town. Very little is doing in the market, but occasionally a shipment is made. We shall not publish any regular statement until Sept. 1st.—Eufaula Times.

Mrs. Sallie Kirkland, wife of Seymour Kirkland, of Abbeville, died at the residence of her father, Edmond Blackledge, on Tuesday, the 4th inst., after an illness of about two months.

Tilden's War Record.

It is a beautiful example of the constancy and harmony of the party, when the Democrats are trying to exonerate Tilden from complicity in the platform on which they all went into the fight of 1864. The Democrats solemnly resolved, in their National Convention of that year, that the war to preserve the Union had been a "failure," and that it was the duty of the Government to inquire of the Confederates on what terms they would consent to peace. Mr. Tilden was on the committee which reported that platform. And, now, when this record, so satisfactory to this section, but not altogether so to the North, is brought up against the Democratic candidate, an attempt is made to show that it was *against his judgment*, and that *he consented to it under protest*. WHERE IS THE PROTEST? *When was it made?* These inquiries down this way are regarded as impertinent. But the fact that Mr. Tilden was on the committee that reported the platform, and that he supported the candidate who stood upon it, is undisputed.

But suppose that the Democrats succeed in persuading the people that their candidate repudiated the platform of the party! Is it a merit in a Democratic candidate that he dissents from the principles deliberately laid down by his party? If he did not accept the platform, *they did*. That was the measure of the loyalty of the party, as taken by its own chiefs and representatives, and submitted to the people.

After four years of brave fighting, of patriotic sacrifice, of heroic exertion, just as the Confederacy was about to strike its flag, and the South to give up the conflict and return to the Union, the great Democratic party, under the lead of Samael J. Tilden and others, declares, in the face of the enemy, that the war has been a "failure" on the part of the Union, and that it was the duty of the Government to supplicate for terms from the defeated Confederacy—then near its final doom, and when the crowning victory of the Union was perching upon the stars and stripes. This is Democratic loyalty; this is the party that appeals to the people for a restoration to the power which it has never had but to abuse; the party that brought on the war, and robbed this fair southland of the flower of its youth and nineteenths of its property We do not believe that the great war through which we have passed, its blood, its sacrifices, its desolation, its mourning, its glory and its grandeur, have been so soon and so shamefully forgotten by the American people.

But resonable men of the South will ask, why has the war been dragged into this Centennial campaign? We shall answer that question here, now, for the STATE JOURNAL: The leading Democratic papers of the South, with an exhibition of hypocrisy which has shocked the common sense of the people of our section, have absolutely denounced the statement that Tilden was a peace man in 1864, as a falsehood, and thereupon has proceeded to furnish testimony that Mr. Tilden was not only not a peace man in 1864, but was for *continuing the war upon the South* and making renewed efforts to crush the Confederacy. Only a few days ago the Columbus, Ga., Enquirer, a leading Democratic organ, branded the assertion that Tilden was for making overtures of peace in 1864, as a lie out of the whole cloth; that so far from favoring the peace policy he favored a renewed prosecution of the war upon the South. Will any sane man who reads these lines pretend that the Democratic leaders of the South favor Tilden because he opposed peace in 1864, and demanded a vigorous war upon us? Why, then, do these Democratic leaders commend Tilden to the Southern people upon that ground? They are not sincere, and they know it, and we know it. As a Republican organ the STATE JOURNAL would scorn to support any candidate for President whose only claim was his war record, and whose commendation to Southern favor was his opposition to peace in 1864, and his demand for renewed vigor in the prosecution of the war for the Union.

There is not a Republican statesman in the land but would feel dishonored to have such a claim set up for him in this Centennial year, as the Democratic hypocrites in the South are setting up for Tilden. It is an insult to Southern manhood, and an imputation upon the common intelligence of our Southern people. Gov. Hayes was a brave and distinguished commander in the Union army during the war; he served his country as a patriot, and when the war ended, he retired to his home to follow the pursuits of peace. He has twice been elected to Congress, and is now serving his third term as Governor of the great State of Ohio, having beaten in detail, Thurman, Pendleton and Allen. In neither canvass did he bring his war record to the front, except in so far as it tended to prove his devotion to duty in that sphere, and his blameless and spotless public and private life. And now when he is the Republican candidate for President of this great Republic, neither himself nor his friends make any appeals for the suffrages of the people upon his war record. That record is only quoted to prove his fidelity to public trusts and his devotion to duty. But in the case of Tilden—a man who took no part in the war, save to discourage his own section—the first thing thrust forward by his organs is an attempt to make a war record for him. And strange to relate, Southern Democratic papers and politicians are commending him to the support of the Southern people upon the ground that he was opposed to peace in 1864, but favored continued and renewed war upon the South. Did hypocrisy ever go to a greater length than this? Is there anything that Democracy will not do to get its clutches once more upon power in this country? Is Democratic thirst for official spoils indeed so great that they would dishonor the people of the South in order to get into office? Will this people degrade themselves by supporting such a party? We sincerely hope not!

Another Democratic Bolter.

The Steubenville O., Gazette, a life-long Democratic paper, bolts the nomination of Tilden. It says:

As for Mr. Tilden, we have frequently said that if he was nominated we would not give him our support, and now that he has been chosen as the "Democratic" candidate for President, we declare freely and unequivocally, that unless something beyond our present knowledge conspires to change our opinion of the man and his position, we will do nothing whatever to further his election. We do not now consider him a Democrat, for no Democrat would have used his influence and money to defeat the election of Wm. Allen to the Governorship of Ohio, as did Mr. Tilden last year. After having worked so earnestly for the success of the Democratic greenback cause last year, and placed ourselves squarely upon a similar platform this year, we believe it would be self-stultification for us to support the man whom we blame more than any other in the country for our defeat. In our action upon this nomination we feel that we have the sympathies of a great majority of the Democrats of Jefferson county, and expect them to give us a hearty support. We are standing by our own and their record, and feel assured that they will do likewise.

GOVERNOR TILDEN having boasted that he would carry the State of New York by 50,000 majority, the Mail admits that, if he can "successfully execute the plan by which Hoffman was counted in as Governor of that State in 1868, he will probably realize his expectations. Its *modus operandi* was as follows:

ROOMS OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE, October 27, 1868.

My Dear Sir: Please at once communicate with some reliable person in three or four principal towns and in each city of your county and request him (expenses duly arranged for this end) to *telegraph* to William M. Tweed, Tammany Hall, at the minute of closing the polls, not waiting for the count, such person's estimate of the vote. Let the telegram be as follows: "This town will show a Democratic gain (or loss) over last year of ——." Or this one, if sufficiently certain: "This town will give a Republican (or Democratic) majority of ——." There is, of course, an important object to be obtained by a simultaneous transmission at the hour of closing the polls, but not longer waiting. Opportunity can be taken of the usual half hour lull in telegraphic communication over lines before actual results begin to be declared, and before the Associated Press absorb the telegraph with returns and interfere with individual messages, and give orders to carefully watch the count. Very truly yours,

SAMUEL J. TILDEN,
Chairman.

This was the occasion when 212,000 votes were "counted in" in New York city for Tilden and Tweed's candidate, and thus secured his election as Governor. No doubt Tilden's managers would, if in their power, do as generously by him as he himself did by Hoffman eight years ago.

A FEW days before the assembling of the Democratic Convention, the Cincinnati Enquirer said "the nomination of Tilden at St. Louis would mean the shameful and cowardly abandonment of the Western States to the Republican party." The same paper, in the same issue, declared that "had Governor Tilden been disposed, he could have had Tweed caged long ago." The Enquirer now supports this man, who in its own language, "has not made any effort to bring Tweed to justice, and has permitted the Sheriff of New York to retain his office after allowing the greatest rogue of the century to go scot free." This is Democratic "reform!"

THE Utica Herald commenting upon Tilden's speech to the Jackson Corps at Albany, says:

"In brief space, this speech is a mirror of Tilden's character. Wild in statement, impudent in assumption, arrogant and conceited beyond parallel, he defies the common sense and fair judgment of the community, and depends in large measure upon the persistence and force with which he blows his own trumpet. He is of candidates for the Presidency, the first who ever commenced a canvass by belling his opponent names, and the first to rely upon his own resort to the arts of the patent-medicine vender and the mock auctioneer. Certainly the American people do not want such a personal government."

State News.

[By Yesterday's Mail to the Journal.]

THE Eufaula Times is informed that Mr. Wm. Smitha, of that city, has a hen which lays two eggs a day.

FINE CROPS.—We have cheering reports of the crops from everywhere. North of town good rains have fallen, and cotton and corn have been much benefitted. There is a better stand of cotton in that direction than there has been for years.—Eufaula Times.

Henry has too much territory for one county, and it is impossible for the people to be pleased with the permanent location of the court house in any portion of it. Let it be divided and have two court houses and all the people will be satisfied, but this had better be deferred till the county is more prosperous.—Abbeville Register.

Thomas Mathis, about the age of seventy-five, and one of the oldest settlers of this county, died at his residence, about twelve miles southwest of this place, about three weeks since. He was a good, honest man. We are informed that his last words to his children were "be honest."—Abbeville Register.

The Abbeville Register says: We learn that Hardy Johnson, an old citizen of this county was kicked by a colt a week or two ago and died in about an hour after.

SUPPOSED MURDER.—Coroner Harwell held an examination yesterday morning on the body of a negro man by the name of John Gibson, aged fifty years, who was found dead at the head of Water street, near One mile Creek. The body showed unmistakable signs of violence; the nose being horribly mutilated, the lips cut and mouth mashed. Near by was a large pool of blood. There is a strong supposition that he was murdered. There was an inquest held as, according to the new law, the coroner is not allowed to do so, unless some one will make an affidavit that the deceased came to his death from unnatural causes. In this case there was no one who could or would make such an affidavit. The only witness examined was a man by the name of Charleston who testified to the man's being found dead, but knew nothing as to the cause of his death. As the coroner constituted the jury in this case, a decision in accordance with the above facts was rendered.—[Mobile Register.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Expressly for the State Journal by the Southern and Atlantic Telegraph Line.

WASHINGTON.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The Senate met at 11 a. m.

Immediately after the reading of the journal, on motion of Mr. Hamlin, the Senate went into executive session and remained therein about five minutes, when the doors were opened and a large number of accumulated House bills were laid before the Senate and referred to appropriate committees.

A controversy arose between Messrs. West, Edmunds and Thurman over the reference of the House bill known as the Lawrence bill amending the act relating to the Pacific railroad. Mr. West insisting that the bill should go to the Railroad Committee and other gentlemen advocating its reference to the Judiciary Committee.

After a general debate, participated in by most of the members of the two committees the morning hour expired and the question went over.

Mr. Hamlin, by unanimous consent presented the credentials of James G Blaine, appointed by the Governor of Maine as Senator from that State, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Lot M. Morrill.

Mr. Thurman, from the Judiciary Committee, to whom was referred the resolution of January 6th, and several Pacific railroad bills, submitted a bill and report which was ordered printed.

The Senate then proceeded with the impeachment trial. Several witnesses were examined.

Mr. Carpenter submitted an order postponing the trial until notice is given by the Senate to the House of Representatives and to the respondent.

Pending the action on the proposition the Senate setting as a court at 5 o'clock adjourned, and the legislative business was resumed.

Mr. Windom from the committee on appropriations reported a bill for the completion of the Washington monument. Ordered printed and placed on the calendar.

Mr. Hamlin moved to take up the post route bill. Agreed to.

Pending action upon it the Senate at 5:15 p. m. adjourned.

House.

Mr. Vance, of Ohio, offered a resolution, which was agreed to, to print 10,000 copies of the report of the Committee on Education for 1875.

Mr. Harris, of Virginia, from the committee on elections reported in the contested election case of Breaux vs Darrall from the 3rd district of Louisiana, that Darrall was entitled to retain the seat. Adopted.

On motion of Mr. Atkins, of Tennessee, the committee on military affairs was directed to inquire in relation to certain amounts of money paid by citizens of Henderson county, Tennessee, under an assessment of a military commission in 1862, to whom said money was paid, and whether it was used for the purpose for which the assessment was made.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill pending at the close of the morning hour on Saturday, to open to exploration the section of country North of the North Platte and East of the Big Horn mountains in Wyoming. The bill was finally recommitted to the committee on Indian affairs.

Mr. Hewitt, of North Carolina, from the committee on foreign affairs, called up for action at this time the resolution heretofore reported from the committee in relation to Gen. Schenck and the Emma Mine. The resolution declares that the House of Representatives condemns the act of Gen. R. C. Schenck, United States Minister to the Court of St. James, in becoming a director of the Emma Silver Mining Co., and his operations in connection therewith as ill advised and imprudent, and incompatible with his official position. The resolution was adopted.

The House in committee of the whole then resumed the consideration of the bill for the protection of the Texas frontier on the Rio Grande.

Pending debate the committee arose.

Mr. Banning was appointed a conferee on the army bill in place of Mr. Randall excused.

At 4 o'clock the House adjourned.

Mr. Blaine publishes to-day a letter to his constituents announcing his acceptance of the United States Senatorship for Maine, and thanking them for the confidence shown and the honor done him.

Ex-Commissioner Pratt, late of the Internal Revenue Bureau, was on the floor of the Senate to-day, and had a long conference with his Senatorial friends in regard to his resignation.

A letter received here yesterday states that Speaker Kerr is much worse again, and though some of his friends have hopes of his recovery, he has very little himself. He will not return to Washington before the adjournment.

At 11 o'clock this morning the Senate went into executive session and confirmed the nomination of Hon. James N. Tyner as Postmaster General.

The statement that the committee on elections had decided in the case of Platt vs. Goolie, Norfolk district of Virginia, to send the case back to the people for a new election, is denied by the members of the committee, who say that so far no definite action has been taken.

In relation to the dismissal of the Chicago whisky suits against Joseph Ward and others, Judge Taft says that he had nothing to do with the matter; that they were dismissed at the instance of Attorney General Pierrepont, and the order was signed by Assistant Attorney General Phillips, before he entered upon the discharge of his duties as Attorney General.

Hon. D. D. Pratt, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, has tendered his resignation, to take effect on the first proximo. For some time past, it is stated, the President has directed certain appointments and discharges in this bureau without the concurrence of the committee, but by whom all such accounts were respected as coming from the President. It was supposed that when Secretary Morrill took charge of the department the business would again move harmoniously. The President, however, having intimated his desire for a change of commissioners, Mr. Pratt handed in his resignation, as above stated.

The following telegram was received here late yesterday evening:

CHICAGO, July 11th.

Gen. W. T. Sherman, Washington, D. C.:

There is nothing new from the Indian country. Detachments of the 22d are en route. The 6th will go to-morrow. Heard from Stanley to-day, and will probably hear from Crooke to-night.

[Signed] P. H. SHERIDAN,
Lieutenant Gen'l.

Gen. Sherman says he does not feel the least apprehension for the safety of Gen. Crooke and his command.

WEATHER.—For the South Atlantic and Gulf States, no decided change in temperature or barometer, light or gentle easterly to southerly winds, with partly cloudy weather and rains.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 12.—The Turkish war minister has resolved to assimilate the Basha Bijouks with the regular troops. The engagements between the Turks and Servians yesterday, were unimportant.

It is officially announced that the government is again compelled to postpone the payment of the interest on the public debt. Measures connected with the Imperial Ottoman bank, for the collection of revenue for the reduction of the national debt, will be carried out as soon as circumstances will permit.

RAGUSA, July 12.—General Paulovics, with 6,000 insurgents, has arrived in the neighborhood of Kick. He met with no resistance. By this movement the route by the way of Kick to the interior is closed. Intelligence received here from Sclavonic sources, announce that the Montegrins and insurgents occupied Ini on Turkish territory southeast of Montenegro, but were dislodged by the Turks from Sentari. Both sides suffered considerably. Another body of Montenegrins under Prince Nicholas is marching in the direction of Gatschko.

Six thousand Montenegrin troops have passed through Dobar going in the direction of Stalatz.

ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, July 12.—Friendly Indians along the upper Missouri river, who have received an account of Custer's fight through some hostile Indians who took part in it, say that Custer shot three Indians with his pistol and killed three others with his sabre, when he fell, shot through the head by Rain in the Face, the chief whom Custer had forcibly arrested some three years ago for murder. The Indian loss was seventy killed, among them many noted chiefs.

The fight was hand to hand. The Indian say they did not fear pistols as much as they did the sabres. They are nearly out of ammunition and will not fight again until they get a supply from the agencies. A telegram has been received at Gen. Sheridan's headquarters from Fort Fetterman stating that no courier had arrived there from Gen. Crooke. Gen. Dunn, however, expects to hear from Gen. Crooke within the next twenty four hours.

DIXON, July 12.—Three children of Hugh Duffen, a wealthy farmer, two girls and a boy, were drowned in Rock river, on Monday evening, while bathing.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 12.—Commodore Vanderbilt sat up several hours to-day. He continues to improve.

The various Orange societies went on a picnic to-day to Sylvan Grove. A parade was at first contemplated but the majority opposed it. Everything passed off quietly.

MICHIGAN.

DETROIT, July 12.—The storms for the past two days have caused great damage in this section. On the Big Rapids and Muskegon railroad, near Big Rapids, the track is washed away, causing $10,000 damage.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, July 12.—It is stated in diplomatic circles that Russia will not take any steps in the Eastern question without an understanding with all the great powers, consequently the general peace of Europe will not be affected.

SPAIN.

MADRID, July 12.—Congress has passed the ministerial plan for the settlement of the National debt.

OHIO.

CINCINNATI, July 12.—The Republicans of the 4th district of Indiana have nominated Leonidas Sexton for Congress. The Democrats of the 9th district have nominated Geo. W. Williams, and D. W. Chambers of the 6th district, for Congress.

SCOTLAND.

EDINBURG, July 12.—The Scotsman's London correspondent says: "I have occasion to believe that the direction of foreign affairs has been, to a large extent, taken by Mr. Disraeli into his own hands. Lord Derby is now playing such a secondary part in the foreign office as to excite comment in official circles.

NEW JERSEY.

WESTFIELD, July 12.—During a terrific thunder storm yesterday, over Arion county, the barn of Sine & Lambert, at New Providence, and a cider mill adjoining were struck by lightning and both destroyed. Total loss $9,000.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 12.—The plague at Bagdad has nearly disappeared.

Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

JULY 12.—Our market to-day is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary	8½@8¾	——
Good Ordinary	9¾@9¾	——
Strict Good Ordinary	10 @ ——	
Low Middling	10¾@—	
Middling	11¼@—	

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.]

Bacon—C R Sides	13¾@—	
" Shoulders	10¾@—	
Bulk—C R Sides	13¼@—	
" Shoulders	9¾@—	
Plain Sugar-cured Hams	16 @—	
Canvas'd " "	15 @—	15½
Lard—Choice, in tierces	13¼@—	13½
" " ½ bbls	14¼@—	14½
" " kegs	14¼@—	15
" " buckets	3 15 @3 25	
Sugar—Snow White	11 @—	
" W. C.	10¾@—	10¾
" N. C.	10¾@—	10¾
" Strictly Choice	10¼@—	10¾
" Prime	9¾@—	9¾
" Fair	8¾@—	9
Molasses—A Choice	6 @—	70
" Prime	50 @—	55
" Fair	45 @—	50
" Common	35 @—	40
Coffee—Choice	23 @—	
" Prime	22 @—	23½
" Fair	21 @—	22½
" Common	20 @—	20½
Rice—Choice	8 @—	8½
" Prime	7 @—	7¾
" Fair	6¼@—	7
Flour—Fancy	8 50 @—	8 50
" Choice	7 50 @—	7 75
" Family	6 25 @—	7 00
" Superfine	5 00 @—	5 50
" Common	4 75 @—	5 00
Tobacco	52 @—	1 00
Whisky—Rectified	1 05 @—	1 35
" Better Grades	1 50 @—	3 50
Wine—Port and Sherry	1 25 @—	2 50
" Claret	3 50 @—	6 00
Brandies	$ 1 25 @—	2 50
" French	6 00 @—	13 00
" Peach and Apple	2 00 @—	2 50
Gin	1 40 @—	2 25
" in cases	6 00 @—	7 00
Beer in bottles, per doz	1 65 @—	1 75
" in kegs	3 50 @—	4 00
Cigars, per thousand	18 00 @—	60 00
CANNED GOODS—		
Oysters, 1 pound, per doz	90 @—	1 00
" 2 " "	1 75 @—	2 00
Fresh Peaches, 2 pound, per doz	2 00 @—	2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case	4 00 @—	4 25
" Cherries, " "	4 25 @—	4 50
Sardines, ¼ " "	16 00 @—	16 50
Condensed Milk, " "	11 00 @—	12 00
Yeast Powders per doz	1 0 @—	2 10
Pickles, gals, " "	2 00 @—	2 50
" ½ " "	2 75 @—	3 50
" ¼ " "	2 50 @—	3 00
" ⅛ " "	1 50 @—	2 00
Soda, in kegs, " lb	5½@—	6
" Exs, " "	6½@—	7½
Potash, " doz	5 50 @—	6 50
Candles, full weight, per lb	16½@—	17½
Soaps, " "	5 @—	7½
Starch, " "	5½@—	6½
Salt, Liverpool, per sack	1 35 @—	1 40
" fine Liverpool	1 00 @—	
" Virginia, " "	2 00 @—	2 25
Drop Shot	2 50 @—	
Buck Shot	2 75 @—	
Powder, " keg	5 75 @—	6 25
Nails, standard rate, per keg	3 50 @—	
Snuff—Maccaboy, Lorillard's	80 @—	
" Miller's	75 @—	
" Gail & Ax	70 @—	
" Scotch, per gross	9 00 @—	
" Garrett's, per doz	4 75 @—	
Ink, per case	1 50 @—	
Mustard, per dozen	2 25 @—	3 00
Ground Spices	1 00 @—	1 25
" Pepper	1 00 @—	1 25
" Ginger	1 00 @—	1 25
" Allspice	1 00 @—	1 25
" Cloves	1 00 @—	1 25
" Cinnamon	1 50 @—	
Percussion Caps	65 @—	80
C. D. Caps	45 @—	
Toilet Soaps, box	1 75 @—	2 25
Blacking, box	50 @—	1 00
Sun King Tobacco	50 @—	60
" Tobacco	75 @—	1 25
Wampoo Bitters	6 50 @—	
Desmond Gin	7 50 @—	
Plantation Bitters	8 00 @—	
Hostetter's Bitters	8 50 @—	
Rhine Wines	8 00 @—	12 50
Wrapping Paper, Large	75 @—	
" Medium	60 @—	
" Small	40 @—	
Nutmegs	1 50 @—	
Brooms	2 25 @—	3 50

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, July 12.—Money closed at 2. Gold 111¾. Stocks dull.

COTTON.

Spot cotton to-day closed steady: Middling Orleans 11 15-16c; middling Alabama, 11¾c; middling upland, 11¾c; strict low middling upland, 11¼c; low middling upland, 10 15-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10¾c; good ordinary upland 9 15-16c; ordinary upland, 9 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed quiet; sales 21,500 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 21-32@11 12-16
August	11 23-32@12
September	11 1-16@11 31-32
October	11 25-32@—
November	11 29-32@11 11-16
December	11 7-32@11 11-16

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 12.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands, 6d; middling Orleans, 6 1-8d; sales to-day 6,000 bales, of which 1000 bales are for export, and speculators' receipts —— bales, American —— bales.

SAVANNAH, July 12—Receipts 25, gross 417, exports to Great Britain —; sales —; stock 1, 845; price of middlings, 10¾c; market quiet.

NEW ORLEANS, July 12.—Net receipts 139, gross 2,9; exports to Great Britain —; coast —; sales 500; stock 55,284; price of middlings 11¼c, low middlings 10¾c, good ordinary 9¾c; market quiet.

WILMINGTON, July 12—Net receipts 17; sales —; stock 600; price of middlings 10½c; market steady.

MOBILE, July 12.—Net receipts 25, exports to Great Britain —, coast 50; sales 100; stock 5,640; price of middlings 10¾c, low middlings 10c, good ordinary 8½c; market weak.

NORFOLK, July 12.—Net receipts 9; sales —; stock 2,205; price of middlings 11—c; market quiet.

GALVESTON, July 12.—Net receipts 71, gross 71; sales 713; stock 6,820; price of middlings 11¼c; market dull.

BOSTON, July 12.—Net receipts 184, gross 320, exports to Great Britain —; sales —; stock 15,-934; price of middlings 12c; market quiet.

CHARLESTON, July 12.—Net receipts 23; sales 150; stock 4,310; price of middlings 11½c; market quiet.

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.—Net receipts 196; gross 235; sales —; price of middlings 11¾c; market quiet.

PROVIDENCE, July 12.—Stock 15,000 bales.

BALTIMORE, July 12.—Net receipts 4, sales 50; stock 3,799; price of middlings 11¾c; market dull.

PROVISION MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 12.—Flour quiet, extra $4.25@5.75. Wheat steady, No. 2 spring 91¾c. Corn firm, No. 2 mixed 43—c, new mixed 43c. Oats dull, No. 2 mixed 28½c. Rye dull, 64@65½c. Barley dull, 47c. Mess Pork quiet, $19.40—Lard dull, 10½c. Dry Salt Meats quiet, shoulders 8½c, long clear 11¾c. Green Meats quiet and unchanged. Whisky quiet, $1.10½.

ST. LOUIS, July 12.—Pork dull, $20 50@——. Cut meats unchanged. Bacon lower, shoulders 8¾@9c, clear rib —— clear 13¼@13½c.

NEW ORLEANS, July 12—Sugar strong, fair 7 7-8@7¾c, prime 8c. Molasses, demand good, choice 48@50c, strictly prime 52c. Flour dull, superfine $6.75, choice family $6.75@7.75. Pork steady, mess $24.00@24.75. Corn, in sacks, white 55c, mixed 54c, yellow 56c. Oats quiet, 42c. Hay prime $15@16. Dry Salt Meats, shoulders 8¼@9—, clear rib sides 12½c, clear 13c. Bacon, shoulders 10½c, clear rib sides 13¾@13½c, clear 14c. Hams, choice sugar cured, 14¾c. Lard, scarce tierce 14½c, keg 14¾@15c, bucket 15¼c. Coffee firm, fair 17½@17¾c, prime 18½@18¾c in job lots.

CINCINNATI, July 12—Lard quiet, fair demand, steam refined 11½c, city kettle 13¼@—c. Mess Pork, little demand, prime city $20.25. Live Hogs active, common to light $7.25@7.50, fair to good light $8.00@8.25, fair to medium heavy $8.35@8.70. Whisky steady, $1.10.

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

THURSDAY, JULY 13, 1876.

Tilden on Governmental Reform.

From the New York Times.]

"Reform is necessary" are the opening words of five out of the seven resolutions constituting the St. Louis platform. These words are Tilden's motto. Gen. James W. Singleton, of Illinois, a man who has long been prominent in the Democratic councils of that State, said to the reporter of the Quincy Whig, in response to an inquiry: "Tilden will be badly beaten. No one who is an honest man at heart ever wrote that platform. It was prepared for the express purpose of deceiving the people. It is a studied deception and fraud, and it cannot win." We propose to prove that all that portion of the aforesaid platform which has any significance or interest to the nation at large was provided ready cooked by the self-styled reformer who heads the Democratic ticket. No quick-witted man, who is able to see beyond his nose, can read the concluding twenty-eight pages of Gov. Tilden's last annual Message, and carefully compare them with the platform, and not acknowledge that the Message and the platform are the work of the same brain, and that the platform includes the Message.

The demagogue, whether he wears broadcloth or travels in his shirt-sleeves, who distorts facts and twists figures in order to make them lie, may do his work with consummate cunning, but resort to this trick usually betrays poor judgment. Such falsehoods can easily be detected by consulting original sources of information, and when the subject matter of the statement involves only so simple a matter as the aggregate yearly expenditure of the Government, a resort to fabrication is fatal to a man who has any character to lose. Thus much by way of preface to the following extract from page 41 of Gov. Tilden's last annual Message:

PRESENT SCALE OF GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURE.

The extravagance of our Governmental consumption is illustrated by a comparison of the public expenditures of 1870, five years after the close of the war, with those of 1860 and 1850:

Taxes in the United States.	1850. Gold.	1860. Gold.	1870. Currency
Federal	$40,000,000	$60,000,132	$309,000,000
State, counties, city, and town	$23,000,000	94,186,743	250,000,000
Total	$63,000,000	$154,186,875	$559,000,000
Population	23,191,876	31,445,080	38,558,371
Taxes per head.			
Federal	$1 72	$1 94	$ 8 01
Local	1 00	2 92	6 49
	$2 72	$4 86	$14 50

AGGREGATE TAXATION OF ELEVEN YEARS.

The aggregate Federal taxation of the eleven years now closing, computed in currency, from the official statements, is more than $4,500,000,000. The local taxation, assuming the census statement for 1870 as an average, is more than $3,000,000,000. The aggregate taxation exceeds $7,500,000,000.

In the platform the above extract from the Message takes the following shape, and we call attention to the fact that the statistical and other matter in the resolution is exactly the same as that in the Message. Nothing material is either added or omitted:

"Reform is necessary in the scale of public expense, Federal, State, and Municipal. Our Federal taxation has swollen from $60,000,000 in gold in 1860 to $450,000,000 in currency in 1870; our aggregate taxation from $154,000,000 in gold in 1860 to $730,000,000 in currency in 1870; or in one decade from less than $5 per head to more than $18 per head. Since the peace the people have paid to their tax-gatherers more than thrice the sum of the national debt, and more than twice that sum for the Federal Government alone. We demand a vigorous frugality in every department and from every officer of the Government."

Reform may be necessary, but so many falsehoods as are embodied in the above statements are entirely unnecessary. We invite attention to a few of them.

1. Expenditures and taxes are not precisely the same thing. In his Message the crafty Governor first gives notice to the reader by a prominent head-line that he is about to give the *present* scale of Governmental *expenditure*. He next speaks of the extravagance of Governmental *consumption*, which is, indeed, the grand central point, or sun, about which everything else in his Message is made to revolve. The terrific cost of the Government and his consummate ability as a reformer make the key-note of his campaign. In the third line he speaks again of the comparison of public *expenditures* that he is going to make. Likewise, in the resolution we are told that "Reform is necessary" in the scale of public *expense*. And what after all this parade of *present expenditure*, does he give us? Instead of telling us of the present, he steps back no less than six years, because the revenue—not the expenditure—happened to be large that year. He brings in the year 1850, not because the figures help him at all in making his point, but to make people think the 1870 fell in naturally.

2. Now, it was just as easy to give the expenditures as the income, but if he had so done, he could not have made his point, and for this reason, *because the expenditures of the Government, the interest and redemption of the public debt being excluded in both cases as not consumed by the servants of the Government, were greater in* 1850 *than the revenue from taxes, while in* 1870 *they were ONE THIRD PART of the* $450,000,000 *he puts down for the taxes.*

3. The expenditures of 1870, exclusive of interest on the debt and the sum devoted to the purchase and cancelation of bonds, were $164,121,567. Those of 1850, exclusive of the same items, were $39,050,755. But the expenditures of 1870 included twenty-eight millions paid for pensions and other large outgoes brought on us by the war. Much more might be said on this point.

Gov. Tilden in his annual message harps for twenty pages on the Governmental consumption, meaning that the Postmasters, office-holders, clerks, &c., are eating the people out of house and home. Of the tax-eaters who consume the interest paid on the public debt, Samuel J. Tilden himself is one, and we, for our part, strongly remonstrate against counting his outlays this year as a portion of our "Governmental consumption" or expenditure. We have shown that he has, both in his message and in his platform, deliberately multiplied the aggregate expenditures of the Government by three, and we leave the reader to form his own opinion of the merits of this method of fabricating messages, platforms, and statistics.

THE difference between Tilden and Hayes was strikingly exemplified in the way each received the news of his nomination for the Presidency. Governor Hayes behaved like a modest gentleman, Gov. Tilden like a mountebank who had just received a large order for his quack medicines. The people wanted reform, said Mr. Tilden, and they have come to the right shop for it. I am the only patentee of the original article, warranted to cure the most desperate cases.—New Haven Palladium.

IF editors can't makes speeches, they can quote Scripture [and so could the devil!] Just hear them at it:

"Then the Lord called *Samuel;* and he answered, Here am I."—1 Sam. iii: 4.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

"And the Lord called yet again, Samuel. And Samuel arose and went to Eli, and said, Here am I, for thou didst call me. And he answered, *I called not, my son; lie down again.*"—1 Sam. iii: 6.—Globe Democrat.

TILDEN and Hendricks are the fruit of an intrigue of the basest elements of Democracy.

Union Republican Ticket.



FOR GOVERNOR:
C. C. SHEATS, of Morgan.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
THOS. F. ALLINGTON, of Lauderdale.

FOR AUDITOR:
GEORGE P. PLOWMAN, of Talladega.

FOR TREASURER:
BENJ. M. LONG, of Walker.

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL:
ROB'T S. HEFLIN, of Randolph.

FOR SUP'T OF EDUCATION:
P. J. GLOVER, of Marengo.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:
L. C. COULSON, of Jackson.
CHAS. E. MAYER, of Mobile.

District Electors.

FIRST DISTRICT—Lon H Mayer of Mobile.

SECOND DISTRICT—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.

THIRD DISTRICT—P G Clarke of Barbour.

FOURTH DISTRICT -- J T Rapier of Lowndes.

FIFTH DISTRICT—S S Booth of Autauga.

SIXTH DISTRICT—A B Hays, of Winston.

SEVENTH DISTRICT—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.

EIGHTH DISTRICT—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

Regular State Executive Committee.

Chas E Mayer Chairman; George Turner, Secretary.

First District—C S Wood, Allen Alexander.

Second District—William M Loftin, Frenchard Gray.

Third District—W H Black, Philip King.

Fourth District—M G Candee, H Cochran.

Fifth District—Wm J Boon, J H Alston.

Sixth District — Charles Hays, C C Sheats.

Seventh District—Arthur Bingham, H L Watlington.

Eighth District—George E. Spencer, Z E Thomas.

Regular Ticket of Montgomery County.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

CHARLES STEELE.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

T. C. BINGHAM, W. H. CRUSIUS,
J. K. GREENE, J. K. P. LUCAS.

Regular County Executive Committee.

PAUL STROBACH, Chairman.	T. C. BINGHAM, Secretary.
Clark Evans,	Charles Loper,
W. M. Loftin	Geo. Allen,
W. J. Maxwell,	Ab. Davis,
Wm. Anthony,	Br. McDaniel,
Thos. Oliver,	Chas. Johnson,
Aug. Montgomery,	Jos. Barnett,
Randall Chilton,	Parrish Phillips.
John Breckenridge.	

PLATFORM

—OF THE—

REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections State and Federal, announce as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men as the fundamental principle of our government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperiling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the equal recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing intolerance, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and action, in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and antipathies, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the States and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one as indestructible, the other as indissoluble.

5th. The preservation and maintainance of the Republican party in the Southern States, as a safeguard against sectionalism, and the strongest guaranty of an inviolate union.

Resolved 1st. That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has carried the nation through a period of unprecedented difficulties and trials with safety and success, and has won for the President a renown as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd, That we deplore the divisions in our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies, and that now, as in the past, we are ready and desirous of healing these divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse to its energies or hope to its future, since the war, and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

ALEX WHITE, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 15th, 1876.)

When, in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved these governments to the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed." Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously enforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitutional amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts of its purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin. Commmercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the many important amendments effected by Republican Legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congess to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who periled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We therefore note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts as its chief hope of success on the electoral vote of a united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation; we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil the national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with the party making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes; with reasserting and applauding in the National Capitol the sentiments of unrepented rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan mismanagement and obstruction of investigation; with proving itself, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and immense services in war and in peace.

National Republican Platform Adopted at Cincinnati, June, 1876.

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league.

2. The work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. To every American citizen, complete liberty and exact equality.

4. Steady progress towards specie payment.

5. Appointments selected with sole reference to efficiency and faithful service to the country.

6. Punishment to all who betray official trust.

7. The Public School system is the bulwark of the American republic, and for its security the application of public funds to sectarian schools should be forbidden.

8. Revenue MUST be derived from duties on importation.

9. No grants of public lands to corporations and monopolies.

10. The same protection to adopted American citizens as to native-born.

11. Duty of Congress to investigate the Chinese puzzles.

12. Woman's rights to be respected.

13. Polygamy to be prohibited and extirpated.

14. The nation's pledges to soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled.

15. The Democratic party count on a united South arrayed against the nation.

16. The Democratic party is the same in character and spirit as when in sympathy with treason.

17. Hearty gratitude of the American people to President Grant and his administration, and for his immense services in war and in peace.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL in the cause of the Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

THE MILD POWER
CURES
HUMPHREYS'
HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS
Been in general use for twenty years. Everywhere proved the most SAFE, SIMPLE, ECONOMICAL and EFFICIENT medicines known. They are just what the people want, saving time and money averting sickness and suffering. Each single specific the well tried prescription of an eminent physician.

Nos.	Cures.	Cents.
1.	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations,	50
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic,	50
3.	Crying-Colic, or Teething of Infants,	50
4.	Diarrhœa, of Children or Adults,	50
5.	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic,	50
6.	Cholera-Morbus, Vomiting,	50
7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,	50
8.	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache,	50
9.	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo,	50
10.	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach,	50
11.	Suppressed, or Painful Periods,	50
12.	Whites, too Profuse Periods,	50
13.	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	50
14.	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	50
15.	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains,	50
16.	Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Ague,	50
17.	Piles, Blind or bleeding,	50
18.	Ophthalmy, and Sore or Weak Eyes,	50
19.	Catarrh, Acute or Chronic Influenza,	50
20.	Whooping-Cough, Violent Coughs,	50
21.	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing,	50
22.	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing,	50
23.	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swellings,	50
24.	General Debility, Physical Weakness,	50
25.	Dropsy and Scanty Secretions,	50
26.	Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding,	50
27.	Kidney-Disease, Gravel,	50
28.	Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, or Involuntary Discharges,	100
29.	Sore Mouth, Canker,	50
30.	Urinary Weakness, Wetting the Bed,	50
31.	Painful Periods, with Spasms,	100
32.	Sufferings at Change of Life,	100
33.	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	100
34.	Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat,	50
35.	Chronic Congestions and Eruptions,	50

FAMILY CASES.

Case (Morocco) with above 35 large vials and Manual of Directions, $10 00
Case (Morocco) of 20 large vials and Book, 6 00
Case (Morocco) of 10 vials and Book, 3 00

☞ These remedies are sent by the case or single vial to any part of the country, free of charge, on receipt of price. Address

Humphreys' Specific Homeopathic Medicine Co.,
Office and Depot, No. 562 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
For Sale by all Druggists.

DR. RICE,

No. 37 Court Place,

LOUISVILLE, KY

A regularly educated and legally qualified physician, and the most successful, as his practice will prove, Cures all forms of Private, Chronic and Sexual Diseases. Spermatorrhœa and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth or sexual excesses in maturer years or later years, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, etc., rendering marriage unhappy or improper, are thoroughly and permanently cured. Syphilis positively cured and entirely eradicated from the system. Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Piles and other Private Diseases quickly cured. Patients treated by mail or express. Consultation free and invited; charges reasonable, and correspondence strictly confidential.

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BEATTY'S PARLOR
ORGANS.

ELEGANT STYLES, with Valuable Improvements. New and Beautiful Solo Stops. Over One Thousand Organists and Musicians indorse these organs and recommend them as STRICTLY FIRST CLASS in tone. Mechanism and durability. Warranted for six years.

Most Elegant and Latest Improved.

Have been awarded the HIGHEST PREMIUM in competition with others for

Simplicity, Durability, Promptness,

AND PIANO LIKE ACTION.

PURE, SWEET, and EVEN BALANCED TONE, ORCHESTRAL EFFECTS, and INSTANTANEOUS ACCESS WHICH MAY BE HAD TO THE REEDS.

Send for Price List. Address.

DANIEL F. BEATTY.
Washington, New Jersey, U. S. A.

$10 to $500. In Wall Street often lead to fortune. A 72 page book entitled: "Men and Modes of Wall Street," explaining everything SENT FREE. JOHN HICKLING & Co., Bankers, and Brokers Broadway, New York.

UNITED STATES MAIL.

ALABAMA.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
Washington, May 26, 1876.

PROPOSALS will be received at the Contract Office of this Department until 2 p. m. of 15th July, 1876, (to be decided by the 31st July) for carrying the mails of the United States from October 1st, 1876, to June 30, 1880, on the following route in the State of

ALABAMA,

and by the schedule of departures and arrivals hereon specified, viz:

17225 From Clinton, by Pleasant Ridge, Spivey Mills, Bridgeville, and Frances A. to Carrollton, 31 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Clinton, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Carrollton by 5 p m;
Leave Carrollton, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Clinton by 5 p m.
Bond required with bid, $1,200.

17823 From Holly Grove, by Hoopers (n. o.), Eldridge, and Palo, to Pikeville, 50 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Holly Grove Thursday at 11 a m;
Arrive at Pikeville next day by 1 p m;
Leave Pikeville Friday at 2 p m;
Arrive at Holly Grove next day by 5 p m.
Bond required with bid, $600.

17824 From Moscow, by Pine Springs (n. o.), to Detroit, 16 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Moscow Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Detroit by 6 p m;
Leave Detroit next day at 7 a m;
Arrive at Moscow by 12 m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17825 From Vernon, by Blooming Grove (n. o.) and White Plains (n. o.), to Mount Calm, 24 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Vernon Tuesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Mount Calm by 2 p m;
Leave Mount Calm Wednesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Vernon by 2 p m.
Bond required with bid, $500.

17826 From Pikeville, by Garden, to Bridgeville, 12 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Pikeville Wednesday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Bridgeville by 12:30 p m;
Leave Bridgeville Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Pikeville by 4:30 p m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17827 From Talladega, by Fayes (n. o.), Thompson's Mills (n. o.), and James Parsons (n. o.), to Ironsborough, 54 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Talladega Monday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Ironsborough next day by 12 m;
Leave Ironsborough Tuesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Talladega next day by 5 p m.
Bond required with bid, $600.

17828 From Birmingham, by Comer's (n. o.), Gurley's (n. o.), Dorris's (n. o.) and Jones' (n. o.), to Jasper, 45 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Birmingham Tuesday at 5 a m;
Arr vat Jasper by 7 p m;
Leave Jasper Wednesday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Birmingham by 7 p m.

17829 From Springville, by Self's (n. o.), to Mount Pinson, 13 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Springville Thursday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Mount Pinson by 12 m;
Leave Mount Pinson Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Springville by 6 p m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17830 From Childersburg, Sylacauga and Mount Olive, to Good Water, 28 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Childersburgh Wednesday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Good Water by 2 p m;
Leave Good Water Thursday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Childersburgh by 6 p m.
Bond required with bid, $300.

17831 From Delta, by Prospect, Mills (n. o.), Lower Dublin, Scott, and Dingler (n. o.), to Good Water, 15 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Delta Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Good Water by 12 m;
Leave Good Water Wednesday at 2 p m;
Arrive at Delta by 7 p m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17832 From Rockford, by High Shoals, Larkinsville, and Bethel (n. o.), to Bluffton, 40 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Rockford Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Bluffton by 7 p m;
Leave Bluffton Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Rockford by 7 p m.
Bond required with bid, $400.

17833 From Pea River, by Hurricane, Mill Creek, and Bethel (n. o.), to Bluffton, 30 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Pea River Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Bluffton by 12 m;
Leave Bluffton Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Pea River by 6 p m.
Bond required with bid, $300.

17834 From Bluffton, by Mount Zion (n. o.), Mount Hebron, and Mount Olive, to Jacksonville, 50 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Bluffton Monday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Jacksonville by 6 p m;
Leave Jacksonville Tuesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Bluffton by 6 p m.
Bond required with bid, $500.

17835 From Jacksonville, by Choccolocco (n. o.), Oxford, Hillabee (n. o.), Ashland, Mount Olive, Mount Zion (n. o.), Mount Hebron, Mount Olive, Mount Zion (n. o.), Mount Hebron, Mount Olive, Mount Zion (n. o.), Mount Hebron

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

THURSDAY, JULY 13, 1876.

FLIRTATION.

[illegible] green cent,
[illegible] about your throat,
[illegible] when we want boating,
[illegible] and let the land,
[illegible] and we see floating.

[illegible] us in
[illegible] never sin
[illegible] of labor:
[illegible] rim,
[illegible] sheltering
[illegible] the angel's saber,
[illegible] our way.

[illegible] fancy sketches!
[illegible] plumage at ease!
[illegible] of scorn,
[illegible] eyes, reluctant slave!
[illegible] paper love,
[illegible] the earthand heaven?

[illegible] the sickle mist!
[illegible] your jewel toilet;
[illegible] at my disappointment;
[illegible] end of verse.
[illegible] misty lu k:
[illegible] the spice and precious ointment.

[illegible] in the world of ours
[illegible] flowers
[illegible] are like labor:
[illegible] bloom in labor;
[illegible] were he so sweet
[illegible] complete
[illegible] the four winged saber.

Tilden's Intimacy with Tweed.

The record of Tilden's intimacy with Boss Tweed is becoming somewhat embarrassing in view of the fact that Tilden still claims to be the very personification of honesty. He not only addressed him as a personal friend, but aided him in the organization of Democratic repeaters going from Philadelphia to New York to swell the Democratic vote of the latter city. Besides this he accepted money from Tweed, knowing that it had been stolen from the tax-payers of the city. The following letter fully sustains these charges:

"No. 15 GRAMERCY PARK,
August 12, 1865.—11 a. m.

"DEAR SIR—I decided to go to Philadelphia in the morning, and shall probably be able to see you before I leave. My address is at the St. Nicholas. It will enough be with me, in town. Whether I shall go or not, I hope you will not. Very truly your friend,
S. J. TILDEN.

"Hon. Wm. M. Tweed."

"*Hon. Wm. M. Tweed:*

"DEAR SIR—I beg to present to your attention the case of Mr. Samuel [illegible] friend of ours, who is in need of a small appointment under the government, for which he has [illegible] He would be content with something [illegible] of not a very high [illegible] know him so well that I should be [illegible] He used to be a very [illegible] worker, and is an [illegible] man, and I should be personally glad if you could help him.

Yours, &c., S. J. TILDEN.

"NEW YORK, Sept. 8, 1868.

"The National Broadway bank will [illegible] of William M. Tweed five [illegible]

"WILLIAM M. TWEED."

"Deposit in the bank of North [illegible] S. J. TILDEN."

SOLID WEALTH!

$500,000 IN GIFTS.

Grandest Scheme ever Presented to the Public.

A Fortune for only $12.

The Kentucky Cash Distribution Company, authorized by an act of the Kentucky Legislature for the benefit of the Public Schools of Kentucky, will have the first of their series of Drawing at Major Hall, in the city of Louisville, Kentucky, August 31, 1876. Every ticket draws a gift. They will distribute to the fortunate holders the immense sum of

$500,000.

THOS. P. PORTER, ex-Gov. of Kentucky, General Manager.

POSITIVELY NO POSTPONEMENT.

LIST OF GIFTS:

One Cash Gift	$	50,000
One Cash Gift		25,000
One Cash Gift		10,000
One Cash Gift		5,000
One Cash Gift		2,500
2 Cash Gifts, $1,000 each		2,000
5 Cash Gifts, 500 each		2,500
10 Cash Gifts, 200 each		2,000
20 Cash Gifts, 100 each		2,000
100 Cash Gifts, 50 each		5,000
200 Cash Gifts, 25 each		5,000
1,000 Cash Gifts, 10 each		10,000
2,000 Cash Gifts, 5 each		10,000
10,000 Gifts, All Cash		500,000

PRICE OF TICKETS:

Whole Tickets $12; Halves $6; Quarters $3; 9 Tickets $100; Tickets $200; 100 Tickets at $1,200 each.

Tickets may be made by Express, Draft, Post Money or Registered Letter, payable to Kentucky Cash Distribution Co.

Arrangements are connected with the distribution of Tickets, and applications should be addressed to

HON. THOS. P. PORTER,
Gen'l Manager Frankfort, Ky.

DANIEL F. BEATTY'S
Parlor Organs.

Nothing in the instruments to possess capacities for musical effects and expression never before attained, adapted for Amateur and Professional use in any degree in any parlor.

COMBINATION OF TONE THOROUGH WORKMANSHIP, ELEGANT DESIGNS AND FINISH, and Wonderful Variety of their Combination Solo Stops.

An Illustrated new Centennial style now ready. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington N.J.

BEATTY PIANO.
GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

This instrument is the most handsome and best piano ever before manufactured in this country or Europe, having the greatest possible variety of tone combined with the most brilliant clearness and perfect evenness throughout the entire scale, and above all a surpassing duration of sound, the power and sympathetic quality of which never changes nor wears out, even under the most severe or powerful touch. Space forbids a full description of this magnificent instrument. Agents discount given who can have it introduced in their locality. We ask in purchasing one of these CELEBRATED IN STRUMENTS. If after (5) five days test trial it proves unsatisfactory the money you have paid will be refunded upon return of instrument and freight charges paid by me both ways. Pianos Warranted for six years. Address,
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Established 1852.—8 pages.—56 columns.

Address The Evening Star Newspaper Company, Washington, D. C.

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TEN TO FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS
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Black Moss,

Delivered at our shops.

Highest market price paid.

AUGS OHLANDER & SON,
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To agents and others, male and female, a $50 secret, and beautifully illustrated 100-page Novelty Catalogue. R. F. Young & Co., 29 Broadway, New York. 8-20w12m

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Established in 1856.

Believing it by far the best Parlor and Orchestra Organ manufactured, we challenge any manufacturer to equal them. The celebrated Golden Tongue Reeds in this organ in conjunction with the Perfected Reed Boards produce sweet, pure and powerful tones. Superb cases of new and elegant designs, admirably, teaches, churches, schools, lodges, etc., should send for price list and discounts.

Dealers will find it to their advantage to examine this instrument. It has improvements found in no other. Correspondence solicited.

Best offer ever given. Money refunded upon return of organ and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory, after a test trial of five days. Organ warranted for six years. Agent's discount given everywhere

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PARLOR ORGANS.

Messrs Geo. P. Rowell & Co. (N. Y.) Newspaper Reporters, says:

"Daniel F. Beatty, the organ builder, of Washington, N. J., presses forward with greatest vigor."

From Wm. Peel, Niagara Falls, N. Y.

"Several months use of the elegant Parlor Organ you sent me, satisfies me that it is out of the best in use. Its [illegible] and [illegible] tones are [illegible] pleasant. I most heartily recommend your organs for parlor, school, church or other use."

Best offer ever given. Money refunded upon return of organ and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory, after a trial of five days. Warranted for six years. Send for special price list of testimonials before buying a parlor organ. Address,
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Washington, New Jersey, U. S. A.

BEATTY Piano.
GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

From Jas. F. Regan, firm Regan & Carter, pub. Chicago Daily Journal, Dec. 1, 1875. Jefferson Co., Ohio, after receiving a $7.9 instrument says:

"Piano reached us in good condition I am well pleased with it. It [illegible] represent it to be."

From E. G. Baldwin, Washington Furnace, Pa., after receiving a $7.9 piano.

"The Beatty" received in due order, and it comes fully up to [illegible] and exceeds our expectations. While I don't profess to be a judge in the matter, Mrs. B. does, and pronounces it of very sweet tone, and is very much pleased with it."

Best inducements ever offered. Money refunded upon return of Piano and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory, after a trial of five days. Pianos warranted for six years. Agents wanted. Send for catalogue. Address,

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Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

THE GREAT
English Remedy.
The Cordial Balm of Syricum and Tonic Pills.

Nervous Debility,

However obscure the causes may be which contribute to render nervous debility a disease so prevalent, affecting, it is [illegible] nearly one-half our adult population, [illegible] [illegible] that [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

THURSDAY, JULY 13 1876.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MONTGOMERY, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., counter signed by T. C. Bingham will be paid by us. T. C. BINGHAM & Co.,

dtf. Proprietors.

Hot is the word.

Too warm for editorial spreading.

EVERYBODY enjoys a finished sermon.

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS was born July 11, 1767.

HUNTING parties—Mothers with daughters to marry.

Two years ago to day, the great flood in Massachusetts.

WEAK as his mind is, Blind Tom never played base ball in July.

A BEAUTIFUL rainbow studded the heavens yesterday evening.

THE marriage ceremony—a combination lock. Patent asked for.

Do you hate city life? Go into the country and pull fodder a week.

YOU won't be missed if you go into the country while this weather lasts.

UNTIL October the 1st, regulate your signs and get inside the statute.

LOST—the water in the artesian basin Found—in its place a loud stink.

RASPBERRIES on timothy straws is fashionable with little country girls just now.

PEOPLE who are not hot enough otherwise are whisking off to the summer resorts.

IT was a little boy in Selma who said: "Yes, soda water's good; it's like your foot asleep."

Now is the best time to order coal for next winter, although it is very embarrassing to do it.

AN enthusiastic sleeper says a hammock slung between two trees makes the best bed on earth.

IN this matter of suicide, all we can can say is don't intrude yourself on the Almighty without invitation.

JULY 14th 1873, the great fire at Chicago. Mrs. O'Leary's cow kicked over a kerosene lamp, so they say.

A SCIENTIFIC paper says: "Keep your mirrors away from the sun." And from the daughters also, if you can, adds a family paper.

THERE is something wonderfully grand and impressive about the roar of thunder, until you discover it has soured the last half pint of milk in the house.

"I'm just as happy with my wife, and fond of caressing her as I was twenty years ago," remarked old Mr. Smith, of Lawrence street. "Our vine is still thrifty, and our fig tree is still yum-yumyumbrageous."

IN the Police Court yesterday the cases of the city vs. Robert Barber for disorderly conduct, and for carrying concealed weapons, resulted in a fine of sixty-one dollars assessed upon Barber. Mr. Loftin was discharged.

"How like its father it is," said the nurse, on the occasion of the christening of a baby whose father was more than seventy years of age, and who had married a young wife. "Very like," said a satirical lady; "bald, and not a tooth in its head."

THE "puffiing" of the evening mud machine creates about as much "bustle" in this city as a fly on a bull's horn creates trouble to the bull. It would take nine hundred thousand "puffs" from such a concern to disturb a slumbering flea on a dog's back.

PUFFS of wind may be very effective, but "puffs" from the evening mud machine of Montgomery are only effective in injuring the object aimed at. Forty thousand "puffs" from such a concern wouldn't stir as much breeze in Montgomery as the buzz of a gnat at mid day.

THE 53rd Annual session of the Alabama Baptist State Convention will be held with the First Baptist Church, commencing this morning at 10:30.

At 8:30 to-night Dr. E. T. Winkler, of Marion, will preach the introductory "Centennial" sermon. The public are cordially invited to attend all the sessions of the Convention.

IT was a sweet household picture. She was red in the face and scolding a hurricane; his nose was bleeding where the rolling-pin struck him, and he was swearing a cataract; the children were crying. Over the door hung a motto: "God bless our home;" there was a chromo representing Faith, Hope and Charity over the mantel, and a plaster bust of Peace on the book-case.

THE grape thieves have commenced their depredations in this city. On Tuesday last, two little colored boys were discovered in Mr. M. P. Blue's grapery, who made tracks to the fence and into the street, in double quick time. They claimed that they were only hunting for a mocking bird that got away from them. Other intruders are cautioned to beware if they would avoid a good load of shot.

STORM.—Tuesday night about 12 o'clock, one of the hardest storms we have ever known burst upon the city. The thunder and lightning continued for about half an hour, and was awfully grand. The wind was strong enough to blow down some of the stoutest oaks in different parts of the city, while small shrubbery was completely prostrated in many places. On the outskirts of the city the damage was considerable. One of our reporters who resides in the suburbs was fortunate enough to reach his home just as the storm broke upon the city. It was as sudden as furious, and seldom before have our citizens witnessed such an electric display. The flashes of lightning were the most brilliant we have ever known and lasted for half an hour without cessation.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.—We understand that meetings will be held Saturday next at Pine Level, Robinson's X Roads and at Porter's Beat, by the regular Republican organization of this county. It is also stated that the Hon. Paul Strobach and other gentlemen will address the people of these places. The people are greatly in earnest in this canvass, and the "rule or ruin" policy does not take with them.

WE are requested by the Hon. Paul Strobach to state that he has no clerk in his office, and cannot absent himself therefrom during the business hours of the day—from 8 o'clock a. m., until 4 o'clock p. m. All persons having business with him, or desiring satisfaction from him, he requests us to say, can find him at his office, and he has no crowds around him there. This to whomsoever it may concern.

MOST of those persons who abuse and villify the JOURNAL and its proprietors, are indebted to us for subscription, advertising and job work. Further on in the canvass we intend to print a list of these dead-beats and the amounts they owe us. The people of Montgomery can then see what sort of characters are they who constantly slander and denounce the JOURNAL. We shall present these accounts, and give these persons reasonable time to pay them. If they fail, we shall expose them to the honest people of the community.

"You keeps vests, mine frent?" said a Dutchman, entering one of our clothing stores the other day. The clerk promptly averred that the store was crammed with them.

"I want a vest" said the Teuton, "vat don't rise up on its hint legs mit the neck. I bought one in Selma not long ago mit a dwo dollar pill, and by shimminy I don't notice dot myself, but everywhere I go the boys gry out mit der streets: 'Yacob, vy in der name of der board of drusdees don't yew pull down your vest?' and by tam, I have pulled dot vest more'n dree dousand times, till I wore all de pindings off mit der buttons!"

The clerk explained the joke and sold him a vest, and the old man went out with the exclamation: "Py shimminy I don't here somedings about dot in Shermany before."

TELEGRAPHIC.—A statement appeared a few days ago in the Columbus Enquirer, that the Western Union Telegraph Company had leased the Southern & Atlantic Telegraph lines for ninety-nine years. In reference to this statement the Cincinnati Star alleges that, in order to destroy competition in the telegraph business, the Western Union Telegraph Company have set up a socalled "Leased Line," to be operated between principal cities, which they have named the "Board of Trade Telegraph Company," making it apparently seperate from the Western Union Company, but which employs Western Union wires, facilities, and operatives.

Through this means they are endeavoring to stay the rapid progress which has during the past six months been made by the Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph Co., and to preserve at the same time their own dignity and revenues. The facts being understood, the public cannot fail to observe that this action operates against the interests of the patrons of the Western Union Co., who are required to pay a higher rate than by the Atlantic and Pacific lines, and few of whom can avail themselves of the facilities offered by the pretended "Board of Trade Telegraph Company."

The real service which has been rendered to the public in the material reductions of rates which have been effected by the Atlantic & Pacific Company have up to this time been generously appreciated; and the public are notified of this transparent device of the Western Union Company, that they may understand the true position of the Telegraph controversy and whom to support in carrying out the universal desire for the reductions that have been made, and for finally securing still lower and uniform rates for telegraph service throughout the country.

Y. L. A. S. A.

FIRST MEETING OF THE ORGANIZATION.

The "Centennial Reform Club," is the title of a new organization in the Southern suburbs of Montgomery, by young ladies for the purpose of discouraging the use of slang phrases in conversation.

At a recent meeting, while a member was addressing the society, she inadvertently made use of the expression "awful nice," and was called to order for transgressing the rules.

"In what way have I transgressed?" asked the speaker, blushing deeply.

"You said it would be 'awful nice' to admit young gentlemen to our deliberations," replied the other.

"Well, wouldn't it be?" returned the speaker; "you know you said yourself, no longer ago than yesterday, that—"

"Yes, I know; but you said 'awful nice.' That's slang."

"Well," said the speaker, tartly, "if you are going to be so awful nice about it, perhaps it is; but I wouldn't say anything, if I were you. Didn't you tell Sallie Spriggins, this morning, to pull down her basque?"

"No, I didn't" retorted the other, her face growing crimson; "and Sallie Spriggins will say I didn't. She won't go back on me."

"This is a nice racket you are giving us," cried the President, after rapping both speakers to order. "Let us ask what is the object of this society?"

"To discourage slang!" cried a dozen voices.

"Kerect," said the President, "go on with the funeral!"

A member rose to explain that she had been fined at the last meeting for saying "awful nice" herself, and she hadn't the stamps to pay it now—would settle, however, in the sweet by and by.

"That'll be all right," said the President; "pay when you have the ducats."

Another member asked if a young lady could say "old splendid" without subjecting herself to a fine.

"You bet she can't," said the President, who was the original founder of the society, and, therefore, appealed to when any nice question was to be decided.

"Then," said the speaker, "I move that Miranda Pew come down with the dust, for I heard her say that her beau was just old splendid."

Miranda's face was in a blaze as she cried:

"Well, if my beau was such an old hair-pin as your fellow is, I wouldn't say it."

"Shoot the chinning," cried the President. "Will you never tumble?"

But the confusion was too great to be allayed. Miranda's blood was up. Some sided with her, and others against her; and amid the Babel that followed, could be heard such exclamations as "Dry up," "Nice blackberry you are," "Wipe off your chin," "Have a hall," etc., when a motion to adjourn was carried by a large majority.

THE KENDRICK CASE.—The Columbus Times, of yesterday, contains the following report of the trial of the Rev. C. A. Kendrick by the First Baptist church of that city:

Last night in persuance of a resolution adopted by the Baptist church, the male members of the congregation met at the church to make some recommendations to the entire body of the church on Thursday night.

All persons not members of the church were excluded, which prevented us from being present, but after diligent search, and the use of several pumping and interviewing machines, we submit the following, as all we could gather concerning the proceedings:

The meeting was opened with prayer by the Moderator. After a little hesitation the business began by reading charges against Mr. Kendrick, charging him with adultery. Some discussion was had as to what evidence should be heard, when it was agreed that the testimony of the witnesses as reported in the Columbus Times, with the questions propounded, and answers of the witnesses, be adopted as the testimony against him. This saved the introduction of oral testimony: The sub-committee reported they had notified Mr. Kendrick to appear, and that he made his appearance through one of the members present. The evidence in the case was then considered as read, the body ruling out as a part of the evidence, the verdict of the jury in the case.

In reply to this evidence, but as a part of the evidence before the meeting the statement of the accused was read.

Two or three members regretted they had postponed the case, and said if they had known that Mr. Kendrick would have appeared by proxy there would have been no necessity for the delay.

After the reading of the statement, Mr. Estes introduced a resolution recommending that the Church withdraw fellowship from Mr. Kendrick.

Capt. Slade asked that the resolution be withdrawn until he read some evidence that had never been heard. He then read the statement of two highly respected young ladies to the effect that they saw Fannie Bush and Ed. Vandeburg come out together in the rear of the Baptist Church late in the evening on the 15th of September 1875, hand in hand. They further said they would have given their information sooner, but did not desire to go to the courthouse as witnesses, or have their names connected with the case in any way.

After some discussion as to the feasibility of adjourning, the meeting adjourned until to-night at 8 o'clock, at which time the resolution proposing to withdraw fellowship will be discussed at length.

The above is about all we could gather, and we publish it for the benefit of all those who feel an interest in the church trial. While the fact of excluding all not members implied that it was a secret meeting, yet our information was gathered after the meeting, from conversations with those present.

Local and Business Notices.

MR. DANIEL F. BEATTY, of Washington, N. J., the energetic and preserving manufacturer of the Beatty Piano and Golden Tongue Parlor Organs, deserves the highest credit for having produced the most perfect musical instrument combined with the utmost beauty and chasteness of design yet offered the musical public. See his advertisement in another place. Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

7-13dlt.

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station "D," Bible House, New York City.*

3-14 d&wem

Nervous Debility.

Vital weakness or depression: A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental overwork, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphrey's Homeopathic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per package of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Homeopathic Medicine Company, 662 Broadway, New York.

1-1d&w 1y

THE Star Parlor Organs are celebrated for their purity of tone, elegant design and thorough construction. Send for catalogue. Address,

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & Co,
6-30d&wom Washington, N. J.

"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure and Instruction."

Harper's Bazar.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The Bazar is edited with a combination of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—Boston Traveller.

The Bazar commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patterns for the children's clothes, to paterfamilias by the tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading matter of the Bazar is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—N. Y. Evening Post.

In its way there is nothing like it. Fresh and trustworthy as a fashion guide, its stories and essays, its poetry and squibs, are all invigorating to the mind.—Chicago Evening Journal.

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Harper's Bazar, one year.....$4 00
$4 00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine, Weekly, and Bazar, to one address, for one year, $10 00; or two of Harper's periodicals, to one address, for one year, $7 00, postage free.

An extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly or Bazar, will be supplied gratis for every club of five subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or six copies for $20 00 without extra copy, postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Bazar, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expenses, for $7 00 each. A complete Set, comprising eight Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5.25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

Prominent attention will be given in HARPER'S BAZAR to such illustrations of the Centennial International Exposition as may be peculiarly appropriate to its columns.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS'
New York.

GIVEN AWAY To agents and others, male and female, a $50 secret, and beautifully illustrated 100-page Novelty Catalogue. R. F. Young & Co., 29 Broadway, New York. 8-20w12m

New Advertisements.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$777 A WEEK guaranteed to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and Outfit FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine

PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING. How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents, together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc. 100,000 sold. Agents' book, All Lost. WILLIAM & CO., Pub's, Philadelphia

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

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A complete list, containing 8,220 with a description of each, and a list of towns and cities in which newspapers are published; historical and statistical sketches of the Great Newspaper Establishments; illustrated with numerous engravings of the principal newspaper buildings. Book of 400 Pages, post paid, to any address, on receipt of price. Apply (inclosing price) to SUPERINTENDENT OF THE NEWSPAPER PAVILION Centennial Grounds, Philadelphia, or American News Company, N. Y. Every advertiser needs it.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICE.

In the District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Alabama.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

In the matter of Alfred R. Knapp, a bankrupt.

This is to give notice—

1. That a warrant in bankruptcy has been issued against the estate of Alfred R. Knapp, bankrupt aforesaid.

2. That the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law.

3. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Montgomery, in said district, on the 25th day of July, A. D., 1876, at 10 o'clock, a. m., in the U. S. Court room in Montgomery, before Joseph W. Burke Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said district.

GEO. TURNER,
7-9 U. S. Marshal (Messenger.)

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.—For the Middle District of Alabama.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

Middle District of Alabama, S. S.:

In the matter of Burch, Kennedy & Co., Bankrupts.

This is to give notice that on the 7th day of July, 1876, a warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Alabama, against the estate of Burch, Kennedy & Co., of Tuskaloosa, in the county of Tuskaloosa, in said District, who were adjudged Bankrupts on their own petition: That the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupts to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law; and that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupts to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of the estate, will be held at a court of bankruptcy, to be holden at the United States court rooms in the city of Montgomery before Joseph W. Burke, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said District, on the 28th day of July, A. D., 1876.

7-9dlt U. S. Marshal for said District.

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED



PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE

"Only Good SAUCE,"

An applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at WORCESTER. May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

LEA & PERRINS'

SIGNATURE is on EVERY BOTTLE.

Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
NEW YORK.

7-7

LIFE PRESERVER.

ABSOLUTE SAFETY At Sea.

LIFE SAVING SUIT FOR OCEAN TRAVEL.

THE CONTINUOUS DISASTERS AT SEA.

And the almost countless lives that have been lost, urge the introduction of more effective appliances for saving life than have yet been generally adopted. In response to the great public demand, the American Life Saving Suit Company now present a

Practical Life Saving Suit.

This suit having been tested and approved by the most scientific and practical authorities, we now offer as a means of absolutely certain safety by drowning. The invention now offered claims its superiority over all inventions in that it floats the body in a vertical position in the roughest sea, preserves the natural warmth of the body for any number of days, with capacity for carrying provisions for ten days, and signals to attract attention from passing vessels.

This suit embodies three principles which are imperative in a life saving dress—

First—A buoyancy which supports the body in a vertical position, and maintains it as from a natural law.

Second—Protection from water and weather and consequent chill.

Third—A commissariat department, to which is attached signals, with capacity for carrying valuables, etc., etc.

This suit is put on over ordinary clothing, except shoes and hat, and can be put on inside of five minutes; and are let to passengers on transatlantic steamers at the low price of

FIVE DOLLARS; A TRIP.

Send for a pamphlet.

The American

LIFE SAVING SUIT COMPANY,
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4-26w6m

PRICES REDUCED. First Quality ARTICLE. Lowest Prices. Greatest Premium CHEAPEST IN THE U. S. for the CENTENNIAL YEAR.

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GREAT REDUCTION OF RATES!

This HOTEL, with its beautifully furnished ROOMS and the best TABLE this line market affords, is undoubtedly the

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ONLY $2.00 and $2.50 PER DAY.
W. C. MORROW, Jr.,
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BEATTY PIANO.

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

Best offer ever given now ready.

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

POND'S EXTRACT.

The People's Remedy.
The Universal Pain Extractor.
Note: ask for POND'S EXTRACT.
Take no other.

"Hear, for I will speak of excellent things."

POND'S EXTRACT—The great Vegetable Pain Destroyer. Has been in use over thirty years, and for cleanliness and prompt curative virtues cannot be excelled.

CHILDREN.—No family can afford to be without Pond's Extract. Accidents, Bruises, Contusions, Cuts, Sprains, are relieved almost instantly by external application. Promptly relieves pains or Burns, Scalds, Excoriations, Chafings, Old Sores, Boils, Felons, Corns, etc. Arrests inflamation, reduces swellings, stops bleeding, removes discolorations and heals rapidly.

FEMALE WEAKNESSES.—It always relieves pain in the back and loins, fullness and pressing pain in the head, nausea, vertigo.

IN LEUCORRHŒA it has no equal. All kinds of ulcerations to which ladies are subject are promptly cured. Fuller details in book accompanying each bottle.

PILES—blind or bleeding—meet prompt relief and ready cure. No case, however chronic or obstinate, can long resist its regular use.

VARICOSE VEINS.—It is the only sure cure for this distressing and dangerous condition.

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BLEEDING from any cause. For this is a specific. It has saved hundreds of lives when all other remedies failed to arrest bleeding from nose, stomach, lungs, and elsewhere, many times.

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PHYSICIANS of all schools who are acquainted with Pond's Extract of Witch Hazel recommend it in their practice. We have letters of commendation from hundreds of Physicians, many of whom order it for use in their own practice. In addition to the foregoing, they order its use for **Swellings** of all kinds, **Quinsy, Sore Throat, Inflamed Tonsils,** simple and chronic **Diarrhœa, Catarrh,** (for which it is a specific,) **Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Stings of Insects, Mosquitoes, Sore, Chapped Hands, Face,** and indeed all manner of skin diseases.

TOILET USE.—Removes **Soreness, Roughness,** and **Smarting;** heals **Cuts, Eruptions,** and **Pimples.** It *recites, invigorates,* and *refreshes,* while wonderfully improving the **Complexion.**

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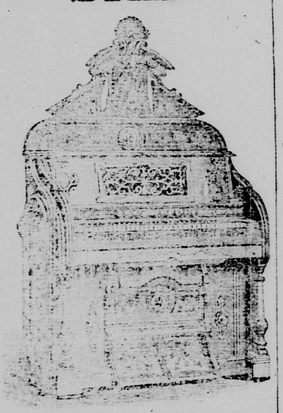

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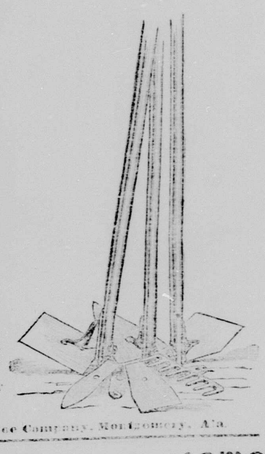

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1776 Centennial. 1876

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NUMBER 255

MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA: FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 14, 1876

VOLUME VIII.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET:

For President of the United States,
Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio.

For Vice President,
Wm. A. Wheeler, of New York.

Col White's Letter.

In accordance with the announcement made yesterday, we print elsewhere the able and unanswerable letter of the Hon. Alex. White upon the situation in Alabama and the South. Col. White treats the question in his usual brilliant and pointed manner of dealing with public matters, and we are assured his letter will be read with pleasure by all good citizens.

Will Peters Vote for Houston?

We stated a few days ago that a distinguished lawyer from North Alabama had stated that the Hon. Thomas M Peters had stated publicly his intention to vote for Gov. Houston's reelection. Judge Peters has put forward as a proper candidate for the Republicans of Alabama to support, by their Smith and his friends. Do they desire to be understood as indorsing Gov. Peter's intention? It has been charged that they were in league with the Alabama Democracy. Why do they keep silent? If Judge Peters intends to support Houston, are Republicans to be asked to support Peters? Let us have light.

Indiana "Reform Democracy"

[From the N. Y. Times.]

The "Reform Democracy" of Indiana have very queer ideas of reform. Four of their candidates for Supreme Judges have been taken off the State ticket, but with the apology and whitewash. After these men were nominated a great cry against them went up all over the State. While they had been on the bench a part of them had apparently made their living, as well as their salary, by inventing a new style of judical perquisites. They contracted extravagant bills of furniture, carpets, and bedding; and they bought for themselves gold pens, toilet articles, traveling-bags, and other things, all of which were charged to the account of the State. The Democratic State Central Committee evidently does not like to have its dirty linen washed in public. So these worthies finally, after every newspaper in the State had published their infamy, are taken off the ticket. The Central Committee refers the new nominations to the several judicial districts, with the mild remark that the ex-candidates are not guilty of any "intentional corruptions." Precisely what is meant by intentional corruption in Indiana does not appear. The Democracy of that State must be harmonized, it is said, and in order to promote harmony the party has agreed to call stealing a living from the State "unintentional corruption," for this occasion.

The German Press.

The following prominent German papers support Hayes and Wheeler, and others are to hear from:

New York Demokrat.
Germania, Milwaukee.
Baltimore Wecker.
Eclectristic Journal.
St. Joseph Volksblatt.
Louisville Volksblatt.
Evansville Union.
Chicago Free Press.
Cincinnati Free Press.
Buffalo Republican.
Colorado Journal.
Minnesota Staatszeitung.
New Ulm Post.
New Jersey Free Gazette.
New Orleans German Gazette.
California Democrat.
Kansas Free Press.
Kansas City Post and Tribune.
Free Press, for Texas.
New Braunfels Gazette.
Texas Post.
McLean County Press.
Pottsville American Republican.
Detroit Evening Post.
Washington Journal.
People's Tribune, Washington.
Greene Bay People's Gazette.
Highland Union.
Cleveland Anzeiger.
Albany Herald.
Madison County Anzeiger.
Rochester Observer.
Peoria German Gazette.
Missouri Valley Messenger.
Free Press, of Cape Girardeau.
St. Charles Gazette.
San Francisco Evening Post.
Pittsburg Friend of Freedom.
Belleville Gazette.
Cincinnati Volksblatt.
Milwaukee Herold

THERE is a colored Tilden and Hendricks club in Richmond, Va. The darkeys are just getting an idea into their heads of what "reform" means, and they are going for it nobly.—Atlanta Constitution.

—Ahem!—Ahem!

MR C. M. Humphrey passed through our city, on Tuesday last, with Gordon's chaingang, six negro prisoners, all sentenced to hard labor on the Tennessee river for gambling.—Tuscumbia Times.

Roasting ears now tickle the palate of the average Tuscumbian.

Southern Republicans.

SUGGESTIONS FROM THE AUTHOR OF THE SO CALLED "FORCE BILL."

SELMA, ALA., June 25, 1876.

Hon. Geo. B. Spencer, Washington, D.C.:

DEAR SIR: Your recent favor requesting my views of the action of the Cincinnati convention, in throwing out the regular delegates from the State of Alabama, is received, and in deference to your judgment, rather than the impulse of my own inclination, I promise to comply; giving to you the privilege of making such use of my answer as you think proper.

Which delegation was the

REPRESENTATIVES OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

in Alabama, those appointed by the convention of the 24th of May, or by the convention of the 16th, I shall not discuss. As to this there seems to be but one opinion of the press, both Republican and Democratic, at Cincinnati when the expulsion took place. The advocates of the delegation from the convention of the 16th of May in the convention did not present even a plausible pretext in support of their claims, and it was evident that the vote by which they were admitted was the result of a bargain between the friends of Mr. Blaine and the delegates of the convention of the 16th of May. This was proven by what followed. A delegation which, by common repute, had been gotten up in the interest of Mr. Bristow, voted for Blaine; there were some of the delegation who would not sell themselves, but the body of them voted for the nomination of Mr. Blaine from first to last.

This is the first instance in my recollection of a party in any State being denied representation in a national convention, and of delegates being admitted who not only had not the shadow of legitimacy, but by their votes in the convention misrepresented their party in their State. There is no State in the Union, of which there are no Republicans are where the opinions of Republicans are more pronounced than in Alabama. In its platforms and in discussion it has ever been decided and emphatic. Embracing as it does a large body of the "old Union men" and a number of their ablest and most distinguished leaders, who have molded the policy and guided the mind of the party, they have ever been sound on the great issues which agitated the country before the war, and accepting those which sprung from the surrender in good faith and with undeviating consistency, they have maintained the civil and political equality of all men, and have advocated such a policy, National and State, as would fraternize the late discordant sections and give opportunities for advancement in education and industry to all the people of the State. These were to the Republicans of Alabama not abstract theories or speculative fancies, but practical truths whose necessity was impressed by daily observation and experience, and the efficient support of which this nation could not be pretermitted without injustice and wrong to the Republicans in the South and danger to the whole country.

In the fierce collisions which have grown out of the war, though there has been skirmishing about questions of policy, the essential battle in the South has been on fundamental principles, principles of the same import to the people of the North as to the South, but less thought of, if not less appreciated by the people of the North, because among them they were respected and acquiesced in by all. From this very acquiescence grew a disposition in the Northern mind to mistrust and disbelieve the reports of their frequent and systematic violation at the South. Men were unwilling to believe that what the Constitution ordained and the law commanded, was disregarded and trampled under foot, and that a party should openly proclaim, as was done by the Democratic press of the South, that the ordinances and statutes which enacted the civil and political equality of all men should be made dead letters, and that free suffrage should be crushed out.

It was in vain that we pointed them to State after State where there were known Republican majorities carried for the Democracy by force and fraud, that we told them that as the Republican party in each of these States was stricken down a pillar of the Union fell. In vain we warned them of a consolidated Democratic South.

It had become fashionable to decry the Southern Republican, and carpet-bagger and scalawag were as contemptuous, and the negro of as little value except to grow cotton, in the estimation of a certain class of New England Republicans as in the opinion of the most ultra scions of the chivalry. But we Republicans of the South could not ignore the actual condition of things. So intimate were the interests involved, so patent and penetrating the inflictions upon us, that the most ignorant understood the wrongs that were done and felt the necessity for relief.

In the Forty-third Congress we made the application for protection to suffrage and for the maintenance of the supremacy of the law in Alabama and other States in the South to the Republicans of the North. The measures proposed for these objects met the hearty approval and commanded the support of the majority of Republicans in that Congress, but the determined and relentless opposition of the Democracy, aided by a small body of Republicans led by Mr. Blaine, by dexterous management and the advantage which having the Speaker on their side gave them, enabled them to postpone the passage of these measures in the House of Representatives until it was too late in the session to pass them in the Senate, and they failed, and with their failure went down all reasonable hope of maintaining the Republican party in the Southern States.

Too obvious was this result, in *view* of the then recent elections in several of the Southern States, that it is difficult to resist the conclusion that Mr. Blaine and his *coterie* of Northern Republicans who opposed these measures, knew that such would be the effect, and desired to accomplish it. It was charged then against Mr. Blaine that he proposed to secure Republican success in the Presidential election this year by making it a purely sectional contest, and that to aid him in consolidating the Northern Republicans he did not desire that outrages upon Southern Republicans should be supressed, but rather that they should continue, in order that he might direct the Northern mind to them, and arouse and inflame its prejudices against the South and the Democracy, by parading before the people of the North the manner in which they treated Republicans in the South. This may have been *altruth*, but it was cold-blooded and atrocious.

We of the South, who stood by the Republican party with a fidelity unexampled, when we appealed to them to give to us the protection which the Constitution and laws guarantee to all, were told by Mr. Blaine and his followers: "It is true that outrages have been committed upon you in the South for being Republicans. We believe all that has been reported—nay, we do not believe the ninth part of what you have suffered in the South has been told; but we cannot help you." In the language of a distinguished ally of Mr. Blaine, "Let hell boil down South." It will help Northern Republicans and enable us to carry the next Presidential election by a solid Northern vote, and then we shall have control of the Government without the incumbrance and the odium of carpet-baggers, scalawags and negroes."

This programme has been fully carried out by Mr. Blaine. He seized upon the first opportunity in the present Congress, the proposal to grant amnesty to Jeff. Davis, to foist into the discussion the most irritable reminiscences of the war, "the treatment of prisoners by the respective belligerents," and by the debate stirred more of exasperate and bitter sectional hate than any event since the war. The man who could contemplate with stolid indifference hundreds and thousands of Southern Republicans sacrificed because they were Republicans, and not only fail to give, but actually oppose and defeat measures intended to give them protection, became wonderfully excited when it was proposed to go through the empty form of granting amnesty to an "old political friend," whose chief consideration grows out of the fact that he is not amnestied, and who, if amnestied, would pass into oblivion, or if remembered, would only be thought of as a calamity to his country and section.

But Mr. Blaine, aided by the accustomed fatuity of certain Southern leaders, succeeded in fanning the country into a flame, and in arraying the Northern people into a Republican phalanx almost as solid as the Democratic phalanx South. This will probably secure the success of the Republican party in the pending Presidential contest, and for many successive contests, but the result will find the two sections, North and South, arrayed against each other just as they were before the war. The advantages of this combination to the North will be so obvious that the people of that section will be little likely to give it up while the acrimony of party feeling, and the selfish aims of demagogues inflaming the popular mind in both sections will perpetrate the condition and the selfish in the hot-bed of political strife the permanent ascendency in the Federal Government of one section and the exclusion of the other.

In the North the South will lose her allies, and in the South the North will have no friends. Inequality and injustice, and in the end oppression, are sure to follow, and then another civil war. The former success and inflated with prosperity, regards such apprehensions as these with incredulity or indifference; but they should not overlook the fact that in 1861 the South precipitated war upon a mere question of expediency, and that in the institution which provoked that war only 400,000 out of 8,000,000 of people were interested, but that in any renewal of the contest it will be on the part of the South a fight against oppression, and that 15,000,000 of people, inhabiting 900,000 square miles of contiguous territory, fighting for liberty, have never been conquered. I could easily follow up this train of thought with other considerations which should be pondered by every one who desires peace or hopes that our national unity may be preserved; but my object is to incite thought and direct attention to it, rather than to discuss a subject in its dimensions so far beyond the compass of a letter.

This is the outlook of the future from the present aspect of things under the auspices and leadership of Mr. Blaine and those who acted with him, both Republicans and Democrats, in defeating the measures in the Forty-third Congress for the protection of Republicans in the South. Had those measures passed the success of the Republican nominees in the approaching Presidential contest would have been equally assured, but in every other respect how different would be our condition? Instead of an unbroken chain of Democratic States in the South the Republican party would have carried in the Presidential election Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Florida, North and South Carolina, and would have made a strong fight with formidable numbers in Georgia, Arkansas, Virginia, Tennessee and Texas. It would have controlled six Southern States, and would have permeated the entire South with a spirit of loyalty to Republican principles and to the nation. In political contests there would have been in the one million voters who would have stood by the Union, by the Constitution, by the principles of the Declaration of Independence and by the whole country with unfaultering constancy. The battle would have been general, not sectional; the contest would have been upon principles, not prejudices, and the victory, if won, could not have been claimed as a Federal victory; the defeat, if sustained, could not have been pointed at as a Confederate defeat. The division would have been upon party, not upon sectional lines, and the tendency of the promiscuous conflict, penetrating all parts of the Republic, would have been to unification, not as now it will be, to disintegration.

The greatest evil which has afflicted our country in the past is this sectional antagonism, and it is the greatest danger in the future. Having once culminated in war, its tendency to return to that issue is alike suggested by reason and confirmed by experience. Indeed, if we are guided by experience, it may be regarded as inevitable. There is in history no instance in which one great civil war has not been followed by another, and in most cases by a number of others. The superficial view assumes that slavery was the cause of the war, and that being abolished, there is no further cause for war. Slavery was simply the material interest around which conflicting opinions collided, and, though in different form, yet material interests of the North and the South are geographically aligned and antagonized with as much distinctness now as they were upon the question of slavery. Cotton was the first cause of dissension, and prompted the first effort at disunion on the part of the South, and this plainly led to the catastrophe of 1861. Cotton remains, and will continue to be the great staple product of the South. With these, and other fruitful sources of discontent in the South which have grown out of the changed condition since the war, with the inevitable irritations and animosities which the war produced in both sections, it requires no unusual political sagacity to comprehend that the situation is perilous in the extreme, and requires vigilant and state-manlike economy to prevent a recurrence of troubles more involved and more formidable than any through which the nation has yet passed.

The condition of the country after the war was in some respects peculiarly felicitous for reuniting and making strong and enduring the bonds of the restored Union. The party which had involved the nation in war was in as bad odor in the South as at the North. Secession was regarded as dead, and the theory of State rights and State sovereignty from which it sprung was silenced, and the emancipated slaves constituting a larger portion of the Southern people, looked to the General Government for protection, and regarded the Union with the devotion of a people who felt that in the struggle for its preservation their chains had been loosened and they made free. Upon their fidelity the nation could depend, and in the combination of this new Union element with the old Union men of the South rested the safe, certain and happy solution of the great problem of a restored and permanent Union. But to accomplish this it was manifest that the freedmen and white Republicans in the South must be allowed to vote freely, and elections must be fairly conducted. To achieve this, the first important political right in a free, popular government, the measures to which I have referred were introduced into the Forty-third Congress, and were opposed and defeated by Mr. Blaine. He opposed free suffrage; he opposed laws for the prevention of frauds in elections; he united with his and our political foes in trampling under foot the most sacred rights of American freemen, and through broken pledges and a violated constitution, against the protestations of a large majority of Northern Republicans in Congress, he turned over the Republican party of the South to the tender mercies of the Kuklux Democracy and annihilation. This is the man to whom the bogus delegates of the Alabama convention of the 16th of May voted themselves, and the man for whom nearly all of them voted, from first to last as the candidate for the Presidency in the Cincinnati convention. In this they misrepresented the Republican party of Alabama. Mr. Blaine's course in regard to Southern Republicans is well understood in Alabama; and he was almost universally reprobated and repudiated by Republicans in the State, as recreant and false to the cardinal principles of the party, and unworthy of the high position which a selfish and reckless ambition prompted him to seek.

Mr. Blaine is a shrewd politician, an expert parliamentary tactician, and an able debater, full of energy and resolution, with the audacity and self-reliance which success inspires; but his capacities rotate in a small circle, and he has neither the spirit of the patriot nor the comprehension of the liberal and enlightened statesman. This ocean-bound Republic is too large for him, and you and I have some compensation for the injury done to the Republican party in Alabama, in denying them representation in the national convention, in the reflection that the expulsion of our delegates had no small share in defeating the nomination of such a man for the Presidency, and who, judging the future by the past, had he been elected President, would have used the power of that great office to finish what he has so effectively begun, the extermination of the Republican party in the South.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
ALEX. WHITE.

North Alabama

AN ENCOURAGING LETTER FROM AN OLD CITIZEN.

JACKSON CO., ALA., July 11th.

To the Editor of the Journal.—I have just returned home and find your reminder of the expiration of subscription. Send the JOURNAL on. I do not wish to miss a single copy of it. I prize it too highly, and my neighbors rush for it constantly. We are making a good canvass up here; and there is some hope of carrying this Senatorial District.

We do not know anything of Governor Smith & Co., up here—except as they hurt us in the State. We could have carried the State very easy if Rice and Smith had been content to sustain the Republican party. It is our judgment that they bolted and organized a split to aid the Democracy as that party speaks flatteringly of them, and encourages them to stick. The Democrats up here say that Rice and Smith are as good allies as they want to help them in the "negro belt;" but that they do them no good up in this section where Republicans are all one way, viz: against the Smith revolution.

Hayes and Wheeler give entire satisfaction to the people here. Numbers of Democrats say that they don't care much now about the Presidential election, and will not take any active part in it. This is a good sign. The bitterness seems to have oozed out of our canvass now, and it is not uncommon to hear old Democrats congratulating each other that the Republicans have made splendid nominations at Cincinnati. If Rice and Smith will step aside we can carry Alabama handsomely. Their split wont hurt us any up here, no way. Pursue the even tenor of your way. The JOURNAL is making a splendid campaign paper.

Yours in the bonds,
AJAX.

Centennial Greeting From Italy.

The President has received the following letter of congratulation from His Majesty the King of Italy, on the occasion of the Centennial celebration:

By the Grace of God and the Will of the Nation, Victor Emanuel, King of Italy, to the President of the United States of America Greeting.

MY VERY DEAR AND GOOD FRIEND.—Upon the day on which the Great American Republic celebrates the Centennial anniversary of its existence, it is our desire to address our congratulations and those of our people to you personally and to the nation over which you preside, and which with admirable ability you have succeeded in directing to its noble destiny. Neither the distance which separates us nor any difference of race will ever weaken in us and in our people that firm friendship which unites us with the brave American nation, with which for a hundred years Italy has had relations productive of mutual esteem. We are inclined to convey to you these sentiments so much the more readily because the purpose of more worthily celebrating the memorable day by the monster exhibition at Philadelphia you were pleased to invite to the festival all nations of the earth. Accept the assurance of our highest esteem and friendship, together with the prayers which we offer to God that He may have you, my very dear friend, in His holy keeping.

Given at Rome on the 11th of June, 1876.
Your good friend, VICTOR EMMANUEL.
[Countersigned] MELLIORA.

BEATTY PIANO.

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

From the Hon. G. R. Carter, publisher "Southern Ægis," Ashville, Ala.

"We have received from the manufacturer, Daniel F. Beatty, one of his square pianos. It is a thing of beauty, but not more exquisite to the eye is the finish of its workmanship, than charming to the ear is the sweetness of its melody. The piano combines the highest excellencies of which all the first class manufacturers of musical instruments can. To all who wish to invest in a first class piano we have no hesitancy in advising them to send the money directly to Mr. Beatty. We speak from actual experiment, and it is with pleasure we give the evidence of the reliability of Mr. Beatty and his instruments."

Best offer ever given. Money refunded upon return of Piano and freight charges paid by me. Daniel F. Beatty. Both ways if unsatisfactory, after a test trial of five days. Pianos warranted for six years.

Agents wanted everywhere. Send stamp for catalogue. For circular giving Faculty and expenses, address

R. H. RAWLINGS, M. A., Principal.

Albemarle Female Institute

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA.

Nineteenth annual session begins first of September. For circular giving Faculty and expenses, address

R. H. RAWLINGS, M. A., Principal.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Expressly for the State Journal by the Southern and Atlantic Telegraph Line.

WASHINGTON.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The chair laid before the Senate a message from the President in answer to a resolution of that body, transmitting reports of Gen. Sherman and Brigadier General Terry, in relation to the condition of affairs with the Sioux Indians.

Several private bills were reported and placed on the calendar.

The Senate then proceeded with the impeachment trial. After some discussion on the question of postponement on account of the absence of the witness Evans, the court, at 12:35 p. m., adjourned until to-morrow, and legislative business was resumed.

Mr. Frelinghuysen moved that the Senate further insist on the amendment to the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill, and that a new conference be granted.

The morning hour having expired on motion of Mr. Allison the business was laid aside, and the Senate proceeded to the consideration of the river and harbor appropriation bill. He said the bill as it came from the House appropriated $5,872,556, and the committee had added $39,314, with a view to keep appropriations down. The committee had struck out many small items either inadequate for the proposed work, or that could be postponed while they had increased some others, believing the larger sum necessary for the economical performance of the work. The amendments were then acted upon seriatim.

Mr. Ferry opposed the amendment striking out certain appropriations for harbors in Michigan, and the Senate rejected the first one, viz: The harbor of Frankfort, Michigan, for which the House had appropriated five thousand dollars.

Mr. Conkling gave notice that he would move to reconsider the vote by which certain appropriations for improvement in New York waters which were on recommendation of the committee stricken out. This gave rise to a very general discussion on the bill the part of the committee, that it was better to make no appropriation where the sum named was wholly inadequate to the work than to appropriate a small amount to expenditures which would result in no permanent good.

The amendments reducing Sandusky City harbor appropriation from $30,000 to $25,000 and Cleveland harbor from $75,000 to $50,000 were resisted by Messrs. Thurman and Cameron, and non-concurred in, by a vote of 21 to 26.

The amendment striking out the appropriation of $10,000 for a breakwater at New Haven was opposed by Mr. Eaton and non-concurred in. The bill was temporarily laid aside, and the House bill appropriating $200,000 for military posts of the Yellowstone and Muscleshell rivers, was taken up and passed without being referred to a committee.

The consideration of the river and harbor bill was resumed. The following amendments striking out were non-concurred in, and the appropriations reinserted for the improvement of Taunton river was $5,000, improvement of the harbor of Fall river, $10,000, improvement of the harbor of New Bedford, $10,003, improvement of the Merrimac river, $10,000.

On motion of Mr. Ingalls, at 5 p. m. the Senate adjourned.

House.

On motion of Mr. Clarke, of Missouri, the Senate amendments to the bill revising the postal code were concurred in.

Mr. Mackey, of Pennsylvania, offered a joint resolution for the adjournment of Congress on the 25th inst. Referred to Ways and Means Committee.

Mr. Thompson, of Massachusetts, from Committee on Elections, submitted a report in the contested election case from the second South Carolina district declaring neither Butts, the contestant, nor Mackey, the sitting member, entitled to the seat. The report was ordered printed.

Mr. Hoar submitted a report from the conference Committee on the silver bill, and proceed to explain the action of the committee.

The following is the letter of the President on the action of the ex-Secretary:

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
WASHINGTON, July 12, 1876.

Hon. B. S. Bristow—Dear Sir: Through the press I learn that the committee of Congress investing the whisky frauds have summoned you as a witness, and that you, with great propriety, as I think, have declined to testify, claiming that what occurs in Cabinet between a member and the Executive, officially, is privileged, and that a committee of Congress has no right to demand an answer. I appreciate the position you have assumed on this question, but beg to relieve you from all obligations as Secretary on this subject, and desire, not only that you may answer all questions asked relating to it, but wish that all members and ex-members of my Cabinet, since I have been President, may also be called upon to testify in regard to the same matter.

With great respect, your obedient servant,
U. S. GRANT.

The conference on the part of both Houses of Congress to-day agreed on the sundry civil appropriation bill, with the exception of the registration clause. That point will be settled in open Senate and House. The report will be made to the House to-day.

The committee on banking and currency met to-day, but again postponed a vote on the repeal of the specie resumption act until Monday.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 12.—At a meeting of the Eastern railroad board of stockholders at the Corunt Hotel, to-day, Mr. Jewett, receiver of the road, made a statement of its condition. He said that the plan of reorganization submitted by Sir Edward Mathews, at a meeting of the stockholders on June 23d, was approved, but he asked that one more coupon be funded, and a few other concessions made. He proposed to try a third rail from New York to Buffalo, to gradually wear out the old equipment, and to replace with narrow gauge equipment. Mr. Jewett's statement was well received. Sir Edward Mathews offered a resolution assuring Mr. Jewett support and approving the scheme with the modification desired by the committee.

Accounts from the manufacturing and mining districts, continue to be burdened with complaints of the business depression. The employers are taking measures everywhere to reduce wages or to extend the working hours. The workmen in some districts are preparing to strike. It is feared that great strikes will be the result.

The final correspondence between the United States and Great Britain on the extradition question, including Earl Derby's note of June 30, to Secretary Fish, is published.

A dispatch to the Reuter Telegram Co., from Vienna says Austria notified her local authorities yesterday that the port of Kleck and all other land and sea frontier surrounding the insurrectionary district will henceforward be closed. The Turkish ambassador had a lengthy interview with Count Andrassy on the subject yesterday.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Castle Garden is to be rebuilt at once. It will be made only one story high instead of two.

A delegation consisting of thirty three French workingmen arrived here to day from Lyons, France, on the steamer St. Lawrence. They were entertained by French societies and visited Central Park. They leave for Philadelphia to-night.

To day has been another day of almost intolerable heat, the mercury reaching 98 in the shade. Seven deaths are reported to-day, and many prostrations.

Thos. O'Neil, a police captain, of St. Louis, now on a visit here, has been rendered insensible by the heat.

SARATOGA, July 13.—Gov. Tilden and Gov. Hendricks, both arrived at Saratoga to-day, the former taking up his headquarters at the United States hotel, the latter at the Grand Union.

Hon. John Bigelow, Mr. Tilden's Secretary of State, and other prominent politicians are here.

SCHENECTADY, July 13.—Hon. Thos. A. Hendricks arrived here last night from the West and left this morning for Saratoga.

NEW JERSEY.

NEWARK, July 13.—A fearful riot occurred here in River street this morning, resulting in the killing of a policeman, the wounding of another, and the cold-blooded murder of an employe of T. W. Dawson & Co. Two other employes were wounded. The police had attempted to arrest three brothers, named Fieldham, when they resisted and one of them shot officer Dickerson in the lungs, and officer Elsden through the body. The latter died instantly. The desperadoes then ran to Dawson's tannery and commenced firing at random. One man, Charles Fischer, was murdered, and John Alberts, another employer, was shot through the heart and killed. The murderers then tried to escape across the canal and plunged into the water. A number of tanners from the shop charged them and stoned them until they sunk. Officer Dickerson is in a critical condition, with little hope of recovery. The bodies of the murderers have not been recovered.

NEBRASKA.

OMAHA, July 13.—A dispatch from Fort Fetterman last night says there is no word of truth in the rumor of Gen. Crooke's fight with the Indians, and defeat by them, that all sort of rumors are afloat which are contradicted by the officers, and that nothing has been heard from Gen. Crooke for the past ten days. A courier is expected daily.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, July 13.—The Fremdenblat reiterates the statement that Austria has closed the harbor of Kleck against the Turks.

MINNESOTA.

ST. PAUL, July 13.—The Republicans of the first district have nominated Mark H. Dunnell for reelection to Congress.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, July 13.—Major P. Old, brother of General Old, and Lieutenant of the nineteenth infantry, was killed at San Antonio, on Sunday, by being thrown from a runaway carriage and striking his head on a stone, fracturing his skull.

To the Working Class.—We can furnish employment at which you can make very large pay, in your own localities, without being away from home over night. Agents wanted in every town and county to take subscribers for the Centennial Record, the largest paid edition in the United States—16 pages, 64 columns. Elegantly Illustrated. Terms only $1 per year. The Record devoted to whatever is of interest connected with the Centennial year. The Great Exhibition at Philadelphia is fully illustrated in detail. Everybody wants it. The whole people feel great interest in their Country's Centennial Birthday, and want to know all about it. An elegant patriotic crayon drawing representing picture is presented free to each subscriber. It is entitled, "In remembrance of the One Hundredth Anniversary of the Independence of the United States." Size, 22 by 30 inches. Any one can become a successful agent, for we show the paper and picture and hundreds of cash orders are easily obtained everywhere. There is no business that will pay like this at present. We have many agents who are making as high as $5 per day and upwards. Now is the time. Don't delay. Remember a month is nothing to give the paper a fair trial. Send for our circulars, terms, and sample copy of paper, which are sent free to all who apply; do it to-day. Complete outfit free to those who decide to engage. Farmers and mechanics, and sons and daughters make the very best of agents. Address,

THE CENTENNIAL RECORD, Portland, Me. 6-20-4mos

PRICES REDUCED. Best Quality CHEMICAL FOOD. Only 15 cents per pound. CENTENNIAL YEAR. OTIS M. EVANS, 20 Fifth Street, Cincinnati, O. Patents and Market rights, Huntsville, Ky.

$10 to 25 per Day The Farmers Home and other papers contain articles on COFFEE for Farmers to make at home. Send for an article on STAPLE & COFFEE for Farmers and Particulars Free. Address THE CENTENNIAL CO., St. Louis, Mo.

Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

JULY 13.—Our market to-day is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary	8½@	8¾
Good Ordinary	9¼@	—
Strict Good Ordinary	10 @	—
Low Middling	10½@	—
Middling	11¾@	—

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.]

Bacon—C R Sides	12¾@		—
" Shoulders	10¼@		—
Bulk—C R Sides	11¾@		—
" Shoulders	9¾@		—
Plain Sugar-cured Hams	— @		—
" "	15 @		18¾
Lard—Choice, in tierces	13¼@		13¾
" " " ½ bbls	14¼@		14¾
" " " kegs	14¾@		15
" " " buckets	3 15 @	3 25	
Sugar—Snow White	11 @		—
" W. C.	10¼@		10¾
" Y. C.	10¼@		10¾
" Strictly Choice	10¼@		10¾
" Prime	9¾@		9¾
" Fair	8¾@		9
Molasses—Choice	6 @		70
" Prime	50 @		55
" Fair	45 @		50
" Common	35 @		40
Coffee—Choice	25 @		—
" Prime	22 @		24¾
" Fair	21 @		23¾
" Common	20 @		20¾
Rice—Choice	8 @		8¾
" Prime	7 @		7¾
" Fair	6½@		7
Flour—Fancy	8 00 @	8 50	
" Choice	7 50 @	7 75	
" Family	6 25 @	7 00	
" Superfine	5 00 @	5 50	
" Common	4 75 @	5 00	
Tobacco	42 @	1 00	
Whisky—Rectified	1 08 @	1 35	
" Better Grades	1 40 @	2 50	
Wine—Port and Sherry	1 25 @	2 00	
" Claret	5 50 @	6 00	
Brandies	4 1 25 @	2 50	
" French	3 00 @	10 00	
" Peach and Apple	2 00 @	3 50	
Gin	1 40 @	2 25	
" in cases	6 50 @	7 00	
Beer in bottles, per doz	1 65 @	1 75	
" in kegs	3 50 @	—	
Cigars, per thousand	18 00 @	60 00	
CASE GOODS—			
Oysters, 1 lb cans, per doz	90 @	1 00	
" 2 " "	1 75 @	2 00	
Fresh Peaches, 2 lb cans, per doz	2 00 @	2 50	
Brandy Peaches, per case	4 00 @	4 25	
" " 1 dozen	4 25 @	4 50	
Sardines, ¼ boxes, " "	18 00 @	16 50	
Condensed Milk, " "	11 00 @	12 00	
Assort Powders, per doz	5 00 @	6 00	
Pickles, qual's, " "	5 00 @	6 00	
" " " "	3 75 @	4 50	
" ½ " "	2 50 @	2 00	
" ¼ " "	1 50 @	2 00	
Soda, in kegs, " lb	5½@	6	
" " bxs, " "	6¾@	7½	
Potash, " doz	5 50 @	6 50	
Candles, full weight, per lb	16½@	17¾	
Soaps, "	5 @	7½	
Starch, "	5½@	7½	
Salt, Liverpool, per sack	1 25 @	1 40	
" Fine Liverpool	1 00 @	—	
" Virginia, "	2 10 @	2 25	
Drop Shot	2 50 @	—	
Buck Shot	2 75 @	—	
Powder, " keg	5 75 @	6 25	
Nails, standard rate, per keg	3 50 @	—	
Snuff—Maccaboy, Lorillard's	80 @	—	
" Miller's	70 @	—	
Gail & Ax	70 @	—	
Scotch, per gross	9 00 @	—	
Garrett's, per doz	4 75 @	—	
Ink, per case	1 50 @	—	
Washtubs, per dozen	1 25 @	3 00	
Ground Spices	1 00 @	1 25	
" Pepper	1 00 @	1 25	
" Ginger	1 00 @	1 25	
" Allspice	1 00 @	1 25	
" Cloves	1 00 @	1 25	
" Cinnamon	1 00 @	—	
Percussion Caps	65 @	80	
C. D. "	45 @	—	
Toilet Soaps, box	1 75 @	2 75	
Tinning, box	50 @	1 00	
Smoking Tobacco	50 @	60	
Pens	75 @	1 25	
Wampoo Bitters	6 50 @	—	
Diamond Gin	5 50 @	—	
Plantation Bitters	8 50 @	—	
Hostetter's Bitters	8 50 @	12 50	
Rhine Wines	75 @	—	
Wrapping Paper, Large	65 @	—	
" Do	55 @	—	
" Medium	50 @	—	
" Small	40 @	—	
Nutmegs	1 50 @	—	
Brooms	2 25 @	3 50	

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Money closed at 2. Gold 111¾. Stocks dull.

COTTON.

Spot cotton to-day closed steady: Middling Orleans 11 13-16c; middling Alabama, 11¾c; middling upland, 11¾c; strict low middling upland, 11¾c; low middling upland, 11 11-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10¾c; good ordinary upland 9 15-16c; ordinary upland, 8 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed quiet; sales 2,500 bales, at the following quotations:

August	11 21-32@11 13-16
July	11 25-32@11 27-32
September	11 1-16@11 31-32
October	11 25-32@ —
November	11 25-32@11 11-16
December	11 7-32@11 11-16

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 13.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands, 6d; middling Orleans, 6 1-8d; sales to-day 6,000 bales, of which 1000 bales are for export and speculation; receipts —— bales, American —— bales.

SAVANNAH, July 13.—Receipts 35, gross 417, exports to Great Britain ——; sales ——; stock 1, 615; price of middlings, 10½c; market quiet.

NEW ORLEANS, July 13.—Net receipts 150, gross 270; exports to Great Britain ——; coast ——; sales 500; stock 55,281; price of middlings 11¼c; low middlings 10¾c; good ordinary 9¾c market quiet.

WILMINGTON, July 13.—Net receipts 17; sales ——; stock 656; price of middlings 10¾c; market steady.

MOBILE, July 13.—Net receipts 25; exports to Great Britain ——, coast 50; sales 100; stock 4,690; price of middlings 10¾c, low middlings 10c, good ordinary 8½c; market weak.

NORFOLK, July 13.—Net receipts 9; sales ——; stock 2,295; price of middlings 11—; market quiet.

GALVESTON, July 13.—Net receipts 71, gross 74; sales 71; stock 6,859; price of middling 11¼c; market dull.

BOSTON, July 13.—Net receipts 184, gross 320, exports to Great Britain ——; sales ——; stock 15,934; price of middlings 12c; market quiet.

CHARLESTON, July 13.—Net receipts 23; sales 150; stock 4,310; price of middlings 11¾c; market quiet.

PHILADELPHIA, July 13.—Net receipts 196; gross 245; sales ——; price of middlings 11¾c; market quiet.

PROVIDENCE, July 13.—Stock 15,000 bales.

BALT

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

FRIDAY, JULY 14, 1876.

Campaign Breezes.

Tildens's skill as a Cabinet maker will never be tested.

Peter Cooper says no other candidate can hurt his chances.

They do say that Sam Tilden fell in love once and never got over it. It was with his bank account.

The Burlington Gazette declares that the nomination of Tilden will defeat the Democracy in every Congressional district in Iowa.

Tilden was Attorney for Oakes Ames' Credit Mobilier speculation. The latter swore to this fact under oath before the Congressional committee.

Republicans in California and Nevada desire their States to be taken out of the "doubtful" column and ranged with those conceded to Hayes and Wheeler.

"Sooch a letle man is "Zammy Teelden for President!" exclaimed Dom Pedro, bringing a magnifying glass to bear on the Governor. "Some day he falls into ze rathole and gets lost."

Martin Van Buren was a very smart lawyer and a very cunning politician, but a certain General Harrison, an Ohio man, by the way, beat him all to pieces in the race for the Presidency. History repeats itself.

We have some old testimony from Boston going to show that Sam Tilden is a soft money man at heart. We hope so. Evidence of this kind should be well circulated in Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

No decision that Governor Hendricks has ever made has won him so much notoriety as has his indecision on the Vice-Presidency question. It is a remarkable case of a small fish nibbling at a big bait—a sucker, as it were, playing with a bass hook.

Ex-Governor John M. Palmer, of Illinois, declares himself entirely satisfied with the St. Louis ticket, thinks it a strong one, and promises to support it. Ex-Senator Lyman Trumbull is of a similar mind, and offers his services to the Democratic managers.

One hundred years ago the Adams's Sam and John, were the leading spirits of the Revolution. Honored be their name to-day! And the name of Adams is still a power in the land, though not so popular as it was in the early times. But that is Sam Bowlie's fault.

Judge Kelly having declared unconditionally for the Cincinnati ticket, his constituents renominated him for Congress by acclamation. They did well. Judge Kelley is an able man, conscientious, and has ever been true to the great principles upon which the Republican party is founded. There is no doubt about his election.

As in the case of Van Buren, so in that of Tilden, New York, is matched against Ohio. The fate of the cunning lawyer who was then beaten by the noble Buckeye suggests the manner in which Tilden will come out of the canvass. This is the first time a Wall street lawyer has been named for the chief office of our Republic.

Hartford Post: "Governor Hendricks roosted on the fence a little too long. He hoped to win the favor of both factions in his party, and now finds himself mounted behind his chief opponent. If he had any spirit he would refuse to stand, but he has never yet shown firmness of purpose, and he will doubtless trot along in the position assigned him."

I think he (Tilden) cannot carry New York. Those who claim that he is unassailable do not know him, or, if they do, then they are quite as dishonest as he is. He has been counsel for all the broken-down corporations with which New York has been afflicted for a long term of years, and out of them he has not come with clean hands.—August Belmont

In spite of the business depression, the surplus revenue of the Government for the fiscal year which has just closed is $29,249,381; only a trifle less than the full requirement of the sinking fund for the extinguishment of the debt. That is not a bad showing, and does not justify the dolorous pictures which Mr. Tilden and other Democratic politicians are drawing for political effect.

Governor Tilden has lived sixty-three years, and by his action that the female sex has no charms for him. Unless we are greatly deceived the ladies have ways of making themselves potent at the ballot-box, and they will be apt to resent this indignity. We had an old bachelor for President once in the person of James Buchanan, and he was not so conspicuous a success that we need wish to repeat the experiment.

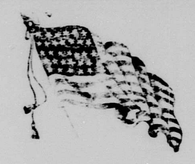
The latest and best suggestion for a Republican candidate for Governor in New York next fall comes from the Graphic, as follows: "William M. Evarts would make an admirable Governor of the State of New York. He comes of historic blood and has a reputation second to none of the able lawyers of the country. He would strengthen the Republican ticket and be a very hard man to beat. We make this suggestion to the Republican leaders so that the matter may be thought over before the State convention meets. We presume that Lieutenant Governor Dorsheimer will be the nominee of the Democratic party for Governor. He showed unsuspected ability at the St. Louis Convention, and Governor Tilden owes a good deal to his manipulation of that stormy body."

Mr. John D. Defrees, of Indiana, a warm supporter of Mr. Greeley, in 1872, has written a letter in favor of Hayes and Wheeler, in which he says: "The man, his character, his views of public policy, and his ability to perform the duties of the positions to which he is called, is the only platform of real value. Judged by these considerations, Governor Hayes stands pre-eminent before the American people. A patriot, as shown by his services in the field; an honest and capable man, as shown by his whole private and public life; a man of most undoubted morals, and a gentleman by instinct and cultivation, he cannot fail to adorn the great office should he be elected to the Presidency. Mr. Wheeler, the candidate for Vice President, is a man of like character and ability, and should it so happen that he shall be called upon to perform the duties of the first position there will be no failure on his part."

THE Brooklyn Argus, a Democratic journal, gives the following damaging analysis of Tilden's character: "Governor Tilden's advocacy of 'hard money' is as insincere as are any of his other positions. As a reformer Governor Tilden is a fraud; as a business man he is badly smirched; as a hard money man he is without convictions; as an advertising adventurer and suborner of the press he is impudent; and as a political trickster he is a disgrace. He is willing to talk about national honor, and advocate hard money at the East, while violating the laws of the country and issuing an illegal currency in the West. He bid loudly for reform support throughout the State by attacking Dennison in Syracuse, and Lord in Rochester, where the Democrats have no strength, while bargaining with ring scoundrels in Albany, New York, and Brooklyn, where the Democratic machine is powerful."

THE difference between Tilden and Hayes was strikingly exemplified in the way each received the news of his nomination for the Presidency. Governor Hayes behaved like a modest gentleman, Gov. Tilden like a mountebank who had just received a large order for his quack medicines. The people wanted reform, said Mr. Tilden, and they have come to the right shop for it. I am the only patentee of the original article, warranted to cure the most desperate cases.—New Haven Palladium.

Union Republican Ticket.



FOR GOVERNOR:
C. C. SHEATS, of Morgan.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
THOS. T. ALLINGTON, of Lauderdale.

FOR AUDITOR:
GEORGE P. PLOWMAN, of Talladega.

FOR TREASURER:
BENJ. M. LONG, of Walker.

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL:
ROB'T S. HEFLIN, of Randolph.

FOR SUP'T OF EDUCATION:
P. J. GLOVER, of Marengo.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:
L. C. COULSON, of Jackson,
CHAS. E. MAYER, of Mobile.

District Electors.

FIRST DISTRICT—Lou H Mayer of Mobile.

SECOND DISTRICT—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.

THIRD DISTRICT—P G Clarke of Barbour.

FOURTH DISTRICT — J T Rapier of Lowndes.

FIFTH DISTRICT—S S Booth of Autauga.

SIXTH DISTRICT—A B Hays, of Winston.

SEVENTH DISTRICT—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.

EIGHTH DISTRICT—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

Regular State Executive Committee.

Chas E Mayer Chairman; George Turner, Secretary.

First District—C S Wood, Allen Alexander.

Second District—William M Loftin, Frenchard Gray

Third District—W H Black, Philip King.

Fourth District—M G Candee, H Cochran.

Fifth District—Wm J Boon, J H Alston.

Sixth District — Charles Hays, C C Sheats.

Seventh District—Arthur Bingham, H L Watlington.

Eighth District—George E. Spencer, Z E Thomas.

Regular Ticket of Montgomery County.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

CHARLES STEELE.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

T. C. BINGHAM, W. H. CRUSIUS,
J. K. GREENE, J. K. P. LUCAS.

Regular County Executive Committee.

PAUL STROBACH, Chairman. T. C. BINGHAM, Secretary.

Clark Evans, Charles Loper,
W. M. Loftin, Geo. Allen,
W. J. Maxwell, Ab Davis,
Wm. Anthony, Br. McDaniel,
Thos. Oliver, Chas. Johnson,
Aug. Montgomery, Jos. Barnett,
Randall Chilton, Parrish Phillips,
John Breckenridge.

PLATFORM
—OF THE—
REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections State and Federal, announce as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men is the fundamental principle of our government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperiling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the cordial recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing intolerance, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and action, in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and antipaties, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the States and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one as indestructible, the other as indissolable.

5th. The preservation and maintainance of the Republican party in the Southern States, as a safeguard against sectionalism, and the strongest guaranty of an inviolate union.

Resolved 1st, That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has carried the nation through a period of unprecedented difficulties and trials with safety and success, and has won for the President a renown as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd, That we deplore the divisions in our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies, and that now, as in the past, we are ready and desirous of healing these divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse to its energies or hope to its future, since the war, and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

ALEX WHITE, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 15th, 1876.)

When, in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved these governments to the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.' Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously enforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitution al amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts as to its purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin. Commmercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the many important amendments effected by Republican Legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congess to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who periled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We therefore note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts as its chief hope of success on the electoral vote of a united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation; we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil the national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason; with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes; with reasserting and applauding in the National Capitol the sentiments of unrepented rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan mis management and obstruction of investigation; with proving itself, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and immense services in war and in peace.

National Republican Platform Adopted at Cincinnati, June, 1876.

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league.

2. The work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. To every American citizen, complete liberty and exact equality.

4. Steady progress towards specie payment.

5. Appointments selected with sole reference to efficiency and faithful service to the country.

6. Punishment to all who betray official trust.

7. The Public School system is the bulwark of the American republic, and for its security the application of public funds to sectarian schools should be forbidden.

8. Revenue MUST be derived from duties on importation.

9. No grants of public lands to corporations and monopolies.

10. The same protection to adopted American citizens as to native-born.

11. Duty of Congress to investigate the Chinese puzzles.

12. Woman's rights to be respected.

13. Polygamy to be prohibited and extirpated.

14. The nation's pledges to soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled.

15. The Democratic party count on a united South arrayed against the nation.

16. The Democratic party is the same in character and spirit as when in sympathy with treason.

17. Hearty gratitude of the American people to President Grant and his administration, and for his immense services in war and in peace.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

THE MILD POWER
CURES
HUMPHREYS'
HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS

Been in general use for twenty years. Everywhere proved the most SAFE, SIMPLE, ECONOMICAL and EFFICIENT medicines known. They are just what the people want, saving time and money averting sickness and suffering. Each single specific the well tried prescription of an eminent physician.

Nos.	Cures.	Cents.
1.	**Fevers,** Congestion, Inflammations,	50
2.	**Worms,** Worm Fever, Worm Colic,	50
3.	**Crying-Colic,** or Teething of Infants,	50
4.	**Diarrhœa,** of Children or Adults,	50
5.	**Dysentery,** Griping, Bilious Colic,	50
6.	**Cholera-Morbus,** Vomiting,	50
7.	**Coughs,** Colds, Bronchitis,	50
8.	**Neuralgia,** Toothache, Faceache,	50
9.	**Headaches,** Sick Headache, Vertigo,	50
10.	**Dyspepsia,** Bilious Stomach,	50
11.	**Suppressed,** or Painful Periods,	50
12.	**Whites,** too Profuse Periods,	50
13.	**Croup,** Cough, Difficult Breathing,	50
14.	**Salt Rheum,** Erysipelas, Eruptions,	50
15.	**Rheumatism,** Rheumatic Pains,	50
16.	**Fever and Ague,** Chill Fever, Agues,	50
17.	**Piles,** blind or bleeding,	50
18.	**Ophthalmy,** and Sore or Weak Eyes,	50
19.	**Catarrh,** Acute or Chronic Influenza,	50
20.	**Whooping-Cough,** Violent Coughs,	50
21.	**Asthma,** Oppressed Breathing,	50
22.	**Ear Discharges,** Impaired Hearing,	50
23.	**Scrofula,** Enlarged Glands, Swellings,	50
24.	**General** Debility, Physical Weakness,	50
25.	**Dropsy** and Scanty Secretions,	50
26.	**Sea-Sickness,** Sickness from Riding,	50
27.	**Kidney-Disease,** Gravel,	50
28.	**Nervous Debility,** Seminal Weakness,	1.00
	or Involuntary Discharges,	50
29.	**Sore Mouth,** Canker,	50
30.	**Urinary Weakness,** Wetting the Bed,	50
31.	**Painful Periods,** with Spasms,	1.00
32.	**Sufferings** at Change of Life,	1.00
33.	**Epilepsy,** Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	1.00
34.	**Diphtheria,** Ulcerated Sore Throat,	50
35.	**Chronic Congestions** and Eruptions,	50

FAMILY CASES.

Case (Morocco) with above **35 large** vials and Manual of Directions, $10 00
Case (Morocco) of 20 large vials and Book, 6 00
Case (Morocco) of 10 vials and Book, 3 00
These remedies are sent by the case or single vial to any part of the country, free of charge, on receipt of price. Address
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Office and Depot, No. 562 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
For Sale by all Druggists.

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No. 37 Court Place,
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A regularly educated and legally qualified physician, and the most successful, as his practice will prove. Cures all forms of Private, Chronic and Sexual Diseases. Spermatorrhœa and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth or sexual excesses in maturer years or other causes, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, etc., rendering marriage unhappy or improper, are thoroughly and permanently cured. Syphilis positively cured and entirely eradicated from the system. Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Piles and other Private Diseases quickly cured. Patients treated by mail or express. Consultation free and invited; charges reasonable, and correspondence strictly confidential.

A PRIVATE CONSULTON of 160 pages, sent to any address (securely sealed) for thirty (30) cents. Should be read by all. Address as above. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m., Sundays 2 to 4 p. m.
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Established in 1856.

The best and most lasting parlor organ now in use. No other parlor organ has ever attained the same popularity.

It has been tested by thousands, many of them competent judges, and gives universal satisfaction to all.

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This organ needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and is sold at extremely low figures for cash. Second-hand instruments taken in exchange.

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Address, DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.

GIVEN AWAY To agents and others, male and female, a $50 secret, and beautifully illustrated 100-page Novelty Catalogue. R. F. Young & Co., 29 Broadway, New York. 8-20w12m

UNITED STATES MAIL.

ALABAMA.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
Washington, May 20, 1876.

PROPOSALS will be received at the Contract Office of this Department until 3 p. m. of 15th July, 1876, (to be decided by the 31st July) for carrying the mails of the United States from October 1st, 1876, to June 30, 1880, on the following route in the State of

ALABAMA,

and by the schedule of departures and arrivals herein specified, viz:

17325 From Clinton, by Pleasant Ridge, Sipsey Mills, Bridgeville, and Pleasant A, to Carrollton, 31 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Clinton, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Carrollton by 5 p m;
Leave Carrollton, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Clinton by 5 p m.
Bond required with bid, $1,200.

17323 From Holly Grove, by Hogan's (n. o.), Eldridge, and Polo, to Pikeville, 50 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Holly Grove Thursday at 11 a m;
Arrive at Pikeville next day by 1 p m;
Leave Pikeville Friday at 3 p m;
Arrive at Holly Grove next day by 5 p m.
Bond required with bid, $800.

17324 From Mossow, by Pine Springs (n. o.), to Detroit, 16 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Mossow Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Detroit by 6 p m;
Leave Detroit Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Mossow by 12 m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17325 From Vernon, by Blooming Grove (n. o.) and Webster (n. o.), to Mount Calm, 24 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Vernon Tuesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Mount Calm by 2 p m;
Leave Mount Calm Wednesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Vernon by 2 p m.
Bond required with bid, $400.

17326 From Pickensville, by Garden, to Bridgeville, 12 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Pickensville Wednesday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Bridgeville by 2 30 p m;
Leave Bridgeville Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Pickensville by 4 30 p m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17327 From Tuscaloosa, by Favors (n. o.), Thompson's Mills (n. o.), and James Parsons (n. o.), to Jonesborough, 54 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Tuscaloosa Monday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Jonesborough next day by 12 m;
Leave Jonesborough Tuesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Tuscaloosa next day by 5 p m.
Bond required with bid, $650.

17328 From Birmingham, by Comer's (n. o.), Glover's Ferry (n. o.), Dent's (n. o.) and Jones' (n. o.), to Jasper, 45 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Birmingham Tuesday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Jasper by 7 p m;
Leave Jasper Wednesday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Birmingham by 7 p m.
Bond required with bid, $500.

17329 From Childersburg, by Self's (n. o.), to Mount Pinson, 15 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Springville Thursday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Mount Pinson by 12 m;
Leave Mount Pinson Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Springville by 6 p m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17330 From Childersburg, Sylacauga and Mount Olive, to Good Water, 28 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Childersburgh Wednesday at 10 a m;
Arrive at Good Water by 6 p m;
Leave Good Water Thursday at 10 a m;
Arrive at Childersburgh by 6 p m.
Bond required with bid, $280.

17331 From Good Water to Coleta, 15 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Good Water Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Coleta by 11 a m;
Leave Coleta Wednesday at 12 m;
Arrive at Good Water by 5 p m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17332 From Delta, by Preston's Mills (n. o.), Dunceath's Store (n. o.), and Dingler's Store (n. o.), to Hagler's Ferry, 18 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Delta Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Hagler's Ferry by 12 m;
Leave Hagler's Ferry Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Delta by 7 p m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17333 From Roanoke, by High Shoals, Lamar, and Stone Hill, to Arbacoochee, 40 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Roanoke Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Arbacoochee by 5 p m;
Leave Arbacoochee Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Roanoke by 7 p m.
Bond required with bid, $500.

17334 From Roanoke, by Mooresville, to Dudleyville, 25 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Roanoke Friday at 7 m;
Arrive at Dudleyville by 2 p m;
Leave Dudleyville Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Roanoke by 2 p m.
Bond required with bid, $400.

17335 From Troy, by Pea River (n. o.), and Buck Horn (n. o.), to Louisville, 32 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Troy Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Louisville by 5 p m;
Leave Louisville Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Troy by 5 p m.
Bond required with bid, $400.

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS AND POST-MASTERS.

Containing also conditions to be incorporated in the contracts to the extent the Department may deem proper.

The Postmaster General warns bidders and others against putting themselves fully with the laws of Congress relating to contracts for the carrying of the mails (the important provisions of which are recited herein), and also to familiarize themselves with the instructions and forms herein furnished, before they shall assume any liabilities as such bidders or sureties, and to prevent misapprehension or cause of complaint thereafter.

Postmasters are required to make themselves familiar with the laws and these instructions that they may be able to inform and direct bidders.

1. Seven minutes are allowed to each intermediate office, when not otherwise specified, for assorting the mails.

2. On routes where the mode of conveyance admits of it, the special agents of the Post Office Department, also post office blanks, mail bags, locks and keys, are to be conveyed without extra charge.

3. "Way bills" or receipts prepared by postmasters or other agents of the Department, will accompany the mails, specifying the number and description of the several bags, to be examined by the postmasters, to insure regularity in the delivery of the bags and packages.

4. The rates allowed for trips not performed, and for each of such omissions, if the failure be occasioned by the fault of the contractor or carrier, in each case the pay of the trips will be deducted. But no fine is to be imposed the first time a trip is entirely failed, nor the first time a breach occurs in depositing mails, and not until entirely excused, one fourth of the compensation for the trip is subject to forfeiture. For repeated delinquencies, or for the kind herein specified, enlarged penalties, proportioned to the injury thereof and the importance of the mail, may be imposed.

5. For leaving behind or throwing off the mails, or any portion of them, for the omission of passengers or for being concerned in setting up or running an express to convey intelligence of the arrival of the mail, a quarter's pay may be deducted.

6. Fines will be imposed, unless the delinquency be promptly and satisfactorily explained by certificates of postmasters or the affidavits of other credible persons, for failing to arrive in contract time; for neglecting to take the mails from, or deliver into, a post office; for suffering it to be wet, injured, destroyed, robbed, or lost; and for refusing, after demand, to convey the mail as frequently as the contractor runs, or to forward it in running, a coach, car, or steamboat on a route.

7. The Postmaster General may annul the contract for repeated failures, for establishing fraudulent time, for assigning the contract, for violating the postoffice laws, or disobeying the instructions of the Department, for refusing to discharge a carrier after complaint to the Department, for not running an express as aforesaid, or for transporting persons or packages conveying mailable matter out of the mails.

8. The Postmaster General may order an increase of service on a route by allowing the reformance of such service, and shall increase the pay proportionably. He may also order departures and arrivals in all cases, and particularly to make them conform to connections with railroads, without increase of pay, provided the running time be not changed. The Postmaster General may also discontinue or curtail the service, in whole or in part, in order to place on the more important routes or wherever the public interests require it, on his assigning, should he require such discontinuance or curtailment to any other route, the running, as full indemnity to the contractor, for the unexpired term of his contract, a pro rata pay for the amount of service suspended, and a pro rata compensation for the amount of service put into and continued.

9. Payment will be made by collections from, or by drafts on, postmasters or otherwise, after the expiration of each quarter—say in November, February, May and August, provided that required evidence of service has been rendered.

10. The distances given are believed to be substantially correct; but no increased pay will be allowed should they be greater than advertised, if the pay into the office per quarter do not equal $20. Bidders themselves will inform themselves on this point, and also in reference to the weight of the mail, the condition of hills, roads, streams, &c., and all bids are to be made in view of the law, that no obstructions of any kind by which expense may be incurred. No claim for additional pay, based on such ground, can be considered; nor for allegations of error as to population or as to the degree of service; nor for bridges destroyed, for ice discontinued, or other obstructions causing or increasing distance or expense occurring during the contract term. Offers established after this advertisement is issued, and also during the contract term are to be visited with at extra pay if required by the 24th section of act of June 23, 1874.

11. Bidders are cautioned not to mail their proposals in time to reach the Department by the day and hour named in the advertisement, as bids received after the hour named will not be considered in competition with bids of reasonable amount received in time. Neither can bids be considered which are without the bond, and certificate required by the 38th section of act of June 23, 1874.

12. Bidders shall first propose for service at fairly according to the advertisement and then, if they desire, separately for the additional service and if the regular bid be the lowest offered for the above tried service, the other propositions may be considered.

13. The offer should be but one route bid for in a proposal. Propositions bilated or combination bids ("proposing one sum for two or more routes") cannot be considered.

14. The route, the service, the yearly pay, the name and residence of the bidder (that is, his usual post-office address), and the name of each member of a firm where a company offers, should be distinctly stated.

15. Bidders are requested to use, as far as practicable, the printed proposals furnished by the Department, to write out in full the sum of their bids, and to retain copies of them.

Bids altered in the route, the service, the yearly pay, or the name of the bidder, by erasures or interlineations, should not be submitted; and if so submitted will not be considered in awarding the contracts. No withdrawal of a bid will be allowed unless the withdrawal is received twenty-four hours previous to the time fixed for opening the proposals.

16. In case of failure of the accepted bidder to execute a new and satisfactory contract for the service bid for, within the time prescribed, the service will be readvertised and relet at the expense of the delinquent bidder or his sureties, and any accepted bidder who shall wrongfully refuse or fail to enter into a contract in due form, and to perform the service described in his proposal, may be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, be fined and imprisoned therefor.

17. The Postmaster General reserves the right to reject any bid which may be deemed extravagant, and also to disregard the bids of failing contractors and bidders.

No contract for carrying the mails shall be made with any person who has entered, or proposed to enter, into any combination to prevent the making of any bid for carrying the mail, or who has made any agreement, or given or performed, or promised to give or perform, any consideration whatever to induce any other person not to bid for any such contract.

No bidder for carrying the mails shall be released from his obligation under his bid or proposal, notwithstanding an award made to a lower bidder, until a contract for the designated service shall have been duly executed by such lower bidder and his sureties, and accepted, and the service entered upon by the contractor, to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General.

By regulation of the Department, no carrier can be employed who is under sixteen years of age, and no bidder will be accepted who is under twenty-one years of age, or who is a married woman.

18. The bid should be sealed, superscribed "Mail Proposals, State of ——," addressed "Second Assistant Postmaster General, Contract Office."

19. Every proposal must be accompanied by a bond with two or more sureties approved by a postmaster, and in cases where the amount of the bond exceeds one thousand dollars ($1,000), by a postmaster of the first, second, or third class. Bids for service the pay for which at the time of advertisement exceeds five thousand dollars ($5,000) must be accompanied by a certified check, or draft payable to the order of the Postmaster General, on some solvent national bank of not less than five per centum on the amount of the annual pay on such route, and in case of non-acceptance of bid, specifying the number and description of the several bags, to be examined by the postmasters, to insure regularity in the delivery of the bags and packages.

Bond required with bids, and the present pay when it exceeds ($4,000) five thousand dollars, are stated in the advertisement under the appropriate route.

Sureties on the bond of a bidder must take an oath before an officer qualified to administer oaths that they are the owners of real estate worth, in the aggregate, the sum specified in the amount of the bond, over and above all debts due and owing by them, and all judgments, mortgages, and executions against them, after allowing all exemptions of every character whatever.

21. All checks deposited with bids will be held until contract is executed and the service commenced by the accepted bidder. Checks will then be returned, on the written request of the bidder, or delivered to any one on his order.

21. The contracts are to be executed and returned to the Department by or before the 20th day of August, 1876, after which time the accepted bid or will be considered as having failed, and the Postmaster General may proceed to contract for the service with other parties, according to law.

Assignments of contracts, or of interest in contracts, are forbidden by law, and consequently cannot be allowed. Neither can bids, or interest in bids, be transferred or assigned to other parties. Bidders will therefore take notice that they will be expected to perform the service awarded them through the whole contract term.

22. Section 249 of the act of June 8, 1872, provides that contracts for the transportation of the mail shall be awarded to the lowest bidder tendering sufficient guarantees for faithful performance, without other reference to the mode of such transportation than may be necessary to provide for the due celerity, certainty, and security thereof. Under this law both that progress is transport the mails with celerity, certainty, and security," having been decided to be the only legal bids, are construed as providing for the entire mail, however large, and whatever may be the mode of conveyance necessary to insure its celerity, certainty, and security," and have the preference over all others, and no others are considered, except for steamboat routes.

23. A modification of a bid in any of its essential terms is fundamental to a new bid, and cannot be received so as to interfere with regular competition. Making a new bid in proper form is the only way to modify a previous one.

24. Postmasters are cautioned, under penalty of removal, not to sign the approval of the bond of any bidder before the bond is signed by the bidder and his sureties, and not until entirely satisfied of the sufficiency of the sureties.

No postmaster, assistant postmaster, or clerk employed in any post office, shall be a contractor, or interested in a contract for carrying the mail.

25. Postmasters are also liable to be dismissed from office for acting as agents, contractors or bidders, with or without compensation, in any business matter, or thing relating to the mail service. They are the trusted agents of the Department, and cannot consistently act in both capacities.

26. In case the route is not fully supplied with pouches, locks, and keys, requisition must be made upon the Second Assistant Postmaster-General for the same before the date of beginning service.

27. Proposals altered by erasures or interlineations of the route, the service, the yearly pay, or the name of the bidder, will not be considered.

FORM OF PROPOSAL, BOND, AND CERTIFICATE.

PROPOSAL.

The undersigned, ..., whose post office address is ....., County of ....., State of ....., proposes to carry the mails of the United States from July 1, A

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

FRIDAY, JULY 14, 1876.

THE SHADOWS IN THE VALLEY.

There's a mossy, shady valley,
Where the waters wind and flow,
And the daisies sleep in winter
'Neath a coverlet of snow;
Now a coverlet of violets,
And violets, blue-eyed violets,
Bloom in beauty in the spring,
And the sunbeams kiss the wavelets
And the wavelets laugh and sing.

But in autumn, when the sunlight
Browns the golden-crested hill,
Shadows darken in the valley,
Shadows ominous and still;
Shadows ominous and still;
And the yellow leaves, like banners
On the sunbeams kiss the wavelets
On the sunbeams kiss the wavelets
Flutter sadly overhead.

And these shadows, gloomy shadows,
Like the phantoms on the ground,
Stretch their dreamy length forever
O'er a dark-covered mound.
And I loved her, yes, I loved her,
But the angels loved her, too;
So she's sleeping in the valley,
'Neath the sky so bright and blue.

And no slab of pallid marble
Rears its white and ghastly head,
Telling watchers of the valley
Of the fate of the dead:
But a lily is her tombstone,
And a dew-drop, pure and bright,
Like the tear an angel wrote,
In the stillness of the night.

And I am mournful, very mournful
For the fading of the shadows
From that little woodland grave:
For the memory of the loved one
For the soul will never part.
And those shadows in the valley
Dim the sunshine of my heart.

Hitch on Governmental Reform.

From the New York Tribune.]

"Reform is necessary" are the opening words of five out of the seven resolutions constituting the St. Louis platform. These words are Tilden's mark. Gen. James W. Singleton, of Illinois, a man who has long been prominent in the Democratic councils of that State, said to the reporter of the Quincy Whig, in response to an inquiry: "Tilden will be badly beaten. No one who is an honest man at heart ever wrote that platform. It was prepared for the express purpose of deceiving the people. It is a studied deception and fraud, and it cannot win." We propose to prove that all that portion of the aforesaid platform which has any significance or interest to the nation at large was provided ready-cooked by the self-styled reformer who heads the Democratic ticket. No quick-witted man, who is able to see beyond his nose, can read the concluding twenty-eight pages of Gov. Tilden's last annual Message, and carefully compare them with the platform, and not acknowledge that the Message and the platform are the work of the same brain, and that the platform includes the Message.

The demagogue, whether he wears broadcloth or travels in his shirt-sleeves, who confesses facts and twists figures in order to make them lie, may do his work with some cunning, but resort to falsehood usually betrays poor judgment. Falsehood can easily be detected by consulting original sources of information on the subject-matter of the statement. It involves only so simple a matter as the aggregate yearly expenditure of a government, a resort to fabrication is fatal to a man who has any character to lose. This much by way of preface to the following extract from page 11 of Gov. Tilden's last annual Message:

PRESENT SCALE OF GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURE.

The extravagance of our Governmental consumption is illustrated by a comparison of the public expenditures of 1870, five years after the close of the war, with those of 1860 and 1870:

Taxes in the United States.

	1860. Gold.	1869. Gold.	1870. Currency.
Federal	$44,911,000	$60,010,112	$456,000,000
State	9,000,000		
Local	13,000,000	94,180,748	280,501,821
Total	$66,911,000	$154,190,858	$7 0,501,821
Population	31,000,000	38,115,641	38,558,371
Taxes per head:			
Federal	$1 72	$1 54	$11 67
Local	1 50	2 96	7 24
	$3 22	$4 50	$18 91

AGGREGATE TAXATION OF ELEVEN YEARS.

The aggregate Federal taxation of the eleven years now closing, computed in currency, from the official statements, is more than $2,500,000,000. The local taxation, assuming the census statement for 1870 as an average, is more than $3,000,000,000. The aggregate taxation exceeds $5,000,000,000.

In the platform the above extract from the Message takes the following shape, and we call attention to the fact that the statistical and other matter in the resolution is exactly the same as that in the Message. Nothing material is either added or omitted:

"Reform is necessary in the scale of public expense, Federal, State, and Municipal. Our Federal taxation has swollen from $64,000,000 in gold in 1860 to $150,000,000 in currency in 1870; our aggregate taxation from $154,000,000 in gold in 1860 to $520,000,000 in currency in 1870, or in one decade from less than $4 per head to more than $18 per head. Since the peace the people have paid to their tax-gatherers more than thrice the sum of the national debt, and more than twice that sum for the Federal Government alone. We demand a vigorous frugality in every department and from every officer of the Government."

Reform may be necessary, but so many falsehoods as are embodied in the above statements are entirely unnecessary. We invite attention to a few of them.

1. Expenditures and taxes are not precisely the same thing. In his Message the crafty Governor first gives notice to the reader by a prominent head-line that he is about to give the *present* scale of Governmental *expenditure*. He next speaks of the extravagance of Governmental *consumption*, which is, indeed, the grand central point, or sun, about which everything else in his Message is made to revolve. The terrific cost of the Government and his consummate ability as a reformer make the key-note of his campaign. In the third line he speaks again of the comparison of public *expenditures* that he is going to make. Likewise, in the resolution we are told that "Reform is necessary" in the scale of public *expense*. And what after all this parade of *present expenditure*, does he give us? Instead of telling us of the present, he steps back no less than six years years, because the revenue—not the expenditure—happened to be large that year. He brings in the year 1859, not because the figures help him at all in making his point, but to make people think the 1870 fell in naturally.

2. Now, it was just as easy to give the expenditures as the income, but if he had so done, he could not have made his point, and for this reason, *because the expenditures of the Government, the interest and consumption of the public debt being excluded in both cases as not consumed by the citizens of the Government, were greater in 1859 than the revenue from taxes, while in 1870 they were ONE THIRD PART of the $450,000,000 he puts down for the latter.*

3. The expenditures of 1870, exclusive of interest on the debt and the sum devoted to the purchase and cancelation of bonds, were $164,421,507. Those of 1869, exclusive of the same items, were $60,-058,755. But the expenditures of 1870 included twenty-eight millions paid for pensions and other large outgoes brought on us by the war. Much more might be said on this point.

Gov. Tilden in his annual message, heads his twenty pages on the Governmental consumption, meaning that the Postmasters, office-holders, clerks, &c., are eating the people out of house and home, of the tax-eaters who consume the interest paid on the public debt, Samuel J. Tilden himself is one, and we, for our part, strongly remonstrate against counting his outlays this year as a portion of our "Governmental consumption" or expenditure. We have shown that he has, both in his message and in his platform, deliberately multiplied the aggregate expenditures of the Government by three, and we leave the reader to form his own opinion of the merits of this method of fabricating messages, platforms, and statistics.

SOLID WEALTH!

$600,000 IN GIFTS.

Grandest Scheme ever Presented to the Public.

A Fortune for only $12.

The Kentucky Cash Distribution Company, authorized by a special act of the Kentucky Legislature, for the benefit of the Public Schools of Frankfort, will have the first of their series of Grand Drawings at Major Hall, in the city of Frankfort, Ky., on THURSDAY, August 31, 1876, on which occasion they will distribute to the ticket-holders the immense sum of

$600,000.

THOS. P. PORTER, ex-Gov. of Kentucky, General Manager.

POSITIVELY NO POSTPONEMENT.

LIST OF GIFTS:

One Grand Cash Gift		$100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
One Grand Cash Gift		20,000
One Grand Cash Gift		10,000
One Grand Cash Gift		5,000
50 Cash Gifts of	$1,000 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	500 each	50,000
200 Cash Gifts of	400 each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts of	200 each	20,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200 each	40,000
500 Cash Gifts of	100 each	50,000
10,000 Cash Gifts of	12 each	120,000
Total	11,143 Gifts, All Cash	600,000

PRICE OF TICKETS:

Whole tickets $12; Halves $6; Quarters $3; 9 Tickets $100; 27 Tickets $200; 48 Tickets $300; 95 Tickets $1,000; 100,000 Tickets at $12 each. Remittances can be made by Express, Draft, Postoffice Money order or Registered Letter, made payable to Kentucky Cash Distribution Company.

All communications connected with the distribution, and orders for Tickets, and applications of Agents to sell Tickets, should be addressed to

HON. THOS. P. PORTER,
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THE GREAT

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The Cordial Balm of Syrienm and Tonic Pills.

Nervous Debility,

However obscure the causes may be which contribute to render nervous debility a disease so prevalent, affecting, as it does, nearly one-half of our adult population, and that, too, without fail, day by day and year by year, we witness a most frightful increase of nervous affections from the slightest neuralgia to the more grave and extreme forms of

NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

It is of the highest importance, then, that individuals should be able to judge for themselves by their own feelings, if and to what extent they are attacked by this insidious foe, before it has fastened upon and even fettered itself, to run its course unchecked, by the early and prompt application of curative remedies.

NEWBERG, Nov. 6, 1874.

DR. LOTHROP: Will you have the goodness to send me a further supply of the Balm of Syrieum and Tonic Pills, as I am nearly out? I have now been using them for about two months, and I have every reason to be satisfied with its effects. You know that I commenced taking it with a good deal of doubt about it doing me any good, as I had suffered a long time from nervous debility, and thought that nothing short of the drug itself could ever satisfy me; or, rather, I had come to the conclusion that I was too much shattered to ever be any longer what I had once been, and the only thing I hoped would furnish merely an antidote to its injurious effects. I never for a moment dreamed that the Cordial Balm was going to do me so much good as it has done. But I do know it will. I have no especial desire for it now. When I left it off and began to take the Syrieum I felt uneasy for a week or so, but the medicine seemed to strengthen me by slow degrees, and the long fit of opium began to grow less and less. Sometimes I felt a sort of delirious weakness and a desire to again partake what I used to call the afternoon's solace—Balm and Syrieum—and I would find help and strength to overcome the temptation by taking a single dose of the Cordial Balm. Gratefully yours, N. GREGORY.

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If your Druggists not keep it ask them and they will get it for you from any of the above wholesale druggists.

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Hurley's Popular Worm Candy	1 35	14 25
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An Agent Wanted for each Town and County in the United States.

Parties desiring to act as agents must accompany their application by a letter of recommendation as to character and responsibility from and signed by the Editor of a newspaper published in the town or county for which agent pr poses to act. The agency is to sell the bonds of the Industrial Exhibition Company.

Bonds $20 Each.

The Industrial Exhibition Company will furnish agents with Circulars, etc., etc.

Each newspaper published in the town where agent is located will, as soon as agency is established, be given an advertisement, advertising such agency and the company, and fully explaining the plans, purposes and objects of the company. Such advertisement will continue in such papers as long as agency is successfully conducted.

The Industrial Exhibition Company is the firm to adopt the plan so long in use by the large corporations of Europe, having the greatest possible depth, fullness and volume of tone imbued with a rare brilliancy, clearness and perfect evenness throughout the entire scale, and above all a surprising duration of sound, the power and sympathetic quality of which never changes under the most delicate or powerful touch. Space forbids a full description of this magnificent instrument. Agents discount given where I have no agents. Remember you take no risk in purchasing one of these CELEBRATED INSTRUMENTS. Hatter (6) five days test trial it proves unsatisfactory the money you have paid will be returned upon return of instrument and freight charges paid by me both ways. Pianos Warranted for six years. Address,

DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington N. J.

LOUIS TRIPP'S

Great Central Music House

No. 170 & 172 Fourth Street,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Weber's NE PLUS ULTRA

PIANOS.

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Everything in the music line from

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Received daily, at 1 from 2 to 50 copies of every piece published since 1853, now in stock.

ORDERS promptly filled no matter how small the amount.

Catalogues furnished free.

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BEATTY'S PARLOR ORGANS Established in 1856.

Believing it by far the best Parlor and Orchestra Organ manufactured, we challenge any manufacturer to spit it them. The celebrated Golden Tongue Reeds in this organ in conjunction with the Perfected Reed Boards produce sweet, pure and powerful tones. Superb cases of new and elegant designs. Ministers, teachers, churches, schools, lodges, etc., should send for price list and discounts.

Dealers will find it to their advantage to examine this instrument. It has improvements found in no other. Correspondence solicited.

Best offer ever given. Money refunded upon return of organ and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory after a test trial of five days. Organ warranted for six years. Agents discount given everywhere I have no agents.

☞ Agents Wanted. Send stamp for catalogue. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.

50 CENTS FREE.

SPECIAL OFFER—FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY.

Will send, POST-PAID FREE, to each new subscriber of THE NEW YORK AGENTS' MONTHLY, a magnificent CENTENNIAL MEMORIAL MEDAL (in fancy box), struck in Alhata Plate Silver, larger than a silver trade dollar, 1½ inch in diameter—Price 50 cents each. THE AGENTS' MONTHLY is a handsome, spicy, 16 page paper. Subscription price 50 cents a year. Send 50 cents, and you will receive the AGENTS' MONTHLY for one year, postpaid, and the above Medal gratis.

Address, PENTION PUBLISHING CO.,
5-23dem 170 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Carries a ¼ inch ball with accuracy fifty feet, without powder or percussion. Brass barrel, hair trigger. For sale by dealers. By mail, free for 75 cents, with permanent ammunition for target practice indoors and for sporting out of doors.

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A. A. GRAHAM, 67 Liberty Street, New York

A BOOK FOR THE MILLION.

Marriage Guide. A Private Counselor in the Married, or those about to marry, on the physiological relations of the sexes, and the abuses of the sexual system, with the treatment of diseases resulting therefrom. A new and popular work, containing over 200 pages, and 50 engravings. Price only $1, sent by mail, free of postage. Address Dr. A. G. OLIN, 19 Washington st., Chicago, Ill.

MARRIAGE GUIDE. An Illustrated work of 200 pages, containing full information concerning the mysteries of the married relation, the cause of the physical decay of both sexes, and the means of restoration. Advice and remedies for all diseases of the sexual organs, whether existing in male or female, married or single. Every one should read it. Sent to any address, free of postage, on receipt of 25 cents. Address Dr. A. G. OLIN, 19 Washington st., Chicago, Ill.

A FORTUNE FOR $1.

Wyoming Monthly

LOTTERY

Legalized by authority of an Act of the Legislature.

Tickets $1 Each, 6 for $5. One chance in every 5.

$250,000 in Prizes. Capital Prize $50,000

6th Extraordinary Drawing.

1 Cash Prize of	$100,000
1 Cash Prize of	50,000
1 Cash Prize of	25,000
1 Cash Prize of	20,000
51,025 Cash Prizes amounting to	$350,000

The next regular drawing was postponed over by Committee of Board of Managers, and will take place as advertised by Ticket Holders. Exactly City, County, and State officials in charge. Every ticket holder has a chance to win a prize.

20 Chances for $10. Agents Wanted Liberal Pay. For full particulars, and send circulars. Address the Manager,

J. M. PATTEE, Laramie City, Wyoming.

REDUCED TO A CERTAINTY.

Chance to Gain

$50,000

NO RISK.

Send for circular at once. No time to lose. READ & Co., Bank'rs, 74 Maiden Lane, NEW YORK

GAUGING.

Notice to Wholesale Liquor Merchants.

UNITED STATES GAUGER'S OFFICE,
Montgomery, October 16, 1875

The wholesale Liquor dealers of Montgomery are hereby notified that the undersigned can be found at all times, at his office in the JOURNAL building, on Perry street. All orders left at this office will be promptly attended to.

J. M. LEVEY.
U. S. Gauger, Second District of Alabama.
10-17 tf

Official Railroad Time Table

Giving arrival and departure of all trains of Montgomery. Reported and corrected expressly for the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, by Messrs HOUGH & BENSON, General Ticket Agents Office under Exchange Hotel, where any information as to rates, connections or distance be obtained.

Tickets sold to all points North, South, East and West.

Calls for the Omnibus or Baggage Wagon left at our office, or at the Exchange Hotel will receive prompt attention.

SOUTH AND NORTH ALA. RAILROAD

GOING NORTH.

	No 2—Mail	No 4—Exp
Leaves Montgomery	7:00 am	8:00 pm
Calera	9:55 am	10:25 pm
Birmingham	10:55 am	11:45 pm
Decatur	2:48 pm	3:05 am
Nashville	8:15 pm	8:30 am
Arrive at Louisville	3:45 am	3:40 pm

Accommodation.

	No 8
Leaves Montgomery	4:00 p m
Calera	10:25 p m
Arrive Birmingham	3:00 a m

COMING SOUTH.

	No 1—Mail	No 3—Exp
Leaves Louisville	10:05 am	12:35 am
Nashville	6:45 pm	8:25 am
Decatur	12:10 am	2:00 p m
Birmingham	3:50 am	5:30 pm
Calera	7:10 am	6:50 pm
Arrive at Montgomery	7:40 am	9:25 pm

ROBERT MEEK, Supt.
C. P. ATMORE, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.

MONTGOMERY & EUFAULA R. R.

GOING EAST.

Leave Montgomery ..... *2:00 and 10:00 p m
Arrive at Union Springs ..... 5:30 p m and 1:30 a m
Arrive at Eufaula ..... 9:08 p m and 6:00 a m

Connecting closely at Union Springs with train for Troy, and at Eufaula with Southwestern railroad for all points in Southwest Georgia and Florida, and with Central line of Boats for Apalachicola, Jacksonville, Tallahassee, etc.

COMING WEST.

Leave Eufaula ..... *10:00 pm and 4:15 p m
Arrive at Union Springs ..... 1:25 a m and 5:56 p m
Arrive at Montgomery ..... 6:25 a m and 7:50 a m

Connecting closely at Union Springs with train for Columbus, and at Montgomery with all roads for all points north, south, east and west.

B. DUNHAM Sup't.
T.P. WELLS, Gen. Ticket Agent.
*Does not run on Sundays.

* 2 p.m. train runs to Eufaula Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays; to Union Springs, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

MOBILE & MONTGOMERY RAILROAD.

Commencing Sunday, November 21, 1875, the Mobile & Montgomery Railroad will run double daily passenger trains, and will run as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

Leaves Montgomery	7:45 a m
Arrives at Mobile	3:30 p m
Arrive at New Orleans	9:30 p m
Leave Montgomery	9:55 p m
Arrive at Mobile	4:50 a m
New Orleans, N O & M R	10:3 0 a m

COMING NORTH.

Leaves New Orleans, N O & M R R	6:45 a m
Leave Mobile	12:20 p m
Arrives at Montgomery	7:40 p m
Leave New Orleans	5:00 p m
Leave Mobile	11: 0 p m
Arrives at Montgomery	6:30 a m

G. JORDAN, Superintendent.
GEO. NASON, Gen. Pass. and Frt. Agent.

WESTERN RAILROAD OF ALABAMA

GOING EAST AND NORTH.

Leaves Montgomery	6:59 a m

NIGHT PASSENGER—EAST

Leave Montgomery	8:08 p m

Selma and West Point Accommodation*

Arrive at Montgomery	12:10 p m
Leave Montgomery	2:05 p m

COMING FROM EAST AND NORTH.

Arrive at Montgomery	6:45 a m

NIGHT PASSENGER, FROM THE EAST.

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

FRIDAY, JULY 14, 1876.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MONTGOMERY, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T. C. Bingham will be paid by us. T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,

dtf. Proprietors.

FODDER pulling time.

THERMOMETERS are crazy.

KEEP ice in the butter dish.

PUT a gag on your thermometer.

ICE cream serenades are en regle.

EASE out of your frame and cool off.

PAY your neighbor before you abuse him.

ICEBERGS would bring a fair price hereabouts.

WARM weather don't keep people from traveling on the railroads.

OH, for another mud machine to amuse us these torrid evenings!

SOME of our neighbors seem to be anxious for somebody to tread on their coattails.

SHOW us another Independent—Democratic—Radical—Sorehead, and we'll show you——.

AN honest man is the noblest work of God. Pay us what you owe us, before you abuse and vilify us.

IN the police court yesterday Winston Farley was fined $20 and costs for breaking a "stew pan" over the head of his better half.

Boys are not to wear out their knuckles hereafter in "knucking down." A patent has been granted for a pistol which is designed to shoot marbles by the aid of a spring.

AN exchange says that "several sunstrokes and three mad dogs were killed in the streets" of New York, on the 3d. The method of killing sunstrokes has not yet been made public.

THE Ocean Springs excursion will give those of our citizens who are not able to visit the watering resorts, an opportunity of spending a few days on the cool shores of the Gulf, where they can enjoy themselves just as well and at trifling cost.

PERSONAL.—Capt. D. B. Smith, of Opelika, Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue, was in the city yesterday, and paid us a visit.

Maj. M. C. Osborne, of the Randolph copper mines, was in the city yesterday. He looks considerably sunburnt.

SOME of our citizens leave every day to visit the Centennial. Even one of the Advertiser corps has gone in spite of the opposition of that paper to the exhibition. That's right. Denounce the Centennial as a "Yankee show," and then spend the last dime you have to go and see it.

THE following distinguished Divines are at present in the city, in attendance upon the Baptist Convention: Rev. Dr. E. T. Winkler, of Marion; Rev. Dr. Basil Manly, of Kentucky, Rev. Dr. McIntosh, of Howard College and others. Their presence is quite an honor to Montgomery, and we hope their stay among us will be both pleasant and agreeable.

SERVICE.—Capt. W. L. Bragg, ex-Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, has been presented by his friends with an elegant silver service, as a testimonial of their high appreciation of his services to his party. The service was presented to Capt. B. at the Arlington Club rooms, on Wednesday night, by Judge Stone. Both gentlemen made speeches appropriate to the occasion.

WE understand that the young gentlemen who gave us such a delightful entertainment a few nights since, realized about one hundred dollars net proceeds. This is encouraging when we consider the oppressive warm weather and the scarcity of money in the community. We understand the money was turned over to the M. E. Church for the charity fund.

ONE of the most notable events of yesterday was the appearance on the streets of four large wagon loads of oats raised near the city. They sold readily, and realized a living price. They were raised by colored farmers we understand, and the crop turned out very fine. It is an error to suppose that grain cannot be successfully raised in the South. Persons who profess to be judges declared the oats we saw yesterday to be as good as they ever saw raised anywhere and of as good quality.

THE Deputy Sheriffs and Bailiffs are hurrying to and fro daily, in search of the "Gay Gambolier" and the "festive pistol men." The grand jury is now prying into the conduct of all those young bucks who stand about the streets talking politics and eating up the bread and meat which they never earned. These grand juries are excellent things sometimes—specially when they decide to have a new leaf turned over among the rabble. The Solicitor is likely to have his hands full at the next term of the Court. The laws must be enforced. That's the Way to Peace.

ACCEPTED.—We are glad to learn that the Rev. Dr. J. B. Hawthorne has accepted the call of the First Baptist Church of this city. Dr. Hawthorne went from Alabama to New York, engaging in the ministry in Brooklyn. He served at Greenville and Selma before he left the State, and made many warm friends by his Godly walk, all of whom will rejoice to hear that he has consented to return to Alabama to engage in the good work. He is one of the most able and talented ministers in this country, and wherever he has served has accomplished great good and made enduring fame. He is a worthy successor of the loved Dr. Gwin, and the members of the First Baptist Church may be congratulated upon their good fortune in thus securing the services of so worthy a pastor.

IN these days of violent winds and fierce tornadoes, it is touching to observe on washing days, an occasional bifurcated garment, with rich insertion on its forked end, sailing wildly through the air, as if disgusted with its former owner and in search of richer pastures.

As a newspaper the Advertiser thinks it is a success. About three weeks ago the JOURNAL published a column of interesting State items clipped from our exchanges. The Advertiser cut the whole column bodily out of the JOURNAL, put a new head to it and published it two or three days afterwards. The JOURNAL not long ago published a local paragraph about lovers and ice cream; the paragraph went the rounds, and got back here in time for the Advertiser to republish it, verbatim, in its issue of Wednesday the 12th inst. A few days ago we republished items from the Troy Enquirer and Shelby Gazde, which the Advertiser, with its usual enterprise (?) reprinted yesterday. If it was not for the JOURNAL we do not know what the people of Montgomery would do for news. They would have to charter a telegraph line for special use.

THE Capital City Insurance Company, one of our home institutions, which is not making much noise, but doing a good deal of sound work, has just elected its officers for the ensuing year. They are as follows:

President—Thomas Joseph.

Secretary—J. M. Riley.

Board of Directors—Thomas Joseph, Jos. W. Hardie, Jos. G. Allen, James R. Warren, Berry Tatum, James Davidson, Benj B Davis, W. T. Hatchett and Joseph Goetter.

The Company has purchased the building now occupied by W.W. Sublette, and the office will hereafter be in that building. At the next meeting of the company a dividend of 25 per cent. will be declared, making the fifth. All these home institutions ought to be liberally sustained. When we do this we will keep our money right here in our midst—a consummation devoutly to be wished.

THE money market is unusually stringent just now, and some of our best citizens find it difficult to meet engagements made a month ago. Some good paper could not be discounted yesterday for fifty cents. This is one of the great misfortunes of our business in this section. In the fall and winter we are able to carry on business successfully, but when summer comes upon us, we float and drag along in a mysterious sort of way, with no money or sound backing.

In other sections business is not conducted upon any such hazardous and destructive principle. Here we have about five months in which business is carried on without money, the banks themselves being empty. This is one of the reasons why the South does not prosper and grow any faster. Business men do not care to invest where business is drained of capital five months out of the year. Unless some cure is rapidly effected this disease is likely to force us down grade to ruin ultimately.

STOLEN INDICTMENTS.—The clerk of the City Court was in a peck of trouble yesterday. Some of those elegant loafers who pass their time under the shade trees in the court house yard, slipped into Mr. Metcalf's office and stole a whole pile of indictments and made way with them, day before yesterday. Of course this was enough to make any man's face lengthen out, and we are not surprised that the clerk of the City Court give his rope enough to change his looks altogether. There are some very questionable characters constantly loafing about the court house; they would do almost anything for the sum of five dollars. It is a wonder they have not stolen something before this. But why should they wish to steal a lot of indictments? Some person or persons induced them to do it, and the officials ought to offer a large reward for the exposure of the really guilty parties. The poor loafer who accepted the five dollars to do the stealing is not near so much to blame as the huge rascal who was indicted for violation of the laws. We understand that all the indictments stolen are old ones, and that some of them are interesting cases. Mr. Metcalf feels very sadly about the matter, the papers having been stolen from his office, and will leave no stone unturned to have the guilty parties ferreted out and exposed. Every good citizen should constitute himself an officer to search for the thieves who have thus attempted to defeat the administration of justice in this county. Let the alarm be sounded throughout the city and county.

Baptist Convention

THE 53D ANNUAL SESSION.

The 53d annual session of the Baptist Convention of Alabama convened in this city at the First Baptist Church yesterday morning. The following members were duly registered:

Rev. John Haralson, who is the President of the convention, W H Carroll, W W McIntosh, A J Waldrop, N F Miles, J N Prestidge, L B Gweltney, N Bowen, Sumter Lea, E Y Van Hoos, W C Ward, Dr E T Winkler, J O B Lowrey, E Q Thornton, E D Smith, J J Cloud, J H Weatherly, Thos McConoughey, J B Fonville, J P Hutchinson, J B Moore, W B Strock, W Lee, J Thornton, Pitt Calloway, Basil Manley, Jr., J H Hendon, J P Nall, J H Hickson, C C Jones, W C Cleveland, J D McLendon, G G McLendon, J H Curry, J T Murfee, J G Apsey, B W Windom, S W Quarles, N Wright, A T Sims, W T Cunningham, M P Moore, J S Paulin, W H Norton, J J D Renfroe, S Mabry, C W Hare, J W Purifoy, W N Shandroa, J H Burns, G W Alberton, W B Crumpton, M B Hardin, M G Hudson, T C Watts, B J Skinner, J M Thigpen, C Knight, G W McQueen, A B Goodhue, W N Reeves, J A B Besson, J F Brammer, B F Eddins, Daniel Cook, Frank Cook, T B Eddins, Lewis Johnson, T L Moseley, T J Miles, L W Duke, W G Curry, E F Baber, J G McCaskey, G Hendricks, N D Boyd, C Hammond, G C Rogers, R L Davis, J S Dill, M W Whatley, W D Davis, B H Crumpton, and W B Bullock.

This list comprises all that were registered yesterday, but many more are expected to-day. The morning session was occupied principally in organization, after which a recess was had until 4 o'clock in the afternoon. At the evening session the attention of the Convention was occupied upon preliminary matters. The delegates are taken care of by the committee selected for the occasion, and known as the Committee on Hospitality. After the business of the evening session was concluded, the Convention adjourned until 9 o'clock this morning.

State News.

[By Yesterday's Mail to the Journal.]

Mrs. George L. Davidson, formerly of Lowndes, but now of Montague county, Texas, is visiting her relatives in that county. She was Miss McCall of Lowndesboro.

Litohatchee had a big dinner for the grangers last Thursday. There was food enough provided to feed twice as many people as was present. There was no political speaking.

Mr. Jo. Dickson of Litohatchee sent us several cotton worms last Saturday, saying he has plenty of the same sort left.—Hayneville Ex.

Tuskaloosa Gazette: Jap Dunn and his nephew Ose Dunn had an altercation July 1, in which Ose Dunn shot his uncle Jap through the breast with a rifle, inflicting a mortal wound, Jap Dunn then raised his shot gun and fired, putting the whole load of 12 buck shot into Ose's bowels, killing him instantly. Jap Dunn, after he had fired wheeled on his horse, for the purpose of making his escape, when, from the effects of his wound in the breast, he fell to the ground. John Dunn, then walked up, and placing the muzzle of his rifle against Jap Dunn's head blew his brains out. John Dunn has fled.

Rev. Mr. Custer has declined the Presidency of the Deshler Female Institute, which was tendered him by the Board of Trustees.

Tramps still pass through Tuscumbia with their "carpet-kacks."

Our colored citizens had a barbecue and speaking at Guy's last Saturday.—Tuscumbia Times.

The Tuscumbia Times says: A severe wind and rain storm visited our city last Wednesday evening. The wind blew with terrific force from the northwest, filling the air with great clouds of dust, and vividly reminding our citizens of the fearful and pitiless storm that swept through our town two years ago, transforming peaceful homes into houses of mourning.

Local and Business Notices.

MR. DANIEL F. BEATTY, of Washington, N. J., the energetic and perserving manufacturer of the Beatty Piano and Golden Tongue Parlor Organs, deserves the highest credit for having produced the most perfect musical instrument combined with the utmost beauty and chasteness of design yet offered the musical public. See his advertisement in another place. Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

7 13djt.

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.*

3-14 d&wem

Nervous Debility.

Vital weakness or depression: A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental overwork, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphrey's Homeopathic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per packake of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Hemeopathic Medicine Company, 662 Broadway, New York.

1-1d&w 1y

THE Star Parlor Organs are celebrated for their purity of tone, elegant design and thorough construction. Send for catalogue. Address,

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & Co,

6-30d&wom Washington, N. J.

BEATTY PIANO

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

From Geo. E. Letcher, firm of Wm H. Letcher & Bro., Bankers, Fayette, Ohio.

"We received the piano and think it a very fine toned one out here. Waited a short time to give it a good test. If you wish a word in favor of it we will cheerfully give it."

James R. Brown, Esq., Edwardsville, Ill., says: "The Beatty Piano received gives entire satisfaction." Agents wanted. Send for catalogue. Address

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

BEATTY Piano.

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

From Jas. F. Regan, firm Regan & Carter, publishers Daily and weekly Tribune, Jefferson City, Mo., after receiving a $700 instrument, says:

"Piano reached us in good condition I am well pleased with it. It is all you represent it to be."

From E. R. Baldridge, Bennington Furnace, Pa., after receiving a $700 piano.

"The Beatty" received 14th inst., all O. K., and comes fully up to your representation, and exceeds our expectations. While I don't profess to be a judge in the matter, Mrs. B. does, and pronounces it of very sweet tone; and is very much pleased with it."

Best inducements ever offered. Money refunded upon return of Piano and freight charges paid by me. Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory, after a test trial of five days. Pianos warranted for six years. Agents wanted. Send for catalogue. Address,

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

BEATTY PIANO.

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

Best offer ever given now ready.

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

SKETCHING from Nature, in pencil and water colors, and drawing and painting in colored crayons: a practical instructor, illustrated, 50 cts. Of any bookseller, or JESSE HANEY & CO., 119 Nassau street, N. Y.

$25 a day guaranteed using our Well Auger and Drills. $100 a month paid to agents. Augur book free. Jil Augur Co., St. Louis, Mo.

"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure and Instruction."

Harper's Bazar.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The Bazar is edited with a combination of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—Boston Traveller.

The Bazar commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patterns for the children's clothes, to paterfamilias by the tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading matter of the Bazar is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—N. Y. Evening Post.

In its way there is nothing like it. Fresh and trustworthy as a fashion guide, its stories and essays, its poetry and squibs, are all invigorating to the mind.—Chicago Evening Journal.

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Postage Free to al Subscribers in the United States.

Harper's Bazar, one year.....$4 00

$4 00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine, Weekly, and Bazar, to one address, for one year, $10 00; or two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address, for one year, $7 00, postage free.

An extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly or Bazar, will be supplied gratis for every club of five subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or six copies for $20 00 without extra copy, postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Bazar, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 00 each. A complete Set, comprising Eight Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5.25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

Prudent attention will be given in HARPER'S BAZAR to such illustrations of the Centennial International Exposition as may be peculiarly appropriate to its columns.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROS. Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

OPIUM and Morphine habit absolutely and speedily cured. Painless. Inquire freely. Send stamp for particulars Dr. Carleton, 187 Washington st., Chicago, Ill.

New Advertisements.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Agents, Male and Outfit FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING. How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents, together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc. 1,000,000 sold. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Publs., Philadelphia.

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population of over than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada publishing over 5,000 copies each issue. Also, all the religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Fashion, and other special class journals; very complete list. Together with complete lists of over 200 German papers printed in the United State. Also, an essay upon advertising, and tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various mediums, and containing much information useful to any one intending to advertise, or interesting to any one who may be in any way interested in advertising and like to know. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

NEWSPAPERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

A complete list, numbering 8,529, with a gazetteer containing a town's population in which newspapers are published, has several useful statistical sketches of the Great Newspaper Establishments, a full index of the whole, numerous engravings of buildings, etc. Sent to any address on receipt of price, $1.50, post paid, to any address in the United States. Apply (inclosing price) to SUPERINTENDENT OF THE Newspaper Pavilion Centennial Grounds, Philadelphia, or American News Company, New York. Every advertiser needs it.

LEA & PERRINS'

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PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE



"Only Good SAUCE," An appetizer to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

EXTRACT of a letter from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at Worcester.

May, '51.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

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SIGNATURE is on EVERY BOTTLE.

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77

LIFE PRESERVER.

ABSOLUTE SAFETY At Sea.

LIFE SAVING SUIT FOR OCEAN TRAVEL.

THE CONTINUOUS DISASTERS AT SEA.

And the almost countless lives that have been lost, urge the introduction of more effective appliances for saving life than have yet been generally adopted. In response to the great public demand, the American Life Saving Suit Company now present a

Practical Life Saving Suit.

This suit having been tested and approved by the most scientific and practical authorities, we now offer as a means of absolute safety on death by drowning. The invention now offered claims its superiority over all inventions in that it floats the body in a vertical position in the roughest sea, preserves the natural colors of the body for any number of days, with capacity for carrying provisions for ten days, and signals to attract attention from passing vessels.

This suit embodies three principles which are imperative in a life saving dress—

First—A buoyancy which supports the body in a vertical position, and maintains it as from a natural law.

Second—Protection from water and weather and consequent chill.

Third—A commissariat department, to which is attached signals, with capacity for carrying valuables, etc., etc.

This suit is put on over ordinary clothing, except shoes and hat, and can be put on inside of five minutes, and are led to passengers on transatlantic steamers at the low price of

FIVE DOLLARS A TRIP.

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The American

LIFE SAVING SUIT COMPANY,
14 NEW CHURCH ST., NEW YORK.

4-26cm

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICE.

In the District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Alabama.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

In the matter of Alfred R. Knapp, a bankrupt.

This is to give notice—

1. That a warrant to bankruptcy has been issued against the estate of Alfred R. Knapp, bankrupt aforesaid.

2. That the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or to his use, and the transfer of his property by him is forbidden by law.

3. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court in said district, on the 28th day of July, A. D., 1876, at 10 o'clock, a. m., in the U. S. Court Room in Montgomery, before Joseph W. Burke, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said district.

GEO. TURNER,
U. S. Marshal (Messenger.)

7-20

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.—For the Middle District of Alabama.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

Middle District of Alabama, S. S:

In the matter of Baugh, Kennedy & Co., Bankrupts.

This is to give notice that on the 7th day of July, 1876, a warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Alabama, against the estate of Baugh, Kennedy & Co., of Tuskaloosa, in the county of Tuskaloosa, in said District, who were adjudged Bankrupts on their own petition. That the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupts to them, or for the use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law; and that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupts to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of the estate, will be held at a court of bankruptcy, to be holden at the United States court rooms in the city of Montgomery before Joseph W. Burke, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said District, on the 28th day of July, A. D. 1876.

GEORGE TURNER,
7-9-3tt U. S. Marshal for said District.

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CORNER WATER & CONTI STREETS,

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GREAT REDUCTION OF RATES!

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The People's Remedy.
The Universal Pain Extractor.
Note: ask for POND'S EXTRACT.
Take no other.

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POND'S EXTRACT—The great Vegetable Pain Destroyer. Has been in use over thirty years, and for cleanliness and prompt curative virtues cannot be excelled.

CHILDREN.—No family can afford to be without Pond's Extract. Accidents, Bruises, Contusions, Cuts, Sprains, are relieved almost instantly by external application. Promptly relieves pains or Burns, Scalds, Excoriations, Chafings, Old Sores, Boils, Felons, Corns, etc. Arrests inflamation, reduces swellings, stops bleeding, removes discolorations and heals rapidly.

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BLEEDING from any cause. For this is a specific. It has saved hundreds of lives when all other remedies failed to arrest bleeding from nose, stomach, lungs, and elsewhere.

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PHYSICIANS of all schools who are acquainted with Pond's Extract of Witch Hazel recommend it in their practice. We have letters of commendation from hundreds of Physicians, many of whom order it for use in their own practice. In addition to the foregoing, they order its use for **Swellings** of all kinds, **Quinsy, Sore Throat, Inflamed Tonsils,** simple and chronic **Diarrhœa, Catarrh,** (for which it is a specific) **Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Stings of Insects, Mosquitoes,** etc., **Chapped Hands, Face,** and indeed all manner of skin diseases.

TOILET USE.—Removes **Soreness, Roughness,** and **Smarting;** heals **Cuts, Eruptions,** and **Pimples.** It *restores, invigorates,* and *refreshes,* while wonderfully improving the **Complexion.**

TO FARMERS.—Pond's Extract. No Stock Breeder, no Livery Man can afford to be without it. It is used by all the Leading Livery Stables, R. R. Companies and first Horsemen in New York City. It has no equal for **Sprains, Harness or Saddle Chafings, Stiffness, Scratches, Swellings, Cuts, Lacerations, Bleeding, Pneumonia, Colic, Diarrhœa, Chills, Colds,** etc. Its range of action is wide, and the relief it affords is so prompt that it is invaluable in every Farm-yard as well as in every Farm-house. Let it be tried once, and you will never be without it.

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No Short Crop in Alabama.

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Montgomery Ice Manufacturing Co.,

Are now prepared to supply the public at their old stand, MONROE ST., opposite the CITY HALL.

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ESTABLISHED 1834.

As a old liquors as can be found in the city at prices to suit the times. Also on draught and Kinsey's celebrated Lager Beer. We are the agents for Hannis Baltimore Rye Whiskies, which we shall keep constantly on draught at our Bar.

We are also agents for the celebrated **Key West Cigar,** which has been pronounced the best cigar ever offered in this or any other market.

Key West Cigars	5 cts
Draught Lager	10 cts
Bottled Lager	$3.00
Krug Wine, quarts	1.00
Krug Wine, pints	10 cts
Mixed Drinks	10 cts

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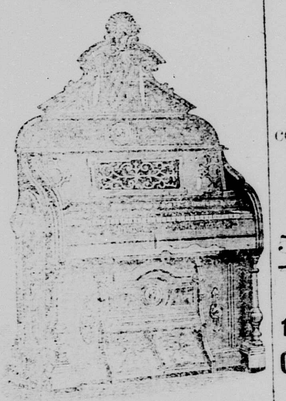

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Surpasses in tone and power any Reed Organ heretofore manufactured in this country. It has been tested by many competent judges and

Gives Universal Satisfaction.

By a skillful use of the stops, and of the patent tone swell, four distinct qualities are imparted to the human voice, ranging from the softest flute like note to a volume of sound.

Unsurpassed by any Instrument

The parts have been tried carefully for many years the improvements and merits of the Reed Instruments, and the defects and imperfections, and their combination of such improvements in the production of a instrument that imitates so closely to the

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That it is difficult to distinguish between the two. This instrument has all

THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS,

And every organ is fully warranted. Large Oil Polish, Black Walnut Panel Cases, that

forms in any room a splendid instrument of music.

A Beautiful Piece of Furniture.

This organ now is only to be seen to be appreciated, and is sold at extremely

LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

AGENTS WANTED—(Male or female) in every county in the United States and Canada. A liberal discount made to Teachers, Ministers, Churches, Schools, Lodges, etc., where there is no agent for the Star Organ. Illustrated catalogue and price list free. Correspondence solicited. Address the manufacturers.

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T. B. MCMURRIE
EDWARD PLOTTS

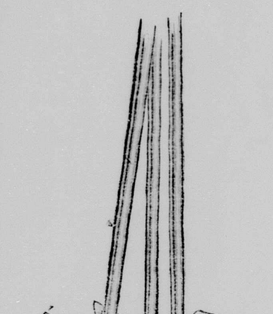
COMBINATION HOE.

First Premium Awarded at the Grangers' State Fair

Of Alabama, October, 1875, the first place where the Hoe was exhibited.

Manufactured by the Granger Hoe Company.

WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.



Requires no wedging. Can be adjusted for any work, or to suit the height of workman in fifteen seconds.

The Blade of the Field Hoe is made entirely of cast steel, square in shape, and when one edge becomes dull or worn out, the blade may be reversed, thus making

Two Hoes for the Price of One

It can be taken from the handle without trouble for the purpose of grinding.

The fixtures are made of malleable iron and cannot be broken.

The handles are made of sound ash wood—the best material known for handles.

Hoes handled ready for use, as cheap as the best hoe blade manufactured.

Saves time and money in the item of handles—no wedges to shrink up and pull out in dry weather.

No. 2, "Boys' Hoe" medium size, for field or garden work. Adjustable same as field hoe.

An entire set of splendid garden tools for the price of one implement.

For further information, address.

W. R. NOBLE, Secretary Granger Hoe Company, Montgomery, Ala.

1776 Centennial. 1876

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SEASON.

GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,

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HAVE NOW ON HAND THE COMPLETEST LINES OF

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS

TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

New Dress Goods, Real Iron Frame Grenadines,
Novelties in Matamora Suitings, Exquisite Knickerbockers,
Stylish Damassee Suitings, and everything that is new in Dress Goods,
Fresh White Goods, Rich Fancy Goods, Elegant Ecru Ties

Novel Ecru Ruffling, Handsome Parasols,
Complete Stock of Bleachings, Large Selection
In Hosiery, Best 10-4 Sheetings, Genuine Irish Linens, Good
Table Damasks, Latest in Lace Curtains, full selections in White Piques,

Guaranteed Kid Gloves, Perfect fitting Corsets,
Excelsior Trimmings. Full selections in Cassimers,
Tweeds, Linens, Cottonades, Etc., for Men and Boys' wear.

WE OFFER THE BEST ASSORTMENTS IN

Ladies', Children and Misses' Philadelphia Hand-Made Shoes.

In fact everything desirable in a First-class Dry Goods House will be found at our Store, all offering at the very

Lowest Prices.

TO THE MERCHANTS:

We are displaying the largest stock of Goods ever received by our firm, and we guarantee bottom prices. Call early and look at our stock.

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1776 CENTENNIAL 1876

Centennial Dry Goods.
Centennial Hats.
Centennial Boots,
Centennial Shoes,
Centennial Clothing
Centennial Hosiery,
Centennial Parasols.
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In fact a general assortment of CENTENNIAL goods, suitable for the Centennial Spring and Summer, recently purchased at the very lowest cash prices, ranging from the cheapest to the finest. Call and don't see what you want ask for it. Give me a call and be satisfied. If you don't see what you want ask for it. Give me a call and be satisfied. If you don't see what you want ask for it.

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...Reduced Prices in White Piques,
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ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL.

BY T. C. BINGHAM & CO. "The Union of Our Forefathers------Peace and Prosperity to All Men!" Terms---$8 Per Annum.

VOLUME VIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 15, 1876 NUMBER 256

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET:

For President of the United States,
Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio.

For Vice-President,
Wm. A. Wheeler, of New York.

Peters for Houston.

We do not recognize the right of any Democrat to deny the statement that Judge Peters intends to vote for Houston. Let Judge Peters himself or some Republican authorized by him, speak out in this matter.

To Republicans.

Republicans throughout the State will please take notice that the STATE JOURNAL is the only Republican newspaper published in Alabama. All communications intended to reach Republican readers should be sent to us; and the proceedings of Republican County Conventions intended for publication for the benefit of Republicans should also be sent to this paper. The Chairmen of Republican County Executive Committees will please remember this. It is simply a waste of time to have these matters published in Democratic papers.

THE somewhat famous Democratic politician, Henry Clay Dean, in referring to the fact that Governor Tilden owed his nomination to the shrewd manipulation of John Morrissey at the St. Louis Convention, says that it is, perhaps, the first instance in the history of Christian civilization where a prizefighter came up to a political convention to exhibit his broken nose as a trophy of war; or, perhaps, the only instance in which the proprietor of a fashionable gambling hell has ever ventured among the shadows of the spires of Christian churches to engage in a general revival, and hurry up the millenium of political teform.

GOVERNOR TILDEN stands charged by the stockholders of the St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute Railroad with fraudulently appropriating $775,000 worth of stocks and bonds to his own use some years ago. They brought suit to recover last spring, and Mr. Tilden had the time for returning answer extended until after the St. Louis Convention. When the second appointed time came, July 1st, Mr. Tilden got the case postponed again until early in October; and when October comes he will have it postponed again. He will never permit that case to be heard while he is a candidate, because he dare not.

THE Chicago Times, (Dem.) inquires: "Has it never occurred to the Bourbon shriekers for the repeal of the resumption act, including those who nominated Tilden at St. Louis, that there is a law on the statute books of New York, signed by Gov. Tilden, which declares that nothing but gold and silver coin of the United States shall be legal tender in that "sovereign" State after January 1, 1879, unless otherwise expressly stipulated by the parties to the contracts?"

IN addition to the list of German papers which we printed yesterday, supporting Hayes and Wheeler, we add the Westliche Post 'Carl Schurz's paper; which we overlooked in making up our list. The Post has double the circulation of any Democratic paper in the West or South, and the attempt of the Advertiser to belittle the Post and Carl Schurz smacks considerably of sour grapes.

ARE we nearly ?—Birmingham Independent.

Well, we should say you were not, judging by the flag you float. Soapy Sam and Dubious Tom are quite enough to cause hesitation. Your question is appropriate. You are evidently not ready.

THE Chillicothe Post (Dem.) says that Capt. Tom Worthington (brother of General Worthington) favors Hayes for President. He has been an active Democrat heretofore. Also Col. W. E. Gilmore, another leading Democrat of that city.

Every one of the old Tweed and Sweeny Guard in New York are among the most enthusiastic supporters of Tilden. Birds of a feather flock together. No fear of any of the Old Tammany gang voting for Hayes and Wheeler. They have no fellowship in that direction.

THE Tilden and Hendricks combination reminds one of the old nursey rhyme:

"Jack Spratt could eat no fat, his wife could eat no lean,
And so, between them both, they licked the platter clean."

A REPUBLICAN State Senate and a Republican House of Representatives having a majority on joint ballot of twenty-four cut down the taxes of New York, and Governor Tilden rises complacently and says: "Behold my reform !"

JOHN MORRISSEY, the "great reformer," has patented a new series of playing cards, with a "Tilden" instead of the king, and a "Hendricks" for knave; but the Ohio boys will rake them both down with their Ayes.

MR. H N. SWIFT and A. N. Cole of Allegany county, N. Y., both of them active Liberals in 1872, have announced themselves for Hayes and Wheeler.

THE country has had one bachelor Democratic President, and does not want another.

To the profound alarm of his friends, Tilden exhibits violent symptoms of a desire to make another speech.

Distorting Facts.

The comments of the Advertiser yesterday, upon the able and interesting letter of Hon. Alex White, are remarkable for the spirit which pervades them and their utter distortion to meet the prejudices and whims of the writer of those comments. Col. White understands the political situation in the South as thoroughly as any statesman in this country; he has made it a study for many years, and having taken active part in all the contests which have divided and moved this people, it is but natural that he should be outspoken in the expression of his views. Col. White speaks from history. There is no man more deeply imbued with a sense of the importance of the present and future of this section than he. His letter was a plain unvarnished recital of a conspiracy on the part of a Presidential aspirant, to arouse a new storm of sectional animosities, based upon the issues which precipitated the war, as well as those growing therefrom, and to mold into a solid phalanx the union sentiment of the country in this Presidential contest, as opposed to this section; and to leave Southern Republicans at the mercy of an infuriated and merciless kuklux. The Advertiser pretends that Col. White favored this array of sectional hosts, and that he sought to crush and outlaw the white people of the South. It was precisely the very opposite of this which Col. White endeavored to accomplish. Seeing the ruinous consequences which he believed would flow from the success of Mr. Blaine's policy, he struggled to avert the catastrophe by building up a peaceful and fraternal South —to effect a union of all the conservative and lawabiding elements, by securing fair and peaceable elections in the South, based upon a broad National sentiment which should swallow up race issues, and give us a thorough National government. Instead of seeking to injure the South, Col. White devoted all his energies to a movement whose highest object was the entire pacification and nationalization of the South. The Advertiser is so blinded by venomous Bourbon malice, that it is utterly incapable of according either justice or a good motive to an opponent. With the Advertiser, nothing which emanates from a political opponent is either pure or good. It is this mean and selfish policy which has kept the South down on its knees struggling for bare subsistence ever since the close of the war, while every other section of the country has marched on to greatness and a prosperous career.

The letter of Col. White, which the Advertiser thus distorts, bears upon its face a stinging rebuke to the adverse criticism of that sheet. It refutes all the malicious assertions of the Advertiser commentator, and it is remarkable how that paper could print the letter and the comments together. Any reader of ordinary sagacity will see at once after reading the letter and the comments of the Advertiser, that the latter are all directed at imaginary foes—men of straw —or proceeded from prejudice of the most abject character. No amount of ridicule can overthrow the logical and far-sighted conclusions of Col. White's letter. There must be sound, substantial reasoning to meet the arguments which are so strongly linked together in this brilliant and unanswerable letter. Bourbon malice can no more break the force of such a production as this than can the feeble arm of a child arrest a thunderbolt. The Advertiser has made itself ridiculous.

Judge Davis vs. Tilden.

Why Judge Davis is opposed to Tilden is probably accounted for by the fact that he presided over the trial of a case growing out of one of Tilden's railroad swindles, in which swindle the stockholders of the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad Company were cheated out of their stock by a consolidation with another railroad, which consolidation was manipulated by Tilden. In pronouncing judgment in that case against Tilden and others, his associates in the fraud, the Judge used the following severe language:

Finally, those stockholders of the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad Company who have exchanged their stock in ignorance of their rights can now be restored, and the bondholders saved from impending ruin by joining in the efforts which are now being made to set aside the *pretended consolidation which was consummated by trickery and fraud, while the public can be rescued from the despotism of the most gigantic and heartless monopoly ever attempted to be fastened upon a free people*, by making proper efforts to sustain those who are now engaged in contending against the self-constituted monopoly.

Having been compelled by his duty as a judge upoa the bench, upon clear proof, to pronounce as above upon Tilden's character as a swindler of innocent stockholders, naturally Judge Davis cannot support for the Presidency a man convicted in his own court of "trickery and fraud."

Damon and Pythias

NEW YORK, September 8, 1868.
The National Broadway Bank will pay to the order of William M. Tweed $5,000.
WILLIAM M. TWEED.

Indorsed.
Pay S. J. Tilden or order.
WILLIAM M. TWEED.

How amicably Damon Tweed and Pythias Tilden jogged along the Tammany war-path together, until the terrific onslaught of Harper's Weekly and the New York Times, aided by the merciless pencil of Nast, the caricaturist, forced Governor Tilden to change front and join in the war already begun against his old comrade by the Republicans.

THE Democratic aspirants in Limestone county have each other by the throats, and are publishing so many cards of explanation, that we fear "Old Rip Davis" will be swallowed up in the whirlwind of storm and passion that seems likely to burst over the home of the "old bald eagle of the mountains."

Consorting with Thieves.

The New York Democratic State Convention for the year 1870, was held at Rochester, months after the exposure of the Tweed ring, and when Samuel J. Tilden knew that the ring was corrupt through and through. He knew it then, because, after that, when Tweed had lost his hold, he deserted him and went right to the spot for evidence to convict him. Yet, knowing all, as he did, about the rascality and corruptions practised by Tweed he fraternized, then and there, with that prince of thieves, and sat dewn with him in that convention as a brother and an equal. The New York Times within a week following, reminded him that it was "outrageous" for him to go to Rochester and open the proceedings "of a pack of rescals who went through the forms of a political convention." It was added: "He knows he sat there simply as a cover of fraud and robbery of the worst kind. He ought not, after having done it, to be able to drive past Tweeds's new house and garden on the Fifth avenue, without blushing and hanging his head." This was the language used toward him in 1870, by a paper published in his own city, when he was not thought of for the Presidency; and it shows that he was not *then* regarded as in any sense a reformer.

The Same Old Song.

It is amasing to see the Democratic organs announce their determination to conduct the present canvass on the new issue of reform. The Seymour National Convention of 1868 made the very same issue. In its platform it blusteringly proclaimed:

"*Reform* of abuse in the administration, the expulsion of corrupt men from office. * * * * In *dismanding* these measures and REFORMS, we arraign the Radical party for its disregard of right and the unparalleled oppression and tyranny which have marked its career."

The Seymour convention, which made such a miserable failure, was precisely such a reform party as the Tilden party is and made its fight on the same issue of reform.

Tricky Sam.

When Samuel Jones Tilden was soliciting votes for Governor it was customary for him to speak from the rear platform of cars at each station. The speeches were short, and the audiences were worked up by his railroad agents in advance. "My dear citizens of foreign birth," said Samuel at a station where he had noticed a large number of empty beer kegs, "if it were in my power to be born again I would be born a German." "Faith, what is that ye's sayin', anyway?" said a man. "That is," said Samuel Jones, suddenly inspired with love for the Green Isle? "if I could not be born an Irishman!"

The Siamese—New York Twins.

Why did Governor Tilden continue in close bonds of political friendship with the infamous Tweed and the no less infamous Governor Hoffman, of New York, until they had swelled the city debt to over one hundred and thirty-two millions of dollars? Tilden's late zeal for reform looks like making a virtue of necessity. The Republican newspapers were urging war to the knife against Tweed; the people were worked up to a pitch of fury against him before Tilden fell into the reform ranks. After all, he suffered his old friend to escape with plenty of stolen money in his pocket.

Then and Now.

The Democratic platform of New York State in 1874:

STEADY STEPS TOWARD SPECIE PAYMENTS. NO STEP BACKWARDS.

The National Democratic "hard money" cry in 1876:

WE DENOUNCE THE RESUMPTION CLAUSE OF 1875, AND WE HERE DEMAND ITS REPEAL.

GOVERNOR HENDRICKS is called "the great American fence sitter."

State News.

[By Yesterday's Mail to the Journal.]

Grasshoppers are becoming exceedingly numerous, and threaten to be greater pests and in far greater number than last year. Already reports of damage done by them are coming in.—Tuscumbia Alabamian.

Married, by Rev. Benj. Swan, on the 6th of July, in Carmi, Ill., at the residence of the bride's brother, Mr. Jas. H. Eley, of Union Springs, to Miss Temple J. Ivey.

Married—In Jasper on the night of the 4th inst., at the residence of Wm. L. Stanley, Esq., the bride's father, by Rev. F. A. Gamble, Mr. G. H. Guttery and Miss Alice C. Stanley.

The Evergreen Star says: The principal amusement of the average Evergreenite during this heated spell is, to tie a tin can to a canine's tail, and hallo "whoopee!" at the top of his manly voice. Bully! isn't it?

Died—In Evergreen on the morning of the 6th inst., Mary Anna, child of Mr. and Mrs. G. O. Roudine.

Died—On Monday evening, July 10th, Harriet, infant daughter of Louis H. and Edmonia Mayer of Mobile.

The Spring Villa Centennial was not altogether a success. Thursday there was a small attendance, about four hundred on the grounds Friday, and scarcely any Saturday.—Opelika Observer.

Another Man Killed!—John Watkins, of New Lexington Beat, was shot and killed by unknown parties, on last Friday.—Tuskaloosa Times.

The timber business on the A. & C. R. R., is an important industry in the Northern portion of Tuskaloosa county. The largest cotton receipts of the season by the Grand Trunk Railroad was yesterday, when nine bales were brought in.—Mobile Tribune.

Base Ball.—A scrabnine, of Shelby county, and the Hellin club, of Talladega, played a match game at Talladega on Saturday last, which resulted in the defeat of the Shelby boys by a score of 34 to 21.

The Dead Lock of 1856.

In 1856 there was a dead-lock between the two Houses because the House sought to engraft upon the Army Appropriation bill a legislative provision that was obnoxious to the Senate. The controversy lasted for several months, and ended in the House receding from its position. R. M. T. Hunter was at that time in the Senate from Virginia. In the course of the discussion he said:

Now, sir, what I said was, when either House sought to make the appropriation bills the means of forcing on another a measure which was obnoxious to it, in either alternative it was revolution itself; that is to say, a change of constitution; for it forced the other House to yield its constitutional privileges in order to get the Government along. It would be revolutionary if they failed to be coerced in this way, and stopped the wheels of Government to compel them to do it; because it is their constitutional duty to carry on this Government and respect the constitutional privileges of the other branch. I know votes can be brought up in which I have voted for legislative measures on the Appropriation bills, I have always believed that it was irregular, that it was improper; but I have never advocated the doctrine of voting for it in one House when known to be obnoxious to the other. But, even in regard to the tariff amendment of last year, it will be found by referring to the debate, that I admitted then that if it was obnoxious to either House, the other had no right to insist; and, consequently, when the Senate, out of abundant caution, struck it out, against my vote I admit, but struck it out in reference to some such contingency as this, the House acceded to it, and admitted the propriety of doing so. I only urged it upon the ground that it was agreeable to the House, where it passed almost without reference to party. If it were agreeable to the Senate, too, and agreeable to all sides, I should not say there was anything revolutionary or improper in the act. But what is revolutionary, and what is improper, in my estimation, is for one House to attempt to use appropriation bills to force on the other legislation which is obnoxious to it, to make it give up its will, its views of propriety, its feelings of what is right. The distinction is obvious. I have never said that the mere act of sending this provision here, if agreeable to us, would be revolutionary in itself; but I say that if, after we have shown our dissent to it, and declared that it is not agreeable to us, they should insist on it, and say we must either take it or they will stop the wheels of Government, the act would be revolutionary in itself, because it is saying to us that we must give up those privileges which belong to us. We have a right to judge in regard to this measure; and if they say we shall not judge, but must adopt their opinion or they will stop the wheels of Government, I ask if the propriety of such a proceeding can be vindicated? There is only one way in which it seems to me that it may be vindicated, and that is that the measure itself is of so much importance that it is justifiable to commit an act of revolution in order to carry it.

Mr. Hanter was a very able man, and a standard authority on parliamentary law and rights. His position is exactly the same as that assumed, the other day, by Senators Morton, Logan and Morrill, for which these gentlemen are now denounced with a good deal of vigor by the opposition. His position is clearly and unmistakably right. The Republican Senators have only to stand firm. The country will be with them.

Opinions of Eminent Theologians.

"And Samuel grew and the Lord was with him, and did let none of his work fail to the ground."—[I Samuel iii, 19.—[Louisville Courier-Journal.

"Nevertheless, the people refused to obey the voice of Samuel; and they said, Nay."—[I Samuel viii, 19.—St. Louis Globe.

THE Cincinnati Gazette puts it thus: "Suppose some man like Boss Tweed had at any time proposed to Rutherford B. Hayes to stuff the ballot boxes, does any body suppose the fraud would have been committed? Certainly not. Now see what Tilden did. He was chairman of the committee, and as such sent a private circular throughout the State asking such information before midnight as would indicate the amount of stuffing necessary in New York city. The ballot boxes were accordingly stuffed, and the honest voters were cheated. Tilden knew of the fraud, and the very best that can be said is that he consented to it."

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WASHINGTON.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—Mr. Sherman, from the Conference Committee on the silver bill, submitted a report. The report was concurred in without division.

On motion of Mr. Hamlin it was ordered that the legislative session of the Senate commence at 11 a. m., until further notice.

The impeachment trial was resumed and the journal read.

A statement from the Sergeant-at-arms was read, to the effect that one of his officers had reliable information from Evans, and that he would probably be in Washington on Tuesday next.

On motion of Mr. Sherman the court at 1 p. m. adjourned till Monday, and legislative business was resumed.

Mr. Sherman, from the Committee on Finance, reported House joint resolution to amen the act of June 18, 1874, relative to the admission of articles intended for the international exhibition of 1886. Passed.

Mr. Windom called up the bill for the completion of Washington Monument pending the discussion of which the morning hour expired and the bill went over.

The Senate then resumed the consideration of the river and harbor appropriation bill.

When the State of Virginia was reached, Mr. Withers said he had sustained the amendments proposed by the committee until the Senate itself opposed the action of the committee, and that he now asked the same measure be meted to old Virginia that had been meted out to other States. He asked that the several items for Virginia, struck out by the committee, be inserted and the amendments non-concurred in.

The consideration of the bill by paragraphs was resumed.

Pending consideration, Mr. Thurman, from the Conference Committee, submitted a report which was adopted.

The consideration of the river and harbor bill was continued. The amendments of the committee increasing appropriations were all agreed to; those reducing the amounts appropriated and those striking out the clause were generally disagreed to. The amounts reinstated in the bill by the action of the Senate aggregate something over $650,000, with about $100,000 to be acted on.

On motion of Mr. Allison the Senate adjourned, without completing the consideration of the bill.

House.

Mr. Kidder, of Dakotah, introduced a bill granting aid for the construction of a railroad and telegraph line from Fort Abraham Lincoln to the Little Missouri river, in Dakotah. Referred.

Mr. Harris, of Virginia, offered a bill to remove the political disabilities of George Watson Carr, of Virginia. Passed.

The House then took up the contested election case of Abbott vs. Frost, from the fourth Massachusetts district. The majority recommends the unseating of Frost. The minority recommends his retention.

Mr. Baker spoke in favor of the minority report.

Mr. Frost then spoke in his own behalf, and Mr. Hurd, of Ohio, followed in favor of the majority report.

The question was then taken on the report of the minority declaring Mr. Frost entitled to retain his seat, which was rejected. Yeas 79, nays 101.

Mr. Abbott was then declared entitled to the seat.

Mr. Stone, of Missouri, introduced a bill to amend the second section of the act for the protection of the sinking fund and to further provide for the exigencies of the government. Referred.

The House then went into committee of the whole on the private calendar—Mr. Blackburn, of Kentucky, in the chair.

The only bill taken up was one to confirm certain land claims in the State of Missouri, but no conclusion was reached when the committee rose.

Mr. Lynde, of Massachusetts, from the conference committee on the bill to amend the bankrupt act, submitted a report, which was agreed to.

The House then adjourned.

Speaker Kerr writes from Rockbridge Alum Springs, Virginia, that he is slowly but steadily improving in health.

The silver bill passed by the House enacts that the trade dollar shall hereafter be a legal tender, and provides for the issue of fifty million of subsidiary coin. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized, at his discretion, to use a part of the sinking fund to purchase silver coin bullion for coinage.

The proposition to retire greenbacks as silver coin is issued and to increase the legal tender limit of silver coin from five to twenty dollars, was rejected in conference.

The sundry civil appropriation bill, as agreed upon by the conference committee of both Houses appropriated in the aggregate $15,829,713.19. The bill as originally passed by the House, appropriated $14,857,326.54. The Senate added to this amount $5,099,170 45. The Senate conference receded to the amount of $4,126,793.90, and the House receded $972,386.56.

WEATHER.—For the South Atlantic and Gulf States, partly cloudy weather, continued high temperature, southerly to westerly winds, and slight rise of barometer, with rains and slight change in temperature in the northern portion of the first named States.

Internal revenue receipts $402,959.67; customs $433,987.88; bank notes received for redemption $819,912.

The collector of customs at Sitka, reports that at the mouth of Stekine river, Alaska, on the 15th of May, there were over 900 white miners, two hundred Chinamen, and four hundred men, women and children, all en route for the Cassien mines, in British Columbia. The river opened on the 26th of May and the party commenced to ascend, camping along the banks.

NEW YORK.

AUBURN, July 14 —While a gang of fifty convicts, transferred from Sing Sing, were en route to Auburn this morning, Thos. Edgerly, a fifteen years' man, from New York, leaped through the car window, while the train was running at the rate of forty miles an hour, and was instantly killed. Among those who safely arrived here was Edward Stokes.

The Graphic's Washington special says the President has offered the 2d Assistant Postmaster Generalship to a Western man, but his name is not known.

R. A. Whiting, member of Congress from Peoria, is mentioned for appointment as Commissioner of Internal Revenue to succeed Pratt.

The delegation of French workmen left for Philadelphia this evening.

Commodore Vanderbilt still continues to improve slowly. He does not appear to suffer from excessive heat.

The failure of Java, Terry & Co., importers of pearl, is announced to-day.

The average weekly mortality of the city during the summer is six hundred deaths. During the 4 days of the present week here there have been 956 deaths. The corresponding 4 days of last year showed but 590 deaths. Yesterday there were 25 cases of absolute sunstroke, and numbers of prostration.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 14.—In the House of Commons to-day numerous petitions were presented by members of both sides in favor of the abrogation of the declaration of the treaty of Paris.

The Times publishes a Berlin dispatch saying the bourse was depressed yesterday in consequence of a rumor of financial difficulties at St. Petersburg. One bank was supposed to be embarrassed.

The boiler of Her Majesty's ship, Thunderer, anchored in States Bay, exploded to day. Twenty persons on board were injured and several killed.

OHIO.

CINCINNATI, July 14.—The constant rain during the past few days, in Middle and Southern Ohio, has caused considerable damage to the growing crops, fencing, railroad tracks, and in many instances to live stock. A storm in the shape of a waterspout, near Loundonville, destroyed a number of wheat fields, carried off one hundred head of sheep, and washed out several hundred feet of railroad track, in some places to the depth of eight feet.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PITTSBURGH, July 14.—At Freedom a rain storm occurred yesterday which did great damage. Crow's Run, which empties in the Ohio at this port, was swollen to a river in size, and the houses all along the banks were flooded. A house owned by Thos. Lighthill was swept away, and Mrs. Lighthill and her four children, who were in the house, were all drowned.

MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE, July 14.—Richard S. Stewart, one of the oldest and most widely known physicians of this city died yesterday afternoon, in his seventy-ninth year. He was connected with the Maryland Hospital for the insane, as superintendent, and otherwise, for forty five years, and severed his connection with the institution only a few weeks since.

FRANCE.

PARIS, July 14.—The Figaro publishes a special from Semblin, which says the Servian General, Tchernsgeff, is near Nisch.

The Turkish General, Abdal Kerim, has made wider his base of operations, and threatens Gen. Tchernsgeff. The latter's headquarters have been moved back to Agodenam.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 14.—Official advices state that the Visrhegrad division in Bosnia, crossed the Servian frontier yesterday and routed the Servians near the town of Keauterdewan, which was captured and burned.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, July 14.—Austria and Prussia have addressed communications to the powers respecting the recent meeting of the Czar and Emperor Francis Joseph, at Reichstat and its results.

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Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

JULY 14.—Our market to-day is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary	8	@	8½
Good Ordinary	9	@	—
Strict Good Ordinary	10	@	—
Low Middling	10½	@	—
Middling	11¾	@	—

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.

Bacon—C R Sides	12¾	@	13¼
" Shoulders	10½	@	11
Bulk—C R Sides	11¾	@	12
" Shoulders	9¾	@	9½
Plain Sugar-cured Hams	—	@	—
Canvas " "	15¾	@	16¼
Lard—Choice, in tierces	13¾	@	13¾
" " ½ bbls	14½	@	14¾
" " kegs	14½	@	15
" " buckets	3 15	@	3 25
Sugar—Snow White	11	@	—
" W. C	10¾	@	10¾
" Y. C	10¾	@	10¾
" Strictly Choice	10¾	@	10¾
" Prime	9¾	@	9¾
" Fair	8¾	@	9
Molasses—Choice	4	@	70
" Prime	50	@	55
" Fair	45	@	50
" Common	35	@	40
Coffee—Choice	33	@	—
" Prime	32	@	32
" Fair	21	@	21½
" Common	20	@	20½
Rice—Choice	8	@	8¾
" Prime	7	@	7¾
" Fair	6¼	@	7
Flour—Fancy	8 00	@	8 50
" Choice	7 50	@	7 75
" Family	6 25	@	7 00
" Superfine	5 00	@	5 50
" Common	4 75	@	5 00
Tobacco	42	@	1 00
Whiskey—Rectified	1 00	@	1 25
" Better Grades	1 50	@	3 50
Wines—Port and Sherry	1 25	@	2 00
" Claret	1 50	@	6 00
Brandies	2 50	@	2 00
" French	6 00	@	10 00
" Peach and Apple	2 00	@	3 50
Gin	1 40	@	2 25
" in cases	6 50	@	7 00
Beer in bottles, per doz	1 65	@	1 75
" in kegs	3 50	@	—
Cigars, per thousand	18 00	@	00 00
CASTILE GOODS—			
Oysters, 1 lb cans, per doz	90	@	1 00
" 2 " "	1 75	@	2 00
Fresh Peaches, 2 lb cans, per doz	2 00	@	2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case	3 00	@	4 25
" Cherries, " "	4 25	@	4 50
Sardines, ¼ lb box	16 00	@	16 50
Condensed Milk, " "	11 00	@	12 00
Yeast Powders, per doz	1 50	@	2 10
Pickles, gal's, "	5 00	@	6 00
" ½ " "	3 75	@	4 50
" ¼ " "	2 50	@	3 00
" ½ " "	1 50	@	2 00
Soda, in kegs, " lb		9½@	6
" boxes, "		8½@	7½
Potash, " doz	5 50	@	6 50
Candles, full weight, per lb		16½@	17½
Soaps, " "		6 @	7½
Starch, " "		8½@	9¼
Salt, Liverpool, per sack	1 35	@	1 40
" Fine Liverpool	1 00	@	—
" Virginia, " "	2 10	@	2 25
Drop Shot	2 50	@	—
Buck Shot	2 75	@	—
Powder, " keg	5 75	@	6 25
Nails, standard rate, per keg	3 50	@	—
Snuff—Macaulay, Lorillard's	80	@	—
" Miller's	75	@	—
" Gail & Ax	76	@	—
" Scotch, per gross	9 00	@	—
" Garrett's, per doz	1 75	@	—
Ink, per case	1 50	@	—
Mustard, per dozen	1 25	@	3 00
Ground Spices	1 00	@	1 25
" Pepper	1 00	@	1 25
" Ginger	1 00	@	1 25
" Allspice	1 00	@	1 25
" Cloves	1 00	@	1 25
" Cinnamon	1 00	@	—
Percussion Caps	65	@	85
G. D. Caps	45	@	—
Toilet Soaps, box	1 75	@	2 25
Blacking, box	50	@	1 00
Smoking Tobacco	50	@	60
Tea	75	@	1 25
Wampoo Bitters	6 50	@	—
Diamond Gin	7 50	@	—
Plantation Bitters	8 50	@	—
Hostetter's Bitters	8 50	@	—
Rhine Wines	8 00	@	12 50
Wrapping Paper, Large	75	@	—
" D C	65	@	—
" Medium	50	@	—
" Small	40	@	—
Nutmegs	1 50	@	—
Brooms	2 25	@	3 50

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, July 14.—Money closed at 7. Gold 111¾. Stocks dull.

COTTON.

Spot cotton to-day closed steady: Middling Orleans 11 15-16c; middling Alabama, 11¾c; middling upland, 11¾c; strict low middling upland, 11¾; low middling upland, 11 1-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10¾c; good ordinary upland 9 15-16c; ordinary upland, 8 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed quiet; sales 19,500 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 11-32@	11	13-16
August	11 11-16@		
September	7-16@	11	15-32
October	11 9-32@		—
November	11 25-32@	11	11-16
December	11 7-32@	11	11-16

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 14.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands, 6¾; middling Orleans, 6 1-8d sales to-day 6,000 bales, of which 1000 bales are for export and speculation; receipts —— bales, American —— bales.

SAVANNAH, July 13. Receipts 35, gross 417, exports to Great Britain —; sales —; stock 1,-845; price of middlings, 10¾c; market quiet.

NEW ORLEANS, July 14.—Net receipts 56, gross 794; exports to Great Britain —; coast —; sales 500; stock 52,284 price of middlings 11¾c, low middlings 10¾c, good ordinary 9¾c. market quiet.

WILMINGTON, July 14.—Net receipts 17; sales —; stock 696; price of middlings 10¾c; market steady.

MOBILE, July 14.—Net receipts 65; exports to Great Britain —, coast 50; sales 50; stock 5,740; price of middlings 10¾c, low middlings 9¾c, good ordinary 8¾c; market weak.

NORFOLK, July 14.—Net receipts 9; sales —; stock 2,295; price of middlings 11—c; market quiet.

GALVESTON, July 14.—Net receipts 71, gross 74; sales 713; stock 6,830; price of middlings 11¾c; market dull.

BOSTON, July 14.—Net receipts 184, gross 220, exports to Great Britain —; sales —; stock 15,-054; price of middlings 12c; market quiet.

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1876.

State News.

[By Yesterday's Mail to the Journal.]

Hewitt Laird, living four miles west of Elyton, died on the 29th ult.

New horse-mail route is soon to go into operation between Jonesboro and Tuscaloosa, via Parsons's, Liberty Church, Thompson's Mill, etc.

On the 29th June, Mr. David R. Eckerberger, an old and good citizen of Athens was "gathered to his fathers." His remains were interred with Masonic honors.

We regret exceedingly to hear of the death of Mr. Frank D. Sykes, who died at the residence of his father, Hon. F. W. Sykes, of Lawrence county, on the 9th inst., in the 28th year of his age, of typhoid fever.

The cotton in this section was never in a more growing and thriving condition than now—especially where it has been worked well.—Huntsville Indp't.

Weather and Crops.—The weather has been intensely hot for the past week. We believe the farmers in every part of the county have good crops. Two very successful farmers, we understand, say they have not seen at this season of the year, a better prospect for crops than they now have.—West Alabamian.

John Byars, who killed Oscar Barnett in Fayette county recently, has been acquitted by the investigating Court—his plea of self-defense being sustained by the evidence.

We learn that corn is selling in Parkersville for 50 cents a bushel.

Died, near Highland Shelby county, July 8, Samuel M. Walker.

Married at the house of the bride's mother near Randolph, Shelby county, on the evening of the 11th inst., by Rev. J. S. Dill. Mr. T. O. Henley to Miss A. C. Smith.

The coal mines have been stopped for several days. Will commence operations again in a few days.—Shelby Guide.

The fruit crop the Cahaba Valley promises to be abundant.

The Baptists of Columbiana have secured the services of Rev. Dr. Teague one Sabbath in each month.

Corn looks well generally, though in some localities there has not been enough rain. A few more good rains at the proper time will make a fine corn crop.—Shelby Guide.

We understand that there will be a match game of base ball at Calera on next Tuesday, the 18th inst., between the Talladega club and the Calera club. A basket dinner will be provided and a good time generally is anticipated. All are invited—especially the ladies.

Died, at his residence near Elyton, after a long and painful illness, Mr. A. H. Laird, a much respected citizen of Jefferson county.

The University.—The many visitors who attended the recent Commencement Exercises, were favorably impressed with the present management of our State University, and the Alumni and friends of the Institution expressed a determination to fill its halls with students the next scholastic year.—Tuskaloosa Times.

Died.—We are grieved to announce the death of Mr. Rollin A. Wellborn, which occurred at his residence in this city at 1 o'clock, Wednesday morning, 10th inst. Having been reared in Eufaula, through his genial disposition he made many friends; and his connection for years with the Chattahooche Warehouse made him well known throughout the surrounding country. He was about 43 years of age.—Eufaula Times.

In the "dry streak" of Henry county, where the farmers came near starving because of the failure of the crops last season, the cotton and corn are doing splendidly and there is every indication that a large crop will be made.

Crops.—We learn that the crops are in fine condition about Fort Browder in the northwestern portion of the county and, also, about White Oak in the western part. Indeed, we hear favorable reports from all directions.—Eufaula Times.

We are pleased to note an excursion of Northern farmers and land buyers to the rich cotton, grain and grass district, the iron mountains and Warrior coal fields of central and Southern Alabama, is advertised to leave Louisville, Ky., on Wednesday, August 23, 1876. Of course Birmingham will receive a call.—Birmingham Indp't.

The maximum temperature at Mobile Thursday was 94, minimum 81, a range of 13 degrees.

The stock of cotton in Mobile in warehouse and on shipboard on Thursday not cleared was 5,665 bales.

Died, at the Donegan Hotel in Huntsville, on the 11th inst., very suddenly, Col. Edward G. Smith. Col. S. came to Huntsville nearly a year ago a stranger, and gave out that he was a retired United States officer. His universally polite and affable manners gave him the respect of all with whom he came in contact, and many will regret his death. He hailed from Abington, Pa. He was supplied with ample means by a brother, a banker in Philadelphia. His remains will be deposited in a vault, and when cool weather returns, forwarded to his brother.

Died, in Scottsboro on the 5th inst. by Rev. R. D. Shook, Mr. George W. Weaver and Miss Viola P. Shelton, all that place.

On Saturday, the 24th ult., near Waterloo, in Lauderdale county, a man named Williams, on account of an old grudge, struck and killed Mr. John Cooper with a hoe. Williams fled.

The colored people had a temperance lecture at Elyton on Monday night. We are glad to hear that the colored temperance society of this city is flourishing.—Birmingham Independent.

Married, in Oak Grove Church, Ruhama Settlement, on the 5th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Newman, Judge W. L. Wilson and Miss Palmyra Specke, both of this county.—Birmingham Independent.

Young Dunn, who killed his uncle a few days ago in Tuscaloosa county, was brought here as a prisoner, by the mail train from Montgomery, on Sunday last. He was lodged in the jail until Monday, when he was sent to Tuscaloosa.—Tuscaloosa Gazette.

The State Normal School at Florence matriculated 122 students during the last scholastic year.

Died, in Marengo county, on the 1st, Jno. Bates, aged 81 years.

Trains are now running the entire length of the Alabama and Chattanooga railroad.

A Miss Fancher, who resides on Sipsey, says the Tuscaloosa Gazette, accidentally shot herself in the hand, which will make amputation necessary.

On Wednesday last there was a drenching rain storm, accompanied with sharp lightning and considerable wind in the neighborhood and north of Florence. The ground was flooded with water, many trees were struck with lightning or blown down, and considerable damage was suffered by the corn crops.

Three negro children were recently burned to death in Marengo county. Their parents went to the field to work and locked their children in their house which, by some means took fire.

We hear of cotton caterpillars on several farms in this county.—Union Springs Herald.

Corn was selling on our streets, on Saturday last, at 35 cents per bushel and very little demand for it at that price.—Eutaw Whig.

Birmingham has a steam thresher which threshes 175 bushels per day, and does the work far more easily and cheaply than can be done by horse power.

Union Republican Ticket.



FOR GOVERNOR:
C. C. SHEATS, of Morgan.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
THOS. T. ALLINGTON, of Lauderdale.

FOR AUDITOR:
GEORGE P. PLOWMAN, of Talladega.

FOR TREASURER:
BENJ. M. LONG, of Walker.

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL:
ROBT S. HEFLIN, of Randolph.

FOR SUPT OF EDUCATION:
P. J. GLOVER, of Marengo.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:
L. C. COULSON, of Jackson.
CHAS. E. MAYER, of Mobile.

District Electors.

FIRST DISTRICT—Lou H Mayer of Mobile.

SECOND DISTRICT—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.

THIRD DISTRICT—P G Clarke of Barbour.

FOURTH DISTRICT — J T Rapier of Lowndes.

FIFTH DISTRICT—S S Booth of Autauga.

SIXTH DISTRICT—A B Hays, of Winston.

SEVENTH DISTRICT—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.

EIGHTH DISTRICT—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

Regular State Executive Committee.

Chas. E Mayer Chairman; George Turner, Secretary.

First District—C S Wood, Allen Alexander.

Second District—William M Loftin, Frenchard Gray.

Third District—W H Black, Philip King.

Fourth District—M G Candee, H Cochran.

Fifth District—Wm J Boon, J H Alston.

Sixth District — Charles Hays, C C Sheats.

Seventh District—Arthur Bingham, H L Watlington.

Eighth District—George E. Spencer, Z E Thomas.

Regular Ticket of Montgomery County.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

CHARLES STEELE.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

T. C. BINGHAM, W. H. CRUSIUS,
J. K. GREENE, J. K. P. LUCAS.

Regular County Executive Committee.

PAUL STROBACH, Chairman. T. C. BINGHAM, Secretary.

Clark Evans, Charles Loper,
W. M. Loftin, Geo. Allen,
W. J. Maxwell, Ab. Davis,
Wm. Anthony, Br. McDaniel,
Thos. Oliver, Chas. Johnson,
Aug. Montgomery, Jos. Barnett,
Randall Chilton, Parrish Phillips,
John Breckenridge.

PLATFORM

—OF THE—

REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections State and Federal, announce as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men as the fundamental principle of our government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperiling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the cordial recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing intolerance, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and action, in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and antipathies, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the States and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one as indestructible, the other as indissoluble.

5th. The preservation and maintainance of the Republican party in the Southern States, as a safeguard against sectionalism, and the strongest guaranty of an inviolate union.

Resolved 1st, That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has carried the nation through a period of unprecedented difficulties and trials with safety and success, and has won for the President a renown as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd, That we deplore the divisions in our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies, and that now, as in the past, we are ready and desirous of healing these divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse to its energies or hope to its future, since the war, and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

ALEX WHITE, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 15th, 1876.)

When, in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved these governments to the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed." Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously enforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitutional amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts of its purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin. Commmercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the many important amendments effected by Republican Legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congress to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who periled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We therefore note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts as its chief hope of success on the electoral vote of a united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation; we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil the national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason; with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes; with reasserting and applauding in the National Capitol the sentiments of unrepented rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan mismanagement and obstruction of investigation; with proving itself, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and immense services in war and in peace.

National Republican Platform Adopted at Cincinnati, June, 1876.

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league.

2. The work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. To every American citizen, complete liberty and exact equality.

4. Steady progress towards specie payment.

5. Appointments selected with sole reference to efficiency and faithful service to the country.

6. Punishment to all who betray official trust.

7. The Public School system is the bulwark of the American republic, and for its security the application of public funds to sectarian schools should be forbidden.

8. Revenue MUST be derived from duties on importation.

9. No grants of public lands to corporations and monopolies.

10. The same protection to adopted American citizens as to native-born.

11. Duty of Congress to investigate the Chinese puzzles.

12. Woman's rights to be respected.

13. Polygamy to be prohibited and extirpated.

14. The nation's pledges to soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled.

15. The Democratic party count on a united South arrayed against the nation.

16. The Democratic party is the same in character and spirit as when in sympathy with treason.

17. Hearty gratitude of the American people to President Grant and his administration, and for his immense services in war and in peace.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

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Been in general use for twenty years. Everywhere proved the most SAFE, SIMPLE, ECONOMICAL and EFFICIENT medicines known. They are just what the people want, saving time and money averting sickness and suffering. Each single specific the well tried prescription of an eminent physician.

Nos.	Cures.	Cents.
1.	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations,	50
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic,	50
3.	Crying-Colic, or Teething of Infants,	50
4.	Diarrhœa, of Children or Adults,	50
5.	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic,	50
6.	Cholera-Morbus, Vomiting,	50
7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,	50
8.	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache,	50
9.	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo,	50
10.	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach,	50
11.	Suppressed, or Painful Periods,	50
12.	Whites, too Profuse Periods,	50
13.	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	50
14.	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	50
15.	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains,	50
16.	Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Agues,	50
17.	Piles, Blind or bleeding,	50
18.	Ophthalmy, and Sore or Weak Eyes,	50
19.	Catarrh, Acute or Chronic Influenza,	50
20.	Whooping-Cough, Violent Coughs,	50
21.	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing,	50
22.	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing,	50
23.	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swellings,	50
24.	General Debility, Physical Weakness,	50
25.	Dropsy and Scanty Secretions,	50
26.	Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding,	50
27.	Kidney-Disease, Gravel,	50
28.	Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, or Involuntary Discharges,	1.00
29.	Sore Mouth, Canker,	50
30.	Urinary Weakness, Wetting the Bed,	50
31.	Painful Periods, with Spasms,	1.00
32.	Sufferings at Change of Life,	1.00
33.	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	1.00
34.	Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat,	50
35.	Chronic Congestions and Eruptions,	50

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Case (Morocco) of 20 large vials and Book, 6 00

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UNITED STATES MAIL.

ALABAMA.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
Washington, May 20, 1876.

PROPOSALS will be received at the Office of this Department until 3 p. m. of 15th July, 1876, (to be decided by the 31st July) for carrying the mails of the United States from October 1st, 1876, to June 30, 1880, on the following route in the State of

ALABAMA,

and by the schedule of departures and arrivals herein specified, viz:

17225 From Clinton, by Pleasant Ridge, Sipsey Mills, Bridgeville, and Franson a, to Carrollton, 31 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Clinton Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Carrollton by 5 p m;
Leave Carrollton Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Clinton by 5 p m.
Bond required with bid, $1,200.

17223 From Holly Grove, by Hogan's (n. o.), Eldridge, and Palo, to Pikeville, 50 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Holly Grove Thursday at 11 a m;
Arrive at Pikeville next day by 1 p m;
Leave Pikeville Friday at 3 p m;
Arrive at Holly Grove next day by 5 p m.
Bond required with bid, $300.

17224 From Moscow, by Pine Springs (n. o.), to Detroit, 18 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Moscow Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Detroit by 6 p m;
Leave Detroit Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Moscow by 12 m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17225 From Vernon, by Blooming Grove (n. o.) and Webster (n. o.), to Mount Calm, 34 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Vernon Tuesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Mount Calm by 2 p m;
Leave Mount Calm Wednesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Vernon by 2 p m.
Bond required with bid, $300.

17226 From Pickensville, by Garden, to Bridgeville, 12 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Pickensville Wednesday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Bridgeville by 12:30 p m;
Leave Bridgeville Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Pickensville by 4:30 p m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17227 From Tuscaloosa, by Eaves's (n. o.), Thompson's Mills (n. o.), and James Parsons (n. o.), to Jogerborough, 34 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Tuscaloosa Monday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Jonesborough next day by 12 m;
Leave Jonesborough Tuesday at 2 p m;
Arrive at Tuscaloosa next day by 6 p m.
Bond required with bid, $600.

17228 From Birmingham, by Gober's (n. o.), Glover's Ferry (n. o.), Dent's (n. o.) and Howard (n. o.), to Jasper, 45 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Birmingham Tuesday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Jasper by 7 p m;
Leave Jasper Wednesday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Birmingham by 7 p m.
Bond required with bid, $600.

17229 From Springville, by Self's (n. o.), to Mount Pinson, 16 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Springville Thursday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Mount Pinson by 12 m;
Leave Mount Pinson Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Springville by 6 p m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17230 From Childersburg, Sylacauga, and Mount Olive, to Good Water, 28 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Childersburgh Wednesday at 10 a m;
Arrive at Good Water by 6 p m;
Leave Good Water Thursday at 10 a m;
Arrive at Childersburgh by 6 p m.
Bond required with bid, $300.

17231 From Good Water to Cocoa, 15 miles and back once a week.
Leave Good Water Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Cocoa by 9 a m;
Leave Cokoa Wednesday at 2 m;
Arrive at Good Water by 5 p m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17232 From Bolt, by Preston's Mills (n. o.), Democrat's Store (n. o.), and Dougher's Chapel (n. o.), to Bolt, 18 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Bolt Wednesday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Preston's by 12 m;
Leave Democrat's Store Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Bolt by 7 p m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17233 From Roanoke, by High Shoals, Lamar, and Sweet Water, to Dudleyville, 40 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Roanoke Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Dudleyville by 2 p m;
Leave Dudleyville Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Roanoke by 2 p m.
Bond required with bid, $600.

17234 From Troy, by Pea River (n. o.), and Buck Hill (n. o.), to Louisville, 32 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Troy Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Louisville by 5 p m;
Leave Louisville Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Troy by 5 p m.
Bond required with bid, $400.

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS AND POSTMASTERS.

Containing also conditions to be incorporated in the contract to the extent the Department may deem proper.

The Postmaster General warns bidders and their sureties not to amuse themselves fully with the laws of Congress relating to contracts for the carrying of the mails (the important provisions of which are stated below) and also to familiarize themselves with the instructions and forms herein furnished, lest they should assume any liabilities as such bidders or sureties, and to prevent unsupported opinion or cause of complaint thereafter.

Postmasters are required to make themselves familiar with the laws and instructions that relate to mail service, and also to familiarize themselves with the instructions and forms herein furnished, lest they should assume any liabilities as such bidders or sureties, and to prevent unsupported opinion or cause of complaint thereafter.

Postmasters are required to make themselves familiar with the laws and instructions that relate to mail service, and also to familiarize themselves with the instructions and forms herein furnished, lest they should assume any liabilities as such bidders or sureties, and to prevent unsupported opinion or cause of complaint thereafter.

1. Seven minutes are allowed to each intermediate office, when not otherwise specified, for assorting the mails.

2. Offices where the mode of conveyance admits of it, the special agents of the Post Office Department, its blank offices, mail bags, locks and keys, are to be engaged without extra charge.

3. "Way bills" or receipts, prepared by postmasters or other agents of the Department, with accurate descriptions of the several bags, to be examined by the postmasters, to insure regularity in the delivery of bags and packages.

4. Bidders will be required to state trips not performed, and for each of such omissions, if the time be occasioned by the fault or the contractor or carrier, in all cases a proportion of the trip will be deducted, at the rates of allowance so far behind time as to break connection with depending mails, and not suffer entry excused, one fourth of the compensation for the trip to be forfeited. For repeated delinquencies of the kind herein specified, enlarged penalties, proportioned to the nature thereof and the importance of the mail, may be imposed.

5. For leaving behind or throwing off the mails, or any portion of them, for the admission of passengers or for being concerned in setting up or running any opposition to the line, intelligence of which is given to the mail, a quarter's pay may be deducted.

6. Fines will be imposed, unless the delinquency is promptly and satisfactorily explained by certificates of postmasters or the affidavits of other credible persons, for failing to arrive in contract time; for neglecting to take the mail from, or deliver it into, a post office; for suffering it to be wet, injured, destroyed, robbed, or lost; and for refusing, after demand, to convey the mail as frequently as the contractor runs or is concerned in running, a coach, car, or steamboat on a route.

7. The Postmaster General may annul the contract for repeated failures to run agreeably to contract, for assigning the contract, for violating the postoffice laws, or disobeying the instructions of the Department, for refusing to discharge a carrier when required by the Department to do so, for running an express as aforesaid, or for transporting persons or property conveying mail in the line of the mail.

8. The Postmaster General may order an increase of service on a route by allowing the rate of pay as a increase on the contract pay. He may change the schedule of departures and arrivals in all cases, and particularly to make them conform to connections with railroads, without increase of pay, provided the running time be not abridged. The Postmaster General may also, after due scrutiny of the public interest in his judgment, and regard to the public convenience, discontinue or curtail the service, in whole or in part, in order to run on the more superior service or wherever the public interest requires it, on giving sixty days' notice of such discontinuance or curtailment to any office or post route following, as full indemnity to contractor for unexpired term of his contract.

9. Payments will be made by collections from, and drafts on, postmasters or other wise, after the expiration of each quarter—say in November, February, and August, provided that required evidence of service is given and the accounts shall be sufficiently correct; but no increased pay will be allowed unless they be greater than the sum stated in the bid, in which case the excess only will be allowed. The Department will inform themselves on this point, and also in reference to the weight of the mails, the condition of mails, roads, streams, &c., and all matters relating to the service, and also to familiarize themselves with the instructions and forms herein furnished, lest they should assume any liabilities as such bidders or sureties, and to prevent unsupported opinion or cause of complaint thereafter.

Postmasters are required to make themselves familiar with the laws and instructions that relate to mail

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1876.

THE OLD HOME.

BY MRS. A. G. STRONG.

When my heart is weak and weary;
When dark days of sorrow come,
When the world looks sad and dreary,
When I miss my dear old home;
Miss old friends, peace and rest,
Miss that perfect peace and rest,
Found in the old home nest.

Bright days, when "the burden's" lighter,
When life's warfare smoother flows,
When the world looks fairer, brighter,
When my heart still goes,
For back my heart still goes today,
And many a day hereafter,
And many a day hereafter,
Like naughty boy sadly back and pray,
Like naughty boy sadly back and pray,
"O, I miss the old home far away."

When in the pleasant days of spring,
Glad nature's heart rejoices;
And the gay birds sweetly sing,
And, listening to their voices,
To myself I softly say,
To myself I softly say,
How sweet the birds will sing today
Around the old home far away.

In the days of summer gladness,
When the world is full of glee,
When the birds sing,
Over the then come thoughts of sadness—
Then I miss the dear old street;
Beneath the cool shade, far away,
Miss the little ones at play—
Miss the scent of new-mown hay.

When autumn, bearing golden sheaves,
Comes, wearing bright and even
When the birds sing,
When the leaves of autumn leaves,
When all the world is flashing every where:
Then I think of other days—
Then I think of other days—
Of trees with autumn leaves blaze,
And children, making bright bonquets.

When winter's festivedays are here,
Days of pure, good will and mirth;
When the birds sing,
I miss the bright glow on the hearth;
Miss the fond ones passed away,
Miss the long faces, bright and gay,
And voices, with looks of gray.

In life's light The changes all things,
Bring not our social or worn;
Miss the changes that he brings,
And dear old homes must go;
And hey, Home is mine to-morrow
Some inhabitant joins around the door
Where my dear ones have played before.

Yes, the earth's spot to me;
Is the dearest home, with its old roof-tree,
And, and all its hearth's bright blaze.
Home forever thee, old home, ever!
Naught to sever,
Naught to sever,
Thou shalt still be the last to me forever!

There is prepared for us above,
Bright mansions, tender care,
And there home of peace and love—
Is there home of peace and love—
Is there anyone or ne there?
They need not see the sun's bright ray:
Or sorrow ticketed to bed day.
And God will wipe our tears away.

[Watchman.

Tilden on Governmental Reform.

From the New York Times.]

"Reform is necessary" are the opening words of five out of the seven resolutions constituting the St. Louis platform. These words are Tilden's mark. Gen. James W. Singleton, of Illinois, a man who has long been prominent in the Democratic councils of that State, said in the reporter of the Quincy Whig, in response to an inquiry: "Tilden will be badly beaten. No one who is an honest man at heart ever wrote that platform. It is prepared for the express purpose of deceiving the people. It is a studied deception and fraud, and it cannot win." We propose to prove that all that portion of the aforesaid platform which has any significance of interest to the nation at large was provided ready cooked by the Solitary old reformer who heads the Democratic ticket. No quick-witted man, who is able to see beyond his nose, can read the corresponding twenty-eight pages of Gov. Tilden's last annual Message, and carefully compare them with the platform, and not acknowledge that the platform and the platform are the work of the same brain, and that the platform includes the Message.

The demagogue, whether he wears broadcloth or tatters in his shirt-sleeves, who distorts facts and twists figures in order to make them lie, may do his work with consummate cunning, but resort to this trick usually betrays poor judgment. Such frauds can easily be detected by consulting original sources of information, and when the subject matter of the statement involves only so simple a matter as the aggregate yearly expenditure of the Government, a resort to fabrication is fatal to a man who has any character to lose. Thus much by way of preface to the following extract from page II of Gov. Tilden's last annual Message:

PRESENT SCALE OF GOVERMENTAL EXPENDITURE.

The extravagance of our Govermental consumption is illustrated by a comparision of the public expenditures of 1870, five years after the close of the war, with those of 1859 and 1850:

Taxes in the United States.

	1850. Gold.	1860. Gold.	1870. Currency.
Federal	$7,000,000	$60,000,112	$130,000,000
State	7,000,000	20,000,000	36,000,000
City and town	3,500,000	9,186,746	280,501,521
Total	$17,500,000	$89,186,858	$7,0,501,521
Population	23,191,876	31,443,321	38,558,371
	Taxes per head.		
Federal	$1 72	$1 94	$4 167
State	1 85	2 26	724
City and town	77	2 84	7 27
	$3 57	$7 03	$1 891

AGGREGATE TAXATION OF ELEVEN YEARS.

The aggregate Federal taxation of the eleven years now crosing, computed in currency, from the official statements, is more than $1,000,000,000. The local taxation, assuming the census statement for 1870 as an average, is more than $3,000,000,000. The aggregate taxation exceeds $7,000,000,000.

In the platform the above extract from the Message tak s the following shape, and we call attention to the fact that the statistical and other matter in the resolution is exactly the same as that in the Message. Nothing material is either added or omitted:

"Reform is necessary in the scale of public expense, Federal, State, and Municipal. Our Federal taxation has swollen from $60,000,000 in gold in 1860 to $130,000,000 in currency in 1870; our aggregate taxation from $154,000,000 in 1860 to $370,000,000 in currency in 1870, or in one decade from less than $5 per head to more than $18 per head. Since the peace the people have paid to their tax gatherers more than thrice the sum of the national debt, and more than twice that sum for the Federal Government alone. We demand a vigorous frugality in every department and from every officer of the Government."

Reform may be necessary, but so many falsehoods as are embodied in the above statements are entirely unnecessary. We invite attention to a few of them.

1. Expenditures and taxes are not precisely the same thing. In his Message the crafty Governor first gives notice to the reader by a prominent head-line that he is about to give the *present* scale of Governmental *expenditure*. He next speaks of the extravagance of Governmental *consumption*, which is, indeed, the grand central point, or sun, about which everything else in his Message is made to revolve. The terrific cost of the Government and his consummate ability as a reformer make the key-note of his campaign. In the third line he speaks again of the comparison of public *expenditures* that he is going to make. Likewise, in the resolution we are told that "Reform is necessary" in the scale of public *expense*. And what after all this parade of *present expenditure*, does he give us? Instead of telling us of the present, he steps back no less than six years, because the revenue—not the expenditure—happened to be large that year. He brings in the year 1850, not because the figures help him at all in making his point, but to make people think the 1870 fell in naturally.

2. Now, it was just as easy to give the expenditures as the income, but if he had so done, he could not have made his point, and for this reason, *because the expenditures of the Government, the interest and extinction of the public debt being exactly the same in both cases as not consumed by the vessels of the Government, were greater in 1870 than the receipts from taxes, while in 1870 they were ONE THIRD PART of the $450,000,000 he puts down for the taxes.*

3. The expenditures of 1870, exclusive of interest on the debt and the sum devoted to the purchase and cancelation of bonds, were $164,421,507. Those of 1860, exclusive of the same items, were $60,056,755. But the expenditures of 1870 included twenty-eight millions paid for pensions and other large outgoes brought on us by the war. Much more might be said on this point.

Gov. Tilden in his annual message harps for twenty pages on the Governmental consumption, meaning that the Postmasters, office-holders, clerks, &c., are eating the people out of house and home. Of the tax-eaters who consume the interest paid on the public debt, Samuel J. Tilden himself is one, and we, for our part, strongly remonstrate against counting his outlays this year as a portion of our "Governmental consumption" or expenditure. We have shown that he has, both in his message and in his platform, deliberately multiplied the aggregate expenditures of the Government by three, and we leave the reader to form his own opinion of the merits of this method of fabricating messages, platforms, and statistics.

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One Grand Cash Gift	50,000
One Grand Cash Gift	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift	10,000
One Grand Cash Gift	5,000
5 Cash Gifts of $2,000 each	10,000
10 Cash Gifts of $1,000 each	10,000
20 Cash Gifts of $500 each	10,000
100 Cash Gifts of $200 each	20,000
200 Cash Gifts of $100 each	20,000
10,000 Cash Gifts of $12 each	120,000
Total 11,336 Gifts, All Cash	600,000

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NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

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Newburgh, Nov. 6, 1874.

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The Industrial Exhibition Company will furnish agents with Circulars, etc., etc.

Each newspaper published in the town where agent is located will, as soon as agency is established, be given an advertisement, advertising such agency and the company, and fully explaining the plans, purposes and objects of the enterprise. Such advertisement will continue in such papers as long as agency is successfully conducted.

The Industrial Exhibition Company is the first to adopt the plan so long in use by the European governments of selling bonds when the principal is made secure and not risked, but where there is a chance for a large premium, an investment of $20 is sure to return to the investor $1 besides dollar for dollar than ever—and the holder of a $20 bond may obtain a premium either of $50, $100, $2 0, $500, $1,000, $2,000, $5,000, $10,000, $20,000 or $100,000. The interest, which is to be paid distributed to all the bondholders pr rata, is in this loan distributed by chance. The purchaser of a bond knows he will receive back his investment, with a small rate of interest added, have in consideration of taking this small rate of interest, he has a chance in the above named premiums, which are simply the distribution of interest on the whole loan.

Each bond participates in four drawings each year, until it has drawn a premium, when it is surrendered, the premium paid, and the bond cancelled.

The Industrial Exhibition Company, under a special charter, granted by the State of New York, is given authority to issue these bonds. The Legislature of the State, recognizing the great benefits which will arise from the success of this enterprise, have exempted all the real estate and property of the company from taxation and assessments for five years, and has also conferred other great privileges.

Every American who understands the purposes of this company will, of a necessity, feel a pride in aiding it to a successful termination.

Each individual who buys a bond becomes an owner and an investor partly, and when he view s the structure erected with his money can say, "I aided to erect in our country the most magnificent building the world has ever seen, a palace which, in truth, represents the industry, energy and mechanical genius of the American people."

The manufacturers and the inventors of America are peculiarly interested in the success of this enterpris , for the reason that it is to be their home, where all their inventions and manufactures can be exhibited and sold.

The building will contain 5,320,000 square feet of space.

Purchasers desiring Bonds before an agency is established where they reside, will communicate direct with this office, from where they can be supplied.

Parties desiring to act as agents or to purchase bonds will address

INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION CO.,

No. 12 East 17th Street,

BET. B'WAY & 5th AVE.,
NEW YORK CITY

NOTE.—All moneys by draft on New York, or Express, or postal order—charges paid by sender 8-20w

A BOOK FOR THE MILLION.

Marriage Guide

A Private Counselor for the married, or those about to marry, of either sex, on the Physiology of the sexual organization of man and woman, containing over one hundred and fifty pages, with numerous engravings, and exhibiting the Laws governing the generation, &c. This is an interesting work of two hundred and sixty pages, with numerous engravings, and contains valuable information for those who contemplate marriage, or who are afflicted with any disease peculiar to their sex. It should be kept under lock and key, and not left carelessly about the house.

It contains the opinions of the press and of physicians, who recommend it as a book that ought to be in the private library of every man, woman and child. It is a standard work of reference, and the only popular work on the subject of the generative organs that is sound, reliable and trustworthy. It has been published for years, and has a large sale.

Sent to any one of mature years, on receipt of Fifty Cents, or stamps taken at their par value. Address, Dr. Parker, Dispensary, No. 12 S. Fourth street, St. Louis, Mo.

Notice to the Afflicted and Unfortunate.

Dr. Parker, the author of the above celebrated work, can be consulted personally or by letter, on all diseases of a private nature, no matter what your case may be. Do not neglect yourself or trifle with quacks, but call on the Doctor at once. Dr. Parker is a graduate of two medical colleges, and has had more experience than any other physician in the city. Remember the place, No. 12 South Fourth street, between Market and Jefferson, St. Louis, Mo.

MARRIAGE GUIDE

A Private Counselor for the married, or those about to marry, of either sex, on the Physiology of the sexual organization of man and woman, containing over one hundred and fifty pages, with numerous engravings, and exhibiting the Laws governing the generation, &c. This is an interesting work of two hundred and sixty pages, with numerous engravings, and contains valuable information for those who contemplate marriage, or who are afflicted with any disease peculiar to their sex. It should be kept under lock and key, and not left carelessly about the house.

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A FORTUNE FOR $1.

Wyoming Monthly

LOTTERY

Legalized by authority of an Act of the Legislature.

Tickets $1 Each, 6 for $5., One chance in every 2

$250,000 in Prizes. Capital Prize $50,000

6th Extraordinary Drawing.

1 Cash Prize of	$100,000
1 Cash Prize of	50,000
1 Cash Prize of	25,000
1 Cash Prize of	20,000
51,025 Cash Prizes amounting to	350,000

The Drawings are conducted by Commissioners appointed by the Governor, and the Tickets signed by them. Reference—Cheyenne City, County, and State officials and the Public generally. Remember the Drawings are Monthly, and the Tickets only $1. Every Ticket has an equal chance for the Capital Prize. Single Tickets, Halves or Quarters can be had at the same proportion. For full particulars and Circulars address the Managers,

20 Chances for $10. Agents Wanted Liberal J. M. PATTEE, Laramie City, Wyoming.

REDUCED TO A CERTAINTY.

Chance to Gain

$50,000

NO RISK.

Send for circular at once. No time to lose. READ & CO., Bank 72, 74 Maiden Lane NEW YORK

GAUGING.

Notice to Wholesale Liquor Merchants.

UNITED STATES GAUGER'S OFFICE, Montgomery, October 16, 1875.

The wholesale Liquor dealers of Montgomery are hereby notified that the undersigned can be found at all times in the office of the JOURNAL building, on Perry street. All orders left at this office will be promptly attended to.

J. M. LEVEY.
U. S. Gauger, Second District of Alabama.
10-17 tf

Official Railroad Time Table

Giving arrival and departure of all trains of Montgomery. Reported and corrected expressly for the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, by Messrs HOUGH & BENSON, General Ticket Agents Office under Exchange Hotel, where any information as to rates, connections or distance be obtained.

Tickets sold to all points North, South, East and West.

Calls for the Omnibus or Baggage Wagon let at our office, or at the Exchange Hotel will receive prompt attention.

SOUTH AND NORTH ALA. RAILROAD

GOING NORTH.

	No 2—Mail	No 4—Exp
Leaves Montgomery	7:00 am	8:00 pm
Calera	9:35 am	10:25 pm
Birmingham	10:55 am	11:45 pm
Decatur	2:45 pm	3:05 am
Nashville	8:15 pm	8:20 am
Arrive at Louisville	3:45 am	3:40 pm

Accommodation.

	No 8
Leaves Montgomery	4:00 p m
Calera	10:25 p m
Arrive Birmingham	3:00 a m

COMING SOUTH.

	No 1—Mail	No 3—Exp
Leaves Louisville	10:05 am	12:35 am
Nashville	6:45 pm	8:25 am
Decatur	12:10 am	2:00 p m
Birmingham	3:00 am	5:30 pm
Calera	5:30 am	6:50 pm
Arrive at Montgomery	7:40 am	9:05 pm

ROBERT MEEK, Supt.
C. P. ATMORE, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.

MONTGOMERY & EUFAULA R. R.

GOING EAST.

Leave Montgomery *2:00 and 10:00 p m
Arrive at Union Springs 5:30 p m and 1:30 a m
Arrive at Eufaula 9:08 p m and 6:00 a m

Connecting closely at Union Springs with train for Troy, and at Eufaula with Southwestern railroad for all points in Southwest Georgia and Florida, and with Central line of Boats for Apalachicola, Jacksonville, Tallahassee, etc.

COMING WEST.

Leave Eufaula *10:00 pm and 4:15 p m
Arrive at Union Springs 1:25 a m and 5:35 p m
Arrive at Montgomery 6:25 a m and 7:50 a m

Connecting closely at Union Springs with train for Columbus, and at Montgomery with all roads for all points north, south, east and west.

R. DUNHAM Supt
T. P. WELLS, Gen. Ticket Agent.
*Does not run on Sundays.

* 2 pm. train runs to Eufaula Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays; to Union Springs, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

MOBILE & MONTGOMERY RAILROAD

Commencing Sunday, November 21, 1875, the Mobile & Montgomery Railroad will run double daily passenger trains, and will run as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

Leaves Montgomery	7:45 a m
Arrives at Mobile	12:20 p m
Arrives at Montgomery	7:43 p m
Leave New Orleans	5:00 p m
Leave Mobile	11:0 p m
Arrives at Montgomery	6:35 a m

G. JORDAN, Superintendent.
GEO. NASON, Gen. Pass. and Frt. Agent.

WESTERN RAILROAD OF ALABAMA

GOING EAST AND NORTH.

Leaves Montgomery	6:59 a m
NIGHT PASSENGER—EAST	
Leave Montgomery	8:08 p m
Selma and West Point Accommodation*	
Arrive at Mont

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1876.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MONTGOMERY, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T. C. Bingham will be paidby us. T. C. BINGHAM & Co.,

dtf. Proprietors.

THE cotton market is as dull and flat as the oldest inhabitant ever knew it.

THE STATE JOURNAL is the only Republican newspaper in the great State of Alabama.

THE axles of the evening mud machine have been greased, and the dirty thing shows some renewed signs of life.

THE people of this city managed to get through the sweltering weather yesterday, without any serious results. It is a wonder.

MR. JOSEPH KAELIN, a well known tailor, died very suddenly last evening. He was up, and in apparently perfect health at 12 o'clock. At 7 o'clock he was a corpse. He leaves a wife and four small children.

OUR State News will be found full and interesting. The JOURNAL is the only paper in Montgomery which keeps our own people informed of their own home affairs. We publish a live newspaper, not a one horse political organ.

WON'T some kind hearted benevolent citizen erect a public lemonade or ice-water fountain in the city? The tramps complain that basin water is not refreshing or healthy. This is a free country and these gentlemen should not be forced to suffer.

ARRESTED.—About 1 o'clock Thursday night, a suspicious character was arrested by the police, who had 18 or 20 fine chickens he was making way with. If any reader of the JOURNAL has lost chickens, he can call at the station and examine these.

A SIGHT-SEEING party of about a dozen rustics were in town yesterday, and attracted much attention by their white sunbonnets and wide brim straw hats. They looked cool and comfortable, however, and were consequently the envy of city folks.

A CONVENTION of Republicans of Perry county, was held a few days since, at Marion. The following nominations were made: For the Senate, J. T. Harris; For the House, G. S. W. Lewis and Nicholas Stephens. The JOURNAL was requested to make mention of the action of the convention.

THE melodious voice of the green fruit "hawker" resounds throughout our city daily; the thermometer is still on the rise, and the consequence of it all is, that a holy calm expression of joy rests upon the faces of the doctors, while the undertakers brush up their shiny black clothes, and with folded arms await further developments.

SCENE—a Market street dry goods store; two nobby clerks standing at the door: First clerk, "Aw say, Gawge, where is aw, aw, Awlfred to-day?" Second clerk, "Aw, he, he, he, aw, Gawge, went on an excursion yesterday, yaw know, aw, and aw, is in bed to-day waiting to get his aw, he! he! he! his aw, shirt washed." Both "haw, haw, haw, he, he."

REPORTS from all parts of this county are very encouraging for the regular ticket of Republicans, headed by Charles Steele. This ticket will carry the county by the largest majority ever received—unless all signs fail. A vigorous canvass will be made in every beat, and the voters will be enlightened upon the project to sell out this county by the bolting ticket.

THERE was a Republican county convention held at Sweet Gum Church, Macon county, on the 8th inst., which was attended by a full delegation from every beat in the county. Hon. Benjamin Thompson was nominated for the Senate, and Messrs. J. H. Alston and J. W. Wood for the House. Alston at first refused the nomination, but having been chosen by acclamation accepted it, and pledged himself to do all he could for the people.

IN JULY.—In July men never get drunk. It is called sunstroke.

In July the only real happy man is he who owns a beer cave.

In July a dog is knocked on the head if he dares to hold out his tongue

In July the annual eruption of school essays and orations takes place.

In July people suffer from indigestion, combined with strawberry festivals.

In July ravishing tenor solos, executed by mosquitoes, incline one to systematic profanity.

In July boys run away from Sunday school, and every single mother's son of them get drowned.

In July all that a young man can earn that will he give to satisfy his "love's longing for ice cream."

In July a woman who is too fragile to lift a needle and thread will operate a fan for fourteen hours consecutively.

In July green apples are bought. As the apples go in at the back door, the doctor comes in at the front door with a stomach pump.

In July the mower goes forth to mow. Presently the rattling machine gathers him in. They bear in the slices to the weeping widow.

In July it takes two men to keep a street car horse in motion. One beats him with a hoop-pole and the other sops his brow with ice water.

In July it is too hot to work; but almost any honest, earnest, devout American will sit a whole afternoon in the sun to see a base ball match.

In July timorous people live on Graham bread and rare beef, and die of the cholera; but bold people grow fat on cucumbers, watermelons and green corn.

In July the good mother blisters her fat face putting up fruit, while the pale, intellectual daughter fulfills her destiny by reading novels in the darkened parlors.

The Baptist Convention.

LIST OF ASSOCIATIONS, CHURCHES, COMMITTEES AND LIFE MEMBERS.

ASSOCIATIONS.

Alabama.—Elder W C Cleveland, Whitfield Quarles, Elder G W McQueen, T J Miles, Elder E F Baber.

Eufaula.—Elder E Y VanHoose, Elder W N Reeves, Elder W H Norton, W S Paullin, Elder W S Rogers, Seth Mabry.

Coosa River.—Elder S Henderson, Elder J J D Renfroe, Elder E T Smythe, A B Goodhue.

Cahaba.—Elder E T Winkler, W C Ward, D G Lyon.

Unity.—Elder W Lee, W B Strock.

Canaan.—Elder A J Waldrop, Elder J H Weatherly, N F Miles.

Pine Barren.—Elder C W Hare, Elder J F Bruner, Elder A T Simms, G W Albritton, J W Purifoy.

Tuskaloosa.—J B Eddins.

Tuskegee.—B Davie, Elder W H Carroll, M C Hammons.

Carey.—Elder W T Davis, M W Whatley.

Bethel.—Elder J G McCaskey.

Bathlehem.—Elders W G Curry, L W Duke, B F Riley.

Cedar Bluff.—Elder J J Cloud.

Salem.—J P Nall, Elder J D McClendon, G Hendrick, E Y VanHoose, H D Boyd, G G McLendon, Elder J. L. Sampey.

Providence.—Elder J O'B Lowry, Elder T B Thames, Elder J S Paullin, C E Thames, Elder J H Curry.

Centennial.—Elder J H Hendon. Jonathan Thornton.

CHURCHES.

Eufaula—Elder W N Reeves, J A B Besson.

Providence—Rev W D Crumpton, Rev P L Mosely, L Johnson.

Selma—J W Hudson, J H Burns, T S Bowen, Jonathan Haralson, Sumpter Lea.

Talladega—Rev J J D Renfroe.

Oxford—Rev E T Smythe, A B Goodhue.

Montgomery—First, B F Noble, B B Davis, T L Jones, H A Howard, R H Molton; Adams Street, Rev J Falkner, J Falkner.

Ruhama—Rev A J Waldrop.

Siloam—Rev E T Winkler, J T Murfee, John G Apsey, W F Davis.

Friendship—Rev B J Skinner.

Fellowship—Dr C J Knight.

Mobile—St Francis Street, Rev J O'B Lowery, Rev T B Thames, C E Thames; Broad Street, Elder J S Paullin, Elder J H Curry.

Birmingham—First, J B Fonville, J P Hutchinson, Thomas McConnaghy.

Clayton—W S Paullin, Seth Mabry.

Town Creek—S W Quarles.

Steep Creek—W P Ballock, E E Moseley, S A Satterwhite, W R Reife, U G W Powell, John Thomas.

Hopewell, Lowndes county—John Tyson.

Gadsden—J J Cloud.

Bethlehem Church—Rev W H Norton.

Greenville—Rev B H Crumpton, J M Thigpen, T C Watts.

Bethsaida, Wilcox county—G W Albritton, C C Jones, J W Purifoy.

Ebenezer, Butler county—Nathan Wright.

Pleasant Hill, Dallas county—Rev B W Whilden.

Montevallo—Rev J S Dill.

Ash Creek, Bethany, Mount Gilliead, Hayneville—Elder E F Baber.

Union Springs—Rev J H Hendon, C J L Cunningham, Rev Jonathan Thornton, W M Thornton.

Big Springs, Harpersville, Shelby county—Rev J N Prestridge.

Rock West—Daniel Cook, Frank Cook.

LIFE MEMBERS.

John Haralson, Rev M T Sumner, Rev E T Winkler, Rev A J Waldrop.

CORRESPONDING BODIES, ETC.

Pleasant Hill Ladies Benevolent Society—Rev B W Whilden.

Baptist Ladies Aid Society, Greenville, T C Watts.

Pine Apple Missionary Society—Rev B J Skinner.

Ann Hazeltine Society of Marion.

Woman's Missionary Society of Talladega.

Steep Creek Missionary Society.

Rev B Manly, President Georgetown College, Kentucky.

Rev. W N Chaudoin, Rev J B Chevis, Georgia Baptist State Convention.

Rev M B H Hardin.

Rev L R Gwaltney, President Judson Institute.

M P Moore, Big Hatchie Association, Tennessee.

Col J T Murfee, President Howard College.

Rev J H Curry, Southern Baptist Theological Seminary.

PERMANENT OFFICERS.

Hon Jonathan Haralson, of Selma, President, B B Davis, Recording Secretary, J W Hudson, Assistant Secretary.

First Vice President—Rev M T Sumner, D. D.

Second Vice President—Rev J J D Renfro.

Directors—E T Winkler, D D, W W Wilkerson, M D, Porter King, W H Fiquet, John Moore, I B Vaiden, J B Lovelace, J T Murfee, LL D, John H Lee, C C Huckabee, J F Bailey, F H Hawkes.

COMMITTEES.

On Finance—C J L Cunningham, Dr J B Fonville, J W Purifoy, John Tyson.

To nominate State Mission Board—W C Ward, Rev J H Hendon, Rev J J Cloud, L W Duke.

To nominate delegates to the Southern Baptist Convention, to be held with the Coliseum Place Baptist Church, New Orleans, on Thursday, before the second Sabbath in May, 1877—Rev W H McIntosh, Rev W G Curry, Thad C Watts, W T Davis.

On Foreign Missions—J F Bruner, C E Thames, J N Prestridge.

On Education—S Lea, J H Curry, J M Falkner, Thos McConnaghy.

On Sabbath Schools—J O Hixson, T L Jones.

The report of the managers of the Alabama Baptist was read and referred to a special committee of seven, consisting of W C Cleveland, E F Baber, W B Crumpton, J M Bailey, E T Smith, J O'B Lowry, A J Waldrop.

The report of the Board of Trustees of Howard College was read and referred to a committee of five—H A Woolf, C E Thames, A B Goodhue, L L Fox, Rev B H Crumpton.

The subject of the appointment of the time and place for the meeting of the next convention was referred to a committee consisting of J S Paullia, B H Crumpton, G W McQueen.

RAILROAD PROSPECTS.—The very rapid construction of railways in this country for successive years preceding the war and in some years since; the immense capital invested in these roads, their intimate relation to settlement, production, mining, manufactures, commerce and wealth in every form, and to political and industrial progress, as well as to investments, all conspire to direct close attention to whatever concerns them. Since the close of the war they have experienced an unprecedented series of misfortunes. Rich and established roads have passed dividend after dividend, roads of less resources have barely succeeded in balancing their accounts; while many have failed to do this, some have failed utterly, some have been sold to the highest bidder by the sheriff, and construction has ceased. Many causes have conspired to this result. The financial storm that disturbed all values three years ago, struck the railways at a critical instant—struck them severely and struck the interests on which they depend as violently. The internal transportation of the country was paralyzed, and though recovering, has not recovered; and owing to the stagnation in foreign commerce this has not yielded its usual advantages to the railways. While we apprehend that the recuperation of the railways is to follow rather than lead that of general business for some time, and that years will elapse before another term of great activity and enlargement occurs, it is quite evident from the burden of the statistics and deductions in the most recent volume of Poor's Manual, that they have stood the storm bravely and that their enlargement is once more contemplated by the sanguine at various points—in extensions beyond the Mississippi and southward, and in the southern States, and in minor construction in the old States.

RECORD OF THE YEAR.—This new magazine for August, being the fifth number, is now ready, and is upon our table. It has a fine portrait of Commodore Vanderbilt. And besides the unique and valuable Diary of important events this number contains, among two hundred other articles, the following points of special interest:

Dethronement of Abdul Aziz Kahn.

Anecdotes of A. T. Stewart.

A charming article on the "Bohemians" in America, in which Fitz Green Hallock, Walt. Whitman, William Winter, Edgar Allen Poe and others are considered.

The Beautiful Cleopatra Poems by Lytle and Collier.

The Danish Hymn sung at the funeral of Hans Christian Andersen.

McDermott's touching poem "O! do not sing that song again."

Platforms of all the Political State Conventions.

Harrison's great speech in Congress on the Marine Band.

Stonewall Jackson's Poem "My Wife and Child."

Victor Hugo on Amnesty.

Opening of the Philadelphia Centennial.

Whittier's Centennial Hymn and "May."

Youth and its troubles.

Things to be laughed at, popular and touching poems, sketches, incidents, etc., in such attractive variety, that it forms the richest amount of really valuable and entertaining reading almost ever embraced in a magazine.

THE RECORD OF THE YEAR is something new and original in the way of a Monthly Magazine. Being a sort of Reference Scrap-Book, or monthly record of important events that happen in any part of the world, with a selection of the most popular miscellany of the current month, prose and poetry, foreign and domestic. Edited by Frank Moore, of the "Rebellion Record." Beautifully printed, with an elegant steel portrait of the most talked of person of the month. Price, 50 cents a month, or $5.00 for a year's subscription—postage paid by the publishers. Yearly subscriptions begin with any month. G. W. Carleton & Co., Publishers, Madison Square, New York.

It was stated sometime ago that Don Carlos, the Spanish pretender, had passed through Montgomery en route from New Orleans to the North. But few of our citizens believed the report. It appears, however, that Don Carlos is now in the country. The Washington Chronicle of Wednesday has this item concerning his movements:

Don Carlos and suite left this city last evening at seven o'clock for Baltimore. In his party are Count Ponce de Leon, Generals Martinez Velasco, and Viscount de Monsarrat, of his staff; and J. Rivas, M. Esquino, Spanish merchants, residents of Mexico. Mr. Esquino says that Don Carlos recently inherited from a relation in Spain property to the amount of 40,000,000 francs.

PERSONAL.—Mr. T. H. Bean and Mr. A. Kumlein, of Washington, are in the city for the purpose of stocking the river with shad, of which more will be said hereafter.

Local and Business Notices.

MR. DANIEL F. BEATTY, of Washington, N. J., the energetic and perserving manufacturer of the Beatty Piano and Golden Tongue Parlor Organs, deserves the hightest credit for having produced the most perfect musical instrument combined with the utmost beauty and chasteness of design yet offered the musical public. See his advertisement in another place. Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

7-13tjt.

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.*

3-14 d&wem

Nervous Debility.

Vital weakness or depression: A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental overwork, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphrey's Homeopathic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the dram and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per package of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Homeopathic Medicine Company, 662 Broadway, New York.

1-1d&w 1y

THE Star Parlor Organs are celebrated for their purity of tone, elegant design and thorough construction. Send for catalogue. Address,

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & CO,

6-30d&wom Washington, N. J.

BEATTY PIANO

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

From Geo. E. Letcher, firm of Wm H. Letcher & Bro., Bankers, Fayette, Ohio.

"We received the piano and think it a very fine toned one out here. Waited a short time to give it a good test. If you wish a word in favor of it we will cheerfully give it."

James K. Brown, Esq., Edwardsville, Ill., says: "The Beatty Piano received gives entire satisfaction." Agents wanted. Send for catalogue. Address

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

BEATTY PIANO.

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

Best offer ever given now ready.

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

SKETCHING from Nature, in pencil and water colors, and drawing and painting in colored crayons; a practical instructor, illustrated, 50 cts. Of any bookseller, or JESSE HANEY & CO., 119 Nassau street, N. Y.

$25 a day guaranteed using our **Well Auger and Drills. $100** a month paid to good agents. Auger book free. Jil Auger Co., St. Louis, Mo.

New Advertisements.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and Outfit FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine

PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING. How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents, together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc. 1,000,000 sold. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pub's, Philadelphia

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing over 5,000 copies each issue. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Financial and other special class journals; very complete list. Together with complete lists of over 300 German papers printed in the United State. Also, an essay upon advertising, many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers, and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know. Address, GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

NEWSPAPERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

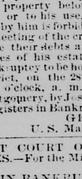
A complete list, numbering 8,529 with a Gazetteer correct to date, of all towns and cities in which newspapers are published; historical and statistical sketches of the Great Newspaper Establishments; fine rates with numerous engravings of the principal newspaper buildings. Book of 500 PAGES, just issued. Mailed, post paid, to any address for $3.00. Apply (inclosing price) to SUPERINTENDENT OF THE NEWSPAPER PAVILION, Centennial Grounds, Philadelphia, or American News Company, N. Y. Every advertiser needs it.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE

"Only Good SAUCE,"

An applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.



EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851.

"TO LEA & PERRINS that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

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ABSOLUTE SAFETY At Sea.

LIFE SAVING SUIT FOR OCEAN TRAVEL.

THE CONTINUOUS DISASTERS AT SEA.

And the almost countless lives that have been lost, urge the introduction of more effective appliances for saving life than have yet been generally accepted. In response to the great public demand, the American Life Saving Suit Company now present a

Practical Life Saving Suit.

This suit having been tested and approved by the most scientific and practical authorities, we now offer as a means of absolutes safety from death by drowning. The invention now offered claims its superiority over all inventions in that it floats the body in a vertical position in the roughest sea, preserves the natural caloric of the body for any number of days, with capacity for carrying provisions for ten days, and signals to attract attention from passing vessels.

This suit embodies three principles which are imperative in a life saving dress—

First—A buoyancy which supports the body in a vertical position, and maintains it as from a natural law.

Second—Protection from water and weather and consequent chill.

Third—A commissariat department, to which is attached signals, with capacity for carrying valuables, etc., etc.

This suit is put on over ordinary clothing, except shoes and hat, and can be put on inside of five minutes; and are let to passengers on transatlantic steamers at the low price of

FIVE DOLLARS A TRIP.

Send for a pamphlet.

The American

LIFE SAVING SUIT COMPANY,
14 NEW CHURCH ST., NEW YORK.

4-26em

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICE.

In the District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Alabama.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

In the matter of Alfred R. Knapp, a bankrupt.

This is to give notice—

1. That a warrant in bankruptcy has been issued against the estate of Alfred R. Knapp, bankrupt aforesaid.

2. That the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him is forbidden by law.

3. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at Montgomery, in said district, on the 28th day of July, A. D., 1876, at 10 o'clock, a. m., in the U. S. Court room in Montgomery, by Joseph W. Burke, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said district.

GEO. TURNER,
7-10 U. S. Marshal (Messenger.)

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.—For the Middle District of Alabama.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

Middle District of Alabama, S. S:

In the matter of Baugh, Kennedy & Co., Bankrupts.

This is to give notice that on the 7th day of July, 1876, a warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Alabama, against the estate of Baugh, Kennedy & Co., of Tuskaloosa, in the county of Tuskaloosa, in said District, who were adjudged Bankrupts on their own petition; That the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupts to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law; and that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupts to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of the estate, will be held at a court of bankruptcy, to be holden at the United States court rooms in the city of Montgomery before Joseph W. Burke, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said District, on the 28th day of July, A. D. 1876. GEORGE TURNER,

7-9dtt U. S. Marshal for said District.

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CORNER WATER & CONTI STREETS,

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GREAT REDUCTION OF RATES!

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INFLAMMATION of any kind. All kinds of **ulcerations** to which ladies are subject are promptly cured. Fuller details in book accompanying each bottle.

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No Short Crop in Alabama.

The Montgomery Protective Ice Co.

Having bought the Stock and Fixtures of D. P. WEST, and contracted for all the Ice made by the

Montgomery Ice Manufacturing Co.,

Are now prepared to supply the public at their old stand, MONROE ST., opposite the CITY HALL. J. A. DIAZ & CO., 4-14tf Agents.

BEATTY Piano.

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

From Jas. E. Rogan, firm Rogan & Carter, publishers Daily and Weekly Florence Gazette, Lauderdale Co., Miss., after receiving a piano:

"It has reached us in good condition and we are well pleased with it. I shall continue to represent it as heretofore. From E. R. Hall, Florence, Alabama, after receiving a $75 organ:

"The Beatty organ we like much. It is O. K., and comes fully up to your representations, and is excellent for the money. While I feel pledged to be a judge of no piano, Mrs. Rogan, and promenaders of every description and every month please call with us."

Best instruments ever offered. Money refunded upon return of Piano and freight charges paid by me (Dan'l F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory, after a test trial of five days. Pianos factory, after a test trial of five days. Pianos carefully packed for six years. Agents wanted. Send for catalogue. Address,

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
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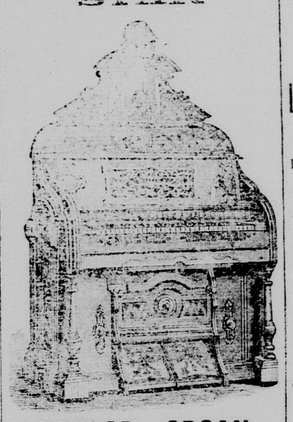
STAR



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Unsurpassed by any Instrument

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That it is difficult to distinguish between the two. This instrument has all

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This organ needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and is sold at extremely

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$10 to 25 per Day To Farmers Sons and other energetic young men to sell an article as STAPLE as COFFEE, to Farmers and Mechanics in their spare moments. Particulars Free. Address—THE CENTENNIAL CO., St. Louis, Mo.

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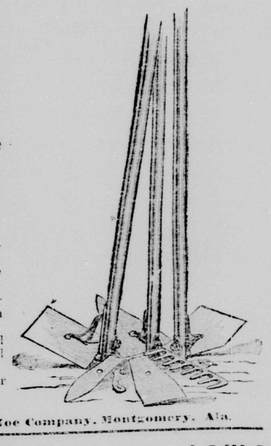
First Premium Awarded at the Grangers' State Fair

Of Alabama, October, 1875, the first place where the Hoe was exhibited.

Manufactured by the Granger Hoe Company.

WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.



Requires no wedging. Can be adjusted for any work, or to suit the height of workman in fifteen seconds.

The Blade of the Field Hoe is made entirely of cast steel, square in shape, and when one edge becomes dull or worn out, the blade may be reversed, thus making

Two Hoes for the Price of One

It can be taken from the handle without trouble for the purpose of grinding.

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No. 2, "Boys' Hoe" medium size, for field or garden work. Adjustable same as field hoe.

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For further information, address,

W. M. NOBLE, Secretary Granger Hoe Company, Montgomery, Ala.

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New Dress Goods, Real Iron Frame Grenadines,
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Fresh White Goods, Rich Fancy Goods, Elegant Ecru Ties

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In fact everything desirable in a First-class Dry Goods House will be found at our Store, all offering at the very

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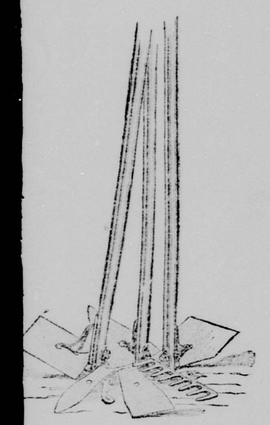

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VOLUME VIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 16, 1876 NUMBER 257

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET:



For President of the United States,
Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio.
For Vice-President,
Wm. A. Wheeler, of New York.

A New Highway.

The attention of our readers is called to the article on the second page in reference to the New York and Mazatlan Air Line Railroad, Telegraph and Immigration Company. This route is one of the most important schemes to the South which has yet been proposed, and we hope that Congress will see the necessity of giving such aid and encouragement to the route as they may deem consistent with National interests. If the Democratic papers of the South will cease their bitter and proscriptive treatment of Republicans for a while and devote their time and attention to the building of this grand highway they will do more good for themselves and the country, than a whole century's work of hate, and malicious outrage upon Republicans.

A Penitentiary Offense.

Some member or members of the grand jury of the city court, or officer of that court have revealed to the public the existence of an indictment. The party accused is not in the State. It is your duty Judge Minnis to find out the culpable official or officials, and execute the law. It is a penitentiary offense to thus expose the secrets of the grand jury. It is an outrage upon public justice and private rights, and had the party accused been another than a Republican leader, no mention would have been made of it, and these officials would not have been so hasty to perjure their souls.

We demand in the name of the outraged law that Judge Minnis proceed to protect the honor and sanctity of his court, and the private rights of this outraged citizen, by ferretting out and punishing the perjurer or perjurers in this matter.

Tricky Sam Exposed.

The New York World of the 13th inst., is almost entirely devoted to warding off the terrific and deadly blows administered by the Hon. E. W. Stoughton, in his great Hayes ratification speech in that city on Wednesday night, upon Soapy Sam Tilden. Mr. Stoughton stripped all the covering off Tricky Sam and left him naked, blistered and exposed as the twin brother of Tweed, the Confederate of Sweeny and the jobber in corrupt Railroad operations. The World feels the castigation so keenly that it squirms and wiggles like a bastinadoed sailor. Mr. Stoughton knows Sam Tilden thoroughly; he has practised law in the same courts, and has watched his movements for years. His speech was one of the greatest efforts of the canvass, and produced a wonderfully good effect in New York city.

Warning Words.

The New York World, mindful of the dangers that beset its Democratic friends, and seeing in the distance nothing but gloom and defeat, warns them thus:

> The one thing the Democracy cannot possibly afford, this year, is a revival of this wretched and infamous business of killing negroes down South. They can put a stop to it before it goes any further, if they will; and they had better be doing it with some energy. Every dead negro in Mississippi or Louisiana or South Carolina, this summer and fall, means a loss of five white voters in New York, Connecticut and New Jersey. The argument from humanity is powerfully reinforced in this case by the argument from enlightened selfishness.

A Lucky Escape.

According to the Washington Republican an impulsive gentleman from a cotton State takes this view of the canvass:

> "When icicles grown ten feet long from the window sashes of h—ll the South will be ready to support a Yankee Brigadier General for the Presidency."

This being the case, it is well that General Hancock was not nominated at St. Louis.

A PROMPT Democratic lawyer at Delhi, N. Y., on hearing of Tilden's nomination, had the impudence to announce the fact in court, and moved "that in honor thereof the court do now adjourn." Judge Follett, who was presiding, replied with a twinkle in his eye: "It is a custom always honored for courts to adjourn when the announcement of the death of any gentleman, distinguished for long and honorable service to the State or nation, is made; but I know of no precedent for a court to adjourn upon the bare announcement that a man has been struck with death. The motion is denied." Which was rather neat.

GENERAL HAYES' personal and political record is clear and clean. Not only this, but his personal surroundings and associates are pure and unobjectionable. Tilden's name is constantly associated with those of Tweed, Morrissey, Kelly and other disreputables, while his personal record is besmirched with evidence most conclusive that he is an expert railroad swindler and lobbyist.

GOVERNOR TILDEN'S favorite words are "I," "mine," "we." Out of the abundance of the heart the mouth speaketh. He evidently believes himself to be the first person in the whole country.

Who is the Perjurer?

The Advertiser announces with evident delight and minute detail, the finding of indictments, by the grand jury of the City Court, against a peaceable and law-abiding citizen of Alabama. Who gave the Advertiser this information? Grand jurors, clerks, sheriffs and solicitors are under solemn oath not to reveal the secrets necessarily demanded in the faithful administration of justice. One of these secrets is to keep inviolate the existence of indictments. It is evident, therefore, that some officer or officers have committed perjury. Not only that but the guilty parties have struck a blow at the dignity and the authority of the City Court—to say nothing of the outrageous violation of private rights. We call upon Judge Minnis to enforce the authority of his court by hunting out the guilty persons herein and exposing them to public contempt. The law has been outraged and the authority of the City Court dishonored! It is your duty, Judge Minnis, to vindicate the law.

The Southern Situation.

That able and well informed paper, the Pittsburgh Commercial, discussing the Southern situation, remarks that in 1872, the States of Maryland and Virginia, West Virginia, North and South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Florida all voted for Grant, and by decided majorities; and yet, in 1876, only four years thereafter, we hear the Democratic party laying claim to the vote of the united South. The hopes of Tilden, in the pending Presidential contest, are built upon that claim; and there is not a Democrat in the land who does not start out with the assumption that his party will carry every Southern State.

What has caused this change? Has there been an entire revolution in the public sentiment of these States? or has the changed prospect been brought about in some other way? If there has been a revolution in public sentiment, to what cause is the change to be attributed?

Is it on account of the tariff? Most certainly not. The old Whig feeling in favor of protection still lingers in all these States; and as a system of home manufactures is gradually growing up in them, the desire for governmental support must be on the increase rather than on the decrease. The tariff policy of the Republican party should commend itself favorably to the Southern States, and it doubtless would, if they were not blinded by their foolish sectional hostility.

The South, then, does not want free trade, and its present attitude is not based upon any opposition to the general national policy of the Republican party. The so called Force bill, to which it objected, has been repealed; the national taxes have been reduced and the national burdens lessened; and the currency question has not, in any way, disturbed Southern equanimity. We must look entirely beyond all the national questions that are now or ever have been at issue, for the solution of the Southern difficulty.

The real cause of the changed political condition of the South is to be found in the inborn disposition of the Democratic leaders to confine the benefits of government to a favored class, and to secure this by fraud, force and violence where nothing else is available. The most of the Southern States are to-day living under a real reign of terror, the majority being cowed into submission by the minority through a well-ordered system of intimidation. Arkansas, Mississippi, Georgia, Louisiana, Alabama and North Carolina are all Republican upon a fair vote; but their Republican majorities have been crushed by persecution, proscription and intolerance of freedom of opinion. Murders, lynchings, Ku-klux visitations, White Line outrages and a general system of terrorism have brought all this about; and to this has been added, in the North, a mawkish sentimentality about "fraternity," and an outcry by the Democrats about "the bloody shirt" wherever the Republican press repeated the story of the wrongs inflicted upon Southern Republicans. The cur of the North, strangely enough, has been closed, for several years, to the cry of anguish sent up by the Southern sufferers, and every paper which has dared to point out their wrongs has been hooted at and ridiculed until it has seemed absolutely useless to repeat the doleful story. When a nation deliberately shuts its eyes and closes its ears, there is no use in trying to check the murderous hands of those who rule by sheer force, and who interpret the insensibility of the North to the outrages practised by them as an approval of all that they have done or may do.

Is this reign of terrorism to last forever? We trust not. Yet one political party bases its hopes entirely upon its continuance, and, if it succeeds, the rule of proscription and persecution will become still more severe. The South will never prosper until the rights of all her citizens are respected, and her local governments are built not upon might but everlasting right. The Republican party is the only one that can bring this about, and the deliverance of the South will come when the Democracy have been totally routed

THE Louisville Courier-Journal wants Democratic Clubs to adopt as their emblem and put on their banners "a new broom." A broom worn down to a stub, scraggy and soiled, would be a more appropriate design. The Democratic party wore out its usefulness many years since, and Madame Columbia threw it away with other rubbish not needed for her present methods of house-keeping.

Prostitution of Justice.

Grand Juries are instruments for the administration of justice. They are the promoters of law, the defenders of society, and the dread of the evil. When these grand juries forget their high calling, and engage in traducing citizens, and glorifying over their own sacred work what hope have the people of the supremacy of law? When the oath bound secrets of the grand jury room are poured out through the public press, how can the people hope for the administration of justice? Is not the public announcement of the finding of an indictment information to the accused to escape from the law? Will Judge Minnis permit the officials of his court to degrade the vehicles of justice, perjure their own souls, bring the court into public contempt, and gratify their petty malice by publishing through the public press the finding of indictments against good citizens who do not seek to evade the law? Will Judge Minnis protect the honor of his court?

Who is Culpable?

The Montgomery Advertiser of yesterday announces that the grand jury of the City Court has found indictments against the Hon. Arthur Bingham, for alleged offences during his term as State Treasurer. Col. Bingham is not in this city, and has not, therefore, been arrested. He is on his way here, however, and will probably reach the city to-morrow night. In view of this fact, we desire to know how and where the Advertiser got its information? It is a grave offense against the majesty of the law for any officer to reveal the existence of an indictment. The faithful administration of justice requires secrecy on the part of grand jurors and court officers, and this is the first instance to our knowledge, in the history of the State, that a public journal has announced to the community the finding of an indictment before arrest of the accused. If there is any justice left in our courts; or any sense of honor and official responsibility, we propose to hunt out the person who violated his oath in revealing the existence of the indictments, announced with such evident delight by the Advertiser of yesterday.

Judge Minnis, we call your attention to this violation of the sanctity of your court. You know, sir, that every member of the grand jury was sworn by you to keep his own and the counsel of the officers of your court. You know that the clerk of your court, the Sheriff and Solicitor are under oath not to reveal the existence of the indictments. You know or you could have known, that there is a conspiracy against Arthur Bingham, based upon political hate, and according to your own expressed opinions he is not guilty of any offense against the laws. Why, then, should such a flourish of trumpets be made over this matter? It is for you, sir, to make a rigid investigation into this violation of sacred oaths, and bring the guilty person or persons to account. In the name of outraged decency and public justice, we call upon you to vindicate the honor of your court and the rights of Col. Bingham. You know that some officer or officers of your court have perjured themselves in revealing to the public the existence of this indictment. Why were not others exposed and published? You know the reason. Your duty is plain. We await your action immediately.

Some Curious Facts.

The Baltimore Sun gives a curious report of the address of the ex-Confederate General D. H. Hill before the Mecklenburg (N. C.) Historical Society about the number of Southern soldiers in the Union army during the war of the rebellion:

> "Even in the late civil war the President of the United States was a Southern-born man, and the first Commander-in-Chief, whose plan for the subsequent conduct of the war was probably that which was finally successfully acted, was a Virginian. Next to Grant and Sherman, whose leading military conceptions were, perhaps, derived from General Scott, the most successful Union Generals were Southern men, viz: Thomas, Canby, Blair, Sykes, Ord, Getty, Anderson, Alexander, Nelson, etc. General Hill declares that the stubborn resistance of General Thomas at Chickamauga, and the refusal of Andrew Johnson to give up Nashville, as Buell directed, dug the grave of the Confederacy. Farragut, of Tennessee, rose to the highest rank in the navy. The naval forces at Hatteras were under command of Goldsborough, of Maryland."

General Hill is of opinion that the South furnished as many troops to the Union army as did the populous North. At any rate there were no better troops in the Union service. Missouri gave 108,773 soldiers to the United States, Kentucky 92,009, and Maryland 46,730. Other Southern States contributed in greater or less degree. In all there were 400,000 native-born Southerners in the Union service who knew how to be true to the Union and to the South at the same time. This does not include 250,000 colored troops.

THE Democrats have nominated Henry Watterson, editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal, as their candidate for Congress, to succeed the late Hon. Edward Y. Parsons, and he has accepted. It is suggested that the Republicans will name Hon. B. H. Bristow, late Secretary of the Treasury, as his opponent. It is to be hoped that Mr. Bristow will accept, and give the young chairman of the Democratic National Reform Convention a free race. In this event the result can scarcely be doubtful. Bristow will come in ahead by several lengths.

RANDALL is getting in bad odor with his party. Even Senator Bayard can not sustain his shameful course on the appropriations.

On Reform!

The Baltimore Gazette is a sterling Democratic paper, and has a most keen appreciation of the eternal fitness of things. Referring to the late Democratic attempt at ratification at Cincinnati, the Gazette remarks:

> If Mr. Tilden's friends are wise they will keep men like Pendleton in the rear. This is a reform campaign, and the country does not want the kind of reform which Pendleton represents. The record he has made, in connection with Belknap, is a bad one, and the Democracy of Ohio or any other part of the country can not afford to carry him. Pendleton is one of the men in the Democratic party who ought to step down and out.

MR. BUSKIRK, Democratic Tilden and reform Attorney General of Indiana, was assessed by his party, a few weeks since, fifty dollars for the canvass. Being, like John Gilpin's spouse, of frugal mind, he assessed his deputy, Mr. Doyle, the same sum. The deputy offered to go halves, whereupon the Tilden and reform Attorney General removed the deputy. And now Buskirk lies on his back and yells "Tilden and reform!" all day long, like a bull from the bluegrass. It takes a Hoosier Democrat to make a simon-pure Tilden man.

THE Mobile Register, referring to one of the soldiers slain with Custer, says:

> Among the list of killed in the late Indian fight is the name of C. M. Gilbert. Whether this is the Charles Gilbert (we do not know what his middle name is), a native of Mobile, who left here several months ago to join the army, then operating in that locality, we are not prepared to say, but a number of his friends fear he is the party. The writer of this knew Mr. Gilbert intimately; was his second and classmate for a number of years, and if he has been massacred along with Custer and his brave little army, none will more deeply deplore his sad and untimely end. We hope in the course of a few days to find out definitely whether or not he is alive.

THE New York Times, in 1870, referring to the exposure of Tweed, remarked:

> "Everybody who worked with the Tweedies, whether in State or Federal politics, makes himself particeps criminis, in the plunder of the city treasury, the swindling contracts, the filling of the public offices with thieves and murderers. On Mr. Tilden falls part of the shame of Tweed's Fifth avenue mansion, and of the frauds and swindles by which the price of that delectable abode was raised."

That was a time when Tilden was not a candidate for the Presidency, but when he was coupled with Tweed.

ONE of the most pleasant incidents of the Alabama Baptist Convention, was the presentation, on Tuesday, of a gavel, made of Olive and Acacia woods, brought from the Mount of Olives, by the Rev. J. L. M. Curry. Mr. Curry has recently returned from a lengthy visit to the Holy Land. The Convention adopted the following resolution, upon receiving the Gavel:

> Resolved, That we highly appreciate the gift to this body of a gavel from Rev. J. L. M. Curry, D. D., made of olive and acacia wood from the Mount of Olives, and that our President be requested to communicate our thanks to Dr. Curry, with our earnest prayer for his continued happiness and usefulness.

GOVERNOR TILDEN'S boastful words about the grand uprising of the people to elect him are a mere echo of the vainglorious hopes of Horatio Seymour, who said in his speech of July 10, 1868, accepting the Democratic nomination:

> "I have been caught up by the whelming tide that is bearing us on to a great political change. I congratulate you upon the evidences everywhere that we are to triumph at the next election."

THE Democratic newspapers have much to say about military despotism in the South, while official records show that, leaving out 2,000 soldiers who guard the Texas frontier from Mexican depredations, there are in each of eleven Southern States 303 soldiers, against 352 soldiers in each of eight Northern States.

THE New York Sun supports Tilden upon the ground that, if elected, he will turn everybody out of office who is now in, and put Democrats in their places. That is the kind of civil service reform the Democrats want, and that is about what all their cry about "reform" amounts to.

"REFORM will be the prominent feature" of Governor Tilden's letter of acceptance," according to the Albany dispatches. John Morrissey, John Kelly and others of like kidney have been engaged in aiding Sammy to prepare this especial feature.

THERE is a colored Tilden and Hendricks club in Richmond, Va. The darkies are just getting an idea into their heads of what "reform" means, and they are going for it nobly.—[Columbus Enquirer.

Can, cr—r, ah—ahem! —— th—er wh—ahem! ahem!

THE Marion Commonwealth says:

> The STATE JOURNAL is still making an ass of itself by publishing lies about Gov. Tilden's record. It's not to be wondered at that Bingham don't like the Democracy, as a Democratic Att'y. Gen'l. is prosecuting him for roguery while an officer of the State of Alabama.

The Marion Commonwealth lies.

SENATOR THURMAN says he doesn't believe we stand on the top of a volcano, but if we do he would like a programme of the entertainment. Thinks a low diet with plenty of Vichy good for eruptions.

GENERAL JAMES TUTTLE, the Democratic nominee for Governor of Iowa in 1864, and since a Democratic member of the Legislature, has come out for Hayes and Wheeler.

THE Republican Executive Committee appointed by Secretary Chandler is one that will commend itself to the whole party. It means union, harmony and strength.

A MOTTO displayed during the campaign in Ohio a year ago was: "In Hayes we trust—in Allen we bust."

BY TELEGRAPH.

Expressly for the State Journal by the Southern and Atlantic Telegraph Line.

WASHINGTON.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Senate met at 11 a. m. this morning.

Mr. Wright called up the bill extending the time of the court of Alabama claims, which under the existing law expires on the 22nd of the present month. The bill provides for an extension of time to the 1st day of November, 1876.

Mr. Saulsbury advocated an extension of the time to the next session of Congress. The amendment was adopted, and the bill passed 34 to 4.

The river and harbor bill was then taken up. The amendment of the committee increasing amounts were as yesterday adopted, and those striking out appropriations with one or two exceptions. Rejected.

The amendments to the second section in relation to examination and surveys were generally adopted. The consideration of the amendments reported by the committee having been concluded, Mr. Conkling moved to reconsider the vote, by which sundry appropriations for harbors in New York were left out. At the beginning of the bill the policy of the committee was reversed, the vote was reconsidered, and amendments striking out these clauses were offered.

The following amendments were proposed and adopted by Mr. Wright for the improvement of the harbors of Fort Madison and Burlington, Iowa, $10,000 each.

By Mr. Norwood for the improvement of the harbor of Brunswick, Ga., $10,000.

On motion of Mr. Farnum votes adopting amendments striking out appropriations for the improvement of the New Haven harbor, Wilford harbor, and for the improvement of the Housatonic river, reconsidered the amendments. Rejected.

Mr. Spencer offered an amendment increasing appropriations for the improvement of the Tennessee river from $300,000 to $500,000. Rejected.

Mr. Edmunds proposed an amendment striking out all after the enacting clause, and insert a proposition appropriating four hundred thousand dollars for the repairs, extension, preservation and construction of river and harbor improvements. This sum to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, and a report of expenditures under this act to be reported to Congress at its next session.

Mr. Ferry said he saw that gentlemen who had voted for the amendments were not now in favor of the bill.

In view of the disposition to load down the bill he proposes that the friends unite in rejecting the amendment to the House bill, and pass the bill precisely as it came from the House, then if rejected by the President they would have a bill.

Mr. Thurman moved to recommit the bill to the committee with instructions to cut down the appropriations to a sum not exceeding $4,000,000.

Mr. Ferry moved to amend instructions by directing the committee to report the House bill without amendment.

Mr. Gordon advocated the adoption of the bill as it came from the House, without action.

Upon several motions the Senate at 4:10 p. m. adjourned.

House.

Mr. Williams of Michigan introduced a bill to pay Mrs. Elizabeth A. Custer, widow of the late Lieut. Col. George A. Custer, a pension at the rate of fifty dollars per month during her widowhood.

Mr. Garfield hoped the bill would be passed unanimously.

Mr. Williams said he had another bill to pay Emanuel H. Custer and Maria Custer—father and mother of General George A. Custer—the sum of eighty dollars per month.

Mr. Terry, of Virginia, endorsed both the bills, and reported a bill for the relief of Gen. Custer's widow, passed

The second bill pensioning Gen. Custer's parents was then read, and Mr. Williams said these people were over three score years and ten, and that they could not live long to receive this bounty. It was finally agreed that the committee on pensions should take the whole subject under consideration, and should have leave to report at any time.

The House then in committee of the whole resumed consideration of the bill for the protection of the Texas frontier.

Mr. Hummel addressed the committee opposing the clause allowing an invasion of Mexican raiders.

Mr. Reagan of Texas spoke in advocacy of the bill as a whole; pending further consideration the committee of the whole arose to extend the time for debate, when Mr. Rush, from committee on invalid pensions, reported a bill to pay pensions to Emanuel Custer and Maria Custer, at the rate of fifty dollars per month. Passed.

The House again went into committee of the whole on the Texas border bill, and Mr. Regan resumed his remarks.

Mr. Cox, of New York, advocated the bill as reported, on the ground of an absolute necessity for the protection of American citizens on the border.

Mr. Williams, of Michigan, introduced a bill to pay Mrs. Elizabeth A. Custer, widow of the late Lieut. Col. George A. Custer, a pension at the rate of fifty dollars per month during her widowhood. Mr. Garfield hoped the bill would pass unanimously.

No conference was held to-day on the legislative appropriation bill on account of the absence of Mr. Randall who has gone to Philadelphia. He will return on Monday.

Southwick Guthrie was to-day appointed cashier of the treasury vice Gilfillan promoted

J. W. Shepley has been appointed assistant cashier, T. W. Moffat, appointed paying teller, and H. A. Whitney, receiving teller.

Hon. Casey Young, member of Congress from Tennessee, informed the Secretary of War, yesterday that he had received telegrams from the Irish Volunteers, the Chickasaw Guards, all ex-Confederate soldiers, the Jackson Guards and a colored company, all of Memphis, and one company of Knoxville, tendering their services in the war against the hostile Sioux. Up to 2 o'clock to-day no tidings of Gen. Crooke had been received at the War Department. Prominent officials here do not feel the least uneasiness regarding him. It was not expected that the supplies would reach him before last Wednesday and the very fact that nothing has been heard from him strengthens the opinion that he is all right.

Representative Thomas L. Jones, of Kentucky, has received the following letter dated—

LOUISVILLE, July 9.—*Dear Sir:* As this is the Centennial year of American independence, and as I desire to let the world see that we, who were once soldiers of the "Lost Cause," are not deficient in patriotism, will you be kind enough to tender to the President the services of a full regiment composed exclusively of ex-Confederates, to avenge Custer's death. I have crossed swords equally with his command in the past. You know me and know my ancestry, and that is the reason I apply to you for this favor. Believe me to be yours very truly, yours to command,

M. H. ROWAN.

Mr. Holman states that the legislative conference is very likely to come to an agreement upon the basis of propositions made two or three weeks ago by Mr. Foster, that the proposition in substance was fifty dollars annually, and is to be taken from the salaries of all 2nd and 3rd class clerks, and one hundred dollars annually from the salaries of 4th class clerks. In compromise as to the number of clerks to be reduced the House is having and originally intended a reduction of 1200, but will consent to 600.

The salaries of chiefs of the division in the Executive Department and of a number of other officers are to be restored to what they were before the passage of the Kellogg bill, reorganizing the Treasury department in the last Congress.

Several other matters of minute detail comprehend the proposed compromise.

First Lieut. W. S. Starring, of the Ordinance Department is relieved from duty at Rock Island, Ill., and will report in person to the Commandnig General of the department of the Platte for duty, and chief ordinance officer during the absence of Capt. C. E. Dutton.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 15.—The sentence upon the persons tried in connection with the recent outrage at Salonica has been increased.

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Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

JULY 15.—Our market to-day is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary	8¼@8¼
Good Ordinary	9¼@—
Strict Good Ordinary	10 @—
Low Middling	10¾@—
Middling	11¼@—

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.

Bacon—C R Sides	12½@12¾
" Shoulders	10½@10¾
Bulk—C R Sides	11¾@12
" Shoulders	9¼@9½
Plain Sugar-cured Hams	@—
Canv'ed "	15¾@16¼
Lard—Choice, in tierces	13 @13½
" " ½ bbls	14 @14½
" " Kegs	14½@15
" " buckets	3 15 @3 25
Sugar—Snow White	11 @—
" Y C	10¼@10¾
" Strictly Choice	10 @10¼
" Prime	9¼@9¾
" Fair	8¾@9
Molasses—Choice	60 @70
" Prime	50 @55
" Fair	45 @50
" Common	35 @40
Coffee—Choice	23 @—
" Prime	22 @23
" Fair	21 @21½
" Common	20 @20½
Rice—Choice	8 @8½
" Prime	7 @7½
" Fair	6¼@7
Flour—Fancy	8 00 @8 50
" Choice	7 50 @7 75
" Family	6 25 @7 00
" Superfine	5 00 @5 50
" Common	4 75 @5 00
Tobacco	42 @1 00
Whisky—Rectified	1 08 @1 35
" Better Grades	1 50 @3 50
Wine—Port and Sherry	1 25 @2 00
" Claret	3 00 @6 00
Brandies	$ 1 25 @2 50
" French	6 00 @10 00
" Peach and Apple	2 00 @3 50
Gin	1 40 @2 25
" in cases	6 00 @7 00
Beer in bottles, per doz	1 25 @1 75
" in kegs	3 50 @—
Cigars, per thousand	18 00 @60 00
CANNED GOODS—	
Oysters, 1 lb cans, per doz	90 @1 00
" 2 " " "	1 75 @2 00
Fresh Peaches, 2 lbs cans, per doz.	2 00 @2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case	4 00 @4 25
" Cherries " "	3 25 @3 50
Sardines, ¼ D'Xs, " "	16 00 @16 50
Condensed Milk, " "	11 00 @12 00
Yeast Powders, per doz	1 0 @2 10
Pickles, gall's, " "	3 00 @3 50
" ½ " " "	3 75 @4 50
" ¼ " " "	2 50 @3 00
" ½ " " "	1 50 @2 00
Soda, in Kegs, " lb	5½@6
" " D'Xs, " "	6½@7¼
Potash, " doz	5 50 @6 50
Candles, full weight, per lb	16½@17¼
Soaps, " "	5 @6¼
Starch, " "	8½@9
Salt, Liverpool, per sack	1 35 @1 40
" fine Liverpool	1 00 @—
" Virginia, "	2 10 @2 25
Drop Shot	2 50 @—
Buck Shot	2 75 @—
Powder, " keg	5 75 @6 25
Nails, standard rate, per keg	3 50 @—
Snuff—Maccaboy, Lorillard's	80 @—
" Miller's	75 @—
" Gail & Ax	70 @—
" Scotch, per gross	9 00 @—
" Garrett's, per doz	4 75 @—
Ink, per case	1 50 @—
Mustard, per dozen	1 25 @3 00
Ground Spices	1 00 @1 25
" Pepper	1 00 @1 25
" Ginger	1 00 @1 25
" Allspice	1 00 @1 25
" Cloves	1 00 @1 25
" Cinnamon	1 50 @—
Percussion Caps	65 @85
" G. D. Caps	45 @—
Toilet Soaps, box	1 75 @2 25
Blueing, box	50 @1 00
Smoking Tobacco	50 @—
"	75 @1 25
Wampoo Bitters	6 50 @—
Diamond Gin	7 50 @—
Plantation Bitters	8 00 @—
Hostetter's Bitters	8 50 @—
Rhine Wines	8 00 @12 50
Wrapping Paper, Large	70 @—
" 10 C	65 @—
" Medium	50 @—
" Small	40 @—
Nutmegs	1 50 @—
Brooms	2 25 @3 50

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, July 15—Money closed at 2. Gold 111⅝. Stocks dull.

COTTON.

Spot cotton to-day closed steady: Middling Orleans 11 15-16c; middling Alabama, 11⅝c; middling upland, 11⅝c; strict low middling upland, 11⅜; low middling upland, 11 1-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10⅞c; good ordinary upland 9 15-16c; ordinary upland, 8 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed quiet; sales 10,500 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 11-32@11 13-16
August	11 1-16@
September	11 7-16@11 15-32
October	11 9-32@
November	11 23-32@11 11-16
December	11 7-32@11 11-16

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 15.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands, 6d; middling Orleans, 6 1-8d; sales to-day 6,000 bales, of which 1000 bales are for export and speculation; receipts —— bales, American —— bales.

SAVANNAH, July 15. Receipts 35, gross 417, exports to Great Britain —; sales —; stock 1,845; price of middlings, 10⅞c; market quiet.

NEW ORLEANS, July 15.—Net receipts 166, gross 794; exports to Great Britain ——; coast ——; sales 500; stock 92,284; price of middlings 11¼c, low middlings 10¾c, good ordinary 9¾c, market quiet.

WILMINGTON, July 15—Net receipts 17; sales —; stock 936; price of middlings 10¾c; market steady.

MOBILE, July 15.—Net receipts 85; exports to Great Britain ——, coast 50; sales 50; stock 7,749; price of middlings 10¾c, low middlings 9¾c, good ordinary 8¾c; market weak.

NORFOLK, July 15.—Net receipts 9; sales —; stock 2,295; price of middlings 11—c; market quiet

GALVESTON, July 15.—Net receipts 71, gross 74; sales 713; stock 6,529; price of middlings 11¾c; market dull.

BOSTON, July 15.—Net receipts 184, gross 320, exports to Great Britain ——; sales ——; stock 15,034; price of middlings 12c; market quiet.

CHARLESTON, July 15.—Net receipts 23; sales 150; stock 4,300; price of middlings 11¾c; market quiet.

PHILADELPHIA, July 15. receipts 196; gross 236; sales ——; price of middlings 11¾c; market quiet.

PROVIDENCE, July 15.—Stock 14,000 bales.

BALTIMORE, July 15.—Net receipts 4, sales 50; stock 3,759; price of middlings 11¾c; market dull.

PROVISION MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 15.—Flour quiet, extra $4 25@5 75. Wheat steady, No. 2 spring 91½c. Corn firm, No. 2 mixed 46—c, new mixed 43c. Oats dull, No. 2 mixed 28½c. Rye dull, 64@65½c. Barley dull, 57c. Mess Pork quiet, $19 40—Lard dull, 10¼c. Dry Salt Meats quiet, shoulders 8¼c, long clear 11¾c. Green Meats quiet nd unchanged. Whisky quiet, $1 10¼.

ST. LOUIS, July 14.—Pork dull, $20 50@——Cut meats unchanged. Bacon lower, shoulders 8¼@8¾c, clear rib —— clear 13¾@13½c.

NEW ORLEANS, July 16.—Sugar strong, fair 7@7¼c, prime 8c. Molasses, demand good, choice 48@50c, strictly prime 52c. Flour dull, superfine $5 75, choice family $6 75@7 75. Pork steady, mess $24 00@24 75. Corn, in sacks, white 55c, mixed 54c, yellow 56c. Oats quiet, 42c. Hay prime $15@16. Dry Salt Meats, shoulders 8¼@9—, clear rib sides 12¾c, clear 13c. Bacon, shoulders 10½c, clear rib sides 13¾@13¾c, clear 14c. Hams, choice sugar cured, 14¾c. Lard, scarce tierce 14¾c, keg 14¾@15c, bucket 15¼c. Coffee firm, fair 17¾@17¾c, prime 18¼@18¾c in job lots.

CINCINNATI, July 15.—Lard quiet, fair demand, steam refined 11¾c, city kettle 13¼@—c. Mess Pork, little demand, prime city $20 25. Live Hogs active, common to light $7 25@7 50, fair to good light $8 00@8 25, fair to medium heavy $8 35@8 50. Whisky steady, $1 10.

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

SUNDAY, JULY 16, 1876.

Reasons Why Congress Should Grant a Charter to the New York and Mazatlan Air Line R. R. Telegraph and Immigration Company, and Why the Same Should be Demanded of Congress by all Good Citizens of the United States.

First. At the close of the late civil war the Southern States had not only lost all of their war debt and their property, but had also to bear their proportion of the Federal debt. This, notwithstanding her great natural resources, has reduced her to a state of poverty little realized in other sections, nor is this all, her laboring population have received too sudden a change not to experience a revolutionary tendency in all their habits, and the consequence is they are not self-supporting, and this causes imports to exceed exports, and this, too, has added to the general burden.

Second. If the General Government is morally pledged to anything it is to give the Southern people a Pacific railroad, and in this instance every degree of latitude and longitude is traversed as far south as it is possible to go to carry out the military, commercial and financial requirements of the whole country. This line is sufficiently inland to render it safe should there be an invasion. It cuts off the shoally coast and leaves it to the southeast, thereby giving to New York and New Orleans an easy and the most direct line by leaving the Appalachean chain to the northwest. From New Orleans to Laredo (or Fort McIntosh) the entire bed of the railroad will be on almost a perfect plane and can be constructed at the smallest cost. From this point to Mazatlan the Rocky Mountains are crossed at the lowest point of altitude to be obtained from the isthmus to the British possessions, and this point is in direct line to Mazatlan and reached by such gradual stages of assent that the object is accomplished without material cost. Mazatlan has a good harbor and can easily be made to anchor safely the navies of the world.

The trade winds make in and out from this point and go and come directly from Hong Kong thereby making it the nearest possible point for reaching the East Indies.

This last proposition stands out in such broad relief that men like Mathew F. Maury estimates the distance saved to New Yorks's East India trade to be about fifteen hundred (1500) miles over all other routes now used. From New York to San Francisco per rail is (3375) three thousand three hundred and seventy-five miles, and from New York to Mazatlan by this route is (2273) two thousand two hundred and seventy-three miles. We readily concede that in course of time these great advantages will be in part developed by private enterprise, but not until much has been lost, and all never can be as fully and perfectly accomplised as the undertaking will be much hampered by local or State legislation. This line must have the same gauge the entire route, while in some of the States the statute law regarding road beds and gauges is different, and besides, in several instances, there are local charters which debar further local legislation upon the subject; hence the necessity of and demand for National action to enable this great boon to be given to all of the people.

For the reasons already mentioned the people of the South have accustomed themselves to a life of privation and economy and are well prepared to make the most of the millions this road will put into circulation, and this alone will go far towards establishing, financially, an equilibrium between the two sections. Heretofore the enterprising and manufacturing North received most of the large national subsidies, but now the South needs, and in asking for this charter she has the good fortune to be able to present an enterprise that is truly national in all its character and from every stand point, and whilst it will give her money, credit, immigration, development, and commercial advantages she has never enjoyed before. The enterprise cannot fail to send a thrill of new life into the remotest parts of our Union. The line will be by far the shortest and can be constructed cheaper than any other line of the same length in the world. It connects the Atlantic, the Gulf, and the Pacific with a steel band that will never be broken. It grasps the East India trade with a grip that even the completion of the canal through the Isthmus will not weaken. It will at all times protect our Pacific coast from secession or invasion, and is equal to a standing army of fifty thousand men. It perpetuates our Union more surely than any other one thing, and by its completion the yield of precious metals will be more than doubled and an early basis for a specie circulation obtained.

On this route there is not an obstacle greater at one time than another, and nature has almost completed for the laying of the rails that it may become the great artery for the flow of the world's intelligence and commerce. Winter snows do not obstruct nor siroccos cover the way, but bounteous nature has strewn abundance along the route, liberally covering it with fertile fields and precious metals.

For these and other reasons the charter should be granted and the road built.

Most respectfully,

R. M. ROBERTSON.

Letter From Decatur.

DECATUR, July 14, 1876.

To the Editor of the Journal: The Democracy of the third district has nominated J. C. Orr for State Senator, and it has since been ascertained that the gentleman is not eligible on account of his not being a resident of the State a sufficient length of time, namely, three years. The *reform* Democratic legislature will admit him, if elected, in direct violation of the law. So much for Democratic *reform* in Alabama. The Democrats abused, vilified and refused to support J. H. Sloss in 1874, independent Democratic candidate for Congress in this district, because he was a "salary grabber." Now that it is a well known fact, (which has not been contradicted) that the *great reformer* and *immaculate* Geo. S. Houston, while in Congress, was a first class "salary grabber," they heartily endorse and earnestly support him. "Oh consistency, thou art a jewel."

We will poll a strong and full vote for the next Republican President of the United States. That true and honest statesman and gallant and noble warrior Rutherford B. Hayes, who fought and bled to maintain and preserve this glorious Union, that such men as Samuel J. Tilden, (Boss Tweed's partner), Tucker, Knott, Ben Hill, and the whole Democratic party attempted to destroy. We deprecate the deplorable condition that the Republican party of this State is in, at the present writing. We have hoped, longed, and wished, but in vain, to see the two wings united; but it seems impossible to convince Gov. Smith & Co. of the fatal consequences that awaits not only our party, but the whole people and State, if they do not succumb to a compromise. If their so called reform organ, the Alabama Republican (?) would devote half as much abuse etc. to the corrupt and ruinous Democracy, as it does to Senator Spencer, and the regular Republican party, it would accomplish great and abundant good, and would merit, *at least*, some respect from the true and respectable Republicans of not only our own State, but the whole country. Our county is in a prosperous and flourishing condition. Crops were never better, and all look forward to the good times coming with anxious hearts and golden expectations. More anon.

"Vox populi."

MR. H. N. SWIFT and A. N. Cole of Allegany county, N. Y., both of them active Liberals in 1872, have announced themselves for Hayes and Wheeler.

Union Republican Ticket.



FOR GOVERNOR:

C. C. SHEATS, of Morgan.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:

THOS. T. ALLINGTON, of Lauderdale.

FOR AUDITOR:

GEORGE P. PLOWMAN, of Talladega.

FOR TREASURER:

BENJ. M. LONG, of Walker.

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL:

ROBT S. HEFLIN, of Randolph.

FOR SUP'T OF EDUCATION:

P. J. GLOVER, of Marengo.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:

L. C. COULSON, of Jackson.
CHAS. E. MAYER, of Mobile.

District Electors.

FIRST DISTRICT—Lou H Mayer of Mobile.

SECOND DISTRICT—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.

THIRD DISTRICT—P G Clarke of Barbour.

FOURTH DISTRICT — J T Rapier of Lowndes.

FIFTH DISTRICT—S S Booth of Autauga.

SIXTH DISTRICT—A B Hays, of Winston.

SEVENTH DISTRICT—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.

EIGHTH DISTRICT—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

Regular State Executive Committee.

Chas. E Mayer Chairman; George Turner, Secretary.

First District—C S Wood, Allen Alexander.

Second District—William M Loftin, Frenchard Gray.

Third District—W H Black, Philip King.

Fourth District—M G Candee, H Cochran.

Fifth District—Wm J Boon, J H Alston.

Sixth District — Charles Hays, C C Sheats.

Seventh District—Arthur Bingham, H L Watlington.

Eighth District—George E. Spencer, Z E Thomas.

Regular Ticket of Montgomery County.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

CHARLES STEELE.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

T. C. BINGHAM, W. H. CRUSIUS,
J. K. GREENE, J. K. P. LUCAS.

Regular County Executive Committee.

PAUL STROBACH, Chairman.	T. C. BINGHAM, Secretary.
Clark Evans,	Charles Loper,
W. M. Loftin,	Geo. Allen,
W. J. Maxwell,	Ab. Davis,
Wm. Anthony,	Br. McDaniel,
Thos. Oliver,	Chas. Johnson,
Aug. Montgomery,	Jos. Barnett,
Randall Chilton,	Parrish Phillips,
John Breckenridge.	

PLATFORM

—OF THE—

REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections State and Federal, announce as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men as the fundamental principle of our government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperiling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the cordial recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing intolerance, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and action, in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and antipaties, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the States and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one as indestructible, the other as indissoluble.

5th. The preservation and maintainance of the Republican party in the Southern States, as a safeguard against sectionalism, and the strongest guaranaty of an inviolate union.

Resolved 1st, That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has carried the nation through a period of unprecedented difficulties and trials with safety and success, and has won for the President a renown as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd, That we deplore the divisions in our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies, and that now, as in the past, we are ready and desirous of healing these divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse to its energies or hope to its future, since the war, and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

ALEX WHITE, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 15th, 1876.)

When, in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved these governments to the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed." Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously enforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitution al amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts o its purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin Commercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the many important amendments effected by Republican legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congess to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who periled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We therefore note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts as its chief hope of success on the electoral vote of a united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation; we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil the national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason; with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes; with reasserting and applauding in the National Capitol the sentiments of unrepented rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan mismanagement and obstruction of investigation; with proving itself, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and immense services in war and in peace.

National Republican Platform Adopted at Cincinnati, June, 1876.

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league.

2. The work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. To every American citizen, complete liberty and exact equality.

4. Steady progress towards specie payment.

5. Appointments selected with sole reference to efficiency and faithful service to the country.

6. Punishment to all who betray official trust.

7. The Public School system is the bulwark of the American republic, and for its security the application of public funds to sectarian schools should be forbidden.

8. Revenue MUST be derived from duties on importation.

9. No grants of public lands to corporations and monopolies.

10. The same protection to adopted American citizens as to native-born.

11. Duty of Congress to investigate the Chinese puzzles.

12. Woman's rights to be respected.

13. Polygamy to be prohibited and extirpated.

14. The nation's pledges to soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled.

15. The Democratic party count on a united South arrayed against the nation.

16. The Democratic party is the same in character and spirit as when in sympathy with treason.

17. Hearty gratitude of the American people to President Grant and his administration, and for his immense services in war and in peace.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL to the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

THE MILD POWER

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3.	Crying-Colic, or Teething of Infants,	25
4.	Diarrhœa, of Children or Adults,	25
5.	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic,	25
6.	Cholera-Morbus, Vomitings,	25
7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,	25
8.	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache,	25
9.	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo,	25
10.	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach,	25
11.	Suppressed, or Painful Periods,	25
12.	Whites, too Profuse Periods,	25
13.	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	25
14.	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	25
15.	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains,	25
16.	Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Ague,	50
17.	Piles, Blind or Bleeding,	50
18.	Ophthalmy, and Sore or Weak Eyes,	50
19.	Catarrh, Acute or Chronic Influenza,	50
20.	Whooping-Cough, Violent Coughs,	50
21.	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing,	50
22.	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing,	50
23.	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swellings,	50
24.	General Debility, Physical Weakness,	50
25.	Dropsy and Scanty Secretions,	50
26.	Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding,	50
27.	Kidney-Disease, Gravel,	50
28.	Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, or Involuntary Discharges,	1.00
29.	Sore Mouth, Canker,	50
30.	Urinary Weakness, Wetting the Bed,	50
31.	Painful Periods, with Spasms,	1.00
32.	Sufferings at Change of Life,	1.00
33.	Epilepsey, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	1.00
34.	Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat,	50
35.	Chronic Congestions and Eruptions,	50

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UNITED STATES MAIL.

ALABAMA.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
Washington, May 20, 1876.

PROPOSALS will be received at the Contract Office of this Department until 3 p. m. of 15th July, 1876, (to be decided by the 31st July) for carrying the mails of the United States from October 1st, 1876, to June 30, 1880, on the following route in the State of

ALABAMA,

and by the schedule of departures and arrivals herein specified; viz:

17225 From Clinton, by Pleasant Ridge, Sipsey Mills, Bridgeville, and Francona, to Carrollton, 34 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Clinton, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Carrollton by 5 p m;
Leave Carrollton, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Clinton by 5 p m.
Bond required with bid, $1,200.

17223 From Holly Grove, by Hogan's (n. o.), Eldridge, and Palo, to Pikeville, 50 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Holly Grove Thursday at 11 a m;
Arrive at Pikeville next day by 1 p m;
Leave Pikeville Friday at 5 p m;
Arrive at Holly Grove next day by 5 p m.
Bond required with bid, $800.

17224 From Moscow, by Pine Springs (n. o.), to Detroit, 16 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Moscow Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Detroit by 6 p m;
Leave Detroit Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Moscow by 12 m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17225 From Vernon, by Blooming Grove (n. o.) and Webster (n. o.), to Mount Calm, 24 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Vernon Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Mount Calm by 2 p m;
Leave Mount Calm Wednesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Vernon by 2 p m.
Bond required with bid, $500.

17226 From Pickensville, by Carden, to Bridgeville, 12 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Pickensville Wednesday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Bridgeville by 12:30 p m;
Leave Bridgeville Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Pickensville by 4:30 p m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17227 From Tuscaloosa, by Fayette (n. o.), Thompson's Mills (n. o.), and James Parsons (n. o.), to Jonesborough, 54 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Tuscaloosa Monday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Jonesborough next day by 12 m;
Leave Jonesborough Tuesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Tuscaloosa next day by 5 p m.
Bond required with bid, $500.

17228 From Birmingham, by Comer's (n. o.), Glover's Ferry (n. o.), Dent's (n. o.) and Jones' (n. o.), to Jasper, 45 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Birmingham Tuesday at 4 a m;
Arrive at Jasper by 7 p m;
Leave Jasper Wednesday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Birmingham by 7 p m.
Bond required with bid, $600.

17229 From Springville, by Self's (n. o.), to Mount Pinson, 13 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Springville Thursday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Mount Pinson by 12 m;
Leave Mount Pinson Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Springville by 6 p m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17230 From Childersburg, Sylacauga and Mount Olive, to Good Water, 28 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Childersburgh Wednesday at 10 a m;
Arrive at Good Water by 6 p m;
Leave Good Water Thursday at 10 a m;
Arrive at Childersburg by 6 p m.
Bond required with bid, $300.

17231 From Good Water to Oo-ca, 15 miles and back once a week.
Leave Good Water Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Oo-ca by 11 a m;
Leave Oo-ca Wednesday at 2 p m;
Arrive at Good Water by 5 p m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17232 From Bell's, by Preston's Mills (n. o.), Painesville's Store (n. o.), and Dingler's Store (n. o.), to Hagler's Ferry, 18 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Bell's Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Hagler's Ferry by 12 m;
Leave Hagler's Ferry Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Bell's by 7 p m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17233 From Roanoke, by High Shoals, Lamar, and Stone Hill, to Arbacoochee, 40 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Roanoke Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Arbacoochee by 7 p m;
Leave Arbacoochee Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Roanoke by 7 p m.
Bond required with bid, $ 00.

17234 From Roanoke, by Milltown, to Dudleyville, 25 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Roanoke Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Dudleyville by 2 p m;
Leave Dudleyville Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Roanoke by 2 p m.
Bond required with bid, $400.

17235 From Frog Pond, by Pea River (n. o.), and Buck Horn (n. o.), to Jonesville, 32 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Frog Pond Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Jonesville by 4 p m;
Leave Jonesville Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Frog Pond by 4 p m.
Bond required with bid, $400.

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS AND POST-MASTERS.

Containing also conditions to be incorporated in contracts, etc., etc., to the extent the Department may deem proper.

The Postmaster General warns bidders and their sureties to acquaint themselves fully with the laws governing mail carrying contracts before the execution of the bonds (the important provisions of which are cited herein), and also to familiarize themselves with the instructions and forms herein furnished, which shall govern and be binding upon such bidders or sureties, and to prevent misapprehension or cause of complaint thereafter.

Postmasters are required to make themselves familiar with the laws and these instructions that they may be able to inform and direct others.

1. Sealed proposals will be received at the office and at the hour specified, for assorting the mails.

2. On routes where the mode of conveyance admits of it, the U. S. Mail Bags, the Post Office Blanks, mail bags, locks and keys, are to be conveyed without extra charge.

3. "Way bills" or receipts, prepared by postmasters or other agents of the Department, will accompany the mails, specifying the number and destination of the several bags, to be examined by the post office agent regularly in line of his trips and pouches.

4. No pay will be made for trips not performed, and for each of such omissions, the contractor or carrier, in the case the pay of the trip will be deducted. For arrivals so far behind time as to break connection with regular mails, and for failure in the service, the other propositions for the trip is subject to forfeiture. For repeated delinquencies of the kind herein specified, enlarged penalties, proportioned to the importance of the mail, may be imposed.

5. For leaving behind or throwing off the mails, or any portion of them, for the omission of passengers or mail agents, if required in setting up or running an express conveying intelligence in advance of the mail, a quarter's pay may be deducted.

6. Fines will be imposed, unless the delinquency be promptly and satisfactorily explained by certificates of postmasters or the affidavits of other persons, for failing to arrive in contract time; for neglecting to take the mail from, or deliver it into, a post office; for suffering it to be wet, injured, destroyed, robbed, lost, or for any failure, as far as practicable, to convey the mail as frequently as the contractor runs, or in conformity to running, a coach, car, or steamboat on a route.

7. The Postmaster General may annul the contract for repeated failures to run as early to connect, for assigning the contract for violating the postoffice laws, or disobeying the instructions of the Department, for refusing to discharge a carrier when required by the Department to do so, for running an express as aforesaid, or for transporting persons or property conveying mail along the route.

8. The Postmaster General is by order an increase of service on a route by allowing the rate a proposal increase on the contract pay. He may change the schedule of departure and arrivals in all cases, and particularly to make them conform to connections with rail roads, without increase of pay, provided that running time be not changed.

The Postmaster General may also, if necessitous or curtail the service, in whole or in part, in order to place on the route superior service or whenever the public interest may require it. He may require such alterations or curtailment by any contractor who refuses to make them, and declare any failure to comply with such requisition a non-performance of contract, and may employ such other mail carrier as he may think proper, and charge the delinquent with any excess of compensation over the amount that would have been allowed for the service curtailed.

9. Payment will be made by collectors from postmasters or other wise, after the expiration of each quarter, only in November, February, May and August, provided that requisite evidence of service performed and required allowances given are believed to be substantially correct; but no increased pay will be allowed should it thus by be greater than is authorized, if the parties have not complied with the requisitions to inform themselves on this point, and also in reference to the weight of the mail, the number of trips, roads, streams, &c., and all the obligations, topics and things which may affect the compensation in mind by which expense may be incurred. No claim for additional pay, based on such ground, can be considered, but for the degree of service; nor for bridges destroyed, for ice discontinued, or other obstructions causing or increasing distance or expense, unless ordered or allowed by the Department. Offers established after this advertisement is issued, and also during the contract term are to be visited with out extra pay if or such are to be visited with out extra pay if the service is performed.

10. Bidders recommend to mail their proposals in time to reach the Department by the day and hour in the advertisement, as bids received after the time will not be considered in competition with bids of reasonable amount received in time. Neither can bids be considered which are without the bond, oath and certificate required by sections 3, 4 and 5 of June 23, 1874.

11. Bidds shall first propose for service at letter rates, if they desire separately for different services, if he regards the lower rates offered for the special service, the other propositions may be considered not.

12. The contract is but one route bid for in a proposal, and bidders cannot combine their bids to secure one sum for two or more routes; cannot be considered.

14. The route, the service, the yearly pay, the name and post office of the bidder (that is, his full post office address), in the name of each member of a firm where a company offers, should be distinctly stated.

15. Bidds are requested to use, as far as practicable, the printed proposals furnished by the Department, to write out in full the sum of their bids, and to retain copies of them.

Bids altered in the route, the service, the yearly pay, or the name of the bidder, by erasures or interlineations, should not be submitted; and if so submitted will not be considered in awarding the contracts. No withdrawal of a bid will be allowed unless the withdrawal is received twenty-one days previous to the time fixed for opening the bids.

16. In case of failure of the accepted bidder to execute a contract, or of the abandonment of service during the contract term, the service will be readvertised and re-let at the expense of the failing bidder or contractor, and any accepted bidder who shall wrongfully refuse or fail to enter into contract in due form, and to perform the service described in his proposal, may be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, be fined and imprisoned therefor.

17. The Postmaster General reserves the right to reject any bid which may deem extravagant; and also to disregard the bids of failing contractors and bidders.

No contract for carrying the mail shall be made with any person who has entered, or proposed to enter, into any combination to prevent the making of any bid for carrying the mail, or who has made any agreement, or given or performed, or promised to give or perform, any consideration whatever to induce any other person not to bid for any such contract.

No bidder for carrying the mails shall be released from his obligation under his bid or proposal, notwithstanding an award made to a lower bidder until a contract for the designated service shall have been duly executed by such lower bidder and his sureties, and accepted, and the service entered upon by the contractor to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General.

By regulation of the Department, no carrier can be employed who is under sixteen years of age; and no bidder will be accepted who is under twenty-one years of age, or who is a married woman.

18. The bid should be sealed, superscribed "Mail Proposals for State of ——," addressed "To the Assistant Postmaster General, Contract Office."

19. Every proposal must be accompanied by a bond with sufficient sureties approved by a postmaster, and in cases where the amount of the bond exceeds five thousand dollars ($5,000) by a postmaster of the first, second, or third class. Bids for service, the yearly pay which at the time of advertisement exceeds five thousand dollars, ($5,000,) must be accompanied by a certified check, or draft, payable to the order of the Postmaster General, on some solvent national bank, of not less than five per centum on the amount of the annual pay on such route, and in case of new or modified service, not less than five per centum of the amount of bond accompanying the bid, if the amount of said bond exceeds ($5,000) five thousand dollars.

The amount of bond required with bids, and the precise pay when it exceeds ($5,000) five thousand dollars, are stated in the advertisement under the appropriate route.

The sureties of a bidder must take an oath before some officer qualified to administer oaths that they are the owners of real estate worth, in the aggregate, a sum double the amount of said bond, over and above all debts due and owing by them, and all judgments, mortgages, and executions against them, after allowing all exemptions of every character whatever.

Bonds and oaths deposited with bids will be held until contract is executed and the service commenced by the accepted bidder. Checks will then be returned by mail to the certified drawers of the bids, or interested to any one on his order.

21. The contracts are to be executed and returned to the Department by or before the 15th day of September, 1876, with which the accepted bid or will be considered as having failed, and the Postmaster General may proceed to contract for the service with other parties, acco ding to law.

Assignments of contracts, or of interests in contracts, are forbidden by law, and consequently cannot be allowed. Neither can bids, or interests in bids, be transferred or assigned to other parties. Bidders will therefore take notice that they will be expected to perform the service awarded them through the whole contract term.

22. Section 249 of the act of June 8, 1872, provides that contracts for the transportation of the mail shall be awarded to the lowest bidder responding sufficient guarantees for faithful performance, without other reference to the mode of such transportation than may be necessary to secure celerity, certainty, and security thereof." Under this law bids that propose to transport the mails with "celerity, certainty, and security," having been decided to be the only legal bids, are construed as providing for the carriage of mail, however large, and whatever may be the mode of conveyance necessary to insure its security, certainty, and celerity, and have the preference over all others, and no others are considered, except for steamboat routes.

23. A modification of a bid in any of its essential features, or a second bid, and cannot be received so as to interfere with regular competition. Making a new bid in proper form is the only way to modify a proposition once made.

24. Postmasters are cautioned, under penalty of removal, not to sign the approval of the bond of any bidder before the bond is signed by the bidder and his sureties, and not until entirely satisfied of the sufficiency of the sureties.

No postmaster, assistant postmaster, or clerk employed in any post office, shall be a contractor or concerned in carrying the mail, or in any business connected therewith, or in soliciting bids, offers, or proposals for the same, or shall act as agent or attorney for any such contractor, or in any manner be interested in any such contract, or perform any duty, or receive any pay therefor, except what may be allowed by law for the regular discharge of the duties of his office. Postmasters are also required to discourage all combinations among bidders, and to give information to the Department of any such combinations that may come to their knowledge.

Postmasters are the trusted agents of the Department, and cannot consistently act in both capacities.

25. In case the route is not fully supplied with pouches, locks, and keys, requisition must be made upon the Second Assistant Postmaster General for the same before the date of beginning service.

☞ Proposals altered by erasures or interlineations of the route, the service, the yearly pay, or the name of the bidder, will not be considered.

FORM OF PROPOSAL, BOND, AND CERTIFICATE.

PROPOSAL.

The undersigned, ... whose post office address is ..... County of ..... State of ....., proposes to carry the mails of the United States from July 1, 1876 to June 30, 1880, on Route No. ..... between ..... and ..... State of Alabama, under the advertisement of the Postmaster General, dated October 1, 1875,

"WITH CELERITY, CERTAINTY, AND SECURITY,"

for the annual sum of .....

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

SUNDAY, JULY 16, 1876.

LOVE'S RUSE.

"Let me in!" cried Cupid, knocking
At the door, one day.
"Who are you?" answered, shortly,
The sprightly maid at play.
"'Tis no time for play," he answered,
But the pause with silvery laughter
Strove to move my heart.
Tempted me with merry daring
And Love's cunning art.

Still unmoved, the door I fastened
On the teasing sprite;
Thought he peeped within my window
Beautiful and bright.
Promised and all his sly delightful,
Wealth and wond'rous lore,
"Well," said I, "I deem your promise
Light, sir, as your name."

Slowly turned he from my window,
With a puzzled face.
"Are you well," I cried, rejoicing,
"Or, and leave no trace?"
But anon I heard a sighing
Just without my door;
"Let me in!" cried tearful Cupid:
"Open I implore."

"Let my pinions are so weary!
Give me rest, I pray."
Quick, at fleeting moment,
Open flung way.
Slowly Laughter had not won me,
Cozy I had rested,
But, thanks to reason,
Against them I was warned.

But when Cupid came in trouble,
He brought Pity, too;
Love and pity leagued together;
What could mortal do?
Then I threw my door wide open;
With a mocking shout,
In flew Cupid, and I never
Now can turn him out.

—[Harper's Weekly.

Tilden on Governmental Reform.

From the New York Times.]

"Reform is necessary" are the opening words of five out of the seven resolutions constituting the St. Louis platform. These words are Tilden's mark. Gen. James W. Singleton, of Illinois, a man who has long been prominent in the Democratic councils of that State, said to the reporter of the Quincy Whig, in response to an inquiry: "Tilden will be body I aten. No one who is an honest man at heart ever wrote that platform. It was prepared for the express purpose of deceiving the people. It is a studied deception and fraud, and it cannot win." We propose to prove that all that portion of the aforesaid platform which has any significance or interest to the nation at large was provided ready cooked by the self-styled reformer who heads the Democratic ticket. No quick-witted man, who is able to see beyond his nose, can read the concluding twenty-eight pages of Gov. Tilden's last annual Message, and carefully compare them with the platform, and not acknowledge that the Message and the platform are the work of the same brain, and that the platform indorses the Message.

The demagogue, whether he wears broadcloth or travels in his shirt-sleeves, who distorts facts and twists figures in order to make them lie, may do his work with consummate cunning, but resort to this trick usually betrays poor judgment. Such tricksheods can easily be detected by consulting original sources of information, and when the subject matter of the statement involves only so simple a matter as the aggregate yearly expenditure of the Government, a resort to fabrication is fatal for a man who has any character to lose. Thus much by way of preface to the following extract from page 41 of Gov. Tilden's last annual Message:

PRESENT SCALE OF GOVERMENTAL EXPENDITURE.

The extravagance of our Governmental consumption is illustrated by a comparison of the public expenditures of 1870, five years after the close of the war, with those of 1860 and 1850:

	1850. Gold.	1860. Gold.	1870. Currency.
Federal	$40,000,000	$66,000,112	$309,000,000
State, county and town	12,000,000	94,183,746	280,501,521
Total	$52,000,000	$154,197,858	$589,501,521
Population	23,191,876	31,443,321	38,558,371
	Taxes per head.		
Federal	$1 72	$2 94	$8 01
State, county and town	1 55	2 99	7 29
	$3 27	$5 93	$15 30

AGGREGATE TAXATION OF ELEVEN YEARS.

The aggregate Federal taxation of the eleven years now closing, computed in currency, from the official statements, is more than $4,500,000,000. The local taxation, assuming the census statement for 1870 as an average, is more than $3,000,000,000. The aggregate taxation exceeds $7,000,000,000.

In the platform the above extract from the Message takes the following shape, and we call attention to the fact that the statistical and other matter in the resolution is exactly the same as that in the Message. Nothing material is either added or omitted:

Reform is necessary in the scale of public expense, Federal, State, and Municipal. Our Federal taxation has swollen from $60,000,000 in gold in 1860 to $309,000,000 in currency in 1870; our aggregate taxation from $154,000,000 in gold in 1860 to $570,000,000 in currency in 1870; or in one decade from less than $5 per head to more than $18 per head. Since the peace the people have paid to their tax gatherers more than thrice the sum of the national debt, and more than twice that sum for the Federal Government alone. We demand a vigorous frugality in every department and from every officer of the Government."

Reform may be necessary, but so many falsehoods as are embodied in the above statements are entirely unnecessary. We invite attention to a few of them.

1. Expenditures and taxes are not precisely the same thing. In his Message the crafty Governor first gives notice to the reader by a prominent head-line that he is about to give the *present* scale of Governmental *expenditure*. He next speaks of the extravagance of Governmental *consumption*, which is, indeed, the grand central point, or sun, about which everything else in his Message is made to revolve. The terrific cost of the Government and his consummate ability as a reformer make the key-note of his campaign. In the third line he speaks again of the comparison of public *expenditures* that he is going to make. Likewise, in the resolution we are told that "Reform is necessary" in the scale of public *expense*. And what after all this parade of *present expenditure*, does he give us? Instead of telling us of the present, he steps back no less than six years years, because the revenue—not the expenditure—happened to be large that year. He brings in the year 1850, not because the figures help him at all in making his point, but to make people think the 1870 fell in naturally.

2. Now, it was just as easy to give the expenditures as the income, but if he had so done, he could not have made his point, and for this reason, *because the expenditures of the Government, the interest and redemption of the public debt being excluded in both cases as not consumed by the agents of the Government, were greater in 1850 than the revenue from taxes, while 1870 they were ONE THIRD PART of the $450,000,000 he puts down for the former.*

3. The expenditures of 1870, exclusive of interest on the debt and the sum devoted to the purchase and cancelation of bonds, were $164,421,507. Those of 1860, exclusive of the same items, were $60,-000,000. But the expenditures of 1870 included twenty-eight millions paid for pensions and other large outgoes brought on us by the war. Much more might be said on this point.

4. Tilden in his annual message, harps for twenty pages on the Governmental consumption, meaning that the Postmasters, office-holders, clerks, &c., are eating the people out of house and home. Of the tax-eaters who consume the interest paid on the public debt, Samuel J. Tilden himself is one, and we, for our part, strongly remonstrate against counting his outlays this year as a portion of our "Governmental consumption" or expenditure. We have shown that he has, both in his message and in his platform, deliberately multiplied the aggregate expenditures of the Government by three, and we leave the reader to form his own opinion of the merits of this method of fabricating messages, platforms, and statistics.

New Advertisements.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$777 A WEEK guaranteed to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and Outfit FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING. How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc. 1,000,000 sold. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pub's, Philadelphia

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories and the Dominion of Canada having a population greater than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing over 5,000 copies each issue. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Fashion, and other special class journals; very complete list. Together with complete lists of over 300 German papers printed in the United States. Also, an essay upon advertising; many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various mediums, and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know. Address, GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

NEWSPAPERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

A complete list, numbering 5,170 with a Gazetteer correct to date, of all towns and cities in which newspapers are published; historical and statistical sketches of the Press; Lists of Newspaper Establishments illustrated with numerous engravings of the principal newspaper buildings. Book of 300 PAGES, just issued. Mailed, post paid, to any address for 25c. Apply (inclosing price) to SUPERINTENDENT OF THE NEWSPAPER PAVILION, Centennial Grounds, Philadelphia, or American News Company, N. Y. Every advertiser needs it.

SOLID WEALTH!

$600,000 IN GIFTS.

Grandest Scheme ever Presented to the Public.

A Fortune for only $12.

The Old Kentucky Cash Distribution Company, authorized by a special act of the Kentucky Legislature, for the benefit of the Public Schools of Frankfort, will have the first of their series of Grand Drawings at Major Hall, in the city of Frankfort, Ky., on THURSDAY, AUGUST 31, 1876, on which occasion they will distribute to the ticket-holders the immense sum of

$600,000.

THOS. P. PORTER, ex-Gov. of Kentucky, General Manager.

POSITIVELY NO POSTPONEMENT.

LIST OF GIFTS:

One Grand Cash Gift		$100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
One Grand Cash Gift		10,000
One Grand Cash Gift		5,000
50 Cash Gifts of	$1,000 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	500 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	400 each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts of	300 each	30,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200 each	40,000
500 Cash Gifts of	100 each	50,000
10,000 Cash Gifts of	12 each	120,000
Total 11,168 Gifts, All Cash		600,000

PRICE OF TICKETS:

Whole tickets $12; Halves $6; Quarters $3; 9 Tickets $100; 27 Tickets $300; 45 Tickets $500; 95 Tickets at $1000; 100 Tickets at $12 each. Remittances can be made by Express, Draft, Post office Money order or Registered Letter, made payable to Kentucky Cash Distribution Company.

All communications connected with the distribution, and orders for Tickets and Applications of Agents to sell Tickets, should be addressed to

JNO. THOS. P. PORTER,
6-2w13 wtm General Manager, Frankfort, Ky.

THE GREAT

English Remedy.

The Cordial Balm of Syricum and Tonic Pills.

Nervous Debility,

However obscure the causes may be which contribute to render nervous debility a disease so prevalent, affecting, as it does, nearly one half of our adult population, it is a melancholy fact, that day by day, and year by year, we witness a most frightful increase of nervous affections from the slightest neuralgia to the more grave and extreme forms of

NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

It is of the highest importance, then, that individuals should be able to judge for themselves by their own feelings, if and to what extent they are attacked by this insidious enemy to health, comfort and even life itself, if left to run its course unchecked, by the early and prompt application of curative remedies.

NEWBURG, Nov. 6, 1874.

DR. LOUDIGEN: Will you please forward to send me a further supply of the Balm of Syricum and Tonic Pills, as I am nearly out. I have now been taking it about two months, and have every reason to be satisfied with it, as I feel sure that I commenced taking it with a good deal of doubt about it doing me any good, as I had so long been accustomed to the use of opium. I thought that nothing short of that would relieve me, or satisfy me; or, rather, I had come to the conclusion that I must continue the opium, and my only hope was that your medicine would diminish more by an antidote to its pernicious effects. I never for a moment dreamed that the Cordial Balm was going to cure one of the desire for opium. But I believe it will. I have no especial desire for it now. When I left it off and began to take the Syricum I felt uneasy for a week or so, but the medicine seemed to stay me up, and after a few days the longing for opium began to grow less and less. Sometimes I felt a sort of delirious weakness and a desire to again realize what I used to call the glorious visions of dreamland—but I could always find help and strength to overcome the temptation by taking a single dose of the Cordial Balm. Gratefully yours, N. GREGORY.

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

John F. Henry & Co., New York City.
Weeks & Potter, Boston, Mas
G. L. Claflin & Co., Providence R. I.
Sisson & Butler, Hartford, Ct.
Talcott Bros., Hartford, Ct.
Van Schaack, Stephenson & Reid, Chicago, Ill.

If your Druggists not keep it ask them and they will get it for you from any of the above wholesale druggists.

DR. G. EDGAR LOTHROP, Proprietor, may be confidentially consulted by mail or otherwise, free of charge, at his office, No. 145 Court street, Boston, Mass. 7 2aply

The Pee Dee Herald

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY,
AT
WADESBORO, N. C.

Only One Dollar Per Year.

Bright, Cheerful, progressive, always up to the advancing thoughts of the times, the HERALD takes rank with the leading journals of the day. It is on the side of Christianity.

THE HERALD is devoted to the family circle. It contains original and selected stories, wit, humor, etc. Every family in the land should subscribe for it. Its low price—only one dollar—places it in the reach of the poorest in the land. We pay all postage.

Read What the Press Thinks of Us:

The Polkton (N. C.) Argonian says: The Herald is one of the largest papers in the State.

The Concord (N. C.) Register says: We congratulate our friends of the Wadesboro Herald upon the fine appearance of it ir paper.

The Piedmont (N. C.) Press says: The Herald is a sprightly sheet, full of news and other interesting reading matter.

The Herald is a first-class family paper, having some of the ablest writers in North Carolina attached to its staff. There is enough reading in it to make one laugh for a week—enough to keep you jolly until the next comes.—Rockmart (Ga.) News.

WANTED—
—FROM—
TEN TO FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS
—OF—
Black Moss,

Delivered at our shops.

Highest market price paid.

AGGS, ORLANDER & SON,
Mattress Makers and Renovators,
49 Market St., Shops cor. South and McDonough.

WALKER SEATON. THOS. D. OSBORNE.

W. SEATON & CO.,
Manufacturing Chemists,

NOS. 40 & 42 FIFTH STREET.

(Formerly Dr. John Bull's Laboratory.)

Louisville, - - - - Kentucky.

Ask your attention to the following

Personal Announcement, List o Specialties, Prices, Offers, Etc.,

Druggists, Grocers and General Dealers Double your Trade.

PERSONAL AND EXPLANATORY.

For many years our HURLEY'S POPULAR WORM CANDY was the favorite and most largely sold in the entire South and West.

A few years ago we bought in New York Santonin, bearing the name of the great chemist of Germany, whose make had always been purest, this was used in making Worm Candy, a lot of 200 gross. After sales of the Candy were made, complaints came that it "wet down and ran together." Upon investigation we found that a fraud had been practiced upon us; the Santonin label being counterfeited, and the Santonin adulterated with chlorate of potash. We called in all the Candy we could hear of, replacing it with good. If you have any, we will gladly replace yours, and we make this appeal to your sense of justice, not to let the rascality of another injure our good name. We sell a renewal of your confidence in Hurley's Worm Candy, guaranteeing that only PURE and TESTED material is used in its preparation, and with proper care it will keep in any climate.

J. W. SEATON & CO. Louisville, Ky.,

Sole manufacturers and proprietors of the following:

	Per doz.	Per Gross.
Walker's Rheumatic Cure	$12 00	$10 50
Hurley's Com. Syrup Sarsaparilla, with or without Iod. Potash	7 75	7 50
Hurley's Ague Tonic	7 00	6 50
Hurley's Popular Worm Candy	1 35	14 25
Hurley's Stomach Bitters	7 25	7 00
Seabrook's Infant Soothing Syrup	1 00	10 00
Seabrook's Kirk Dyspepsia Iron and Calisaya	7 50	7 00
Bettison's English Horse Liniment	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Horse Cgadition Powder	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Chicken Cholera Powder	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Hog Cholera Powder	3 00	30 00
S. & Co.'s Extract Jamaica Ginger, 2 oz	1 75	18 00
S. & Co.'s Compound Syrup Liquidamber	3 00	27 50
S. & Co.'s Jackson's Pectoral Syrup	3 50	37 50
S. & Co.'s Magic Kid Glove Cleaner	1 75	18 00
S. & Co.'s Oriental Pearl Drops, white or pink	3 00	30 00

CHEMICAL WRITING FLUID

1 oz, 4 doz in box, per doz	$ 50
2 oz, 4 doz in box, per doz	60
4 oz, 2 doz in box, per doz	1 10
½ pint, 1 doz in box, per doz	2 50
1 pint, 1 doz in box, per doz	4 00
1 quart, 1 doz in box, per doz	6 00
1 pt copying 1 doz in box, per doz	4 50
1 qt copying, 1 doz in box, per doz	7 00
2 oz, Black Ink; 4 doz in box, per doz	45
4 oz, Black Ink, 2 doz in box, per doz	70

CARMINES.

2 oz Cork, 1 dozen in box	$1 25
4 oz Cork, 1 dozen in box	2 50
2 oz Glass Stopper, 1 dozen in box	2 50
4 oz Glass Stopper, 1 dozen in box	3 50

MUCILAGE.

4 oz, 1 dozen in box	1 25
8 oz, 1 dozen in box	2 50

DISCOUNT ON INK AND MUCILAGE.

$20, 5 per cent; $40, 10 per cent; $60, 15 per cent; $80, 20 per cent; $100, 25 per cent.

HOME BAKING POWDER.

¼ pound Cans	$1 00	$18 00
½ pound Cans	2 75	30 00
1 pound Cans	5 25	60 00

5, 10, 25 and 50 pound Cans, 35 cents per pound. No charge for packages

LIQUID WASH BLUE.

2 ounce, 6 dozen in box	$ 35	$ 3 60
4 ounce, 4 dozen in box	60	6 00
6 ounce, 3 dozen in box	75	8 00
8 ounce, 2 dozen in box	90	10 00
12 ounce, 1 dozen in box	1 10	12 00

All accounts due in 30 days. Discounts allowed Jr. and Marriage only, as per card. All goods shipped at purchaser's risk, sales ordered to insure.

OFFERS, &C.

$10,000 REWARD for a case of Chills and Fever, or Ague and Fever, that HURLEY'S AGUE TONIC will not cure.

WALKER'S RHEUMATIC CURE guaranteed to relieve the most obstinate cases of Rheumatism if persistently taken.

Convalescents warranted rapid recovery by use of SEABROOK'S ELIXIR BARK AND IRON. Correct stubborn irregularities.

The most reliable SOOTHING SYRUP is SEABROOK'S. Safely, sweetly quiets the little ones—never stupifies or fatally affects, as a popular syrup is stated to have done.

Physicians recommend SEATON & CO.'S LIQUIDAMBER for Dysentery, Diarrhea, and Summer Complaints. Aids digestion.

An English Farrier made, and the veteran veterinarian, Dr. Bettison, improved our ENGLISH HORSE LINIMENT. Best for all skin diseases on horses or cattle.

HURLEY'S WORM CANDY is a never failing, harmless remedy. All children are more or less troubled with worms. Every home should have this pure preparation.

Many Sarsaparillas are made from Indiana roots perfectly inert. Hurley's, with a powerful press, is extracted from Honduras Sarsaparilla, put up with or without Iodine of Potash.

Indigestion or Dyspepsia, etc., can be cured by HURLEY'S STOMACH BITTERS, a delightful remedy.

The purest EXTRACT OF JAMAICA GINGER is Seaton & Co.'s. Flatulency, Cholera, etc., flee away when it is taken.

Flaky, light white bread insured by use of Seaton & Co's HOME BAKING POWDER. Delicious and pure.

Soiled KID Gloves made new, with Seaton & Co's KID GLOVE CLEANER.

INKS—Black, Chemical, Copying Carmine, etc., in all size.

MUCILAGE that will not sour, is Seaton & Co's.

ORIENTAL PEARL DROPS, white and pink, beautifies the complexion and removes tan and pimples.

Cheaper than Indigo and far better is Seaton & Co's WASH BLUE.

Seaton & Co's Prices

ARE FROM

Fifteen to Fifty per cent Cheaper than Others!

Per proof, you know that Chill Tonics (without arsenic) usual price is $8.00 per dozen; our price is $7.00; Worm Candies, usually $1.50, ours $1.35; Stomach Bitters, generally, $8.00 to $8.50, ours $7.25; Soothing Syrups, $2.00 to $1.00, ours $1.00; Elixir Bark and Iron, $9.00 to $12.00, ours $7.50.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO HANDLE OUR GOODS.

WARRANNTED TO BE RELIABLE!

We Believe them to be Superior to all Others,

AS THE MATERIALS USED ARE THE PUREST AND BEST.

CAPITAL STOCK. - - $1.200.000!

B. F. D. FITCH, President, THOS. D. OSBORNE Secretary and Treasurer

DIRECTORS.

W. DuPONT, M. F. BULLITT, WM. R. RAY, CHAS. R. LONG
BM. F. RUBEL, JAS. S. BARRETT, W. A. DUNNWALL, GEO. AINSLIE

GREAT AMERICAN FIRE EXTINGUISHER COMPANY.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FIRE EXTINGUISHERS, ENGINES, STATIONARY TANKS

"Ne Plus Ultra" Engines, "Hercules" Engines, Climax Engines.

(2 wheel) Factory Size. (3 wheel) Village Siz (4 wheel) City Size.

FACTORY AND PRINCIPAL OFFICE—Nos. 333, 335, 337, 339 West Market Street, Louisville, Kentucky.

Ask the Public to Ponder on these Facts. To be Forewarned is to b Forearmed.

487.59 Unarmed Soldiers

These Sentinels are standing guard over one hundred million dollars worth of property Asylums, Breweries, Bakeries, City Halls, Colleges, Car Works, Depots, Distilleries, Engine Foundries, Factories, Fair Grounds, Grain Mills, Hotels, Halls, Laboratories, Lumber Yar Machine Shops, Oil Factories, Pattern, Paint and Paper Warehouses, Rig and Roofing Factori Saw Mills, Starch, Stave and Soap Factories, Tanneries, Pay, Prairie and Turpentine Establishmen Upholsteries, Veneering Establishments, Wagon, White Lead and Window Sash and Blind Fact ies, Warehouses and large buildings of all kinds the size on the land. They are night WATCHME hen a robber is expected they are furnished weapons to give them greater power.

Why, then, when they are told to guard against Fire, a far more dreaded enemy to property than ever, should they not be provided with the means to subdue it before it has gained dangerous head y? We offer the

GREAT AMERICAN FIRE EXTINGUISHER,

the best known means of accomplishing this end, and commend it to public favor solely on its erits. Send for circular with description and testimonials. Agents wan ed in every town in rid.

Great American Fire Extinguisher Co., Louisville, Ky

LEHMAN, DURR & CO.,

BANKERS, COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

OFFICES, COURT SQUARE,

Montgomery, Alabama.

COLLECTIONS

Made on all Accessible Points, and Remitted for on Day of Paymen

We also buy and sell Domestic and Foreign Exchange and Draw Bills of Exchange, Available in all the Commercial Centres of this Country and Europe.

Liberal Cash Advances Made upon Cotton consigned to us, our connections in New York, New Orleans or Liverpool.

FULL STOCK OF BAGGING AND TIES ALWAYS ON HAND AND FOR SALE AT LOWEST MARKET RATES.

DANIEL F. BEATTY'S
Parlor Organs.

These remarkable instruments possess capabilities for musical effects and expression never before attained, adapted for Amateur and Professional, and an ornament in any parlor.

EXCEL IN QUALITY OF TONE THOROUGH WORKMANSHIP, ELEGANT DESIGNS AND FINISH,

and Wonderful Variety of their Combination Solo Stops.

☞Beautiful new Centennial style now ready. Address, DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington N. J

BEATTY PIANO.

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

This instrument is the most handsome and best piano ever before manufactured in this country or Europe, having the greatest possible depth, richness and volume of tone, combined with a rare brilliancy, clearness and perfect evenness throughout the entire scale, and above all a surprising duration of sound, the power and sympathetic quality of which never changes under the most delicate or powerful touch. Space forbids a full description of this magnificent instrument. Agents discount given who call have no agents. Remember you take no risk in purchasing one of these CELEBRATED INSTRUMENTS. If after (5) five days test trial it proves unsatisfactory the money you have paid will be returned upon return of inst. ument, freight charges paid by me both ways. Pianos Warranted for six years. Address,

DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington N. J.

LOUIS TRIPP'S

Great Central Music House

No. 170 & 172 Fourth Street,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Weber's NE PLUS ULTRA



PIANOS.

MANNING'S

Piano---Organs.

Everything in the music line from

A GRAND PIANO

—TO A—

Jew's Harp.

New Music

Received daily, at 1 from 2 to 50 copies of every piece published since 1815, now in stock.

ORDERS promptly filled no matter how small the amount.

Catalogues furnished free.

Address LOUIS TRIPP,
8-31d&w12m Louisville, Ky.

BEATTY'S PARLOR ORGANS Established in 1836.

Believing it by far the best Parlor and Orchestra Organ manufactured, we challenge any manufacturer to equal them. The celebrated Golden Tongue Reeds in this organ in conjunction with the Perfected Reed Boards produce sweet, pure and powerful tones. Superb cases of new and elegant designs. Ministers, lodges, churches, schools, lodges, etc., should send for price list and discounts.

Dealers will find it to their advantage to examine this instrument, it has improvements found in no other. Correspondence solicited.

Best offer ever given. Money refunded upon return of organ and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory, after a test trial of five days. Organ warranted for six years. Agents discount given everywhere I have no agent.

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50 CENTS FREE.

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Will send, POST-PAID FREE, to each new subscriber of THE NEW YORK AGENTS' MONTHLY, a magnificent CENTENNIAL MEMORIAL MEDAL (in large box), struck in Albata Plate Silver, larger than a silver trade dollar, 1¾ inch in diameter—Price 50 cents each. THE AGENTS' MONTHLY is a handsome, spicy, 16 page paper. Subscription price 50 cents a year. Send 5 cents, and you will receive the AGENTS' MONTHLY for one year, postpaid, and the above Medal gratis.

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Carries a ¼ inch ball with accuracy fifty feet, without powder or percussion. Brass barrel, hair trigger. For sale by dealers. By mail, free for 75 cents, with permanent ammunition for target practice indoors and for sporting out of doors.

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A. A. GRAHAM, 67 Liberty Street, New York

LOCAL AGENTS WANTED.

An Agent Wanted for each Town and County in the United States.

Parties desiring to act as agents must accompany their application by a letter of recommendation as to character and responsibility from and signed by the Editor of a newspaper published in the town or county for which agent pr poses to act. The agency is to sell the bonds of the Industrial Exhibition Company.

Bonds $20 Each.

The Industrial Exhibition Company will furnish agents with Circulars, etc., etc.

Each newspaper published in the town where agent is located will, as soon as agency is established, be given an advertisement, advertising such agency and the company, and fully explaining the plans, purposes and objects of the enterprise. Such advertisement will continue in such papers as long as agency is successfully conducted.

The Industrial Exhibition Company is the firm to adopt the plan so long in use by the European governments of issuing bonds when the prize put is made secure and not issued, but where there is a chance for a large premium, an investment of $20 is sure to return to the investor $1—one dollar more than cost—and the holder of a $20 bond may obtain a premium either of $50, $100, $20 0, $500, $1,000, $5,000, $5,000, $10,000, $ 5,000 or $100,000. The interest, which is to stand distributed to all the bondholders pro rata, is in this loan distributed by chance. The purchaser of a bond knows he will receive back his investment, with a small rate of interest added, and in consideration of taking this small rate of interest, he has a chance in the above named premiums, which are simply the distribution of interest on the whole loan.

Each bond participates in four drawings each year, until it has drawn a premium, which it is surrendered the premium paid, and the bond cancelled.

The Industrial Exhibition Company, under a special charter, granted by the State of New York, is given authority to issue these bonds. The Legislature of the State, recognizing the great benefits which will arise from the success of this enterprise, have exempted all the real estate and property of the company from taxation and assessments for five years, and has also conferred other great privileges.

Every American who understands the purposes of this company will, of a necessity, feel a pride in aiding it to a successful termination.

Each individual who buys a bond becomes an owner and an interested party, and when he views the structure erected with his money can say, "I aided to erect in our country the most magnificent building the world has ever seen, a palace which, in truth, represents the industry, energy and mechanical genius of the American people."

The manufacturers and the inventors of America are peculiarly interested in the success of this enterprise, for the reason that it is to be their home, where all their inventions and manufactures can be exhibited and sold.

The building will contain 5,320,000 square feet of space.

Purchasers desiring Bonds before an agency is established where they reside, will communicate direct with this office, from where they can be supplied.

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INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION CO.,
No. 12 East 17th Street,
BET. B'WAY & 5th AVE.,
NEW YORK CITY

NOTE.—All moneys by draft on New York, or Express, or postal order—charges paid by sender 8-20w

A BOOK FOR THE MILLION.

Marriage Guide.

A Private Counselor in the Social Relations of Life; or those to whom privacy, on the physiological mysteries and freedom of the sexual system, with the laws governing the sexual relations, is desirable. Most every young and middle aged married man and woman will find valuable information, which no one can afford to be without. Many things here revealed will be found directly opposite to the teachings of the day. Every page fraught with interest. Every family should have a copy. Sent by mail, in plain wrapper, on receipt of 50 cents. Address Dr. A. G. OLIN, 111 Washington st., Chicago, Ill.

MARRIAGE GUIDE

Is truly unique in its character, and contains more real information, pertaining to the married and single, than any book ever published. Most every young and middle aged married man and woman will find valuable information, which no one can afford to be without. Many things here revealed will be found directly opposite to the teachings of the day. Every page fraught with interest. Every family should have a copy. Sent by Mail, in plain wrapper, on receipt of 50 cents. Address Dr. A. G. OLIN, 111 Washington st., Chicago, Ill.

A FORTUNE FOR $1.

Wyoming Monthly

LOTTERY

Legalized by authority of the Legislature.

Tickets $1 Each, 6 for $5. One chance in every 3

$250,000 in Prizes. Capital Prize $50,000

6th Extraordinary Drawing.

1 Cash Prize of	$100,000
1 Cash Prize of	50,000
1 Cash Prize of	25,000
1 Cash Prize of	20,000

51,025 Cash Prizes amounting to $350,000

The first Extraordinary Drawing was presided over by Col. Patrick Henry Beardsley (Grandson of Gov. James Wright) by lot, in public, Saturday City County and State officials acting as witnesses and Commissioners. Extraordinary offer! 20 Chances for $10, leaving balance to be selected from Prize after the drawing. Agents Wanted Liberal Pay. For full particulars and Circulars, Address the Manager, J. M. PATTEE, Laramie City, Wyoming.

50 CENTS FREE.

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Address, PENTION PUBLISHING CO.,
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REDUCED TO A CERTAINTY.

Chance to Gain

$50,000

NO RISK.

Send for circular at once. No time to lose. READ & CO., Bank 18, 74 Maiden Lane, NEW YORK

GAUGING.

Notice to Wholesale Liquor Merchants.

UNITED STATES GAUGER'S OFFICE,
Montgomery, October 16, 1875.

The wholesale Liquor dealers of Montgomery are hereby notified that the undersigned can be found at all times at his office in the JOY REAL building, on Perry street. All orders left at this office will be promptly attended to.

J. M. LEVEY,
U. S. Gauger, Second District of Alabama.
10-17 tf

Official Railroad Time Table

Giving arrival and departure of all trains of Montgomery. Reported and corrected expressly for the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, by Messrs HOUGH & BENSON, General Ticket Agents Office under Exchange Hotel, where any information as to rates, connections or distance be obtained.

Tickets sold to all points North, South, East and West.

Calls for the Omnibus or Baggage Wagon let at our office, or at the Exchange Hotel will receive prompt attention.

SOUTH AND NORTH ALA. RAILROAD

GOING NORTH.

	No 2—Mail	No 4—Exp
Leaves Montgomery	7:00 am	8:00 pm
Calera	9:35 am	10:25 pm
Birmingham	10:55 am	11:45 pm
Decatur	2:45 pm	3:05 am
Nashville	5:15 pm	8:20 am
Arrive at Louisville	8:45 pm	2:40 pm

Accommodation.

	No 8
Leaves Montgomery	4:00 p m
Calera	10:25 p m
Arrive Birmingham	3:00 a m

COMING SOUTH.

	No 1—Mail	No 3—Exp
Leaves Louisville	10:05 am	12:35 am
Nashville	6:46 pm	8:25 am
Decatur	12:10 am	2:00 p m
Birmingham	3:50 am	5:30 pm
Calera	5:10 am	6:50 pm
Arrive at Montgomery	7:40 am	9:25 pm

ROBERT MEEK, Supt.
C. P. ATMORE, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.

MONTGOMERY & EUFAULA R. R.

GOING EAST.

Leave Montgomery.....*2:00 and 10:00 p m
Arrive at Union Springs.....5:30 p m and 1:30 a m
Arrive at Eufaula.....9:08 p m and 6:00 a m
Connecting closely at Union Springs with train for Troy, and at Eufaula with Southwestern railroad for all points in Southwest Georgia and Florida, and with Central line of Boats for Apalachicola, Jacksonville, Tallahassee, etc.

COMING WEST.

Leave Eufaula.....*10:00 pm and 4:15 p m
Arrive at Union Springs.....1:25 a m and 5:36 p. m
Arrive at Montgomery.....6:25 a m and 7:50 a m
Connecting closely at Union Springs with train for Columbus, and at Montgomery with all roads for all points north, south, east and west.

R. DUNHAM Sup't
T.P. WELLS, Gen. Ticket Agent.
*Does not run on Sundays.
* 2 pm. train runs to Eufaula Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays; to Union Springs, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

MOBILE & MONTGOMERY RAILROAD

Commencing Sunday, November 21, 1875, the Mobile & Montgomery Railroad will run double daily passenger trains, and will run as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

Leaves Montgomery	7:45 a m
Arrives at Mobile	3:30 p m
Arrive at New Orleans	9:30 p m
Leave Montgomery	9:55 p m
Arrive at Mobile	4:40 a m
New Orleans, N O & M R	10:30 a m

COMING NORTH.

Leaves New Orleans, N O & M R R	6:45 a m
Leave Mobile	12:20 p m
Arrives at Montgomery	7:45 p m
Leave New Orleans	5:00 p m
Leave Mobile	11:0 p m
Arrives at Montgomery	6:35 a m

G. JORDAN, Superintendent.
GEO. NASON, Gen. Pass. and Frt. Agent.

WESTERN RAILROAD OF ALABAMA

GOING EAST AND NORTH.

Leaves Montgomery	6:50 a m
NIGHT PASSENGER—EAST	
Leave Montgomery	8:08 p m
Selma and West Point Accommodation*	
Arrive at Montgomery	12:10 p m
Leave Montgomery	2:38 p m

COMING FROM EAST AND NORTH.

Arrive at Montgomery	6:45 a m
NIGHT PASSENGER, FROM THE EAST.	
Arrive Montgomery	9:30 p m

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

SUNDAY, JULY 16 1876.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

CATHOLIC.

ST. PETERS.—Rev. Father Savage Pastor. Services at 6 A. M., 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.

EPISCOPAL.

ST. JOHN'S.—Rev Dr. H. Stringfellow, Rector. Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath School at 9:30 A. M.

HEBREW.

KAHL MONTGOMERY – Rev. Dr. B. E. Jacobs Rabbi. Services at 6:30 P. M., on Friday, and 9 A M. on Saturday.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Rev. G. H. W. Petrie, D. D., Pastor. Services at 10:30 A M. and 5 P M. Sabbath School at 9 A. M. Thursday evening at 8 P. M.

METHODIST.

COURT STREET.—Rev. A. S. Andrews, Pastor. Services at 11 A M and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath School at 9:30 A. M.

HERRON STREET.—Rev. T. H. Armstrong Pastor. Services at 11 A. M., and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath School at 3:30 P. M.

PROTESTANT.—Rev. J. L. Mills, Pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath School at 9:30 A. M.

BAPTIST.

FIRST.—Rev. — Hawthorne, D. D. Pas. Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath School at 9:30 A. M.

ADAMS STREET.—Rev. J. Falkner, Pastor. Service at 11 A. M. Sabbath School at 9:30 A. M.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MONTGOMERY, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T. C Bingham will be paidby us.

T. C. BINGHAM & CO,
dtf. Proprietors.

No dust this morning.

WHAT the d—euce are flies made for?

How to raise a club—pitch into a peeler.

THE police court was a failure yesterday.

THE hotels are just moving along slowly.

THE watermelon crop will take a new start now.

SPLENDID sleeping last night in the second story.

THE sunset yesterday they say indicated a wet spell.

LOOK after the sidewalks, gentlemen of the City Council.

THE fine teams of the city were all out yesterday evening.

THE State House is one of the dullest places in the city now.

OUR ice trade is the best thing we ever got hold of as a city.

THE glory of this country is not found in Chinese fire crackers.

WE have now our billow of fire by night, like the Hebrews of old.

OUR old friend Diaz, of the Royal, will soon be among his friends again.

LO, the poor Indian, should be lower. Just now the red man is on deck.

THIS is good latin for this hot weather: Thermorudrink thermor usweat.

THE Tuscaloosa division will be taken up in the Supreme Court to-morrow.

ISN'T it about time for some soda-fountain to blow up a drug clerk?

POLITE way of putting it—Troubled with a chronic indisposition to exertion.

EXCURSIONS have been out of order for some time, but they turned up again yesterday.

TRAVELERS to the Centennial still continue to furnish stamps to railroads and hotels.

IF Montgomery desires fame, she should erect a fountain and keep it supplied with ice.

THE market men who hang out their signs over vegetable stalls were very happy yesterday.

Now the festive musquito sings over the Alabama and snatches his food from exposed arms, legs, etc.

GENTLEMEN of the pie brigade, the green apple has been superceded by the festive watermelon.

THAT shower yesterday was as delicious as cooling water to the parched lips of the desert traveler.

THE crops are now in the very best condition possible, and the rains have been very acceptable.

AN apothecary shop on the corner with a green apple stand in front shows the eternal fitness of things.

Now is the season when hardy sons of toil seek a quiet, secluded nook to—

Punch, brothers, punch with care,
Punch in the presence of the bar keepaire,

As to how long a fly will stand on the end of a man's nose, if not interfered with, depends upon the length of the nose.

THE market yesterday evening was crowded for three hours by all sorts and conditions of people. A fine display was made.

THERE is nothing that lets out so much of the true genius of the American race as the propensity of our boys to upset ash-barrels.

AFTER the rain yesterday there was a happier look on the faces of our citizens, many of whom came out upon the streets to get the benefit of the cool air.

A FASHION writer says: Nets for the hair are again coming into vogue." Cast in a pan of soft butter they seldom fail in bringing up something.

SPEECH making seems to be the order of the day in Alabama just now. Every youngster who can lisp his own name is yelling out about politics.

UNTIL the 19th inst., the Judges of the Supreme Court will receive proposals to print the 53d and 54th volumes of the Reports of Decisions of the Supreme Court.

THE sessions of the Baptist Convention were held at such time that it was impossible for us to send a reporter to get them. In the first place we had but one reporter, and could not just at this time, secure another for love or money. This accounts for the absence of full reports of the proceedings of the convention.

OUR Esculapian friends wear long faces. Montgomery is too healthy for them. The coroner now and then sits on a case, but the M. D.'s do not appreciate it.

THE bareheaded citizen generally allows his chin whiskers to grow. There is no way of beating an old man's chin, and man is bound to get even with nature on the hair line.

A SPLENDID rain gladdened the earth yesterday afternoon. The hot streets and parched pavements drank in the falling water, as the thirsty toper drinks his grog.

WHY are not all the indictments found by the grand jury published to the community? There are some, no doubt, which would stir a whirlwind if they were printed in the papers.

HO! FOR THE SEASHORE.—Tuesday morning the grand excursion leaves for the seashore. All those who desire to accompany this delightful trip to the Gulf should not fail to be on hand. A large number have already engaged tickets.

THE hard-worked employe who got his week's allowance of greenbacks, yesterday, was the happiest mortal in the city. There were several who did not get any, however, and they presented a picture of sorrow and sadness dreadful to behold!

AN old citizen remarked yesterday that "There are more loafers in Montgomery to the block, than any other city of the same size in the Union." He said he was sorry to see a number of these characters hanging around the courts.

WE regret to learn of the serious accident sustained by the daughter, Mary, of Mrs. O'Dwyre. The child with another was playing on a wagon in rear of the Lee House, on Monroe street, and falling therefrom broke one of her legs. At first it was thought amputation would be necessary, but we learned yesterday that the little girl was getting along finely, and hopes are entertained of her early recovery.

SEVERAL rousing meetings were held in different portions of the county yesterday, in the interest of the regular ticket. The bolters are completely swallowed up, and stand no showing whatever in the country. Mr. Loftin made speeches yesterday to large crowds in the country, and was assured that the Republicans are united upon the regular ticket.

CROPS.—The report of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, in which our readers are interested, is the following:

Mobile—119 replies from 45 Alabama counties; weather since the 10th of June has been generally good, but 10 counties complain of too much, and 6 of too little rain compared with last season, 12 better, 18 same, 15 worse; stand good and the bloom forming well; condition compares favorably with last season except a week or ten days later; in some sections worms have appeared in small quantities but in 10 counties no damage.

THE brilliant and witty Pittsburgh Commercial has this item, in its issue of the 13th:

They tell a story of a judge in Alabama who sent an officer out, a few days since, to get him a drink of whisky. The officer returned with it, but the amount did not satisfy the Judge. The second time he came back with a tumbler full and remarked that the barkeeper said that he "didn't know that the old fool wanted to take a bath."

We should be glad to have the Commercial name this judge. Be a little more pointed, neighbor, and let us have names.

THE heated term has been very general throughout the country, and at every point we read of numerous persons struck down by the heat. Many aged people besides, have been debilitated by the heat and met with sudden deaths. In New York for the week ending June 24, the deaths were 467; week ending the 1st instant, 649; and for last week the total number dying was 860. That a large proportion of these deaths were superinduced by heat there can be no reason to doubt.

SOME persons seem to have a dread of newspaper work in hot weather. During the past week, we have had need of a temporary reporter, but not one could be found. When we have no particular need of them, there are always a dozen or more seeking employment, but let a special occasion arise like the one of the past week, and they had rather be hung than to sit in a house three or four hours and report the proceedings of a public body.

THERE is an alley in rear of the Merchants' Hotel which needs the attention of the sanitary authorities at once. Passing along there yesterday we were surprised to find pools of filthy green water in the alley, about which myriads of gnats and other insects were revelling. There was a terrible odor surrounding the place, which caused us to quicken our pace in getting away from the place. If such pools of death are allowed right in the very heart of the city, it is reasonable to anticipate contagion of a dreadful character.

IT appears that the grand jury of the City Court has no secrets. Or, if it has, there is treachery somewhere. If the editor of the Advertiser had been indicted for slander, would the fact of the finding of such indictment been heralded to the world through the papers before the editor's arrest? Judge Minnis, you cannot permit such things and maintain the authority and dignity of your court. You cannot permit one citizen to be thus outraged without opening the gates. The poisoned chalice will find its way back to the lips that force it on others.

THE State Fair next fall will be a grand success, if the people of Montgomery determine it shall be so. Energy and liberality is all that is needed to insure a State Fair which shall lift our city up out of the slaough of despond, and send it high on to the road to prosperity. Every citizen who can do so should subscribe liberally, for in the end he will get it back tenfold. Like bread cast upon the waters it will return but to bless the hand that scatters it. We have every confidence in the enterprising citizens who are in charge of the work and preliminaries of the fair, and we feel assured that they will make it a success if possible. It is impossible for a few citizens to make the fair. It takes all the energy we can arouse to attract the attention from abroad which is necessary in aiding u cto make the success we hope for.

A SAMPLE.—The editor of the evening mud machine has for weeks villified, abused and slandered the JOURNAL, its proprietors, editors and reporters. Yesterday evening he refers to the late State Treasurer in a contemptuous manner, tending to cast an imputation upon his honesty in connection with the State's finances. As this matter is to be tried in the courts, we will say no hing about it; but the following will serve to show how the editor of the evening mud machine has "managed the finances" of the STATE JOURNAL:

MONTGOMERY, Ala., July 15, 1875.

		Dr.
Samuel G. Reid,		
1874.	To the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL,	
Feb. 13.	To Paid 2 ad. L. at Horse...	$3,50
187		
March 29.	Ad. Harry of the West, 3 insrs. 1 month	25,00
	50 ar Peters, Harry of the West	7,50
April 5.	Tickets 2 candidate before Republican County Convention for Probate Judge	1,50
" 7.	Printing red line on 500 Collector's Blanks	1,50
		$39,00
		Cr.
1875.		
Sept. 22.	By order given P. Marvin, by the JOURNAL	$25 00
	Balance due ALA. STATE JOURNAL	$14.00.

We have needed the amount thus due us, and need it now to keep up our business. Instead of paying us as he should have done, he has, without any provocation, or semblance of cause, abused, villified and slandered the paper, the proprietors and editors and reporters of the paper. We make the above account public in order that the people of this community may see who it is that denounce and abuse this journal.

INQUEST.—Coroner M. P. Blue held an inquest Friday night, upon the body of Joseph Kaelin who had died very suddenly in his room, over the bar room in the Bibler building, on Coosa street. The jury consisted of Messrs. C. Sparrenburger, M. Myer, L. Mayer, J. W. Bishop, J. O. Sullivan and Patrick Freely. A post mortem examination was conducted by Dr. J. N. Blue assisted by Dr. J. Freemon which developed the fact that the deceased came to his death from "general congestion, especially of the lungs." The jury rendered a verdict in accordance with the result of that examination. The head was found to contain scarely any blood or the blood was congested in the lungs, stomach, and brain. The liver showed quite an enlargement. Mr. Kaelin was a Swiss, about 42 years old, a tailor, and has been for some time in the employ of Mr. Lahey, of this city. He came here last October from Selma.

DRINKING WATER.—As most of our readers are interested just now in the proper mode of advancing health, the following information is not out of place. Water for drinking purposes has been classified as follows:

1. Rain water.
2. Upland surface water.
3. Surface water from cultivated lands.
4. River water.
5. Shallow well water.
6. Deep well water.
7. Spring water.
8. Deep lake water.

Rain water as it falls is not chemically pure. In its descent, after being condensed into drops, it washes the atmosphere of its impurities. Upland surface water contains more or less of the impurities due to the washing of the surface. Surface water from cultivated lands contains a still larger amount of organic matter. River water needs to be thoroughly filtered before it should be used for domestic purposes. Shallow well water generally lacks the filtration necessary for its purification. Deep well and spring water, and deep lake water are almost always exhaustively purified. These waters are considered the purest and most wholesome of all for domestic purposes. Deep cistern water rightly filtered at the bottom and lifted by a cham pump, resembles spring water both in purity and coldness.

The Baptist Convention.

ADDITIONAL DELEGATES—BOARD OF EDUCATION—SOUTHERN BAPTIST THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY, ETC.

ADDITIONAL DELEGATES.

The following named delegates have been reported, in addition to those already published:

Alabama Association—Rev M Bishop.
Coosa River Association—C R Cross.
Unity—J H Burns.
Canaan Association—A J Nunnelly, L M Herring, T V B Moore.
Tuskegee Association—Z D Robey, Z J Weaver, I T Tichenor.
Bethel Association—H A Woolf.
Salem Association—B A Jackson.
Pine Apple Church—J B Hawthorne.
Silvani Church—T J Dill.
Ramah Church—Z T Weaver.
Town Creek Church—D B Edwards.
Tuskaloosa Church—J F Lanneau, W H Williams, J M Dill.
Georgiana Church—J E Bell.
Bethel Church, Marengo county—L L Fox.
J P Boyce, D. D., President Southern Baptist Theological Seminary.

STATE MISSION BOARD.

The Committee to nominate the State Mission Board reported as follows:

The committee to nominate the State Mission Board, beg to recommend as the Board, the following brethren: J J D Renfroe, D. D., President; S Henderson, D. D., W C Cleveland, D. D., J H Joiner, W R Stone, J B Eddins, E T Smyth, J B Fiquet, J H Glazener, I B Merriam.

Your committee submit in recommending as members of the Board, brethren in different parts of the State, the object is to enlist more advocates in this work. Which report was adopted.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

The committee to nominate the Board of Education reported the following:

Rev. J B Hawthorne, D. D., President; Rev J O'B Lowry, Rev W H Williams, Rev Z D Robey, J M Falkner, R H Molton, B F Noble, B B Davis.

SOUTHERN BAPTIST CONVENTION.

Names of Delegates to the Southern Baptist Convention for 1877: Jonathan Haralson, S Henderson, J J Cloud, B H Crumpton, W B Modawell, W N Reeves, Porter King, J S Paullin, E T Winkler, J J D Renfroe; R R Foster, B J Skinner, J T Murfee, Z D Robey, C C Huckabee, Joseph Shackleford, W B Crumpton, I T Tichenor, A J Waldrop, B W Bussey, J B Lovelace, W H Williams, B B Davis, C W Hare, B F Riley, J P Shaffer, B W Whilden, J H Hendon, J C Foster, M G Sumner, W H Carroll, R H Molton, M T Hudson, J O'B Lowery, M Bishop, E F Baber, T M Bailey, J M Falkner, W G Curry, P M Musgrove, L W Lawler, R W Beck, D Lee, J E Bell, B Bruce, W C Cleveland, E B Teague, E T Smythe, G A Pierce, J B Eddins, B M Jackson, L W Duke, J B Hawthorne, T C McGolland, W U Almon, C E Thames, J L Sampey, W C Ward, S E Barnett, J G Nash, H H Horton, H A Haralson, H C Taul, J H Weatherley, D B Edwards, I F Beeson, R M Aurt, W T Hatchett, J T Verby, J B Merriam, J Gunn, C W Callahan, A C Childers, J W Hudson, J F Bailey, J F Brunner, L R Gwaltney, W H McIntosh, W G Curry, T C Watts and W T Davis.

SOUTHERN BAPTIST THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.

The Convention adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That this Convention has heard with pleasure of the prospect of the early completion of the Kentucky portion of the endowment of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary.

Resolved, That we earnestly urge upon the Baptists of Alabama to contribute liberally towards the $200,000 to be raised for the endowment outside of Kentucky.

Resolved, That we will try to raise $30,000 as the Alabama portion of this endowment.

THE CONVENTION OF 1877.

The committee on the time and place of holding the next Convention, respectfully recommend Gadsden as the place, and Thursday before the third Sabbath in July, 1877, as the time.

TORRID TEMPERATURE.—The torrid heat here and elsewhere, has reached an intensity which makes the record of temperature the highest of the season. The New York papers are complaining of the extreme heat in that city, and state that the thermometer has marked as high as 103 degrees. One hundred degrees in the shade brings us to a condition of warmth that can scarcely be envied by dwellers in the tropics; for it far exceeds the average summer temperature in the West Indies, and is attended with dangers that are unknown in that region. But oppressive as we have found it here, we are enjoying a season of temperate and enjoyable heat compared with what our Northwestern friends have been suffering during the past few days. Points in the Upper Mississippi Valley, such as Breckenridge, Minn., and LaCrosse, Wis., and on the lakes, such as, Marquette, Mich., and Chicago, Ill., and even Fort Sully, on the Upper Missouri, are having a mid-night temperature ranging from eighty-two to eighty-six degrees Fahrenheit, while the heat at New York at the same hour did not exceed seventy-four degrees. Yesterday morning these distant Northwestern cities sweltered under the above named temperature, while New Orleans, La.; St. Marks and Punta Rassa, Fla., and Wilmington, N. C., enjoyed comparatively cool weather, a difference of twelve degrees being recorded between the last named city and Fort Sully, Dakota. It is to these extraordinary differences of temperature and to the correspondingly high and low densities of atmosphere accompanying the phenomena that the fierce tornadoes that have swept the Western States are to be attributed. The relative temperatures of Breckenridge and Duluth being eighty-four degrees and fifty-six degrees respectively, although situated on the same parallel of latitude, indicates a condition of the atmosphere which must be productive of violent winds and thunder storms. We may therefore expect to hear of a repetition of the ravages of tornadoes in the Northwestern States, the lower Missouri Valley and on the lakes during the next few months. At present the area of lowest barometer is central between the Missouri and Mississippi rivers, on the forty-second parallel, and this depression will bring with it violent storms, which may be felt even in this city by Tuesday or Wednesday next. We must expect even a higher temperature in New York than that recorded Tuesday and must wait as patiently as we can for the passage eastward of the area of low barometer before any relief arising from the cooling westerly afterwinds can reach us.

Local and Business Notices.

MR. DANIEL F. BEATTY, of Washington, N. J., the cheapest and perserving manufacturer of the Beatty Piano and Golden Tongue Parlor Organs, deserves the highest credit for having produced the most perfect musical instrument combined with the utmost beauty and chasteness of design yet offered the musical public. See his advertisement in another place. Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J., U. S. A.
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A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.*
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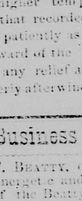

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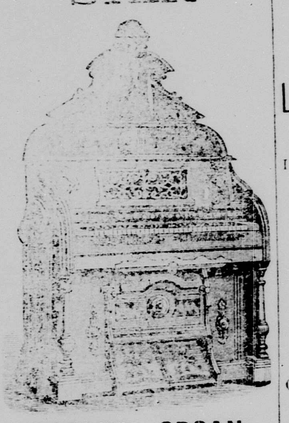

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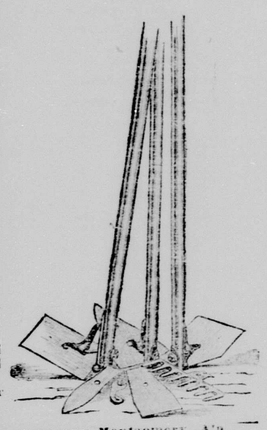

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VOLUME VIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 18, 1876 NUMBER 258

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET:



For President of the United States,
Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio.
For Vice-President,
Wm. A. Wheeler, of New York.

Tilden.

The attention of our readers is invited to an exposure of Sam Tilden, reprinted from the New York Times, on the second page of this morning's JOURNAL.

Independent State Ticket.

We understand that the following Independent State ticket has been announced:

For Governor, Noadiah Woodruff, of Dallas—For Secretary of State, Amos Moody, of Franklin—For Superintendent of Education, H. J. Livingston, of Autauga—For Attorney General, E. H. Grindin, of Mobile—For Auditor, Lewis Owen, of Montgomery—For Treasurer, W. B. Harris, of Russell.

We understand that the gentlemen above named have all consented to allow the use of their names in this connection, and have determined to make the race for official honors, at the August election.

Democratic Corruption.

The telegraph has recently noticed a defalcation in Washington city by the Treasurer of that city; and as the District of Columbia is entirely under Congressional control, it is presumable that the Democratic papers will parade this as an instance of Republican dishonesty. In order to save them the trouble of that piece of folly we append the following from the Washington Chronicle:

The defalcation of James S. Wilson, Treasurer of the District, attracts attention to the condition of the appointments under the District government. This man Wilson is a Democrat, and has always been such. A large number of the other employees in the clerical service of the District government to-day are also Democrats.

Democratic Testimony.

Judge Houk, one of the delegates from Ohio to the St. Louis convention, refuses to swallow Sam Tilden. He made a speech in Dayton, Ohio, a few days ago, and announced his intention to support Hayes and Wheeler. The following passage in his speech upon Tilden's merits may be of interest to the "floating voter" as the unprejudiced view of a Democrat:

In comparison of antecedents and character, he suffers much when placed beside the pure, straightforward and excellent man the Republican party had the good sense to nominate for the Presidency—General Hayes.

Col. F. D. Grant.

[St. Louis Globe.]

In yesterday's issue of the Times a complaint of the New York Graphic was copied, and bitterly enlarged upon. A covert attack was made upon the President through Colonel Fred Grant. And if the Times and Graphic were correct in their statements, there might be some cause for "the bitter complaint." The Chicago organ of abuse goes out of its way to pervert facts, and is deplorably ignorant of what it writes. Frederick Dent Grant is a First Lieutenant of the Fourth United States Cavalry, Colonel Ronald Mackenzie commanding. The regiment since the war has continuously served in Texas. Lieutenant Grant received his late promotion in the due order of things, as advancement comes to all those in the army who "wait for dead men's shoes." The nomination of the Lieutenant for promotion was done by the President on the recommendation of the Adjutant General of the army, because a vacancy existed in the regiment, the senior captain having been promoted to a majority, leaving Grant at the head of the second Lieutenants, and therefore the first for promotion. Lieutenant Grant has never been connected with the Seventh Cavalry. He accompanied General Custer on his Black Hills exploration, through the courtesy of that commander. The massacre of Custer and command has had nothing to do with the elevation of the President's son.

Sam and Bill.

It has been several days since the JOURNAL printed the "private and confidential" circular letter of Sam Tilden. Since then it has been in the columns of every Republican paper in the land. We think that once a week is not too often to give our readers a chance to refresh their memories over this manifestation of Tildenism. Here it is:

[Private and Strictly Confidential.]

ROOMS OF DEMOCRATIC STATE COM.,
October 27, 1868

MY DEAR SIR—Please at once communicate with some reliable person in three or four principal towns and in each city of your county, and request him, (expenses duly arranged for at this end) to telegraph to William M. Tweed, Tammany Hall, at the minute of closing the polls, not waiting for the count, such person's estimate of the vote. Let the telegraph be as follows:

This town will show a Democratic gain (or loss) over last year of (number); or this one, if sufficiently certain: This town will give a Republican (or Democratic) majority of ——.

There is, of course, an important object to be attained by a simultaneous transmission at the hour of closing the polls, but not longer waiting. Opportunity can be taken of the usual half hour lull in the telegraphic communications over lines before actual results begin to be declared, and before the Associated Press absorbs the telegraph with returns, and interfere with individual messages, and give orders to watch carefully the count.

Very truly yours,
SAMUEL J. TILDEN,
Chairman.

THE DesMoines Register puts Iowa down at 60,000 for Hayes.

TILDEN'S platform—ME.

The First Gun Sounds Right.

The first gun of the Campaign is the Chicago special election for Mayor, held on Wednesday last. Many, many years, now, Chicago has been the prey of Democratic thieves, bummers and political prostitutes. Boss Hesing and Jake Rehm, Tilden strikers, now in the Chicago jail for participation in the whiskey frauds, were the principal rulers, and every vile creature about the city has been in cahoot with them in mismanaging, and robbing and finally bankrupting the city. Only two years ago the Democrats elected all the Congressmen from the city, and the Democracy have had unlimited sway as well as enjoyed unlimited swag for a long, long time. But at last the people have risen; and on Wednesday last, Monroe Heath, the Republican candidate for Mayor, was elected by 12,000 majority. This is a fair illustration of what the people will do, every time, when they get a chance.

The vote of Chicago for Mayor, on Wednesday last, was as follows:

Monroe Heath, Republican	19,161
Mark Kimball, Democratic swallow-tail	7,048
Jim. McGrath, Democratic short-hair	3,035

Chicago gave 12,000 majority for Grant, in 1872 and that continues to be about her figure.

Sneaking Reform.

A Washington dispatch of Wednesday, to the Baltimore American, says: "The House to-day, by a decisive vote, decided not to draw upon its contingent fund to supply the thirsty Solons with lemonade and iced tea. Before the yea and nay vote was called more than a majority favored the expense, but did not care to go on record on a yea and nay vote. Meanwhile the House will get its supply, as it has for the past month, from the Senate." This little action on drinks comprehends the measure of ability and low cunning of the Confederate statesmen. Afraid to take the awful responsibility of voting by yeas and nays, the proposition fails, and yet the Representative sneaks round and drinks from the lemonade bucket of the Senate, while accusing Senators of wasting public funds in an unconstitutional manner.

Gov. Hayes and the South.

As an evidence of Gov. Hayes' kindly feeling to the South we call attention to the following statement of Mr. Halstead in the Cincinnati Commercial, Ind.:

"The paragraph about the South in Hayes' letter is that part of it in which his personality appears. It is not only true that that which he says of the South is extremely good, but that it is his own and reflects his sentiments and character. Our knowledge of Gov. Hayes is so clear that we feel warranted in saying to the South that he has opened his heart to the people of that section, and that they should take him at his word—for it is the word of a gentleman and a soldier, a man who has seen war, and who loves justice and peace."

Mr. Jewell's Resignation.

The Democratic papers are having a nice time over the resignation of ex-Secretary Jewell. Mr. Jewell states that he retired of his own accord, in order to attend to private business interests, and not because of any unfriendliness of the President. The opposition, however, insists that he was removed because he had attempted to reform the department, etc. This sort of thing is getting rather stale. The mass of the people will be inclined to take a retiring officer's statement in preference to the unsupported declarations of a partisan press. The unterrified, therefore, might as well cease wasting their ammunition.

THE Brooklyn Argus is authority for the statement that there is more trouble in Democratic camp of New York about the Governship. The understanding at the Utica Convention and up to the gathering at St. Louis, was that Dorsheimer was to be made candidate for Governor in return for his arduous labors in behalf of Samuel, the Reformer. Since St. Louis, however, it is stated, Tilden has been obliged to "go back on" Dorsheimer, and to conciliate Tammany by the promise of putting up either Seymour, Sanford E. Church, or some other candidate more agreeable to the Kelly faction. Dorsheimer feels very sore about it, but will doubtless be satisfied with other promises. On the Republican side the candidates most mentioned for the office are Pomeroy, Morgan and Evarts.

THE Democratic papers boast that Tilden reduced the taxes of New York, in his first year as Governor, $8,000,000; but they forgot to add that it was a Legislature, Republican in both branches, that passed the necessary legislation. All that Tilden had to do with it was to put his name to the Republican Appropriation bill.

MR. FOSTER and Mr. Singleton had a delightful little rencounter in the House the other day. Said Mr. F. to Mr. S., "If you say so-and-so you speak falsely!" Says Mr. S. to Mr. F., "Do you mean to give me the lie?" Says Mr. F. to Mr. S., "I do." Then says Mr. S. to Mr. F., "Something can be done about that by-and-by." Just then the Speaker woke and shouted "Order, gentlemen!" Then there was a sort of simmering of the pot. And at last Mr. F. arose and apologized to Mr. S. His remark was an inadvertence caused by heat. That is right. Lay it to the weather.

Up with the Rich—Down with the Poor!

The Columbus, Georgia, Enquirer, one of the leading Democratic organs of that State, flaunts the flag of caste, as opposed to the poor men of the South, as follows:

In the North intelligence and wealth are opposed by the same. In the South, with the rarest exceptions, poverty and ignorance are aligned against wealth and intelligence, and the latter class, composing the Democrats, always win as they do everywhere. The South proudly demands "that the men who own the land should rule it."

This is the programme of the Bourbon Democratic leaders of these Southern States. We have warned the poorer classes for years against this evident purpose of these old "masters of the soil" to crush the poor men of the South, if possible, by legislating against them and virtually shutting them off from all the benefits of government. In Alabama this policy has partly been carried out thus far, in the destruction of the free schools, in the enactment of the most odious and oppressive Revenue laws which ever disgraced the statute books of the State, and in the enactment of the so-called drummers' license law which sought to break down the mercantile interests of the commonwealth. The accession to power in Alabama of this tyrannical conspiracy, has been attended with retrogression in every department of business, and a constant depreciation of the agricultural and commercial classes. Instead of making taxation equal and equitable, they have established a class of the favored few, and the poorer classes of the people are pinched harder and harder, until dissatisfaction, a want of confidence and suspicion have taken the place of confidence, quiet and orderly expectation. In Alabama, the lawyer, the Doctor and the Dentist pay no license tax, while the merchant, the broker and the farmer who happens to sell a little tobacco to his employes, are forced to make up the deficit thus caused by favoring the professionals. Is it expected that the people are going to look on quietly and peaceably and see their children shut out from school; and a "favored class" established in this State, who are exempt from the burdens of taxation, while the farming interests are ground down in the dust? It is unreasonable to suppose that the poorer class of the people, together with the mercantile interests are going to submit long to such a state of things as now exists in Alabama, without a revolution. That revolution will be the peaceable effort of the ballot box to overthrow caste and injustice.

The Nation's Shame

New York Tribune, 15th.]

There was scarcely ever a more despondent farewell than the letter in which Congressman Leavenworth of this State declines a renomination. He says that of the three committees on which he has been placed, "not one of them during the last seven months has reported a bill, or done anything but investigate," and the "investigations have disclosed nothing worth the paper used in making them." At the utmost, he says, he could hope to remain in Congress only four years, and this period "scarcely suffices to educate a member" for his duties. He does not seem to appreciate the melancholy inconsistency of this, and seems to forget that, by his own rule, he is two years better off in experience than his successor will be. The last and most despondent confession of all is that "as single member from the State of Massachusetts has had more influence on the legislation of the country for the last fifteen years than the entire thirty-three members from the State of New York. It is most humiliating to visit the Capitol and witness our insignificance. States with not a quarter of our number of members have ten times our influence, and will continue to until we bring to the discharge of our political duties the same sagacity and wisdom which we so abundantly possess and make use of in our private affairs." There is more truth in this than a Congressman is accustomed to crowd into the same space, and Mr. Leavenworth's capacity for sincerity is a good argument for his re-election. If his letter is meant as a reproach to constituencies for not insuring useful members by keeping them in Congress, it will be profitable reading for other States than this.

Bill and Sam.

The St. Louis Globe says it is happy to be able to contradict the report that the ex-Boss had reappeared in New York and was organizing his forces for a vigorous conduct of the Tilden campaign. The following is a copy of a dispatch recently received by the Governor:

To S. J. Tilden: Your assurance that I will be fully protected if I return and take charge of things in New York City this fall, is very grateful to me, and quite worthy of a heart fired by the noble hope of rescuing our beloved land from the hands of Black Republican corruptionists But it would not be wise to comply with your request while the public mind continues to be so prejudiced against me. I have made arrangements to work effectively for you where I am, and rest satisfied that the boys will do as I direct. The programme which you say you intend to carry out, if elected, is most flattering to me, and I accept it as a proof that the friendship you have always professed for your humble servant is as firm and true as ever. WM. M. TWEED.

THE Pittsburgh Commercial says that Hon. Galusha A. Grow, who supported Greeley in 1872, is now for Hayes and Wheeler, and is a candidate for the Republican nomination to Congress in the Bradford district. The district consists of Bradford, Susquehanna, Wayne and Wyoming counties, and is now represented by a Democrat, one Powell, who crept in, in 1874, by a bare 100 majority.

HON. STEPHEN HOYT, Charles Hartshorn, Hon. Horace Bemis, and Mr. Mills, all influential and active Democrats of their respective counties in New York, have come out for Hayes and Wheeler. And still there's more to follow.

A Fair Specimen.

[Washington Star.]

Chairman Whitthorne, of the House Naval Committee, some time ago called on Mr. Hanscom, chief of the bureau of construction and repair, for a statement of some expenditures made by him officially. A day or two ago when Secretary Robeson and Mr. Hanscom were in attendance before the Naval Committee, Mr. Whitthorne called for the report. It was placed before him. He quite indignantly stated that it was not the information he called for, and that Mr. Hanscom was endeavoring to evade the order of the committee. The latter replied by stating that the information furnished was precisely what was called for. That he presumed at the time that Mr. Whitthorne would require additional figures, but thought he would comply specifically with the request. Mr. Whitthorne appealed to the recollection of the official reporter, who coincided with the impression left upon Mr. Whitthorne's mind. "Ah," said the chairman, "the official reporter sustains me, by God." The committee were somewhat surprised. Judge Harris, of the committee, interceded for Mr. Hanscom, and reminded the chairman that he had always stated he had nothing to conceal. "Neither have I," said Whitthorne, "I would conceal nothing; not even from Jesus Christ." The delicate sensibilities of a majority of the committee were again shocked. Finally, however, Mr. Whitthorne apologized for his remarkable language.

THE Illinois Staats Zeitung, speaking of the Democratic platform and ticket, says: "In short, Tilden and Hendricks are to each other what lard is to soft, salt to sugar, fire to water. Who likes hard money finds Tilden on the ticket; who prefers soft money may take to Hendricks. Who wants 'reform' has got Tilden; to him who believes that reform means only that the Republicans must surrender all fat offices to the Democrats, Hendricks is the man. A man once expressed the desire to his hostess that butter and hair might be served on separate plates. On the St. Louis ticket butter and hair have been carefully mixed together. But that does not deter a true Democrat. His stomach is 'copper-lined,' and if the name of the devil himself should stand on his ticket he would swallow him down altogether. Well, good appetite! and may it do you good."

THE Cincinnati Gazette says: If Tilden should be elected President, Tweed would fit as Secretary of the Treasury. Tilden has reformed, it is said. Why not Tweed also? While the lamp holds out to burn, the vilest sinner may return.

THE Trinsville Courier, "the only Democratic daily in Northwestern Pennsylvania," persistently refuses to put up the names of Tilden and Hendricks, and is as silent as the grave on the Presidential question.

THE St. Louis platform is sounding brass and tinkling cymbal to the Democratic House.—Cincinnati Enquirer, (Dem.)

And to everybody else.—Cincinnati Times.

THE New Orleans Republican remarks that "Tilden's appendix is Thomas A. Hendricks."

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BY TELEGRAPH.

Expressly for the State Journal by the Southern and Atlantic Telegraph Line.

WASHINGTON.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Mr. Wright introduced a bill to amend section 2931 of the revised statutes, so as to allow the Secretary of the Treasury to refund the tonnage tax in certain cases. Referred.

Mr. Caperton called up the bill for the relief of Chas. A. Campbell, of Washington county, Virginia.

Mr. Edmunds opposed the bill on the ground that it would open the door to a class of claims now barred by the statute of tenulation.

Pending discussion the morning hour expired and the Senate proceeded sitting as a court in the impeachment trial.

Mr. White submitted an order which was agreed to, adjourning the court to Wednesday, at 12 o'clock, when the witness, Evans, will be here. Legislative business was then resumed.

Mr. Logan moved to make the bounty bill the special order for 1 o'clock tomorrow. Disagreed to—yeas 28; nays 20. Two-thirds not voting in the affimative the consideration of the river and harbor bill was resumed.

The pending question being the motion of Mr. Thurman to re-commit, with instructions to reduce the aggregate sum to a sum not exceeding $4,000,000.

House.

Under a call of States for bills for reference, the following were introduced:

Mr. Smith, for the relief of the Brunswick and Albany railroad in Georgia—remitting certain taxes.

Mr. Reagan, of Texas, instructing Senators and representatives from that State to urge Congressional action for the protection of the frontier of Texas, and reiterating the fact that under the treaty of annexation, Texas was guaranteed protection.

Mr. Phillips, of Kansas, a joint resolution authorizing the President to accept the services of volunteers to aid in the suppression of the Indian hostilities—the said enlistment to be for one hundred days.

Mr. Waddell, of North Carolina, to provide for the erection of an equestrian statue for the late General Geo. A. Custer, and authorizing the committee on library to examine all models that may be presented. The statue is to cost not more than $20,000, and to be erected in the city of Washington.

Mr. Atkins, a bill to repeal the tax on State bank circulation.

Mr. Landers, of Indiana, to utilize gold and silver bullion and to declare the silver dollar of the standard of 1861 a full legal tender for all debts.

Mr. Eames, of Rhode Island, a bill in relation to the act for the resumption of specie payment.

The morning hour having expired the House resumed the consideration of the resolution offered by Mr. Piper, of California, to appoint a committee to act with the committee of the Senate, to ascertain the effect, etc. of Chinese immigration, and to report at the next session of Congress, which came over from Monday last as unfinished business. The resolution was adopted; yeas 15, nays 14.

Mr. Tucker, of Virginia, moved to take up and pass the Senate bill removing the political disabilities of G. T. Beauregard. Passed.

Mr. McDougall offered a bill to pay pensions to the heirs of all officers, non commissioned officers and privates, who were in Gen. Custer's command, and were killed in the late Indian fight. The House refused to pass the bill, the objection being that it had not been considered by the pension committee.

Mr. Springer, of Illinois, moved to suspend the rules and pass a resolution directing the committee on banking and currency to report a bill to-morrow for the repeal of the resumption act, the same to be the subject of discussion and amendment. The resolution was rejected, two-thirds not voting.

Mr. Robbins, of North Carolina, moved to suspend the rules and pass resolutions directing the Secretary of War to have copies made of certain Executive correspondence of the State of North Carolina captured at Raleigh, and now in the War Department, and to transmit such copies to the Governor of North Carolina. Passed.

Mr. Lane, of Oregon, moved to suspend the rules and take from the committee of the whole the bill to authorize the Secretary of War to pay the expenses incurred by the State of Oregon by the citizens of California, in suppressing Indian hostilities in the States of Oregon and California in the years of 1872 and 1873. The bill appropriates $72,268,88, for the State of Oregon, and $44,163 to citizens of California. The bill was passed.

The House agreed to the conference asked by the Senate on the bill for the sale of the Otos and Missouri Indian reservation in Kansas and Nebraska.

Mr. Vance, of Ohio, obtained the floor to offer a resolution in relation to the resumption act, when Mr. Eden of Illinois and others moved to adjourn. The House refused to adjourn, by a tie vote of 99 to 99.

Mr. Vance then offered his resolution directing the committee on banking and currency to report a bill for the repeal of the specie resumption act, after the reading of the journal to-morrow.

Pending a vote on the resolution another motion was made to adjourn, and it was agreed to by a vote of 100 to 96.

The House at 3:45 p. m. adjourned.

The following dispatch was received yesterday afternoon at the War Department:

CHICAGO, July 16, 1876.

General W. T. Sherman, Washington, D. C.—The following dispatch, received late last night, is transmitted for your information. I had already ordered Gen. Merrill to join Gen. Crooke, but he will be detained a few days to intercept the Indians who have left the Red Cloud Agency. I would suggest to Gen. Crooke to unite with Gen. Terry and attack those Indians, but I am so far away that I will have to leave them, as I have done heretofore, to act on their best judgment

P. H. SHERIDAN, Lieut. Gen.

CAMP ON GOOSE CREEK, Wyoming, July 12, via Fort Fetterman, July 17.

Col. R. C. Dunn, A. A. G., Chicago—My last information from Red Cloud Agency was that the Chinese had left there to reinforce the enemy in my front. As this takes away all the disturbing element from that section I have availed myself of the Lieut. General's permission and ordered the eight companies of the fifth cavalry, under Col. Merritt, to join me at this point. The best information I can get of the enemy in my front is that the Sioux have three fighting men to say one, although I have no doubt of my ability to whip them with my present force, but the victory would be barren of results, so I have thought it better to defer an attack until I can get the fifth here, and then end the campaign with one crushing blow. The hostile Indians are, according to my advices, encamped on the Little Horn, near the base of the mountains, and will probably remain there until my reinforcements come up. I received a dispatch from General Terry this morning asking me to co-operate with him, and will do so to the best of my ability.

A telegram has been received here from Evans Marks, a partner in the Fort Sill tradership, whose testimony is wanted in the Belknap impeachment trial. He has been detained by floods on the lines of Western railroads, but will reach here to-morrow. The impeachment trial will be resumed on Wednesday.

The sub-committee on elections has made a report in the contest of Platt vs. Goode, of the second Virginia district. The report was in favor of Goode, Democrat, the sitting member. The full committee refused to sustain the sub-committee. Messrs. House and Thompson, Democrats, voted in favor of Platt, which gives Mr. Platt the majority report in his favor.

The testimony taken by the Senate special committee on the Mississippi outrages, makes 1700 pages. A few witnesses yet remain to be examined in Washington.

The majority report by Senators Boutwell, McMillen and Cameron will claim that outrages have been committed on negroes, and that many of them have been causelessly slaughtered, while the minority report, by Messrs. Bayard and McDonald, will claim that the outrages were caused by the administration of the State government.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 17.—Accounts from the seat of the Servian-Turkish war are very confused and conflicting. Not only do the Turkish and Servian bulletins conflict, but the reports of the special correspondents are according to their sympathies and points of observation. For instance, the Times this morning had a special dispatch from Perakin saying that there was no great battle between Omar Pacha and the Servian General Teschjanin, on Wednesday, while a special dispatch from Vienna to the Telegraph says that General Teschjanin's defeat is confirmed. Omar Pacha has driven him across the river Timish and is advancing on to Servia. The Servian General lost his artillery, and it is reported that he himself was killed.

The Ottoman ministry have resolved to allow the Turkish army to assume the offensive.

The weather for the past four days has been excessively hot, the thermometer reaching 96 degrees in the shade. There has been numerous sunstrokes.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, July 17.—A severe shock of earthquake was experienced here at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon. It lasted several seconds. As far as ascertained no damage was done.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, July 17.—Gen. B. F. Butler contradicts the report that he has withdrawn from the Congressional canvass.

MISSOURI.

ST. LOUIS, July 17.—The result of the Democratic primary elections on Saturday proves to have been a decided defeat for Tammany. That faction elects considerable less than one-half of the delegates to the State Convention.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, July 17.—Hon. R. H. Chadbourn, State Senator, died in St. Charles parish, yesterday, of bilious fever. He was a native of Massachusetts, and his death leaves a majority of the Senators holding over Democrats.

Attorney-General A. P. Fields is very low, and his death is momentarily expected.

EGYPT.

CAIRO, July 17.—Mr. Freeman, the newly appointed United States Consul, presented his credentials to-day.

SKETCHING from Nature, in pencil and water colors, and drawing and painting in colored crayons; a practical instructor, 32 pp. of 50 cts. Of any bookseller, or JESSE HANEY & CO., 119 Nassau street, N. Y.
$25 a day guaranteed using our Well Auger and Drills. $100 a month paid to good agents. Augur book free. Jill Augur Co., St. Louis, Mo.
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Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

JULY 17.—Our market to-day is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary	8¼@8¾
Good Ordinary	9¼@—
Strict Good Ordinary	10 @—
Low Middling	10¾@—
Middling	11¼@—

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.]

Bacon—C R Sides	12¼@		12¾
" Shoulders	10¼@		10¾
Bulk—C R Sides	11¾@		12
" Shoulders	9 @		9½
Plain Sugar-cured Hams	— @		—
Canvas	"		15¾@16¼
Lard—Choice, in tierces	12 @		13¾
" " " ½ bbls	14 @		14¾
" " " kegs	14½@		15
" " " buckets	3 15 @		3 25
Sugar—Snow White	11 @		—
" W. C	10¼@		10¾
" Y. C	10 @		10½
" Strictly Choice	10¼@		10¾
" Prime	9¼@		9¾
" Fair	8¾@		9
Molasses—Choice	65 @		70
" Prime	50 @		55
" Fair	45 @		50
" Common	35 @		40
Coffee—Choice	23 @		—
" Prime	22 @		23¼
" Fair	21 @		21¾
" Common	20 @		20¾
Rice—Choice	8 @		8¼
" Prime	7 @		7¾
" Fair	6¾@		7
Flour—Fancy	8 00 @		8 50
" Choice	7 50 @		7 75
" Family	6 25 @		7 00
" Superfine	5 00 @		5 50
" Common	4 75 @		5 00
Tobacco	42 @		1 00
Whisky—Rectified	1 08 @		1 35
" Better Grades	1 50 @		3 50
Wines—Port and Sherry	1 25 @		2 00
" Claret	3 50 @		6 00
Brandies	$ 1 25 @		2 50
" French	6 00 @		10 00
" Peach and Apple	2 00 @		3 50
Gin	1 40 @		2 25
" in cases	6 00 @		7 00
Beer in bottles, per doz	1 65 @		1 75
" in kegs	3 50 @		—
Cigars, per thousand	18 00 @		60 00
CASE GOODS—			
Oysters, 1 lb cans, per doz	90 @		1 00
" 2 " "	1 75 @		2 00
Fresh Peaches, 2 lb cans, per doz	2 00 @		2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case	4 00 @		4 25
" Cherries, " "	4 25 @		4 50
Sardines, ¼ boxes	10 00 @		16 50
Condensed Milk, "	11 00 @		12 00
Yeast Powders, per doz	1 0 @		2 10
Pickles, gal's, " "	5 00 @		6 00
" ½ " "	2 75 @		3 50
" ¼ " "	2 50 @		3 00
" ¼ " "	1 50 @		2 00
Soda, in kegs, " lb	5¾@		6
" in bbls, "	6¼@		7¼
Potash, " doz	6 50 @		6 50
Candles, full weight, per lb	16½@		17¾
Soaps, " "	5 @		7½
Starch, " "	5¼@		6½
Salt, Liverpool, per sack	1 35 @		1 40
" fine Liverpool	1 00 @		—
" Virginia, " "	2 10 @		2 25
Drop Shot	2 50 @		—
Buck Shot	2 75 @		—
Powder, " keg	5 75 @		6 25
Nails, standard rate, per keg	3 50 @		—
Snuff—Macaboy, Lorillard's	50 @		—
" Miller's	75 @		—
" Gail & Ax	70 @		—
" Scotch, per gross	9 00 @		—
" Garrett's, per doz	4 75 @		—
Ink, per case	1 50 @		—
Mustard, per dozen	1 25 @		3 00
Ground Spices	1 00 @		1 25
" Pepper	1 00 @		1 25
" Ginger	1 00 @		1 25
" Allspice	1 00 @		1 25
" Cloves	1 00 @		1 25
" Cinnamon	1 50 @		—
Percussion Caps	65 @		85
" G. D. Caps	45 @		—
Toilet Soaps, box	1 75 @		2 75
Blacking, box	50 @		1 00
Smoking Tobacco	50 @		60
Tea	75 @		1 25
Wampoo Bitters	6 50 @		—
Diamond Gin	7 50 @		—
Plantation Bitters	8 50 @		—
Hostetter's Bitters	8 50 @		—
Rhine Wines	8 00 @		12 50
Wrapping Paper, Large	75 @		—
" D C	65 @		—
" Medium	55 @		—
" Small	40 @		—
Nutmegs	1 50 @		—
Brooms	2 25 @		3 50

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, July 17.—Money closed at 2. Gold 111¾. Stocks dull.

COTTON.

Spot cotton to-day closed quiet: Middling Orleans 11 15-16c; middling Alabama, 11¾c; middling upland, 11¾c; strict low middling upland, 11¼; low middling upland, 11 1-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10¾c; good ordinary upland 9 15-16c; ordinary upland, 8 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed quiet; sales 13,800 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 26-32@	11 15-32	
August	11 2 -32@	—	
September	11 7-16@	11 15-32	
October	11 9-32@	—	
November	11 25-32@	11 11-16	
December	11 7-32@	11 11-16	

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 17.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands, 6½; middling Orleans, 6 1-8d; sales to-day 6,000 bales, of which 1000 bales are for export and speculation; receipts —— bales, American —— bales.

SAVANNAH, July 17.—Receipts 35, gross 417, exports to Great Britain ——; sales ——; stock 1,-843; price of middlings, 10¾c; market quiet.

NEW ORLEANS, July 17.—Net receipts 574, gross 994; exports to Great Britain ——; coast ——; sales 500; stock 53,284 price of middlings 11¼c, low middlings 10¾c, good ordinary 9¾c market quiet.

WILMINGTON, July 17.—Net receipts 17; sales —; stock 636; price of middlings 10¾c; market steady.

MOBILE, July 17.—Net receipts 65; exports to Great Britain ——, coast 50; sales 50; stock 5,740; price of middlings 10¼c, low middlings 9¾c, good ordinary 8¾c; market weak.

NORFOLK, July 17.—Net receipts 9; sales —; stock 2,295; price of middlings 11—c; market quiet.

GALVESTON, July 17.—Net receipts 71, gross 74; sales 715; stock 6,839; price of middlings 11¼c; market dull.

BOSTON, July 17.—Net receipts 184, gross 420, exports to Great Britain ——; sales ——; stock 15,-934; price of middlings 12c; market quiet.

CHARLESTON, July 17.—Net receipts 23; sales 150; stock 4,310; price of middlings 11¾c; market quiet.

PHILADELPHIA, July 17.—Net receipts 196; gross 233; sales ——; price of middlings 11¾c; market quiet.

PROVIDENCE, July 17.—Stock 14,000 bales.

BALTIMORE, July 17.—Net receipts 4, sales 50; stock 3,709; price of middlings 11¾c; market dull.

PROVISION MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Flour quiet, extra $4 25@5 75. Wheat lower. No. 2 spring 92¾c. Corn firm, No. 2 mixed 44¾c, new mixed 43c. Oats dull, No. 2 mixed 28¼c. Rye dull, 62@62½c. Barley dull, 78c. Mess Pork quiet, $19

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

TUESDAY, JULY 18, 1876.

TILDEN AND TWEED.

The Twin Leaders of the New York Democracy.

THE STORY OF THEIR CONNECTION UNWILLINGLY TOLD—THE GOVERNOR'S "DEAR FRIEND" OF TEN YEARS AGO—FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR THE CAMPAIGN OF 1868 FOR A MAN OF "MODERATE MEANS"—HOW TILDEN HELPED TO BUILD UP THE INFLUENCE OF TWEED.

From the New York Times, July 7th.

On the 28th of February last Governor Tilden was examined as a witness in the suit of the people against Tweed. The following transcript from the stenographer's notes of the trial will help to illustrate the relations which the Chairman of the Democratic State Committee maintained with the "Boss" thief in the day of his power. The studious efforts of Governor Tilden, on his cross examination, to conceal the truth, are as instructive as the deliberate attempt made in the biography which his agents delivered to the press to substitute deliberate falsehood for the truth of history:

CROSS-EXAMINATION.

By Mr. Field—Q. When did your acquaintance with Mr. Tweed begin?

A. I really can't tell. I knew him slightly some time while he was Street Commissioner.

Q. How many years ag o?

A. I think he was appointed by Mayor Opdyke, or rather Deputy Street Commissioner—about twelve years ago. I do not exactly recollect when I first met him.

Q. That was about 1864?

A. I am not positively certain about the time.

Q. From that time did your acquaintance with him increase?

A. Perhaps so.

Q. How in fact?

A. I should think I knew him rather more afterward than I did the first year or two of my acquaintance with him. I never knew him much.

Q. Your relations were not at all close, then?

A. No, never,

Q. They were rather distant, I suppose?

A. Well they were reserved.

Q. He was a man of very great political influence, was he not?

A. At one time.

Q. How early did that begin?

A. I don't think he had much political influence until after he got control of the Street Commissioner's office, then it gradually grew.

Q. That, you think, was about 1866—1864, I mean?

A. 1864; Mr. Eward Ewing was appointed Street Commissioner and Mr. Tweed his Deputy; I speak only from recollection.

Q. He was successively Alderman and member of Congress?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. And a member of the State Senate, and a member of the National Democratic Committee, and so on?

A. He never was a member of the National Committee.

Q. But he held those offices I have spoken of?

A. He held those offices.

Q. Do you remember how long he was in Congress?

A. I should think one term.

Q. How long was he in the State Senate?

A. I should think two terms.

Q. Was he not in the State Senate when you were in the Assembly?

A. No: he was elected at the same time I was elected to the Assembly the last time, in 1871, but he did not go there.

Q. Were you not in the Assembly in 1870?

A. No, sir—1872—I was elected in the fall of 1871.

Q. Did he become after 1864 a man of great political influence?

A. He became about 1869 a man of great political power.

Q. Not before.

A. 1868 or 1869.

Q. He had a large number of adherents, had he not?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. A man who attracted to himself a very large circle of supporters?

A. He had a large following at one time.

Q. It continued from 1864?

A. Not so early as that.

Q. From the time it began as you have described it up to 1871?

No answer.

Q. How is it—did it continue up to that time?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. You did not answer my question and I thought you were waiting.

A. I did not understand it as a question.

Q. During this time did he have the control of what was called Tammany Hall?

A. I can't fix the date. He had control of Tammany Hall for several years.

Q. Were there two factions of the Democratic party, one of which was headed by him—or, if the word faction does not express it exactly, two fragments—I use the word fragments?

A. I don't know exactly what you mean by that—two parties running different tickets?

Q. Were there two fragments of the Democratic party which were struggling to get control of Tammany Hall?

A. Not at this time.

Q. For a portion of the time?

A. Occasionally. There was in the spring of 1870.

Q. Mr Tweed was the head of one, and somebody else led the other; was it not so?

A. There was a contest in the spring of 1871.

Q. During the period of his power I think you said he was not a member of the Democratic National Committee?

A. Never, I think.

Q. Look at that letter and tell me on what occasion it was written. [Producing a paper to the witness.]

Mr. Carter—Is it an original letter?

Mr. Field—An original letter from Mr. Tilden to Mr. Tweed, asking him to attend the National Democratic Committee or Convention.

The Witness—It does not ask him to do anything of the kind.

Q. We will see what it is, at all events.

A. The best way to ascertain what it is, is to read.

The counsel read the letter in evidence in the words following:

MY DEAR SIR—The National Committee meet at the Metropolitan Hotel, in Washington, on the 25th of February, at 12 o'clock. Yours, etc., S. J. TILDEN.

Hon. Wm. M. Tweed.

Q. What is the word there before the date?

A. Saturday morning, I think, February 15, 1868.

Q. Will you state for what purpose, if he was not a member of the committee, you wrote him that note?

A. I remember Mr. Belmont, who was President of the National Committee, pressed me very strongly to go there in 1868 to attend the meeting on the 8th of January, and I did. I presume Mr. Tweed must have asked me to send him word when that meeting would take place, or something of that sort, and I did it. I have no recollection now.

Q. Look at that note also, and see if it is a note you wrote him. [Producing a paper to the witness.]

A. That appears to be my handwriting.

Mr. Carter—Let me see it a moment, please.

Plaintiff's counsel examines the paper which is handed to the witness to examine.

Mr. Carter—Do you perceive no relevancy in these notes whatever—it appears to be a private correspondence upon matters—

A I have objection to that coming in.

Mr. Carter—With the Governor's consent, we are not inclined to make any objection ourselves.

Defendant's counsel reads the letter in evidence in the words following:

"No. 15 GRAMERCY PARK,
August 12, 1866—11 A. M.

MY DEAR SIR: I decided to go to Philadelphia in the morning, and shall not be able to see you before I leave. Mr. Richmond is at the St. Nicholas, somewhat ill. If well enough he will come on the 2 p. m. train. Whether he is there, to-day, or not, I hope you will not fail to be in Philadelphia. Very truly,
Your friend, S. J. TILDEN.

Hon. Wm. M. Tweed.

Q. That, you perceive is in 1866, August 12, so at that time you must have been in relations with him, at all events, that would justify such a correspondence. While I am about it I will show you another letter and ask you if that is one you wrote to him [producing another paper to witness]?

A. That is in my handwriting.

The letter is shown to plaintiff's counsel, after which it is read by defendant's counsel in the words following:

Hon. W. M. Tweed:

MY DEAR SIR—I beg to present to your attention the case of Mr. Samuel Allen, a very old friend of ours, and is in great need of a small appointment under your department, for which he has applied. He would be content with something for a time of not a very high rank. You know him so well that I need add nothing. He used to be a very efficient and useful worker, and is an entirely reliable man, and I should be personally glad if you can help him.

Truly yours, S. J. TILDEN.

During the time when these letters were written, was Mr. Tweed exerting more influence on the fortunes of the Democratic party?

A. He was in 1868, as far as the city was concerned—less in 1866. He was gaining a good deal of power in the meantime. Perhaps it is fair to state that I do not know whether he appointed Mr. Allen. I do not think in the whole of his career I ever made a request for more than three appointments.

Q. Do you think that is necessary?

A. I think so. It is evidently the object to introduce testimony that has no earthly connection with the case.

Q. Do you think it is desirable to show the relations of a witness with a party in this case?

A. The witness has no objection to being examined as fully as you please.

Q. So I supposed. Were you Chairman of the Democratic State Committee for a long period?

A I became Chairman in 1866.

Q. And continued up to what time?

A. Up to 1874.

Q. During that time was Mr. Tweed frequently consulted and applied to for contributions to the committees?

A. Not very much.

Q. Did he make large contributions to that committee while you were at its head?

A. He did not

Q. Did he make any?

A. I suppose he made some.

Q. And he make any through you?

A. Very little, if at all.

Q. Any; do you remember any?

A. I do not remember; I remember the general fact; I should think if, during the whole period, he would make an account to the committee, it would be found that he had made more bills against it than contributions to it.

Q. He made more bills against than contributions to it?

A. Mr. Tweed did not get to be a rich man until quite lately.

Q. I will come to that by and by; is that one of the checks that passed through your hands at that time? [Producing a check to the witness.]

A. That is a check in 1868.

Q. Is it a check that passed through your hands at the time?

A. It appears so.

Q. Was there another check of the same amount?

A. I do not remember.

Q. Will you not say whether there was another check?

A. I do not think there was.

The check is offered in evidence, and is marked defendant's exhibit, February 28, 1876, and is in the words following:

NEW YORK, September 8, 1868.

The National Broadway Bank will pay to the order of William M. Tweed $5,000.
WILLIAM M. TWEED.

Indorsed.

Pay S. J. Tilden or order.
WILLIAM M. TWEED.

For deposit in North America.—S. J. TILDEN.

Q. Will you refresh your memory and say whether or not you recall the fact that he did at or about the same time give to you for the same purpose another check for the same amount?

A. I can not say but I do not think he did; I could tell you by referring to my books.

Q. At that time, Mr. Tilden—or Governor—of course you supposed Tweed was contributing this money out of his own resources?

A. I did.

Q. You then supposed him to be a man of very considerable property.

A. I think in 1868 he got to be pretty well off.

Q. He was a man reputed to be rich at that time?

A. 1868.

Q. He was reported to be a man of large property in 1868?

A. I do not think he was reputed to have very much property in 1868.

Q. He was reputed to be a man of large means—considerable means. This was during the Seymour campaign?

A. Yes, Sir; but I think it was rather in aid of Mr. Hoffman.

Q. Was there not at or about that time a difficulty between you and Mr. Tweed in respect to an alleged contribution to that campaign?

A. No.

Q. I was going to be more specific in my question. Did he not claim, he and Sweeny, that you three had each engaged to contribute $15,000 more, and that they two had paid $10,000—paid the whole and asked you to pay more?

A. No, Sir.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

Union Republican Ticket.



FOR GOVERNOR:
C. C. SHEATS, of Morgan.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
THOS. T. ALLINGTON, of Lauderdale.

FOR AUDITOR:
GEORGE P. PLOWMAN, of Talladega.

FOR TREASURER:
BENJ. M. LONG, of Walker.

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL:
ROBT S. HEFLIN, of Randolph.

FOR SUP'T OF EDUCATION:
P. J. GLOVER, of Marengo.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:
L. C. COULSON, of Jackson,
CHAS. E. MAYER, of Mobile.

District Electors.

FIRST DISTRICT—Lou H Mayer of Mobile.

SECOND DISTRICT—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.

THIRD DISTRICT—P G Clarke of Barbour.

FOURTH DISTRICT — J T Rapier of Lowndes.

FIFTH DISTRICT—S S Booth of Autauga.

SIXTH DISTRICT—A B Hays, of Winston.

SEVENTH DISTRICT—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.

EIGHTH DISTRICT—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

Regular State Executive Committee.

Chas. E Mayer Chairman; George Turner, Secretary.

First District—C S Wood, Allen Alexander.

Second District—William M Loftin, Francheard Gray.

Third District—W H Black, Philip King.

Fourth District—M G Candee, H Cochran.

Fifth District—Wm J Boon, J H Alston.

Sixth District — Charles Hays, C C Sheats.

Seventh District—Arthur Bingham, H L Watlington.

Eighth District—George E. Spencer, Z E Thomas.

Regular Ticket of Montgomery County.

FOR STATE SENATOR.
CHARLES STEELE.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

T. C. BINGHAM, W. H. CRUSIUS,
J. K. GREENE, J. K. P. LUCAS.

Regular County Executive Committee.

PAUL STROBACH, Chairman. T. C. BINGHAM, Secretary.

Clark Evans, Charles Loper,
W. M. Loftin, Geo. Allen,
W. J. Maxwell, Ab. Davis,
Wm. Anthony, Br. McDaniel,
Thos. Oliver, Chas. Johnson,
Aug. Montgomery, Jos. Barnett,
Randall Chilton, Parrish Phillips,
John Breckenridge.

PLATFORM

—OF THE—

REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections State and Federal, announce as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men as the fundamental principle of our government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperiling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the cordial recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing intolerance, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and action, in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and antipaties, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the States and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one as indestructible, the other as indissoluble.

5th. The preservation and maintainance of the Republican party in the Southern States, as a safeguard against sectionalism, and the strongest guaranty of an inviolate union.

Resolved 1st, That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has carried the nation through a period of unprecedented difficulties and trials with safety and success, and has won for the President a renown as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd, That we deplore the divisions in our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies, and that now, as in the past, we are ready and desirous of healing these divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse to its energies or hope to its future, since the war, and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

ALEX WHITE, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 15th, 1876.)

When, in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Inured by their memories and high aims for the work of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved these governments to the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed." Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously enforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitutional amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts as to its purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin. Commercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and encourage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the many important amendments effected by Republican Legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congress to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who periled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We therefore note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts as its chief hope of success on the electoral vote of a united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation; we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil the national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason; with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes; with reasserting and applauding in the National Capitol the sentiments of unrepented rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan mismanagement and obstruction of investigation; with proving itself, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and immense services in war and in peace.

UNITED STATES MAIL.

ALABAMA.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
Washington, May 29, 1876.

PROPOSALS will be received at the Contract Office of this Department until 5 p. m. of 15th July, 1876, (to be decided by the 31st July) for carrying the mails of the United States from October 1st, 1876, to June 30, 1880, on the following route in the State of

ALABAMA,

and by the schedule of departures and arrivals herein specified, viz:

17225 From Clinton, by Pleasant Ridge, Sipsey Mills, Bridgeville, and Francona, to Carrollton, 31 miles and back, three times a week.

Leave Clinton, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Carrollton by 5 p m;
Leave Carrollton Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Clinton by 5 p m.
Bond required with bid, $1,200.

17226 From Holly Grove, by Hogan's (n. o.), Eldridge, and Pine, to Pikeville, 50 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Holly Grove Thursday at 11 a m;
Arrive at Pikeville next day by 1 p m;
Leave Pikeville Friday at 3 p m;
Arrive at Holly Grove next day by 5 p m.
Bond required with bid, $900.

17224 From Moscow, by Pine Springs (n. o.), to Detroit, 16 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Moscow Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Detroit by 6 p m;
Leave Detroit saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Moscow by 12 m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17225 From Vernon, by Blooming Grove (p. o.) and Webster (m. o.), to Mount Calm, 24 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Vernon every day by 7 a m;
Arrive at Mount Calm by 2 p m;
Leave Mount Calm Wednesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Vernon by 2 p m.
Bond required with bid, $300.

17226 From Pickensville, by Garden, to Bridgeville, 12 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Pickensville Wednesday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Bridgeville by 2 30 p m;
Leave Bridgeville Wednesday at 4 p m;
Arrive at Pickensville by 4 30 p m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17227 From Tuscaloosa, by Eaves's (n. o.), Thompson's Mills (n. o.), and James Furnace (n. o.), to Jonesborough, 54 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Tuscaloosa Monday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Jonesborough next day by 12 m;
Leave Jonesborough Tuesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Tuscaloosa next day by 5 p m.
Bond required with bid, $600.

17228 From Birmingham, by Comer's (n. o.), Glover's Ferry (n. o.), Dent's (n. o.) and Jasper (n. o.), to Jasper, 45 miles and back.

Leave Birmingham Tuesday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Jasper by 7 p m;
Leave Jasper Wednesday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Birmingham by 7 p m.
Bond required with bid, $500.

17229 From Springville, by Self's (n. o.), to Mount Pinson, 13 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Springville Thursday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Mount Pinson by 12 m;
Leave Mount Pinson Wednesday at 1 p m
Arrive at Springville by 6 p m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17230 From Shylersburgh, by Sylacauga and Mount Olive, to Cheaha Water, 28 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Chulafinnee Wednesday at 10 a m;
Arrive at Cheaha Water by 5 p m;
Leave Cheaha Water Thursday at 10 a m;
Arrive at Chulafinnee by 6 p m.
Bond required with bid, $600.

17231 From Mount Water, by Cheaha, 15 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Cheaha Water Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Mount Water by 12 m;
Leave Mount Water Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Cheaha by 7 p m.
Bond required with bid, $200.

17232 From Roanoke, by Hugh Shoals, Lamar, Goose Hill, to Auburndale, 47 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Roanoke Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Auburndale by 7 p m;
Leave Auburndale Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Roanoke by 7 p m.
Bond required with bid, $500.

17233 From Hamilton, by McDowell, to Dudleyville, 40 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Hamilton Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Dudleyville by 2 p m;
Leave Dudleyville Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Hamilton by 2 p m.
Bond required with bid, $400.

17234 From Cowpen Ferry, by Fox River (n. o.), and Buck Horn (n. o.), to Danielsville, 32 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Ferry Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Danielsville by 4 p m;
Leave Danielsville Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Ferry by 4 p m.
Bond required with bid, $400.

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS AND POST-MASTERS.

Containing also conditions to be incorporated in the contract so to the extent the Department may deem proper.

The Postmaster General warns bidders and the public generally that he resolves fully with the laws of Congress relating to contracts for the carrying of the mails (the important provisions of which are embodied also to familiarize contractors with the instructions and forms here furnished), both as to the bonds they shall assume any liability as such bidders or sureties, and to prevent misapprehension or cause of complaint thereafter.

2. Sureties are required to make them personal appearance before the postmaster of the place most convenient to them, if practicable to inform and direct others.

3. Seven minutes are allowed to each intermediate office, when not otherwise specified, for assorting the mail.

4. Bidders will state whether the mode of conveyance admits of it, the specific hours of the Post Office Department, time of office closing, mail bags, locks and keys, are to be conveyed without extra charge.

5. Way bills or receipts, prepared by postmasters or other agents of the Department, will accompany the mails, specifying the number and description of the several bags, to be examined by the postmasters, to insure regularity in the delivery of the bags and locks.

6. No allowance will be made for trips not performed; and for each of such omissions, if the failure be occasioned by the fault of the contractor or carrier, the pay for the trip will be deducted. But if the trip is so far behind time as to break connection with depending mails, and not quite early excused, one fourth of the compensation for the trip is forfeited. And for repeated delinquencies of the kind herein specified, enlarged penalties, proportioned to the nature thereof and the importance of the mail, may be inflicted.

7. For the due performance of the service, the Postmaster General may require the bidder to enter into bond, with sufficient sureties, in such sum as he may deem adequate, conditioned for the faithful performance of the service according to the proposal and contract, and in case of failure of the accepted bidder to execute a new contract, or of the abandonment of service during the contract term, the service will be readvertised and relet at the expense of the failing bidder or his sureties, and any accepted bidder who shall wrongfully refuse or fail to enter into a contract in due form, and to perform the service described in his proposal, may be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, be fined and imprisoned therefor.

17. The Postmaster General reserves the right to reject any bid which may be deemed extravagant; and also to disregard the bids of failing contractors and bidders.

No contract for carrying the mail shall be made with any person who has entered, or proposed to enter, into any combination to prevent the making of any bid for carrying the mail, or who has made any agreement, or given or performed, or promised to give or perform, any consideration whatever to induce any other person not to bid for any such contract.

No bidder for carrying the mails shall be released from his obligation under his bid or proposal, notwithstanding an award made to a lower bidder, until a contract for the designated service shall have been duly executed by such lower bidder and his sureties, and accepted, and the service entered upon by the contractor to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General.

By regulation of the Department, no carrier can be employed who is under sixteen years of age; and no bidder will be accepted who is under twenty-one years of age, or who is a married woman.

18. The bid should be sealed, superscribed "Mail Proposals, State of ——," addressed "Second Assistant Postmaster General, Contract Office."

19. Every proposal must be accompanied by a bond with two or more sureties approved by a postmaster, and in case where the amount of the bond exceeds five thousand dollars ($5,000) or a postmaster of the first, second, or third class. Bids for service, the pay for which at the time of advertisement exceeds five thousand dollars ($5,000,) must be accompanied by a certified check, or draft, payable to the order of the Postmaster General, or some solvent national bank, of not less than five per centum on the amount of the annual pay on such route, and in case of new or modified service, not less than five per centum of the estimated pay for the first year, accompanying the bid, if the amount of said bond exceeds ($5,000) five thousand dollars.

The amount of bond required with bids, and the amount of bond which exceeds ($5,000) five thousand dollars, are stated in the advertisement under the appropriate route.

Sureties on the bond of a bidder must take an oath before an officer qualified to administer oaths that they are the owners of real estate worth, in the aggregate, a sum double the amount of said bond, over and above all debts and owning by them, and all judgments, mortgages, and executions against them, after allowing all exemptions of every character whatever.

20. All bids deposited with bids will be held until contract is executed and the service commenced by the accepted bidder. Checks will not be returned by mail, on the written request of the bidder, or his agent, to any one on his order.

21. The contracts are to be executed and returned to the Department by or before the 20th day of September, 1876, otherwise the accepted bid will be declared as having failed, and the Postmaster General may proceed to contract for the service with other parties, according to law.

Assignments of contracts, or of interest in contracts, are forbidden by law, and consequently cannot be allowed. Neither can bids, or interest in bids, be transferred or assigned to other parties than sureties without the consent of the Department, and for refusing, after demand, to convey the mail as frequently as the contractor runs, or is concerned in running, a coach, car, or steamboat on a part of a route.

7. The Postmaster General may annul the contract for repeated failures to run as orderly to contract for assigning the service. Or for violations of the requirement, or for refusing to discharge a carrier when required by the Department to do so, or running an express wagon, or horse, or car, or packet, or packet boat carrying mail, after notice of the mail.

8. The Postmaster General may order an increase of service on any route by allowing the rate of pay as a increase on the contract pay. He may change schedules of departures and arrivals in the route, and particularly to make them conform to connecting routes, without increase of pay, provided the running time be not thereby changed. The Postmaster General may also discontinue or curtail the service, in whole or in part, or to any other point, or by any other service, or whenever the public interests, in his judgment, shall require such discontinuance or curtailment to any other point, on giving the contractor one full month's notice at any post office, the amount of service so dispensed with, and a prorata compensation of the amount of service rendered and contracted.

9. Payment will be made by collections from, order from, postmasters or other wise, after the service is performed, on the 1st day of October, February, and August, provided that required evidence of service has been received.

The distances given are believed to be exact, but no allowance will be made for any increase of distance beyond sixty feet, unless the increase be proved to be unavoidable, and to have been made on the shortest ground, can be considered nor for alleged mistakes or misapprehension as to the degree of service required. Neither will delays be encountered, or other obstructions causing or increasing distance or expense occurring during the contract term. Only established after this advertisement, and all other matters in reference to the rate and service, and, also, after careful examination of the laws and the instructions attached to advertising of mail service.

Dated ....., 187 .

.....
Bidder.

Oath required by Section 24 of an act of Congress approved June 22, 1874, to be administered by an officer qualified to administer oaths.

I, ..., bidder for carrying the mail on route No. ....., do solemnly swear that I have the ability, pecuniary, to fulfill my obligation as such bidder; that the bid is made in good faith, and with the intention to perform the service; that I will perform the service as said bid shall be accepted.

.....

Sworn to and subscribed before me, ... for the ..... day of ....., A. D. 187 .

In testimony thereof I herewith subscribe my name and affix my official seal the day and year aforesaid. [L. S.]

.....

NOTE.—When the oath is taken before a justice of the peace or any other officer not using a seal, the certificate of the clerk of a court of record must be added, under his seal of office, that the person who administered the oath is duly qualified as such officer.

Bids must be accompanied by a certified check, or draft, on some solvent national bank, payable to the order of the Postmaster General, equal to ten per centum on the present annual pay on the route when the present pay exceeds $5,000; or in case of new service, not less than 5 per centum of the amount of the bond accompanying the bid, if said bond exceeds $5,000.

The proposal must be signed by the bidder or bidders, and the fact of signing stated.

Direct proposals to the "Second Assistant Postmaster General, Post Office Department, Washington, D. C.," marked "Proposals, State of Alabama."

BOND.

DIRECTIONS.

Insert the names of the principal and sureties in full in the body of the Bond, also the date. The signatures to the Bond should be witnessed, and the certificate on the inside should be signed by a Justice of the Peace, adding his official title, or if signed by a Notary Public, he should affix his seal.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That ....., in the State of ....., principal, and ....., of ....., in the State of ....., as sureties, are held and firmly bound unto the United States of America in the just and full sum of ..... dollars, lawful money of the United States, to be paid to the said United States of America or its agents or assigns; for which payment, well and truly to be made and done, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, and administrators, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

Sealed with our seals and dated this ..... day of ....., 187 .

WHEREAS, by an Act of Congress approved June 23, 1874, entitled "An Act to make appropriations for the service of the Post Office Department for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-five, and for other purposes," it is provided "that every proposal for carrying the mail shall be accompanied by the bond of the bidder, with sureties approved by a postmaster, in pursuance whereof, and in compliance with the provisions of said law, this bond is made and executed, subject to all the terms, conditions, and remedies therein, in the said act provided and prescribed, by accepting the aforegoing and annexed proposal of the said .....

NOW, THE CONDITION OF THE SAID OBLIGATION IS SUCH, That if the said .....

.....Bidder, as aforesaid, shall within such time after his bid is accepted as the Postmaster General has prescribed in said advertisement, enter into a contract with the United States of America, with good and sufficient sureties to be approved by the Postmaster General, to perform the service proposed in his said bid and further shall perform said service according to his contract; then this obligation shall be void; otherwise to be in full force and obligation in law.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, We have hereunto set our hands and seals this ..... day of ....., 187 .

..... [SEAL.]
..... [SEAL.]
..... [SEAL.]
..... [SEAL.]

WITNESS:

.....

Any alteration, by erasure or interlineation of a material part of the foregoing Bond, will cause it to be rejected, unless it appears by a note or memorandum, attested by the witnesses, that the alteration was made before the Bond was signed and sealed.

When partners are parties to the Bond, the partnership name should not be used, but each partner should sign his individual name.

STATE OF ..... }
..... } ss.
COUNTY OF ..... }

I, ..., clerk [or judge] of the county court of the same being a County of the State aforesaid, do certify that ..... personally appeared before me, ... and ..... and ..... and

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

TUESDAY, JULY 18, 1876.

TILDEN AND HIS WAYS.

He talk reform! Tilden set up claim
To be in office at reform? For shame!
To seem, but not to be, is all his aim.

So far as empty words and title show
Can make a deep impression, he will go;
But when it comes to zealous practice, no.

He "organized a ring"—a State one—it is true,
Or gave the help but that was only due
To his design to bring himself in view.

Then his work was done in such a way
That friends were screened, while foes were brought
And when the sun shone out he made his hay.

St. Louis dotings show the sorry fact
That Tilden used the artifice of tact,
And made reform a byword by the act.

He staked his chances as a gambler planned;
He saw what game to take a full command,
And soon secured such strikes as were on hand.

The second place was given as a bribe,
To mollify the leader of a tribe,
And thus become the scuff of public gibe.

Report already bruits the story round
That Hendricks is accepting bargain-bound,
That four years hence promotion may be found.

Reform like this is nothing but reproach;
Corruption's planes are carried out by such;
A very little of it is too much.

Clerk

Tilden on Governmental Reform.

From the New York Times.]

"Reform is necessary" are the opening words of five out of the seven resolutions constituting the St. Louis platform. These words are Tilden's mark. Gen. James W. Singleton, of Illinois, a man who has long been prominent in the Democratic councils of that State, said in the reporter of the Quincy Whig, in response to an inquiry: "Tilden will be badly beaten. No one who is an honest man at heart ever wrote that platform. It was prepared for the express purpose of deceiving the people. It is a studied deception and fraud, and it cannot win." We propose to prove that all that portion of the aforesaid platform which has any significance or interest to the nation at large was provided ready cooked by the self-styled reformer who locates the Democratic "home." No quick-witted man, who is able to see beyond his nose, can read the concluding twenty-eight pages of Mr. Tilden's last annual Message, and carefully compare them with the platform, and not acknowledge that the Message and the platform are the work of the same brain, and that the platform includes the Message.

The demagogue, whether he wears broadcloth or travels in his shirt-sleeves, always distorts facts and twists figures in order to make them lie, may do his work well enough at first, but resort to the trick invariably betrays poor judgment. Falsehoods can easily be detected by tracing original sources of information, and when the subject matter of the statement involves only so simple a matter as the aggregate yearly expenditure of the Government, a resort to fabrication is fatal to a man who has any character. How much by way of preface to the following extract from page 6 of Mr. Tilden's last annual Message:

PRESENT SCALE OF GOVERMENTAL EXPENDITURE.

The extravagance of our Governmental administration is illustrated by a comparison of the public expenditures of 1874, the years after the close of the war, with those of 1860 and 1870:

Taxes in the United States.

	1860.	1870.	1870.
	Gold.	Gold.	Currency.
Federal	$40,000,000	$90,000,132	$44,000,000
State	15,000,000	84,183,746	280,501,321
Total	$55,000,000	$174,183,878	$324,501,321
Population	31,000,000	38,743,321	38,558,371
		Taxes per head.	
Federal	$1 29	$ 2 34	$ 1 67
Local	1 75	2 66	7 24
	$3 04	$5 00	$8 91

AGGREGATE TAXATION OF ELEVEN YEARS.

The aggregate Federal taxation of the eleven years now closing, computed in currency, from the official statements, is more than $4,500,000,000. The local taxation, assuming the census statement for 1870 as an average, is more than $3,000,000,000. The aggregate taxation exceeds $7,500,000,000.

In the platform the above extract from the Message takes the following shape, and we call attention to the fact that the statistical and other matter in the resolution is exactly the same as that in the Message. Nothing material is either added or omitted:

"Reform is necessary in the scale of public expense, Federal, State, and Municipal. Our Federal taxation has swollen from $50,000,000 in gold in 1860 to $300,000,000 in currency in 1870; our aggregate taxation from $154,000,000 in gold in 1860 to $730,000,000 in currency in 1870; or in one decade from less than $3 per head to more than $18 per head. Since the peace the people have paid to tax gatherers more than thrice the sum of the national debt, and more than twice that sum for the Federal Government alone. We demand a vigorous frugality in every department and from every officer of the Government."

Reform may be necessary, but so many falsehoods as are embodied in the above statements are entirely unnecessary. We invite attention to a few of them.

1. Expenditures and taxes are not precisely the same thing. In his Message the crafty Governor first gives notice to the reader by a prominent head-line that he is about to give the *present* scale of Governmental *expenditure*. He next speaks of the extravagance of Governmental *administration*, which is, indeed, the grand central point, or sun, about which everything else in his Message is made to revolve. The terrific cost of the Government and his consummate ability as a reformer make the key-note of his campaign. In the third line he speaks again of the comparison of public *expenditures* that he is going to make. Likewise, in the resolution we are told that "Reform is necessary" in the scale of public *expenses*. And what after all this parade of *public expenditure*, does he give us? Instead of telling us of the present, he stops back no less than six years years, because the revenue—not the expenditure—happened to be large that year. He brings in the year 1850, not because the figures help him at all in making his point, but to make people think the 1870 fell in naturally.

2. Now, it was just as easy to give the expenditures as the income, but if he had so done, he could not have made his point, and for this reason, *because the expenditures of the Government, the interest and redemption of the public debt being excluded in both cases as not consumed by the servants of the Government, were greater in 1850 than the revenue from taxes, while in 1870 they were ONE THIRD PART of the $450,000,000 he puts down for the taxes.*

3. The expenditures of 1870, exclusive of interest on the debt and the sum devoted to the purchase and cancelation of bonds, were $164,421,507. Those of 1860, exclusive of the same items, were $60,-059,755. But the expenditures of 1870 included twenty-eight millions paid for pensions and other large outgoes brought on us by the war. Much more might be said on this point.

Gov. Tilden in his annual message, harps for twenty pages on the Governmental consumption, meaning that the Postmasters, office-holders, clerks, &c., are eating the people out of house and home. Of the tax-eaters who consume the interest paid on the public debt, Samuel J. Tilden himself is one, and we, for our part, strongly remonstrate against counting his outlays this year as a portion of our "Governmental consumption" or expenditure. We have shown that he has, both in his message and in his platform, deliberately multiplied the aggregate expenditures of the Government by three, and we leave the reader to form his own opinion of the merits of this method of fabricating messages, platforms, and statistics.

National Republican Platform Adopted at Cincinnati, June, 1876.

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league.

2. The work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. To every American citizen, complete liberty and exact equality.

4. Steady progress towards specie payment.

5. Appointments selected with sole reference to efficiency and faithful service to the country.

6. Punishment to all who betray official trust.

7. The Public School system is the bulwark of the American republic, and for its security the application of public funds to sectarian schools should be forbidden.

8. Revenue MUST be derived from duties on importation.

9. No grants of public lands to corporations and monopolies.

10. The same protection to adopted American citizens as to native-born.

11. Duty of Congress to investigate the Chinese puzzles.

12. Woman's rights to be respected.

13. Polygamy to be prohibited and extirpated.

14. The nation's pledges to soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled.

15. The Democratic party count on a united South arrayed against the nation.

16. The Democratic party is the same in character and spirit as when in sympathy with treason.

17. Hearty gratitude of the American people to President Grant and his administration, and for his immense services in war and in peace.

THE MILD POWER CURES

HUMPHREYS'

HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS

Been in general use for twenty years. Everywhere proved the most SAFE, SIMPLE, LUCKY and Quick LY EFFICIENT medicines known. They are just what the people want, saving time and money averting sickness and suffering. Each single specific the well tried prescription of an eminent physician.

Nos.	Cures.	Cents.
1.	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations,	30
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic,	30
3.	Crying-Colic, or Teething of Infants,	30
4.	Diarrhœa, of Children or Adults,	30
5.	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic,	30
6.	Cholera-Morbus, Vomiting,	30
7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,	30
8.	Neuralgia, Toothache, Facache,	30
9.	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo,	30
10.	Dyspepsia, Biliousness,	30
11.	Suppressed, or Painful Periods,	30
12.	Whites, too Profuse Periods,	30
13.	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	30
14.	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	30
15.	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains,	30
16.	Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Agues,	50
17.	Piles, Blind or Bleeding,	50
18.	Ophthalmy, and Sore or Weak Eyes,	50
19.	Catarrh, Acute or Chronic Influenza,	50
20.	Whooping-Cough, Violent Coughs,	50
21.	Asthma, Oppressed or Difficult Breathing,	50
22.	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing,	50
23.	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swellings,	50
24.	General Debility, Physical Weakness,	50
25.	Dropsy, Scanty Secretions,	50
26.	Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding,	50
27.	Kidney-Disease, Gravel, Uræmia,	50
28.	Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Discharges,	1.00
29.	Sore Mouth, Canker,	50
30.	Urinary Weakness, Wetting the Bed,	50
31.	Painful Periods, with Spasms,	1.00
32.	Sufferings at Change of Life,	1.00
33.	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	1.00
34.	Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat,	50
35.	Chronic Congestions and Eruptions,	50

FAMILY CASES.

Case Morocco with above 35 large vials and Manual of Directions, $10 00

Case Morocco of 20 large vials and Book, 5 00

Case Morocco of 20 Three vials and Book, 6 00

Three remedies are sent by the mail or express to any part of the country, free of charge, on receipt of price. Address

Humphreys' Specific Homeopathic Medicine Co., No. 562 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Office and Depot.

For Sale by all Druggists.

THE GREAT

English Remedy.

The Cordial Balm of Syricum and Tonic Pills.

Nervous Debility,

However obscure the causes may be which contribute to render a person unfitly a disease so prevalent, alleging, as it does, nearly one-half of our adult population, it is a melancholy fact, that day by day, and year by year, we witness a most frightful increase of nervous affections from the slightest encouragement to the more grave and extreme forms of

NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

It is of the highest importance, then, that individuals should be able to judge for themselves by their own feelings, it and to what extent they are attacked by this insidious enemy to health, comfort and even life itself, it left to run its course unchecked, by the early and prompt application of curative remedies.

NEWBURG, Nov. 6, 1874.

DR. LORIMOR: Will you have the goodness to send me a further supply of the Balm of Syricum and Tonic Pills, as I am nearly out? I have now been taking it about five months, and have every reason to be satisfied with its effects. You know that I commenced taking it with a good deal of doubt and hesitancy, as I had so long been accustomed to the use of opium. I thought that nothing short of obtaining it could ever satisfy me; or, rather, I had no idea of obtaining relief from it. I commenced taking the Cordial Balm with the determination to cure me of the desire for opium. But I believe it will. I have no especial desire for it now. When I left it off and began to take the Syricum I felt uneasy for a week or so, but the medicine seemed to stay my craving, and for a few days the longing for opium began to grow less and less. Sometimes I felt a sort of delirious weakness and a desire to again partake of it, when I used to call the glorious visions of oriental splendor to my mind—but I could always find help and strength to overcome the temptation by taking a single dose of the Cordial Balm Gratefully yours, N. GREGORY.

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

John F. Henry & Co., New York City.
Weeks & Potter, Boston, Mas
G. L. Chaffin & Co., Providence R. I.
Sisson & Butler, Hartford, Ct.
Talbott Bros., Richmond, Va.
Van Schaack, Stephenson & Reid, Chicago, Ill.

If your Druggists not keep it ask them and they will get it for you from any of the above wholesale druggists.

DR. G. EDGAR LOTHROP, Proprietor, may be confidentially consulted by mail or otherwise, free of charge, at his office, No. 145 Court street, Boston, Mass. 7-2ndly

The Pee Dee Herald

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY,

—AT—

WADESBORO, N. C.

Only One Dollar Per Year.

Bright, Cheerful, progressive, always up to the advancing thoughts of the times, the HERALD takes rank with the leading journals of the day. It is devoted to Christianity.

THE HERALD is devoted to the family circle. It contains original and selected stories, wit, humor, etc. Every family in the land should subscribe for it. Its low price only one dollar—places it in the reach of the poorest in the land. We pay all postage.

Read What the Press Thinks of Us:

The Pelkton (N. C.) Ansonian says: The Herald is one of the neatest papers in the State.

The Concord (N. C.) Register says: We congratulate our friends of the Wadesboro Herald upon the fine appearance of it as a paper.

The Piedmont (N. C.) Press says: The Herald is a sprightly sheet, full of news and other interesting reading matter.

The Herald is a first-class family paper, having some of the ablest writers in North Carolina attached to its staff. There is enough reading in it to make one laugh for a week—enough to keep you jolly until the next comes.—Rockmart (Ga.) News

WANTED—

—FROM—

TEN TO FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS

—OF—

Black Moss,

Delivered at our shops.

Highest market price paid.

AUGS. OHLANDER & SON,
Mattress Makers and Renovators,
49 Market St., Shops cor. South and McDonough.

WALKER SEATON. THOS. D. OSBORNE.

J. W. SEATON & CO.,

Manufacturing Chemists,

NOS. 40 & 42 FIFTH STREET.

(Formerly Dr. John Bull's Laboratory.)

Louisville, - - - - Kentucky.

Ask your attention to the following

Personal Announcement, List o Specialties, Prices, Offers, Etc.,

Druggists, Grocers and General Dealers Double your Trade.

PERSONAL AND EXPLANATORY.

For many years our HURLEY'S POPULAR WORM CANDY was the favorite and most largely sold in the entire South and West.

A few years ago we bought in New York Santonin, bearing the name of the great chemist of Germany, whose make had always been purest, this was used in making Worm Candy, a lot of 200 gross. After sales of the Candy were made, complaints came that it "wet down and run together." Upon investigation we found that a fraud had been practiced upon us: the Santonin label being counterfeited, and the Santonin adulterated with chlorate of potash. We recalled all the Candy we could hear of, replacing it with good. If you have any, we will gladly replace yours, and we make this appeal to your sense of just ee, not to let the rascality of another injure our good name. We ask a renewal of your confidence in Hurley's Worm Candy, guaranteeing that only PURE and TESTED material is used in its preparation, and with proper care it will keep in any climate.

J. W. SEATON & CO. Louisville, Ky.,

Sole manufacturers and proprietors of the following:

	Per doz.	Per Gross.
Walker's Rheumatic Cure	$12 00	$10 50
Hurley's Com. Syrup Sarsaparilla, with or without Iod. Potash	7 75	7 50
Hurley's Ague Tonic	7 00	6 50
Hurley's Popular Worm Candy	1 35	14 25
Hurley's Stomach Bitters	7 25	7 00
Seabrook's Infant Soothing Syrup	1 00	10 00
Seabrook's Elix. Pyrophos. Iron and Calisaya	7 50	7 00
Bettison's English Horse Liniment	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Horse Condition Powder	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Chicken Cholera Powder	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Hog Cholera Powder	3 00	30 00
S. & Co.'s Extract Jamaica Ginger, 2 oz.	1 75	18 00
S. & Co.'s Kid Glove Cleaner	2 50	27 00
S. & Co.'s Compound Syrup Lepidamber	3 00	27 00
S. & Co.'s Jackson's Pectoral Syrup	1 75	18 00
S. & Co.'s Magic Kid Glove Cleaner	3 00	30 00
S. & Co.'s Oriental Pearl Drops, white or pink		

CHEMICAL WRITING FLUID

1 oz. 4 doz in box, per doz	$ 50
2 oz. 4 doz in box, per doz	90
4 oz. 2 doz in box, per doz	1 75
½ pint, 1 doz in box, per doz	2 50
1 pint, 1 doz in box, per doz	4 00
1 quart, 1 dozen in box, per dozen	6 00
1 pt copying 1 doz in box, per doz	4 00
1 qt copying, 1 doz in box, per doz	7 00
2 oz. Blue & Red 4 doz in box, per doz	45
4 oz. Black Ink, 2 doz in box, per doz	70

CARMINES.

2 oz Cork, 1 dozen in box	$1 25
4 oz Cork, 1 dozen in box	2 50
2 oz Glass Stopper, 1 dozen in box	2 50
4 oz Glass Stopper, 1 dozen in box	5 50

MUCILAGE.

4 oz. 1 dozen in box	1 25
8 oz. 1 dozen in box	2 00

DISCOUNT ON INK AND MUCILAGE.

$25, 5 per cent; $50, 10 per cent; $80, 15 per cent; $85, 25 per cent; $100, 25 per cent.

HOME BAKING POWDER.

¼ pound Cans	$1 60	$18 00
½ pound Cans	2 75	30 00
1 pound Cans	5 00	60 00

5, 10, 25 and 50 pound Cans, 35 cents per pound. No charge for packages

LIQUID WASH BLUE.

2 ounce, 6 dozen in box	$ 35	$ 3 60
4 ounce, 4 dozen in box	60	6 00
6 ounce, 3 dozen in box	75	8 00
8 ounce, 2 dozen in box	1 00	10 00
12 ounce, 1 dozen in box	1 10	12 00

All accounts due in 30 days. Discounts made on Ink and Mucilage only, at per cent. All goods shipped at purchaser's risk. Unless ordered to insure.

OFFERS, &C.

$10,000 REWARD for a case of Chills and Fever, or Ague and Fever, that HURLEY'S AGUE TONIC will not cure.

WALKER'S RHEUMATIC CURE guaranteed to relieve the most obstinate cases of Rheumatism if persistently taken.

CONSUMPTIVES warranted rapid recovery by use of SEABROOK'S ELIXIR BARK AND IRON. Corrects female irregularities.

The most reliable SOOTHING SYRUP is SEABROOK'S. Safely, speedily quiets the little ones—never stupifies or fatally affects, as a popular syrup is said to have done. Try it.

Physicians recommend SEATON & CO.'S LIQUID BALSAM for Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and Summer Complaints. Aids digestion.

An English Farrier made, and the veteran veterinarian, Dr. Bettison, improved our ENGLISH HORSE LINIMENT. Best for all skin diseases of horses and cattle.

HURLEY'S WORM CANDY is a harmless, healing, harmless remedy. All children are more or less troubled with worms. Every house should have this pure preparation.

Many Sarsaparillas are made from Indian roots perfectly inert. Hurley's, with a powerful press, is extracted on Honduras Sarsaparilla, put up with or without Iodine of Potash.

Indigestion or Dyspepsia, etc., can be cured by HURLEY'S STOMACH BITTERS, a delightful remedy.

The purest EXTRACT OF JAMAICA GINGER is SEATON & CO.'S. Flatulency, Cholera, etc., flee away when it is taken.

Fluffy, light white bread insured by use of SEATON & CO.'S HOME BAKING POWDER. Delicious and pure.

SOLID KID GLOVES made new, with SEATON & CO.'S KID GLOVE CLEANER.

INKS—Black, Chemical, Copying Carmine, etc., in all size.

MUCILAGE that will not sour, is SEATON & CO.'S.

ORIENTAL PEARL DROP, white and pink, beautifies the complexion and removes tan and pimples. Cheaper than Indigo and far better is SEATON & CO.'S WASH BLUE.

Seaton & Co's Prices

ARE FROM

Fifteen to Fifty per cent Cheaper than Others!

☞ For proof, you know that Chill Tonics (without arsenic) usual price is $8.00 per dozen; our price is $7.00. Worm Candies, usually $1.35 doz; ours $1.00. Stomach Bitters, generally, $9.00 to $8.50, ours $7.25; Soothing Syrups, $1.00 to $1.00, ours $1.00; Ether Bark and Iron: $9.00 to $12.00, ours $7.50.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO HANDLE OUR GOODS.

WARRANNTED TO BE RELIABLE!

We Believe them to be Superior to all Others,

AS THE MATERIALS USED ARE THE PUREST AND BEST.

CAPITAL STOCK. - - $1,200,000!

GREAT AMERICAN FIRE EXTINGUISHER COMPANY.

B. F. D. FITCH, President, THOS. D. OSBORNE Secretary and Treasurer

DIRECTORS.

W. DePONT, H. F. BULLITT, WM. R. RAY, CHAS. R. LONG
BM. F. RUBEL, JAS. S. BARRETT, L. W. A. DUNWALL, GEO. JAINSLIE

GREAT AMERICAN FIRE EXTINGUISHER COMPANY,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FIRE EXTINGUISHERS, ENGINES, STATIONARY TANKS

"Ne Plus Ultra" Engines, "Hercules" Engines, Climax Engines.

(2 wheel) Factory Size. (3 wheel) Village Size (4 wheel) City Size.

FACTORY AND PRINCIPAL OFFICE—Nos. 333, 335, 337, 339 West Market Street, Louisville, Kentucky.

Ask the Public to Ponder on these Facts. To be Forewarned is to be Forearmed.

487.59 Unarmed Soldiers

These Sentinels are standing guard over one hundred thousand millions of dollars worth of property Asylums, Breweries, Bakeries, City Halls, Colleges, Cor Cores, Docks, Distilleries, Engine Foundries, Factories, Fair Grounds, Grain Houses, Hotels, Halls, Infirmaries, Lumber Yar Machine Shops, Oil Factories, Pattern, Paint and Paper Warehouses, Rag and Rooting Factori Saw Mills, Starch, Stave and Shoe Factories, Theatres, Tar, Pitch and Turpentine Establishm Upholsteries, Veneering Establishments, Wagon, White Lead and Window Sash and Blind Fact es, Warehouses and large buildings of all kinds too numerous to mention. There are night WATCHME hen a robber is expected they are furnished weapons to give them greater power.

Why, then, when they are paid to guard against Fire, (far more dreaded enemy to property than eves, should they not be provided with the means to subdue it before it has gained dangerous head y? We offer the

GREAT AMERICAN FIRE EXTINGUISHER,

the best known means of accomplishing this end, and commend it to public favor solely on its erits. Send for circular with description and testimonials. Agents wan ed in every town in rld.

Great American Fire Extinguisher Co., Louisville, Ky

LEHMAN, DURR & CO.,

BANKERS, COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

OFFICES, COURT SQUARE,

Montgomery, Alabama.

COLLECTIONS

Made on all Accessible Points, and Remitted for on Day of Paymen

We also buy and sell Domestic and Foreign Exchange and Draw Bills of Exchange, Available in all the Commercial Centres of this Country and Europe.

Liberal Cash Advances Made upon Cotton consigned to us, our connections in New York, New Orleans or Liverpool.

FULL STOCK OF BAGGING AND TIES ALWAYS ON HAND AND FOR SALE AT LOWEST MARKET RATES.

DANIEL F. BEATTY'S

Parlor Organs.

These unequalled instruments possess capabilities for musical effects and expression never before attained, adapted for Amateur and Professional, and an ornament in any parlor.

EXCELLENCE IN QUALITY OF TONE THOROUGH WORKMANSHIP, ELEGANT DESIGNS AND FINISH, and Wonderful Variety of their Combination Solo Stops.

☞ Beautiful Ornamental style now ready. Address, DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington N. J.

BEATTY PIANO.

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

This instrument is the most handsome and best piano ever before manufactured in this country. Possessing the greatest possible depth, fullness and volume of tone combined with a rare brilliancy, clearness and perfect evenness throughout the entire scale, and the most elastic touch, in which all the power and sympathetic quality of which never changes under the most heedless or powerful touch. Space forbids a full description of this magnificent instrument. Agents discount given where I have no agents. Remember you take no risk in ordering one of these CELEBRATED INSTRUMENTS. Either piano to go for trial for FIFTEEN DAYS, and if not entirely satisfactory the money you have paid will be returned upon return of inst rument and freight charges paid by me both ways. Pianos Warranted Six Years. Send for catalogue and circulars. Address

DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington N. J.

LOUIS TRIPP'S

Great Central Music House

No. 170 & 172 Fourth Street,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Weber's "ONE PLUS ULTRA"

PIANOS.

MANNING'S

Piano—Organs.

Everything in the music line from

A GRAND PIANO

—TO A—

Jew's Harp.

New Music

Received daily, at 1 from 2 to 50 copies of every piece published since 1813, now in stock.

ORDERS promptly filled no matter how small the amount.

Catalogues furnished free.

Address LOUIS TRIPP,
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BEATTY'S PARLOR ORGANS

Established in 1856.

Fellow-citizens: It be far the best Parlor and Orchestra Organ manufactured, we challenge any manufacturer to equal them. The celebrated Golden Tongue Reeds in this organ in combination with the Powerful Reed Diapasons produce sweet, pure and powerful tones. Superb cases of new and elegant designs. Pastor, teacher, church, school, lodge, etc., should send for price list and descriptive.

Dealers will find it to their advantage to examine this instrument. It has improvements found in no other. Correspondence solicited. Best terms ever given. Money refunded upon return of organ and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory. Organ warranted for six years. Agents discount given everywhere I have no agents.

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50 CENTS FREE.

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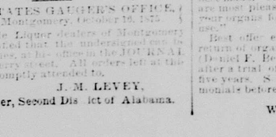
Will send, post-paid free, to each new subscriber of THE NEW YORK AGENTS' MONTHLY, a magnificent Premium Engraving, MEDAL OF HONOR, (fancy box), struck in Albata Plate Silver, larger than a silver trade dollar, 1½ inch in diameter—Free Centennial Watch, Best Articles, Most Liberal Premiums, Special Inducements. The AGENTS' MONTHLY is a handsome, spicy 16 page paper. Subscription price 50 cents a year. Send 50 cents, and you will receive the AGENTS' MONTHLY for one year, postpaid, and the above Medal gratis.

Address, PENTON PUBLISHING CO., 4-23-6m 120 Broadway, New York.



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☞ Wanted. Send stamp for catalogue. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.

LOCAL AGENTS WANTED.

An Agent Wanted for each Town and County in the United States.

Parties desiring to act as agents must accompany their application by a letter of recommendation as to character and responsibility from and signed by the Editor of a newspaper published in the town or county for which agent is proposed to act. The agency is to fill the boards of the Industrial Exhibition Company.

Bonds $20 Each.

The Industrial Exhibition Company will furnish agents with Circulars, etc., etc.

Each newspaper published in the town where agent is located will, as soon as agency is established, be given an advertisement, or reading notice of the company, and fully explaining the plans, purposes and objects of the company. Such advertisement will continue in such papers as long as agency is successfully conducted.

Calls for the Omnibus or Baggage Wagon left at our office, or at the Exchange Hotel will receive prompt attention.

SOUTH AND NORTH ALA. RAILROAD

GOING NORTH.

	No 2—Mail	No 4—Exp
Leaves Montgomery	7:00 am	8:00 pm
Calera	9:35 am	10:25 pm
Birmingham	10:55 am	11:45 pm
Decatur	2:45 pm	3:05 am
Nashville	8:15 pm	8:30 am
Arrive at Louisville	8:45 am	3:40 pm

Accommodation.

	No 8
Leaves Montgomery	4:00 p m
Calera	10:25 p m
Arrive Birmingham	3:00 a m

GOING SOUTH.

	No 1—Mail	No 3—Exp
Leaves Louisville	10:05 am	12:30 am
Nashville	6:45 pm	8:25 am
Decatur	12:10 am	2:00 p m
Birmingham	3:30 am	5:30 pm
Calera	5:10 am	6:50 pm
Arrive at Montgomery	7:40 am	9:25 pm

ROBERT MEEK, Supt.
C. P. ATMORE, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.

MONTGOMERY & EUFAULA R. R.

GOING EAST.

Leave Montgomery *2:00 and 10:00 p m
Arrive at Union Springs 5:30 p m and 1:30 a m
Arrive at Eufaula 9:08 p m and 6:00 a m
Connecting closely at Union Springs with train for Troy, and at Eufaula with Southwestern railroad for all points in Southwest Georgia and Florida, and with General line of Boats for Apalachicola, Jacksonville, Tallahassee, etc.

COMING WEST.

Leave Eufaula *10:00 pm and 4:15 p m
Arrive at Union Springs 1:25 a m and 5:36 p m
Arrive at Montgomery 6:25 a m and 10:50 a m
Connecting closely at Union Springs with train for Columbus, and at Montgomery with all roads for all points north, south, east and west.

R. DUNHAM Sup't.
T. P. WELLS, Gen. Ticket Agent.
*Does not run on Sundays.
* 2 pm. train runs to Eufaula Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays; to Union Springs, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

MOBILE & MONTGOMERY RAILROAD

On and after Sunday, November 21, 1875, the Mobile & Montgomery Railroad will run double daily passenger trains, and will run as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

Leaves Montgomery	7:45 a m
Arrives at Mobile	3:30 p m
Arrive at New Orleans	9:20 p m
Leave Montgomery	3:00 p m
Arrive at Mobile	4:50 a m
New Orleans, N O & M R	10:30 a m

COMING NORTH.

Leaves New Orleans, N O & M R R	6:45 a m
Leave Mobile	12:20 p m
Arrives at Montgomery	7:43 p m
Leave New Orleans	5:30 p m
Leave Mobile	11:40 p m
Arrive at Montgomery	6:25 a m

G. JORDAN, Superintendent.
GEO. NASON, Gen. Pass. and Ft. Agent.

WESTERN RAILROAD OF ALABAMA

GOING EAST AND NORTH.

Leaves Montgomery	6:30 a m

NIGHT PASSENGER—EAST

Leave Montgomery	8:08 p m

Selma and West Point Accommodation*

Arrive at Montgomery	12:10 p m
Leave Montgomery	2:28 p m

COMING FROM EAST AND NORTH.

Arrive at Montgomery	6:45 a m

NIGHT PASSENGER, FROM THE EAST

Arrive Montgomery	9:20 p m

West Point and Selma Accommodation.*

Arrives at Montgomery	2:30 p m
Leave Montgomery	3:15 p m

GOING WEST.

Leaves Montgomery	8:00 a m

COMING EAST.

Arrive at Montgomery	7:28 p m

7:50 a m train has through sleeping coaches for Washington and Baltimore via Kehrsen's route.
7:40 p m train has through sleeping coaches for Macon and Atlanta.

E. P. ALEXANDER, Gen'l Manager.
S. B. BURRARD, Jr., Gen. Ticket Agent.
*Does not run on Sundays.

MOBILE AND GIRARD RAILROAD.

Leave Columbus	2:00 p m
Arrives at Union Springs	5:33 p m
Troy	8:15 p m

RETURNING.

Leave Troy	11:40 p m
Arrives at Union Springs	1:37 a m
Columbus	6:55 a m

W. L. CLARK, Supt.

ALABAMA CENTRAL RAILROAD.

GOING WEST.

Leave Selma	2:50 p m
Arrive at Meridian	11:24 p m

COMING EAST.

Leave Meridian	1:00 a m
Arrive at Selma	8:00 a m

JOHN M. BRIDGES, Supt.

ALABAMA AND CHATTANOOGA R. R

COMING SOUTH.

Leaves Chattanooga	5:15 p m
Birmingham	4:16 a m
Tuskaloosa	10:20 a m
Arrives at Meridian	7:50 p m

GOING NORTH.

Leaves Meridian	5:40 a m
Tuskaloosa	3:00 p m
Birmingham	9:30 p m
Arrive at Chattanooga	10:00 a m

C. H. STANTON, Supt.

MOBILE AND OHIO RAILROAD.

GOING NORTH.

Leave Mobile	6:00 p m
Meridian	1:15 a m
Corinth	12:05 p m
Humboldt	4:00 p m
Arrive at Columbus, Ky	7:40 p m

COMING SOUTH.

Leave Columbus, Ky	8:00 a m
Humboldt	11:50 a m
Corinth	3:33 p m
Meridian	1:05 a m
Arrive at Mobile	9:00 a m

A. L. RIVES, Chief Eng. & Gen. Supt.
CHAS. L. FITCH, Gen. Frt. & Pass. Agent.

SAVANNAH AND MEMPHIS R. R.*

Leave Kellyton	5:51 a m
Arrive at Opelika	9:45 a m
Leave Opelika	3:00 p m
Arrive at Kellyton	6:2 p m

E. P. ALEXANDER, President.
*Does not run on Sundays.

EAST ALABAMA AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE, TO TAKE EFFECT FRIDAY OCTOBER FIRST.

PASSENGER TRAIN, GOING SOUTH.

Leaves Buffalo	7:30 a m
Arrives La Fayette	7:45 a m
Leaves La Fayette	8:00 a m
Arrives Junction	9:15 a m
Leaves Junction	9:15 a m
Arrives Opelika	9:30 p m

GOING NORTH.

Leaves Opelika	2:30 a m
Arrives Junction	3:45 a m
Leaves Junction	3:45 a m
Arrives La Fayette	5:00 a m
Leaves La Fayette	5:00 a m
Arrives Buffalo	5:45 a m

CONSTRUCTION TRAIN GOING NORTH.

Leaves Opelika	10:40 a m
Arrives Junction	11:00 a m

GOING SOUTH.

Leaves Junction	2:45 a m
Arrives Opelika	3:00 a m

OPELIKA, Ala., Sept. 22, 1875.
R. H. KELLY, Sup

MARQUETTE, HOUGHTON & ONTONAGON RAILROAD—MICHIGAN.
TI

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

TUESDAY, JULY 18, 1876.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MONTGOMERY, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T. C. Bingham will be paidby us.

T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,
dtf. Proprietors.

STILL warm.

GETTING cooler? No!

LET no guilty Indian escape.

HAVE you been sunstruck yet?

FLIES are not so abundant this year.

GOOD weather for swimming matches.

IT is as hot one place as another, and a little hotter.

WATERMELONS and cantaleups are selling high in market.

HO for the seashore this morning. Away to the cool gulf.

THE next thing in order is to prepare to go to camp meeting.

HOTEL men and hack drivers wouldn't care if the Centennial came every year.

THIS is the season to swing dumb-bells and walk eleven miles before breakfast.

THE theatre will open for the fall season about the latter part of September.

"THE melancholy days have come." That size, sir, is only 30 cents; shall I plug it?

DURING the late warm spell and droughts, several boot blacks went into bankruptcy.

THE first "hot corn, hot corn" vender appeared in the northwestern section of the city yesterday.

THE wonder is how a brass band player can constantly hear his own music and not be driven to suicide.

COLD water is supposed to be the great exponent of temperance, and yet we have seen it lying in the gutter.

THE police court yesterday was not as interesting as usual on Mondays. Only a bare pittance was realized to ease the city Treasury.

OWING to the very hot weather the "paper hangers" are not doing so much work at present, but all anticipate a large trade early in the fall.

MANY families are leaving the city for a breath of pure air at the sea-side and in the country. Hence the glad happy look of the dry goods men.

"SHE'LL miss me when I'm gone," said an excited looking individual yesterday, as he rushed out of a house on Perry street followed by a flat iron.

THESE are the cholera mixture days, when the unripe watermelon makes its periodical visitation, and seems to forget that a man's stomach isn't a ballroom.

IF any one has a large, well ventilated and commodious iceberg to rent, he can hear of a reliable tenant, who will take good care of the premises, by applying at this office.

IT is a fit subject for an artist to witness the secret smile that lurks about an undertaker's mouth as he watches young America sitting on the horse block munching a green peach.

YESTERDAY was another of those double-distilled essences of heat. The bare idea of an ice-berg was sufficient to arouse a feeling of shame that we are "so near and yet so far" from peace and rest.

PERSONAL.—Mr. George F. Moore, and his accomplished young bride, nee Miss Juliet Merrill, have arrived in the city and are stopping at the Exchange. Their hosts of friends welcome them with open hands.

THIS is the season when ye blue-coated brass-bound policeman wearily patrols his beat, mopping his face and languidly observes a drunken man across the street trying to take a swim in a horse trough.

PERSONAL.—Hon. J. A. Farden returned to the city Sunday night from a lengthy visit to the Centennial, Washington and other places of note. He reports that Montgomery is the coolest place he has visited.

FOR SALE.—Deputy Collector Strobach has a notice elsewhere of the sale of 2,000 cigars, seized some time ago by him from a dealer here who failed to comply with the law regulating the manufacture and sale of cigars.

THE few Indians still lingering in front of our cigar stores, are observed to wear an expression of great anxiety on their countenances, and to start shivering a little when you lay your hand unexpectedly on their shoulder.

YE devoted husband and father, after sending his family out of town, amuses himself about town until after midnight, then he starts for his home. His happiness is unalloyed when reaching his deserted ranche, upon discovering that his night key has disappeared.

THE following distinguished gentlemen from abroad are in the city attending the Supreme Court: Hon's Wiley Coleman and W. P. Webb, of Eutaw; John T. Walker, of Selma; A. W. Cockrell and T. B. Wetmore, of Livingston, and T. W. Coleman, of Greensboro.

AN Alabama paper says: "Roasting ears now tickle the palate of the average Tuscumbian." The weather is hot enough for roasting ears, but it is not understood how they can tickle the palate of the Tuscumbian.—[N. O. Republican.

If you will call up and see us, we will endeavor to get the Tuscumbian to teach you how.

LOTTERY.—The attention of the reader is respectfully invited to the advertisement of the Frankfort, Kentucky, lottery, which will be found elsewhere. The manager of this lottery is an ex-Governor of Kentucky, and the scheme is vouched for as being, in every respect, an honorable undertaking.

A FEW days since a seedy person applied to a wealthy citizen for help, and received the small sum of 5 cents. The giver remarked as he handed him the pittance: "Take it, you are welcome; our ears are always open to the distressed." "That may be," replied the recipient, "but never before in my life have I seen so small an opening for such large ears."

SHOT.—We learned yesterday that Constable Darby arrested a colored man Saturday who was charged with some criminal offense. On the way to the Magistrate's office, the man attempted to escape, when Constable Darby fired upon him, wounding him slightly. The matter was investigated yesterday by the proper authorities, we understand, and in accordance with these facts.

THE Cyprians, alias, the beau monde, are on the wing. The grand jury is on the alert. We remarked a few days ago that the ex-Chief of Police, who is a member of the grand jury, was the right man in the right place. He knows where to strike and when to strike. If our community can just be cleared of the vile pack of "soiled doves" who make night hideous with their demoniac revels, a foul blot will have been removed from our escutcheon. We have for years counseled such a movement. Let it push ahead!

RECEPTION.—The ladies of the Episcopal Congregation will have a reception to-morrow evening, at the rooms of the Arlington Club, on Perry street, which promises to be one of the most pleasant and recherche occasions of the season. The interesting play of "Who's Who" will be repeated during the evening, and the entertainment will close with a dance, thus offering the young people an excellent opportunity of spending a most delightful summer evening.

Admission, only 25 cents.

PERSONAL.—Hon. Joseph H. Sloss, the distinguished and able editor of the Tuscumbia Times, was in the city yesterday and registered at the Exchange. Major Sloss is one of the foremost citizens of Alabama, has twice represented an enlightened constituency of North Alabama in Congress, and is now on the tripod of an independent newspaper which is doing more good for the State than the whole pack of "organs" combined. We have not the pleasure of a personal acquaintance with Major Sloss, but his public record is known of all who are posted in the history of the State, and it is one of which any citizen could proudly boast. We trust Major Sloss will succeed in building up a strong and influential newspaper at Tuscumbia. It is a fine field.

Job Printing.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF NEW TYPE, ORNAMENTS, ETC.

We take this occasion to inform our business men that we have ordered, and will receive in a few days, a splendid assortment of new type for our job printing department, especially selected with a view of supplying the business men of Montgomery with the latest and most beautiful styles of letter heads, bill heads, cards, statements, check books, salesmen's books, briefs, etc., etc. Our job rooms are now supplied with the best assortment of type, cuts, ornaments, etc., to be found in the South, and we are enabled to do all manner of mercantile and commercial printing at rates ten per cent. lower than any other job office in Alabama. Please give us a trial.

CORONER'S INQUEST.—Coroner Blue was called to hold an inquest at 3 p. m., on yesterday, at the foot of Commerce street, upon the body of a colored man named Paul Bissard, a track hand, and about 50 years old. The jury was summoned from the crowd collected at the spot, and consisted of Messrs. W. B. Terrell, white, and J. C. Kirkland, Turner Buchanan, Thomas Harvy, Henry Bowen, and Charly Hays, colored. Dr. J. H. Blue was the attending physician and made the post mortem examination. The evidence was to the effect that the deceased eat his dinner about 1 o'clock and fell asleep on the track of the Mobile and Montgomery railroad. A short time subsequently a wood train, after giving the usual signals required by law, backed down the track and caused the death of Bissard. He was terribly mangled, his legs, hip, chest, and right arm being crushed and his death was instantaneous. The jury at once returned a verdict in accordance with these facts. All the evidence adduced went to exonerate the railroad officials from any culpability.

THE IRISH WORLD.—We received this week, the Irish World, published in New York, of July 15th. This paper contains a most beautiful and attractive engraving entitled, "Columbia Rode Safe Through the Storm." This picture is based upon remarks made by the great orator, Wendell Phillips, on the 4th of July. In the front and centre of the engraving, is a boat on a lake, having in the bow the American eagle, in the centre the Goddess of Liberty, holding the flag, her left hand resting on the coat of arms. A streamer has on it the words "free labor, free press, free schools." To the left of the boat is the Capitol, on fire, with the date, 1812, in front, and a broken flag staff floating a flag upon which is "Rebellion of 1861." To the right of the Goddess the American and British troops are engaged in a battle, a light from the skies enlivening the scene for the Americans, while the British are enveloped in darkness.

The picture is one of the most beautifully patriotic conceptions we have ever seen traced by the pencil of an artist. It must be seen to be appreciated. Any child who has read the history of his country will understand the purport of the picture as soon as his eye falls upon it. The Irish World, we are happy to say, is one of the best papers printed in the United States, and has a very large circulation. It is a standard authority among Irish-American citizens, and deserves their confidence and support. Every Irish citizen should subscribe for the World. It is only $2 50 per year or $1 25 for six months, post paid. Address Patrick Ford, proprietor, New York city.

THE Star Parlor Organs are celebrated for their purity of tone, elegant design and thorough construction. Send for catalogue. Address,

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & CO,
6-30d&wom Washington, N. J.

State News.

[By Yesterday's Mail to the Journal.]

The Ladies' Memorial Association, of Gainesville, netted $405 by the sale of refreshments on the 4th inst. Private contributions swelled the fund to $575.

The Livingston Journal says: The condition of the crops generally, is good. Rains have been limited in extent, but we believe no portion of the county is suffering from drouth at this time.

Many strangers from a distance have been and are now visiting our place, since our last. They design purchasing lands and locating in our midst, and, we understand, several purchases have already been made.—Cullman Immigrant.

The Eufaula Times says: On Thursday afternoon, two large blue herons, taking advantage of the city ordinance against shooting in the corporation, alighted in the middle of Broad street, in front of Ross's, and stalked about with the quiet and dignified demeanor of preachers. They attracted much attention, but did seem frightened at the crowd that collected near.

Died—Near Hawkinsville, on Monday morning, 10th inst., of diptheria, Eva J., daughter of Mr. J. Brightwell, aged four years.

Died—Near Hawkinsville, in Barbour county, twelve miles from Eufaula, of diptheria, on the 14th inst., Ada, daughter of Mr. W. S. English and granddaughter of Mrs. Samuel Jones, age four years.

Died, in this city on Wednesday, 12th inst., Willie, a little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. Y. Dean. Her parents were in South Carolina at the time of her death; and while it is a sore affliction to them, it is a consolation to know that their child, who was a sufferer from her birth, has been translated to a world where there is no pain and where everything is beautiful.—Eufaula Times.

On the 31 instant, two colts belonging to T. J. & J. W. Lee, near Jones' Bluff, were struck by lightning while standing under a shelter, and both killed. The colts were very fine ones, having taken premiums at Sumter Fair, last Fall.

[Livingston Journal.

The Livingston Journal says: Grasshoppers innumerable, have appeared in several places in this vicinity. As yet they are confined to limited areas, and seem to not have attained full growth, but give alarming evidence of their destructiveness. Their presence is well calculated to excite apprehension as to what may be the result next year.

Died, in this county, not long since, Monroe Brumbalow. Also, at Wedowee, Mrs. Connelly, mother of Prof. W. E. Connelly.—Roanoke News.

The Randolph News says: Crops are unusually good, especially corn, between this place and Wedowee. Cotton is a little backward, but is doing first rate. Hog and hominy will be the main stake this year.

The Livingston Journal says: One who has tested it successfully, tells us that polk sticks, boiled thoroughly and mixed with sufficient meal to absorb the liquor, is a remedy for hog cholera—proved so with him. Another says that green corn stalks fed to swine will check the cholera—that he does not fear the cholera when he has green corn stalks to feed.

Mayor Dorman exhibited in our office some days ago, a chicken with four distinct legs and wings. A strange freak of nature, certainly.—Greensboro Beacon.

FAIR ASSOCIATION.—There is a movement on foot to revive the Agricultural Fair Association at Demopolis which was so successful before the war. The enterprise is under discussion and when it takes shape we will have more to say on the subject.—Demopolis News-Journal.

Local and Business Notices.

MR. DANIEL F. BEATTY, of Washington, N. J., the energetic and perserving manufacturer of the Beatty Piano and Golden Tongue Parlor Organs, deserves the highest credit for having produced the most perfect musical instrument combined with the utmost beauty and chasteness of design yet offered the musical public. See his advertisement in another place. Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J., U. S. A.
7-13d&w.

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.*
3-14 d&w 3m

Nervous Debility.

Vital weakness or depression: A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental overwork, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphrey's Homeopathic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per package of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Homeopathic Medicine Company, 662 Broadway, New York.
1-1d&w 1y

New Advertisements.

SALE OF TWO THOUSAND CIGARS.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,
DEP'Y COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, 2D DIST. OF ALA.,
Montgomery, July 17, 1876.

Having published a notice on the 8th of May, concerning the seizure of two thousand cigars, inviting all persons to file their claims, if there were any, and none having been filed in the time prescribed by law, I hereby notify the public that the two thousand cigars bearing the brand "La Espanola, de Juan B. Remero, Habana," seized by me at the store of one Howard Hartline, on Comm. ree street, in this city, will be sold at public auction on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH OF JULY, 1876,

at 10 o'clock a. m., at my office, Commerce street over Strassburger's W. rehouse.

PAUL STROBACH,
7-17 3t Deputy Collector.

HAIR DRESSING & SHAVING.

I am now prepared to do all kinds of work in the Hair Dressing business—making curls, wigs, etc. Also shaving and shampooing. I sell (11) eleven shaving tickets for $1.00. Old razors sharpened and made as good as new.

PETER G. RANDALL.
7-16 Perry street, near "Plantation" office.



PRICES REDUCED. Best Quality CHROMO LITHOS satisfactory or no sale. CHARTS IN THE Centennial Year. CHAS. M. EVANS, Manager, 102 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati, O. Fourth and Market Sts., Louisville, Ky.

Albemarle Female Institute

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA.

Nineteenth annual session begins first of September. For circular giving Faculty and expenses, address

R. H. RAWLINGS' M. A., Principal.

BEATTY Piano!

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

Endorsed by the highest musical authorities throughout the world as THE BEST.

From D. S. Bading, Stockton, N. J., after receiving a $600 Beatty Piano, says:

"Not only myself and family, but every one who has seen it is satisfied in regard to its superior quality."

From B. H. Cormony, Esq., Chambersburg, Pa., "The Beatty Piano came to hand on one week ago, in good order. It has thus far given entire satisfaction."

H. Holtzburger Tyrone, Pa, says:

"The piano came to hand in good order, and proves satisfactory, both in tone and finish."

Agents wanted, male or female. Send for catalogue. Address,

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington N. J., U. S. A.

New Advertisements.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$777 A WEEK guaranteed to Agents. Male or female, in their own locality. Terms and Outfit FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & Co., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARM. How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess, free, by mail, together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc. A queer book. All address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pub's, Philadelphia.

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000 (Canada, 10,000), to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also a carefully classified catalogue of the papers which are recommended by newspaper agents as giving greatest value in proportion to price charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printed in the interest of the Roman Catholic Church. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Sporting and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law and Musical papers, with their publishers' names and addresses. Also, a choice list of first-class family papers, very valuable for advertising purposes. Also, a full list of the Newspapers published in the Dominion of Canada, with their post-office addresses, and the rates charged for advertising in each. Also, a complete list of the Newspapers published in the Republic of Mexico, with their post-office addresses, and the rates charged for advertising in each. Also, a complete list of the Newspapers published in the Republic of Cuba, with their post-office addresses, and the rates charged for advertising in each. Also, a complete list of the Newspapers published in the Republic of Hayti, with their post-office addresses, and the rates charged for advertising in each. Also, a complete list of the Newspapers published in the Republic of Liberia, with their post-office addresses, and the rates charged for advertising in each. Also, a complete list of the Newspapers published in the Republic of Brazil, with their post-office addresses, and the rates charged for advertising in each. Also, a complete list of the Newspapers published in the Republic of Argentine, with their post-office addresses, and the rates charged for advertising in each. Also, a complete list of the Newspapers published in the Republic of Chili, with their post-office addresses, and the rates charged for advertising in each. Also, a complete list of the Newspapers published in the Republic of Peru, with their post-office addresses, and the rates charged for advertising in each. Also, a complete list of the Newspapers published in the Republic of Ecuador, with their post-office addresses, and the rates charged for advertising in each. Also, a complete list of the Newspapers published in the Republic of Bolivia, with their post-office addresses, and the rates charged for advertising in each. Also, a complete list of the Newspapers published in the Republic of Uruguay, with their post-office addresses, and the rates charged for advertising in each. Also, a complete list of the Newspapers published in the Republic of Paraguay, with their post-office addresses, and the rates charged for advertising in each. Also, a complete list of the Newspapers published in the Republic of Venezuela, with their post-office addresses, and the rates charged for advertising in each. Also, a complete list of the Newspapers published in the Republic of Colombia, with their post-office addresses, and the rates charged for advertising in each. Also, a complete list of the Newspapers published in the Republic of Costa Rica, with their post-office addresses, and the rates charged for advertising in each. Also, a complete list of the Newspapers published in the Republic of Nicaragua, with their post-office addresses, and the rates charged for advertising in each. Also, a complete list of the Newspapers published in the Republic of Honduras, with their post-office addresses, and the rates charged for advertising in each. Also, a complete list of the Newspapers published in the Republic of Salvador, with their post-office addresses, and the rates charged for advertising in each. Also, a complete list of the Newspapers published in the Republic of Guatemala, with their post-office addresses, and the rates charged for advertising in each. Also, a complete list of the Newspapers published in the Republic of Mexico, with their post-office addresses, and the rates charged for advertising in each.

NEWSPAPERS UNITED STATES.

POND'S EXTRACT.

The People's Remedy.
The Universal Pain Extractor.
Note: ask for POND'S EXTRACT.
Take no other.

"Hear, for I will speak of excellent things."

POND'S EXTRACT.—The great Vegetable Pain Destroyer. Has been in use over thirty years, and for cleanliness and prompt cures what it cannot do is excelled.

CHILDREN.—No family can afford to be without Pond's Extract. Accidents, Bruises, Contusions, Cuts, Sprains, are relieved almost instantly by external application. Promptly relieves pains or Burns, Scalds, Excoriations, Chafings, Old Sores, Boils, Tetters, Corns, etc. Arrests Inflammation, reduces swellings, stops bleeding, draws out poisons and heals rapidly.

FEMALE WEAKNESSES.—It always relieves pain in the Kidneys, Loins and Bearing-down pains in the head, nausea, vertigo.

IN LEUCORRHŒA it has no equal. All kinds of uterine affections to which ladies are subject are promptly cured. Fuller details in book accompanying each bottle.

PILES—Blind or bleeding—meet prompt relief and speedy cure. No case, however chronic or obstinate, can long resist its regular use.

VARICOSE VEINS.—It is the only sure cure for this painful and dangerous condition.

KIDNEY DISEASES.—It has no equal for permanent cure.

BLEEDING from any cause. For this it is a specific. It has saved hundreds of lives when all other remedies failed to arrest bleeding from nose, stomach, lungs, and elsewhere.

RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, Toothache and Earache are all immediately relieved, and often permanently cured.

PHYSICIANS of all schools who are acquainted with Pond's Extract of Witch Hazel recommend it in their practice. We have letters of commendation from hundreds of Physicians, many of whom order it for use in their own families. In addition to the foregoing, they order its use for Swellings of all kinds, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Inflamed Tonsils, Simple and Chronic Diarrhœa, Catarrh, (for which it is a specific) Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Stings of Insects, Mosquitoes, etc., Chapped Hands, Face, and inflamed conditions of skin diseases.

TOILET USE.—Removes Soreness, Roughness, and Smarting; heals Cuts, Eruptions, and Pimples. It prevents, counteracts, and relieves, while wonderfully improving the Complexion.

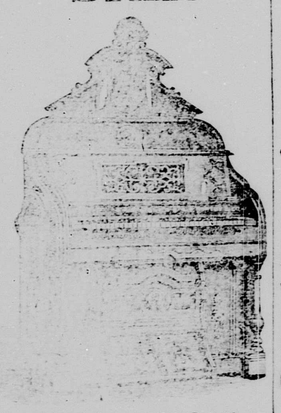
TO FARMERS.—Pond's Extract. No Stock Breeder or Livery Man can afford to be without it. It is used by all the Leading Livery Stables, Street Railroads and first Horsemen in New York City. It has no equal for Sprains, Harness or Saddle Chafings, Stiffness, Scratches, Swellings, Cuts, Lacerations, Bleeding, Pneumia, Colic, Diarrhœa, Chills, Colds, etc. Its range of actions is wide, and the relief it affords is so prompt that it is invaluable in every Farm-yard as well as in every Farm-house. Let it be tried once, and you will never be without it.

CAUTION.—Pond's Extract has been imitated. The genuine article has the words Pond's Extract blown in the glass. It is prepared by the only persons living who ever knew how to prepare it properly. Refuse all other preparations of Witch Hazel. This is the only article used by Physicians, and in the hospitals of this country and Europe.

HISTORY AND USES OF POND'S EXTRACT, POND'S EXTRACT COMPANY, 93 Maiden Lane, New York.

A LETTER, BOWLBY & CO'S

STAR



PARLOR ORGAN

Surpasses in tone and power any Reed Organ ever before manufactured in this country. Is now being used by many eminent players and

Gives Universal Satisfaction.

Is a combination of the style and of the patent swell, the merits of which are admitted by the fraternity to be the softest flute like note to a vox humana sound.

Unsurpassed by any Instrument

The people have long noted carefully for many years the improvements and needs of this rapidly growing country, and have experienced in their own selections, and their experience has resulted in the production of a quality of tone which assimilates so closely to the

PIPE ORGAN QUALITY

That it is difficult to distinguish between the two. This last named has all

THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS,

And a compass in fully warranted. Large Oil Polish Black Walnut Panelled Cases that Furnish an Elegant Ornament to any Parlor.

A Beautiful Piece of Furniture.

This organ needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and is sold at extremely

LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

AGENTS WANTED—(Male or female) in every county in the United States and Canada. A liberal discount made to Teachers, Ministers, Churches, Schools, Lodges, etc., where there is no agent for the Star Organ. Illustrated catalogue and price list free. Correspondence solicited. Address the manufacturers,

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & CO.,
Washington, N. J.

H. W. ALLEGER, T. B. McMURRIE
C. P. BOWLBY, EDWARD PLOTTS
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To agents and others, male and female, a $50 secret, and beautifully illustrated 100-page Novelty Catalogue. R. F. Young & Co., 29 Broadway, New York. 8-20w12m

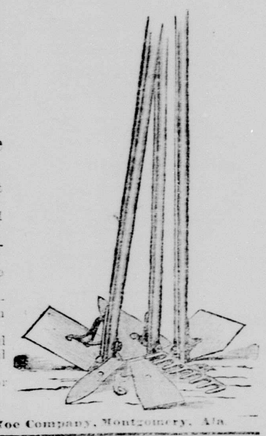
COMBINATION HOE.

First Premium Awarded at the Grangers' State Fair

Of Alabama, October, 1875, the first place where the Hoe was exhibited.

Manufactured by the Granger Hoe Company.

WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.



Requires no wedging. Can be adjusted for any work, or to suit the height of workman in fifteen seconds.

The Blade of the Field Hoe is made entirely of cast steel, square in shape, and when one edge becomes dull or worn out, the blade may be reversed, thus making

Two Hoes for the Price of One

It can be taken from the handle without trouble for the purpose of grinding.

The fixtures are made of malleable iron and cannot be broken.

The handles are made of sound ash wood—the best material known for handles.

Hoes handled ready for use, as cheap as the best hoe blade manufactured.

Saves time and money in the item of handles—no wedges to shrink up and pull out in dry weather.

No. 2, "Boys' Hoe" medium size, for field or garden work. Adjustable same as field hoe.

An entire set of splendid garden tools for the price of one implement.

For further information, address,

W. R. NOBLE, Secretary Granger Hoe Company, Montgomery, Ala.

1776 Centennial. 1876

SPRING AND SUMMER

SEASON.

GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,

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HAVE NOW ON HAND THE COMPLETEST LINES OF

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS

TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

New Dress Goods, Real Iron Frame Grenadines,
Novelties in Matamora Suitings, Exquisite Knickerbockers,
Stylish Damassee Suitings, and everything that is new in Dress Goods,
Fresh White Goods, Rich Fancy Goods, Elegant Ecru Ties

Novel Ecru Ruffling, Handsome Parasols,
Complete Stock of Bleachings, Large Selection
In Hosiery, Best 10-4 Sheetings, Genuine Irish Linens, Good
Table Damasks, Latest in Lace Curtains, full selections in White Piques,

Guaranteed Kid Gloves, Perfect fitting Corsets,
Excelsior Trimmings. Full selections in Cassimers,
Tweeds, Linens, Cottonades, Etc., for Men and Boys' wear.

WE OFFER THE BEST ASSORTMENTS IN

Ladies', Children and Misses' Philadelphia Hand-Made Shoes.

In fact everything desirable in a First-class Dry Goods House will be found at our Store, all offering at the very

Lowest Prices.

TO THE MERCHANTS:

We are displaying the largest stock of Goods ever received by our firm, and we guarantee bottom prices. Call early and look at our stock.

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NEW DOLLAR STORE.

1776 CENTENNIAL 1876

Centennial Dry Goods.
Centennial Hats.
Centennial Boots.
Centennial Shoes,
Centennial Clothing.
Centennial Hosiery,
Centennial Parasols.

In fact a general assortment of CENTENNIAL goods, suitable for the CENTENNIAL Spring and Summer, recently purchased at the very lowest cash prices. Give me a call and be satisfied. If you don't see what you want ask for it.

S. A. MEERTIEF, New Dollar Store.

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Agents for Cincinnati Lager Beer

No. 85 Commerce Street

MONTGOMERY ALABAMA.

Have resumed business and are prepared with full stock of and ample facilities to supply all their customers with anything they may need. They have a choice selection of GROCERIES which they are prepared to sell at the very lowest rates. They ask a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended to them. 2-2tf

CARPENTER'S Manual.—A practical guide to all operations of the trade, drawing for carpenters, forms of contract, specifications, plans, &c.; plain instructions for beginners, and full glossary of terms. Illustrated, 50 cts. Painter's Manual, 50. Book of Alphabets, 50. Scrolls and Ornaments, $1. Watchmaker and Jeweler, 50. Sailmaker, 25. Of booksellers, or by mail. JESSE HANEY & CO., 119 Nassau street, N. Y. 2-30wkly

PRESCRIPTION FREE.

FOR the speedy cure of Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood, and all disorders brought on by indiscretions or excess. Any Druggist has the ingredients. Address DAVIDSON & CO., Box 266, New York. 12-1 1y

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Prompt attention given all business requiring professional services at the National Capital. 3ug1tf

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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

No. 16 Perry St.,

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MERCHANTS, MERCHANTS.

We are now prepared to furnish

Blank Note Books.

Either with or without exemption waived, printed and bound in the latest and most improved styles.

Every Merchant Ought to Have One.

Price 50 cents. By mail, prepaid, 60 cents. Each Book contains five hundred neatly printed promissory notes, with rules, etc. Hundreds of them sold annually. Send your orders to

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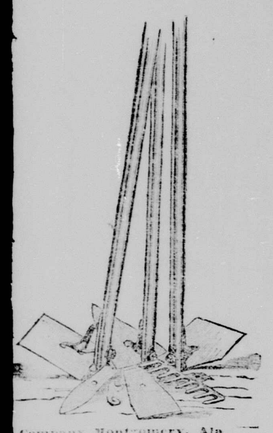
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Dry Goods House will be found at our
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and see what you want ask for it.
New Dollar Store.
CHARLES PELHAM,
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Prompt attention given all business requir-
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ROE, JONES & WILEY,
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MERCHANTS.
MERCHANTS, MERCHANTS.
We are now prepared to furnish
Blank Note Books,
Either with or without exemption waived, printed
and bound in the latest and most
improved style.
Every Merchant Ought to Have One.
Price 50 cents. By mail, prepaid, 60 cents.
Each Book contains fifty handsomely printed
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ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL.

BY T. C. BINGHAM & CO. "The Union of Our Forefathers-----Peace and Prosperity to All Men!" Terms---$8 Per Annum.

VOLUME VIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 19, 1876 NUMBER 259

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET:



For President of the United States,
Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio.

For Vice-President,
Wm. A. Wheeler, of New York.

Compromise.

We have learned that a compromise has been effected between the two wings of the Republican party in Alabama, by which it is agreed that both the tickets nominated on the 16th and on the 24th of May, last, respectively, are to be withdrawn, and as an evidence of this fact, the two Committeees of Republicans have determined to advise the Republican voters of this State to support the following ticket:

For Governor—Nodiah Woodruff, of Dallas.

For Secretary of State—Amos Moody of Franklin.

For Superintendent of Education—H. J. Livingston, of Autauga.

For Attorney General—E. H. Grandin, of Mobile.

For Auditor—Lewis Owen, of Montgomery.

For Treasurer—W. B. Harris, of Russell.

Not having received any official information or authority to withdraw from our columns the ticket nominated by the Republican Convention on the 24th of May, last, we still print it in our paper, subject to the action of the regular State Executive Committee.

No More Fast Mails.

Commodore Vanderbilt and Colonel Thomas A. Scott, who control our trunk lines of railway, have notified the Post-office Department that the fast mail trains will be discontinued after next Saturday, so much for Democratic economy.

"We find that the office holding class have become so numerous, powerful, and unscrupulous that they assume to control the elections.—[Governor Tilden.

We join with the Louisville Commercial in asking do you refer to the time when, according to Mr. Greeley, the most accurate election statistician in the country, Tilden, Tweed and the Tammany ring returned a Democratic majority of more than 17,000, in four wards where the whole legal vote was less than 12,000? Governor Tilden, do you regard that as an unscrupulous attempt to control elections?

The Will of the People.

The honesty of the great Democratic reformer is clearly shown in his very modest remark, when his nomination was announced to him, that it was not the work of politicians in convention, but a clever expression of the will of the people in favor of reform. He well knew, as did his hearers and thousands of others, that it was but the result of systematic and persistent efforts on the part of himself and his supporters at Albany, running through a period of more than a year, as well as a considerable expenditure of money. Not a newspaper in the country which was known to favor the Democracy but has been furnished with material urging his nomination, for the publication of which they were to be paid a small consideration on sending the bill to Albany. Truly the will of the people is very pliable when it can be directed by such echoning.

North Carolina.

Thos. Settle, President of the National Republican Convention of 1872, was nominated for Governor on the first ballot over O. H. Dockery, by a vote of 176 to 65. The nomination was made unanimous amid great applause. W. A. Smith, of Johnston, was nominated for Lieutenant-Governor on the first ballot, receiving 217 votes out of a possible vote of 240.

Nominations were then made for Secretary of State, and the Convention adjourned without a ballot. Judge Settle made a speech, accepting the Republican nomination for Governor. He arraigned the Democratic party for their suspension of the writ of habeas corpus, their outrages and intimidation, their persistent attacks upon the present State Constitution, and for their relentless persecution of the Union men of the State. He said he should propose a joint canvass with Vance, and that he intended to invade the land of the enemy; that he should immediately resign his position as a Judge of the Supreme Court, take a few days to arrange his private business, and enter at once upon the canvass.

There were some Chinese lanterns left over from the Fourth of July celebration in Washington; these were supplied with tallow dips and given to boys to carry to lengthen out a Democratic ratification procession. They had some muslin transparencies too. On one of them was inscribed "New York! Good for 30,000 majority!" but on which side the majority would be was prudently omitted.

The Dayton (Ohio) Herald and Empire, Dem., observes that in spite of the petty whip some very good Democrats will vote for Peter Cooper, and it will hardly do to read them all out of the party for the offence of standing on the State platform if their votes are wanted for the State, county and Congressional tickets.

The Milford (Delaware) News believes that, with a strong candidate for Congress in the field, the Republicans can carry that State for Hayes and Wheeler.

All for Hayes.

THE LIBERAL COMMITTEE OF NEW YORK DECLARE FOR HIM.

The Executive Committee of the Liberal State Committee held a meeting in New York on Wednesday, the Hon. John Cochrane in the Chair, and the Hon. B. F. Manierre, Secretary, at which there were present Dr. D. Rogers, of Queens, the Hon. H. C. Lake, of Chautauqua; the Hon. Morgan L. Filkins and the Hon. Lemon Thomson, of Albany; Dr. Martin Freligh, of New York city; the Hon. John Cashow, of Kings county, and the Hon. George H. Mackay, of New York city. After a full interchange of opinions, from which it appeared that the members of the committee uniformly favored the support of the Hayes and Wheeler ticket, it was determined that the Liberal Republicans of the State be called to meet in State Convention at Saratoga, on the 23d day of August next, the day of the Republican State Convention. It is understood that a call to that effect will shortly be published.

The Chairman, by virtue of his authority, filled the following vacancies in the State Committee, viz: Twelfth Congressional district, Hon. Waldo Hutchins, Westchester county; Fifteenth district, Hon. Robert Leghran, Kingston; Twenty-fourth district, E. F. Spencer, Lennox; Twenty-sixth district, Hon. T. W. Collins, Lyons; Twenty-eighth district, Hon. Samuel Keeler, Havana; Thirty-first district, Major Samuel Low, Suspension Bridge.

Personal Government.

The Tilden-Tweed reform politicians and papers of the country have charged that President Grant was the first to introduce personal government in the conduct of public affairs. The people of the United States understand very well that the continued snarling of these "reformers" at the President is based upon their burning thirst for spoils. They care little about history, or they never would assert a thing as true which the whole country knows to be false. For instance, the charge that President Grant ins i tuted personal government in his administration, is thus effectually disposed of by the New York Herald, of the 15th inst. In a very able editorial, the Herald thus fastens the responsibility of that system where it belongs—upon Democracy. The Herald says:

When the personal government policy was introduced into the administration by Andrew Jackson he went to the trouble of changing his whole cabinet so as remove one or two members who were not agreeable to him. This was his deference to public opinion. When Mr. Buchanan wished to carry through the Lecompton legislation he removed postmasters and minor officers. Although the action of Jackson was a violation of the principles of true government, and although the protest against Buchanan's proscription ruined his administration, in each case there were party reasons for the President's action.

Gov. Foote in the Field.

The venerable ex-Senator Foote, of Mississippi, now residing at Nashville, Tenn., having been importuned to allow his name to appear upon the Republican electoral ticket for the State of Tennessee at large, replies in a lengthy letter filled with sound political wisdom. Among other things he says:

I shall be content to fight in the ranks for the success of Republican principles, the firm and steady maintenance of which I deem essential to the national repose and happiness.

It is my deliberate opinion that the present is far the most important political struggle that our country has yet known. Between now and November next has to be settled, as I trust forever, through the peaceful instrumentality of the ballot-box, the great question whether we are indeed a *nation* or a wretched league of ever-antagonizing local sovereignties, entitled at pleasure to secede from and break up the Union, nullify the most wise and salutary enactments of the National Legislature, ruthlessly trample under profane and factious feet the principles of civil order, and shamelessly set at defiance the "supreme law of the land."

Pass them in Review.—If the Democrats could be marshaled in army array, and pass in review before the people of the nation, it would require no argument to prove that out of such a crowd nothing like reform could come. As well might you expect to drink pure water from a dirty pond as to expect purity of government and reform in its administration to come out of the ranks of Democracy. Tilden may know of some filtering process by which the impure can be made pure, and Democracy as sweet as new mown hay, but as yet the American people are a little skeptical about the possibility of such a change.

When two such illustrious ex-pounders as John Morrissey and John Kelly promises reform under Samuel J. Tilden, who can be so soulless as to doubt the genuiness of the reform movement. There must be hope for a nation that has in reserve such a mighty trio of reformers as Morressey, Kelly, and Tilden. Oh, for a return of Tweed, the innocent, that a quartette might be formed to sing the praises of the Centennial year.

The Columbus (Ga.) Enquirer says: "The South proudly demands 'that the men who own the land shall rule it.'" A real estate property qualification for all voters. Mechanics and workingmen who are not able to buy land, are notified by this Tilden organ to quit the South, or content themselves with a back seat, at elections.

It is not the way of an honest reformer, when charged with crime, with defrauding a trust, to ask and keep asking for time to answer. But that is Tilden's way.

As soon as Hendricks accepts, that Waterworks record of his will fit very well alongside of the history of Tilden's railroad jobs.

THE fiercest assaulter of Governor Tilden is the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. Its editor and proprietor, William McKee, is, however, serving out a two year's term of imprisonment, and expects by his present course to receive a pardon from President Grant, whose administration Gov. Hayes so heartily endorses.—Montgomery Advertiser.

There are two very conspicuous untruths in the above paragraph:

First—William McKee is not the editor of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, and never was.

Second—William McKee is not the proprietor of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, and never was.

Now for the facts:

First—Col. J. B. McCullagh, ("Mack") is the editor of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, assisted by a staff of regularly employed writers.

Second—The St. Louis Globe-Democrat is owned by the St. Louis Globe Company, composed of a number of stockholders, of whom one is William McKee, operating under a charter.

Third—The course of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat is governed by the votes of a majority of its stockholders, William McKee being entitled to one vote, and possessing no more influence beyond that than the editor of the Montgomery Advertiser.

What a Prominent Democrat Says.

Ambrose H. Purdy, of New York, a well known and respectable Democrat, in a speech at St. Louis, says of Tilden, the great reformer:

"What sheer madness and folly to nominate Samuel J. Tilden, when by that nomination you must concede—because the fact cannot be denied—that you surrender the two great Western States, Ohio and Indiana, by default in the October elections. [Cries of good, good.] After nominating him, your first labor will be to prepare the minds of the people for this defeat, which must certainly follow. We can persuade them that we do not expect to carry Ohio or Indiana; we can persuade them that we will make no effort to carry Ohio and Indiana, but surrender them by default; but when I am informed by the men from Ohio, who certainly ought to know, that in the October election Ohio and Indiana will give the most overwhelming majority that the Republican party ever had in those States; when I see our political enemies making this country ring from one end to the other with the fire of cannon, with the triumph of victory; when I see emblazoned on every hand the motto, 'Ohio repudiates the Copperhead, S. J. Tilden, and declares in favor of the tried and trusted soldier, General Hayes, by 100,000 majority;' when I see these things, I know that the tidal wave will set in upon you to such an extent that you will be buried before the dawn of election day in November. [Cries of 'Sound!'] The battle will have been fought out, and you will be like the race horse—left at the post.

"When I see you with Samuel J. Tilden as your candidate, with the whole agricultural interests of this vast country arrayed solidly against you by reason of his intimate connection with the railroad monopolies that grind and oppress the hearts of the people—in that condition I cannot see you in any condition to win. We must reflect that the Democratic party has not votes sufficient to elect a President without drawing a vote that has hitherto been cast for the Republicans. But you, by the nomination of Samuel J. Tilden, not only do not draw away a Republican vote, but you drive from your own ranks many of your most trusted followers. [A voice—'You are right.'"]

Boiled Eggs.

At one of Washington's fashionable hotels the other day a colored waiter innocently asked a guest of the Democratic persuasion whether he preferred his eggs boiled hard or soft? The reformer lifted up his glaring eyes and said "this is too much," he had been bored and annoyed with this question enough on his way from St. Louis, and now to have it put to him squarely by a saddle colored waiter "whether he preferred hard or soft? was too much," and he forth-with left the hotel and traveled West, muttering "I wish Henden and Tildrick were in China before they mixed up things in this way."

The Oldest Citizen

We learn from the Anna, Ill., Union, of a recent date, that there lives in Washington county, in that State, a citizen by the name of Abner Jackson, who is 112 years of age, having been born in 1764. We give it up. This beats our Jefferson county man, who claims to be 103, and until we hear from some other section, we cordially surrender to the Anna Union the belt which has been awarded to the discoverer of the most aged citizen.

Democracy retains in all its original distinctions one of the traits of Jacksonism. It never permits a political opponent to hold office when it has power to give it to one who wears its party collar. Whig talent and integrity under Jackson and Buchanan always kicked the beam when weighed against the party service of an ardent Democrat. And Tilden is a thorough spoilsman of the Buchanan school.

The Cincinnati Enquirer deplores the fact that the nomination of Hayes seems to have cemented the Republican organization and to have brought back to it all the old "liberals," while on the other hand the nomination of Tilden has rent the Democracy in twain.

Mr. Jewell's Resignation.

[Washington Star.]

Governor Jewell, late Postmaster General, says his interview with the President when the latter asked (not in writing as has been stated) for his resignation, was quite pleasant. Just as he was leaving the President said, "Jewell, whom would you suggest as a proper person to take your place?" "Well," said the Governor, "if you ask my advice, I will give it. Judge Tyner, Second Assistant Postmaster General, is the best fitted for the position of any one I know." They parted in the friendliest way, and Gov. Jewell says he would have been glad to be released from the cares of the office six months ago in order to attend to his private business interests.

Tilden and Tweed.

Samuel J. Tilden and William M. Tweed were formerly bosom friends. Evidence is fast accumulating that a portion of the money stolen by Tweed was used by Tilden and his fellow-politicians to run the Democratic machine. Tweed has special favors shown him while confined on the island. While at Ludlow street jail he was permitted to go about the city in charge of an officer. It will be remembered that he escaped from custody while at his home in New York. Some power from behind the throne helped him. Circumstances point to Tilden as that power. Certain it is that as Governor of New York he has made no efforts to discover his whereabouts. Not a dollar of reward has been offered for his capture. Even the Democratic sheriff who allowed him to escape still holds his position.

The following letters may throw a little light on the relationship existing, when Tweed was in his glory, between himself and the present candidate for Democratic honors, on the so-called reform ticket:

No. 15 Gramercy Park,
August 12, 1866—11 a.m.

My Dear Sir: I decided to go to Philadelphia in the morning, and shall not be able to see you before I leave. Mr. Richmond is at the St. Nicholas somewhat ill. If well enough he will come on the 2 p. m. train. Whether he is there to-day or not I hope you will not fail to be in Philadelphia.

Very truly, your friend,
S. J. Tilden.

Hon. Wm. M. Tweed.

My Dear Sir: I beg to present to your attention the case of Mr. Samuel Allen, a very old friend of ours, who is in great need of a small appointment under your department, for which he has applied. He would be content with something for a time of not a very high rank. You will know him so well that I need add nothing. *He used to be a very efficient and useful worker*, and is an entirely reliable man, and I should be personally glad if you could help him.

Truly yours, S. J. Tilden.

Hon. Wm. M. Tweed.

New York, Sept. 8, 1868.

The National Broadway Bank will pay to order of William M. Tweed five thousand dollars.

(Signed) William M. Tweed.

Indorsed "Pay S. J. Tilden or order."
William M. Tweed.

For deposit in the Bank of North America. S. J. Tilden.

It would be well if the friends of Samuel, the Reformer, would rise and explain what he did with the $5,000 received from Tweed. As the Democrats cast over 50,000 fraudulent votes in the city of New York in the fall of 1868 the receipt of this money from Tweed, the head of the Ring, looks suspicious, to say the least.

Tilden Reform in Texas.

We fear that Democratic papers in Alabama cannot always be trusted for full reports of the great Tilden reform movement in all parts of the country. For example, they have lost sight of the present Democratic reform Legislature in Texas, which does its work after a fashion described in the Waxahatchie Enterprise, a Democratic organ:

"They have made the Fifteenth Legislature consist of two sessions, when the constitution provides for only one. They were elected as reformers, and were pledged to retrenchment in every case, where it was possible to cut down expenditures. * * * When it comes to a matter in which they are personally interested it seems that, in their great desire to pocket the per diem of the two sessions, they permit the interests of the people to be lost sight of for the time being. * * * But we are told that we should not talk this way about a Democratic Legislature. Perhaps we shouldn't. But we have never been able to see why it was not just as bad for a Democrat to do wrong as a Radical, and we think they should be told of it, for the people had reason to expect better things of them."

Here is an instance of the greediness of Democratic politicians in going for the spoils. The little fish swim in the wake of the big ones, and Hendricks in the Senate, who voted for the salary-grab, and pocketed it, is followed in an humble way by the Democratic Legislature of Texas.

The Cohesive Power.

"The Democratic party," said John C. Calhoun, personally an upright man, "is held together by the cohesive power of public plunder." This caustic censure of Mr. Calhoun was uttered in the best days of Democracy, when its power was almost unlimited. In its primal vigor it was a spoils party. And now, in its senility and decay, this party asks permission to reform and purify the civil service.

The Democratic press stands in a solid column for Tilden and Hendricks. An awful amount of boiled crow has been swallowed, but not an able editor has refused to accept the dish, especially after it was salted with Hendricks. The man who had the worst time lives in Evansville, Indiana, and shouts for soft money in the Courier. He announced with a great flourish, before the convention met, that were Tilden nominated he would under no circumstance support him. Accordingly, when the nomination was made the editor bolted, doing it in this elegant style: "The Courier will not support Mr. Tilden for President. If the greenback leaders have not the courage to respond to the just demands of the suffering people of the West, we bury the Democratic party in the Potters' Field. The very bones of Jefferson and Jackson would rise in mutiny were the filthy carcass to find sepulcher in the party cemetery. If we had our way, we should compel every Western Democrat to bolt the infamous ticket." The next day Hendricks was hitched to the other end of the ticket, and the furious editor slid softly down from his high perch as a fearless bolter and took his crow like a little man. He put the "infamous ticket" at the head of his columns, and is now shouting lustily for the "filthy carcass."

"Against the insidious wiles of foreign influence, I conjure you to believe me, fellow citizens, the jealousy of a free people ought to be constantly awake, since history and experience prove that foreign influence is one of the most baneful foes of Republican government."—George Washington.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Expressly for the State Journal by the Southern and Atlantic Telegraph Line.

WASHINGTON.

Senate.

Washington, July 18.—The Senate met at 11 o'clock, and the journal was read. At the conclusion of the reading there were ten Senators in their seats. The Clerk was directed to call the roll, which he did, and then continued to call absentees, as they came in until 11:15 a. m., when a quorum answered to their names.

When the journal was approved, Mr. Anthony, from committee on printing, reported a resolution to print 4,000 copies of the Mississippi investigation, and asked that it be acted on at the present time. The resolution was amended so as to include the minority report, and passed.

Mr. Cameron, of Pennsylvania, from committee on foreign relations, reported a bill authorizing the President to invite the International Statistical Congress to hold its next annual session in the United States, and to appoint delegates to the same. Placed on the calendar.

Mr. Dawes withdrew his motion to reconsider the vote on the bill to encourage and promote telegraphic communication between the United States and Asia, and the bill as it stands passed.

Mr. Sargent offered a joint resolution reciting that the Senate on the sixth of July had authorized a committee to investigate the Chinese immigration question, as the House had passed on the 17th inst. a resolution of like effect. It was therefore resolved by the House that the two committees act as a joint committee, and that one-half of the expenses be paid out of the contingent fund of the two houses. Agreed to.

The morning hour having expired the Senate proceeded with the consideration of the river and harbor bill.

Mr. Merrill then proceeded to address the Senate in reply to the attacks made upon the Democratic party during the progress of the debate upon this bill.

After Mr. Merrill had finished his remarks, Mr. Saulsbury proceeded to argue in favor of Mr. Trumbull's motion to re-commit the river and harbor bill.

The chair appointed Messrs. Frelinghuysen, Edmunds and Withers as members of the conference committee on the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill.

Mr. Allison reported a substitute for the river and harbor bill, which he asked might be printed. So ordered.

Mr. Eaton was recognized for a political speech, and then, at 5:15, p. m., the Senate, on motion of Mr. Mitchell, went into executive session, and after a time spent therein, the Senate adjourned.

House.

Mr. Patterson, from committee on Territories, reported a bill to provide for the election by the people of each Territory, of a Governor, Secretary, Treasurer, Auditor and Superintendent of schools. Mr. Patterson asked for immediate action on the bill.

The Speaker ruled that the bill must go to the committee of the whole.

On motion of Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, the House took up and passed the Senate concurrent resolution authorizing the committees of the House and Senate, appointed to investigate the matter of Chinese immigration, to act as a joint special committee.

The House then went into committee on the Texas border trouble bill—Mr. Monroe, of Ohio, in the chair.

The pending question being upon the amendment offered by Mr. Small, of South Carolina, in relation to the withdrawal of troops from South Carolina.

Mr. Hancock, of Texas, offered a substitute for Mr. Small's amendment providing that no part of the troops authorized for the protection of Texas by this act shall be taken from any State where troops are now located. The substitute was adopted.

Mr. Banks, of Massachusetts, offered a substitute for the second section, providing that if, after notice, the government of Mexico shall be unable to prevent incursions, the President may be authorized, if in his judgment it may be deemed necessary, to order troops to follow marauders into Mexico, to recover the booty, but they shall not commit any direct act of war.

Pending further action the committee rose and the House, at 5:10 p. m., adjourned.

The committee of ways and means have completed their amendatory internal revenue bill. There are no alterations in taxes.

The published statement that Avery has been pardoned, is officially denied.

No headway was made to-day on any of the conferences on the several appropriation bills.

Many applications from banks and bankers are received at the Treasury Department for silver in exchange for United States notes, backed up the impression that the silver bill has become a law.

The Secretary of the Treasury considers that the provisions of the silver bill make no regulations to increase the payments as the notes are presented. The silver on hand will soon be exhausted unless the mints at once largely increase the issue.

Weather.—For the Gulf States continued high temperature and southerly winds, stationary or slight rise in barometer and local rains.

TURKEY.

Constantinople, July 18.—The Turkish armies of Nissa, Perat and Belgradia are marching to effect a junction at Alexanitz. The Turkish newspapers an nounce that the Servian General has been dislodged from Bolinaglava and is retreating. The Turks are advancing into Servia.

NEW YORK.

New York, July 18.—A Bismarck, Dacota Territory, dispatch of July 17th, says: Sherman and Sheridan certainly underestimated the strength of the hostile Indians. Sitting Bull's band, before it was joined by Crazy Horse, numbered 1,800 lodges and a fighting force of over 6,000 effective men, and Crazy Horse has proven himself strong enough to defeat Crooke in an engagement without the aid of Sitting Bull. Col Burke, Agent at Standing Rock, who certainly is well informed, and not disposed to exaggerate their strength, estimates the fighting force of the Sioux at 10,000, and it should be remembered that women and children are not an element of weakness, for every nine year old boy will handle a gun, stone ma'let or bow to better advantage than a majority of recruits handle their muskets. The squaws do the camp drudgery and are ready for battle if their services are needed. Sitting Bull's Uncpapas lost one hundred and fifty, and other bands nearly as many, in Custer's fight. The Rees, at Fort Lincoln, mourned several days over Custer's death, cutting themselves with knives, and exhibiting genuine sorrow in other ways peculiar to them.

On Thursday next six companies of the 22d regiment, two companies of the 5th infantry and one hundred recruits for the 7th cavalry will leave here under command of Col. Otis, of the 22d, to reinforce Gen. Terry. So far no troops have gone to his assistance.

The condition of General Custer's widow continues to be alarming. During divine service at her house yesterday she fainted and remained in a swoon for nearly an hour.

C. E. Sanford's brick factory and saw mill, in South Fifth avenue, was damaged $12,000 by fire this morning.

The race for the Bennett Challenge Cup, open to yachts of all nations, to come off next Monday, is attracting considerable interest. A fine race is expected. The course is from Sandy Hook to and around the light ship off Newport and return.

The opening of the dry goods auction sale, set for to day, has been postponed until to-morrow.

ENGLAND.

London, July 18.—The "Hour" says that the free ports bill now before the Italian parliament proposes that within the precincts of Ancona, Genoa, Livarno, Leghorn and other large coast towns, goods may be delivered or consigned with the payment of duties.

Walker & Co., worsted spinners, of Bradford, have failed. Liabilities £650.

Alexander Russell, the noted writer, is dead.

The Globe says that Mr. Francis Hart Dyke, the Procurator General, died yesterday from injuries received by a fall from his horse.

AUSTRIA.

Vienna, July 18.—The Presse says that during the engagement with Insurgent General Paulevitich on the 13th inst., near Kleck, a Turkish man-of-war lying in the harbor fired upon the Insurgents, notwithstanding the protest of the commander of the Austrian man-of-war, stationed there. The Presse says that this is a flagrant violation of Austrian rights.

LOUISIANA.

New Orleans, July 18.—At 8 o'clock last evening as Arthur Morse attempted to mount a car on the road from Lake Ponchartrain to this city at the close of the regatta, he slipped and fell under the platform and a car passed over his neck, cutting his head from the body. The body was brought into the city and an inquest held, and the remains given to A. B. Griswold, his uncle, for interment. The deceased was a son of the late Professor S. B. F. Morse, the inventor of the telegraph system.

MISSOURI.

Kansas City, July 18.—B. J. Franklin has been nominated for Congress by the Democrats of the 8th district.

WANTED—
—FROM—
TEN TO FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS
—OF—
Black Moss,
Delivered at our shops.
Highest market price paid.
AUGS, OHLANDER & SON,
Mattress, Mat'ss and Renovators,
49 Market St., Shops cor. South and McDonough.

BEATTY'S Parlor Organs
Established in 1856.
The best and most lasting parlor organ now in use. No other parlor organ has ever attained the same popularity.
It has been tested by thousands, many of them competent judges, and gives universal satisfaction to all.
The music is adapted to the human voice, ranging from the softest flute-like tone to a volume of sound unsurpassed by any instrument.
This instrument has all the latest improvements, and every organ is fully warranted for six years. Beautiful oil polish, black walnut panel cut cases, which will not crack, warp, shrink or come unglued. Solid iron frames, in addition to which it is an ornament to any room, a beautiful piece of furniture.
This organ needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and is sold at extremely low figures for cash. Second-hand instruments taken in exchange.
Agents wanted, male or female, in every county in the United States and Canada. A liberal discount made to teachers, ministers, churches, schools, lodges, etc., where we have no agents. Illustrated catalogue and price list free. I have no agents. Best offer ever given now ready.
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BEATTY Piano!
GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.
Endorsed by the highest musical authorities throughout the world as THE BEST.
From D. S. Bodine, Stockton, N. J., after receiving a $500 Beatty Piano, says:
"Not only myself and family, but every one who has seen it is satisfied in regard to its superior quality."
From B. H. Cormony, Esq., Chambersburg, Pa.: "The Beatty Piano came to hand a week ago, in good order. It has thus far given entire satisfaction."
H. Holtzburger Tryone, Pa., says:
"The piano came to hand in good order, and proves satisfactory, both in tone and finish."
Agents wanted, male or female. Send for catalogue. Address,
DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington N. J., U. S. A.

$250 A month—Agents wanted everywhere. Business honorable and first class. Particulars and free. Address J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

July 18.—Our market to-day is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary	8½@8¾
Good Ordinary	9¼@—
Strict Good Ordinary	10 @—
Low Middling	10⅝@—
Middling	11¼@—

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.]

Bacon—C R Sides	12½@	12¾
" Shoulders	10¼@	10½
Bulk—C R Sides	11¾@	12
" Shoulders	9¼@	9½
Plain Sugar-cured Hams	— @	—
canv'ed "	15¾@	16¼
Lard—Choice, in tierces	12 @	12½
" " ½ bbls	13 @	13½
" " kegs	14½@	15
" " buckets	3 75 @	3 25
Sugar—Snow White	11 @	—
" W. C	10¾@	10¾
" Y. C	10⅝@	10⅝
" Strictly Choice	10¼@	10⅝
" Prime	9¾@	9¾
" Fair	8¾@	9
Molasses—Choice	65 @	70
" Prime	50 @	55
" Fair	45 @	50
" Common	35 @	40
Coffee—Choice	23 @	—
" Prime	21 @	22½
" Fair	20 @	21½
" Common	20 @	20½
Rice—Choice	8 @	8¾
" Prime	7 @	7¾
" Fair	6¼@	7
Flour—Fancy	8 00 @	8 50
" Choice	7 50 @	7 75
" Family	6 25 @	7 00
" Superfine	5 00 @	5 50
" Common	4 75 @	5 00
Tobacco	42 @	1 00
Whisky—Rectified	1 08 @	1 25
" Bottet Grades	1 50 @	3 50
Wines—Port and Sherry	1 25 @	2 00
" Claret	3 50 @	6 00
Brandies	4 1 25 @	2 50
" French	6 00 @	10 00
" Peach and Apple	2 00 @	3 50
Gin	1 40 @	2 25
Beer in bottles, per doz	1 65 @	1 75
" in kegs	3 50 @	—
Cigars, per thousand	18 00 @	60 00
CASE GOODS—		
Oysters, 1 lb cans, per doz	90 @	1 00
" 2 " " "	1 75 @	2 00
Fresh Peaches, 2 lb cans, per doz	2 00 @	2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case	4 00 @	4 25
" Cherries, "	4 25 @	4 50
Sardines ¼ lb boxes, " "	16 00 @	16 50
Condensed Milk, " "	11 00 @	12 00
Yeast Powders, per doz	2 00 @	2 10
Pickles, gal's, " "	5 00 @	6 00
" ½ " " "	3 75 @	4 50
" ¼ " " "	2 50 @	3 00
" ½ " " "	1 50 @	2 00
Soda, in kegs, " lb	5½@	6
" " bxs, " "	6½@	7½
Potash, " " doz	5 50 @	6 50
Candles, full weight, per lb	16@20	17½
Soaps, " "	5 @	7½
Starch, " "	5½@	6½
Salt, Liverpool, per sack	1 35 @	1 40
" Fine Liverpool, "	1 60 @	—
" Virginia, "	2 10 @	2 25
Drop Shot	2 50 @	—
Buck Shot	2 75 @	—
Powder, " keg	5 75 @	6 25
Nails, standard rate, per keg	3 50 @	—
Snuff—Maccaboy, Lorillard's	80 @	—
" Miller's	75 @	—
" Gail & Ax	75 @	—
" Scotch, per gross	9 00 @	—
" Garrett's, per doz	4 75 @	—
Ink, per case	1 50 @	—
Mustard, per dozen	1 25 @	3 00
Ground Spices	1 00 @	1 25
" Pepper	1 00 @	1 25
" Ginger	1 00 @	1 25
" Allspice	1 00 @	1 25
" Cloves	1 00 @	1 25
" Cinnamon	1 50 @	—
Pereguesia Caps	65 @	85
" G. D. Caps	45 @	—
Toilet Soaps, box	1 75 @	2 25
" " gr. box	50 @	1 00
Pig-tail Tobacco	50 @	60
Tea	75 @	1 25
Wampoo Bitters	6 50 @	—
Diamond Gin	7 50 @	—
Plantation Bitters	8 50 @	—
Hostetter's Bitters	8 50 @	—
Rhine Wines	8 00 @	12 50
Wrapping Paper, Large	75 @	—
" Ex	65 @	—
" Medium	50 @	—
" Small	40 @	—
Nutmegs	1 50 @	—
Brooms	2 25 @	3 50

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

New York, July 18.—Money closed at 2. Gold 111¾. Stocks dull.

COTTON.

Spot cotton today closed easier: Middling Orleans 11 15-16c; middling Alabama, 11¾c; middling upland, 11¾c; strict low middling upland, 11¾; low middling upland, 11 1-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10¾c; good ordinary upland 9 15-16c; ordinary upland, 9 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed weak; sales 7,000 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 25-32@11 15-32
August	11 2 -32@
September	11 7-16@11 15-32
October	11 9-32@
November	11 23-32@11 11-16
December	11 7-32@11 11-16

COTTON MARKETS.

Liverpool, July 18.—Cotton quiet: middling uplands, 6d; middling Orleans, 6 1-8d; sales to-day 6,000 bales, of which 1000 bales are for export and speculation; receipts —— bales, American —— bales.

Savannah, July 18.—Receipts 57, gross 2, exports to Great Britain —; sales 2; stock 1,-4.3c price of middlings, 10⅝c; market quiet.

New Orleans, July 18.—Net receipts 144, gross 171; exports to Great Britain 11.6; coast —; sales 500; stock 52,284 price of middlings 11¼c, low middlings 10¾c, good ordinary 9¾c, market quiet.

Wilmington, July 18—Net receipts : sales —; stock 376; price of middlings 10¾c; market steady.

Mobile, July 18.—Net receipts 8; exports to Great Britain ——, coast 268; sales 200; stock 3,460; price of middlings 10¾c, low middlings 9¾c, good ordinary 8¼c; market weak.

Norfolk, July 18.—Net receipts 9; sales —; stock 2,256; price of middlings 11—c; market quiet.

Galveston, July 18.—Net receipts 69, gross 70; sales 305; stock 5,220; price of middlings 11c; market dull.

Boston, July 18.—Net receipts 184, gross 220, exports to Great Britain ——; sales ——; stock 15,-954; price of middlings 12c; market quiet.

Charleston, July 18.—Net receipts 23; sal s 150; stock 4,310; price of middlings 11¾c; market quiet.

Philadelphia, July 18.—Net receipts 196; gross 219; sales ——; price of middlings 11¾c, market quiet.

Providence, July 18.—Stock 14,000 bales.

Baltimore, July 18.—Net receipts 4, sales 9; stock 3,799; price of middlings 11¾c; market dull.

PROVISION MARKETS.

Chicago, July 18.—Flour quiet, extra $4 25@5 75. Wheat lower, No. 2 spring 92¾c. Corn firm, No. 2 mixed 44¾c, new mixed 43c. Oats dull, No. 2 mixed 28¼c. Rye dull, 62@62½c. Barley dull, 75c. Mess Pork quiet, $19 62—Lard steady, 10½c. Dry Salt Meats quiet, shoulders 8½c, long clear 11¾c. Green Meats quiet and unchanged. Whisky quiet, $1 10¾.

St. Louis, July 18.—Pork dull, $20 25@——. Out meats unchanged. Bacon lower, shoulders 8¼@8½c, clear rib —— clear 10¾@

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 19, 1876.

Railroad Sam Shown Up.

DEMOCRATIC TESTIMONY ON THE GREAT REFORMER—HIS OWN HOUSEHOLD DESERTS HIM.

[From the Brooklyn Argus, Dem.]

Governor Tilden's speech reads beautifully. It is a middle chapter of his volume on "Reform," the preface to which was the paid-for reform advertisements, and the introduction to which was the eight reform planks in the St. Louis platform. Governor Tilden and Talleyrand enjoy the distinction of holding similar views in regard to the use of language. Reform, reform, reform rings out in all of Governor Tilden's campaign documents, from the opening advertisements to the speech of acceptance. But, very singularly, when we look for his expected order to arrest the thieves who stole $2,000,000 from the new capitol building, the impeachment of the officials who liberated Tweed, and for the punishment of the men who have stolen $15,000,000 from the people of this city, we find nothing of the kind. Some may say that Mr. Tilden overlooked these little matters of "reform in detail," and others may say that there is nothing inconsistent in a man with Governor Tilden's antecedents talking and acting in this way. We beg to leave to differ from them. Mr. Tilden is not the man who overlooks details when gathering up the ends of thread leading to success. It is said that his money supplied carriages in over seventeen hundred election districts in this State to bring the "stay at home vote" to the polls in 1874. He did not forget to telegraph the inspectors of every Democratic district, in regard to sending to William M. Tweed, Chairman, the *probable* vote in 1868, immediately after the closing of the polls, by reason of which information the ballot boxes of New York city were stuffed with the requisite number of votes, and Hoffman was counted in over John A. Griswold. No, Mr. Tilden is decidedly a man of detail and a man who knows that the sufferings of the American people at the present time incline them to worship the banner which has "reform" inscribed upon it. We commend him for his sagacity. We have frequently recommended his example in this respect to Governor Hayes as worthy of his emulation.

But when it comes down to the true meaning of the thing, there is not a well informed man in this section of the State who does not believe that Governor Tilden procured his nomination through a bargain with some of the most corrupt ring men out of the State prison. Three of his chosen delegates from this city were men who are now defendants in ring suits for fraud and conspiracy. Others of them are notorious for being the pals, dividers with and abettors of the Albany, the New York and the Brooklyn rings. Every man in Brooklyn knows that a vote for Tilden is a vote for McLaughlin to the Navy Yard, Murphy to the Custom House, Kinsella to the Postoffice, Jacobs to the United States Marshalship, Britton to the District Attorneyship, Fowler to the Collectorship of Internal Revenue, and Kingsley to the Harbor Repairs in general. It is this ticket which the seventy-five thousand electors of Brooklyn are to vote this coming fall. They believe that Mr. Tilden was pledged to prosecute ring men in this State. They knew that he has not attacked the worst of them, and that instead of their being in the docks on his motion, they were his delegates to the St. Louis Convention by his special solicitation. A man elevated to the Presidency upon such shoulders, would not, in the estimation of those who know the facts, be exactly situated to introduce "practical reform." Almost every third man we meet says, "I am going to vote against the Brooklyn ring at any hazard. I voted for Tilden two years ago, but he is now the candidate of the ring, and down he must go; for to elevate these men to Federal power would be equal to surrendering Brooklyn over to plunder." This is not our language, and we, too, supported Mr. Tilden for Governor in 1874, in a county which gave him one third of his entire majority. This is the language of earnest men everywhere to be encountered. It is what they think of Governor Tilden as a "reformer."

Fair Play all Around.

[N. Y. Herald, 15th.]

The N. Y. Times charges that Scott Lord, a Democratic member of the House, suppresses a report exonerating Mr. Hayes, of Alabama, in order that the uncertainty and delay may defeat the nomination of Mr. Hayes. We should regard this as an incredible story if the Times had not printed it. The chivalrous manner in which the Republicans of the House stood by Speaker Kerr should inspire the Democrats to fair play. Mr. Lord should not allow the impression to grow into shape that he is a party to any kind of foul play.

"Dear Tweed."

No. 15 Gramercy Park, }
August 12, 1866—11 A. M. }

My Dear Sir: I decided to go to Philadelphia in the morning, and I shall not be able to see you before I leave. Mr. Richmond is at the St. Nicholas, somewhat ill. If well enough he will come on the 2 P. M. train. Whether he is there to-day or not, I hope you will not fail to be in Philadelphia. Very truly, your friend, S. J. Tilden.

Hon. Wm. M. Tweed.

O dear no, Mr. Tweed! *Don't* fail, for the Lord's sake!

The malady has broken out again in a more dangerous form than ever. The last raving is this:

Vote, brothers, vote with care,
Vote for the brave old Governaire,
Vote for Hayes and Bill Wheelaire.

The Democratic party of Indiana which has just had to remove from its ticket for State officers four candidates for the Supreme Court on account of corruption, makes a bold outcry for "reform" as a national issue!

The Democratic Reformer.—I think he [Tilden] cannot carry New York. Those who claim that he is unassailable do not know him, or, if they do, then they are quite as dishonest as he is. He has been counsel for all the broken-down corporations with which New York has been afflicted for a long term of years, and out of them he has not come with clean hands.—August Belmont.

Consider this fact: For two years' service as attorney, the bankrupt Erie Railway Company paid Samuel J. Tilden $1,000,000. This was in 1867 and 1868, when Jim Fisk and Jay Gould had their clutch on the throat of the Erie road, and needed the fox-like cunning of Tilden to help them fight away the rightful owners of the property. What do the honest, hard working people of the country say to this kind of business? Do they think that a lawyer can earn $500,000 a year by legitimate service? Is this the popular model of a reformer, a man who will become the advocate and confederate of two such thieves as Fisk and Gould, and receive as the price of his service half a million dollars a year? Compared with that one episode of Tilden's life all that the wildest Democrat has ventured to charge against Mr. Blaine is trivial and innocent.—Cleveland Leader.

TILDEN AND TWEED.

The Twin Leaders of the New York Democracy.

THE STORY OF THEIR CONNECTION UNWILLINGLY TOLD—THE GOVERNOR'S "DEAR FRIEN.)" OF TEN YEARS AGO—FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR THE CAMPAIGN OF 1868 FOR A MAN OF "MODERATE MEANS"—HOW TILDEN HELPED TO BUILD UP THE INFLUENCE OF TWEED.

From the New York Times, July 7th.

On the 28th of February last Governor Tilden was examined as a witness in the suit of the people against Tweed. The following transcript from the stenographer's notes of the trial will help to illustrate the relations which the Chairman of the Democratic State Committee maintained with the "Boss" thief in the day of his power. The studious efforts of Governor Tilden, on his cross examination, to conceal the truth, are as instructive as the deliberate attempt made in the biography which his agents delivered to the press to substitute deliberate falsehood for the truth of history:

CROSS EXAMINATION.

By Mr. Field—Q. When did your acquaintance with Mr. Tweed begin?

A. I really can't tell. I knew him slightly some time while he was Street Commissioner.

Q. How many years ag.?

A. I think he was appointed by Mayor Opdyke, or rather Deputy Street Commissioner—about twelve years ago. I do not exactly recollect when I first met him.

Q. That was about 1864?

A. I am not positively certain about the time.

Q. From that time did your acquaintance with him increase?

A. Perhaps so.

Q. How in fact?

A. I should think I knew him rather more afterward than I did the first year or two of my acquaintance with him. I never knew him much.

Q. Your relations were not at all close, then?

A. No, never.

Q. They were rather distant, I suppose?

A. Well they were reserved.

Q. He was a man of very great political influence, was he not?

A. At one time.

Q. How early did that begin?

A. I don't think he had much political influence until after he got control of the Street Commissioner's office, then it gradually grew.

Q. That, you think, was about 1866—1864, I mean?

A. 1864: Mr. Eward Ewing was appointed Street Commissioner and Mr. Tweed his Deputy; I speak only from recollection.

Q. He was successively Alderman and member of Congress?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. And a member of the State Senate, and a member of the National Democratic Committee, and so on?

A. He never was a member of the National Committee.

Q. But he held those offices I have spoken of?

A. He held those offices.

Q. Do you remember how long he was in Congress?

A. I should think one term.

Q. How long was he in the State Senate?

A. I should think two terms.

Q. Was he not in the State Senate when you were in the Assembly?

A. No; he was elected at the same time I was elected to the Assembly the last time, in 1871, but he did not go there.

Q. Were you not in the Assembly in 1870?

A. No, sir—1872—I was elected in the fall of 1871.

Q. Did he become after 1864 a man of great political influence?

A. He became about 1869 a man of great political power.

Q. Not before.

A. 1868 or 1869.

Q. He had a large number of adherents, had he not?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. A man who attracted to himself a very large circle of supporters?

A. He had a large following at one time.

Q. It continued from 1864?

A. Not so early as that.

Q. From the time it began as you have described it up to 1871?

No answer.

Q. How is it—did it continue up to that time?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. You did not answer my question and I thought you were waiting.

A. I did not understand it as a question.

Q. During this time did he have the control of what was called Tammany Hall?

A. I can't fix the date. He had control of Tammany Hall for several years.

Q. Were there two factions of the Democratic party, one of which was headed by him—or, if the word faction does not express it exactly, two fragments—I use the word fragments?

A. I don't know exactly what you mean by that—two parties running different tickets?

Q. Were there two fragments of the Democratic party which were struggling to get control of Tammany Hall?

A. Not at this time.

Q. For a portion of the time?

A. Occasionally. There was in the spring of 1870.

Q. Mr Tweed was the head of one, and somebody else led the other; was it not so?

A. There was a contest in the spring of 1871.

Q. During the period of his power I think you said he was not a member of the Democratic National Committee?

A. Never, I think.

Q. Look at that letter and tell me on what occasion it was written. [Producing a paper to the witness.]

Mr. Carter—Is it an original letter?

Mr. Field—An original letter from Mr. Tilden to Mr. Tweed, asking him to attend the National Democratic Committee or Convention.

The Witness—It does not ask him to do anything of the kind.

Q. We will see what it is, at all events.

A. The best way to ascertain what it is, is to read.

The counsel read the letter in evidence in the words following:

My Dear Sir.—The National Committee meet at the Metropolitan Hotel, in Washington, on the 25th of February, at 12 o'clock. Yours, etc., S. J. Tilden.

Hon. Wm. M. Tweed.

Q. What is the word there before the date?

A. Saturday morning, I think, February 15, 1868.

Q. Will you state for what purpose, if he was not a member of the committee, you wrote him that note?

A. I remember Mr. Belmont, who was President of the National Committee, pressed me very strongly to go there in 1868 to attend the meeting on the 8th of January, and I did. I presume Mr. Tweed must have asked me to send him word when that meeting would take place, or something of that sort, and I did it. I have no recollection now.

Q. Look at that note also, and see if it is a note you wrote him. [Producing a paper to the witness.]

A. That appears to be my handwriting.

Mr. Carter—Let me see it a moment, please.

Plaintiff's counsel examines the paper, which is handed to the witness to examine.

Mr. Carter—Do you perceive no relevancy in these notes whatever—it appears to be a private correspondence upon matters—

A. I have objection to that coming in.

Mr. Carter—With the Governor's consent, we are not inclined to make any objection ourselves.

Defendant's counsel reads the letter in evidence in the words following:

"No. 15 Gramercy Park,
August 12, 1866—11 A. M.

My Dear Sir: I decided to go to Philadelphia in the morning, and shall not be able to see you before I leave. Mr. Richmond is at the St. Nicholas, somewhat ill. If well enough he will come on the 2 p. m. train. Whether he is there, to-day, or not, I hope you will not fail to be in Philadelphia. Very truly, Your friend, S. J. Tilden.

Hon. Wm. M. Tweed.

Q. That, you perceive is in 1866, August 12, so at that time you must have been in relations with him, at all events, that would justify such a correspondence. While I am about it I will show you another letter and ask you if that is one you wrote to him [producing another paper to witness]?

A. That is in my handwriting.

The letter is shown to plaintiff's counsel, after which it is read by defendant's counsel, in the words following:

Hon. W. M. Tweed:

My Dear Sir—I beg to present to your attention the case of Mr. Samuel Allen, a very old friend of ours, and is in great need of a small appointment under your department, for which he has applied. He would be content with something for a time of not a very high rank. You know him so well that I need add nothing. He used to be a very efficient and useful worker, and is an entirely reliable man, and I should be personally glad if you can help him.

Truly yours, S. J. Tilden.

During the time when these letters were written, was Mr. Tweed exerting more influence on the fortunes of the Democratic party?

A. He was in 1868, as far as the city was concerned—less in 1866. He was gaining a good deal of power in the meantime. Perhaps it is fair to state that I do not know whether he appointed Mr. Allen. I do not think in the whole of his career I ever made a request for more than three appointments.

Q. Do you think that is necessary?

A. I think so. It is evidently the object to introduce testimony that has no earthly connection with the case.

Q. Do you think it is desirable to show the relations of a witness with a party in this case?

A. The witness has no objection to being examined as fully as you please.

Q. So I supposed. Were you Chairman of the Democratic State Committee for a long period?

A. I became Chairman in 1866.

Q. And continued up to what time?

A. Up to 1874.

Q. During that time was Mr. Tweed frequently consulted and applied to for contributions, to the committees?

A. Not very much.

Q. Did he make large contributions to that committee while you were at its head?

A. He did not.

Q. Did he make any?

A. I suppose he made some.

Q. Did he make any through you?

A. Very little, if at all.

Q. Any; do you remember any?

A. I do not remember; I remember the general fact; I should think if, during the whole period, he would make an account to the committee, it would be found that he had made more bills against it than contributions to it.

Q. He made more bills against than contributions to it?

A. Mr. Tweed did not get to be a rich man until quite lately.

Q. I will come to that by and by; is that one of the checks that passed through your hands at that time? [Producing a check to the witness.]

A. That is a check in 1868.

Q. Is it a check that passed through your hands at the time?

A. It appears so.

Q. Was there another check of the same amount?

A. I do not remember.

Q. Will you not say whether there was another check?

A. I do not think there was.

The check is offered in evidence, and is marked defendant's exhibit, February 28, 1876, and is in the words following:

New York, September 8, 1868.

The National Broadway Bank will pay to the order of William M. Tweed $5,000.

William M. Tweed.

Indorsed.

Pay S. J. Tilden or order.

William M. Tweed.

For deposit in North America.—S. J. Tilden.

Q. Will you refresh your memory and say whether or not you recall the fact that he did at or about the same time give to you for the same purpose another check for the same amount?

A. I can not say but I do not think he did; I could tell you by referring to my books.

Q. At that time, Mr. Tilden—or Governor—of course you supposed Tweed was contributing this money out of his own resources?

A. I did.

Q. You then supposed him to be a man of very considerable property.

A. I think in 1868 he got to be pretty well off.

Q. He was a man reputed to be rich at that time?

A. 1868.

Q. He was reported to be a man of large property in 1868?

A. I do not think he was reputed to have very much property in 1868.

Q. He was reputed to be a man of large means—considerable means. This was during the Seymour campaign?

A. Yes, Sir; but I think it was rather in aid of Mr. Hoffman.

Q. Was there not at or about that time a difficulty between you and Mr. Tweed in respect to an alleged contribution to that campaign?

A. No.

Q. I was going to be more specific in my question. Did he not claim, he and Sweeny, that you three had each engaged to contribute $15,000 more, and that they two had paid $10,000—paid the whole and asked you to pay more?

A. No, Sir.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the Alabama State Journal in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the State Journal to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the State Journal throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the State Journal for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the State Journal for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

The Titusville Courier, "the only Democratic daily in Northwestern Pennsylvania," persistently refuses to put up the names of Tilden and Hendricks, and is as silent as the grave on the Presidential question.

Union Republican Ticket.



FOR GOVERNOR:

C. C. SHEATS, of Morgan.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:

THOS. T. ALLINGTON, of Lauderdale.

FOR AUDITOR:

GEORGE P. PLOWMAN, of Talladega.

FOR TREASURER:

BENJ. M. LONG, of Walker.

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL:

ROBT S. REPLIN, of Randolph.

FOR SUPT OF EDUCATION:

P. J. GLOVER, of Marengo.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:

L. C. COULSON, of Jackson,
CHAS. E MAYER, of Mobile.

District Electors.

First District—Lon H Mayer of Mobile.

Second District—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.

Third District—P G Clarke of Barbour.

Fourth District—J T Rapier of Lowndes.

Fifth District—S S Booth of Autauga.

Sixth District—A B Hays, of Winston.

Seventh District—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.

Eighth District—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

Regular State Executive Committee.

Chas E Mayer Chairman; George Turner, Secretary.

First District—C S Wood, Allen Alexander.

Second District—William M Loftin, Frenchard Gray.

Third District—W H Black, Philip King.

Fourth District—M G Candee, H Cochran.

Fifth District—Wm J Boon, J H Alston.

Sixth District—Charles Hays, C C Sheats.

Seventh District—Arthur Bingham, H L Watlington.

Eighth District—George E. Spencer, Z E Thomas.

Regular Ticket of Montgomery County.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

Charles Steele.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

T. C. Bingham, W. H. Crusius,
J. K. Greene, J. K. P. Lucas.

Regular County Executive Committee.

Paul Strobach, Chairman. T. C. Bingham, Secretary.

Clark Evans,	Charles Loper,
W. M. Loftin,	Geo. Allen,
W. J. Maxwell,	Ab. Davis,
Wm. Antiony,	Br. McDaniel,
Thos. Oliver,	Chas. Johnson,
Aug. Montgomery,	Jos. Barnett,
Randall Chilton,	Parrish Phillips,
John Breckenridge.	

PLATFORM

—OF THE—

REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections State and Federal, announce as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men as the fundamental principle of our government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperiling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the cordial recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing intolerance, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and action, in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and antipathies, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the States and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one as indestructible, the other as indissoluble.

5th. The preservation and maintainance of the Republican party in the Southern States, as a safeguard against sectionalism, and the strongest guaranty of an inviolate union.

Resolved 1st, That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has carried the nation through a period of unprecedented difficulties and trials with safety and success, and has won for the President a renown as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd, That we deplore the divisions in our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies, and that now, as in the past, we are ready and desirous of healing these divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse to its energies or hope to its future, since the war, and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

Alex White, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 15th, 1876.)

When, in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved these governments to the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed." Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously enforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitutional amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts of its purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin. Commercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and perpetuance, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the many important amendments effected by Republican Legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congress to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who periled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We utter here note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts as its chief hope of success on the electoral vote of a united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation; we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil the national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason; with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes; with reasserting and applauding in the National Capitol the sentiments of unrepented rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan mismanagement and obstruction of investigation; with proving itself, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and immense services in war and in peace.

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Harper's Bazar.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

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The Bazar commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by its fashion-plates in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patterns for the children's clothes, to paterfamilias by the tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing gowns. But the reading matter of the Bazar is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—N. Y. Evening Post.

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AT 8.55 A. M.

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STATIONS.	ARRIVE.	LEAVE.
Atlanta	.....	10 25 P M
Red Oak	10 45	11 05
Fairburn	11 01	11 06
Palmetto	11 24	11 25
Newnan	11 41	12 01
Grantville	.....	12 05 A M
Hogansville	12 20	12 21
Lagrange	12 36	12 37
Whitesville	12 50	12 51
Shiloh	1 07	1 18
West Point	1 44	1 44
Fairfax	2 04	2 31
Langdale	2 20	2 31
West Point	2 30	.....

Passenger Train—North.

West Point	.....	12 15 P M
Langdale	12 31	12 38
Fairfax	12 47	1 03
Whitesville	1 01	1 02
Shiloh	1 16	1 53
Hogansville	2 08	2 09
Lagrange	2 24	2 25
Grantville	.....	2 40
Newnan	2 45	3 02
Palmetto	3 17	3 18
Fairburn	3 34	3 37
Red Oak	3 50	3 52
Atlanta	4 10	.....

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DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 19, 1876.

MY NAME'S SAM TILDEN.

A SUGGESTION FOR A DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN SONG.

Air—"My Name is Jake Keyser."

My name is Sam Tilden;
I'm thoroughly skilled in
All the tricky, slippery ways.
In New York I was brought up
To be a lawyer;
An regularly taught up
In the sharpest and trickest ways."

Chorus—
O, I'm going to be a reformer,
I am bound to be a reformer,
I'll be a reformer or die,
There's no use a talking,
Just dry up your squawking,
For a red-hot reformer am I.

To beat me in convention,
Every sort of prevention
In vain John Kelly did try;
In vain Jake Harney by the barrel,
His "financiers" to rearer all,
And "statesmen" I could calmly defy.

Chorus—
I'm bound to be a reformer, etc.

Here's health to Hayes and sure success,
Prosperity and peace and happiness,
Long may he shall now our watchword be.
Here's health to Hayes and honesty!
Should any man this toast decry,
Should any man this toast deny,
Down among the dead men let him lie!

When traitor hands our flag assailed,
His wrongs and courage never failed;
Full well he fought, well he can fight,
Hayes our glory shall restore,
Should any man this toast deny,
Down among the dead men let him lie!
—New York Graphic.

A TILDEN CAMPAIGN SONG.

Push them, push them well to the front,
Push them, push them well to the front,
Push them, push them well to the front,
Push them, push them well to the front,
Push them, push them well to the front,
Push them, push them well to the front,
Push them, push them well to the front,
Push them well to the front.

Push them, puff with cure,
New York Governator,
Push nice cents for spotted natt-ire,
Push five cents for original manure,
Push a quill for the editorate,
Push the dollars, put 'em here,
Push the New York treasurer.
—New York Mail.

Tilden on Governmental Reform.

From the New York Times.]

"Reform is necessary" are the opening words of five out of the seven resolutions constituting the St. Louis platform. These words are Tilden's mark. Gen. James W. Singleton, of Illinois, a man who has long been prominent in the Democratic councils of that State, said to the reporter of the Quincy Whig, in response to an inquiry: "Tilden will be badly beaten. No one who is an honest man at heart ever wrote that platform. It was prepared for the express purpose of deceiving the people. It is a studied deception and fraud, and it cannot win." We propose to prove that all that portion of the aforesaid platform which has any significance or interest to the nation at large was provided ready cooked by the "reformer who heads the Democratic ticket. No quick-witted man, who fails to see beyond his nose, can read the concluding twenty-eight pages of Gov. Tilden's last annual Message, especially when compared with the platform. We will not acknowledge that the Message and the platform are the work of the same party, and that the platform includes Message.

The demagogue, whether he wears broadcloth or travels in his shirt-sleeves, makes facts and twists figures in order to make them lie, may do his work with consummate cunning, but resort to the trick nearly betrays poor judgment. Such tricksters can easily be detected by consulting original sources of information, and when the subject matter of the document involves only so simple a matter as the aggregate yearly expenditure of the Government, a resort to fabrication is fatal to a man who has any character to lose. This much by way of preface to the following extract from page 10 of Gov. Tilden's last annual Message:

PRESENT SCALE OF GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURE.

The extravagance of our Governmental administration is illustrated by a comparison of the public expenditures of 1870, five years after the close of the war, with those of 1860 and 1850:

Taxes in the United States.

	1850. Gold.	1860. Gold.	1870. Currency.
Federal	$23,000,000	$80,000,312	$411,000,000
State and town	$25,000,000	94,186,746	280,501,521
Total	$48,000,000	$174,186,858	$ 691,501,521
Population	23,191,876	31,443,321	38,558,371
Taxes per head			
[illegible]	$2 07	$ 5 54	$ 17 93
[illegible]	1 03	2 66	7 24
	$3 10	$ 8 20	$ 25 17

AGGREGATE TAXATION OF ELEVEN YEARS.

The aggregate Federal taxation of the eleven years now closing, computed in currency, from the official statements, is more than $4,500,000,000. The local taxation, assuming the census statement for 1870 as an average, is more than $3,000,000,000. The aggregate taxation exceeds $7,500,000,000.

In the platform the above extract from the Message takes the following shape, and we call attention to the fact that the statistical and other matter in the resolution is exactly the same as that in the Message. Nothing material is either added or omitted:

"Reform is necessary in the scale of public expense, Federal, State, and Municipal. Our Federal taxation has swollen from $300,000,000 in gold in 1860 to $600,000,000 in currency in 1870; our aggregate taxation from $154,000,000 in gold in 1860 to $730,000,000 in currency in 1870; or in one decade from less than $8 per head to more than $18 per head. Since the peace the people have paid to their tax gatherers more than thrice the sum of the national debt, and more than twice that sum for the Federal Government alone. We demand a vigorous frugality in every department and from every officer of the Government."

Reform may be necessary, but so many falsehoods as are embodied in the above statements are entirely unnecessary. We invite attention to a few of them.

1. Expenditures and taxes are not precisely the same thing. In his Message the crafty Governor first gives notice to the reader by a prominent head-line that he is about to give the *present* scale of Governmental *expenditure*. He next speaks of the extravagance of Governmental *consumption*, which is, indeed, the grand central point, or sun, about which everything else in his Message is made to revolve. The terrific cost of the Government and his consummate ability as a reformer make the key-note of his campaign. In the third line he speaks again of the comparison of public *expenditures* that he is going to make. Likewise, in the resolution we are told that "Reform is necessary" in the scale of public *expense*. And what after all this parade of *present expenditure*, does he give us? Instead of telling us of the present, he steps back no less than six years years, because the revenue—not the expenditure—happened to be large that year. He comes in the year 1850, not because the figures help him at all in making his point, but to make people think the 1870 fell in naturally.

2. Now, it was just as easy to give the expenditures as the income, but if he had so done, he could not have made his point, and for this reason, *because the expenditures of the Government, the interest and redemption of the public debt being excluded in both cases as not consumed by the wants of the Government, were greater in 1850 than the revenue from taxes, while in 1870 they were ONE THIRD PART* of $730,000,000 *he puts down for the former.*

3. The expenditures of 1870, exclusive of interest on the debt and the sum devoted to the purchase and cancelation of bonds, were $104,421,507. Those of 1860, exclusive of the same items, were $60,-606,775. But the expenditures of 1870 included twenty-eight millions paid for pensions and other large outgoes brought on us by the war. Much more might be said on this point.

Gov. Tilden in his annual message harps for twenty pages on the Governmental consumption, meaning that the Postmasters, office-holders, clerks, &c., are eating the people out of house and home. Of the tax-eaters who consume the interest paid on the public debt, Samuel J. Tilden himself is one, and we, for our part, strongly remonstrate against counting his outlays this year as a portion of our "Governmental consumption" or expenditure. We have shown that he has, both in his message and in his platform, deliberately multiplied the aggregate expenditures of the Government by three, and we leave the reader to form his own opinion of the merits of this method of fabricating messages, platforms, and statistics.

National Republican Platform Adopted at Cincinnati, June, 1876.

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league.

2. The work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. To every American citizen, complete liberty and exact equality.

4. Steady progress towards specie payment.

5. Appointments selected with sole reference to efficiency and faithful service to the country.

6. Punishment to all who betray official trust.

7. The Public School system is the bulwark of the American republic, and for its security the application of public funds to sectarian schools should be forbidden.

8. Revenue must be derived from duties on importation.

9. No grants of public lands to corporations and monopolies.

10. The same protection to adopted American citizens as to native-born.

11. Duty of Congress to investigate the Chinese puzzles.

12. Woman's rights to be respected.

13. Polygamy to be prohibited and extirpated.

14. The nation's pledges to soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled.

15. The Democratic party count on a united South arrayed against the nation.

16. The Democratic party is the same in character and spirit as when in sympathy with treason.

17. Hearty gratitude of the American people to President Grant and his administration, and for his immense services in war and in peace.

THE MILD POWER CURES

HUMPHREYS'

HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS

Been in general use for twenty years. Everywhere proved the most SAFE, SIMPLE, CERTAIN and EFFICIENT medicines known. They are just what the people want, saving time and money averting sickness and suffering. Each single specific is the well tried prescription of an eminent physician.

Nos.	Cures.	Cents.
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2.	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic,	50
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Harley's Com. Syrup Sarsaparilla, with or without Iod. Potash	7 75	7 50
Harley's Ague Tonic	7 00	6 50
Harley's Popular Worm Candy	1 35	14 25
Harley's Stomach Bitters	7 25	7 00
Seabrook's Infant Soothing Syrup	1 00	10 00
Seabrook's Elix. Pyrophos. Iron and Calasaya	7 50	7 00
Bottinger's English Horse Liniment	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Horse Condition Powder	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Chicken Cholera Powder	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Hog Cholera Powder	3 00	30 00
S. & Co's Extract Jamaica Ginger, 2 oz.	1 75	18 00
S. & Co's Compound Syrup Liquidamber	3 50	37 50
S. & Co's Jackson's Pectoral Syrup	3 50	37 50
S. & Co's Magic Kid Glove Cleaner	1 75	18 00
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4 oz, 2 doz in box, per doz	1 10
½ pint, 1 doz in box, per doz	2 50
1 pint, 1 doz in box, per doz	4 00
1 quart, 1 doz in box, per dozen	6 00
1 pt copying 1 doz in box, per doz	3 50
1 qt copying, 1 doz in box, per doz	7 00
2 oz, Black Ink, 4 doz in box, per doz	45
4 oz, Black Ink, 2 doz in box, per doz	70

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2 oz Cork, 1 dozen in box	$1 25
4 oz Cork, 1 dozen in box	2 50
2 oz Glass Stopper, 1 dozen in box	2 50
4 oz Glass Stopper, 1 dozen in box	3 50

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4 oz, 1 dozen in box	1 25
8 oz, 1 dozen in box	2 50

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12 ounce, 1 dozen in box	1 10	12 00

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Fifteen to Fifty per cent Cheaper than Others

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Bonds $20 Each.

The Industrial Exhibition Company will furnish agents with Circulars, etc., etc.

Each newspaper published in the town where agent is located will, as soon as agency is established, be given an advertisement, advertising such agency and the company, and fully explaining the plans, purposes and objects of the company. Such advertisement will continue in such papers as long as agency is successfully conducted.

The Industrial Exhibition Company is the first to adopt the plan or law in use by the European governments of issuing bonds which can be pledged as collateral in case of need, but which there is a chance for a large premium, an investment of $20 is sure to return to the investor $21—one dollar or more than cost—and the holder of a $20 bond may obtain a premium either of $50, $100, $250, $500, $1,000, $5,000, $10,000, $25,000 or $100,000. The interest which is ordinarily distributed to all the holders pro rata, on this loan dispensed with by chance. The purchaser of a bond knows he will receive back his investment, with a small rate of interest added, and in consideration of taking this small rate of interest, he has a chance in the above named premiums, which are simply the distribution of interest on the whole loan.

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Every American who understands the purposes of this company will, of a necessity, feel a pride in aiding it to a successful termination.

Each individual who buys a bond becomes an owner and an interested party, and when he views the structure erected with his money can say, I aided to erect in our country the finest amusement building the world has ever seen, a palace which, in truth, represents the industry, energy and mechanical genius of the American people."

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1 Cash Prize of	$100,000
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51,025 Cash Prizes amounting to	$350,000

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REDUCED TO A CERTAINTY.

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DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 19, 1876.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MONTGOMERY, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T. C. Bingham will be paid by us. T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,

dtf. —Proprietors.

IT'S wet when it's sweat.

COLD Comfort—Claret punch.

Now is an excellent time to make haste slowly.

IT is a bad night when mosquitoes can not sleep.

MOVING for a new trial—Courting a second wife.

In obtaining cool drinks the wise man fits himself to an ice tea.

POETS are now more troubled with perspiration than inspiration.

WHEN wrestling with green apples man forgets his pride of birth.

PERSONAL.—Col. W. W. D. Turner, of Mobile, was in the city yesterday.

WARM reception—The arms of Morpheus, with the thermometer at 90°.

THE man who was a little under the weather yesterday found it warm.

THE watering place wardrobe must include a piazza costume, whatever that is.

THE most popular airs for watering place bands are the cool airs from the Gulf.

JULY was named after Julius Cæsar, and is as warm as the place where J. C. went to.

WHEN the thermometer is quoted at 97 degrees there is not much discount on the weather.

A GENTLEMAN assures us that in 1816 there was a heated term which was quite equal to the present.

MR. H. FREIBERG is visiting the Centennial. Several Montgomerians are doing the same thing.

THE young gentleman who asks if we know of an effectual depilatory, is respectfully referred to Sitting Bull.

YOUNG men ask for "Crooked" no longer. They lay down their fifteen cents and demand "a Sitting Bull horn."

IN the police court yesterday two or three cases were disposed of, the city exchequer being slightly illuminated thereby.

THE splendid little steamer Lula D arrived from below yesterday morning, and departed in the evening on her return to Mobile.

PERSONS whose ears are sensitive to cold will find relief by bathing them every morning in a little water and alcohol.

WE have heard nothing of those barbecues lately, which we were told sometime ago would enliven the canvass in this county.

IT is not healthy to have a fire in your sleeping-room. If you suffer from cold feet, wrap them up in old newspapers before retiring.

THAT was a delightful shower we were blessed with yesterday, and strange as it may seem, it was not near so warm after the shower as it was before.

THE Alabama river is in first rate boating order now, and the steamboats which ply between here and Mobile find no difficulty whatever in making trips.

THE nights are dark now, and the festive chicken thief skips about gaily in the suburbs, and proceeds to investigate the condition of the coops he noses out.

FROST-BITTEN feet and fingers should never be put into warm water. Soak them in the coldest water you can get—snow is better—untie the frost is removed.

IN order to enjoy a sleigh-ride, get your feet thoroughly warm before starting, and put on heavy woolen stockings. Cold feet destroy the whole pleasure of the trip.

"WOULD you take me for twenty?" said a young lady, who looked much younger. "Bless you, my child," said an admiring bachelor, "I would take you for life."

THE U. S. Marshal's office is the coolest place in the city, in the forenoon. The breeze that fans the fevered brow over there is delightfully refreshing these warm days.

THE hotel registers show a constant stream of travel Centennialward. The Exchange and the Madison both seem to be in a flourishing condition, which we are much pleased to note.

THERE is no telling how soon some poor fellow will break his neck on the Perry street sidewalks. It is not safe to be too unanimous on the sidewalks of that street on a dark night.

IT is simply an invitation to death for a woman to go out of a heated ball-room without something around her.—Exchange.

And if she is a pretty woman it is quite unnecessary. Material is always at hand.

IT is curious to remember that the snow, so associated in our minds with cold, actually serves as bed-clothes to the winter-wheat, rotecting it in the most severe weather.

WHEN potatoes and apples freeze in the cellar, people are apt to attribute it to the extremely cold weather, when no infrequently it arises from looseness in the fitting of the cellar windows.

A LOAD of peaches from Elmore was offered for sale on the streets yesterday, at the rate of three dollars per bushel. At this price but few of our citizens will be likely to indulge this luxury.

THE friends and acquaintances of Cadet (Midshipman) John Powell Arnold and Major D. S. Arnold and family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services of the former, at the residence of Major Arnold, on Lawrence street, this morning at half after eight o'clock.

CORONER BLUE has been busily engaged for some time. His office is a most unpleasant one, but he manages to discharge the duties thereof with an equanimity which is wonderful these hot days.

"CLARENCE, you've got a real kind heart," gratefully observed a young lady on the cars to a sallow-faced youth as he dropped a prize package of pop corn in her lap. "Yes, Mary, my heart's all right," he sadly replied, "what I want is a new liver."

SINCE this warm spell began we notice the wheelbarrow fiend everywhere has concluded to suspend operations. Even the heavenly strains of the hand organ are mute in the presence of Old Sol's intensity of indignation.

WE are glad to learn that the crops in Montgomery and adjoining counties are, as yet, generally free from the destructive insects which depredate upon cotton. If our farmers can escape these pests for a time the crop will get beyond them, and they will not be able to do much injury.

THE New Orleans Republican, with evident delight says:

There is no law which compels one to eat oysters in Orgust.

THAT witty paragraphist has found out something. He says:

The Democrats of Alabama have nominated a Limestone man for Governor.

NUMBERS of boys of tender age go in bathing every evening near the wharf. Some of these boys are entirely too young to be allowed free access to the river. It is a wonder that some of them have not lost their lives ere this. Parents should be careful during this oppressively warm weather that their children do not remain in the water for any considerable length of time.

THERE are fewer houses to rent in Montgomery just now, than for several years past at the same period. We note it as one of the evidences of our returning prosperity that rents are lower and there are fewer houses for rent than for the past four years, at this period. Any one who will take the trouble to walk about the city will be convinced that there is not near so much stagnation as there really appears to be.

LITERARY circles are discussing the question whether a hen sets or sits. The character of a hen's bustle would seem to prevent setting down for relaxation on anything but the hollow side of a quart bowl, and as we never saw one lean back and put her feet on the mantlepiece and spit on the stove, we do not feel that she knows how to sit properly in the American manner. This may be mere casuistry, but it looks as if the lay of the matter was in favor of a hen setting.

THE Texas Legislature recently passed a bill which makes it a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of $100, for a person to use profane language within hearing of any private dwelling. A man's mule got hanky in a Texas town the other day, and the man got mad. The animal would start off suddenly, run about twenty yards, and then stop fifteen minutes to survey the neighborhood, and before the man got out of town he owed the authorities $50,000. He told them they might take the mule and call it square.

A VALUABLE RECIPE.—At the request of a correspondent the New York Journal of Commerce republishes the famous formula of the so-called "Sun cholera mixture," which many years ago proved so efficacious. The following is the prescription: Tinct. opii, tinct. capsici, tinct. rhei co., tinct. menth-pip., tinct. campho. Mix equal parts each. In plain English, says the Baltimore Sun, it consists of equal parts of tincture of opium, red pepper, rhubarb, peppermint and camphor, and the Journal says it is the best remedy extant for summer complaint, diarrhœa, cramps in the bowels and similar ailments, and affords almost instant relief. The dose is from three to ten drops for a child, according to age, and ten to thirty drops for an adult, according to the severity of the attack.

THE INDIAN BATTLEFIELD.—As a number of our readers have requested us to state in the JOURNAL the exact locality of General Custer's gallant fight with the Indians, we have condensed from the reports thereof, particulars sufficient to enable them to form a tolerable correct idea of the locality.

The ground upon which General Custer and his regiment were slaughtered on the 25th of June, is in the southern part of Montana and was formerly occupied by the Crow Indians, while at the present time, the Ecotaths or Nadowessans, the chief tribe of the Sioux family, are roaming there. They are the proudest and most warlike Indians in the country, and have proved this in their fierce defence of the Black Hills against the white emigrants, and now, with extreme fierceness in the literal annihilation of an excellent General and his entire command. They are supposed to number about five thousand warriors, more or less, and are the most intelligent of all Indians now living, excellent horsemen, skilful hunters and very dangerous enemies.

General Custer's battlefield is on the point, crossed by 45½ degrees of northern latitude, and 107½ degrees of western longitude, counting from Greenwich. It can be best found by tracing the Missouri river; then on the boundary of Dacota and Montana, the Yellowstone river, the principal tributary of the Missouri, coursing to its right, then the Big Horn river, the largest tributary of the Yellowstone. The Big Horn flows almost directly from South to North, and is navigable sometimes as far up as Port C. F. Smith. It receives on the right, shortly before it enters into the Yellowstone, the Tullock's creek, the headwaters of which Gen. Custer was to explore. A little farther up, the Big Horn receives the Little Horn, which comes from the Big Horn mountains. On the right bank of the Little Horn, about midway between its mouth and source, General Custer was slaughtered together with his companies.

A SAD DEATH.—We are pained to announce this morning, the very sudden and unexpected death, yesterday, of Mr. John P. Arnold, son of our respected fellow citizen, Maj. D. S. Arnold. The young man had but recently returned to the city, on a visit, from the United States Naval Academy, at Annapolis, Maryland. He was a most promising youth and possessed the confidence and respect of all who knew him. Being a young man of promising parts, he succeeded in making a fine impression upon the officers and cadets of the Naval school, and a bright future seemed to be in store for him. Verily "in the midst of life we are in death." During the day yesterday, the body lay in state, at the residence of Maj. Arnold, a detachment of Greys acting as a guard of honor. The funeral services will take place this morning, and the Military companies of the city will attend under arms.

Cotton and Cotton Goods.

A MANUFACTURER'S VIEWS UPON THE SITUATION.

JULY 18, 1876.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE JOURNAL: In your excellent journal of a recent date, you have a somewhat extended article under the above caption:

First—Going to show that the present growing crop of cotton—here in this country—is liable to be the largest ever made, and, as a consequence, the price must rule very low when it comes to market. You infer from this that the manufacturer may hope for cheap stock (cotton) to supply his mills and save him from the ruin that now stares him in the face.

Second—You declare that the present production of the mills (with a less supply of stock, or cotton), is overflowing the market with goods. Now a lower price for cotton will impoverish our Southern friends—the planters—and the conversion of this greatest crop ever made will only stuff the markets of the world to a more disastrous degree.

I have seen it announced somewhere in your columns "that it is always safe to be right." Let the manufacturers place themselves "right." Let them make honest goods. I have once before mentioned this matter through your columns. Let them come to the standard of weights that prevailed "before the war"—make print cloths—(and they are a kind of thermometer to determine the value of other styles)—come back to 5¼ and never above 6 yards to the pound for 64x64 square. Then we may have an honest print that the good mothers and daughters of the land will esteem as worthy of their attention, that will bear the scrutiny of their practical judgment, and be accepted as sufficient to warrant them in expending thereon their time and the thread necessary to make it into a satisfactory garment—which the present 7 yard trash—cheap—fraud, yes—swindle—is not. If the ladies were given to profanity, what a chorus of cursing should we hear every washing day. A wet crash dish-rag is an institution compared with one of these hateful cheats—swindles—frauds—or any other more mean name by which a calico dress can be called after its first introduction to the washtub.

If cotton at the present market price will cost about 13 cents in a pound of "cloth" net. At 7 yards to the pound the cotton will cost 1 86-100 per yard; at 6 yards to the pound it will cost 2 11-100 per yard; difference in the cotton (stock) just 25 per yard. Now let one of our ladies buy a dress of honest goods, worth her time to make and expense of thread—say 12 yards, (which is ample for a pin back), and the difference in the cost of one which is liable to provoke (latent) profanity, and the other of perfect satisfaction, sweetened with emotions of bliss, *is just 3 cents.* When cotton was worth $1000 per bale, or 83 a pound, there was some excuse for spreading it thin; but at the present price, about 11 cents for good print cloth cotton, the cheat and fraud is too thin, and sends those who practice it where they belong, "to grass," to grief. I have been among the fibre fifty years.

MANUFACTURER.

Nota Bene.—I would have added "Humbug," but that belongs to "Barnum;" he is modest and only takes 50 cents at a time—don't steal our clothes.

Local and Business Notices.

MR. DANIEL F. BEATTY, of Washington, N. J., the energetic and perserving manufacturer of the Beatty Piano and Golden Tongue Parlor Organs, deserves the highest credit for having produced the most perfect musical instrument combined with the utmost beauty and chasteness of design yet offered the musical public. See his advertisement in another place. Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

7-13djt.

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.*

3-14 d&wem

Nervous Debility.

Vital weakness or depression: A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental overwork, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphrey's Homeopathic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per packake of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Homeopathic Medicine Company, 562 Broadway, New York.

1-1d&w 1y

THE Star Parlor Organs are celebrated for their purity of tone, elegant design and thorough construction. Send for catalogue. Address,

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & CO,

6-29-1d&wom Washington, N. J.

New Advertisements.

SALE OF TWO THOUSAND CIGARS.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE.
DEPY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE 2D DIST. OF ALA.,
Montgomery, July 17, 1876.

Having published a notice on the 8th of May, concerning the seizure of two thousand cigars, inviting all persons to file their claims, if there were any, and none having been filed in the time prescribed by law, I hereby notify the public that the two thousand cigars bearing the braid "La Espanola, de Juan B. Remero, Habana," seized by me at the store of one Howard Gardiner, on Commerce street, in this city, will be sold at public auction on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH OF JULY, 1876,

at 10 o'clock a. m., at my office, Commerce street over Strassburger's Warehouse.

PAUL STROBACH,
Deputy Collector.

7-17-10-1

HAIR DRESSING & SHAVING.

I am now prepared to do all kinds of work in the Hair Dressing business—making curls, wigs, etc. Also shaving and shampooing. I sell (11) eleven shaving tickets for $1 00. Old razors sharpened and made as good as new.

PETER G. RANDALL.

7-16 Perry street, near "Plantation" office.

PRICES REDUCED. Best Quality ARTIFICIAL LIMBS satisfactory or no sale. CHEAPEST IN THE U. S. during CENTENNIAL YEAR.
CHAS. M. EVANS, Manuf'r,
102 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati, O.
Fourth and Market Sts., Louisville, Ky.

SOLID WEALTH!

$600,000 IN GIFTS.

Grandest Scheme ever Presented to the Public.

A Fortune for only $12.

The Kentucky Cash Distribution Company, authorized by a special act of the Kentucky Legislature, for the benefit of the Public Schools of Frankfort, will have the first of their series of Grand Drawings at Major Hall, in the city of Frankfort, Ky., on TUESDAY, August 8d, 1876, at which occasion they will distribute to the ticket-holders the immense sum of

$600,000.

THOS. P. PORTER, ex-Gov. of Kentucky, General Manager.

POSITIVELY NO POSTPONEMENT.

as we will have a series of Grand Drawings and can not establish the precedent of postponing.

LIST OF GIFTS:

One Grand Cash Gift		$100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
One Grand Cash Gift		10,000
One Grand Cash Gift		5,000
One Grand Cash Gift		500 0
50 Cash Gifts of	$1,000 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	500 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	400 each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts of	300 each	30,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200 each	40,000
200 Cash Gifts of	100 each	20,000
9,000 Cash Gifts of	12 each	90,000
Total 11,356 Gifts, All Cash		$600,000

PRICE OF TICKETS:

Whole tick is $12; Halves $6; Quarters $3; 9 Tickets $100; 27 Tickets $200; 45 Tickets $300; 95 Tickets $600; 100 Tickets at $12 each.

Hon. E. H. Taylor, Mayor of Frankfort, Hon. entire board of City Councilmen, Hon. Alvin Duvall, late Chief Justice of Kentucky, and other well-known citizens, together with each disinterested person in the Grange, holders of grant may describe and superintend the drawing.

Remittances can be made by Express, Draft, Postoffice M ney order or Registered Letter, made payable to Kentucky Cash Distribution Company.

All communications connected with the distribution, and/or orders for Tickets, should be addressed to Agents to sell Tickets, should be addressed to

HON. THOS. P. PORTER,
8-18-1&wtu Gen'l Manager, Frankfort, Ky.

ICE! ICE! ICE

Ice! Ice!

No Short Crop in Alabama.

The Montgomery Protective Ice Co.

Having bought the Stock and Fixtures of D. P. WEST, and contracted for all the Ice made by the

Montgomery Ice Manufacturing Co.,

Are now prepared to supply the public at their old stand, MONROE ST., (near the CITY HALL). J. A. DIAZ & CO.,
4-18-1 Agents.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED



PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE

"Only Good SAUCE,"

An I applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at WORCESTER. May, 1858.

"TELL LEA & PERRINS that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome sauce that is made."

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

LEA & PERRINS'

SIGNATURE is on EVERY BOTTLE.

Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
NEW YORK.

7-7

LIFE PRESERVER.

ABSOLUTE SAFETY At Sea.

LIFE SAVING SUIT FOR OCEAN TRAVEL.

THE CONTINUOUS DISASTERS AT SEA.

And the almost countless lives that have been lost, urge the introduction of more effective appliances for saving life than have yet been generally adopted. In response to the great public demand, the American Life Saving Suit Company now present a

Practical Life Saving Suit.

This suit having been tested and approved by the most scientific and practical authorities, we now offer as a means of absolute safety to death by drowning. The invention now offered claims its superiority over all inventions in that it floats the body in a vertical position in the roughest sea, preserves the natural calorific of the body for any number of days, with capacity to carry the provisions for ten days, and signals to attract a position from passing vessels.

This suit embodies three principles which are imperative in a life saving dress—

First—A buoyancy which supports the body in a vertical position, and maintains it as from a natural law.

Second—Protection from water and weather and consequent chill.

Third—A complete aerial department, to which is attached signals, with capacity for carrying valuables, etc., etc.

This suit is put on over ordinary clothing, except shoe and hat, and can be put on inside of five minutes, and are let to passengers on transatlantic steamers at the low price of

FIVE DOLLARS A TRIP.

Send for a pamphlet.

The American

LIFE SAVING SUIT COMPANY,
14 NEW CHURCH ST., NEW YORK.

4-26wem

BEATTY Piano.

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT,

From Jas. E. Regan, firm Regan & Carter, publishers Daily and weekly Tribune, Jefferson City, Mo., after receiving a $700 instrument:

"Piano reached us in good condition I am well pleased with it. It is all you represent it to be."

From E. R. Baldridge, Bennington Furnace, Pa., after receiving a $700 piano.

"The Beatty" received 4th inst., all O. K., and comes fully up to your representation, and exceeds our expectations. While I don't profess to be a judge in the matter, Mrs. B. does, and pronounces it of very sweet tone; and is very much pleased with it."

Best inducements ever offered. Money refunded upon return of Piano and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory, after a test trial of five days. Pianos warranted for six years. Agents wanted. Send for catalogue. Address

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD AND ITS CONNECTIONS.

"Kennesaw Route."

The following schedule takes effect June 5th, 1876:

NORTHWARD.

	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 11.
Leave Atlanta	4.10 p. m.	7.00 a. m.	5.55 p. m
Ar. Cartersville	6.14 p. m.	9.22 a. m.	8.41 p. m
Ar. Kingston	6.44 p. m.	9.56 a. m.	9.17 p. m
Ar. Dalton	8.4 p. m.	11.34 a. m.	11.35 p. m
Ar. Chattanooga	10.25 p. m.	1.56 p. m.	

SOUTHWARD.

	No. 2.	No. 4.	No. 11.
Leave Chattanooga	4.00 p. m.	5.00 a. m.	
Ar. Dalton	6.41 p. m.	7.51 a. m.	1.00 a. m
Ar. Kingston	7.58 p. m.	9.07 a. m.	4.19 a. m
Ar. Cartersville	8.12 p. m.	9.42 a. m.	5.18 a. m
Ar. Atlanta	10.5 p. m.	11.06 m.	9.30 a. m

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 1 and 2, between New Orleans and Baltimore.

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 1 and 4, between Atlanta and Nashville.

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 3 and 2, between Louisville and Atlanta.

☞ No change of cars between New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Atlanta and Baltimore, and only one change to New York.

Passengers leaving Atlanta at 4.10 p. m. arrive in New York the second afternoon th reafter at 4.15 p. m.

Excursion tickets to the Virginia Springs and various summer resorts will be on sale in New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, Macon, Savannah, Augusta and Atlanta, at greatly reduced rates 1st of June.

Parties desiring a whole car through to the Virginia Springs or to Baltimore, should address the undersigned.

Parties contemplating traveling should send for a copy of KENNESAW ROUTE GAZETTE, containing schedules, etc.

☞ Ask for tickets via "Kennesaw Route."

R. W. WRENN,
Gen'l Passenger and Ticket Agent, Atlanta, Ga

GIVEN AWAY

To agents and others, male and female, a $50 secret, and beautifully illustrated 100-page Novelty Catalogue. R. F. Young & Co., 29 Broadway, New York. 8-20w12m

New Advertisements.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$777 A WEEK guaranteed to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and Outfit FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING. How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc., 1,000,000 sold. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pub's, Philadelphia

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing over 5,000 copies each issue. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Musical, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Masonic, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical Fashion, and other special class journals; very complete list. Together with complete lists of over 500 German papers printed in the United States. Also, an essay upon advertising; many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers, and much other information useful to advertisers. Sent to any address for 25 cents. Address, GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

NEWSPAPERS UNITED STATES.

A complete list, by States and Territories, of every town and city in the United States and Canada in which newspapers are published; historical and statistical sketches of the Great Newspaper Publishing establishments; illustrated descriptions and engravings of the principal newspaper buildings. Book of 200 Pages, just issued, and will be sent, post paid, to any address for 50c. Address the publishers, GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 41 Park Row, New York. Every advertisement guaranteed.

POND'S EXTRACT

The People's Remedy.
The Universal Pain Extractor.
Note: ask for POND'S EXTRACT.
Take no other.

"Hear, for I will speak of excellent things."

POND'S EXTRACT.—The great Vegetable Pain Destroyer. Has been in use over thirty years, and for cleanliness and prompt curative virtues cannot be excelled.

CHILDREN.—No family can afford to be without Pond's Extract. Accidents, Bruises, Contusions, Cuts, Sprains, are relieved almost instantly by external application. Promptly relieves pains of Burns, Scalds, Excoriations, Chafings, Old Sores, Boils, Felons, Corns, etc. Arrests Inflamation, reduces swellings, stops bleeding, removes discoloration and heals rapidly.

FEMALE WEAKNESSES.—It always relieves pain in the back and loins, fullness and pressing pain in the head, nausea, vertigo.

LEUCORRHŒA.—It has no equal. All kinds of ulcerations to which ladies are subject are promptly cured. Fuller directions in book accompanying each bottle.

PILES—blind or bleeding—meet prompt relief and ready cure. No case, however chronic or of long standing, can long resist its regular use.

VARICOSE VEINS.—It is the only sure cure for this distressing and dangerous condition.

KIDNEY DISEASES.—It has no equal for permanent cure.

BLEEDING from any cause. For this it is a specific. It has saved hundreds of lives when all other remedies failed to arrest bleeding from nose, stomach, lungs, and elsewhere.

RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, Toothache and Earache are all alike relieved, and often permanently cured.

PHYSICIANS of all schools who are acquainted with Pond's Extract of Witch Hazel freely commend it in their practice. We have letters of commendation from hundreds of Physicians, many of whom order it for use in their own practice. In addition to the foregoing, they order its use for sore Rings of all kinds, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Inflamed Tonsils, simple and chronic Diarrhœa, Catarrh, (for which it is a specific), Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Stings of Insects, Mosquitoes, etc., Chapped Hands, Face, and indeed all manner of skin diseases.

TOILET USE.—Removes Soreness, Roughness, and Smarting; heals Cuts, Eruptions, and Pimples. It cures, tans, and refreshes, while wonderfully improving the Complexion.

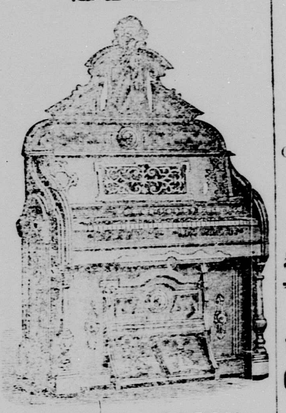
TO FARMERS.—Pond's Extract. No Stock Breeder, no Livery Man can afford to be without it. It is used by all the Leading Livery Stables, Street Railroads and first Horsemen in New York City. It has no equal for Sprains, Harness or Saddle Chafings, Stiffness, Scratches, Swellings, Cuts, Lacerations, Bleeding, Pneumonia, Colic, Diarrhœa, Chills, Colds, etc. Its range of action is wide, and the relief it affords is so prompt that it is invaluable in every Farm-yard as well as in every Farm-house. Let it be tried once, and you will never be without it.

CAUTION.—Pond's Extract has been imitated. The genuine article has the words Pond's Extract blown in each bottle. It is prepared by the only persons living who ever knew how to prepare it pure. Refuse all other preparations of Witch Hazel. This is the only article used by Physicians, and in the hospitals of this country and Europe.

HISTORY AND USES OF POND'S EXTRACT, in pamphlet form, sent free on application to POND'S EXTRACT COMPANY, 93 Maiden Lane, New York.

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & CO'S

STAR



PARLOR ORGAN

Surpasses in tone and power any Reed Organ heretofore manufactured in this country. It has been tested by many competent judges and

Gives Universal Satisfaction.

By a skillful use of the stops, and of the patent knee swell, the music is adapted to the human voice, ranging from the softest flute like note to a volume of sound.

Unsurpassed by any Instrument

The proprietors have noted carefully for many years the imperfections and defects of the reed instruments, and direct their practical experience to the correction of such imperfections, and their experiments have resulted in the production of a quality of tone which assimilates so closely to the

PIPE ORGAN QUALITY

That it is difficult to distinguish between the two. This instrument has all

THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS,

And every organ is fully warranted. Large Oil Finish. Write for circulars and prices that forms in addition to a splendid instrument of music.

A Beautiful Piece of Furniture.

This organ need only to be seen to be appreciated, and is sold at extremely

LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

AGENTS WANTED.—(Male or female) in every county in the United States and Canada. A liberal discount made to Teachers, Ministers, Churches, Schools, Lodges, etc., where there is no agent for the Star Organ. Illustrated catalogue and price list free. Correspondence solicited. Address the manufacturers,

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & CO.
Washington, N. J.

H. W. ALLEGER, T. B. MCMURRIE
C. P. BOWLBY, EDWARD PLOTTS
6-20-1&wlm

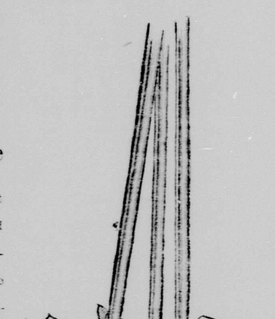
COMBINATION HOE.

First Premium Awarded at the Grangers' State Fair

Of Alabama, October, 1875, the first place where the Hoe was exhibited.

Manufactured by the Granger Hoe Company.

WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT



Requires no wedging. Can be adjusted for any work, or to suit the height of workman in fifteen seconds.

The Blade of the Field Hoe is made entirely of cast steel, square in shape, and when one edge becomes dull or worn out, the blade may be reversed, thus making

Two Hoes for the Price of One

It can be taken from the handle without trouble for the purpose of grinding.

The fixtures are made of malleable iron and cannot be broken.

The handles are made of sound ash wood—the best material known for handles.

Hoes handled ready for use, as cheap as the best hoe blade manufactured.

Saves time and money in the item of handles—no wedges to shrink up and pull out in dry weather.

No. 2, "Boys' Hoe" medium size, for field or garden work. Adjustable same as field hoe

An entire set of splendid garden tools for the price of one implement.

For further information, address,

W. R. NOBLE, Secretary Granger Hoe Company, Montgomery, Ala.

1776 Centennial. 1876

SPRING AND SUMMER

SEASON.

GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,

—AT—

5 COURT SQUARE

HAVE NOW ON HAND THE COMPLETEST LINES OF

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS

TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

New Dress Goods, Real Iron Frame Grenadines,
Novelties in Matamora Suitings, Exquisite Knickerbockers,
Stylish Damassee Suitings, and everything that is new in Dress Goods,
Fresh White Goods, Rich Fancy Goods, Elegant Ecru Ties

Novel Ecru Ruffling, Handsome Parasols,
Complete Stock of Bleachings, Large Selection
In Hosiery, Best 10-4 Sheetings, Genuine Irish Linens, Good
Table Damasks, Latest in Lace Curtains, full selections in White Pques,

Guaranteed Kid Gloves, Perfect fitting Corsets,
Excelsior Trimmings. Full selections in Cassimers,
Tweeds, Linens, Cottonades, Etc., for Men and Boys' wear.

WE OFFER THE BEST ASSORTMENTS IN

Ladies', Children and Misses' Philadelphia Hand-Made Shoes.

In fact everything desirable in a First-class Dry Goods House will be found at our Store, all offering at the very

Lowest Prices.

TO THE MERCHANTS:

We are displaying the largest stock of Goods ever received by our firm, and we guarantee bottom prices. Call early and look at our stock.

GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,
5 Court Square, Montgomery, Ala.

NEW DOLLAR STORE.

1776 CENTENNIAL 1876

Centennial Dry Goods.
Centennial Hats.
Centennial Boots,
Centennial Shoes,
Centennial Clothing,
Centennial Hosiery,
Centennial Parasols.

In fact a general assortment of CENTENNIAL goods, suitable for the CENTENNIAL Spring and Summer, recently purchased at the very lowest cash prices. Give me a call and be satisfied. If you don't see what you want ask for it.

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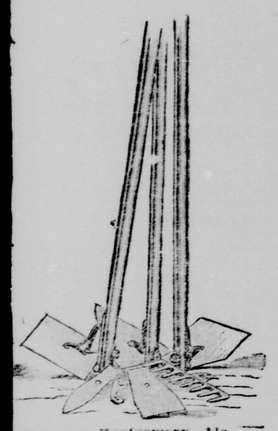
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VOLUME VIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 20, 1876 NUMBER 260

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET:



For President of the United States,

Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio.

For Vice-President,

Wm. A. Wheeler, of New York.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:

L. C. COULSON, of Jackson.
CHAS. E. MAYER, of Mobile.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

FIRST DISTRICT—Lou H Mayer of Mobile.
SECOND DISTRICT—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.
THIRD DISTRICT—P G Clarke of Barbour.
FOURTH DISTRICT — J T Rapier of Lowndes.
FIFTH DISTRICT—S S Booth of Autauga.
SIXTH DISTRICT—A B Hays, of Winston.
SEVENTH DISTRICT—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.
EIGHTH DISTRICT—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN TICKET OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

CHARLES STEELE.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

T. C. BINGHAM, W. H. CRUSIUS,
J. K. GREENE, J. K. P. LUCAS.

ADDRESS.

ROOMS OF THE REPUBLICAN STATE EX. COMMITTEE OF ALABAMA,
Montgomery, July 19, 1876.

To the Republicans of Alabama: Widespread dissatisfaction with the results of a tyrannical caucus rule in the Democratic party, has found expression in the nomination of gentlemen for State officers on an Independent ticket.

Recognizing the great improbability that the Republican candidates could be elected, in the present divided condition of the party, we have decided to withdraw the nominations for State officers, made by the Republican convention of May 24th, and to ask the Republicans of Alabama to give to the Independent ticket an earnest and hearty support.

While we regret that an unselfish regard for the welfare of the people dictates this course, we at the same time find reason to be gratified that the opportunity is presented to the Republicans of Alabama to rise above all meaner considerations, and heartily co-operate in fostering the spirit of manly independence, which promises so much for the future prosperity of the State.

The gentlemen upon the Independent ticket are not Republicans; yet as the result of their election many things which the Republicans desire, may be confidently expected. We shall look to them for an honest and economical administration of public affairs, moderate and equable taxation and ample provision for the education of our children. It needs no argument to prove that none of these great benefits can be expected, as long as the machinery-bound, caucus-ridden Democratic party, continues in power. It is plain that the unfortunate division among the Republicans renders it impossible for them to achieve victory at the polls, and thus give to the people just, wise and liberal government. The only true course remaining then, is for the Republicans to assist the citizens of the State, outside of their party, in their noble effort to lift from the shoulders of the people, the load of oppression under which they are laboring.

It is not strange that Alabama's sons, in the Centennial anniversary of the great Declaration, should be inspired by the spirit of our fathers. They have declared their determination to be free from the tyranny of a party, more unendurable than was the tyranny of a king. The Republicans of Alabama, appreciating the greatness of the work they have undertaken, can and will support them with enthusiastic unanimity.

To the gentlemen whose names appear on the ticket, which we have withdrawn, we tender the assurance that their firm and constant devotion, their faithful and valuable services have secured the lasting gratitude of their fellow Republicans.

CHAS. E. MAYER, Chairman.
GEO. TURNER, Secretary.

GEORGE D. LORD says he is more anxious to have a final hearing in his case than Gov. Tilden is in his. A great many people are of the opinion that, even if proved, Lord's canal stealings will prove a mere bagatelle compared with His Excellency's railroad pocketings. Justice will establish her right to be blindfolded if she sends Lord to the Penitentiary and Tilden to the White House.

WHILE Senator Schurz was co-operating with the Democracy, he was everything commendable. Now that he goes for Hayes and Wheeler, he is everything that is abominable. Every man is sinner who doesn't hail Tilden as a saint.

THE Tammany Hall uproar the other night, says the Tribune, bodes no good for Gov. Tilden. His friends made a fight and were beaten. The ship remains under the command of his opponents.

THE New York World a few months ago said: "Of all the speeches delivered in Ohio on the currency question, that of Mr. Hendricks is weakest in moral and intellectual vigor."

THE Democratic ticket has separated again. Hendricks has gone back to Indiana, and Tilden has returned to Albany. We shall soon know what trickery their meeting at Saratoga perfected.

"Nevertheless, the people refused to obey the voice of Samuel; and they said, Nay."—I Samuel, viii, 19.

People are dying with curiosity to hear John Kelly and Augustus Schell ratify.

The State Tickets.

We are, and have been, Republicans since the birth of the Republican party. As we understand them the principles of the Republican party are the equality of all men before the law, free speech, free press, free schools. To sum them up, they are, human rights. We do not propose to sacrifice any of these in giving our humble support to the Independent ticket now before the people. In advising Republicans to sustain this ticket, we do not ask them to yield one iota of Republicanism. We simply prefer this Independent ticket to the Houston tyranny. The gentlemen on the Independent ticket are liberal and progressive citizens, and recognise Republicans as being entitled to all the rights and privileges of all other citizens. The Houston despotism does not accord any recognition to Republican citizens, and treats them as being without the pale of governmental recognition and protection. Wherever they have found a Republican in office, they have proceeded to oust him, no matter what the consequences, nor the violations of law, right and precedent involved; they have made an engine of oppression out of the Supreme Court of the State, in their wicked designs to drive Republican officials from the places to which they were elected by the people. Thus far, however, the Supreme Court has refused to prostitute its high calling to the gratification of political hate; but this tyranny will resort to new methods of outrage, for their scheme is to destroy Republicanism and Republicans.

The Independent ticket offers us the only hope of securing our rights as citizens in Alabama. Houston and his blind partisans propose to outlaw us; the gentlemen of the Independent ticket propose to let us have our rights. The choice is before Republicans, and we advise them to vote for the Independent ticket, because we believe they will be more secure should that ticket be elected. It is a choice between oppression and freedom. Republicans have no other alternative.

Republicanism in Alabama.

We are not prepared to believe that the Republicans of this State will sacrifice their party, and the untold interests that it holds in keeping, upon the unhallowed altar that personal ambition has set up. We have strong faith in the conservative element that pervades the party, that they will concentrate in power, and throttle personal greed and selfishness that lift their hideous heads in our midst, and threaten the destruction of the life of the party. We have nothing to hope for from those who, swollen with greed and selfishness have brought the party to the very verge of destruction. History is full of instances going to show that personal ambition and grasping selfishness are ready to sacrifice whole hecatombs to appease their unnatural last for power and dominion. The people to whom the party belongs, and for whom it was created, must come to the rescue. A few more months will decide the fate of the Republican party of Alabama. A little more sleep and a little more slumber and a little more folding of the hands to sleep, and the destiny of the party is sealed for all time.

The action of the State Executive Committee in withdrawing the ticket nominated on the 24th day of May, last, and of the gentlemen who placed a ticket before the people on the 16th of the same month, in withdrawing the same, affords the Republicans of Alabama the long sought after opportunity to unite every faction and element of the party in this State. Seeing the fruitless results to flow from a continued division upon two tickets, and the inability to harmonize upon either of these tickets, it has been deemed best to cast whatever influence we possess in behalf of the Independent ticket now in the field. To this ticket the Republicans of Alabama should give a cordial and unanimous support. We cannot halt now to criminate and recriminate upon the responsibility of a condition which presses upon Republican the necessity of casting their votes for an Independent ticket. Caucus rule has dominated in Alabama long enough to blight and throttle every interest dear to the masses. Odious taxation laws, which relieve from the burdens of government a favored class, and force the poorer citizens to make up the deficit, are now grinding down the commercial and agricultural interests in the attempt to elevate the professionals of the State. It seems to us that the alternative is so plain that a wayfaring man, although a fool, could not err therein. It is an absolute choice between tyranny, oppression and caste, and freedom, equal justice and equity. We should sustain the Indepedent ticket that we may be able to enjoy the rights guaranteed to us by the constitution and laws of the land.

VOTE for the Independent State ticket.

Tweed and Tilden—The Facts.

The relations of Mr. Tilden to the Tweed Tammany business may be very briefly and conclusively indicated. The simple statement of decisive facts in their chronological order settles the matter. Mark these points:

I. Mr. Tilden was Chairman of the Democratic State Committee from 1866 down through 1867, '68, '69, '70 and '71 the very hey-day of Tweed-Tammany thievery, and during all that time he never, by word or act, did anything to oppose or check this rascality. As Chairman of the Committee he could not be ignorant of it, if he was not in actual complicity; yet he raised no arm to stop it.

II. As Chairman of the State Committee he received and acknowledged the money of Tweed for political purposes when he knew it was stolen from the public treasury; and in 1868 his name was associated with that of Tweed in the flagitious scheme to cheat the people of their rights and their chosen officers by gigantic frauds upon the ballot-box. He sent out the famous circular which asked the Democrats of the interior to telegraph immediately on the close of the polls the probable vote in their localities in order that Tweed might know how much he could have to count up in New York to overcome it.

III. Though thus prominent in public affairs, he did not oppose any of the infamous legislative measures of 1870 and '71 under which the most stupendous robberies of the Tweed-Tammany ring were perpetrated. We say exactly what we mean. He did oppose the charter, but that was not the fountain of the robberies at all. The robberies were committed under the Board of Audit bill, the Tax levies and similar measures, and we challenge the production of a word from Tilden against any one of them. During these same years of 1870 and '71, he stood by Tweed in the State conventions, and neither said nor did a single thing in opposition to his interests.

IV. The great explosion against Tweed and his confederates occurred through the publication of the N. Y. Times' figures in July, '71. Long before that time Tweed's immense thefts were known to every intelligent politician, and if Mr. Tilden had been an honest "reformer" he should then have resisted them. But even if there had been any possibility of excuse for inaction before, there certainly was none after the Times' exposure. That gave crushing proof; it fixed the brand of thievery so that every man could see it; it sealed the doom of the Ring. From that moment Tweed's overthrow was inevitable. Yet still Mr. Tilden was silent. He had not lifted a finger to strike at Tweed and he did not even then.

V. The great meeting of the citizens of New York against the Ring was held September 4th, 1871. It was called out by the startling exposure of the Ring's colossal robberies. It was irrespective of party. It was the meeting where was appointed the famous Committee of Seventy which organized the campaign for the overthrow of the Ring. Every prominent citizen of New York of either party who was allied to the cause of good government participated. Mr. Tilden was asked to take a part in this anti-Ring Reform meeting, and he refused. He did not yet, in spite of the popular movement, feel that it was safe to declare against Tweed and the Ring. In the State Convention of the Democratic party which was held at Rochester a month later, Tilden united in refusing to admit the reform delegation which was opposed to Tweed into the Convention and pursued just the course that Tweed desired.

VI. At last, years after Tweed's character was fully known, months after the overwhelming exposure, weeks after the great popular uprising, and when it was absolutely certain that Tweed's downfall was sure, Mr. Tilden took a safe position against him and rendered some service towards his punishment. He was instrumental in presenting the accounts of the Broadway bank in such a way that they aided in securing the legal conviction of the culprit. But this was not done until the last of October, long after the overthrow of Tweed had been assured.

Such are the plain, indisputable facts. They show that Mr. Tilden was Chairman of the State Committee during the long period of Tweed's worst rule; that he co-operated with him in political work; that he made no opposition to his thieving schemes; that he did absolutely nothing towards the overthrow of Tweed; and that he never did aught against him till his downfall had already been seen. We give Mr. Tilden all the credit he deserves. After Tweed was down, he did something to punish him, but he did nothing to put him down.

ON Tuesday we were shown a copy of the Daily Democrat published at Jamestown, Chattaqua county, New York, which to our surprise, supports Hayes and Wheeler. Sam Tilden is not the candidate of all the Democratic papers in his own State. No Republican paper in Ohio has even hesitated to throw the flag of Hayes to the breeze. Significant straws.

THE letter of President Grant asking Gen. Bristow to tell all he knows of Cabinet discussions and action on the whisky frauds, is recognized on all sides as a very manly and honorable paper It is clearly the expression of a man who is fully conscious of his own rectitude, though he may have been unfortunate in some of the men about him.

INSTEAD of investing $250,000 in a new Tilden organ in Philadelphia, would it not redound more to the credit of His Excellency if that amount, with a million or two added, was placed to the credit of mourning stockholders of certain railroads?

The Facts.

Houston and his tyrants have oppressed and outraged Republicans, depriving them of their most sacred rights. They propose to outlaw all Republicans in Alabama, and strip them of any rights or privileges as citizens. The Independents propose to let Republicans alone; to make no distinctions on account of race, color or party, in the administration of the laws. In a word, they propose to recognize the right of every citizen to the equal benefits of the laws, Our choice is between these parties. Republicans will not fail to support the Independent ticket, if they would maintain their rights and citizenship.

Make your Choice.

Independence is freedom—free speech, free schools, free press, and a free ballot box. Caucus rule is tyranny, oppression, outrage and usurpation. Republicans have to choose between these. There is no alternative. On the first Monday in August every Republican voter in Alabama should go to the polls and cast their votes for the Independent State ticket.

Republican Organizations.

The JOURNAL is a Republican paper, and advises Republicans to maintain their organizations throughout the State. While we advise our friends to support the Independent ticket, we do not propose to dissolve our party organizations.

Turn Out.

Let all the Republican voters of Alabama turn out to a man, on the first Monday in August, and vote for the Independent State ticket, headed by Hon. Noadiah Woodruff, of Dallas.

Attention.

The attention of every Republican voter in Alabama, is respectfully invited to the address of Hon. Charles E. Mayer, Chairman of the State Executive Committee.

Vote.

Let every true Republican in Alabama go to the polls and vote for the Independent State ticket.

THE silver bill, as it was finally agreed to, provides for the issue of $10,000,000 of silver coin in exchange for an equal amount of legal tender notes, such notes to be kept as a separate fund and issued only upon the retirement and destruction of a like sum of fractional currency. The trade dollar is not hereafter to be a tender, and its coinage is to be limited to an amount needed to meet the export demand. Silver coin may also be manufactured and issued in addition to the aggregate of not exceeding $50,000,000, including the subsidiary silver coin already authorised, and fractional currency outstanding. The silver bullion required shall be purchased from time to time at the market rate by the Secretary of the Treasury, with any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, but no purchase of bullion shall be made when the market rate shall be such as will not admit of the coinage and issue without loss to the Treasury. The amount that may be at any one time invested in silver bullion, exclusive of the resulting coin, is not to exceed $200,000.

MR. RANDALL is a pretty good Democrat, as Democrats go, but the House seems to have arrived at the conclusion that there may be too much of a good thing. The reference of the resolution fixing the day of adjournment for the 15th to the Committee of Ways and Means was a quiet way of snubbing Mr. Randall. It will certainly do him good.

GOVERNOR TILDEN, although not blessed with a wife, has the good fortune to be so compassed as not to feel the distress of bachelorhood very acutely.—Democratic Exchange.

This is the sort of reputation the Democratic press is giving its candidate; and yet Tilden is held up to the world as a model reformer.

GEORGE WILKES, of Wilkes' Spirit of the Times, was for Greeley in 1872, but cannot stand Tilden. He is unreservedly for Hayes.

Greeley vs. Tilden.

The Democratic papers sometimes venture upon quoting what Horace Greeley said against the Republican party four years ago. But we notice that they never make extracts from his open letter to Samuel J. Tilden in which he said to the latter:

"Your name was used, without public protest on your part, in circulars sowed broadcast over the State, whereof the manifest intent was to 'make assurance doubly sure' that the frauds here (in New York city) perpetrated should not be overborne by the honest vote of the rural districts. And you, not merely by silence, but by positive assumption, have covered those frauds with the mantle of your respectability. On the principle that 'the receiver is as bad as the thief,' you are as deeply implicated in them today as though your name was Tweed, O'Brien or Oakey Hall."

EX-SENATOR DOOLITTLE, otherwise known as "big Injun, me?" is on the war-path for Tilden. He says he wants the scalp of the Republican party to add to the trophies at his belt. He don't like Republican ideas, which is not singular, considering the fact that he is at war with all ideas which do not centre in James R. Doolittle. Mr. Doolittle is a very clumsily veneered demagogue indeed. But we are sorry for Gov. Tilden. It was bad enough to have Uncle William Allen arise and say that he was for Tilden. But Doolittle—well, that would sink a frigate.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Expressly for the State Journal by the Southern and Atlantic Telegraph Line.

WASHINGTON.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Mr. White, from committee on claims, reported a bill for the payment to the State of North Carolina, for certain cotton seized, and recommended indefinite postponement, which was ordered.

Mr. Kelly called up the bill to adjust the claims of the owners of lands within the limits of the Klamath Indian reservation, in the State of Oregon.

Pending consideration the morning hour expired and the bill went over.

Mr. Allison, from committee of conference on the army appropriation bill, submitted a report, which was concurred in.

Mr. Sargent introduced a bill for the pardon of deserters from the United States army. Referred.

The Senate then proceeded with the impeachment trial. At the close of Mr. Evans' examination, legislative proceedings were temporarily resumed.

Mr. Windom submitted a report from the conference committee on the sundry civil appropriation bill.

Mr. Windom explained to some extent the action of the conference committee. The report was concurred in. Yeas 39, nays 12.

House.

Mr. Jenks, of Pennsylvania, offered a resolution reciting that it was alleged that the measurements of the distances on the Union Pacific, and Central Pacific railroads, upon which bonds were issued, were hastily and inaccurately made, and directing the Secretary of War to detail officers from the corps of engineers and make a careful and accurate survey of said roads from Omaha to San Francisco, to ascertain the amount and kind issued per mile, and report at the next session of Congress. Adopted.

Mr. Goodwin, of Kansas, from the committee on the bill to declare forfeited the bonds granted to the Leavenworth, Lawrence and Galveston railroad, the road not having been completed, submitted a report, which was agreed to.

The regular business being demanded, the House resumed consideration of the bill to grant the right of way to the Sioux City, Black Hills and Pacific railroad. After the bill had been read it was referred to the committee of the whole, on the point of order that it made an appropriation of public lands.

Mr. Jones, from committee on railways and claims, reported a bill for the construction of a freight and passenger railroad from Lake Michigan to the south-east Atlantic seaboard. It is to run from Chicago to Charleston, or some other point on the seaboard. Referred.

Mr. Bland, of Missouri, from committee on mines and mining, reported a bill to utilize the product of gold and silver. It authorizes the issue of coin notes of denominations from fifty dollars to ten thousand dollars to be of the net value of gold and silver bullion.

Pending consideration the morning hour expired.

On motion of Mr. Lord, of New York, the House took up and passed the Senate bill extending the duration of the Court of Commissioners on the Alabama Claims until January 1, 1877.

Mr. Thomson, of Massachusetts, from the committee on elections, called up the report of the committee in the case of Butts vs. Mackey, from the second district of South Carolina, which report declares that neither was elected, and sends the case back to the people.

Mr. Mackey addressed the House in opposition to the report.

Mr. Thompson advocated the report of committee, after which it was adopted unanimously.

Mr. Atkins called up the conference report on the army appropriation bill and it was read and explained. Agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Schleicher, of Texas, the House went into committee of the whole on the bill for the protection of the Texas frontier.

After a brief discussion the question was first taken upon the substitute, offered by Mr. Tucker, of Virginia, to the second section, authorizing the President to notify the government of Mexico to restrain robbers, and that if the said government refuse to do so the President will be authorized to use the army of the United States. The substitute was rejected.

The next question was upon the substitute, that when it shall appear to the President that the government of Mexico is unable to prevent lawless invasion of United States territory for purposes of plunder he is authorized, after notice of four months to the Mexican government, to order troops, charged with the defence of the United States, when in hot pursuit of robbers, to cross the Rio Grande and recover the booty, but said troops shall not do any act which shall be construed as an act of war. This was adopted as a substitute for the 2d section of the bill.

The committee then arose, and the bill as amended was reported to the House.

The amendment made in committee of the whole, relative to the withdrawal of troops from South Carolina and other Southern States was rejected.

The question was then on the 2d section of Gen. Bank's substitute, given above, upon which the ayes and nays were ordered.

Before the vote was taken, the House adjourned.

Mr. Randall will, to-morrow, offer a resolution extending the provisions of last year's appropriation bills an additional eleven days. This will carry them over to the end of the month. It is understood from excellent authority, that in case the office of Congressional Printer is changed to that of Public Printer, subject to nomination by the President and to be confirmed by the Senate, Mr. Clapp, the present incumbent, will be nominated for the position.

The army appropriation bill, as agreed upon, leaves the force of the army and salaries as at present—the House receding—but provides for the appointment of a commission, one of whom shall be the Secretary of War and two others, army officers, whose duty it shall be to investigate and report at the next session relative to a reorganization of the army.

Pinchback's pay as a Senatorial contestant is nearly $17,000 and not $22,000 as has been stated.

Mr. Sykes, of Alabama, who contested Senator Spencer's seat, was voted about $6,000. Neither of the contestants will be paid until provision is made by the legislative appropriation bill. The bill as proposed by the House makes no provision for the payment of either contestant.

The managers on the part of the Senate and House to-day reconciled the differences between the two houses and agreed on the sundry civil and army appropriation bills. The bank bills were subsequently signed by the conferees, and will probably be reported to-day. In the sundry civil bills the House receded from their action.

In repealing the existing election laws the conference on the consular and diplomatic bill had a two hours' meeting this morning but reached no conclusion.

WEATHER.—For the South Atlantic and Gulf States very warm and partly cloudy weather, continued local thunder storms, light winds mostly from the east and south and stationary or slight rise in barometer.

Internal Revenue receipts to-day $226,139.43; Custom, $627,237.09; Bank notes used for redemption, $785,779.

NEW YORK.

SARATOGA LAKE, July 19.—After the disappointments of yesterday the people were somewhat chary of starting for the lake until 9 o'clock this morning, when a dispatch from Mr. Blakie, announcing all fair for the race, brought quick loads for all teams offering, and soon the roads were thronged with loaded teams. As the lake came in sight looking like a mirror, smooth and beautiful, expressions of satisfaction were general. The grand stand had a better crowd than yesterday, and loaded barges and steamers lay out on the lake. It was not until 10:30 that the signal flag announced the start, and soon the flashing of the oars could be seen. Soon the signal was put up for a half mile, showing Cornell leading, Columbia 2d, Union 3d. Cornell appeared to be gaining about 36 strokes at the mile, Columbia led with Howard 2d, Cornell 3d. At the second mile Cornell took the lead with a spurt, with Howard second. As they neared the stand the crowd cheered to the echo, and it was given out that the Cornell was first.

NEW YORK, July 19.—One of the largest sales of dry goods that ever took place here was begun to day, at Moss, Fawlkney, Page & Co's. The goods were from many leading mills in the country, and consisted of army blankets, etc. Some 13,000 packages were offered at the aggregate value of fally two million and a half dollars. The salesroom was thronged with buyers from every house of standing throughout the country.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 19.—Capt. Stoddard, late master of the British bark, S. Kerryvore, who was arrested at Plymouth, May 21st, on charge of attempting to scuttle his vessel while on a voyage from Melbourne to New York, after prolonged examination was committed for trial. He was acquitted at the Devon assizes yesterday, the jury saying that though circumstantial evidence was undoubtedly strong they were not satisfied about his guilt.

LIVERPOOL, July 19.—Peters Brothers, commission merchants, have suspended. Their liabilities is supposed to be considerable.

ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, July 19.—Gen. Sheridan has received the following dispatch:

FORT LARAMIE, July 18.

A courier who has just arrived from Red Cloud reports that on the 10th inst. Col. Merrill intercepted the 800 Cheyenne's and Sioux, who had left the agency to join the hostile band against Generals Crooke and Terry, and drove them back to the agency.

[Signed] E. E. TOWNSEND,
Gen'l. Commanding.

TURKEY.

RAGUSA, July 19.—Dispatches from Salonica sources announce that the Turks have abandoned Nevesinji without fighting. The Insurgents have invested Yatchjo.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 19.—The board of nine surveyors have decided that the Pacific mail steamship, City of Tokio, must receive the same repairs as the City of Peking, when she will be restored to her usual rate.

BEATTY PIANO

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

From Geo. E. Letcher, firm of Wm H. Letcher & Bro., Bankers, Fayette, Ohio.

"We received the piano and think it a very fine toned one out here. Waited a short time to give it a good test. If you wish a word in favor of it we will cheerfully give it."

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THE WASHINGTON WEEKLY STAR.

Established 1852.—8 pages.—56 columns.

Address The Evening Star Newspaper Company, Washington, D. C.

Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

JULY 19.—Our market to-day is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary		8½@	8½
Good Ordinary		9½@	—
Strict Good Ordinary		10 @	—
Low Middling		10½@	—
Middling		11½@	—

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.

Bacon—C R Sides		12½@	12¾
" Shoulders		10½@	10½
Bulk—C R Sides		11½@	12
" Shoulders		9½@	9½
Plain Sugar-cured Hams		— @	—
Canvas	"	15½@	16½
Lard—Choice, in tierces		13 @	13½
" " ½ bbls		14 @	14½
" " kegs		14½@	15
" " buckets		3 15 @	3 25
Sugar—Snow White		11 @	—
" W. C.		10½@	10¾
" Y. C.		10¾@	10¾
" Strictly Choice		10¼@	10½
" Prime		9¾@	9¾
" Fair		8¾@	9
Molasses—Choice		65 @	70
" Prime		50 @	55
" Fair		45 @	50
" Common		35 @	40
Coffee—Choice		23 @	—
" Prime		22 @	23½
" Fair		21 @	22½
" Common		20 @	20¾
Rice—Choice		8 @	8½
" Prime		7 @	7½
" Fair		6½@	7
Flour—Fancy		8 00 @	8 50
" Choice		7 50 @	7 75
" Family		6 25 @	7 00
" Superfine		5 00 @	5 50
" Common		4 75 @	5 00
Tobacco		42 @	1 00
Whiskey—Rectified		1 08 @	1 35
" Better Grades		1 50 @	3 00
Wine—Port and Sherry		1 25 @	2 00
" Claret		3 50 @	6 00
Brandies		1 25 @	2 50
" French		6 00 @	10 00
" Peach and Apple		2 00 @	3 50
Gin		1 40 @	2 25
" in cases		6 00 @	7 00
Beer in bottles, per doz		1 65 @	1 75
" in kegs		3 50 @	—
Cigars, per thousand		18 00 @	60 00
CASE GOODS—			
Oysters, 1 lb cans, per doz		90 @	1 00
" " " "		1 75 @	2 00
Fresh Peaches, 2 lb cans, per doz		2 00 @	2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case		4 00 @	4 25
" Cherries, " "		4 25 @	4 50
Sardines, ¼ b'xs, " "		16 00 @	16 50
Condensed Milk, " "		11 00 @	12 00
Yeast Powders, per doz		1 50 @	2 10
Pickles, gal's, " "		5 00 @	6 00
" ½ " " "		3 75 @	4 50
" ¼ " " "		2 50 @	3 00
" ½ " " "		1 50 @	2 00
Soda, in kegs, " lb		5½@	6
" " b'xs, " "		6½@	7½
Potash, " " doz		5 50 @	6 50
Candles, full weight, per lb		16½@	17½
Soaps, " "		5 @	7½
Starch, " "		5½@	6½
Salt, Liverpool, per sack		1 35 @	1 40
" Fine Liverpool		1 60 @	—
" Virginia, " "		2 10 @	2 25
Drop Shot		2 50 @	—
Buck Shot		2 75 @	—
Powder, " keg		5 75 @	6 25
Nails, standard rate, per keg		3 50 @	—
Snuff—Maccaboy, Lorillard's		80 @	—
" Miller's		75 @	—
" Gail & Ax		70 @	—
" Scotch, per gross		9 00 @	—
" Garrett's, per doz		4 75 @	—
Ink, per case		1 50 @	—
Mustard, per dozen		1 25 @	3 00
Ground Spices		1 00 @	1 25
" Pepper		1 00 @	1 25
" Ginger		1 00 @	1 25
" Allspice		1 00 @	1 25
" Cloves		1 00 @	1 25
" Cinnamon		1 50 @	—
Percussion Caps		65 @	85
" G. D. Caps		45 @	—
Toilet Soaps, box		1 75 @	2 25
Bluing, box		50 @	1 00
Smoking Tobacco		50 @	60
Tea		75 @	1 25
Wampoo Bitters		6 50 @	—
Diamond Gin		7 50 @	—
Plantation Bitters		8 50 @	—
Hostetter's Bitters		8 50 @	12 50
Rhine Wines		8 00 @	—
Wrapping Paper, Large		75 @	—
" D C		65 @	—
" Medium		50 @	—
" Small		40 @	—
Nutmegs		1 50 @	3 00
Brooms		2 25 @	3 50

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, July 19.—Money closed at 2. Gold 111¾. Stocks dull.

COTTON.

Spot cotton to-day closed easier: Middling Orleans 11 15-16c; middling Alabama, 11¾c; middling upland, 11¾c; strict low middling upland, 11⅝; low middling upland, 11 1-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10¾@c; good ordinary upland, 9 15-16c; ordinary upland, 8 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed weak; sales 17,000 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 25-32@	11 15 32
August	11 2 -32@	—
September	11 7-16@	11 15-32
October	11 9-32@	—
November	11 25-32@	11 11-16
December	11 7-32@	11 11 16

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 19.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands, 6¼; middling Orleans, 6 1-8; sales to-day 6,000 bales, of which 1000 bales are for export and speculation; receipts —— bales, American —— bales.

SAVANNAH, July 19.—Receipts 57, gross 2, exports to Great Britain —; sales 2; stock 1,-4.5; price of middlings, 10⅝c; market quiet.

NEW ORLEANS, July 19.—Net receipts 144, gross 171; exports to Great Britain 11.6; coast —; sales 500; stock 52 284 price of middlings 11¼c, low middlings 10¾c, good ordinary 9¼c, market quiet.

WILMINGTON, July 19.—Net receipts ; sales —; stock 379; price of middlings 10¾c; market steady.

MOBILE, July 19.—Net receipts 8; exports to Great Britain —, coast 268; sales 250; stock 3,469; price of middlings 10¾c, low middlings 9¾c, good ordinary 9¼c; market weak.

NORFOLK, July 19.—Net receipts 9; sales —; stock 2 205; price of middlings 11—c; market quiet

GALVESTON, July 19.—Net receipts 60, gross 70; sales 306; stock 5 239; price of middlings 11c; market dull.

BOSTON, July 19.—Net receipts 184, gross 320, exports to Great Britain —; sales —; stock 19,-024; price of middlings 12c; market quiet.

CHARLESTON, July 19.—Net receipts 23; sales 150; stock 4,310; price of middlings 11½c; market quiet.

PHILADELPHIA, July 19.—Net receipts 196; gross 233; sales——; price of middlings 11¾c; market quiet.

PROVIDENCE, July 19.—Stock 14,000 bales.

BALTIMORE, July 18.—Net receipts 4, sales 50; stock 3,700; price of middlings 11¾c; market dull.

PROVISION MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 19.—Flour quiet, extra $4 25@5 75. Wheat lower. No. 2 spring 92½c. Corn firm, No. 2 mixed 44¾c. new mixed 43c. Oats dull. No. 2 mixed 28½c. Rye dull, 62@62½c. Barley dull, 75c. Mess Pork quiet, $19 42—Lard steady, 10½c. Dry Salt Meats quiet, shoulders 8½c, long clear 11¾c. Green Meats quiet and unchanged. Whisky quiet, $1 10½.

ST LOUIS, July 19.—Pork dull, $20 50@——Cut meats unchanged. Bacon lower, shoulders 8¼@8¾c, clear rib —— clear 12¾@13½c.

NEW ORLEANS, July 19.—Sugar strong, fair 7@7¾c, prime 8c. Molasses, demand good, choice 48@50c, strictly prime 52c. Flour dull, superfine $3 75, choice family $6 75@7 75. Pork steady, mess $24 00@24 75. Corn, in sacks, white 55c, mixed 54c, yellow 58c. Oats quiet, 42c. Hay prime $15@16. Dry Salt Meats, shoulders 8¾@9c, clear rib sides 12½c, clear 13c. Bacon, shoulders 10¾c, clear rib sides 13¾@13¾c, clear 14c. Hams, choice sugar cured, 14¾c. Lard, scarce tierce 14½c, keg 14½@15c, bucket 15¼c. Coffee firm, fair 17½@17¾c, prime 18½@18¾c in job lots.

CINCINNATI, July 19.—Lard firm, fair demand, steam refined 11¼c, city kettle 12¾@—c. Mess Pork, little demand, prime city $20 25. Live Hogs active, common to light $7 25@7 50, fair to good light $8 00@8 25, fair to medium heavy $8 35@8 50. Whisky steady, $1 10.

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

THURSDAY, JULY 20, 1876.

The Germans For Hayes.

A LIST OF GERMAN PAPERS THAT SUPPORT HIM—THE GENERAL GEMAN SENTIMENT—EARNEST WORDS FROM A REPRESENTATIVE GERMAN.

NEW YORK CITY, July 11th, 1876.

To the Editors Albany Evening Journal:

In the Argus of the 8th inst. is published a long article in which that sheet attempts to show that the Germans are in great majority for Tilden and Hendricks. It bases this assertion on the circumstances that the New York Staats Zeitung has declared for that ticket, and adds a list of German newspapers that have hoisted it. To contradict the accusation that the German press of this country is unanimous for Tilden and Hendricks, I subjoin a list of German papers that have declared for Hayes and Wheeler, the Republican candidates, viz:

The New York Republikaner, New York city.
The New York Demokrat, New York city.
The Belletristsceh Journal, New York city.
The Westliche Post, St. Louis, Mo.
The Germania, Milwaukee, Wis.
The Baltimore Wecker, Baltimore, Md.
The Louisville Volksblatt, Louisville, Ky.
The Westliches Volksblatt, St. Joseph, Mo
The Evansville Union, Evansville, Ind.
The Freie Presse, Chicago, Ill.
The Freie Presse, Cincinnati, O.
The Freie Presse, Buffalo, N.Y.
The Journal, Denver, Colorado.
The Minnesota Staatszeitung, St. Paul, Minn.
The New Ulm Post, New Ulm, Minn.
The New Jersey Freie Zeitung, Newark, N. J.
New Orleans Deutsche Zeitung, New Orleans, La.
The California Demokrat, San Francisco, Cal.
The Kansas Freie Press, Kansas City
The Post and Tribune, Kansas City.
The Freie Presse for Texas.
The New Braunsfels Zeitung, Texas.
The McLean County Presse, Illinois.
Amerikanischer Republikaner, Pottsville, Pa.
The Detroit Abendpost, Detroit, Mich.
The Washington Journal, Washington, D. C.
The Volks-Tribune, Washington, D.C.
The Green Bay Volkszeitung.
The Highland Union.
The Cleveland Anzeiger.
The Madison County Anzeiger.
The Rochester Beobachter.
The Peoria Deutsche Zeitung.
The Missouri Thalbote.
The Freie Presse, Cape Girardeau.
The St. Charles Zeitung.
The San Francisco Abendpost.
The Pittsburgh Freiheitsfreund.
The Belleville Zeitung.

To this list of papers must be added those that once were Liberal and Democratic, but have not yet declared themselves for Tilden and Bogus Reform.

The Argus also brings the translation of a letter from C. Goepp, a Marine Court Judge in this city, elected by Republican votes last fall, as a Republican Reformer, who announces with a flourish, that "whereas, the Republican party has become hopelessly corrupt, etc., etc., therefore I, C. Goepp, am for Tilden, the man of the hour and the emergency," etc., etc.

But the Argus has not alluded to the scathing answer written this apostate by Judge Dittenhoefer, the Chairman of the German Republicans of the city of New York. The Germans of the metropolis have but few such professional mountebanks as "Goepp" in their midst and in either party, and we all know what the real motive for his desertion from the party that lifted him from obscurity and "*poverty*" to rank and "competency" means. It is simply the old story, that a successful politician too often kicks down the ladder that bore him safely to the height of his hopes.

Now permit me to inform, through you, the Republicans of the State, how much, in my opinion, the New York Staats Zeitung will be able to damage the Republican cause of Hayes and Wheeler in this city among the Germans. Although that paper has an average circulation of probably 30,000 daily, yet it is not looked upon as a "political" exponent by the Germans of the metropolis. It is rather only an advertising sheet *a la* Herald, in which every German chambermaid, servant girl and artisan advertise when they want situations. The thinking Germans who read the Staats Zeitung and have done so for years, know that it was an out-and-out "Tweed and Tammany" sheet until it had become dangerous, in 1871, to remain longer attached to the cause of "Big Six," and when zealous Republican German Americans threatened to establish a new paper that should represent the Anti-Tammany interest. The New York Staats Zeitung perceived the impending catastrophe and veered around, and ever since that time its policy has been Democratic in National and State politics, and "Reform" on municipal matters—thus dividing the political allegiance of the New York Germans, to the extent of its ability, between "Reformers" and "Democrats" of the Tammany school. Its editor was the German candidate for Mayor of New York two years ago, but failed to be even second in the race, because his candidacy as a *German* was not exactly in keeping with his position as an "American" naturalized citizen.

Oswald Ottendorfer was a Tilden man just for the same reason that Tilden remained a "Tweed" man, until almost the last moment of that brave's political rule in this city. The Germans are not kept ignorant of Tilden's exploits as a "counter" in for Hoffman in 1868, when he swindled Griswold and Cornell out of their rightful election mandate. The Germans also know of his Railroad connections, and have no faith in a Railroad lawyer pretending to be for "Reform."

On the contrary, the Germans of this city will show this would-be owner of their votes, that they can discriminate between him and a patriot on election day.

You can put down the German-born vote of this city to the extent of 20,000 for Hayes and Wheeler, and if the Republican party nominates a few Germans on its State and Electoral tickets, you can rely on a larger vote than that even from that source.

The Germans are "American Republicans" at heart, although they are once in a while misled by bogus reformers like O. O. and Tilden, and they are tired of the Hibernian yoke that they are made to wear by virtue of the rule and ruin policy of the Democratic Tammany Ring that controls the city, and has its powerful ramifications in every section of the State.

My suggestion to the Republican party is: Cultivate the German adopted citizen, confide in his patriotism and allegiance as an American citizen, trust him with the honorable performance of his duty as such, and recognize him as a factor in politics, and you will wean him from the counterfeit Democracy, which has long been only another name for ignorance, vice and bad government. "The Union forever" is the motto of the loyal German-American citizen; the *free schools* are his pride, because he knows their priceless value; the *"amendments"* are jealously regarded by him as irrevocable, because they are the result of the sacrifice of his loyal fellow-countrymen on the altar of American liberties, and these three cardinal points should bind him closely to, and identify him with the Republican party. Very respectfully,

A GERMAN-AMERICAN REPUBLICAN.

The leading German newspaper of Ohio the Cincinnatti Volksblatt, edited by Frederick Hassaurek has come out squarely for Hayes and Wheeler.

Campaign Breezes.

One country, one flag, one destiny.

People are dying with curiosity to hear John Kelly and Augustus Schell ratify.

Governor Tilden loved and lost a Batavia girl. He was cold but she did not freeze to him.

High praise is given the Republican candidates for Congress thus far nominated in Ohio and Indiana.

An expectant country still waits upon the answer of Hendricks. The arts of coquetry still prevail in politics.

The official organ of Sangamon county, Illinois—the Monitor—a Democratic paper, says: "Tilden's nomination was bought."

Tilden and Hendricks—"a hard-money head—a soft-money tail." That's the way the Indianapolis Journal looks at it.

John Hancock also had a "bar'l of money," but we do not find that he spent it for newspaper puffs in his own interest.

General Colquitt, who is a candidate for governor of Georgia, insists that he does not pay for liquor while making his canvass.

The inflationists are still making ugly faces over their "crow." They promise to get the taste out of their mouths soon, however.

Senator Thurman was interviewed on the nomination of Tilden. He said he did not despair of success, emphasizing the word despair.

Carl Schurz thinks Tilden and Hendricks a partnership of irreconcilables, and cries out, "Humbug, thy name is Democratic reform!"

Judge David Davis is said to have written to a friend announcing his intention to vote for Hayes and Wheeler, and urging all Liberal Republicans to follow his example.

The Albany Journal says that Gov. Hayes has already laid out three democratic aspirants for the presidency—Thurman, Pendleton and Allen—and it's Tilden's turn now.

"Foreign influence is a Grecian horse to the Republic; we cannot be too careful to exclude its entrance."—James Madison.

"If the liberties of the American people are ever destroyed they will fall by the hands of the Romish clergy."—Lafayette.

Keep it before the people that Governor Tilden was the successful plunderer of a dozen Western railroads, and the paid attorney of the Credit Mobilier.

"Nothing can be conceived more abhorrent to true religion than the hypocritical pretensions of kings, princes, rulers, and magistrates, to uphold her holy course by their unholy violence."—William Gaston.

Congressman Seelye is understood to have consented to a renomination. His course has been a striking proof that the scholar in politics can be a great success if he has a mind to be.

Senator Thurman does not hesitate to say that the Republican Presidential ticket is a strong one. He declares that Hayes is a splendid man, and that his reputation is without a flaw or stain.

It is about time for the Democrats to begin to show cause why honest men should vote for their candidates. Talking about Hayes and Wheeler will never elect Tilden and the fence gentleman from Indiana.

Thank God we have a flag. Thank God we have a country, and that it has lasted one hundred years. It looked not a little doubtful fifteen years ago, but the Republican party was true to its trust.

Speaker pro tem. Milton Sayler, who took Mr. Cox's place was born in Ohio, and is forty-five years old. His education is classical, and he is a Cincinnati lawyer, who has been shelved for somebody else in the next campaign.

Field Marshal Halstead says Hendricks could consistently stand on any platform that was ever made, or run for any office that was ever invented. Such versatility and india-rubberness are too wonderful by half.

Mr. Mulligan now says that he never, under any circumstances, or to anybody, at any place, asserted that ex-Speaker Blaine did not correctly read the Warren-Fisher letters. On the contrary, he admits that he read every syllable in them.

The kid-glove Democracy, of which Tilden is chief, have not the confidence and cannot obtain the votes of the masses. His nomination will disrupt and disorganize the Democratic party. It means defeat.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Governor Hendricks' nomination may keep a greater part of the inflation vote in the party, but there are unmistakeable signs that the Germans are preparing to march in almost a solid mass to the Republican camp.

The Cincinnati Enquirer prints a letter from Jackson, Ohio, signed "W. T. Washam, chairman, by request of many Democrats," which says: "The Democracy of Jackson county will refuse to be delivered under the St. Louis sale and ask another convention."

Mr. F. Hassaurek, of Cincinnati, has retired from the editorial management of the Volksblatt for one year, and leaves for Europe next week. He will speak at the democratic ratification meeting in Cincinnati Saturday next. The Volksblatt will support the Republican ticket.

"Sam Tilden will be more obnoxious than the platform which he represented in 1864." True for you, oh, Cincinnati Enquirer! The men who supported the platform of 1864 were traitors, and the traitor is always less obnoxious than the hypocrite.

"Whatever may be conceded to the influence of refined education upon minds of a peculiar structure, reason and experience both forbid us to expect that national morality can prevail in exclusion of the religious principle."—George Washington.

"I hope we may find some means in future of shielding ourselves from foreign influence, political, commercial, or in whatever form it may be attempted. I wish there were an ocean of fire between this and the Old World."—Thomas Jefferson.

"No law in this country, which does violence to Christianity, can be rightfully enacted by Congress, or by any State Legislature; nor would such a law, if enacted, bind the consciences of the people. No judicial decision, inconsistent with the Bible, can be, according to the supreme law of the land, or morally, obligatory."—Charles Hodge, D. D.

An old Democrat writes from Cynthiana, Ky., thus pointedly: "The nomination of Tilden creates the greatest dissatisfaction throughout the country. I doubt his ability to carry it, and should the disgust be as great in other portions of the State at his nomination as it is at this point, it will be extremely hazardous as to his carrying it in November. I am a Democrat, but I'll be —— if I will have any Tilden in mine!"

"What we declare to the whole country, and to the whole world, is that the American Government is solemnly bound to train up American citizens. If this is not the plainest of political axioms then I know not what is plain. If this interferes with any man's rights or conscience such a person can retire to Mexico, Spain or Italy, where his rights and conscience may harmonize with the Government and the society."—R. W. Clark, D. D.

Griswold, the "Fat Contributor," knows something of Hayes' antecedents and blurts out about them in this way: "He never had to break out with the measles, as other children do. Measles did all the breaking out itself, without implicating him in the least. He could go in swimming every day in the weak, and his folks never find it out, while other boys were constantly getting licked for it. He could hang around a circus door without a cent in his pocket, with entire certainty that somebody he didn't know would come along and take him into the show."

TILDEN AND TWEED.

The Twin Leaders of the New York Democracy.

THE STORY OF THEIR CONNECTION UNWILLINGLY TOLD—THE GOVERNOR'S "DEAR FRIEND" OF TEN YEARS AGO—FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR THE CAMPAIGN OF 1868 FOR A MAN OF "MODERATE MEANS"—HOW TILDEN HELPED TO BUILD UP THE INFLUENCE OF TWEED.

From the New York Times, July 7th.

On the 28th of February last Governor Tilden was examined as a witness in the suit of the people against Tweed. The following transcript from the stenographer's notes of the trial will help to illustrate the relations which the Chairman of the Democratic State Committee maintained with the "Boss" thief in the day of his power. The studious efforts of Governor Tilden, on his cross examination, to conceal the truth, are as instructive as the deliberate attempt made in the biography which his agents delivered to the press to substitute deliberate falsehood for the truth of history:

CROSS EXAMINATION.

By Mr. Field—Q. When did your acquaintance with Mr. Tweed begin?

A. I really can't tell. I knew him slightly some time while he was Street Commissioner.

Q. How many years ag?

A. I think he was appointed by Mayor Opdyke, or rather Deputy Street Commissioner—about twelve years ago. I do not exactly recollect when I first met him.

Q. That was about 1864?

A. I am not positively certain about the time.

Q. From that time did your acquaintance with him increase?

A. Perhaps so.

Q. How in fact?

A. I should think I knew him rather more afterward than I did the first year or two of my acquaintance with him. I never knew him much.

Q. Your relations were not at all close, then?

A. No, never.

Q. They were rather distant, I suppose?

A. Well they were reserved.

Q. He was a man of very great political influence, was he not?

A. At one time.

Q. How early did that begin?

A. I don't think he had much political influence until after he got control of the Street Commissioner's office, then it gradually grew.

Q. That, you think, was about 1866—1864, I mean?

A. 1864; Mr. Eward Ewing was appointed Street Commissioner and Mr. Tweed his Deputy; I speak only from recollection.

Q. He was successively Alderman and member of Congress?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. And a member of the State Senate, and a member of the National Democratic Committee, and so on?

A. He never was a member of the National Committee.

Q. But he held those offices I have spoken of?

A. He held those offices.

Q. Do you remember how long he was in Congress?

A. I should think one term.

Q. How long was he in the State Senate?

A. I should think two terms.

Q. Was he not in the State Senate when you were in the Assembly?

A. No; he was elected at the same time I was elected to the Assembly the last time, in 1871, but he did not go there.

Q. Were you not in the Assembly in 1870?

A. No, sir—1872—I was elected in the fall of 1871.

Q. Did he become after 1864 a man of great political influence?

A. He became about 1869 a man of great political power.

Q. Not before.

A. 1868 or 1869.

Q. He had a large number of adherents, had he not?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. A man who attracted to himself a very large circle of supporters?

A. He had a large following at one time.

Q. It continued from 1864?

A. Not so early as that.

Q. From the time it began as you have described it up to 1871?

No answer.

Q. How is it—did it continue up to that time?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. You did not answer my question and I thought you were waiting.

A. I did not understand it as a question.

Q. During this time did he have the control of what was called Tammany Hall?

A. I can't fix the date. He had control of Tammany Hall for several years.

Q. Were there two factions of the Democratic party, one of which was headed by him—or, if the word faction does not express it exactly, two fragments—I use the word fragments?

A. I don't know exactly what you mean by that—two parties running different tickets?

Q. Were there two fragments of the Democratic party which were struggling to get control of Tammany Hall?

A. Not at this time.

Q. For a portion of the time?

A. Occasionally. There was in the spring of 1870.

Q. Mr Tweed was the head of one, and somebody else led the other; was it not so?

A. There was a contest in the spring of 1871.

Q. During the period of his power I think you said he was not a member of the Democratic National Committee?

A. Never, I think.

Q. Look at that letter and tell me on what occasion it was written. [Producing a paper to the witness.]

Mr. Carter—Is it an original letter?

Mr. Field—An original letter from Mr. Tilden to Mr. Tweed, asking him to attend the National Democratic Committee or Convention.

The Witness—It does not ask him to do anything of the kind.

Q. We will see what it is, at all events.

A. The best way to ascertain what it is, is to read.

The counsel read the letter in evidence in the words following:

MY DEAR SIR—The National Committee meet at the Metropolitan Hotel, in Washington, on the 25th of February, at 12 o'clock. Yours, etc., S. J. TILDEN.

Hon. Wm. M. Tweed.

Q. What is the word there before the date?

A. Saturday morning, I think, February 15, 1868.

Q. Will you state for what purpose, if he was not a member of the committee, you wrote him that note?

A. I remember Mr. Belmont, who was President of the National Committee, pressed me very strongly to go there in 1868 to attend the meeting on the 8th of January, and I did. I presume Mr. Tweed must have asked me to send him word when that meeting would take place, or something of that sort, and I did it. I have no recollection now.

Q Look at that note also, and see if it is a note you wrote him. [Producing a paper to the witness.]

A. That appears to be my handwriting.

Mr. Carter—Let me see it a moment, please.

Plaintiff's counsel examines the paper, which is handed to the witness to examine.

Mr. Carter—Do you perceive no relevancy in these notes whatever—it appears to be a private correspondence upon matters—

A I have objection to that coming in.

Mr. Carter—With the Governor's consent, we are not inclined to make any objection ourselves.

Defendant's counsel reads the letter in evidence in the words following:

"No. 15 GRAMERCY PARK,
August 12, 1866—11 A. M.

MY DEAR SIR: I decided to go to Philadelphia in the morning, and shall not be able to see you before I leave. Mr. Richmond is at the St. Nicholas, somewhat ill. If well enough he will come on the 2 p. m. train. Whether he is there, to-day, or not, I hope you will not fail to be in Philadelphia. Very truly, Your friend, S. J. TILDEN.

Hon. Wm. M. Tweed.

Q. Then, you perceive is in 1866, August 12, so at that time you must have been in relations with him, at all events, that would justify such a correspondence. While I am about it I will show you another letter and ask you if that is one you wrote to him [producing another paper to witness]?

A. That is in my handwriting.

The letter is shown to plaintiff's counsel, after which it is read by defendant's counsel, in the words following:

Hon. W. M. Tweed:

MY DEAR SIR—I beg to present to your attention the case of Mr. Samuel Allen, a very old friend of ours, and is in great need of a small appointment under your department, for which he has applied. He would be content with something for a time of not a very high rank. You know him so well that I need add nothing. He used to be a very efficient and useful worker, and is an entirely reliable man, and I should be personally glad if you can help him.

Truly yours, S. J. TILDEN.

During the time when these letters were written, was Mr. Tweed exerting more influence on the fortunes of the Democratic party?

A. He was in 1863, as far as the city was concerned—less in 1866. He was gaining a good deal of power in the meantime. Perhaps it is fair to state that I do not know whether he appointed Mr. Allen. I do not think in the whole of his career I ever made a request for more than three appointments.

Q. Do you think that is necessary?

A. I think so. It is evidently the object to introduce testimony that has no earthly connection with the case.

Q. Do you think it is desirable to show the relations of a witness with a party in this case?

A. The witness has no objection to being examined as fully as you please.

Q. So I supposed. Were you Chairman of the Democratic State Committee for a long period?

A I became Chairman in 1866.

Q. And continued up to what time?

A. Up to 1874.

Q. During that time was Mr. Tweed frequently consulted and applied to for contributions, to the committees?

A. Not very much.

Q. Did he make large contributions to that committee while you were at its head?

A. He did not.

Q. Did he make any?

A. I suppose he made some.

Q. Did he make any through you?

A. Very little, if at all.

Q. Any; do you remember any?

A. I do not remember; I remember the general fact; I should think if, during the whole period, he would make an account to the committee, it would be found that he had made more bills against it than contributions to it.

Q. He made more bills against than contributions to it?

A. Mr. Tweed did not get to be a rich man as it quite lately.

Q. I will come to that by and by; is that one of the checks that passed through your hands at that time? [Producing a check to the witness.]

A. That is a check in 1868.

Q. Is it a check that passed through your hands at the time?

A. It appears so.

Q. Was there another check of the same amount?

A. I do not remember.

Q. Will you not say whether there was another check?

A. I do not think there was.

The check is offered in evidence, and is marked defendant's exhibit, February 28, 1876, and is in the words following:

NEW YORK, September 8, 1868.

The National Broadway Bank will pay to the order of William M. Tweed $5,000.

WILLIAM M. TWEED.

Indorsed.

Pay S. J. Tilden or order.

WILLIAM M. TWEED.

For deposit in North America.—S. J. TILDEN.

Q. Will you refresh your memory and say whether or not you recall the fact that he did at or about the same time give to you for the same purpose another check for the same amount?

A. I can not say but I do not think he did; I could tell you by referring to my books.

Q. At that time, Mr. Tilden—or Governor—of course you supposed Tweed was contributing this money out of his own resources?

A. I did.

Q. You then supposed him to be a man of very considerable property.

A. I think in 1868 he got to be pretty well off.

Q. He was a man reputed to be rich at that time?

A. 1868.

Q. He was reported to be a man of large property in 1868?

A. I do not think he was reputed to have very much property in 1868.

Q. He was reputed to be a man of large means—considerable means. This was during the Seymour campaign?

A. Yes, Sir; but I think it was rather in aid of Mr. Hoffman.

Q. Was there not at or about that time a difficulty between you and Mr. Tweed in respect to an alleged contribution to that campaign?

A. No.

Q. I was going to be more specific in my question. Did he not claim, he and Sweeny, that you three had each engaged to contribute $15,000 more, and that they two had paid $10,000—paid the whole and asked you to pay more?

A. No, Sir.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

THE Titusville Courier, "the only Democratic daily in Northwestern Pennsylvania," persistently refuses to put up the names of Tilden and Hendricks, and is as silent as the grave on the Presidential question.

Regular State Executive Committee.

Chas. E Mayer Chairman; George Turner, Secretary.

First District—C S Wood, Allen Alexander.

Second District—William M Loftin, Frenchard Gray.

Third District—W H Black, Philip King.

Fourth District—M G Candee, H Cochran.

Fifth District—Wm J Boon, J H Alston.

Sixth District — Charles Hays, C C Sheats.

Seventh District—Arthur Bingham, H L Watlington.

Eighth District—George E. Spencer, Z E Thomas.

Regular County Executive Committee.

PAUL STROBACH, Chairman. T. C. BINGHAM, Secretary.

Clark Evans,	Charles Loper,
W. M. Loftin,	Geo. Allen,
W. J. Maxwell,	Ab. Davis,
Wm. Anthony,	Br. McDaniel,
Thos. Oliver,	Chas. Johnson,
Aug. Montgomery,	Jos. Barnett,
Randall Chilton,	Parrish Phillips,
John Breckenridge.	

PLATFORM

—OF THE—

REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections State and Federal, announce as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men as the fundamental principle of our government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperiling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the cordial recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing intolerance, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and action, in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and antipathies, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the States and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one as indestructible, the other as indissoluble.

5th. The preservation and maintainance of the Republican party in the Southern States, as a safeguard against sectionalism, and the strongest guaranty of an inviolate union.

Resolved 1st, That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has carried the nation through a period of unprecedented difficulties and trials with safety and success, and has won for the President a renown as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd, That we deplore the divisions in our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies, and that now, as in the past, we are ready and desirous of healing these divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse to its energies or hope to its future, since the war, and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

ALEX WHITE, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 15th, 1876.)

When, in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved these governments to the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.' Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously enforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitutional amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts as to its purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin. Commmercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the many important amendments effected by Republican Legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congess to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who periled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We therefore note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts as its chief hope of success on the electoral vote of a united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation; we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil the national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason; with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes; with reasserting and applauding in the National Capitol the sentiments of unrepented rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan mismanagement and obstruction of investigation; with proving itself, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and immense services in war and in peace.

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Powell's	12 05	12 06 A M
Newnan	12 20	12 21
Puckett's	12 36	12 41
Grantville	12 56	12 57
Hogansville	1 17	1 18
Whitfield's	1 44	1 44
LaGrange	2 04	2 05
Long Cane	2 21	2 21
West Point	2 50	——

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West Point	12 31	12 15 P M
Long Cane	12 57	12 31
LaGrange	1 16	12 58
Whitfield	1 36	1 16
Hogansville	1 56	1 37
Grantville	1 82	1 53
Puckett's	2 08	2 08
Newnan	2 24	2 25
Powell's	2 40	2 40
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The Bazar commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion plates in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patterns for the children's clothes, to paterfamilias by the tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading matter of the Bazar is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—N. Y. Evening Post.

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DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

THURSDAY, JULY 20, 1876.

THE ANGELS OF THE DEW.

BY MARY B. DODGE.

'Twas late in June—a deepening twilight crept
Around in the garden walk;
No shape familiar in its own meaning kept',
But shadowy vague was all.

A pensive fear seized me that the heavens wrong
Required softly, and caressed
The yielding senses; while cicada song,
Unheard, the silence blest.

The very measure of the long-drawn notes,
So simple, other sound,
And heard at last from myriad hidden throats,
Made rest the more profound.

The flowers had shut their eyes, yet breathed perfumes
As children do in sleep;
The subtle charm was theirs of living bloom
In slumber folded deep.

I saw through space an angel form descend—
Or in fly sure repose
Softly, gently bend
Above a dreaming rose.

The sweeping wings were level; only lower
The star-lumined head;
Race vestments falling like a fleecy cloud,
Soft, with the twilight wed.

Dividest lips one lingering moment rest
Where sleep a blush enfolds;
And, after stork like as the angel's crest,
The rose a dew-drop holds.

All favored rose! methought, none other here
But hence will own thy power;
When lo! more spirits, four as this, appear,
Each guardian of a flower—

Each with a glory set upon the brow;
Each with the lucent wings;
Each with the golden girt hands and I will to bow
In holy ministering rings.

No more one only rose her diamond wears;
The loveliest bloom that blows,
The lowliest shrub, its dewy gem upbears
While luster overflows.

The twilight fades—near lily splendor gleams
Of gardens bathed in light;
Suffused with radiance only known in dreams,
I wake on dimmed night.

—[Lippincott's Magazine for July.

Tilden as a Reformer.

A DEMOCRATIC ESTIMATE OF THE MAN.

[From the Brooklyn Argus, Dem.]

Governor Tilden's speech reads beautifully. It is a middle chapter of his volume on "Reform," the preface to which was the paid-for reform advertisements, and the introduction to which was the eight reform planks in the St. Louis platform. Governor Tilden and Talleyrand enjoy the distinction of holding similar views in regard to the use of language. Reform, reform, reform rings out in all of Governor Tilden's campaign documents, from the opening advertisements to the speech of acceptance. But, very singularly, when we look for his expected order to arrest the thieves who stole $2,000,000 from the new capitol building, the impeachment of the officials who liberated Tweed, and for the punishment of the men who have stolen $15,000,000 from the people of this city, we find nothing of the kind. Some may say that Mr. Tilden overlooked these little matters of "reform in detail," and others may say that there is nothing inconsistent in a man with Governor Tilden's antecedents talking and acting in this way. We beg to leave to differ from them. Mr. Tilden is not the man who overlooks details when gathering up the ends of thread leading to success. It is said that his money supplied carriages in over seventeen hundred election districts in this State to bring the "stay at home vote" to the polls in 1874. He did not forget to telegraph the inspectors of every Democratic district, in regard to sending to William M. Tweed, Chairman, the *probable* vote in 1868, immediately after the closing of the polls, by reason of which information the Ballot boxes of New York city were stuffed with the requisite number of votes, and Hoffman was counted in over John A. Griswold. No, Mr. Tilden is decidedly a man of detail and a man who knows that the sufferings of the American people at the present time incline them to worship the banner which has "reform" inscribed upon it. We commend him for his sagacity. We have frequently commended his example in this respect to Governor Hayes as worthy of his emulation.

But when it comes down to the true meaning of the thing, there is not a well informed man in this section of the State who does not believe that Governor Tilden procured his nomination through a bargain with some of the most corrupt ring men out of the State prison. Three of his chosen delegates from this city were men who are now defendants in ring suits for fraud and conspiracy. Others of them are notorious for being the pole-dividers with and abettors of the Albany, the New York and the Brooklyn rings. Every man in Brooklyn knows that a vote for Tilden is a vote for McLaughlin to the Navy Yard, Murphy to the Custom House, Kinsella to the Post-office, Jacobs to the United States Marshalship, Britton to the District Attorneyship, Fowler to the Collectorship of Internal Revenue, and Kingsley to the Harbor Repairs in general. It is this ticket which the seventy-five thousand electors of Brooklyn are to vote this coming fall. They believe that Mr. Tilden was pledged to prosecute ring men in this State. They knew that he has not attacked the worst of them, and that instead of their being in the docks on his motion, they were his delegates to the St. Louis Convention by his special solicitation. A man elevated to the Presidency upon such shoulders, would not, in the estimation of those who know the facts, be exactly situated to introduce "practical reform." Almost every third man we meet says, "I am going to vote against the Brooklyn ring at any hazard. I voted for Tilden two years ago, but he is now the candidate of the ring, and down he must go; for to elevate these men to Federal power would be equal to surrendering Brooklyn over to plunder." This is not our language, and we, too, supported Mr. Tilden for Governor in 1874, in a county which gave him one third of his entire majority. This is the language of earnest men everywhere to be encountered. It is what they think of Governor Tilden as a "reformer."

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	No 2—Mail	No 4—Exp
Leaves Montgomery	7:00 am	8:00 pm
Calera	9:35 am	10:25 pm
Birmingham	10:55 am	11:45 pm
Decatur	2:45 pm	2:05 am
Nashville	8:15 pm	8:20 am
Arrive at Louisville	3:45 am	3:40 pm

Accommodation.

	No 8
Leaves Montgomery	4:00 p m
Calera	10:25 p m
Arrive Birmingham	3:00 a m

COMING SOUTH.

	No 1—Mail	No 3—Exp
Leaves Lou

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

THURSDAY, JULY 29 1876.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MONTGOMERY, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T. C. Bingham will be paidby us. T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,

dtf. Proprietors.

ALMANACS are mixed.

SMITH has not called yet.

THIS is the season to trim your shade trees.

HAPPY the man who owns an ice house, these days.

BETTER than a glass of ice-water to-day—two glasses.

A SUMMER-Y process—Interviewing the thermometer.

THE weather will be cooler in "the sweet by and by."

OUR crop of organ grinders has thinned out considerably.

BASE ball has about died out in this city. Shall we say good?

YESTERDAY was bright and pleasant, but still too warm for solid comfort.

THERE is a decline in the number of arrests by the police this week. No wonder.

PERSONAL.—Hon. J. V. McDuffie, Probate Judge of Lowndes county, was in the city yesterday.

A WEATHER prophet predicts heavy frost in July. It is safe to say it need not be feared to-night.

A DEALER in water-coolers, etc., advertises "Ice-ware." Well, this weather is enough to make any man swear.

THE City Court is progressing with business as rapidly as the warm weather will permit. Law and heat don't mix well.

AN attache of the State House was very happy yesterday. The penitentiary had just sent down about two thousand dollars in horse shoes.

IT is an ill wind that blows nobody, good. The soda fountain men are around now actively inquiring the lowest prices of brown-stone fronts.

IT is remarkable how suddenly the average American citizen will change his opinion of matters and things after quaffing ten glasses of lager beer.

THERE'S a future in store for some perspiring genius who can invent a linen collar guaranteed to retain its integrity with the thermometer at 100 in the shade.

LIVING rooms heated by furnaces, are apt to become very dry. It is well to keep little vases of water standing about, though care should be taken that they do not freeze at night.

THE funeral of Mr. John P. Arnold, yesterday morning, was one of the largest we have ever witnessed in Montgomery. The remains were interred with military honors, by the Greys and Guards.

WHEN a girl nineteen years of age cries her eyes red, over the loss of ten cents' worth of sassafras candy, it seems as if the scheme to enfranchise women would float off like a castle in the air and dissolve into everlasting nothingness.

NICE weather, this, to sit for a photograph. The young miss who ordered a dozen Monday refused to have them, when she observed that the photographer had pictured her with a drop of perspiration dangling from her nose. Some folks are never satisfied.

THE grand jury has created considerable commotion in certain circles of the city, and the faces that were once familiar to us are now seen no more—and we hope forever. There is not much consolation, however, in the fact that our gain is the loss of other communities.

THAT fatal disease, the measles, is prevailing in our city. Several deaths have occurred recently, among them Mollie, the interesting and bright little daughter of Thomas and Ann Robinson. She died on Tuesday and was buried yesterday. We sympathise with the unhappy parents in their sore affliction.

BY the seaside; bathing. Gush and impudence:

She—"It's too lovely for anything. Do you know, Arthur, that one of our poets calls it—

"'The all-embracing arms of the sea'?"

He—"Yes; by Jove! and I believe that's what some of you girls go in for."

She—"You horrid thing!"

HUMAN nature is indeed a curious study. A boy may sing "Hold the Fort" so sweetly on Sunday that the very walls of Zion tingle with the sacred melody, and yet you wouldn't recognize him on week days when he comes out from swimming and finds that some other boy has hopelessly knotted up his shirt sleeves and trouser legs.

THE improvements on the vacant square near the state house are progressing very favorably. Mr. Semple is making this square one of the most attractive places about the city. For the improvements he makes upon the lot, he gets the use of the same for pasturage purposes for ten years, after which he turns over the square and improvements to the city.

DIED.—Mr. Thomas Curlin of Pensacola, died at the Exchange hotel in this city yesterday morning, of consumption. He had been at Blount Springs to recruit his health, but failing to receive any benefits, he came to Montgomery two weeks ago, stopping at the Exchange. The clever proprietors and clerks at the Exchange were unremitting in their attentions to the sick stranger. Col. D. P. West left with the remains last night, for Pensacola. We learn that Mr. Curlin was a very wealthy and influential citizen of Pensacola, engaged largely in the lumber shipping business.

A COUNTRY subscriber, who signs his letter "Charles," writes us: "Something within me tells me I have genius. At dawn, at midday, and at eventide I break forth in poetic song; my waking hours are musical with the lute tones of an unseen Orpheus, and in my sleep the muses bend lovingly o'er my cot. How shall I develop and perf ct this inspiration—this divine afflatus—this gift of the gods?"

PERSONAL.—Gen. J. A. Hardie, Inspector General of the United States army, arrived in the city Tuesday, and registered at the Exchange. Gen. Hardie is on a tour of inspection of all the military posts in the South, and will be about four weeks in our section. He has many friends among the old officers of the army and navy from the South, and when here was much pleased at his visit thus far. He left yesterday to inspect the post of Pensacola, and will go from there to Key West, thence to New Orleans and from there to the Rio Grande, returning to the army headquarters via California. From Gen. Hardie's appearance we should judge him to be one of the oldest officers in the service.

PERSONAL.—Hon. and Mrs. Arthur Bingham returned to the city Wednesday morning from a lengthy visit to the North and East. During their absence they visited the Centennial at Philadelphia, the old home of Mrs. Bingham, and New York—the old home of Col. B. Mrs. Bingham had been in bad health for many years, and consented to make the trip in the hope of recovering her health. We are gratified to state that her hopes were realized to a flattering extent, and that she is now enjoying better health than for a long number of years. Her many friends here and elsewhere will be glad to learn this. They will remain in the city for a few days, as the guests of their son and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Bingham.

SOUTHERN AND ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.—The Southern and Atlantic Telegraph Company having been merged into the Western Union, or its wires having been leased by the Western Union, or having passed under the control of the Western Union, or something or other having happened, the office of the Southern and Atlantic in this city has been closed and its wires transferred to the Western Union office. In consequence, Mr. J. E. Pucci, the polite Southern and Atlantic operator, will leave shortly for his home in Hartford, Conn.—Eufaula Times.

We hope that the community will not forget the great service rendered the cause of cheap communication by the Southern and Atlantic Company. It seems impossible that one telegraph company can answer the wants of the country, and we trust that the S. & A. will be kept up here. We have heard of no change as yet.

THOSE who suffer from sleeplessness may learn something from the results which Dr. Ferrier has recently made public in respect to the brain. He tells us (observes the London and Provincial Illustrated Newspaper,) that a large proportion of the blood from the heart flows to the brain, and the increase or diminution of this amount means excitement or quiet. Any exertion of the brain, such as deep thought, increases the flow of blood to the brain, and so long as such flow continues this organ is excited, and the body gets no sleep or rest. Any thing tending to promote circulation of blood in the brain, such as worry or anxiety, means sleeplessness; while on the other hand, any cause that tends to diminish this flow of blood induces sleep. The best promoters of sleep were warmth, darkness, and monotony of sound, for in all these there was an absence of excitement. Dr. Ferrier thinks that eight hours' sleep is necessary every night for the average adult, to restore his organization after the wear-and-tear to which it is daily subjected. The more a man exercised his brain the greater necessity there was for rest to recoup himself, for every act of thought entailed a certain loss of consumption of brain substance.

HE PREFERRED WATER.—A tramp, while on his travels, noticed a placard in front of a bar-room. It bore the pleasing legend, "Free Lunch," and he went in, walked unostentatiously up to a plate, and commenced operations with a sandwich; then the barkeeper walked up to the cadaverous wretch and said:

"Men who eat here are expected to pay for a drink."

"I know it," said the tramp.

"Well, then, why don't you conform to the rules?"

"'Cause I go in for health, and don't drink till I'm through eating."

The barkeeper turned his back for a moment, and the tramp slipped three sandwiches into his coat pocket and devoured four, then he walked up to the bar, and to the dispensor of stimulant huskily whispered:

"Gimme a glass o' water, will ye?"

"What! water, after four sandwiches?" bellowed the barkeeper, angrily.

"Yes'r, water," replied the tramp. "I've been drinking o' it nigh onter forty years, and it's just the healthiest stuff agoin.'"

And he hobbled out; but if he had caught the foot that flew after him, he wouldn't have been satisfied with the "booty" of his visit.

State News.

[By Yesterday's Mail to the Journal.]

The diptheria, prevailing in the neighborhood of Hawkinsville, is unabated. Mr. Brightwell, who lost a daughter last week, has a little son dangerously ill of the disease.

CATERPILLARS.—We learn that caterpillars have apppeared in the "dry streak" in the vicinity of Ft. Browder.—Eufaula Times.

We regret to hear that hog cholera has made its appearance in our county and that many hogs are dying of the disease. We are told that it has been quite fatal in the Mantua and Clinton neighborhoods, and Mr. Morrow, of Mantua, has lost about 30 head; others have lost many. Try Mr. Jeff Patton's remedy, which is as follows:

One half teaspoonful of spts. turpentine to every hog, mixed with meal and water to the consistency of mush, and fed twice a day, is a good preventive and will in some instances effect a cure.—Eutaw Whig.

THE DRY STREAK.—We were informed last week that the crops in the "dry streak" of Henry county were doing splendidly, but we since learn that in some parts of it this is not the case. There is a "dry streak" extending from Sam Ogletree's and Wm. Burnett's in Quitman county, Ga., around westward, twelve to twenty miles south of town, as far as to the Chestnut Hill plantation of Col. E. S. Shorter, about fifteen miles northwest of here in Barbour county. The "streak" averages five miles in width, and the crops within it are parching up for rain.

While Wm. Burnett, of Quitman, has had no rain for weeks, his immediately adjoining neighbor, Col. Fleming, has had rain for sixteen days in succession. From Burnett's the streak extends towards Hatcher's Station, and passing westward over into Alabama, takes in the plantation of M. A. Smith, Dick Knight, Mr. Glass and others. At Co. Shorter's Chestnut Hill place, we learn there has been no rain for nineteen days and on all the places named the crops are suffering terribly from drought. On both sides of this "dry streak" there have been abundant rains and the crops are flourishing.—[Eufaula Times.

HOMICIDE.—Mr. P. W. Stedman and Mr. Albert Hubbard, of Forkland, while on their way from Demopolis, got into an altercation at the "Rowe Place," below Forkland, which resulted in the cutting of Hubbard by Stedman, from the effects of which he died soon after. The wound was made with a knife in the arm, above the elbow, severing an artery which caused him to bleed to death. We are told that both parties were drinking. Stedman passed through Eutaw on Sunday, on his way to Pickens county, and told several parties that he had cut and probably killed his adversary, but that it was done in self-defence. Deputy Sheriff Meredith, hearing of the circumstance, concluded to detain him and await further information from Forkland. He overtook him near town and asked him to return and remain at the hotel until morning, which he readily consented to do, saying that he was not attempting to escape. On Monday, without any warrant being served on him, he returned to Forkland in company with D. S. Brassfield, Esq., to undergo a preliminary trial. Another sad commentary on the too free use of liquor. Stedman and Hubbard were brothers-in-law.—Eutaw Whig.

Local and Business Notices.

THE highest musical authorities, as well as all who have purchased the Beatty Piano, are equally charmed with its beauty and purity of tone. The manufacturer has succeeded in imparting to it a roundness, fullness and richness of tone, perfectly astonishing. None should be without one. See his advertisement. Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J., U. S. A. 7-20d4t.

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c.; I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.* 3-14 d&w eom

Nervous Debility.

Vital weakness or depression: A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental overwork, indiscretions of excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphrey's Homœopathic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per package of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Homœopathic Medicine Company, 562 Broadway, New York.

1-11&w ly

THE Star Parlor Organs are celebrated for their purity of tone, elegant design and thorough construction. Send for catalogue. Address,

ALDOGEN, BOWLBY & CO.,
6-3-d&wom Washington, N. J.

New Advertisements.

SALE OF TWO THOUSAND CIGARS.

TREASURY STORES, INTERNAL REVENUE,
DEPUTY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, 7TH DIST. OF ALA.,
MONTGOMERY, July 17, 1876.

Having published a notice on the 5th of May, concerning the seizure of two thousand cigars, including all persons to file their claim, if there were any, to the same, according to law, and no one having come forward to claim the same within the time prescribed by law, I hereby notify the public that the two thousand cigars bearing the brand "La Espanola, Jno. B. Rogers & Co., Manufacturers," and the stamps of the Howard Cigar Co., Commerce street, in this city, will be sold at public auction on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH OF JULY, 1876,

at 10 o'clock a. m., at my office, Commerce street over Strauss, Gerson & Weil's store.

PAUL STROBACH,
7-17-td Deputy Collector.

HAIR DRESSING & SHAVING.

I am now prepared to do all kinds of work in the Hair Dressing business, making ropes, wigs, &c. An attache of Champagne. I sell 11 eleven shaving tickets for $1.00. Old razors sharpened and made as new. Rear

PETER G. RANDALL.
7-16 Perry street, near "Plantation" office.

PRICES REDUCED. Best Quality CHILLED PLOWS at factory or no sale. CHAMPION OF THE CENTENNIAL YEAR. CHAS. M. EVANS, Manufr., 19 West Front street, Cincinnati, O. Fourth and Market sts., Louisville, Ky.

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WADESBORO, N. C.

Only One Dollar Per Year.

Bright, Cheerful, progressive, always up to the advancing thoughts of the times, the HERALD takes rank with the leading journals of the day. It is now in its 6th Volume, and

THE HERALD

is designed to be a welcome visitor to the family circle. It contains original and selected stories, wit, humor, etc. Every family in the land should subscribe for it. The low price will place it in the reach of the poorest in the land. We pay all postage.

Read What the Press Thinks of Us:

The Polkton (N. C.) Ansonian says: The Herald is one of the neatest papers in the State.

The Concord (N. C.) Register says: We congratulate our friends of the Wadesboro Herald upon the fine appearance of their paper.

The Piedmont (N. C.) Press says: The Herald is a sprightly sheet, full of news and other interesting reading matter.

The Herald is a first-class family paper, having some of the ablest writers in North Carolina attached to its staff. There is enough reading in it to make one laugh for a week—enough to keep you jolly until the next comes.—Rockmart (Ga.) News

WANTED—

—FROM—

TEN TO FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS

—OF—

Black Moss,

Delivered at our shops.

Highest market price paid.

AUGS. OHLANDER & SON,
Mattress Makers and Renovators,
49 Market St., Shops cor. South and McDonough.

BEATTY'S Parlor Organs

Established in 1856.

The best and most lasting parlor organ now in use. No other parlor organ has ever attained the same popularity.

It has been tested by thousands, many of them competent judges, and gives universal satisfaction to all.

The music is adapted to the human voice, ranging from the softest flute-like notes to a volume of sound unsurpassed by any instrument.

This instrument has all the latest improvements, and every organ is fully warranted for six years. Beautiful oil polish, black walnut panelled cases, which will not CRACK or WARP, and forms, in addition to its use, an instrument of music, a beautiful piece of furniture.

This organ needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and is sold at extremely low figures for cash. Second-hand instruments taken in exchange.

Agents wanted, male or female, in every county in the United States and Canada. A liberal discount made to Teachers, Ministers, churches, schools, lodges, etc., who are now agents. Illustrated catalogue and price list free. I have no agents. Box 506, or my residence.

Address, DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.

$10 to 25 per Day To Farmers Sons and others engaging at once. Outfit and Stock FREE. To Farmers and others in their spare hours or all the time. Particulars Free. Address—THE CENTENNIAL CO., St. Louis, Mo.

SOLID WEALTH!

$600,000 IN GIFTS.

Grandest Scheme ever Presented to the Public.

A Fortune for only $12.

The Kentucky Cash Distribution Company, authorized by a special act of the Kentucky Legislature, for the benefit of the Public Schools of Frankfort, will have the first of their series of Grand Drawings at Mayo Hall, in the city of Frankfort, Ky., on Tuesday, August 21, 1876, on which occasion they will distribute to the ticket-holders the immense sum of

$600,000.

THOS. P. PORTER, ex-Gov. of Kentucky, General Manager.

POSITIVELY NO POSTPONEMENT.

as we will have a series of Grand Drawings and can not establish the precedent of postponing.

LIST OF GIFTS:

One Grand Cash Gift		$100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
One Grand Cash Gift		10,000
One Grand Cash Gift		5,000
One Grand Cash Gift		1,000
5 Cash Gifts of	$1,000 each	5,000
10 Cash Gifts of	500 each	5,000
40 Cash Gifts of	100 each	4,000
100 Cash Gifts of	50 each	5,000
200 Cash Gifts of	25 each	5,000
600 Cash Gifts of	10 each	6,000
10,000 Cash Gifts of	5 each	50,000
11,000 Gifts, All Cash		600,000

PRICE OF TICKETS:

Whole tickets $12; Halves $6; quarters $3; Tickets $110 for 25; Tickets $210 for 50; Tickets $410 for 100; Tickets at $2 each.

Hon. E. R. Taylor, Mayor of Frankfort, Ky., Commissioner. H. H. Alvis, entire board of County Commissioners, and Daniel Sale, Clerk of Justice of Kentucky, a board of prominent citizens, together with such other disinterested persons as the ticket-holders may desire, will conduct the drawing.

Remittances can be made by Express, Draft, Postoffice Money order or Registered Letter, made payable to Kentucky Cash Distribution Company.

All communications connected with the distribution, and/or applications for Tickets, and/or Circulars to act as Agents to sell Tickets, should be addressed to

HON. THOS. P. PORTER,
8-1-8 wtm Gen'l Manager, Frankfort, Ky.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

Ice! Ice!

No Short Crop in Alabama.

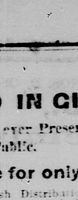
The Montgomery Protective Ice Co.

Having bought the Stock and Fixtures of D. P. WEST, and contracted for all the Ice made by the

Montgomery Ice Manufacturing Co.,

Are now prepared to supply the public at their old stand, MONROE ST., opposite the CITY HALL. J. A. DIAZ & CO.,
4-27 Agents.

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED



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EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his friend at WORCESTER. May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their SAUCE is highly esteemed in India, and is, in fact, the most palatable, as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

LEA & PERRINS'

SIGNATURE is on EVERY BOTTLE.

Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
NEW YORK.

LIFE PRESERVER.

ABSOLUTE SAFETY At Sea.

LIFE SAVING SUIT FOR OCEAN TRAVEL.

THE CONTINUOUS DISASTERS AT SEA

And the almost countless lives that have been lost, urge the introduction of some effective appliances for saving life than have yet been generally adopted. In response to the great public demand, the American Life Saving Suit Company now present a

Practical Life Saving Suit.

This suit having been tested and approved by the most scientific and practical authorities, we now offer as a means of absolute safety to death by drowning. The invention now offered claims its superiority over all inventions in that it places the body in a vertical position in the roughest seas, preserves the natural calorie of the body for any number of days, with capacity for carrying positively for ten days' supply of provisions, and is free from paying vessels.

This suit embodies three principles which are imperative in a life saving dress.

First—A buoyancy which adapts to the body in a vertical position, and maintains it as from a natural law.

Second—Protection from water and weather and consequent chill.

Third—A commissariat department, to which is attached signals, with capacity for carrying valuables, etc., etc.

This suit is put on over ordinary clothing, except shoes and hat, and can be put on inside of five minutes; and are let to passengers on transatlantic steamers at the low price of

FIVE DOLLARS; A TRIP.

Send for a pamphlet.

The American
LIFE SAVING SUIT COMPANY,
14 NEW CHURCH ST., NEW YORK.
4-26em

BEATTY Piano.

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

From Jas. F. Regan, firm Regan & Carter, publishers Daily and Weekly Telegraph, Macon, Ga., after receiving a $7 instrument, says:

"Piano reached us in good condition I am well pleased with it. It is all you represent it to be."

From E. R. Baldridge, Bennington Furnace, Pa., after receiving a $7 piano.

"The Beatty" received this day, all O. K., and comes fully up to your representation, and exceeds our expectations. While I don't profess to be a judge in the matter, Mrs. B. does, and pronounces it of very sweet tone; and is very much pleased with it."

Best inducements ever offered. Money refunded upon return of Piano and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory, after a test trial of five days. Pianos warranted for six years. Agents wanted. Send for catalogue. Address,

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD AND ITS CONNECTIONS.

"Kennesaw Route."

The following schedule takes effect June 5th, 1876:

NORTHWARD.

	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 11.
Leave Atlanta	4.10 p. m.	7.00 a. m.	5.55 p. m.
Ar. Cartersville	6.14 p. m.	9.22 a. m.	8.41 p. m.
Ar. Kingston	6.42 p. m.	9.56 a. m.	9.17 p. m.
Ar. Dalton	8.4 p. m.	11.34 a. m.	11.36 p. m.
Ar. Chattanooga	10.25 p. m.	1.50 p. m.	

SOUTHWARD.

	No. 2.	No. 4.	No. 12.
Leave Chattanooga	4.00 p. m.	5.00 a. m.	
Ar Dalton	5.41 p. m.	7.01 a. m.	1.00 p. m.
Ar Kingston	7.38 p. m.	9.07 a. m.	4.19 a. m.
Ar Cartersville	8.12 p. m.	9.42 a. m.	5.13 a. m.
Ar Atlanta	10.15 p. m.	12.00 m.	9.00 a. m.

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 1 and 2, between New Orleans and Baltimore.

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 1 and 4, between Atlanta and Nashville.

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 3 and 2, between Louisville and Atlanta.

☞ No change of cars between New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Atlanta and Baltimore, and only one change to New York.

Passengers leaving Atlanta at 4.00 p. m. arrive in New York the second afternoon thereafter at 4.15 p. m.

Excursion tickets to the Virginia Springs and various summer resorts will be on sale in New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, Macon, Savannah, Augusta and Atlanta, at greatly reduced rates 1st of June.

Parties desiring a whole car through to the Virginia Springs or to Baltimore, should address the undersigned.

Parties contemplating traveling should send for a copy of KENNESAW ROUTE GAZETTE, containing schedules, etc.

☞ Ask for tickets via "Kennesaw Route."

B. W. WRENN,
Gen'l Passenger and Ticket Agent, Atlanta, Ga

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To agents and others, male and female, a $50 secret, and beautifully illustrated 100-page Novelty Catalogue. R. F. Young & Co., 29 Broadway, New York. 8-29w1m

New Advertisements.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and Outfit FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING. How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This and all kind of Parlor Magic, by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc. Bound in cloth & gilt. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Publishers, Philadelphia, Pa.

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

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Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest general circulation in each. Also a list of all the newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada (over 5,000 in number) that print 1,000 copies each issue. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical and German journals of any special circulation; very complete list. Together with complete lists of newspapers in the principal cities of the United States and Canada, and much information relating to advertising, which will be found valuable to every one in any business or profession who has occasion to use printers' ink. Sent to any address for 30 cents. Address, GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

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A complete list of all the newspapers in the United States and Territories, and the Dominion of Canada, issued every day, week, month, and the literary and religious journals, together with a catalogue of the principal cities and towns in the United States and Canada, alphabetically arranged, with the names and circulation of the newspapers published in each place, and much miscellaneous information useful to persons who have occasion to use printers' ink. Sent to any address for 30 cts. Address, GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

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POND'S EXTRACT.

The People's Remedy.
The Universal Pain Extractor.
Note: ask for POND'S EXTRACT.
Take no other.

"Hear, for I will speak of excellent things."

POND'S EXTRACT—The great Vegetable Pain Destroyer, has been in use over thirty years, and for cleanliness and prompt curative virtues cannot be excelled.

CHILDREN.—No family can afford to be without Pond's Extract. Accidents, Bruises, Contusions, Cuts, Sprains, are relieved almost instantly by external application. Promptly relieves pains or Burns, Scalds, Excoriations, Chafings, Old Sores, Boils, Felons, Corns, etc. Arrests inflammation, reduces swellings, stops bleeding, cures ulcerations and heals rapidly.

FEMALE WEAKNESSES.—It always relieves pain in the head, nausea, weakness and pressing pain in the back and loins.

IN LEUCORRHŒA it has no equal. All kinds of ulcerations to which ladies are subject are promptly healed. Fuller details in book accompanying each bottle.

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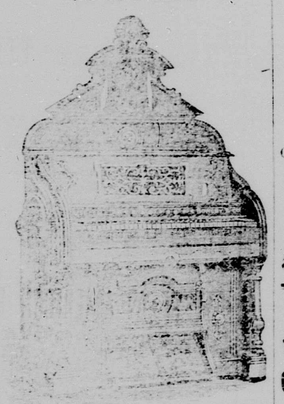

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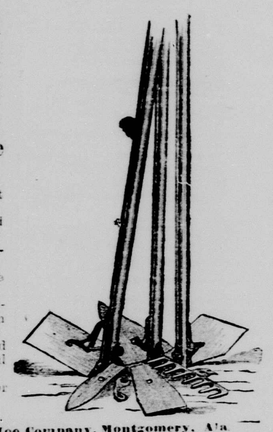

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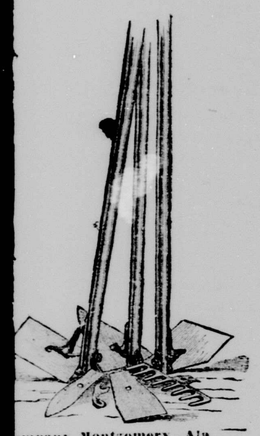
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VOLUME VIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 21, 1876 NUMBER 261

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET:



For President of the United States,

Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio.

For Vice-President,

Wm. A. Wheeler, of New York.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:

L. C. COULSON, of Jackson,
CHAS. E. MAYER, of Mobile.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

FIRST DISTRICT—Lou H Mayer of Mobile.
SECOND DISTRICT—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.
THIRD DISTRICT—P G Clarke of Barbour.
FOURTH DISTRICT — J T Rapier of Lowndes.
FIFTH DISTRICT—S S Booth of Autauga.
SIXTH DISTRICT—A B Hays, of Winston.
SEVENTH DISTRICT—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.
EIGHTH DISTRICT—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN TICKET OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

CHARLES STEELE.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

T. C. BINGHAM, W. H. CRUSIUS,
J. K. GREENE, J. K. P. LUCAS.

The Real Issue

The good people of Alabama will remember that when the Democracy came into power, in 1870, the State was enjoying a degree of prosperity never before excelled in our history. Business was everywhere prosperous; the poor man was sending his children to free schools and the State treasury was ready to meet any demand upon it. Within six months after Lindsay's inauguration all this pleasant and encouraging condition of things was changed. Disorder, stagnation and bankruptcy seized upon the people. All our great works of internal improvements which were in a high state of prosperity under Republican auspices, suddenly collapsed and Lindsay's Democratic cabal seized upon the best and most important highway of the State, only to crush and destroy it, and involve the State in endless litigation and disaster. All that Bourbon malice could do to crush the prosperity of the people was done. We are now offered the opportunity of ridding the State of this destructive Bourbon rule. Look at the following ticket, and we defy any one to point out an objection to either of these citizens:

For Governor—Noadiah Woodruff, of Dallas.

For Secretary of State—Amos Moody of Franklin.

For Superintendet of Education—H. J. Livingston, of Autauga.

For Attorney General—E. H. Grandin, of Mobile.

For Auditor—Lewis Owen, of Montgomery.

For Treasurer—W. B. Harris, of Russell.

These gentlemen are all liberal and progressive citizens, and we prefer them to the hidebound politicians who train with the Salary Grabber Houston. We advise every Republican voter, and every lover of free government in Alabama, to support this ticket.

Taxation—State Debt.

When the sore heads and Rads talk to you about the Revenue bill, taxes, etc., ask them what the size of the revenue bill would have been and how high the rate of taxation if we had been forced to provide for that thirty-two millions of Radical debt which had been piled upon the State.—Talladega Reporter.

Here is the squirming of a singed cat. The people complain *now* of onerous taxation. The writer of the above, who is a Bourbon Democratic politician, tells them they have no right to complain, because in a certain contingency they would have had heavier taxes to meet. What sort of argument is this for sensible men? Why don't you defend your own acts, and leave the Republicans to look after theirs? If your taxation upon the people is heavier *now*, with your claims of having reduced the State debt to ten millions, than the rate was under Republican rule when you assert the debt was thirty millions, how do you account to the people for it? That is the question!

SOME of our State contemporaries have candidates announced for 'State Superintendent of Public Instruction.' We beg to suggest that there is no such office. The Constitution of Alabama provides for the election to office of a "Superintendent of Education." The form may possibly be a small matter, but where there is so much stickling for exactness, as we now have in our politics, it may be well to be right.

THE Republicans of Talladega county have nominated Hon's. N. S. McAfee and A. C. Wood for the lower house of the Legislature. The Reporter and Watchtower seems to be badly frightened over these nominations. The editor of that paper who was a home general during the war, and whose loyalty to the Confederacy was seriously questioned, attempts to arouse a war sentiment against Messrs. McAfee and Wood. He is evidently scared.

A VOTE for the Independent ticket is a vote for the equal rights of all citizens under the laws. A vote for Houston's Despotism is to deny Republicans any rights at all.

DR. J. H. HENRY, of Dallas county, has a letter in the Selma Times, of yesterday, in which he predicts that Woodruff will beat Houston thirty thousand at the August election.

Shall the Flag Protect the Citizen?

Aside from all the other issues which divide the National Republican party from the Bourbon Democracy, is the issue of "Government" itself. This issue was raised in 1860, by the same Confederate Democracy, when the American people elected a Republican President. The leaders of the opposition then declared that they would not "recognize" the election of Lincoln, and proposed a trial of battle to settle the question. The Nation met this purpose and proposition by raising another question, one entirely independent of the causes or objections brought against Mr. Lincoln, personally, and against his election. That new issue thus raised by the Nation, was expressed in the inquiry, *"Have we a Government?"* From that day to this the conflict produced by Mr Lincoln's election, has raged with unabated fury, the Confederate-Democracy trying to make good its original protest against "Republican Rule," the Nation, with equal determination, standing by its original purpose of first making the Government itself good before thinking of compromise.

In this centennial year of patriotic fervor the Nation is more than willing to close the breach made by the war, to renew the ancient ties of social, business and political friendship. But this disposition should not lead us for one moment to forget the real cause of the rupture which occurred in 1860. Nor should it blind the country to the facts of the Southern situation as they exist to day. The cause of the original rupture was the fixed Confederate purpose of opposing National authority by force. The facts of the Southern situation are that this spirit of opposition to the National will has obtained actual control of the fifteen populous and wealthy States which comprise this Southern section of the Nation and that before this *local Southern* power the National flag has ceased to be *a protection* to American citizenship in either of these States. In the face of all this, the people of the Nation are now called upon to do in 1876 that which they refused to do in 1860, and in 1864, when "peace" was offered through McClellan. The question is: our National politics to-day, therefore, and which rises above all other questions, is that involved in vindicating the authority of the government. This issue is presented to the Nation from Jefferson Davis' own State. We all know that Mississippi has been revolutionized *a la Mexicana*, in 1876, in the interest of the Bourbon Democracy, on the same issue which caused the secession of the States from the Union in 1860. The Bourbons of Mississippi say now, as they said then, that they will never consent to live under "Republican rule." Their language is this: "Expel your vulgar Republican administration from the National capital, and we will make short work of the Northern carpet-baggers and scallawags here, and *then* we shall have peace." Exactly. We in Alabama know what this means, and understand precisely what sort of "peace" is involved. But if the Nation accepts peace on these terms *now*, why did it not do so in 1860? And under this surrender in 1876, what shall it have gained by the war? We shall have the National authority successfully defied. We shall have the Republicans here reduced to "subordination" to the dominant party. We shall have the South re-sectionalised on the issue of race, caste as a controlling balance of power in National politics. We shall have the National debt! There will remain the memory of the bloody sacrifice made by the people of the Nation in vindicating the honor and maintaining the authority of the government. But if that authority can still be successfully defied—if the flag of the Union does not protect every American citizen in the South, rich and poor, black and white, what has the Nation left but the results of a compromise which could have been realized as well in 1865 as now? Union men of the South should ponder the situation well.

Railroad Sam as a Transmitor.

Probably Gov. Tilden will be brought down from the region of glittering generalities by and by. When that happens we suppose he will explain what he meant the other night, when, in replying to the great Indiana statesman, B. W. Hanna, he said the Republic is to be "transmitted to coming generations as Jefferson helped to form it, and as it has been ever since, until a recent period." When did "the recent period" set in? Does Mr. Tilden mean to be understood that the goverment handed over to Abraham Lincoln by James Buchanan bore any of the lineaments of that government which Jefferson aided to form? Does he mean to be understood as saying that the Republic which existed from 1844 to 1860 was a Republic that deserved to be perpetuated? It was a Republic controlled by a monarchial cabal in the interest of the greatest wrong man can inflict upon man. We have shaken off the clutch of that cabal, and by that act emancipated the Republic from the toils of a bastard Democracy led by such slippery politicians as Samuel J. Tilden. The Republic of to-day more nearly corresponds to the Jeffersonian ideal than it did in his own day. Had the nation produced no higher type of men than Tilden and Hendricks, there would have been no American nation to-day—a fact which the former seems to have totally forgotten in his reply to Sir Knight Hanna.

IT is strange that a vigilant Democratic press has not discovered that some of our Northern States are under "the bayonet rule." Michigan has more soldiers within her borders than any one of the Southern States, except Texas, which has 2,500 miles of dangerous border to guard. The iron heel of a military despotism has been crushing Michigan thus for some time. Let some Democratic editor sound the alarm.

Gnawing a File.

If any man complains of the present tax bill, let him remember that the Rads swelled the debt of the State to thirty-two millions of dollars.—[Talladega Reporter.

If any man complains of the present tax bill, let him remember that the Houston despotism has set up favored classes, and thereby forced the poorer classes to pay the taxes. The lawyer, the Doctor and the Dentist are exempt from all the burdens of government, while the farmer, the merchant and the laborer have to support the government. If the State debt had been swelled to fifty millions what has that to do with the payment of taxes now? The Houston dynasty boasts that it has reduced the debt to ten millions. Why then do they try to escape their responsibility by trying to make the people believe they are paying taxes on a debt larger than that?

The rate of the taxation *now* is precisely what it was under Republican rule, with this advantage in favor of the Republicans—that all citizens were equally taxed, and there were no favored classes, whilst under Democratic misgovernment the farmer and merchant have to pay the more taxes because the professional gentlemen of the State are relieved entirely and absolutely. Democracy now is aristocracy, full-fledged and tyrannical.

Col. Harrington.

Col. G. F. Harrington died at his place just below the city yesterday, shortly after midnight, of congestion of the brain. He was for a term Mayor of the city of Mobile, and was a very much abused gentleman by persons who lacked some of his virtues—for he was noted for his liberality and charitable disposition. Like many other men who came in after the war, and many who were with us during the war, he made a good deal of money; but he did not keep it, and did not send it away to be spent in foreign places. It was distributed here in this city—much of it with an open hand, that made him many friends among those who had berated, perhaps maligned, him—for it was a time when passion ruled, and very naturally—for the confederate man was much offended by seeing strangers coming to get what he thought was his right. And so it fell out that the deceased got into what may be called a hornet's nest.

Death closes up our accounts, and when they are closed we ought to divest ourselves of prejudice, and try to discover what was good in the dead.

There was much of it in Col H., we hear; and, although he was called a carpet bagger, and wasn't liked for that reason, now that he lies in his coffin, we allude to his virtues, and put entirely aside his carpet-bagism. This was the heathen philosophy and is now the true Christian philosophy.—[Mobile Tribune, July 19.

We give credit to the editor of the Tribune for the noble utterances above. Every word in praise of Col. Harrington is indeed true. He was abused by men who were his inferiors in all that makes a true man. The writer of this knew him for years, and never saw him refuse charity in any case. His hand was always open to the poor and unfortunate, and scores of white and colored in Montgomery can attest his unostentatious chartiy. Let us hope that it was "bread cast upon the waters." Now that his earthly career is ended, let his virtues live after him, and his slight faults lie buried with him. "Charity covers a multitude of sins." If this be true, his noble and profuse charity will meet with a reward, commensurate with its extent. As the cold earth closes over his body may the mantle of charity fall upon his faults and his worthy deeds live green in our memory.

THE virtuous but impatient Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer (Dem.) telegraphs to that paper as follows, under date of the 18th inst:

The weekly farce enacted by the Democratic House in the attempt to repeal the Resumption act or compel Cox's committee to report a bill for that purpose, was enacted to-day. The regular report will tell the story. Such Democrats as Cox and Willis seem to delight in proclaiming to the country that the Democratic platform adopted at St. Louis is a lie and a fraud.

And the Enquirer editorially asks: "Is the Democratic party incapable of carrying out the reform which it proposes?"

Such skeptical inquiries are sad evidence that faith in the Democracy is perishing from the earth.

Brick Pomeroy Won't Swallow Tilden.

[From Pomeroy's Democrat.]

God Almighty marked Butler with the face of a beast. He marked Samuel J Tilden's eye with the sign of his displeasure, and that honest men might beware of one who needed blinders. He has sifted into the minds of people who are honest a feeling of fear of Tilden and all his gang. Did we know less of public men, we should be less afraid to trust many of them who live only for plunder. Such a man is Samuel J. Tilden, and we will not support him—*and he never will be President of the United States.* On this prophesy we stake our reputation as a reader of public opinion.

"What we declare to the whole country, and to the whole world, is that the American Government is solemnly bound to train up American citizens. If this is not the plainest of political axioms then I know not what is plain. If this interferes with any man's rights or conscience such a person can retire to Mexico, Spain or Italy, where his rights and conscience may harmonize with the Government and the society."—R. W. Clark, D. D.

Griswold, the "Fat Contributor," knows something of Hayes' antecedents and blurts out about them in this way: "He never had to break out with the measles, as other children do. Measles did all the breaking out itself, without implicating him in the least. He could go in swimming every day in the weak, and his folks never find it out, while other boys were constantly getting licked for it. He could hang around a circus door without a cent in his pocket, with entire certainty that somebody he didn't know would come along and take him into the show."

Mr. Mulligan now says that he never, under any circumstances, or to anybody, at any place, asserted that ex-Speaker Blaine did not correctly read the Warren-Fisher letters. On the contrary, he admits that he read every syllable in them.

The Representatives of 1870.

For years Mr. Tilden was the political associate and co-worker of Tweed and Tammany Hall. Every well-informed man in New York knew the character of that corrupt Ring long before its final overthrow. Its rascalities in 1868 had been proclaimed by Horace Greeley, and proved before a Congressional Committee. Its robberies were notorious and transparent.

Yet all this while Mr. Tilden was in political co-operation with it. In 1870, after the Young Democrats had made their fight against Tweed and had declared the crimes of the Ring before the whole State, Mr. Tilden was in active association and fellowship with its leaders. The Rochester Democrat revives the names of the Tammany delegation to the Democratic State Convention at Rochester in 1870, as follows:

Nicholas Muller,	Magnus Gross,
Thomas Coman,	Richard O. Gorman,
John Hays,	Thomas J. Creamer,
Wm. M. Tweed,	Samuel B. Garvin,
Michael Norton,	Samuel J. Tilden
Gideon J. Tucker,	Michael Connolly,
Samuel S. Cox,	Rich. B. Connolly,
John Mullaly,	Thomas C. Fields,
Anthony Hartman,	A. Oakey Hall,
Oswald Ottendorfer,	Henry, W. Genet.

Here Mr. Tilden appears side by side with Tweed, Dick Connolly, Tom. Fields and Harry Genet—all of whom are now fugitives in foreign lands. If these delegates had been chosen by districts, it might have been reasoned that Mr. Tilden's election in one district had no connection with Tweed's in another. But the delegation was not thus chosen—*it was made up as a whole by Tammany Hall, and it represented the will and the power of the Tammany Ring.* The Tammany Ring, appointing its delegation, placed Tilden on it with Tweed, Connolly, Fields, and Genet.

The political affiliation is thus clearly established in this and in repeated public acts. With full knowledge of its rascalities Mr. Tilden remained in political association with the Ring till long after its stupendous peculations had been demonstrated and its destruction assured. And yet his friends have the effrontery to claim that he broke up the Ring.

The Shinplaster Candidate.

The Lansing, Mich., Republican furnishes us the following facts, compiled from official sources, as to the connection of Tilden with the issue of shinplasters in Michigan. By this speculation he cleared immense sums of money at the expense of the miners and laborers in his employ. Hear what the Republican says:

On October 5, 1864, there was filed in the office of the Secretary of State, in this city, the articles of association of the Iron Cliffs Mining Company. The stockholders were Wallace B. Ogden, who held 1,000 shares; I. W. Foster, 400 shares, and Samuel J. Tilden, 18,600 shares, each share being of the par value of $25. Mr. Tilden therefore owned ninety-three per cent, of all the original stock of this company, or $465,000 par value out of $500,000.

This mining enterprise was extremely profitable. According to the annual report, made September 16, 1874, and sworn to by S. J. Tilden, a director, now on file in the Secretary of State's office, the real and personal estate, improvements and credits, at that time amounted to $2,197,349 53, and the total debts to $770,775, thus showing an increase of $926,573 83 in the property above the $500,000 capital paid in, besides the dividends declared in ten years' business.

But Mr. Tilden was not satisfied with these enormous profits. He caused to be issued the sum of $4,552,094 in shinplasters, printed of the size of ordinary bank bills, and closely imitating them, with "greenbacks" to make them look like United States money.

* * * * * * *

This paper was paid out to the laborers and other creditors of that mine at its par value, but was really not redeemable until seventy days after presentation to the treasurer at New York city. This made the shinplasters worth only from ninety to ninety-five cents on the dollar in trade through that section of the upper peninsula where they were taken at all.

The act of Congress approved June 30, 1864, section 110, declares that "a duty of one-twelfth of one per cent. each month shall be paid on the average amount of circulation issued by any bank, association, corporation, company or person, including all as circulation all certified checks and all notes or other obligations circulated or intended to be circulated or used as money." * * * * Furthermore, a stringent law on the statute book of Michigan (compiled laws of 1871, section 7,744) forbids "the issue of any bills, notes, due bills, drafts or other evidences of debt in the similitude of bank bills, to be loaned or put in circulation as money or a circulating medium," except by regular banking corporations; and makes "any person or member of any corporation violating this act liable to three years' imprisonment or a fine not exceeding $1,000." When some counterfeits of this rag currency were discovered in 1874, and the Iron Cliffs Company sued the counterfeiters, they escaped, under the instructions of Circuit Judge O'Grady to the jury, because such bills could not be the subject of forgery. They were "a spurious, worthless, bastard currency," not protected by law.

Dissatisfied with the profits he could make on an unlawful currency—one which compelled the holders to wait seventy days for payment after presentation—Mr. Tilden kept back the specific tax, levied under the laws of the State of Michigan, to which his company owed its corporate existence. The Iron Cliffs mine made no reports for the years 1868, 1869, and 1870, such as required by our compiled laws, section 2,855; and the Auditor General, under act of January 29, 1873, was obliged to assess the tax by estimating the product. Taking the product of 1868 as a basis, he figured the tax to be paid for 1869, and taking that of 1869, he figured the tax for 1870. In 1871, for the first time in three years, the company made a report of its product such as is required every year, but it paid none of the tax for these three years until July 20, 1872, and then it paid $2,041 73 in a lump. Half this amount was returned by the State to Marquette county, where the Iron Cliffs mine is located, under section 7 of article 19 of the Constitution. Mr. Tilden had kept the people of that county awaiting his convenience for payment of three years' taxes in which they had a half interest.

All these facts are drawn from the official records of our State or of the United States.

Truly, we opine, the workingmen of the country will agree with Governor Dix that Tilden himself stands in "urgent need of reform."

BY TELEGRAPH.

Expressly for the State Journal by the Southern and Atlantic Telegraph Line.

WASHINGTON.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—Mr. Palmerson offered a resolution, which was adopted, requesting the President to furnish the Senate, if not incompatible with the public service, any information in his possession relative to the recent slaughter of American citizens at Hamburg, South Carolina.

The Osage land bill was discussed until the expiration of the morning hour and went over.

The hour of 12 having arrived the Senate proceeded with the impeachment trial.

Mr. Black announced that Mr. Carpenter was sick and unable to be present, and as it was necessary for counsel to hear argument that he was to answer, he wished that an order be made that Mr. Blair be now heard as arranged with the managers, and that after he had made his opening argument the court adjourn until to-morrow, when the managers would be heard.

On motion of Mr. Anthony the order was laid on the table.

Mr. Blair then proceeded with his argument. He referred to the scenes which occurred in the Senate when the question of jurisdiction was raised, characterizing it as one to cause a feeling of shame, and the course of the managers as an appeal to the Senate to make the respondent a victim to expiate the abuses which had prevailed in the administration of public affairs. He then proceeded to argue the question of jurisdiction, quoting numerous authorities, English and American, in support of his proposition that two-thirds was required to decide the question of jurisdiction.

Mr. Blair concluded his argument at 2:50 p. m., when Mr. Ingalls moved that the court adjourn. Disagreed to.

Mr. Conkling said it would expedite matters, in coming to an understanding, to take a short recess, and he moved a recess of ten minutes, which was agreed to.

After the recess Mr. Windom, by unanimous consent, offered a bill continuing the ten days' act for ten days additional, viz: from the 20th of July, and it was passed.

Mr. Anthony offered a joint resolution continuing the public printing in like manner for the same time. Passed.

The Senate then resumed its trial session.

Mr. Lynde proceeded to address the Senate.

The House ten day extension bill having been received through its Clerk, was, on motion, taken up and passed, the Senate going temporarily into legislative session for that purpose.

Mr. Lynde then resumed his argument and at the conclusion of his remarks the court adjourned to 12 m. to-morrow.

The Senate, in legislative session, then adjourned.

House.

The regular order was demanded immediately after the reading of the journal, and the House resumed the consideration of the bill for the protection of the Texas frontier, the pending questions being upon Mr. Banks' substitute for the second section permitting the pursuit of robbers across the Rio Grande, after four months notice to the Mexican Government. The substitute was rejected by a vote of 87 to 96. An effort was made to reconsider but was defeated, and the bill was then passed, retaining only the first section.

Mr. Randall called up the report of the conference committee on the sundry civil bill. The reading of the report occupied nearly an hour. Mr. Randall explained the report and said that the estimates of the department for the items in this bill were $325,62,479.29; as it passed the House the bill appropriated $14,857,126.54. The Senate added an aggregate of $506,839.70, while amount appropriated by the conference report is $16,357,905.47, which is over ten millions less than the amount appropriated in the sundry bill last year. The report of the committee of conference was agreed to without a division.

Mr. Randall, from committee on appropriations, reported a bill appropriating $7,000 to pay the expenses of a joint committee to investigate Chinese immigration. Passed.

Mr. Randall also reported a bill to continue the appropriations for the temporary service of the Government until and including July 31st. Passed.

Mr. Phillips, of Kansas, from the conference committee on the bill for the removal of the Otoe and Missouri Indians from Nebraska to the Indian Territory submitted a report. The conference report was rejected.

Mr. Banning, of Ohio, from the committee on military affairs, reported back messages of the President vetoing the bill to remove the charge of desertion against Nelson Tiffany, a private of company A, 25th regiment, of Massachusetts volunteers. The reason given for vetoing the bill was that it would falsify the records of the Department. Mr. Banning said that upon a review of the facts the Adjutant General said he thought it was a deserving case, and believed that relief should be granted. The question was postponed until to-morrow, in order to get a communication in writing from the Adjutant General.

The Speaker laid before the House a message from the President vetoing the bill in relation to bonds of bidders for postoffice contracts. The reason assigned for the veto is that the bill in its present form will not enable the Postmaster General to carry out the purpose for which it was intended. Referred to the postoffice committee.

On motion of Mr. Randall the House took up and passed the Senate bill for the temporary continuance of public printing.

The House resolved that when it adjourned to-morrow it would be until Monday, and then at 5 p. m. adjourned.

The conference committee on the legislative, consular and diplomatic appropriation bills, held a meeting to-day, but made no progress toward an agreement. They will meet again to-morrow.

The report of the committee on judiciary in the matter of the sale of cadetships by Representative Hays, of Alabama, says that while the testimony is insufficient to convict him of fraudulent practices, yet there is grounds for grave suspicion, and the testimony shows a carelessness which ought not to be tolerated. The committee recommend that no further action be taken in the matter.

Governor Chamberlain, of South Carolina, arrived in this city yesterday, and had an interview with the President, Secretary Cameron and the Attorney General, regarding the murder of colored men at Hamburg. The views of the general government upon the necessity of the State authorities executing the laws of the State and punishing murderers, were explained to the Governor, and the impression is that the laws will be carried out by the State authorities. If the State government fails to do this other means will undoubtedly be employed to guarantee safety to the lives of citizens. Governor Chamberlain is here at the invitation of the Secretary of War.

WEATHER—For the Gulf States, slight changes in temperature and barometer, easterly to southerly winds, with local thunder storms on the southwest and lower Mississippi valley.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 20.—Hon. Wm. A. Wheeler's letter of acceptance of the Republican nomination for the Vice Presidency, is published here to-day. He says "the nomination is accepted with a sense of the responsibility which may follow. If elected, I shall endeavor to perform the duties of the office in fear of the Supreme Ruler and in the interest of the whole country. To the summary of doctrines enunciated by the convention, I give my cordial assent."

Another spell of excessively hot weather has begun here. The heat last night was intense, and to-day promises to be the same. Many cases of sunstroke are again reported.

The following shows the state of the thermometer at 3:30 p. m., in the cities named: Buffalo, 90; Cincinnati, 96; New Orleans, 92; Baltimore, 98; Washington, 93; Albany, 92; New York, 88; Philadelphia, 95; Boston, 93.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 20.—In the House of Lords this evening Earl Derby stated that he had just received a communication from the United States Government. He said he could not state the contents of it, but he had given a copy to Earl Granville, and had requested him to postpone his motion calling attention to the extradition correspondence, as a discussion would inconvenience public business. Earl Granville said he had read the communication, and that his motion would not affect the negotiations of the two Governments.

The Post denies that Sir Dilke is going to America with the parliamentary excursionists.

Sir Percy Russell, moderate conservative member of Parliament for Spereham, is dead.

OHIO.

CINCINNATI, July 20.—O. L. Davis was nominated for Congress by the Independent Greenback Convention, at Terre Haute, Indiana, yesterday.

The weather the past few days has been extremely warm. Yesterday eight cases of sunstroke occurred.

A Times special says a train of three cars, on the Odd Fellow's excursion from Newark to Yellow Springs, Ohio, collided with a hand car this morning and run off a bank thirty feet high. The fireman was killed and the engineer fatally injured. Several others were bruised.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, July 20.—Another forest fire on Cape Cod, yesterday, destroyed from 15,000 to 20,000 acres of woods. At midnight last night the fire was raging, but no further loss was anticipated. The loss is from $10,000 to $15,000. Several farm dwellings have been burned.

VIRGINIA.

ALEXANDRIA, July 20.—In consequence of the refusal of the government to permit the execution of judgments against it, Mr. Packman, President of the Court of Summary Justice, declared in open court, to-day, that he would refuse to hear any actions whatever, and that he now closes the court. Great excitement prevails.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

PORTSMOUTH, July 20.—The Rockingham Dime Savings bank closed its doors to-day. It is thought that depositors will not lose heavily.

TURKEY.

BUCHAREST, July 20.—The Minister of War to-day withdrew the bill mobilizing the reserve.

MISSOURI.

JEFFERSON CITY, July 20.—The Democratic Convention re-assembled this morning. Henry C. Brockeneger, a prominent German, was nominated for Lieutenant Governor.

"THE SOUTHWEST."

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R. H. RAWLINGS M. A., Principal.

Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

JULY 20.—Our market to-day is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary	8½@8½
Good Ordinary	9½@—
Strict Good Ordinary	10 @—
Low Middling	10½@—
Middling	11½@—

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.

Bacon—C R Sides		12½@	12½
" Shoulders		10½@	10½
Bulk—C R Sides		11½@	11½
" Shoulders		9½@	9½
Plain Sugar-cured Hams		—@	—
Canv'ssd	"	15½@	16
Lard—Choice, in tierces		13 @	13½
" " ½ bbls		14 @	14½
" " Kegs		14½@	15
" " buckets		3 15 @	3 25
Sugar—Snow White		11 @	—
" W. C.		10½@	10¾
" Y. C.		10½@	10½
" Strictly Choice		10½@	10¾
" Prime		9¾@	9¾
" Fair		8¾@	9
Molasses—Choice		65 @	70
" Prime		50 @	55
" Fair		45 @	50
" Common		35 @	40
Coffee—Choice		23 @	—
" Prime		22 @	2 ¼
" Fair		21 @	21¾
" Common		20 @	20¾
Rice—Choice		8 @	8¼
" Prime		7 @	7¼
" Fair		6½@	7
Flour—Fancy		8 00 @	8 50
" Choice		7 00 @	7 75
" Family		6 25 @	7 00
" Superfine		5 00 @	5 50
" Common		4 75 @	5 00
Tobacco		42 @	1 00
Whisky—Rectified		1 08 @	1 25
" Better Grades		1 50 @	3 50
Wines—Port and Sherry		1 25 @	2 00
" Claret		3 50 @	6 00
Brandies		$ 1 25 @	2 50
" French		6 00 @	10 00
" Peach and Apple		2 00 @	3 50
Gin		1 40 @	2 25
" in cases		6 00 @	7 00
Beer in bottles, per doz		1 85 @	1 75
" in kegs		3 50 @	—
Cigars, per thousand		18 00 @	60 00
CASE GOODS—			
Oysters, 1 lb cans, per doz		90 @	1 00
" 2 " "		1 75 @	2 00
Fresh Peaches, 2 lb cans, per doz		2 00 @	2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case		4 00 @	4 25
" Cherries, "		4 25 @	4 50
Sardines, ¼ boxes, "		16 00 @	16 50
Condensed Milk, "		11 00 @	12 00
Yeast Powders, per doz		1 0 @	2 10
Pickles, gal's, "		5 00 @	6 00
" ½ " "		3 75 @	4 50
" ¼ " "		2 50 @	3 00
" ⅛ " "		1 50 @	2 00
Soda, in kegs, " lb		5½@	6
" " ½ bxs, "		6¼@	7¾
Potash, " doz		5 50 @	6 50
Candles, full weight, per lb		16½@	17½
Soaps, "		5 @	7½
Starch, "		8½@	9¾
Salt, Liverpool, per sack		1 35 @	1 40
" Fine Liverpool		1 90 @	—
" Virginia, "		2 10 @	2 25
Drop Shot		2 50 @	—
Buck Shot		2 75 @	—
Powder, " keg		5 75 @	6 25
Nails, standard rate, per keg		3 50 @	—
Snuff—Macaboy, Lorillard's		80 @	—
" Miller's		75 @	—
" Gail & Ax		70 @	—
" Scotch, per gross		9 00 @	—
" Garrett's, per doz		4 75 @	—
Ink, per case		1 50 @	—
Mustard, per dozen		1 25 @	2 00
Ground Spices		1 00 @	1 25
" Pepper		1 00 @	1 25
" Ginger		1 00 @	1 25
" Allspice		1 00 @	1 25
" Cloves		1 00 @	1 25
" Cinnamon		1 50 @	—
Percussion Caps		65 @	80
G. D. "		45 @	—
Toilet Soaps, box		1 75 @	2 25
Shaving, box		50 @	1 00
Smoking Tobacco		50 @	60
Tea		75 @	1 25
Wampoo Bitters		6 50 @	—
Diamond Gin		7 50 @	—
Plantation Bitters		8 50 @	—
Hostetter's Bitters		8 00 @	—
Rhine Wines		8 00 @	12 50
Wrapping Paper, Large		75 @	—
" D C		65 @	—
" Medium		50 @	—
" Small		40 @	—
Nutmegs		1 50 @	—
Brooms		2 25 @	3 50

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, July 20.—Money closed at 2¼. Gold 111¾. Stocks dull.

COTTON.

Spot cotton to-day closed easier: Middling Orleans 11⅝c; middling Alabama, 11 13-16c; middling upland, 11¾c; strict low middling upland, 11⅜c; low middling upland, 11 1-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10⅝c; good ordinary upland, 9 15-16c; ordinary upland, 8 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed weak; sales 7,600 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 25-32@11 15-32
August	11 2 -32@
September	11 7-16@11 15-32
October	11 9-32@
November	11 25-32@11 11-16
December	11 7-32@11 11-16

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 20.—Cotton steady; middling uplands, 5 7-8d; middling Orleans, 6d; sales to-day 8,000 bales, of which 2,000 bales are for export and speculation; receipts —— bales, American —— bales.

SAVANNAH, July 20.—Receipts 57, gross 2, exports to Great Britain —; sales 2; stock 1,425; price of middlings, 10¾c; market quiet.

NEW ORLEANS, July 20.—Net receipts 144, gross 171; exports to Great Britain 11.6; coast —; sales 500; stock 52,284 price of middlings 11¾c, low middlings 10⅝c, good ordinary 9¾c market quiet.

WILMINGTON, July 20—Net receipts ; sales —; stock 576; price of middlings 10¾c; market steady.

MOBILE, July 20.—Net receipts 8; exports to Great Britain ——, coast 268; sales 250; stock 3,499; price of middlings 10¾c, low middlings 9¾c, good ordinary 8¾c; market weak.

NORFOLK, July 20.—Net receipts 9; sales —; stock 2,205; price of middlings 11—c; market quiet.

GALVESTON, July 20.—Net receipts 69, gross 70; sales 300; stock 5,339; price of middlings 11c; market dull.

BOSTON, July 20—Net receipts 184, gross 320, exports to Great Britain —; sales —; stock 15,-934; price of middlings 12c; market quiet.

CHARLESTON, July 20.—Net receipts 23; sales 150; stock 4,310; price of middlings 11¼c; market quiet.

PHILADELPHIA, July 20.—Net receipts 196; gross 213; sales——; price of middlings 11¾c; market quiet.

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

FRIDAY, JULY 21, 1876.

Independent State Ticket.

For Governor—Nesbith Woodruff, of Dallas.

For Secretary of State—Amos Moody of Franklin.

For Superintendent of Education—H. J. Livingston, of Autauga.

For Attorney General—E. H. Grandin, of Mobile.

For Auditor—Lewis Owen, of Montgomery.

For Treasurer—W. B. Harris, of Russell.

Lowndes County Convention.

HAYNEVILLE, ALA., July 15, 1876.

The Republican County Convention assembled at Hayneville, July 15th, 1876, and was called to order by Hon. J. V. McDuffie, Chairman of the County Executive Committee, on whose motion Hon. James T. Rapier was called to the chair. Mr. L. J. Bryan placed in nomination Ben Delemos, for Secretary, which motion prevailed. Hon. J. V. McDuffie moved the appointment of a committee of five on credentials, which was amended by making it nine, and the motion adopted. The committee on credentials made their report—100 delegates being present. The report was received and adopted. Mr. L. J. Bryan introduced a resolution for the appointment of delegates to the Congressional District Convention which read as follows:

Whereas, A convention is to be called on the 9th of September to select delegates to the District Convention, which assembles at Marion, Perry county, Sept. 13, 1876, and

Whereas, The people of this county about that time are being gathering their crop and are waiting to nominate their delegates to-day; therefore,

Resolved, That we this day select the delegates to said Convention, and that no other Convention shall be called for such purpose. After a little discussion the resolution was unanimously adopted. The chair, on motion of J. W. Jones appointed a Committee of nine which reported the following delegates to represent this county in the congressional convention at Marion, Ala., Sept. 13, 1876: James T. Rapier, J. W. Jones, L. J. Bryan, H. A. Carson, W. E. Carson, Edward Roberts, C. T. Hrabowsky, C. P. Bland, Sam Lee.

W. J. Anthony moved the appointment of a committee of nine to select delegates to the Senatorial Convention composed of the counties of Lowndes and Autauga. J. V. McDuffie introduced a substitute which named the committee to be appointed and raised it to thirteen which substitute was laid on the table and the original motion adopted.

J. W. Jones introduced the following resolution: Whereas the County Executive Committee of this county is composed of twenty members, two from each beat, and whereas such committee never has been appointed, except a chairman and a secretary, and whereas the county organization ought to be perfect to carry on the campaign, be it then resolved that the Chairman of this Convention hereby appoint twenty members to compose the County Executive Committee, two from each beat, which was unanimously adopted and the chair appointed said committee.

The committee to select delegates to the Senatorial convention reported the following delegates: J. W. Jones, H. A. Carson, W. E. Carson, J. V. McDuffie, W. H. Dillard, C. P. Bland, D. C. Howard, R. J. Mayberry and Ben Relf, which report was received and adopted.

The next business in order was the selection of members to the General Assembly.

A motion to adopt the two-thirds rule was carried.

Fifteen candidates were placed in nomination, and after eight successive ballots, the delegates being worried and night upon them, became confused, many of them leaving.

J. V. McDuffie then placed in nomination the names of J. A. Tyson and W. D. McCurdy who were nominated by acclamation.

A motion requesting the Republican papers to publish the proceedings was carried, and the convention adjourned.

JAMES T. RAPIER, Chairman.

BEN DELEMOS, Secretary.

Tilden and Laboring Men.

THE WAY SLIPPERY SAMMY DEFRAUDED THE MICHIGAN IRON WORKERS.

From the Chicago Tribune.]

That was a cheap bait which Gov. Tilden flung out for the votes of the working men, when, in his Albany speech, after his nomination, he said: "We are all laboring men." But, when they read the record of his dealings with the workmen in his mines in the Lake Superior region, no workingmen will bite at that bait. Governor Tilden was the chief owner of the New York Mine, at Ishpeming, and was largely interested in the Iron Cliffs Mining Company, of Negaunee, and the Michigan Iron Company, of Clarksburg. These are the companies that flooded the Upper Peninsular of Michigan with their shinplaster currency by shoving it upon the companies' workingmen in payment of their wages. This dishonest currency forced upon workmen to accept in payment for honest labor, was in order to defraud the Government out of the tax upon paper circulation, issued in the form of drafts, payable at sight and ninety days after date, which made it requisite, to fix the liability of the companies, that there should be presentment, protest notice, etc., at maturity. The only pretense of redemption was in "store goods," for which, at such inflated prices as they choose to demand, it was exchangable at the companies' stores. Indeed, it was a wholly irredeemable currency, issued without security of any sort, and thousands of dollars of it in amount, now utterly worthless, are outstanding in Michigan to-day, being precisely as many evidences of what the companies swindled their employes and the holders out of, and Gov. Tilden added his share of it to his millions, while the dishonest shinplasters drawn upon his own Secretary still abound in the Upper Peninsular as samples of what Gov. Tilden means by honest currency.

In 1875 his Michigan Iron Company was put into bankruptcy, owing about $50,000 to its miners and laborers, which remains unpaid. Immediately prior to the adjudication in bankruptcy, and when it was foreseen to be inevitable, several gentlemen interested in the Company, voluntarily agreed, upon condition that the stockholders all would join in the undertaking, to make up out of their private funds the full amount to pay the Company's laborers in full. This arrangement failed, because one of the stockholders refused to enter into it after all the others had agreed to it. That stockholder was Samuel J. Tilden. It would have cost him about $1,200 out of all his barrels of money to do it. In truth, it would simply have cost him the payment of an honest debt to that amount, which was his *pro rata* share of the Company's debt to its hands. For that, too, under the charter of the Company and the laws of the State, he was legally liable. But to get the money out of him they would have to go to New York to sue him, and, as he remarked when this view of it was presented by one of his honest co-stockholders who proposed to pay the men their wages, "not much was to be made by coming so far to sue." It is a shabby exhibition Gov. Tilden presents, talking in demagogic strain of himself as a laboring man, with his iron companies' shinplasters, palmed off upon their workmen, still outstanding, and with the Michigan Iron Company's hands yet unpaid, because he refused to contribute toward their payment the paltry amount for which he was legally and morally liable, but which he leaves them to get by law, if they can. It shows that Samuel J. Tilden, laboring man, is as great a fraud as is Samuel J. Tilden, political reformer.

The Germans For Hayes.

A LIST OF GERMAN PAPERS THAT SUPPORT HIM—THE GENERAL GERMAN SENTIMENT—EARNEST WORDS FROM A REPRESENTATIVE GERMAN.

NEW YORK CITY, July 11th, 1876.

To the Editors Albany Evening Journal:

In the Argus of the 8th inst. is published a long Article in which that sheet attempts to show that the Germans are in favor of Tilden and Hendricks. It bases this assertion on the circumstance that the New York Staats Zeitung has declared for that ticket, and adds a list of German newspapers that have hoisted it. To contradict the accusation that the German press of this country is unanimous for Tilden and Hendricks, I subjoin a list of German papers that have declared for Hayes and Wheeler, the Republican candidates, viz:

The New York Republikaner, New York city.

The New York Demokrat, New York city.

The Belletristsceh Journal, New York city.

The Westliche Post, St. Louis, Mo.

The Germania, Milwaukee, Wis.

The Baltimore Wecker, Baltimore, Md.

The Louisville Volksblatt, Louisville, Ky.

The Westliches Volksblatt, St. Joseph, Mo.

The Evansville Union, Evansville, Ind.

The Freie Presse, Chicago, Ill.

The Freie Presse, Cincinnati, O.

The Freie Presse, Buffalo, N.Y.

The Journal, Denver, Colorado.

The Minnesota staatszeitung, St. Paul, Minn.

The New Ulm Post, New Ulm, Minn.

The New Jersey Freie Zeitung, Newark, N. J.

New Orleans Deutsche Zeitung, New Orleans, La.

The California Demokrat, San Francisco, Cal.

The Kansas Freie Press, Kansas City

The Post and Tribune, Kansas City.

The Freie Presse for Texas.

The New Braunsfels Zeitung, Texas.

The McLean County Presse, Illinois.

Americanischer Republikaner, Pottsville, Pa.

The Detroit Abendpost, Detroit, Mich.

The Washington Journal, Washington, D. C.

The Volks-Tribune, Washington, D.C.

The Green Bay Volkszeitung.

The Highland Union.

The Cleveland Anzeiger.

The Madison County Anzeiger.

The Rochester Beobachter.

The Peoria Deutsche Zeitung.

The Missouri Thalbote.

The Freie Presse, Cape Girardeau.

The St. Charles Zeitung.

The San Francisco Abendpost.

The Pittsburgh Freiheitsfreund.

The Belleville Zeitung.

To this list of papers must be added those that once were Liberal and Democratic, but have not yet declared themselves for Tilden and Bogus Reform.

The Argus also brings the translation of a letter from C. Goepp, a Marine Court Judge in this city, elected by Republican votes last fall, as a Republican Reformer, who announces with a flourish, that whereas, the Republican party has become hopelessly corrupt, etc., etc., therefore I, C. Goepp, am for Tilden, the man of the hour and the emergency," etc., etc.

But the Argus has not alluded to the scathing answer written this apostate by Judge Dittenhoefer, the Chairman of the German Republicans of the city of New York. The Germans of the metropolis have but few such professional mountebanks as "Goepp" in their midst and in either party, and we all know what the real motive for his desertion from the party that lifted him from obscurity and "*poverty*" to rank and "competency" means. It is simply the old story, that a successful politician too often kicks down the ladder that bore him safely to the height of his hopes.

Now permit me to inform, through you, the Republicans of the State, how much, in my opinion, the New York Staats Zeitung will be able to damage the Republican cause of Hayes and Wheeler in this city among the Germans. Although that paper has an average circulation of probably 37,000 daily, yet it is not looked upon as a "political" exponent by the Germans of the metropolis. It is rather only an advertising sheet *a la* Herald, in which every German chambermaid, servant girl and artisan advertise when they want situations. The thinking Germans who read the Staats Zeitung and have done so for years, know that it was an o it-and-out "Tweed and Tammany" sheet until it had become dangerous, in 1871, to remain longer attached to the cause of "Big Six," and when zealous Republican German Americans threatened to establish a new paper that should represent the Anti-Tammany interest. The New York Staats Zeitung perceived the impending catastrophe and veered around, and ever since that time its policy has been Democratic in National and state politics, and "Reform" on municipal matters—thus dividing the political allegiance of the New York Germans, to the extent of its ability, between "Reformers" and "Democrats" of the Tammany school. Its editor was the German candidate for Mayor of New York two years ago, but failed to be even second in the race, because his candidacy as a *German* was not exactly in keeping with his position as an "American" naturalized citizen.

Oswald Ottendorfer was a Tilden man just for the same reason that Tilden remained a "Tweed" man, until almost the last moment of that brave's political rule in this city. The Germans are not kept ignorant of Tilden's exploits as a "counter" in for Hoffman in 1868, when he swindled Griswold and Cornell out of their rightful election mandate. The Germans also know of his Railroad connections, and have no faith in a Railroad lawyer pretending to be for "Reform."

On the contrary, the Germans of this city will show this would-be owner of their votes, that they can discriminate between him and a patriot on election day.

You can put down the German-born vote of this city to the extent of 20,000 for Hayes and Wheeler, and if the Republican party nominates a few Germans in its State and Electoral tickets, you can rely on a larger vote than that even from that source.

The Germans are "American-Republicans" at heart, although they are once in a while misled by bogus reformers like O. O. and Tilden, and they are tired of the Hibernian yoke that they are made to wear by virtue of the rule and ruin policy of the Democratic Tammany Ring that controls the city, and has its powerful ramifications in every section of the State.

My suggestion to the Republican party is: Cultivate the German adopted citizen, confide in his patriotism and allegiance as an American citizen, trust him with the honorable performance of his duty as such, and recognize him as a factor in politics, and you will wean him from the counterfeit Democracy, which has long been only another name for ignorance, vice and bad government. "The Union forever" is the motto of the loyal German-American citizen; the *free schools* are his pride, because he knows their priceless value; the "*amendments*" are jealously regarded by him as irrevocable, because they are the result of the sacrifice of his loyal fellow-countrymen on the altar of American liberties, and these three cardinal points should bind him closely to, and identify him with the Republican party. Very respectfully,

A GERMAN-AMERICAN REPUBLICAN.

TILDEN AND TWEED.

The Twin Leaders of the New York Democracy.

THE STORY OF THEIR CONNECTION UNWILLINGLY TOLD—THE GOVERNOR'S "DEAR FRIEND" OF TEN YEARS AGO—FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR THE CAMPAIGN OF 1868 FOR A MAN OF "MODERATE MEANS"—HOW TILDEN HELPED TO BUILD UP THE INFLUENCE OF TWEED.

From the New York Times, July 9th.

On the 26th of February last Governor Tilden was examined as a witness in the suit of the people against Tweed. The following transcript from the stenographer's notes of the trial will help to illustrate the relations which the Chairman of the Democratic State Committee maintained with the "Boss" thief in the day of his power. The studious efforts of Governor Tilden, on his cross-examination, to conceal the truth, are as instructive as the deliberate attempt made in the biography which his agents delivered to the press to substitute deliberate falsehood for the truth of history:

CROSS EXAMINATION

By Mr. Field—Q. When did your acquaintance with Mr. Tweed begin?

A. I really can't tell. I knew him slightly some time while he was Street Commissioner.

Q. How many years ago?

A. I think he was appointed by Mayor Opdyke, or rather Deputy Street Commissioner—about twelve years ago. I do not exactly recollect when I first met him.

Q. That was about 1864?

A. I am not positively certain about the time.

Q. From that time did your acquaintance with him increase?

A. Perhaps so.

Q. How in fact?

A. I should think I knew him rather more afterward than I did the first year or two of my acquaintance with him. I never knew him much.

Q. Your relations were not at all close, then?

A. No, never.

Q. They were rather distant, I suppose?

A. Well they were reserved.

Q. He was a man of very great political influence, was he not?

A. At one time.

Q. How early did that begin?

A. I don't think he had much political influence until after he got control of the Street Commissioner's office, then it gradually grew.

Q. That, you think, was about 1866—1865, I mean?

A. 1863. Mr. Eward Ewing was appointed Street Commissioner and M. Tweed his Deputy; I speak only from recollection.

Q. He was successively Alderman and member of Congress?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. And a member of the State Senate, and a member of the National Democratic Committee, and so on?

A. He never was a member of the National Committee.

Q. But he held those offices I have spoken of?

A. He held those offices.

Q. Do you remember how long he was in Congress?

A. I should think one term.

Q. How long was he in the State Senate?

A. I should think two terms.

Q. Was he not in the State Senate when you were in the Assembly?

A. Not he was elected at the same time I was elected to the Assembly the last time, in 1871, but he did not go there.

Q. Were you not in the Assembly in 1870?

A. No, sir—1870—I was elected in the fall of 1871.

Q. Did he become after 1871 a man of great political influence?

A. He became about 1870 a man of great political power.

Q. Not before.

A. Not so much before.

Q. He had a large number of adherents, had he not?

A. Yes.

Q. A man who attracted to himself a very large circle of supporters?

A. He had a large following at one time.

Q. It continued from 1864?

A. Not so early as that.

Q. From the time it began as you have described it up to 1871?

No answer.

Q. How is it—did it continue up to that time?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. You did not answer my question and I thought you were waiting.

A. I did not understand it as a question.

Q. During this time did he have the control of what was called Tammany Hall?

A. I can't fix the date. He had control of Tammany Hall for several years.

Q. Were there two factions of the Democratic party, one of which was headed by him—or, if the word faction does not express it exactly, two fragments—I use the word fragments?

A. I don't know exactly what you mean by that—two parties running different tickets?

Q. Were there two fragments of the Democratic party which were struggling to get control of Tammany Hall?

A. Not at this time.

Q. For a portion of the time?

A. Occasionally. There was in the spring of 1870.

Q. Mr Tweed was the head of one, and somebody else led the other; was it not so?

A. There was a contest in the spring of 1871.

Q. During the period of his power I think you said he was not a member of the Democratic National Committee?

A. Never, I think.

Q. Look at that letter and tell me on what occasion it was written. [Producing a paper to the witness.]

Mr. Carter—Is it an original letter?

Mr. Field—An original letter from Mr. Tilden to Mr. Tweed, asking him to attend the National Democratic Committee or Convention.

The Witness—It does not ask him to do anything of the kind.

Q. We will see what it is, at all events.

A. The best way to ascertain what it is, is to read.

The counsel read the letter in evidence in the words following:

MY DEAR SIR—The National Committee meet at the Metropolitan Hotel, in Washington, on the 25th of February, at 12 o'clock. Yours, etc., S. J. TILDEN.

Hon. Wm. M. Tweed.

Q. What is the word there before the date?

A. Saturday morning, I think, February 15, 1868.

Q. Will you state for what purpose, if he was not a member of the committee, you wrote him that note?

A. I remember Mr. Belmont, who was President of the National Committee, pressed me very strongly to go there in 1868 to attend the meeting on the 8th of January, and I did. I presume Mr. Tweed must have asked me to send him word when that meeting would take place, or something of that sort, and I did it. I have no recollection now.

Q. Look at that note also, and see if it is a note you wrote him. [Producing a paper to the witness.]

A. That appears to be my handwriting.

Mr. Carter—Let me see it a moment, please.

Plaintiff's counsel examines the paper, which is handed to the witness to examine.

Mr. Carter—Do you perceive no relevancy in these notes whatever—it appears to be a private correspondence upon matters—

A. I have objection to that coming in.

Mr. Carter—With the Governor's consent, we are not inclined to make any objection ourselves.

Defendant's counsel reads the letter in evidence in the words following:

No. 15 GRAMERCY PARK,
AUG. 12, 1866—11 A. M.

MY DEAR SIR: I decided to go to Philadelphia in the morning, and shall not be able to see you before I leave. Mr. Richmond is at the St. Nicholas, somewhat ill. If well enough he will come on the 2 p. m. train. Whether he is there, to-day, or not, I hope you will not fail to be in Philadelphia. Very truly,
Your friend,
S. J. TILDEN.
Hon. Wm. M. Tweed.

Q. That, you perceive is in 1866, August 12, so at that time you must have been in relations with him, at all events, that would justify such a correspondence. While I am about it I will show you another letter and ask you if that is one you wrote to him [producing another paper to witness.]

A. That is in my handwriting.

The letter is shown to plaintiff's counsel, after which it is read by defendant's counsel, in the words following:

Hon. W. M. Tweed:

MY DEAR SIR—I beg to present to your attention the case of Mr. Samuel Allen, a very old friend of ours, and is in great need of a small appointment under your department, for which he has applied. He would be content with som thing for a time of not a very high rank. You know him so well that I need add nothing. He used to be a very efficient and useful worker, and is an entirely reliable man, and I should be personally glad if you can help him.

Truly yours,
S. J. TILDEN.

During the time when these letters were written, was Mr. Tweed exerting more influence on the fortunes of the Democratic party?

A. He was in 1868, as far as the city was concerned—less in 1866. He was gaining a good deal of power in the meantime. Perhaps it is fair to state that I do not know whether he appointed Mr. Allen. I do not think in the whole of his career I ever made a request for more than three appointments.

Q. Do you think that is necessary?

A. I think so. It is evidently the object to introduce testimony that has no earthly connection with the case.

Q. Do you think it is desirable to show the relations of a witness with a party in this case?

A. The witness has no objection to being examined as fully as you please.

Q. So I supposed. Were you Chairman of the Democratic State Committee for a long period?

A. I became Chairman in 1866.

Q. And continued up to what time?

A. Up to 1874.

Q. During that time was Mr. Tweed frequently consulted and applied to for contributions, to the committees?

A. Not very much.

Q. Did he make large contributions to that committee while you were at its head?

A. He did not

Q. Did he make any?

A. I suppose he made some.

Q. Did he make any through you?

A. Very little, if at all.

Q. Any; do you remember any?

A. I do not remember; I remember the general fact; I should think if, during the whole period, he would make an account to the committee, it would be found that he had made more bills against it than contributions to it.

Q. He made more bills against than contributions to it?

A. Mr. Tweed did not get to be a rich man until quite lately.

Q. I will come to that by and by; is that one of the checks that passed through your hands at that time? [Producing a check to the witness.]

A. That is a check in 1868.

Q. Is it a check that passed through your hands at the time?

A. It appears so.

Q. Was there another check of the same amount?

A. I do not remember.

Q. Will you not say whether there was another check?

A. I do not think there was.

The check is offered in evidence, and is marked defendant's exhibit, February 28, 1876, and is in the words following:

NEW YORK, September 5, 1868.

The National Broadway Bank will pay to the order of William M. Tweed $5,000.
WILLIAM M. TWEED.

Indorsed.

Pay S. J. Tilden or order.
WILLIAM M. TWEED.

For deposit in North America.—S. J. TILDEN.

Q. Will you refresh your memory and say whether or not you recall the fact that he did at or about the same time give to you for the same purpose another check for the same amount?

A. I can not say but I do not think he did; I could tell you by referring to my books.

Q. At that time, Mr. Tilden—or Governor—of course you supposed Tweed was contributing this money out of his own resources?

A. I did.

Q. You then supposed him to be a man of very considerable property.

A. I think in 1868 he got to be pretty well off.

Q. He was a man reputed to be rich at that time?

A. 1868.

Q. He was reputed to be a man of large property in 1868?

A. I do not think he was reputed to have very much property in 1868.

Q. He was reputed to be a man of large means—considerable means. This was during the Seymour campaign?

A. Yes, Sir; but I think it was rather in aid of Mr. Hoffman.

Q. Was there not at or about that time a difficulty between you and Mr. Tweed in respect to an alleged contribution to that campaign?

A. No.

Q. I was going to be more specific in my question. Did he not claim, he and Sweeny, that you three had each engaged to contribute $15,000 more, and that they two had paid $10,000—paid the whole and asked you to pay more?

A. No, Sir.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

THE Titusville Courier, "the only Democratic daily in Northwestern Pennsylvania," persistently refuses to put up the names of Tilden and Hendricks, and is as silent as the grave on the Presidential question.

Regular State Executive Committee.

Chas. E Myer, Chairman; George Turner, Secretary.

First District—C S Wood, Allen Alexander.

Second District—William M Lofin, Feemland Gray.

Third District—W H Black, Philip King.

Fourth District—M G Candee, H Cochran.

Fifth District—Wm J Boon, J H Alston.

Sixth District—Charles Hays, C C Sheats.

Seventh District—Arthur Bingham, H L Watlington.

Eighth District—George E. Spencer, Z E Thomas.

Regular County Executive Committee.

PAUL SCHMIDT, Chairman.	T. C. BINGHAM, Secretary.
Clark Evans,	Charles Loper,
W. M. Lofin,	Geo. Allen,
W. J. Maxwell,	Ab. Davis,
Wm. Anthony,	Br. McDaniel,
Thos Oliver,	Chas. Johnson,
Anz. Montgomery,	Jos. Barnett.
Randall Chilton,	Parrish Phillips,
John Breckenridge,	

PLATFORM
—OF THE—
REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA
Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections State and Federal, announce anew their political creed, the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men is the fundamental principle of republican government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperiling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an honorable recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and immigration to the State, and by the free and full development of our material resources.

4th. The maintenance of the public faith in the payment of the State debt, and the honest administration of the State government, so that the burdens of taxation may be lightened.

5th. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanency, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

6. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the causes of the immigration and emigration of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the action of Congress in recently made steps toward the payment of equitable claims for services rendered by Republican Legislatures in the laws which concern the equal rights and property relations of wives, widows and children, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demand of citizens for additional rights and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congress to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as will secure this end and support the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our colored citizens must be fulfilled. For grateful remembrance, in full, always hold those who perilled their lives for the Union.

15. We express our sympathy with the kindest remembrance for all sections.

16. We therefore note with deep satisfaction that the Democratic party even in the hour of success in the South, secured its triumph by solid appeals against the national government, and by marshalling the force of a united

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...	10 45	10 45
...	11 01	11 06
...	11 24	11 25
...	11 41	11 42
...	12 05	12 05 A M
...	12 20	12 21
...	12 36	12 41
...	12 56	12 57
...	1 17	1 18
...	1 41	1 44
...	2 04	2 05
...	2 31	2 31
...	2 56	.....

Passenger Train—North.

... Point	.....	12 15 P M
... Cane	12 31	12 31
...	12 57	12 58
...	1 16	1 16
...	1 36	1 37
...	1 52	1 53
...	2 08	2 08
...	2 25	.....
...	2 40	2 40
...	3 01	3 02
...	3 17	3 18
...	3 33	3 37
...	3 52	3 52
...	4 10	.....

L. P. GRANT, Superintendent.

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DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

FRIDAY, JULY 21, 1876.

IN THE NIGHT.

Gather them close to your loving heart—
Cradle them on your breast;
They will soon enough leave your brooding care,
Soon enough mount youth's topmost stair—
Little ones in the nest.

Fret not that the children's hearts are gay,
That their restless feet will run;
There will come a time in the bye and bye
When you will sit in your lonely room and sigh
For a sound of childish fun;

When you'll long for a repetition sweet,
That sounded through each room,
Of "Mother" the dear love-calls
That will echo long in the silent halls,
And add to their stately gloom.

There may come a time when you'll long to hear
The eager, boyish tread,
The careless whistle, the clear, shrill shout,
The busy bustle in and out,
And pattering over head.

When the boys and girls are all grown up
And scattered far and wide,
Or gone to the undiscovered shore
Where you and they come never more,
You will miss them from your side.

Then gather them close to your loving heart,
Cradle them on your breast,
They will soon enough leave your brooding care,
Soon enough mount youth's topmost stair—
Little ones in the nest.

ADDRESS.

ROOMS OF THE REPUBLICAN STATE EX. COMMITTEE OF ALABAMA,
Montgomery, July 19, 1876.

To the Republicans of Alabama: Widespread dissatisfaction with the results of a tyrannical caucus rule in the Democratic party, has found expression in the nomination of gentlemen for State officers on an Independent ticket.

Recognizing the great improbability that the Republican candidates could be elected, in the present divided condition of the party, we have decided to withdraw the nominations for State officers, made by the Republican convention of May 24th, and to ask the Republicans of Alabama to give to the Independent ticket an earnest and hearty support.

While we regret that an unselfish regard for the welfare of the people dictates this course, we at the same time find reason to be gratified that the opportunity is presented to the Republicans of Alabama to rise above all meaner considerations, and heartily co-operate in fostering the spirit of manly independence, which promises so much for the future prosperity of the State.

The gentlemen upon the Independent ticket are not Republicans; yet as the result of their election many things which the Republicans desire, may be confidently expected. We shall look to them for an honest and economical administration of public affairs, moderate and equable taxation and ample provision for the education of our children. It needs no argument to prove that none of these great benefits can be expected, as long as the machinery-bound, caucus-ridden Democratic party, continues in power. It is plain that the unfortunate division among the Republicans renders it impossible for them to achieve victory at the polls, and thus give to the people just, wise and liberal government. The only true course remaining then, is for the Republicans to assist the citizens of the State, outside of their party, in their noble effort to lift from the shoulders of the people, the load of oppression under which they are laboring.

It is not strange that Alabama's sons, in the Centennial anniversary of the great Declaration, should be inspired by the spirit of our fathers. They have declared their determination to be free from the tyranny of a party, more unendurable than was the tyranny of a king. The Republicans of Alabama, appreciating the greatness of the work they have undertaken, can and will support them with enthusiastic unanimity.

To the gentlemen whose names appear on the ticket, which we have withdrawn, we tender the assurance that their firm and constant devotion, their faithful and valuable services have secured the lasting gratitude of their fellow Republicans.

CHAS. E. MAYER, Chairman.
GEO. TURNER, Secretary.

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Ar. Cartersville	6.14 p m	9.22 a m	8.41 p m
Ar. Kingston	6.42 p m	9.56 a m	9.17 p m
Ar. Rome	8.04 p m	11.54 a m	11.35 p m
Ar. Chattanooga	10.25 p m	1.56 p m	

	SOUTHWARD. No. 2.	No. 4.	No. 11.
Leave Chattanooga	4.00 p. m.	5.00 a. m.	
Ar Dalton	5.41 p m	7.01 a m	1.00 a m
Ar Kingston	7.38 p m	9.07 a m	4.19 a m
Ar Cartersville	8.12 p m	9.42 a m	5.18 a m
Ar Atlanta	10.15 p m	12.06 m	9.30 a m

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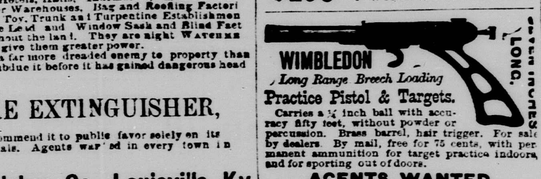

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ICE plentiful now.

THE moon is on her last legs.

THE weather puts us all in a melting mood.

THE successor of the steamer Mary is due from below to day.

IT is the heated term, and heated terms are used concerning it.

THE woods is full of 'em. What? Small boys after berries.

THE town topic at present is, when will the heat modify, if ever?

CUCUMBERS, green apples, grapes, ginger, burned brandy and mustard.

THIS prolonged hot weather will presently breed tornadoes and water spouts and floods.

SOME of our handsome young ladies left the city last week, and our young men look sad.

OH! for a nicely shaded park now, in which we could rusticate and breathe a little fresh air.

ORGAN grinders are still met with occasionally, but the heat seems to have melted the monkeys.

A MAN may put on a standing collar in the morning, but he does not know what it will be by noon.

IT was so hot yesterday that the perspiration oozed out of even the wooden Indians in front of the cigar stores.

IT has been noticed that druggists generally marry in summer, when soda is an important constituent of social life.

NOTWITHSTANDING the intense heat, the balls froze several times last evening during a billiard match in this city.

IN the City Court yesterday, nothing of interest was transacted. A large number of cases were set for future days.

WHEN you go to the Centennial, be sure to take your dog along and enter him for the dog show. A free pass is furnished every exhibitor.

MARRIED.—On the evening of the 18th inst., by the Rev. T. K. Armstrong, Mr. Joseph Smith and Miss Fannie C. Taylor, all of this city.

THERE was a Centennial dinner party at Mr. Chappell's place near the city yesterday. About thirty guests enjoyed the occasion handsomely.

AN exchange says that half a ton of sheet music was sold for old paper recently. We should have thought they'd prefer to sell it by the chord.

AN intelligent farmer near Mt. Meigs informs us that the heat is so excessive thereabout that the hens have to sit on their eggs to keep them cool.

THE boarding house keepers are not as happy just now as usual. The heated term has driven the most of the hash eaters out of the city for the present.

NOW is the season when the troubled physician gazes in open-mouthed astonishment at his patient's tongue, and then murmurs, "huckleberry pie."

YESTERDAY was the kind of a day when a man delights to sit in the shade with a lemonade and a cigar, and watch somebody else run after a street hack.

THERE was a runaway affair in the city yesterday, in which an insurance gentleman was somewhat obfuscated, but not absquatulated. Life is short and sweet.

THE centennial summer will long be remembered as the very hot one, and ancient gossips, for fifty years to come, will have no difficulty in fixing the year of the protracted hot spell.

IT is the young man who inveighs the loudest against the feminine love for dress, who can stand before a glass for the longest time, patiently struggling to make the central part in his hair a work of art.

THE latest invention is a steam velocipede which is said to answer admirably. The engine is heated with petroleum, and, being placed on the two back wheels, does not interfere with the convenience of the driver.

THAT Coosa county cattle dealer, who was arrested Wednesday evening, blind drunk, was put through a course of sprouts in the police court yesterday. He danced to the gentle music of $5 and costs, and shouted that he had plenty of the scads.

THE tramp has ceased to be an individual in the West and Northwest. He has become an army. He marches in columns of hundreds, stops railroad trains, seizes property, frightens peaceful folks out of their wits, and is worse than the voracious locust or the gregarious grasshopper.

AN eminent physician says that sweet oil is not only an antidote to the bite of the rattlesnake, but "will cure poison of any kind, both on man and beast." The patient must take a spoonful of it internally, and bath the wound, for a cure. For a horse it takes eight times as much as for a man.

THE sickly season is now upon us, and it is the part of wisdom to exercise the greatest prudence and caution in our conduct. The city should be kept as clean and neat as a pin. Every alley and by-way should be thoroughly cleaned and kept so during the entire season. The water works should be used constantly and the streets kept in a state of moisture. Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty—and likewise of health. A stitch in time saves nine.

A WOMAN may disguise most of her imperfections, and seem like a thing of beauty to the susceptible and inexperienced, but no man who has been through the wine-press of half a dozen courtships can ever be deceived by the splendor of a glass-eye.

SUBJECTS to be considered by debating societies.—Why the policemen's pay has been reduced? Why, "Old Prob" won't let up on warm weather? Why it is that dry goods clerks dress finer than their employers? Why Market street is allowed to remain in its present state? and why business men do not advertise more extensively?

HERE is something new. An ingenious Yankee has invented a "flash torch" for use in political processions. The bowl of the lamp is packed with cotton to prevent the oil from dripping, and a small tube runs down through the handle with a mouthpiece conveniently placed, by blowing through which a column of flame can be thrown several feet into the air.

ON THE WAR PATH.—The burglar is now on the war path, and is rigged out in regular war paint, feathers and toggery. He stopped at Verbena last Tuesday, and made an inspection of that quiet little summer resort. At night he "went for" the valuables of our friend John W. Hughes, and relieved his family of a considerable amount of personal property, including over one hundred dollars in gold. There is no doubt that the country is full of these burglarious gentry, and a double-barrell shot gun is the best protection.

NOT GUILTY.—Some person or persons had all the retail liquor dealers of the city indicted for selling intoxicating spirits to minors. The dealer cannot tell every time whether the person who calls for a drink is of age, and even if he asks the question he is always likely to be answered in the affimative. That, however, is neither here nor there. The dealers were all indicted, and the first case was tried yesterday, the jury bringing in a verdict of "not guilty." We understand that it was proven that certain youths make a business of visiting bar-rooms for the purpose of getting the dealers to violate the laws. Justice is a dead sure thing.

SHAD.—The effort of the National Government to stock our rivers with shad fish, is one of the most important movements to our citizens. If this scheme can be successfully carried out one of the most important problems of economical living will have been solved. Poor people who are not able to supply their families with meat will be enabled to secure this splendid food at little or no cost, and it is much more nutricious and healthy than any other species of meat which we have been in the habit of using. The two gentlemen who were here recently attending to this important matter, are of opinion that shad can be successfuily adapted to all the streams in this section of our State, and they will be greatly surprised should the effort to stock the Alabama fail. We hope that success will attend the movement. If at first we fail, let us try again and again.

SUNSTROKE.—The American Journal of Medical Science has the following regarding sunstroke: "It is not really a sudden stroke. There are preliminary symtoms that, if they are heeded, would enable one to avoid the attack. The temperature rises and the individual perspires, becomes thirsty, and feels very much exhausted. These symptoms increase until the temperature of the body reaches 111 degrees Fahrenheit, the skin becomes dry, the sufferer feels a terrible oppression, undergoes violent palpitation, and experiences an overburdening sense of coming death. This condition of sunstroke, fatiguing, utterly prostrating as it is, may be entirely recovered from, but in the higher stages the brain is thought to be the seat of leisons that may have permanent effect on its functions. These are inflammatory, and leave the sufferers liable to meatal diseases afterward. It is consequently the duty of whoever feels the premonitions to sue umb at once, rather than fight the fatigue and depression, until it ends in permanent injury. All persons working in the open air will do well to remember this."

PRINTING OFFICE SECRETS.—An exchange truthfully remarks that a properly conducted printing office is as much a secret society as a Masonic lodge. The printers are not always under an oath of secrecy, but always feel themselves as truly in honor bound to keep secrets as though they had been put through the mill. An employe in a printing office, who would willingly disregard this rule in regard to printing office secrets, should not only be scorned by the brethren of the craft, but should lose his position in the office. We make this statement because it sometimes happens that a communication appears in a newspaper, under an assumed signature, which excites comment, and various parties try to find out who is the author. Let all be saved the trouble of questioning the honorable employes or attaches of the printing office. They are know-nothings" on such points as these. On such matters they "have eyes and ears, but no mouth," and if they fail to observe this rule, let them be put down as dishonorable members of the craft, who are unworthy to be trusted with anything.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.—At a meeting of the Ciceronian Literary Society held on the night of the 19th instant, the following resolutions on the death of Cadet Midshipman Arnold, were unanimously adopted by a rising vote:

WHEREAS, In the judgment of an All Wise and Omnipotent Providence, it has been deemed fit to take from our midst our former fellow-member and First Vice President, Jno. P. Arnold, therefore, be it—

1. Resolved, That while we unhesitatingly submit to that irrevocable decree, still we deeply deplore the loss of one who was so much endeared to us by so many sacred ties

2. That in the death of Jno. P. Arnold we have not only lost a valuable friend, but our State has been deprived of one of her most promising young men and our country bereaved of one who bid fair to add new lustre to her Naval annals.

3. That as a dutiful and obedient son, a loving and affectionate brother, and a firm and constant friend, Jno. P. Arnold had but few equals and no superior.

4. That our most sincere and earnest sympathies are hereby tendered to the bereaved family of the deceased.

5. That these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of this society, published in the papers of this city and a copy be sent to the family of the deceased.

6. That this society do now adjourn in respect to his memory.

TENNENT LOMAX, Pres't.

C. L. CHILTON, Secretary.

Local and Business Notices.

DR. PIERCE'S Golden Medical Discovery will cure a Cough in one-half the time necessary to cure it with any other medicine, *and it does it, not by drying it up, but by removing the cause—subduing the irritation and healing the affected parts.* For all cases of Laryngitis, Hoarseness, Suppression or Loss of Voice, Bronchitis, Severe Chronic or Lingering Coughs, it will be found to surpass any medicine that has ever before been offered to the public. It is sold by all dealers in medicines. 7-21wtt

THE highest musical authorities, as well as all who have purchased the Beatty Piano, are equally charmed with its beauty and purity of tone. The manufacturer has succeeded in imparting to it a roundness, fullness and richness of tone, perfectly astonishing. None should be without one. See his advertisement. Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J., U. S. A. 7-20d4t.

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.* 3-14 d&w 6m

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Vital weakness or depression: A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental overwork, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphrey's Homeopiatic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per package of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Homeopiatic Medicine Company, 562 Broadway, New York.

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The country is entering upon one of the most stubbornly contested Presidential battles since 1860. During this contest the people of Alabama will desire to keep themselves posted on its progress; they will desire to read all sides and form their own conclusions as to their duty at the polls. During this great canvass we shall publish a Campaign edition of the "State Journal" at a rate so low as to encourage its widest distribution throughout the State. The publication of this special campaign edition has already commenced, and will continue regularly in both daily and weekly issues, until after the Presidential Election. The JOURNAL is the steadfast advocate of true Republicanism.

It believes the success of the Republican party vital to the welfare of the country. It holds further, that intelligent and honest Republican sentiment, working through Republican agencies, is the surest guarantee of Reform; and cherishing these convictions it will labor with its utmost energy for the triumph of

Hayes & Wheeler.

The JOURNAL has always been recognized as an effective and popular campaign paper. During the last campaign it was circulated more widely than ever before, and contributed a vast fund of information among the people.

We shall be glad to receive orders at once from the friends who believe that the circulation of the campaign JOURNAL will serve a good cause. Organize clubs at once at the following rates:

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UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE.
DEP'T COLLECTOR'S OFFICE 2D DIST. OF ALA.
Montgomery, July 17, 1876.

Having published a notice on the 8th of May, of seizure of one thousand cigars and 44 packages of tobacco, the same not having been claimed by the owner, and no bond having been filed in the time prescribed by law, I hereby notify the public that the two thousand cigars bearing the brand "El Espanola, de Juan B. Remoso, Habana," seized by me at the store of one Howard Garlitzer, on Commerce street, in this city, will be sold at public auction on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH OF JULY, 1876,

at 10 o'clock a. m., at my office, Commerce street over Stollenwerck & Wilkerson.

PAUL STROBACH,
Deputy Collector.

7-17 15t

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I am now prepared to do all kinds of work in the Hair Dressing business—cutting hair, wigs, etc. Also shaving and shampooing. I sell (11) eleven shaving tickets for $1.00. Old razors sharpened and made as good as new.

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Are now prepared to supply the public at their old stand, MONROE ST., opposite the CITY HALL.

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LIFE SAVING SUIT FOR OCEAN TRAVEL.

THE CONTINUOUS DISASTERS AT SEA

And the almost countless lives that have been lost, urge the inefficiency of more effective appliances for saving life than have yet been generally adopted. In response to the great public demand, the American Life Saving Suit Company now present a

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This suit having been tested and approved by the most scientific and practical authorities, we now offer as a means of absolute safety from death by drowning. The invention now offered claims superiority over all inventions in that it floats the body in a vertical position in the roughest sea, preserves the natural caloric of the body for any number of days, with capacity for carrying provisions for ten days, and signals to attract attention from passing vessels.

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The Polkton (N. C.) Ansonian says: The Herald is one of the neatest papers in the State.

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5 Cash Gifts of	$1,000 each	5,000
10 Cash Gifts of	500 each	5,000
100 Cash Gifts of	400 each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts of	300 each	30,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200 each	40,000
600 Cash Gifts of	100 each	60,000
10,000 Cash Gifts of	12 each	120,000
Total 11,156 Gifts, All Cash		600,000

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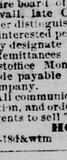

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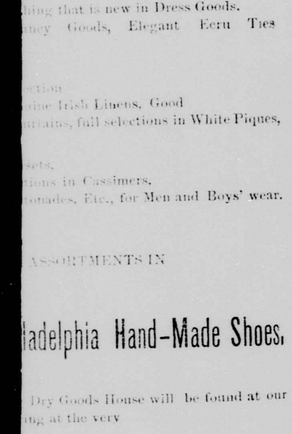
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ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL.

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VOLUME VIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 22, 1876 NUMBER 262

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET:

For President of the United States,
Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio.

For Vice-President,
Wm. A. Wheeler, of New York.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:
L. C. COULSON, of Jackson,
CHAS. E. MAYER, of Mobile.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

FIRST DISTRICT—Lou H Mayer of Mobile.
SECOND DISTRICT—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.
THIRD DISTRICT—P G Clarke of Barbour.
FOURTH DISTRICT — J T Rapier of Lowndes.
FIFTH DISTRICT—S S Booth of Autauga.
SIXTH DISTRICT—A B Hays, of Winston.
SEVENTH DISTRICT—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.
EIGHTH DISTRICT—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

INDEPENDENT TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
NOAH AH WOODRUFF of Dallas.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
AMOS MOODY of Franklin.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
H. J. LIVINGSTON of Autauga.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
E. H. GRANDIN, of Mobile.

FOR AUDITOR,
LEWIS OWEN of Montgomery.

FOR TREASURER,
W. B. HARRIS of Russell.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN TICKET OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

FOR STATE SENATOR.
CHARLES STEELE.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
T. C. BINGHAM, W. H. CRUSIUS,
J. K. GREENE, J. K. P. LUCAS.

Correction.

It has been announced that Hon. R. S. Heflin, of Randolph county, took part in a public meeting, in that county, a few days ago, in which a resolution was unanimously adopted indorsing the action of the Cincinnati Convention, relative to the admission of the Alabama delegates.

A gentleman of this city received a letter yesterday, from Judge Heflin, in which he denies this statement and asking that it be corrected. We placed no confidence in the report, when it was first put in motion. Judge Heflin is not the man to espouse one cause to-day and the opposite to-morrow. He is as firm in his convictions as the everlasting hills, and cannot be swerved from what he conceives to be the right by any temporary gain of factions and cliques.

Trickey Sam in Court.

Tilden is afraid to go into court to meet the sworn charges of the stockholders of the Terre Haute and Alton Railroad concerning the unlawful appropriation of property held by him in trust for them. The suit is pending against him in the United States District Court of New York, and has been on docket for months, and yet this great "reformer," who prates so loudly of honesty, and is so fierce in his denunciation of corruption and fraud, has persistently refused to file an answer, and is constantly begging for more time. The trial of the suit was, after many postponements, set down for the first of the present month, but Tilden has now obtained another extension of time for filing his answer until next October. He is doubtless convinced that the charges against him will be sustained, hence his frantic desire for delay.

Sam and Tom Won't Mix.

Chicago Inter-Ocean 18th.]

Yesterday morning the Inter-Ocean published a special from Indianapolis in which it was hinted that Tilden and Hendricks had been unable to reconcile their differences on the currency and other important questions, and, in fact, the Saratoga meeting had only served to widen the breach between them. This view of the situation is confirmed by a Saratoga special to the New York Commerical Advertiser, which says it has leaked out that there is an irreconcilable difference between the two nominees of the Democratic party, which accounts for the non-appearance of Tilden's letter of acceptance. It is thought that Hendricks may either repudiate Tilden, or peacefully withdraw from the ticket.

THE saying is attributed to a New England clergyman in the days of Federalism, that while all Democrats were not horse thieves, all horse-thieves were Democrats. Nine years ago Mr. Fred'k Hassaurek was very much of the opinion of this minister. In a speech delivered September 1, 1867, he said:

"There are many intelligent, good, patriotic Democrats. But I say this, that every prize fighter, pick-pocket, and blackleg belongs to the Democratic party. I say this, not from any spirit of hostility toward my Democratic friends, but for the purpose of making them ashamed of the bad company in which they are."

He is now a Democrat. It is his purpose to reform his associates, and make them ashamed of their past misdeeds, or has his opinion changed?

THE "Independent press, in the absence of candidates whom they can support, are obliged to discuss a variety of animating topics. The Boston Globe shows a fertility of resources in this direction which is quite commendable. A recent number has able editorials on the following subjects: "Pie as the Basis of Value," "The Sunny Side of the North Pole," and "The Festive Fly."

The Author of Credit Mobilier.

The Credit Mobilier frauds and wrongs are still fresh in the public mind. The Credit Mobilier was a corporation constituted inside of the Pacific Railroad Company. The chief managers organized themselves into the Credit Mobilier, and then as Directors of the Pacific Railroad made a contract with themselves as members of the Credit Mobilier to build the road; and by this means they gobbled up the capital stock and stole $37,500,000.

The testimony of Oliver Ames, the brother and associate of Oakes Ames, which is given at page 292 of the report of the Congressional Investigating Committee, shows who devised and counselled this cunning scheme. The testimony is as follows:

Question by Mr. Hoar—Were you not informed by the counsel who drew this contract that this was a violation of law?

Answer by Oakes Ames—We were informed by counsel whom we consulted that this issuing of stock as a payment upon the contract for building the road was in entire compliance with law.

Question by Mr. Hoar—Who were the counsel that gave you that advice?

Answer—Samuel J. Tilden.

Mr. John B. Alley, another of the partners in the credit Mobilier operations, was examined by the same Committee on the same subject, and his testimony, as printed on page 328, is as follows:

Q. And further, I understood you to say that you were instructed by eminent counsel, upon whose advice you relied, that the course you took was a compliance with the law?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Have you ever seen, or do you know whether that opinion of eminent counsel is in existence now, in writing?

A. I do not know. I do not know whether it was giving in writing.

Q. Was it given to you by these eminent counsel?

A. Mr Tilden. *I know*, told me that he regarded it as a compliance with the law.

It thus appears that Mr. Samuel J. Tilden was one of the counsel who advised the Credit Mobilier how to carry out their gigantic robbery. As a lawyer familiar with sinister railroad operations, he was consulted by these Credit Mobilierites when they were planning their great scheme and counselled them how it might be legally managed. The testimony is positive—his association is unmistakable. And this is our "great reformer!"

The success of the Credit Mobilier in robbing the treasury and enriching its managers has stimulated other similar schemes. Tom Scott's Texas Pacific job is one. Is it wise to place at the head of the Government this old railroad lawyer who was the counsel of the Credit Mobilier operators?

Discordant Candidates.

Tilden and Hendricks have been in consultation at Saratoga. The result is the public announcement that the letters of acceptance are to be delayed for some time!

The two candidates find it difficult to reconcile their differences. They are ready to surrender their principles for success, if they can only agree as to how success can be reached—but there's the rub! Tilden thinks there must be a show of fidelity to sound currency. Hendricks insists upon soft money and the repudiation of every pledge. And so they can't agree!

Tilden returns to Albany and announces that he can't think of his letter of acceptance because of official business! Hendricks returns to Indianapolis, and looks glum! By and by they will patch up some sort of a compromise by which they will seem to have reached an agreement and which will be designed to hoodwink the people.

IT is claimed for Governor Tilden, and he has been quite vehement in making the claim for himself, that he has reduced the taxes in the State of New York $8,000,000 in one year. Any person of average intelligence knows that the Governor of a State has no power to reduce taxes. It is the legislature which passes the tax and revenue laws and makes appropriations. It is true that taxes in New York have been reduced about $7,500,000 in two years, but it is the Republican legislature which has done the work. The present legislature consists of twenty Republicans and twelve Democrats in the Senate, and seventy-two Republicans and fifty-six Democrats in the House.

JOHN G. THOMPSON, of Ohio, the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives, and former Chairman of the Ohio Democratic Central Committee, who has just been appointed Chairman of the National Democratic Committee, is the same man who received a telegram from Wood county, Ohio, on the night of the last election in that State, asking if one thousand majority from that county would be enough to make out a Democratic majority in the State.

A CHICAGO Democratic paper denies, in most indignant terms, the rumor that Gov. Tilden is engaged to be married to the Empress Eugenie, widow of Napoleon III. It nevertheless admits that "She would make a charming addition to the White House," and suggests that the young Prince Imperial might be put to a good use by being placed in "a command on the Butt-end of the Big Horn." Perhaps the Governor's letter of acceptance will clear this matter up to public satisfaction.

THE ragtag and bobtail Democracy are nearly crazy over Tilden's—barrel of money. Pocket all you can, for never will such another chance occur. This year will decide the fate of imbecile Democracy, and that fate will be total annihilation.

SAYS the Nashville (Tenn.) Banner: "There are Democrats in Nashville, we regret to say, who openly announce that they will vote for Hayes in preference to Tilden, and leave nothing undone to secure the defeat of the latter."

Decisive Figures.

WHAT PARTY HAS DONE MOST STEALING?—FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE—NET PROPORTIONAL LOSS UNDER ALL ADMINISTRATIONS—A REMARKABLE SHOWING.

An official treasury statement has just been printed in reply to a call from the Senate, whereof the salient points are printed in a letter to the Toledo Blade, shewing the losses by defaulting officers, thefts, frauds, etc., which the Government has sustained during the past forty years. The tables are made up of two parts—first the "net loss," which covers only the action of officers and agents; second the "gross loss," which embraces the double handling of money, the negotiation and records of loans, etc. The table below is made up on this plan:

Administration	Net loss per $1,000.	Gross loss per $1,000.
Jackson (last term)	$ 1 18	$10 55
Van Buren (Florida war)	5 19	21 75
Harrison and Tyler	14 49	10 07
Polk	0 35	8 23
Taylor and Fillmore	8 93	7 61
Pierce (Mexican war)	6 94	6 88
Buchanan	8 17	6 77
Lincoln (Rebellion)	2 07	1 41
Lincoln and Johnson	1 57	48
Grant (first term)	1 59	40
Grant (second term)	1 01	29

These figures are their own best comment. They will surprise those who have been listening to all the stock denunciations of the administration. The net proportional loss of the "good old times," when the Democratic party was in power, was from eight to twenty-six times as much as during Grant's administration. The net loss of the last Democratic administration, inaugurated twenty years ago, was $8.77. The next administration was Republican, and the loss was reduced to $2.07—a clear reduction of $6.70 on every thousand. The loss in Grant's first term was $1.59, less than that of Lincoln's or of Johnson's. The loss during the second term was $1.01, the lowest on record. The "gross loss" has fallen off equally with the net loss, it being during Grant's second term only twenty-six cents on the thousand, which is only about one-eightieth of the total in Van Buren's time, and about one-thirtieth of that in Buchanan's. Figures more eloquent than these are not often produced. A second table gives the loss on each thousand dollars in the different departments:

THE LOSS ON $1,000.

	War.	Navy.	Indians.	Pensions.	Customs.	Int. Rev.
Jackson	$13 80	$10 53	$1 70	$1 65	$17 20	.....
Van Buren	5 48	4 14	32	9 99	2 93	.....
Harrison and Tyler	2 35	2 17	2 31	1 74	3 23	.....
Polk	8 44	3 45	2 31	11 64	96	.....
Taylor and Fillmore	9 26	3 85	6 08	15	1 16	.....
Pierce	6 09	7 42	3 33	3 54	73	.....
Buchanan	3 25	3 49	65 50	1 01	21	.....
Lincoln	1 35	3 43	19 37	1 22	16	$1 15
Johnson	92	81	2 01	1 16	23	2 29
Grant	67	2 10	83	1 00	01	1 41
Grant	28	50	17	....	01	1 53

Now let the Democratic papers put their teeth against this file.

Mayor Woodruff.

The Atlanta Constitution of yesterday, is kind enough to say:

Mayor Woodruff, of Selma, Ala., who has been selected as a compromise radical candidate for Governor of that State, is a prominent citizen of Selma, and a man of high character. He was elected Mayor as an Independent candidate against Col. B. M. Woolsey, one of the most popular Democrats in Selma. Still, he stands no chance of an election as Governor, even with the assistance of Independent Democratic votes.

It is the opinion of some very sanguine Democrats that Mr. Woodruff stands a much better chance of being the next Governor of Alabama than George S. Houston. If we can have a fair election and an honest count, there need be no apprehensions as to the result. A fair election in Alabama will develop the fact that the Houston stamp of Democracy is largely in the minority. The only hope of Houston's election lies in the intimidation of Republican voters. Every sensible man in the State knows this.

Death of Hon. George E. Pugh, of Ohio.

Hon. George E. Pugh, well known as a prominent citizen of Ohio and politician of the West, died at his home in Cincinnati, Wednesday evening, after a long and painful illness. George Ellis Pugh was born in Cincinnati November 28, 1822, graduated at Miami University in 1840, and was a lawyer by profession. He was Captain of the Fourth Regiment of Ohio Volunteers in the Mexican war in 1847; Representative in the Legislature in 1848 and 1849; was appointed Solicitor to the city of Cincinnati in 1850; was Attorney General of the State in 1851, and elected a Senator in Congress from March 4, 1855, for six years, and was a member of the Committees on Public Lands and on the Judiciary.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Chicago Tribune says that Hendricks denounced President Lincoln for approving the land grant to the Northern Pacific Railroad and that the Congressional Record shows that he voted for its most extravagant and objectionable provisions. That was just like him.

THE venerable Judge Addison Gardiner peremptorily refuses to allow his name to be used as the Democratic candidate for Governor of New York. He intimates that he has no idea of permitting himself to be used as a catspaw to draw Tilden's chestnuts out of the fire.

GEORGE WASHINGTON offered himself to four women before Mrs. Custis found him a wooer and took him in. The moral of the pretty transaction is that where there is a rich, handsome young widow about, keep the latch-string of the heart hanging on the outside.

THE intelligent German voters of the country are very generally rallying to the support of the Republican ticket, their good sense and honest purposes inducing them to take that side.

TILDEN and Hendricks' oil and water have not yet been mixed.

Practical Civil Service Reform.

When Daniel Webster was Secretary of State and Harrison was President, it was thought proper to initiate a civil service reform. Mr. Webster sent out a circular from the Department of State, dated at Washington, March 20, 1841. Thirty-five years have passed away, and to-day we are discussing the same question. The circular is worthy of re-publication, for it will at least convince some of the younger politicians that theoretical reform is not a modern invention:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, March 20, 1841.
To the Hon. ——, *Secretary of* ——:

SIR—The President is of opinion that it is a great abuse to bring the patronage of the general government into conflict with the freedom of elections; and that this abuse ought to be corrected wherever it may have been permitted to exist, and to be prevented in future.

He therefore directs that information be given that partisan interference in popular elections, whether of State officers or officers of this government, and for whomsoever or against whomsoever it may be exercised, or the payment of any contribution or assessment on salaries or official compensation for party or election purpose, will be regarded by him as cause of removal.

It is not intended that any officer shall be restrained in the free and proper expression and maintenance of his opinions respecting public men or public measures or in the exercise, to the fullest degree, of the constitutional right of suffrage. But persons employed under the government and paid for their services out of the public treasury are not expected to take an active or officious part in attempts to influence the minds or votes of others; such conduct being deemed inconsistent with the spirit of the Constitution and the duties of public agents acting under it; and the President is resolved, so far as depends upon himself, that, while the exercise of the elective franchise by the people shall be free from undue influence of official station and authority, opinion shall also be free among the officers and agents of the government.

The President wishes it to be further announced, and distinctly understood, that from all collecting and disbursing officers promptitude in rendering accounts and entire punctuality in paying balances will be rigorously exacted. In his opinion it is time to return, in this respect, to the early practice of the government, and to hold any degree of delinquency on the part of those intrusted with the public money just cause of immediate removal. He deems the severe observance of this circular to be essential to the public service, as every dollar lost to the Treasury by unfaithfulness in office creates a necessity for a new charge upon the people.

I have the honor to be, etc.,
(Signed) DANIEL WEBSTER,
Secretary of State.

We believe that under the administration of Rutherford B. Hayes and William A. Wheeler we shall see civil service reform *practically* illustrated by the selection of the best available men for every vacancy. The present faithful and honest office-holder will be retained, but when an incumbent who has nothing to sustain him but a petition signed by men who sign every application for office which is presented to them, such an one will have to stand the test of his personal record. This is the reform that will be productive of good results, and it will tend to make the public service more honorable and more efficient. It is the Democratic idea of reform to oust Republicans and install Democrats in their places, without any regard to the old Jeffersonian test. The country needs no such reform now.

IT is generally believed that Tweed the former bosom friend and associate of Tilden, is still residing in New York city, protected, as far as need be, by the police. It is certain that he could live there, in a measure partially secret, for years. The politicians of Tammany are afraid of driving him for fear of those disclosures which he might open against them. He can show up some of Tilden's dark transactions in a manner that would be highly dangerous to that ambitious old demagogue. Though kept close by day he can drive out at night and have the run of Central Park, and can also have very agreeable unions with his friends in the same nocturnal manner. No doubt he has done so. Indeed, the New York correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer, months ago, stated it to be the common conclusion of persons whose opinions were entitled to respect, that he was in luxurious concealment in that city through the direct connivance of Tilden himself.

TILDEN says the office-holding class have become so numerous, powerful and unscrupulous that they assume to control the elections. This probably refers to the time when himself, Boss Tweed and the Tammany ring returned a Democratic majority of more than 17,000 in four wards of New York city where the whole legal vote was less than 15,000.

A NEW Democratic newspaper is to be started in Cincinnati that can be relied on for more hearty support of Tilden and his financial "policy" than the Enquirer, which goes at its dish of crow which an appetite greatly impaired, gives.

DEMOCRATIC economy. New York city now owes twice as much as did our nation during the early part of Jackson's administration, and the debt is steadily on the increase.

The kid-glove Democracy, of which Tilden is chief, have not the confidence and cannot obtain the votes of the masses. His nomination will disrupt and disorganize the Democratic party. It means defeat.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Governor Hendricks' nomination may keep a greater part of the inflation vote in the party, but there are unmistakeable signs that the Germans are preparing to march in almost a solid mass to the Republican camp.

The Cincinnati Enquirer prints a letter from Jackson, Ohio, signed "W. T. Washam, chairman, by request of many Democrats," which says: "The Democracy of Jackson county will refuse to be delivered under the St. Louis sale and ask another convention."

BY TELEGRAPH.

Expressly for the State Journal by the Western Union Telegraph Line.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—There was a full Cabinet meeting to-day.

Avery has been pardoned.

Clinton McDougal, of New York, succeeds Platt as Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Samuel T. Cooper, of Iowa, has been nominated for Consul at Glasgow.

The Military Committee will report that contracts for headstones for National cemeteries were corruptly obtained, and will recommend their annulment.

The Judiciary Committee will report that Proctor Knott, Chairman, was justified in withholding Caldwell's dispach until satisfied it was genuine.

Frye and Lawrence, Republicans, sign the report of ex-Sergeant-at-arms Ordway.

Ex-Sergeant-at-Arms, Ordway, is here to explain irregularities in his accounts.

A number of Western lawyers are here in behalf of the Chicago whisky ring convicts. They say that the sentences, in many instances, are too severe, and ask for pardon or modification.

House.

Mr. Hopkins, of Pennsylvania, asked leave to offer a resolution reciting that a former District Attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania had collected money for alleged violation of the Internal Revenue laws, which money it was claimed was not paid into the treasury, and that present District Attorney is proceeding to collect again the amount of the judgments aforesaid, and directing the Judiciary Committee to inquire into the truth of the statement.

Mr. Bell, of New Hampshire, objected to the bill confirming certain land claims in Missouri, which were defeated, and adjourned until Monday.

Senate.

The political disabilities of Geo. Jackson of West Virginia were resumed. The impeachment court was adjourned until Monday, in consequence of Mr. Carpenter's sickness. The river and harbor bill was resumed, and political debate was continued. No progress was made, and the Senate adjourned.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK July 21.—Ethan Allen, Chairman of the National Liberal Republican Committee, has issued an address to the Liberal Republicans announcing a call for a National Convention to be held July 26th, at Philadelphia, to support the Cincinnati ticket.

On the Hudson river between this city and Albany last night while a pleasure party were returning from Castleton on a small steam yacht the vessel was swamped by a swell from a steamboat. Nine hundred were on the boat. Gregory Fox, Thos. Edgerly, Geo. Bloomfield, Jonas Falkner and Henry Maniche, were drowned. All the parties but one were members of a fire company. The yacht was wrecked.

Mr. Schuyler Crosby, who was on the Mohawk when she capsized, says: I consider the cause of the accident due to the bad judgment of Captain Rawlins in having so much sail up while at anchor and before the boat was fairly under head way, with a squall coming down in plain view. I heard the coxswain give an order to let go the sheets. It was given at a time when such an expedient was impossible.

Captain Rawlings' arrest was at the instance of a quartermaster on the Mohawk who made an affidavit charging him with carelessly and neglectingly managing the yacht, so as to cause her to capsize.

A coroner's jury will investigate the matter this afternoon.

The body of Mrs. Grant has been discovered, and divers are searching for others. Sailing Master, Rawlings, is still under arrest, and is strongly blamed for the accident.

Mrs. Grant was reported to be worth $1,000,000 to $2,000,000. She leaves three daughters, the eldest eight and the youngest two years old.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 21.—In the House of Commons this evening Sir Edward W. M. Atkins asked Mr. James Lawther, one of the Under Secretaries for the Colonial Department, if he could give any information regarding the conflict between the United States troops and the Sioux Indians, many of which tribe are British subjects, and whether the origin of the conflict was not a breach of a treaty regarding the Indian reservation and subsidies which may provoke widespread outrages between the Indians and whites on both American and British territory. He asked whether the government proposed to tender its good offices in the interest of the Indian subjects of Great Britain and of humanity. Mr. Lawther replied that so far no information had been received regarding the conflict, and he could not express an opinion as to its origin or possible consequences. He had no information tending to show that any British subjects are connected with these events. As at present advised the government has no intention to interfere.

TURKEY.

BUCHAREST, July 21.—In the Senate to day the Minister of War was empowered to call out, if necessary, the reserves of the 2d Territorial Division.

The Minister of Finance presented a bill authorizing the introduction of a gold currency for Roumania.

MASSACHUSETTS.

NEW BEDFORD, July 21.—The family of Isaac B. Dodges, seven in number, were poisoned by eating canned corned beef. One child has died, the others are out of danger.

MAINE.

AUGUSTA, July 21.—Mr. Blaine left for Rye Beach to-day. His health is not much improved.

IRELAND.

QUEENSTOWN, July 21.—The Steamship Russia, with the Emperor and Empress of Brazil, arrived at noon to-day.

Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

JULY 21.—Our market to-day is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary	8⅛@8⅛
Good Ordinary	9⅛@—
Strict Good Ordinary	10 @—
Low Middling	10⅝@—
Middling	11⅛@—

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.]

Bacon—C R Sides	12½@12½
" Shoulders	10 @10¾
Bulk—C R Sides	11½@11¾
" Shoulders	9¾@9¾
Plain Sugar-cured Hams	—@—
Canvas	15½@16
Lard—Choice, in tierces	13 @13½
" " " ½ bbls	14 @14½
" " " kegs	14½@15
" " " buckets	3 75 @3 25
Sugar—Snow White	12 @—
" W C	11¼@11¾
" Y C	11⅛@—
" Strictly Choice	11⅛@—
" Prime	10¾@10¾
" Fair	10 @10¾
Molasses—Choice	57 @ 75
" Prime	50 @ 55
" Fair	45 @ 50
" Common	35 @ 40
Coffee—Choice	23 @—
" Prime	22 @ 23½
" Fair	21 @ 22½
" Common	20 @ 21½
Rice—Choice	8 @ 8½
" Prime	7 @ 7½
" Fair	6½@7
Flour—Fancy	8 00 @8 50
" Choice	7 50 @7 75
" Family	6 25 @7 00
" Superfine	5 00 @5 50
" Common	4 75 @5 00
Tobacco	42 @1 00
Whisky—Rectified	1 08 @1 35
" Better Grades	1 50 @2 50
Wines—Port and Sherry	1 25 @2 00
" Claret	3 50 @6 00
Brandies	$ 1 25 @2 50
" French	6 00 @10 00
" Peach and Apple	2 00 @3 50
Gin	1 40 @2 25
" in cases	6 00 @7 00
Beer in bottles, per doz	1 65 @2 75
" in kegs	3 50 @—
Cigars, per thousand	18 00 @20 00
CASE GOODS—	
Oysters, 1 lb cans, per doz	90 @1 00
" 2 " "	1 75 @2 00
Fresh Peaches, 2 lb cans, per doz	2 00 @2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case	4 00 @4 25
" Cherries, " "	4 25 @4 50
Sardines, ¼ boxes, "	16 00 @17 50
Condensed Milk, "	11 00 @12 00
Yeast Powders, per doz	1 40 @2 10
Pickles, gals, "	5 00 @6 00
" ½ " "	3 75 @4 50
" ¼ " "	2 50 @3 00
" ⅛ " "	1 50 @2 00
Soda, in kegs, " lb	5½@6
" " boxs, "	6½@7½
Potash, " doz	5 50 @6 00
Candles, full weight, per lb	16½@17½
Soaps, " "	5 @7½
Starch, " "	7½@8½
Salt, Liverpool, per sack	1 35 @1 40
" Fine Liverpool	2 00 @—
" Virginia, " "	2 10 @2 25
Drop Shot	2 50 @—
Buck Shot	2 75 @—
Powder, " keg	5 75 @6 25
Nails, standard rate, per keg	3 50 @—
Snuff—Maccaboy, Lorillard's	80 @—
" Miller's	75 @—
" Gail & Ax	70 @—
" Scotch, per gross	9 00 @—
" Garrett's, per doz	4 75 @—
Ink, per case	1 50 @—
Mustard, per dozen	1 25 @3 00
Ground Spices	1 00 @1 25
" Pepper	1 00 @1 25
" Ginger	1 00 @1 25
" Allspice	1 00 @1 25
" Cloves	1 00 @1 25
" Cinnamon	1 50 @—
Percussion Caps	65 @ 85
G. D. "	45 @—
Toilet Soaps, box	1 75 @2 25
Blueing, box	50 @1 00
Smoking Tobacco	50 @ 60
Tea	75 @1 25
Wampoo Bitters	6 50 @—
Diamond Gin	7 50 @—
Plantation Bitters	8 50 @—
Hostetter's Bitters	8 50 @—
Rhine Wines	8 00 @12 50
Wrapping Paper, Large	75 @—
" Medium	65 @—
" Small	50 @—
Nutmegs	1 50 @—
Brooms	2 25 @3 50

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, July 21.—Money closed at 2¼. Gold 111⅞. Stocks dull.

COTTON.

Spot cotton to-day closed easier: Middling Orleans 11¼c; middling Alabama, 11 13-16c; middling upland, 11¾c; strict low middling upland, 11⅜; low middling upland, 11 1-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10⅝c; good ordinary upland, 9 15-16c; ordinary upland, 8 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed weak; sales 7,000 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 25-32@11 15-32
August	11 2 -32@—
September	11 7-16@11 15-32
October	11 9-32@—
November	11 25-32@11 11-16
December	11 7-32@11 11-16

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 21.—Cotton steady; middling uplands, 5 7-8d; middling Orleans, 6d; sales to-day 8,000 bales, of which 2000 bales are for export and speculation; receipts —— bales, American —— bales.

SAVANNAH, July 21.—Receipts 57, gross 2, exports to Great Britain —; sales 2; stock 1,445; price of middlings, 10¾c; market quiet.

NEW ORLEANS, July 21.—Net receipts 144, gross 171; exports to Great Britain 11 d; coast —; sales 500; stock 82,284; price of middlings b½c, low middlings 10⅝c, good ordinary 9¼c market quiet.

WILMINGTON, July 21—Net receipts —; sales —; stock 370; price of middlings 10¾c; market steady.

MOBILE, July 21.—Net receipts 8; exports to Great Britain —, coast 268; sales 250; stock 5,469; price of middlings 10¾c, low middlings 9¼c, good ordinary 8¼c; market weak.

NORFOLK, July 21.—Net receipts 0; sales —; stock 2,295; price of middlings 11—c; market quiet.

GALVESTON, July 21.—Net receipts 69, gross 70; sales 306; stock 5,239; price of middlings 11c; market dull.

BOSTON, July 21.—Net receipts 184, gross 320, exports to Great Britain —; sales —; stock 15,034; price of middlings 12c; market quiet.

CHARLESTON, July 21.—Net receipts 23; sales 150; stock 4,310; price of middlings 11¼c; market quiet.

PHILADELPHIA, July 21.—Net receipts 196; gross 230; sales —; price of middlings 11¾c; market quiet.

PROVIDENCE, July 21.—Stock 14,000 bales.

BALTIMORE, July 21.—Net receipts 4, sales 50; stock 3,799; price of middlings 11¾c; market dull.

PROVISION MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 21.—Flour quiet, extra $4 25@5 75. Wheat lower, No. 2 spring 92¼c. Corn firm, No. 2 mixed 44¾c, new mixed 45c. Oats dull, No. 2 mixed 28¼c. Rye dull, 62@62½c. Barley dull, 58c. Mess Pork quiet, $19 62—Lard steady, 10¼c. Dry Salt Meats quiet, shoulders 8¼c, long clear 11¾c. Green Meats quiet and unchanged. Whisky quiet, $1 10¼.

ST. LOUIS, July 21.—Pork dull, $20 50@—. Cut meats unchanged. Bacon lower, shoulders 8¼@8½c, clear rib —— clear 13¾@13½c.

NEW ORLEANS, July 21.—Sugar strong, fair 7@7¼c, prime 8c. Molasses, demand good, choice 48@50c, strictly prime 52c. Flour dull, superfine $3 75, choice family $6 75@7 75. Pork steady, mess $24 00@24 75. Corn, in sacks, white 55c, mixed 54c, yellow 58c. Oats quiet, 42c. Hay prime $15@16. Dry Salt Meats, shoulders 8¼@9c, clear rib sides 12½c, clear 13c. Bacon, shoulders 10½c, clear rib sides 13¾@13⅝c, clear 14c. Hams, choice sugar cured, 14¾c. Lard, scarce tierce 14½c, keg 14¾@15c, bucket 15¼c. Coffee firm, fair 17¼@17¾c, prime 18¼@18¾c in job lots.

CINCINNATI, July 21.—Lard firm, fair demand, steam rendered 11½c, city kettle 12¼@—. Mess Pork, little demand, prime city $20@25. Live Hogs active, common to light $7 25@7 50, fair to good light $8 00@8 25, fair to medium heavy $8 55@8 90. Whisky steady, $1 10.

ESTABLISHED 1867.

ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL

CAMPAIGN EDITION FOR 1875.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

The country is entering upon one of the most stubbornly contested Presidential battles since 1860. During this contest the people of Alabama will desire to keep themselves posted on its progress; they will desire to read all sides and form their own conclusions as to their duty at the polls. During this great canvass we shall publish a Campaign edition of the "State Journal" at a rate so low as to encourage its widest distribution throughout the State. The publication of this special campaign edition has already commenced, and will continue regularly in both daily and weekly issues, until after the Presidential Election. The JOURNAL is the steadfast advocate of true Republicanism.

It believes the success of the Republican party vital to the welfare of the country. It holds further, that intelligent and honest Republican sentiment, working through Republican agencies, is the surest guarantee of Reform; and cherishing these convictions it will labor with its utmost energy for the triumph of

Hayes & Wheeler.

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DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1876.

Campaign Breezes

Vote, brothers, vote with care,
Vote for the brave old Governaire,
Vote for Hayes and Bill Wheelaire.
—Exchange.

Sultan Murat Halstead likes Hayes' letter of acceptance.

How appropriate it is to call Tilden by his familiar given name, Shanatay.

"If anybody says anything against Charles Francis Adams, shoot him on the spot."—S. Bowles.

The Columbus (Ga.) Enquirer says: "The South proudly demands that the men who own the land should rule it.'"

Those South Carolina Democrats find it easier to shoot negroes than to outvote them.

Ex-Postmaster General Jewell is very likely to be the next Republican candidate for Governor in Connecticut.

An up-town girl who is anxious to get rid of a lover has promised to marry him when Tilden is elected President.—Norwich Bulletin.

Colonel Robert A. Douglas, son of the late Senator, will probably be the Republican nominee for Congress from the 5th North Carolina district.

Augustus Schell is of the opinion that Tilden cannot carry his own State. Mr. Schell is a leading Democrat and a neighbor of Tilden's. He knows him.

The New York Sun (extreme Democratic sheet) stigmatizes Pendleton as a dishonest seamp. Pendleton is as good as Tilden any day.

Zack Chandler and Don Cameron pull the wires for Hayes.—New York Sun. John Morrissey and Charles A. Dana pull the wires for Tilden.

A long article in a Democratic paper tells what the Germans think of Gov. Hayes. But the public knows without reading it—they think he is going to be elected.

THE Petersburg (Va.) Index rejoices over the disturbances at Hamburg, S. C., by which "a half dozen matinous negroes lost their worse than useless lives." The Index is strong for Tilden.

The leading Democratic paper of Charleston is urgently in favor of having the Democrats of South Carolina make no nomination against Governor Chamberlain.

The Democratic kite still wabbles in space without a tail. But it is a Mongolian kite, and such an appendage as Hendricks would be only a dead weight to Tilden.

They say Sam Cary has deserted us and that, too, in the 101st year of our independence, and the sixth year of his Democracy. He has gone to meet Peter Cooper.—Plaindealer.

Uncle Samuel is trying to get up inspiration for his letter by drinking Congress water at the United States. John Morrissey is afraid it won't be spirited enough, and wants to put a stick in it.

The Bloomington (Ill.) Appeal, an independent reform newspaper, objects to Tilden and refuses to support him because of his course during the war and the position it believes he holds on the financial question.

The Pope, as Pope, although he has not any merely temporal power, hath nevertheless, in order to a spiritual good, the supreme power of disposing of the temporal concerns of all Christians."—Bellarmine, chap. vi.

JOHN KELLY got nine cheers in Tammany Hall, Monday night, and then he said, "Men who know me know that when I have taken my position, no man on the top of this earth can change my mind." Let's see. Didnt Mr. Kelly take some kind of a position at St. Louis?

This from the Nation is strong praise: "Mr. Hayes' letter of acceptance will be, and is, generally accepted as satisfactory. His language with regard to civil-service reform and the currency is certainly as strong and frank as any one could desire."

"The President of the United States is not required to give any reason for the removal of one his constitutional advisers. The Cabinet officers hold their positions subject to his pleasure, and he can dismiss the whole of them without a moment's notice if he so desires."

Colonel Blanton Duncan, the Kentuky Democrat, rallies the rag-baby men for Cooper and Ewing. "We will start with a million of votes, and disintegrate and defeat both political parties. The fraud and hypocrisy of the Tilden ticket needs only exposure to drive from it all honest men."

The Hartford Times gleefully announces that "Tilden has no wife and Hendricks has no children." If these are considered special qualifications for the two highest offices in the gift of the people, it is about time to consider the wisdom of establishing a monarchy with a husband and a father for dictator. "No wife and children" is about as depressing a campaign motto as the Democracy could devise.

The following, from one of Tilden's pamphlets, confirms the other evidences that he was an original secessionist: "They recognize no right of constitutional secession, but they left revolution organized when it should be demanded by the public opinion of a State; left it with power to snap the tie of confederation as a nation might break a treaty, and to repel coercion as a nation might repel invasion."

When the band went around to serenade Governor Hendricks the other night it played rather a solemn sort of march until it struck up a very lively air. A neighbor across the street, who was aroused by the music, called to his colored boy, who was at the gate, and asked him what it was. "Dat is de tune dey plays in de circus when de man rides two horses at once."

THE Mendota (Ill.) News heretofore Democratic, has seen the errors of its way and is now for Hayes and Wheeler. Dr. D. H. Spickler is its editor.

GOVERNOR Hayes declares, in his letter of acceptance, that he will accept but one term. Now if Sammy Tilden desires to throw this completely into the shade, and earn the lasting gratitude of the country, let him declare in his letter that he will accept no term at all.

ADDRESS.

ROOMS OF THE REPUBLICAN STATE EX. COMMITTEE OF ALABAMA,
Montgomery, July 19, 1876.

To the Republicans of Alabama: Widespread dissatisfaction with the results of a tyrannical caucus rule in the Democratic party, has found expression in the nomination of gentle men for State officers on an Independent ticket.

Recoguizing the great improbability that the Republican candidates could be elected, in the present divided condition of the party, we have decided to withdraw the nominations for State officers, made by the Republican convention of May 24th, and to ask the Republicans of Alabama to give to the Independent ticket an earnest and hearty support.

While we regret that an unselfish regard for the welfare of the people dictates this course, we at the same time find reason to be gratified that the opportunity is presented to the Republicans of Alabama to rise above all meaner considerations, and heartily co-operate in fostering the spirit of manly independence, which promises so much for the future prosperity of the State.

The gentlemen upon the Independent ticket are not Republicans; yet as the result of their election many things which the Republicans desire, may be confidently expected. We shall look to them for an honest and economical administration of public affairs, moderate and equable taxation and ample provision for the education of our children. It needs no argument to prove that none of these great benefits can be expected, as long as the machinery-bound, caucus-ridden Democratic party, continues in power. It is plain that the unfortunate division among the Republicans renders it impossible for them to achieve victory at the polls, and thus give to the people just, wise and liberal government. The only true course remaining then, is for the Republicans to assist the citizens of the State, outside of their party, in their noble effort to lift from the shoulders of the people, the load of oppression under which they are laboring.

It is not strange that Alabama's sons, in the Centennial anniversary of the great Declaration, should be inspired by the spirit of our fathers. They have declared their determination to be free from the tyranny of a party, more unendurable than was the tyranny of a king. The Republicans of Alabama, appreciating the greatness of the work they have undertaken, can and will support them with enthusiastic unanimity.

To the gentlemen whose names appear on the ticket, which we have withdrawn, we tender the assurance that their firm and constant devotion, their faithful and valuable services have secured the lasting gratitude of their fellow Republicans.

CHAS. E. MAYER, Chairman.
GEO. TURNER, Secretary.

Tilden and Laboring Men.

THE WAY SLIPPERY SAMMY DEFRAUDED THE MICHIGAN IRON WORKERS.

From the Chicago Tribune.]

That was a cheap bait which Gov. Tilden flung out for the votes of the working men, when, in his Albany speech, after his nomination, he said: "We are all laboring men." But, when they read the record of his dealings with the workmen in his mines in the Lake Superior region, no workingmen will bite at that bait. Governor Tilden was the chief owner of the New York Mine, at Ishpeming, and was largely interested in the Iron Cliffs Mining Company, of Negaunee, and the Michigan Iron Company, of Charksburg. These are the companies that flooded the Upper Peninsular of Michigan with their shinplaster currency by shoving it upon the companies' workingmen in payment of their wages. This dishonest currency forced upon workmen to accept in payment for honest labor, was in order to defraud the Government out of the tax upon paper circulation, issued in the form of drafts, payable at sight and ninety days after date, which made it requisite, to fix the liability of the companies, that there should be presentment, protest notice, etc., at maturity. The only pretense of redemption was in "store goods," for which, at such inflated prices as they choose to demand, it was exchangable at the companies' stores. Indeed, it was a wholly irredeemable currency, issued without security of any sort, and thousands of dollars of it in amount, now utterly worthless, are outstanding in Michigan to-day, being precisely so many evidences of what the companies swindled their employes and the holders out of, and Gov. Tilden added his share of it to his millions, while the dishonest shinplasters drawn upon his own Secretary still abound in the Upper Peninsular as samples of what Gov. Tilden means by honest currency.

In 1875 his Michigan Iron Company was put into bankruptcy, owing about $50,000 to its miners and laborers, which remains unpaid. Immediately prior to the adjudication in bankruptcy, and when it was foreseen to be inevitable, several gentlemen interested in the Company, voluntarily agreed, upon condition that the stockholders all would join in the undertaking, to make up out of their private funds the full amount to pay the Company's laborers in full. This arrangement failed, because one of the stockholders refused to enter into it after all the others had agreed to it. That stockholder was Samuel J. Tilden. It would have cost him about $1,300 out of all his barrels of money to do it. In truth, it would simply have cost him the payment of an honest debt to that amount, which was his *pro rata* share of the Company's debt to its hands. For that, too, under the charter of the Company and the laws of the State, he was legally liable. But to get the money out of him they would have to go to New York to sue him, and, as he remarked when this view of it was presented by one of his honest co-stockholders who proposed to pay the men their wages, "not much was to be made by coming so far to sue." It is a shabby exhibition Gov. Tilden presents, talking in demagogic strain of himself as a laboring man, with his iron companies' shinplasters, palmed off upon their workmen, still outstanding, and with the Michigan Iron Company's hands yet unpaid, because he refused to contribute toward their payment the paltry amount for which he was legally and morally liable, but which he leaves them to get by law, if they can. It shows that Samuel J. Tilden, laboring man, is as great a fraud as is Samuel J. Tilden, political reformer

An old Democrat writes from Cynthiana, Ky., thus pointedly: "The nomination of Tilden creates the greatest dissatisfaction throughout the country. I doubt his ability to carry it, and should the disgust be as great in other portions of the State at his nomination as it is at this point, it will be extremely hazardous as to his carrying it in November. I am a Democrat, but I'll be —— if I will have any Tilden in mine!"

"Whatever may be conceded to the influence of refined education upon minds of a peculiar structure, reason and experience both forbid us to expect that national morality can prevail in exclusion of the religious principle."—George Washington.

The Germans for Hayes.

A LIST OF GERMAN PAPERS THAT SUPPORT HIM—THE GENERAL GERMAN SENTIMENT—EARNEST WORDS FROM A REPRESENTATIVE GERMAN.

NEW YORK CITY July 11th, 1876.

To the Editors Albany Evening Journal:

In the Argus of the 8th inst. is published a long article in which that sheet attempts to show that the Germans are in great majority for Tilden and Hendricks. It bases this assertion on the circumstances that the New York Staats Zeitung has declared for that ticket, and adds a list of German news-papers that have hoisted it. To contradict the accusation that the German press of this country is unanimous for Tilden and Hendricks, I subjoin a list of German papers that have declared for Hayes and Wheeler, the Republican candidates, viz:

The New York Republikaner, New York city.
The New York Demokrat, New York city.
The Belletristsceh Journal, New York city.
The Westliche Post, St. Louis, Mo.
The Germania, Milwaukee, Wis.
The Baltimore Wecker, Baltimore, Md.
The Louisville Volksblatt, Louisville, Ky.
The Westliches Volksblatt, St. Joseph, Mo.
The Evansville Union, Evansville, Ind.
The Freie Presse, Chicago, Ill.
The Freie Presse, Cincinnati, O.
The Freie Presse, Buffalo, N.Y.
The Journal, Denver, Colorado.
The Minnesota Staatszeitung, St. Paul, Minn.
The New Ulm Post, New Ulm, Minn.
The New Jersey Freie Zeitung, Newark, N. J.
New Orleans Deutsche Zeitung, New Orleans, La.
The California Demokrat, San Francisco, Cal.
The Kansas Freie Press, Kansas City.
The Post and Tribune, Kansas City.
The Freie Presse for Texas.
The New Braunsfels Zeitung, Texas.
The Mexican County Presse, Illinois.
Amerikanischer Republikaner, Pottsville, Pa.
The Detroit Abendpost, Detroit, Mich.
The Washington Journal, Washington, D. C.
The Volks-Tribune, Washington, D.C.
The Green Bay Volkszeitung.
The Highland Union.
The Cleveland Anzeiger.
The Madison County Anzeiger.
The Rochester Beobachter.
The Peoria Deutsche Zeitung.
The Missouri Thalbote.
The Freie Presse, Cape Girardeau.
The St. Charles Zeitung.
The San Francisco Abendpost.
The Pittsburgh Freiheitsfreund.
The Belleville Zeitung.

To this list of papers must be added those that once were Liberal and Democratic, but have not yet declared themselves for Tilden and Bogus Reform.

The Argus also brings the translation of a letter from C. Goepp, a Marine Court Judge in this city, elected by Republican votes last fall, as a Republican Reformer, who announces with a flourish, that "whereas, the Republican party has becoms hopelessly corrupt, etc., etc., therefore I, C. Goepp, am for Tilden, the man of the hour and the emergency," etc., etc.

But the Argus has not alluded to the scathing answer written this apostate by Judge Determeyer, the Chairman of the German Republicans of the city of New York. The Germans of the metropolis have but few such professional mountebanks as "Goepp" in their midst and in either party, and we all know what the real motive for his desertion from the party that lifted him from obscurity and "poverty" to rank and "competency" means. It is simply the old story, that a successful politician too often kicks down the ladder that bore him safely to the height of his hopes.

Now permit me to inform, through you, the Republicans of the State, how much, in my opinion, the New York Staats Zeitung will be able to damage the Republican cause of Hayes and Wheeler in this city among the Germans. Although that paper has an average circulation of probably 30,000 daily, yet it is not looked upon as "political" exponent by the Germans of the metropolis. It is rather only an advertising sheet *a la* Herald, in which every German chambermaid, servant and artisan advertise when they want situations. The thinking Germans who read the Staats Zeitung and have done so for years, know that it was an out-and-out "Tweed and Tammany" sheet until it had become dangerous, in 1871, to remain longer attached to the cause of "Big Six," and when zealous Republican German Americans threatened to establish a new paper that should represent the Anti-Tammany interest. The New York Staats Zeitung perceived the impending catastrophe and veered around, and ever since that time its policy has been Democratic in National and State politics, and "Reform" on municipal matters—thus dividing the political allegiance of the New York Germans, to the extent of its ability, between "Reformers" and "Democrats" of the Tammany school. Its editor was the German candidate for Mayor of New York two years ago, but failed to be even second in the race, because his candidacy as a *Germania* was not exactly in keeping with his position as an "American" naturalized citizen.

Oswald Ottendorfer was a Tilden man just for the same reason that Tilden remained a "Tweed" man, until almost the last moment of that brave's political rule in this city. The Germans are not kept ignorant of Tilden's exploits as a "counter" in for Hoffman in 1868, when he swindled Griswold and Cornell out of their rightful election mandate. The Germans also know of his Railroad connections, and have no faith in a Railroad lawyer pretending to be for "Reform."

On the contrary, the Germans of this city will show this would-be owner of their votes, that they can discriminate between him and a patriot on election day.

You can put down the German-born vote of this city to the extent of 20,000 for Hayes and Wheeler, and if the Republican party nominates a few Germans on its State and Electoral tickets, you can rely on a larger vote than that even from that source.

The Germans are "American-Republicans" at heart, although they are once in a while misled by bogas reformers like O. O. and Tilden, and they are tired of the Hibernian yoke that they are made to wear by virtue of the rule and ruin policy of the Democratic Tammany Ring that controls the city, and has its powerful ramifications in every section of the State.

My suggestion to the Republican party is: Cultivate the German adopted citizen, confide in his patriotism and allegiance as an American citizen, trust him with the honorable performance of his duty as such, and recognize him as a factor in politics, and you will wean him from the counterfeit Democracy, which has long been only another name for ignorance, vice and bad government. "The Union forever" is the motto of the loyal German-American citizen; the *free schools* are his pride, because he knows their priceless value; the *"amendments"* are jealously regarded by him as irrevocable, because they are the result of the sacrifice of his loyal fellow-countrymen on the altar of American liberties, and these three cardinal points should bind him closely to, and identify him with the Republican party. Very respectfully,

A GERMAN-AMERICAN REPUBLICAN.

The leading German newspaper of Ohio the Cincinnatti Volksblatt, edited by Frederick Hassanrck has come out squarely for Hayes and Wheeler.

Field Marshal Halstead says Hendricks could consistently stand on any platform that was ever made, or run for any office that was ever invented. Such versatility and india-rubberness are too wonderful by half.

Regular State Executive Committee.

Chas E Mayer Chairman; George Turner, Secretary.

First District—C S Wood, Allen Alexander.

Second District—William M Loftin, Frenchard Gray.

Third District—W H Black, Philip King.

Fourth District—M G Candee. H Cochran.

Fifth District—Wm J Boot, J H Alston.

Sixth District—Charles Hays, C C Sheats.

Seventh District—Arthur Bingham, H L Watlington.

Eighth District—George E. Spencer, Z E Thomas.

Regular County Executive Committee.

PAUL STROBACH, Chairman. T. C. BINGHAM, Secretary.

Clark Evans, Charles Loper,
W. M. Loftin, Geo. Allen,
W. J. Maxwell, Ab. Davis,
Wm. Anthony, Br. McDaniel,
Thos Oliver, Chas. Johnson,
Aug. Montgomery, Jos. Barnett,
Randall Chilton, Parrish Phillips,
John Breckenridge.

PLATFORM

—OF THE—

REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections State and Federal, announce as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men as the fundamental principle of our government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperilling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educted, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the cordial recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing interference, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and acti n, in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and antipathies, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the States and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one as indestructible, the other as indissolible.

5th. The preservation and maintainance of the Republican party in the Southern States, as a safeguard against sectionalism, and the strongest guaranty of an inviolate union.

Resolved 1st. That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has carried the nation through a period of unprecedented difficulties and trials with safety and success, and has won for the President a renown as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd, That we deplore the divisions in our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies, and that now, as if the past, we are ready and desirous of leading it ose divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse to its energies or hope to its future, since the war, and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

ALEX WHITE, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 19th, 1876.)

When, in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved these governments to the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed." Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously edforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitution al amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts of its purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin. Commmercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the many important amendments effected by Republican Legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congress to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories those relics of barbarism, polygamy, and slavery, and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who perilled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We thereforo have with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts as its chief hope of success on the electoral vote of a united South, secured, through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation; we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success this achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil the national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being, in its origin, in character and spirit as much, if not more, identified with treason; with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes; with resisting and opposing in the National Capitol the sentiments of a decided majority of the people, declared at the polls and through the soldiers to the front; with declaring and proposing to repudiate the pledged faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan mismanagement and obstruction of investigation with proving itself, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party this alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and unto use services in war and in peace.

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ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL

CAMPAIGN EDITION FOR 1876.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

The country is entering upon one of the most stubbornly contested Presidential battles since 1860. During this contest the people of Alabama will desire to keep themselves posted on its progress; they will desire to read all sides and form their own conclusions as to their duty at the polls. During this great canvass we shall publish a Campaign edition of the "State Journal" at a rate so low as to encourage its widest distribution throughout the State. The publication of this special campaign edition has already commenced, and will continue regularly in both daily and weekly issues, until after the Presidential Election. The JOURNAL is the steadfast advocate of true Republicanism.

It believes the success of the Republican party vital to the welfare of the country. It holds further, that intelligent and honest Republican sentiment, working through Republican agencies, is the surest guarantee of Reform; and cherishing these convictions it will labor with its utmost energy for the triumph of

Hayes & Wheeler.

The JOURNAL has always been recognized as an effective and popular campaign paper. During the last campaign it was circulated more widely than ever before, and contributed a vast fund of information among the people.

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"The piano came in hand in good order, and proves satisfactory, both in tone and finish."

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To take Effect Monday, Oct. 4, 1875

AT 8.55 A. M.

Passenger Train—South.

STATIONS.	ARRIVE.	LEAVE.
Atlanta		10 20 P M
East Point	10 45	10 45
Red Oak	11 01	11 05
Fairburn	11 24	11 25
Palmetto	11 41	11 42
Powell's	12 05	12 05 P M
Newnan	12 20	12 21
Pinkett's	12 36	12 41
Grantville	12 56	12 57
Hogansville	1 17	1 18
Whitfield's	1 44	1 44
LaGrange	2 04	2 05
Long Cane	2 51	2 51
West Point	3 20	

Passenger Train—North.

West Point		12 15 P M
Long Cane	12 41	12 41
LaGrange	12 57	12 58
Whitfield	1 16	1 16
Hogansville	1 36	1 37
Grantville	1 52	1 53
Pinkett's	2 08	2 08
Newnan	2 24	2 25
Powell's	2 40	2 40
Palmetto	3 01	3 02
Fairburn	3 17	3 18
Red Oak	3 33	3 33
East Point	3 57	3 57
Atlanta	4 10	

L. P. GRANT,
Superintendent.

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...RE OF PURE THOROUGH WORK-...ANSHIP, DESIGNS AND FINISH,

...A Variety of their Combination ...Side Stops.

...New Centennial styles now ready. ...ELL F. BEATTY, Washington.

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...WATER & CONTI STREETS,

bile Ala.

REDUCTION OF RATES!

...EL with its beautifully furnished ...the best EAGLE this fine market ...ently has

APEST HOTEL

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...00 and $2.00 PER DAY.
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...ed by the highest musical authorities ...the world as THE BEST.

D. S. Bodine, Stockton, N. J., after ...ing a $600 Beatty Piano, says:

...only myself and family, but every one who ...it is satisfied in regard to its superior

...B. H. Cormony, Esq., Chambersburg, ...The Beatty Piano came to hand one week ...good order. It has thus far given entire

...H. Holtzburger Tyrone, Pa, says ...piano came in hand in good order, and ...satisfactory, both in tone and finish."

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From Wm. Peel, Niagara Falls, N. Y.

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$25 ...guaranteed using our Well Au-...ger and Drills. $100 a month paid ...to good agents. Augur book free. Jvl ...Augur Co., St. Louis, Mo.

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Fairburn	11 01	11 06
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Palmetto	12 05	12 05 A M
Newnan	12 20	12 21
Grantville	12 36	12 41
Hogansville	12 56	12 57
Whitesville	1 17	1 18
Whitesville	1 44	1 44
Chattahoochee	2 04	2 05
West Point	2 31	2 31
West Point	2 50	.....

Passenger Train—North.

West Point	.....	12 15 P M
Lang Chattahoochee	12 31	12 31
Whitesville	12 57	12 58
Whitesville	1 16	1 16
Hogansville	1 37	1 37
Grantville	1 52	1 53
Newnan	2 08	2 08
Palmetto	2 24	2 40
Fairburn	2 40	2 40
Palmetto	3 01	3 02
Fairburn	3 17	3 18
Palmetto	3 33	3 33
Palmetto	3 51	3 52
East Point	4 10	.....
Atlanta	.....	.....

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No. 6 Springfield, or Springfield, Mass

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1876.

NO BLACK FOR ME.

No black for me, dear love, wh n I am dead;
Shroud not that precious face in funeral fold,
But in a soft white vail upon your head,
As fits a saintly woman growing old.

No black for me; why, when eternal day
Has first in glory on my dazzled sight,
The seven angels bear my soul away,
And God's own spirit bow in woe and night?

Then may he tears, but let them fall, sweet wife,
As feeling one more pilgrim safe at rest:
One delivered from dying clay to deathless life,
Whose head has often laid upon your breast;

One walking 'mid an Eden's flowers and trees,
Where weary, wasting feet no walks could mar;
One drinking heaven's breath with rapturous ease,
Who ears could breathe a blessing or a prayer.

Let not be carried from my cheerful house,
Let flowers shine out of sunshine, flowers from flowers;
Let maxes in white, and little children come,
Let sisters with tender songs your lonesome hours.

For you will miss me, though some path from heaven
May send great from my glory to your heart:
And I may come, like Jacob's angels, given
Some thrill, some joyous message to impart.

So keep the light about you; death is light,
And life, and power, to pure and chastened love,
And death is only dark to doubt, and sight
That has no visions from the world above.

No black for me when I am gone, my love;
Shroud not that precious face in funeral fold
But in a soft white vail upon your head,
As fits a saintly woman growing old.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

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—FROM—

TEN TO FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS

—OF—

Black Moss,

Delivered at our shops.

Highest market price paid.

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Mattress Makers and Renovators,
49 Market St., Shops cor. South and McDonough.

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$600,000 IN GIFTS.

Grandest Scheme ever Presented to the Public.

A Fortune for only $12.

The Kentucky Cash Distribution Company, authorized by a special act of the Kentucky Legislature, for the benefit of the Public Schools of Frankfort, will have the first of their series of Grand Drawings at Major Hall, in the city of Frankfort, Ky., on THURSDAY, AUGUST 31, 1876, when the Company will distribute to the ticket holders the immense sum of

$600,000.

THOS. P. PORTER, ex-Gov. of Kentucky, General Manager.

POSITIVELY NO POSTPONEMENT.

as we will have a series of Grand Drawings and can not establish the precedent of postponing.

LIST OF GIFTS:

One Grand Cash Gift	.....	$100,000
One Grand Cash Gift	.....	50,000
One Grand Cash Gift	.....	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift	.....	10,000
One Grand Cash Gift	.....	5,000
100 Cash Gifts of	$1,000 each	100,000
100 Cash Gifts of	500 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	400 each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts of	300 each	30,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200 each	40,000
500 Cash Gifts of	120 each	60,000
1000 Cash Gifts of	12 each	12,000
Total 3,136 Gifts, All Cash	.....	600,000

PRICE OF TICKETS:

Whole tickets $12; Halves $6; Quarters $3; 9 Tickets $100; 27 Tickets $200; 45 Tickets $300; 95 Tickets $600; 190 Tickets $1,000; 100,000 Tickets at $12 each.

Hon. E. H. Taylor, Mayor of Frankfort, the entire Board of City Councilmen, Hon. Alvin Duvall, late Chief Justice of Kentucky, and other distinguished citizens, together with such disinterested persons as the ticket holders present may designate will superintend the drawing.

Remittances can be made by Express, Draft, Postoffice Money order or Registered Letter, and orders for Tickets, and applications of Agents to sell Tickets, should be addressed to

THOS. P. PORTER,
Gen'l Manager, Frankfort, Ky.

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"Kennesaw Route."

The following schedule takes effect June 5th, 1876:

NORTHWARD.

	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 11.
Leave Atlanta	4.10 p. m.	7.00 a. m.	5.55 p. m
Arr Marietta	6.14 p. m.	9.22 a. m.	8.41 p m
Ar Kingston	6.44 p. m.	9.56 a. m.	9.17 p m
Ar Resaca	8.34 p. m.	11.54 a. m.	11.35 p m
Ar Chattanooga	10.25 p. m.	1.55 p. m.	

SOUTHWARD.

	No. 2.	No. 4.	No. 11.
Leave Chattanooga	4.00 p. m.	5.00 a. m.	
Ar Dalton	5.41 p. m.	7.01 a. m.	1.00 a m
Ar Kingston	7.38 p. m.	9.07 a. m.	4.19 a m
Ar Cartersville	8.12 p. m.	9.42 a. m.	5.18 a m
Ar Atlanta	10.15 p. m.	12.06 m.	9.30 a m

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 1 and 2, between New Orleans and Baltimore.

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 1 and 4, between Atlanta and Nashville.

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 3 and 2, between Atlanta and Atlanta.

No change of cars between New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Atlanta and Baltimore, and only one change to New York.

Passengers leaving Atlanta at 4.10 p m. arrive in New York the second afternoon thereafter at 4 15 p. m.

Excursion tickets to the Virginia Springs and various summer resorts will be on sale in New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, Macon, Savannah, Augusta and Atlanta, at greatly reduced rates 1st of June.

Parties desiring a whole car through to the Virginia Springs or to Baltimore, should address the undersigned.

Parties contemplating traveling should send for a copy of KENNESAW ROUTE GAZETTE, containing schedules, etc.

Ask for tickets via "Kennesaw Route."

R. W. WRENN,
Gen'l Passenger and Ticket Agent, Atlanta, Ga

OPIUM and Morphine habit absolutely and speedily cured. Painless; no publicity. Send stamp for particulars. Dr. Collins, 157 Washington st., Chicago, Ill.

THE MILD POWER.

CURES

HUMPHREYS'

HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS

Been in general use for twenty years. Everywhere proved the most SAFE, SIMPLE, ECONOMICAL and EFFICIENT medicines known. They are just what the people want, saving time and money averting sickness and suffering. Each single specific the well tried prescription of an eminent physician.

No.	Cures.	Cents.
1.	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations,	50
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic,	50
3.	Crying-Colic, or Teething of Infants,	50
4.	Diarrhœa, of Children or Adults,	50
5.	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic,	50
6.	Cholera-Morbus, Vomiting,	50
7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,	50
8.	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache,	50
9.	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo,	50
10.	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach,	50
11.	Suppressed, or Painful Periods,	50
12.	Whites, too Profuse Periods,	50
13.	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	50
14.	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	50
15.	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains,	50
16.	Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Agues,	50
17.	Piles, blind or bleeding,	50
18.	Ophthalmy, and Sore or Weak Eyes,	50
19.	Catarrh, Acute or Chronic Influenza,	50
20.	Whooping-Cough, Violent Coughs,	50
21.	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing,	50
22.	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing,	50
23.	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swellings,	50
24.	General Debility, Physical Weakness,	50
25.	Dropsy and Scanty Secretions,	50
26.	Sea-sickness, Mo ion, Illness from Riding,	50
27.	Kidney-Disease, Gravel,	50
28.	Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness,	1 00
29.	Sore Mouth, Canker,	50
30.	Urinary Weakness, Wetting the Bed,	50
31.	Painful Periods, with Spasms,	50
32.	Sufferings at Change of Life,	1 00
33.	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	1 00
34.	Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat,	50
35.	Chronic Congestions and Eruptions,	50

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Case (Morocco) with above 35 large vials and Manual of Directions, $10 00
Case (Morocco) of 20 large vials and Book, 6 00

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Office and Depot, No. 562 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
For Sale by all Druggists.

DR. RICE,

No. 37 Court Place,

LOUISVILLE, KY

A regularly educated and legally qualified physician, and the most successful, as his practice will prove. Cures all forms of Private Chronic and Sexual Diseases. Spermatorrhœa and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth or sexual excesses in maturer years or other causes, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, etc., rendering marriage unhappy or improper, are thoroughly and permanently cured. Syphilis positively cured and entirely eradicated from the system. Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Piles and other Private Diseases quickly cured. Patients treated by mail or express. Free and invited. Charges reasonable, and correspondence strictly confidential.

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8-31 1&w2m

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English Remedy.

The Cordial Balm of Syricum and Tonic Pills.

Nervous Debility,

However obscure the causes may be which contribute to render nervous debility a disease so prevalent, affecting, as it does, nearly one-half of our adult population, it is a fearfully fact that day by day, and year by year, we witness a most frightful increase of nervous affections from the slightest neuralgia to the more grave and extreme forms of

NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

It is of the highest importance, then, that individuals should be able to judge for themselves by their own feelings, it such is what extent they are attacked by this insidious foe to health, comfort and even life itself, it left to run its course unchecked, by the early and prompt application of curative remedies.

NEWBURG, Nov. 6, 1874.

DR. LOTTROP: Will you have the goodness to send me a further supply of the Balm of Syricum and Tonic Pills, as I am nearly out? I have not been taking it for a long while, and have every reason to be satisfied with its effects. You know that I commenced taking it when I had a good deal of doubt about it doing me any good, as I had long been a sufferer from Nervous Debility, I thought that nothing short of healing itself could ever satisfy me; or, rather, I had come to the conclusion that I must continue the misery, and had only hope was that your medicine would furnish merely an antidote to its injurious effects. I never for a moment dreamed that the Cordial Balm was going to cure me of the worst case on record. But I believe it will, and to your great desire for it now. When I left it off and began to take the Syricum I felt uneasy for a week or so, but the medicine seemed to stay me up, and after a few days the longing for opium began to grow less and less. Sometimes I felt a sort of delirious weakness and a desire to again realize what I used to call the glorious visions of dreamland—but I could always find help and strength to overcome the temptation by taking a single dose of the Cordial Balm.

Gratefully yours, N. GREGORY.

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

John F. Henry & Co., New York City.
Weeks & Potter, Boston, Mass
G. L. Claflin & Co., Providence, R. I.
Sisson & Butler, Hartford, Ct.
Talcott Bros., Hartford, Ct.
Van Schaack, Stephenson & Reid, Chicago, Ill.

If your Druggists not keep it ask them and they will get it for you from any of the above wholesale druggists.

DR. G. EBISAK LETTROP, Proprietor, may be confidentially consulted by mail or otherwise, free of charge, at his office, No. 143 Court street, Boston Mass.

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BEATTY PIANO.

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

This instrument is the most handsome and best piano ever before manufactured in this country or Europe, having the greatest possible depth, richness and volume of tone combined with a rare brilliancy, clearness and perfect evenness throughout the entire scale, and above all a surprising duration of sound, the power and sympathetic quality of which never changes under the most defective or powerful touch. Space forbids a full description of this magnificent instrument. Agents discount given where I have no agents. Remember you take no risk in purchasing one of these CELEBRATED IMPROVED PIANOS. Fifteen (15) days test trial. If it proves unsatisfactory the money you have paid will be returned upon return of instrument and freight charges paid by me both ways. Pianos Warranted for six years. Address,

DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington N. J.

BEATTY PIANO.

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

From the Hon. G. R. Cather, publisher "Southern Argus," Ashville, Ala.

"We have received from the manufacturer, Daniel F. Beatty, one of his square pianos. It is a thing of beauty, but not more exquisite to the eye is the finish of its workmanship, than charming to the ear is the sweetness of its melody. The piano combines the highest existence, to which all the first class manufacturers of musical instruments aspire. To all who wish to invest in a first class piano we have no hesitancy in advising them to send the money directly to Mr. Beatty. We speak from actual experience, and it is with pleasure we give the evidence of the reliability of Mr. Beatty and his instruments."

Best offer ever given. Money refunded upon return of Piano and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory, after a test trial of five days. Pianos warranted for six years.

Agents wanted everywhere. Send stamp for catalogue. Address, DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, New Jersey, U. S. A.

BEATTY'S Parlor Organs

Established in 1856.

The best and most lasting parlor organ now in use. No other parlor organ has ever attained the same popularity.

It has been tested by thousands, many of them competent judges, and gives universal satisfaction to all.

The music is adapted to the human voice, ranging from the softest flute-like note to a volume of sound unsurpassed by any instrument.

This instrument has all the latest improvements, and every organ is fully warranted for six years. Beautiful oil polish, black walnut panelled cases, which will not crack or warp, and handsome scrolls, all combine to make an instrument of music, a beautiful piece of furniture.

This organ needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and is sold at extremely low figures for cash. Second-hand instruments taken in exchange.

Agents wanted, male or female, in ever county in the United States and Canada. A liberal discount made to teachers, ministers, churches, schools, lodges, etc., where we have no agents. Illustrated catalogue and price list free. I have no agents. Best offer ever given now ready.

Address, DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.

Address—THE OPEN CENTENNIAL CO., St. Louis, Mo.

$10 to 25 per Day To Patriotic Boys and Girls who will work for us at their own homes and others to sell them. Particulars free.

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J. W. SEATON & CO.,

Manufacturing Chemists,

NOS. 40 & 42 FIFTH STREET.

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Personal Announcement, List o Specialties, Prices, Offers, Etc.,

Druggists, Grocers and General Dealers Double your Trade.

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For many years our HURLEY'S POPULAR WORM CANDY was the favorite and most largely sold in the entire South and West.

A few years ago we bought in New York Santonin, bearing the name of the great chemist of Germany, whose make had always been purest, this was used in making Worm Candy, a lot of 200 gross. After sales of the Candy were made, complaints came that it "wet down and ran together." Upon investigation we found that a fraud had been practiced upon us: the Santonin label being counterfeited, and the Santonin adulterated with chlorate of potash. We called in all the Candy we could hear of, replacing it with good. If you have any, we will gladly replace yours, and we make this appeal to your sense of justice, not to let the rascality of another injure our good name. We ask a renewal of your confidence in Hurley's Worm Candy, guaranteeing that only PURE and TESTED material is used in its preparation, and with proper care it will keep in any climate.

J. W. SEATON & CO. Louisville, Ky.,

Sole manufacturers and proprietors of the following:

	Per doz.	Per Gross.
Walker's Rheumatic Cure	$12 00	$10 50
Hurley's Com. Syrup Sarsaparilla, with or without Iod. Potash	7 75	7 50
Hurley's Ague Tonic	7 00	6 50
Hurley's Popular Worm Candy	1 35	14 25
Hurley's Popular Worm Candy	7 25	7 00
Hurley's Stomach Bitters	1 00	15 00
Seabrook's Infant Soothing Syrup	7 50	7 00
Seabrook's Elix. Pyrophos Iron and Calasaya	1 50	15 00
Bettison's English Horse Liniment	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Horse Condition Powder	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Chicken Cholera Powder	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Hog Cholera Powder	3 00	30 00
S. & Co.'s Extract Jamaica Ginger, 2 oz.	1 75	18 00
S. & Co.'s Compound Syrup Liquid Amber	5 50	37 50
S. & Co.'s Jackson's Pectoral Syrup	3 50	37 50
S. & Co.'s Magic Kid Glove Cleaner	1 75	18 00
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CHEMICAL WRITING FLUID

1 oz, 4 doz in box, per doz	$ 50
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4 oz, 2 doz in box, per doz	1 50
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1 pt copying 1 doz in box, per doz	4 50
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2 oz, Black Ink; 4 doz in box, per doz	45
4 oz, Black Ink, 2 doz in box, per doz	70

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2 oz Cork, 1 dozen in box	$1 25
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DISCOUNT ON INK AND MUCILAGE.

$20, 5 per cent; $40, 10 per cent; $60, 15 per cent; $80, 20 per cent; $100, 25 per cent.

HOME BAKING POWDER.

½ pound Cans	$1 60	$18 00
¼ pound Cans	2 75	30 00
½ pound Cans	5 25	60 00
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5, 10, 25 and 50 pound Cans, 35 cents per pound. No charge for packages

LIQUID WASH BLUE.

2 ounce, 6 dozen in box	$ 35	$ 3 60
4 ounce, 4 dozen in box	60	6 50
6 ounce, 3 dozen in box	75	8 00
8 ounce, 2 dozen in box	90	10 00
12 ounce, 1 dozen in box	1 10	12 00

All accounts due in 30 days. Discounts made on Ink and Mucilage only, as per card. All goods shipped at purchaser's risk, unless ordered to insure. All goods s

OFFERS, &C.

$10,000 REWARD for a case of Chills and Fever, or Ague and Fever, that HURLEY'S AGUE TONIC will not cure.

WALKER'S RHEUMATIC CURE guaranteed to relieve the most obstinate cases of Rheumatism if persistently taken.

Convalescents warranted rapid recovery by use of SEABROOK'S ELIXIR BARK AND IRON. Corrects female irregularities.

The most reliable SOOTHING SYRUP is SEABROOK'S. Safely, sweetly quiets the little ones—never stupifies or fatally affects, as a popular syrup is stated to have done.

Physicians recommend SEATON & CO.'S LIQUID BALSAM for Dysentery, Diarrhea, and Summer Complaints. Aids digestion.

An English Farrier made, and the veterinarian veterinarian, Dr. Bettison, improved our ENGLISH HORSE LINIMENT. It is for all skin diseases or old sores on man, horse or cattle.

HURLEY'S WORM CANDY is a never failing, harmless remedy. All children are more or less troubled with worms. Every house should have one pure preparation.

Many Sarsaparillas are made from India roots perfectly inert. Hurley's, with a powerful press, is extracted from Honduras Sarsaparilla, put up with or without Iodine of Potash.

Indigestion or Dyspepsia, etc., can be cured by HURLEY'S STOMACH BITTERS, a delightful remedy.

Flaky, light white bread insured by use of Seaton & Co's HOME BAKING POWDER. Delicious and pure.

Soiled Kid Gloves made new, with Seaton & Co's KID GLOVE CLEANER.

INKS—Black, Chemical, Copying, Carmine, etc., in all size.

MUCILAGE that will not sour, is Seaton & Co's.

ORIENTAL PEARL DROP, white and pink, beautifies the complexion and removes tan and pimples.

Cheaper than Indigo and far better is Seaton & Co's WASH BLUE.

Seaton & Co's Prices

ARE FROM

Fifteen to Fifty per cent Cheaper than Others!

☞ For proof, you know that Chill Tonics (without arsenic) usual price is $8.00 per dozen; our price is $7.00; Worm Candies, usually $1.50, ours $1.35; Stomach Bitters, generally, $8.00 to $8.50, ours $7.25; Soothing Syrups, $2.00 to $4.00, ours $1.60; Elixir Bark and Iron, $9.00 to $12.00, ours $7.50.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO HANDLE OUR GOODS.

WARRANTED TO BE RELIABLE!

We Believe them to be Superior to all Others,

AS THE MATERIALS USED ARE THE PUREST AND BEST.

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"Ne Plus Ultra" Engines, "Hercules" Engines, Climax Engines.

(2 wheel) Factory Size. (3 wheel) Village Size (4 wheel) City Size.

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Ask the Public to Ponder on these Facts. To be Forearmed is to be Forearmed.

487.59 Unarmed Soldiers

These Sentinels are standing guard over one hundred thousand million dollars worth of property in Asylums, Breweries, Bakeries, City Halls, Colleges, Car Works, Depots, Distilleries, Elevators, Factories, Fair Grounds, Grain Houses, Hotels, Halls, Infirmaries, Lumber Yards, Machine Shops, Oil Factories, Potters, Paint and Paper Warehouses, Rag and Roofing Factories, Saw Mills, Starch, Stave and Soap Factories, Theatres, Toy, Trunk and Tapentine Establishments, Varnish, Warehouses and large buildings of all kinds throughout the land. They are night WATCHMEN, Warehouses and large buildings of all kinds throughout the land. They are night WATCHMEN, when a robber is expected they are furnished weapons to give them greater power.

Why, then, when they are told to guard against Fire, a far more dreaded enemy to property than ever, should they not be provided with the means to subdue it before it has gained dangerous headway? We offer the

GREAT AMERICAN FIRE EXTINGUISHER,

the best known means of accomplishing this end, and commend it to public favor solely on its merits. Send for circular with description and testimonials. Agents wanted in every town in the world.

Great American Fire Extinguisher Co., Louisville, Ky

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BANKERS, COTTON FACTORS

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GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

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We also buy and sell Domestic and Foreign Exchange and Draw Bills of Exchange, Available in all the Commercial Centres of this Country and Europe.

Liberal Cash Advances Made upon Cotton consigned to us, our connections in New York, New Orleans or Liverpool.

FULL STOCK OF BAGGING AND TIES ALWAYS ON HAND AND FOR SALE AT LOWEST MARKET RATES.

THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE!

LOUISVILLE & CINCINNATI

SHORT LINE RAILROAD

The quickest, best and ONLY ROUTE with which passengers from the South make direct connection at Louisville with

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars

TO PITTSBURG, HARRISBURG,
PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK,
And other Eastern Cities,

WITHOUT CHANGE,

Arriving many hours in advance of all other lines. Connections made at Cincinnati with all lines running

Pullman and Wagner Palace Sleepers

To Toledo, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Baltimore, Washington, Sandusky, Cleveland, Buffalo, Erie and Albany, Salamanca and New York

WITHOUT CHANGE.

This is the only line running its entire trains from Louisville to Cincinnati, and the only line by which passengers from the South can route to Eastern and Northern Cities can avoid a tedious haul through Louisville, by changing cars at Short Line Junction, with L. & G. S. R. R., three miles south of the City, where they can be served with an excellent meal at Ruter's Dining Hall, at all hours. Through Sleepers from New Orleans, Mobile, Jacksonville, Atlanta, Little Rock, Memphis, Montgomery and Nashville, make direct connection at Short Line Junction with through Sleepers to New York and other Eastern Cities via this line

DURING THE CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION

At Philadelphia, this line will sell Excursion Tickets at greatly reduced rates.

ASK FOR TICKETS VIA

Louisville & The Short Line,

The only line running the ugh cars to Eastern Cities. For sale at all the Ticket Offices in the South and Southwest.

JOHN MAC LEOD,
General Superintendent.

S. S. PARKER,
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LOCAL AGENTS WANTED.

An Agent Wanted for each Town and County in the United States.

Parties desiring to act as agents must accompany their application by a letter of recommendation as to character and responsibility from and signed by the Editor of a newspaper published in the town or county for which agent pr poses to act. The agency is to sell the bonds of the Industrial Exhibition Company.

Bonds $20 Each.

The Industrial Exhibition Company will furnish agents with Circulars, etc., etc.

Each newspaper published in the town where agent is located and, as soon as agency is established, to be given an advertisement, advertising such agency and the company, and fully explaining the plans, purposes and objects of the company. Such advertisement will continue in such papers as long as agency is successfully conducted.

The Industrial Exhibition Company is the firm to adopt the plan so long in use by the European governments of issuing bonds when the principal is made secure and not risked, but where there is a chance for a large premium, an investment of $20 is sure to return to the investor $21—one dollar more than cost—and the holder of a $20 bond has a chance for a premium either of $50, $100, $200, $500, $1,000, $3,000, $5,000, $10,000, $25,000 or $100,000. The interest, which is ordinarily distributed to all the bondholders pro rata, is in this loan distributed by chance. The purchaser of a bond knows he will receive back his investment, with a small rate of interest added, and in consideration of taking this small rate of interest, he has a chance in the above named premiums, which are simply the distribution of interest on the whole loan.

Each bond participates in four drawings each year, until it has drawn a premium, when it is surrendered, the premium paid, and the bond cancelled.

The Industrial Exhibition Company, under a special charter, granted by the State of New York, is given authority to issue these bonds. The Legislature of the State, recognizing the great benefits which will arise from the success of this enterprise, have exempted all the real estate and property of the company from taxation and assessments for five years, and has also conferred other great privileges.

Every American who understands the purposes of this company will, of a necessity, feel a pride in aiding it to a successful termination.

Each individual who buys a bond becomes an owner and an interested party, and when he views the structure erected with his money can say, "I aided to erect in our country the most magnificent building the world has ever seen, a palace which, in truth, represents the industry, energy and mechanical genius of the American people."

The manufacturers and the inventors of America are peculiarly interested in the success of this enterprise, for the reason that it is to be their home, where all their inventions and manufactures can be exhibited and sold.

The building will contain 5,320,000 square feet of space.

Purchasers desiring Bonds before an agency is established where they reside, will communicate direct with this office, from where they can be supplied.

Parties desiring to act as agents or to purchase bonds will address

INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION CO.,

No. 42 East 17th Street,

BET. B'WAY & 5th AVE.,

NEW YORK CITY

NOTE.—All moneys by draft on New York, or Express, or postal order—charges paid by sender 8-29w

BLANK.

Blanks, Blanks, Blanks.

We are now prepared to furnish Tax Collectors and Tax Assessors with

Blank Lists of Property, Tax Deeds, and all Blanks used by County Officials at Chicago Prices.

T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,
State Journal Job Office,
4-6tf Montgomery, Ala.

$250 A MONTH—Agents wanted everywhere. Business honorable and first class. Particulars sent free. Address J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.



WIMBLEDON

Long Range Breech Loading

Practice Pistol & Targets.

Carries a ⅛ inch ball with accuracy fifty feet, without powder or percussion. Brass barrel, hair trigger. For sale by dealers. By mail, free for 75 cents, with permanent ammunition for target practice indoors, and for sporting out of doors.

AGENTS WANTED.

A. A. GRAHAM, 67 Liberty Street, New York

"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure and Instruction."

Harper's Bazar.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The Bazar is edited with a combination of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—Boston Traveller.

The Bazar commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by its droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion plates in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patterns for the children's clothes, to paper-fanatics by the tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing gowns. But the reading matter of the Bazar is notionally of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—N. Y. Evening Post.

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1876.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MONTGOMERY, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T. C. Bingham will be paid by us. T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,
dtf. Proprietors.

BEER—bier—see?

A "heated term"—Dammit.

IT was sweet weather yesterday.

WE must have reform in the thermometer.

BUSINESS in the Police Court was light yesterday.

A REFORM appears to be necessary in the weather bureau.

PREPARE for the big storm which is to follow the "heated spell."

FRIED Montgomerian was a dish everywhere apparent yesterday.

BOTTOMING cane-seat chairs is a favorite business now-a-days.

THE weather is so warm that the dog-star has become Sirius.

To say that a man keeps school is not to say that he keeps cool.

BOXING the ears of a four-year-old boy is a bad case of sunstroke.

SOON be time to go out in the woods and sit on a chestnut burr.

IT is said that sun spots make the weather cool. Oh, for a sun spot!

DYNAMITE seems to have gone entirely out of the "fiend" business of late.

IT must not be believed that a man with a red face is addicted to drinking.

TAKE cool drinks. They are taken at another man's expense without invitation.

MOSQUITOES are Shylocks. They present their bills, and will take nothing but blood.

EVEN in this weather they speak of men with freezing manners. Billiard balls freeze, too.

YOU may be able to run against a stray breeze or two if you go up to the State-house, to-night.

THESE are hard times, and prices are generally low, but thermometers keep up as high as ever.

EVERYBODY that has got a country friend is now making the latter useful in the way of a visit.

WHAT fun it is to return from a picnic or excursion and find that the street cabs have stopped running.

PRISONERS locked in the station-houses these hot nights try to hang themselves. We do not wonder at it.

WHEN you ask a pretty girl, at Long Branch, if she will have another ice, she says, sweetly, "Two surf-ices."

ALL the candidates are now undergoing the martyrdom of rustic portraiture on transparencies.

"ALL business is languishing, all industry is depressed," except the traffic in ice and the pushing of palm-leaf fans.

THERE'S a good deal of illusion about women, especially in warm weather. But their real character shows through it.

A NEW padlock which cannot be broken has been invented. Serious revolts among the "unterrified," may be looked for.

THE cost of liberty. The debts of our various municipalities on the Centennial Anniversary of Independence Day were some $900,000,000.

LAST night the laziest man seemed to have energy enough to sit on the window sill in his night shirt and wish that his ancestors had been frogs.

THE young man who advertised for a mother-in-law lives in Milwaukee, and hires his ears out for Tilden and Hendricks bulletin boards.

SINGULAR! and yet they say it's true, that more people have been killed by Fourth-of-July celebrations than fell in the Revolutionary War.

One of the conundrums asked during the Presidential campaign will be, "Who took off the fast mail trains?" The responsibility is very easily fixed.

TWO are company and three constitutes a crowd. Consequently when there are three girls and two gentlemen, everybody wishes that everybody was at home.

THE other day, in New York, the thermometer, exposed to the sun, indicated 128 degrees; the highest record of heat in that latitude since 1845.

SYMPATHY is sweet—sweeter than moonlight or molasses—but you can't safely fool around a sea sick man with too much of it, so long as he has strength enough left to kick.

THE baggage-smasher is now in his glory. Before his destructive wrath, iron-ribbed and copper-fastened Saratoga bend and quiver like tissue paper in the hands of a giant.

THE great American rhyme fiend is unusually enterprising just now. This indicates a severe winter, and discloses one of the methods of Providence for supplying editors with an important item of fuel.

WHAT ails this Nation is want of confindence, and it suggests a train of very painful reflections to see the mother of a family of religious boys so scrupulously particular in locking the pantry door after her.

OH, yes, the times are very hard, indeed, but what makes them come harder is to see the editor of a religious journal sneaking around the corner to take his lunch on a piece of dried codfish.

DIED, at his residence, in Montgomery, Ala., on Friday morning, July 21st, 1876, L. J. MOSES, formerly of Charleston, S. C., aged 67 years, 9 months and 14 days. His remains will be taken to Charleston, where the funeral services will be held.

His friends, and those of his family, are respectfully invited to accompany the body from his late residence, on Perry street, to the depot, on Sunday morning at 6 o'clock.

It is estimated that at least 2,000 persons have died from sunstroke throughout the country during the present heated term. The death rates have everywhere increased to a fearful degree.

THERE is this soothing thought connected with the thermometer 99° in the shade—that a man who puts on a standing shirt collar in the morning doesn't have to take it off to sneeze.

THAT everybody's energy has not been exhausted by the heated term seems clear from the remark of a boot black yesterday, who expressed his willingness to kick a hole through the sky and let in some fresh air.

"You mustn't think, boys," remarks one of our leading orators, "that you can slosh around with a hatchet and become great men. If George Washington had used a cheese-knife, it would have been all the same."

TELEGRAPHIC.—We received the following note yesterday:

MONTGOMERY, July 21.

To the State Journal: You will receive the press, heretofore received through the Southern Atlantic, through this office, commencing to-night.

E. WINTER,
Manager W. U. Tel. Co.

How naturally one turns away, at this interval, from the works of bards, sages and philosophers, from the visions of statecraft and the phenomena of political science, and sighs for the matchless liberty of that civilization which permits man to sit around all day in his night-shirt.

How marvelously careful a man is with a new garment. When he comes in he is at great pains to hang it on a hook entirely by itself, and woe to any one who hangs another article over it. At the end of a week the same garment is being picked up from the floor or chairs forty times a day, his wife says.

IT is a refreshing spectacle for the exhausted pedestrians, such evenings as these, to glance through the open windows and see one hundred and thirty or forty pounds of lovely woman standing over the recumbent figure of a man and pelting him with gentle breezes from a ten cent fan.

ACCORDING to the New York papers, words cannot describe the suffering of the masses in that city during the present torrid weather. In addition to the "sunstroke" mortality hundreds have died of partial suffocation in tenement houses, which are now more like ovens than the abodes of mankind. The real slaughter by heat during the last three weeks cannot, it is said, be less than two thousand. There has also been an immense amount of suffering among editors who, as all know, must get their papers out whatever be the consequences.

REMEMBER.—The STATE JOURNAL is the only Republican paper in Alabama. It is the only daily Republican paper in the States of Georgia and Alabama, hence those of our citizens who desire to keep posted on current events should not fail to subscribe for the JOURNAL. Democrats who wish to read the fairest paper opposing their party in the State should also subscribe for the JOURNAL. Every Republican in Alabama should be a reader of the JOURNAL, and we intend to give every one an opportunity of becoming a subscriber to this prper. Our campaign rates are published elsewhere, and will be found to be more reasonable than any other first-class daily paper in this section. Now is the time to send in your names, accompanied by the cash.

SUBSCRIPTION.—The subscription list of the JOURNAL was largely augmented yesterday by the receipt of a flattering club from Wedowee. The solid old Republicans of Randolph are as true as the needle to the pole. They are always in the front rank when there is work to do, and never fail to render a good account of themselves.

In addition to the large list of subscribers from Randolph county, we have daring the past week, received subscriptions from nearly every section of the State. The campaign JOURNAL is making a fine impression upon the people everywhere, and they are testifying their appreciation of it in a substantial manner. We hope our friends will renew their efforts. Let the JOURNAL be placed in the hands of every good citizen of the State.

A YOUNG 'UN ABOAD.—A few nights ago the passengers in a sleeping coach on the South & North train, bound North, were just dozing off when something howled out:

"Ow—wow—wow!"

"Great dragons, there's a young one aboard!" growled a fat man from his upper berth. "I'll bet a hundred dollars none of us can get a wink of sleep to-night."

"Wow—wow!" whined the child.

"There he goes again!" growled the fat man. "I never travel but what I run across some one's offspring."

"Who's that talking?" called the mother of the child in a loud voice.

"Me," answered the fat man. "Why didn't you either leave that child at home or stay at home yourself?"

"Are you talking to me?" demanded the woman.

"Yes, ma'm, I am. I say it is a shame to bring a sick child into a sleeping car to disturb twenty or thirty people."

"Are you a father?" she asked.

"No, I hain't."

"Nor a mother?" she continued.

"No, ma'am."

"Well, sir," she said, as she poked her head out between the curtains, "when you've been the mother of eleven children, moved forty-eight times, lived in nine different States, and worn one corset right along for seventeen years, you'll begin to think you know your business. I think I know mine; and if this baby wants to howl he's going to do it, if I have to come over there and kick a ton and a half of conceit out of you."

FORTY million baked Americans—that is what's coming of the Centennial.

IT would startle many people who happen to see a locomotive blowing off steam in a railway station, if they were told that there is electricity enough generated in the discharge of steam to blow the whole train of carriages to atoms, if, instead of being dissipated, it were collected. The fact was at first accidentally noticed by an engineer at Newcastle, who perceived sparks which proved to be electrical among the escaping steam. The discovery was confirmed by the construction of a hydro-electric machine in the shape of a boiler set on glass legs. The steam as it rushes out of the escape valve is received on a series of metallic points by which it is gathered and accumulated in the conductor, as in an ordinary electric machine, in which the electricity is generated by the friction of a glass plate or cylinder. Will engineers ever come to appreciate the fact that every locomotive carries the means of lighting itself far better and more cheaply than any lamp?

DEATH OF A VENERABLE CITIZEN.—At an early hour yesterday morning, L. J. Moses, the venerable father of Mayor Moses, died at his residence in this city. The funeral notice appears elsewhere.

Mr. Moses was one of the most highly esteemed citizens of Charleston, S. C., where he was born on the 7th day of October, 1808, and resided until about the year 1866. He then removed to New York, and remained in the latter city but a few years, when he finally came to Montgomery in 1871 to pass the remainder of his days with his children here—all of whom are honored and prominent citizens. Mr Moses was a man of remarkable memory and was very fond of conversing with his friends upon the events of the past—especially those more directly connected with the political history of our country. He took a prominent part in the political contests made famous by the eloquence of Clay and Webster. He was a devoted admirer of the Great Commoner, and named one of his sons in honor of Henry Clay. He was congratulated upon this act by Henry Clay himself in an autograph letter, addressed to Mr. Moses. He was also the friend and admirer of Horace Greeley, and was always proud of referring to his correspondence with these great citizens who went before him to rest. During his residence in this city, Mr. Moses was generally confined to his residence by illness, though he maintained a remarkable stout appearance until a short time before his last illness. We have enjoyed many an hour's delightful conversation with him, in every one of which we were largely the gainer, for there was scarcely an occurrence of any importance during his long life upon which he was not thoroughly posted. He had a lively remembrance of the great debates in Congress on the compromise and other measures, and gave us much valuable information in respect to them. At a ripe old age, he departs to his final rest, with the blessings of a large circle of friends who deeply deplore his loss, and the prayers and tears of his kindred. Peace to his ashes, and eternal rest to his soul!

POSTAGE ON PRINTED MATTER.—The following circular has been sent to the postmasters throughout the country:

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 15, 1876.

SIR: The following section of a law has been passed by Congress and approved by the President:

SEC. 15. That transient newspapers and magazines, regular publications designed primarily for advertising purposes, or for free circulation at nominal rates, and all printed matter of the third class, except unsealed circulars, shall be admitted to and be transmitted in the mails, at the rate of one cent for every two ounces, or fractional part thereof; and one cent for each two additional ounces or fractional parts thereof, and the sender of any article of the third class mail matter may write his or her name or address therein, or on the outside thereof, with the word "from" above or preceding the same, or may write, briefly, or print on any package, the numbers and names of the articles inclosed. Publishers of newspapers and periodicals may print on the wrappers of newspapers or magazines sent from the office of publication to regular subscribers, the time to which subscription thereof has been paid; and addresses upon postal cards and unsealed circulars may be either written, printed, or affixed thereto, at the option of the sender.

SEC. 16. That all acts or parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

On unsealed circulars, and all mailable matter of the third class, other than that designated in the foregoing section, postage will be charged as heretofore—one cent for each ounce or fraction thereof.

JAMES N. TYNER,
Postmaster General.

Local and Business Notices.

DR. PIERCE'S Golden Medical Discovery will cure a Cough in one-half the time necessary to cure it with any other medicine, *and it does it, not by drying it up, but by removing the cause—subduing the irritation and healing the affected parts.* For all cases of Laryngitis, Hoarseness, Suppression or Loss of Voice, Bronchitis, Severe Chronic or Lingering Coughs, it will be found to surpass any medicine that has ever before been offered to the public. It is sold by all dealers in medicines 7-21 xtt

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.*
3-14 d&xem

THE highest musical authorities, as well as all who have purchased the Beatty Piano, are equally charmed with its beauty and purity of tone. The manufacturer has succeeded in imparting to it a roundness, fullness and richness of tone, perfectly astonishing. None should be without one. See his advertisement. Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J., U. S. A. 7-20d4t.

Nervous Debility.

Vital weakness or depression: A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental overwork, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphrey's Homeopathic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per package of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Homeopathic Medicine Company, 662 Broadway, New York.
1-1d&w 1y

THE Star Parlor Organs are celebrated for their purity of tone, elegant design and thorough construction. Send for catalogue. Address,
ALLEGER, BOWLBY & CO.,
6-30d&wom Washington, N. J.

New Advertisements.

SALE OF TWO THOUSAND CIGARS.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,
DEP'Y COLLECTOR'S OFFICE 2D DIST. OF ALA.,
Montgomery, July 17, 1876.

Having put up a notice on the 8th of May, current of the seizure of two thousand cigars, inviting all persons to file their claims, if there were any, and no one having been filed in the time prescribed by law, I hereby notify the public that the two thousand cigars bearing the brand "La Escuela, de Juan B. Reuero, Habana," seized by me at the store of one Howard Gardiner, on Commerce street, in this city, will be sold at public auction on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH OF JULY, 1876,

at 10 o'clock a. m., at my office, Commerce street over Strassburger & Weil's store.

PAUL S. PROBACH,
7-17d4d Deputy Collector.

HAIR DRESSING & SHAVING.

I am now prepared to do all kinds of work in the Hair Dressing business—cutting curls, wigs, etc. Also shaving and shampooing. I sell (11) eleven shaving tickets for $1 00. Old razors sharpened and made as good as new.

PETER G. RANDALL.
7-16 Perry street, near "Plantation" office.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

Ice! Ice!

No Short Crop in Alabama.

The Montgomery Protective Ice Co.

Having bought the Stock and Fixtures of D. P. WEST, and contracts for all the Ice made by the

Montgomery Ice Manufacturing Co.

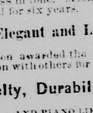
Are now prepared to supply the public at their old stand, MONROE ST., opposite the CITY HALL.

J. A. DIAZ & CO.,
4-14d Agents.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE



"Only Good SAUCE,"

An appellation to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at Worcester.

May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their SAUCE is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as wholesome sauce that is made."

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

LEA & PERRINS'

SIGNATURE is on EVERY BOTTLE.

Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
NEW YORK.

7-7

PRICES REDUCED. Best Quality MUSICAL BOXES sold at Lowest Prices. CHAPPELL'S 1876 CENTENNIAL YEAR, CHAS. H. EVANS, Cincinnati, O., 128 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati, O. Fourth and Market sts., Louisville, Ky.

DANIEL F. BEATTY'S Parlor Organs.

These remarkable instruments possess capabilities for musical effects and expression never before attained, adapted for Amateur and Professional, and an ornament in any parlor.

EXCELLENCE OF TONE THROUGHOUT.

MANY NEW, ELEGANT DESIGNS AND STYLES,

and Wonderful Variety of their Combination Solo Stops.

☞ Beautiful new Centennial style now ready. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington N. J.

BEATTY PIANO

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

From Geo. F. Letcher, firm of Wm. H. Loche & Bro., Bankers, Fayetteville, Ohio.

"We received the piano and think it a very fine toned one out here. Waited a short time to give it a good test. If you wish a word in favor of it we will cheerfully give it."

James R. Brown, Esq., Edwardsville, Ill., says: "The Beatty Piano received gives entire satisfaction." Agents wanted. Send for catalogue. Address

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

BEATTY'S PARLOR ORGANS.

ELEGANT STYLES, with Valuable Improvements. New and Beautiful Solo Stops. Over One Thousand organs and Musical Instruments ordered from these organs and recommend them as STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS in tone, Mechanism and Durability. Warranted for six years.

Most Elegant and Latest Improved.

Have been awarded the HIGHEST PREMIUM in competition with others for

Simplicity, Durability, Promptness,

AND PIANO LIKE ACTION.

PURE, SWEET, and EVEN BALANCED TONE, ORCHESTRAL EFFECTS, and INSTANTANEOUS ACCESS WHICH MAY BE HAD TO THE REEDS.

Send for Price List. Address,

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, New Jersey, U. S. A.

BEATTY Piano!

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

Endorsed by the highest musical authorities throughout the world as THE BEST.

From D. S. Bedine, Stockton, N. J., after receiving a $500 Beatty Piano, says:

"Not only myself and family, but every one who has seen it is satisfied in regard to its superior quality."

From B. H. Cormony, Esq., Chambersburg, Pa.: "The Beatty Piano came to hand one week ago, in good order. It has thus far given entire satisfaction."

H. Holtzhurger Tryone, Pa., says:

"The piano came to hand in good order, and proves satisfactory, both in tone and finish."

Agents wanted, male or female. Send for catalogue. Address.

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington N. J., U. S. A.

BEATTY'S CELEBRATED GOLDEN TONGUE PARLOR ORGANS.

Messrs. Geo. P Rowell & Co., (N. Y.) Newspaper Reporter, says:

"Daniel F. Beatty, the organ builder, of Washington, N. J., presses forward with greatest vigor."

From Wm. Peel, Niagara Falls, N. Y.

"Several months use of the elegant Parlor Organ you sent me, satisfies me that it is one of the best made. It has a rich tone; its various tones are most pleasant. I most heartily recommend your organs for parlor, school, church or other use."

Best offer ever given. Money refunded upon return of organ and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory. Organ warranted for after a trial of five days. Organ warranted for five years. Send for extended price list of testimonials before buying a parlor organ. Address,

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, New Jersey, U. S. A.

50 CENTS FREE.

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SKETCHING from Nature, in pencil and water colors, and drawing and painting in colored crayons: a practical instructor, illustrated. Of any bookseller, or JESSE HANEY & CO., 119 Nassau street, N. Y.

$25 a day guaranteed using our **Well Auger and Drills.** $100 a month paid to good agents. Augur book free. Jill Augur Co., St. Louis, Mo.

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$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Agents. Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and Outfit FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

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Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

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Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000 according to the census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest circulation in each of the places named. Also a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended as containing the greatest value in proportion to advertising charges. Also, all the papers in the principal cities and towns, which are recommended to advertisers. Also all the leading Agricultural, Religious, Literary, Scientific, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical Fashion, and other papers and periodicals. Also a complete list of the Newspapers published in the United States and Canada, with a catalogue of the principal newspapers in every State. Also, a complete system of advertising, showing how to prepare an advertisement, and how much it will cost. Also, a vast amount of information which every one who has anything to advertise will like to know. Address, as per inclosed circular, GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

NEWSPAPERS UNITED STATES.

[illegible] newspapers [illegible] in the United States and Canada, [illegible] newspapers are published [illegible] which [illegible] the largest circulation [illegible] the principal newspaper buildings. Book of 300 pages, just published, sent post paid to any address on receipt of 50 cents. Apply including notice to SCRIPPS-MCRAE PRESS ASSOCIATION, Cincinnati, O. AGENCY OF THIS NEWSPAPER PASSAGE CONTRACTS for all Canada, Philadelphia or American Newspaper Company, N. Y.

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The People's Remedy.
The Universal Pain Extractor.
Note: ask for POND'S EXTRACT.
Take no other.

"Hear, for I will speak of excellent things."

POND'S EXTRACT Its Wonderful Vegetable Pain Destroyer, has been in use over thirty years, and for cleanliness and prompt curative action cannot be excelled.

CHILDREN.—No family can afford to be without Pond's Extract. Accidents, Bruises, Contusions, Cuts, Sprains, are relieved almost instantly by external application. Promptly relieves pains or Burns, Scalds, Excoriations, Chafings, Old Sores, Boils, Felons, Corns, etc. Arrests inflammation, reduces swellings, stops bleeding, removes discolorations and heals rapidly.

FEMALE WEAKNESSES.—It always relieves pain in the head, nausea, vertigo.

INFLAMMATION.—It has no equal. All kinds of ulcerations to which ladies are subject are promptly cured. Fuller details in book accompanying each bottle.

PILES—blind or bleeding—meet prompt relief and ready cure. No case, however chronic or of long standing, can long resist its regular use.

VARICOSE VEINS.—It is the only sure cure for this distressing and dangerous condition.

KIDNEY DISEASES.—It has no equal for permanency and speedy cure.

BLEEDING from any cause. For this is a specific. It has saved hundreds of lives when all other remedies failed to arrest bleeding from lungs, stomach, lungs, and elsewhere.

RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, Toothache and Earache in all its forms relieved, and often permanently cured.

PHYSICIANS of all schools who are acquainted with Pond's Extract of Witch Hazel recommend it in their practice. We have letters of commendation from hundreds of Physicians, many of whom order it for use in their own families. In addition to the foregoing, they [illegible] for Swellings of all kinds, Piles, Sore Throat, Inflamed Tonsils, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Inflamed Tonsils, Simple and chronic Diarrhœa, Catarrh, (for which it is a specific,) Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Stings of Insects, Mosquitoes, &c., Chapped Hands, Face, and indeed all manner of skin diseases.

TOILET USE.—Removes soreness, Roughness, and Smarting; heals Cuts, Eruptions, and Pimples. It restores, invigorates, and refines, while wonderfully improving the Complexion.

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CAUTION.—Pond's Extract has been imitated. The genuine article has the words Pond's Extract blown in each bottle. It is prepared by the only persons living who ever knew how to prepare it correctly. Refuse all other preparations of Witch Hazel. This is the only article used by Physicians, and in the hospitals of this country and Europe.

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POND'S EXTRACT COMPANY, 14 Maiden Lane, New York.

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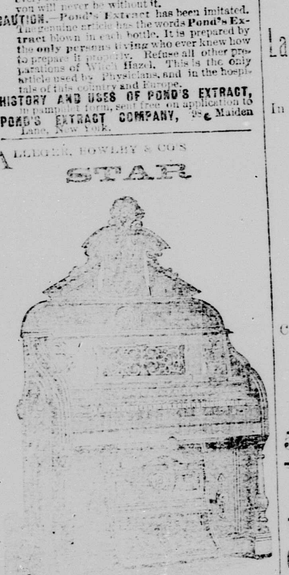

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Surpasses in tone and power any Reed Organ in the market at [illegible] in this country. I have been using it for many months and can unhesitatingly recommend it.

Gives Universal Satisfaction.

By a skillful use of the stops, and of the pedals, the music is adapted to the human voice, ranging from the softest flute like note to a volume of sound.

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PIPE ORGAN QUALITY

That it is difficult to distinguish between the two. In addition to the [illegible] has all

THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS,

And every organ is fully warranted. Large Oil Polish, Black Walnut Panels, Cases that forms in addition to a splendid instrument of music,

A Beautiful Piece of Furniture.

This organ needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and is sold at extremely

LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

AGENTS WANTED—(Male or female) in every county in the United States and Canada. A liberal discount made to Teachers, Ministers, Churches, Schools, Lodges, etc., where there is no agent for the Star Organ. Illustrated catalogue and price list free. Correspondence solicited. Address the manufacturers,

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & CO.,
Washington, N. J.

H. W. ALLEGER, C. P. BOWLBY, 6-20d&wsm
T. B. MCMURRIE, EDWARD PLOTTS

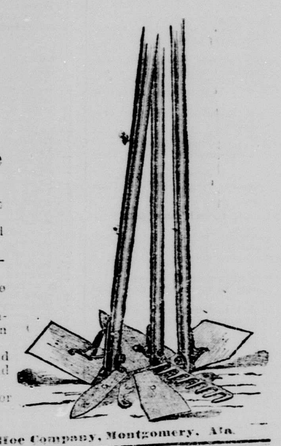
COMBINATION HOE.

First Premium Awarded at the Grangers' State Fair

Of Alabama, October, 1875, the first place where the Hoe was exhibited.

Manufactured by the Granger Hoe Company.

WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.



Requires no wedging. Can be adjusted for any work, or to suit the height of workman in fifteen seconds.

The Blade of the Field Hoe is made entirely of cast steel, square in shape, and when one edge becomes dull or worn out, the blade may be reversed, thus making

Two Hoes for the Price of One

It can be taken from the handle without trouble for the purpose of grinding.

The fixtures are made of malleable iron and cannot be broken.

The handles are made of sound ash wood—the best material known for handles.

Hoes handled ready for use, as cheap as the best hoe blade manufactured.

Saves time and money in the item of handles—no wedges to shrink up and pull out in dry weather.

No. 2, "Boys' Hoe" medium size, for field or garden work. Adjustable same as field hoe.

An entire set of splendid garden tools for the price of one implement.

For further information, address,

W. B. NOBLE, Secretary Granger Hoe Company, Montgomery, Ala.

1776 Centennial. 1876

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GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,

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HAVE NOW ON HAND THE COMPLETEST LINES OF

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS

TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

New Dress Goods, Real Iron Frame Grenadines,
Novelties in Matamora Suitings, Exquisite Knickerbockers,
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Fresh White Goods, Rich Fancy Goods, Elegant Ecru Ties

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1776 CENTENNIAL 1876

Centennial Dry Goods,
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Centennial Boots,
Centennial Shoes,
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Agents for Cincinnati Lager Beer

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Have resumed business and are prepared with full stock of and ample facilities to supply all their customers with anything they may need, at the lowest prices. They have a choice assortment of GROCERIES which they are prepared to sell at the very lowest rates. They ask a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended to them. 2-2d1

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Price 50 cents. By mail, prepaid, 60 cents. Each Book contains fifty handsomely printed promissory notes, with stub, etc. Hundreds of them sold annually. Send your orders to

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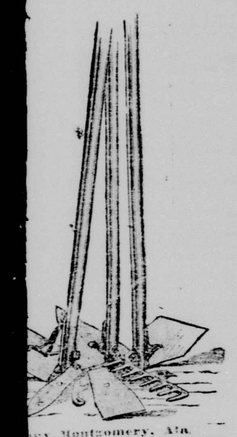
HOE.

gers' State Fair

He was exhibited.

Hoe Company.

PLACE.



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1876

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LETEST LINES OF

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that is new in Dress Goods.
Goods, Elegant Ecru Ties

Irish Linens, Good
ains, full selections in White Piques,

s in Cassimers,
ades, Etc., for Men and Boys' wear.

SORTMENTS IN

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Prices.

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Hats.
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urchased at the very lowest cash prices.
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New Dollar Store.

CHARLES PELAHM,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
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Prompt attention given all business requir-
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RICE, JONES & WILEY,
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MERCHANTS, MERCHANTS
We are now prepared to furnish
Blank Note Books,
Either with or without exemption waived, printed and bound in the latest and most improved style.
Every Merchant Ought to Have One.
Price 50 cents. By mail, prepaid, 60 cents.
Each Book contains fifty handsomely printed promissory notes, with stub, etc. Hundreds of them sold annually. Send your orders to
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Book and Job Printers,
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VOLUME VIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 23, 1876 NUMBER 263

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET:



For President of the United States,
Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio.

For Vice-President,
Wm. A. Wheeler, of New York.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:
L. C. COULSON, of Jackson,
CHAS. E. MAYER, of Mobile.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

FIRST DISTRICT—Lou H Mayer of Mobile.
SECOND DISTRICT—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.
THIRD DISTRICT—P G Clarke of Barbour.
FOURTH DISTRICT — J T Rapier of Lowndes.
FIFTH DISTRICT—S S Booth of Autauga.
SIXTH DISTRICT—A B Hays, of Winston.
SEVENTH DISTRICT—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.
EIGHTH DISTRICT—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

INDEPENDENT TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
NOADIAH WOODRUFF of Dallas.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
ALEX MOODY of Franklin.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
H. J. LIVINGSTON of Autauga.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
P. H. GRANDIN, of Mobile.

FOR AUDITOR,
LEWIS OWEN of Montgomery.

FOR TREASURER,
W. B. HARRIS of Russell.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN TICKET OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

FOR STATE SENATOR.
CHARLES STEELE.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
T. C. BINGHAM, W. H. CRUSIUS,
J. K. GREENE, J. K. P. LUCAS.

A PENSION of $50 a month has been voted to the widow of the late General Custer by the House.

TILDEN has but one good eye He lost the sight of the other one winking at the sins of his old partner Tweed.

A MAN has been arrested in Philadelphia for attempting to sign the original Declaration of Independence.

THROUGHOUT the West Tilden is already known as the railroad candidate, and his railroad transactions will come to be universally understood before many weeks. The people will not promote their oppressor.

EX. GOV. CURTIN, of Pennsylvania, who has been one of the leading liberals, and whose utterances the Democratic papers have been wont to sound with peculiar emphasis, has declared for Hayes and Wheeler. We do not see any reference to this fact in Democratic papers, however.

GOV. TILDEN is formally charged with having "embezzled" a million of dollars from a railroad company. The issue was set down for trial the present month, but His Excellency, fearful that the verdict would be against him, asked a postponement of the case until next october. When the canal thieves swore off their trials the fact was cited as proof of guilt. "What meat does this our Cæsar feed upon" that the same law of inference should not be applied to him?

"ORDER and Liberty, Purity and Peace—these are the blessings the election of Gov. Tilden will confer on the South."—Albany Argus.

Yes, the Order and Peace of Hamburg—Peace as profound as the silence of the grave. So when the bloody butcher of the North had swept the unhappy capital of Poland with fire and sword, and thousands of her slaughtered sons lay unburied in the streets, the victor exultingly proclaimed, "Order reigns in Warsaw!" Dead men tell no tales.

THE friendship between "Sandy," the vagabond drunkard, and John Oakhurst, the gambler, in Bret Harte's new play, reminds one of the affection which always existed between Sam Tilden and Bill Tweed. "Sandy" couldn't go back on John even though the latter was a swindler; and Samuel, in a singular way, wouldn't forsake William, though the Boss had stolen millions. "Sandy" helped John out of a bad scrape, and Samuel helped his friend Bill out of jail. There's nothing like friendship. It cannot be doubted that the original "Two Men of Sandy Bar" were Tilden and Tweed, and for placing them on the stage Mr. Harte ought to be held "responsible, personally responsible."

Bill to Sam.

The following letter, purporting to have been written by Tweed from over the sea to his old chum Tilden, is a bit of floating campaign humor:

IN FOREIGN LANDS, July 10, 1876.

Friend Sam: I send you draft on New York for $500,000, which you can use in the canvass something after the system we adopted to defeat Dix. The six millions hold out tip top. I am waiting, dear Sammy, for that happy day when I can return to my native shores and fly to your bosom under the roof of the White House. Did you fix that up with the Sheriff? If not, you had better do it soon, or he may get miffed and squeal. My general health is hunky. How is your spine now, and do you feel the old shock yet? I feel as if I would make a good minister to England, provided there is anybody who wants the portfolio of the Treasury more than your humble servant. WILLIAM M. TWEED.

"Sam Tilden will be more obnoxious than the platform which he represented in 1864." True for you, oh, Cincinnati Enquirer! The men who supported the platform of 1864 were traitors, and the traitor is always less obnoxious than the hypocrite.

A Suggestion to Samuel and Thomas.

Messrs. Samuel J. Tilden and Thomas A. Hendricks have waked up to the painful and embarrassing consciousness that neither of the firm—or shall we say infirm?—is a complete letter writer. Both have been well educated in common schools and the higher institutions of learning; both were early taught to compose compositions; both since they graduated have written scores, hundreds, thousands, tens of thousands of letters to all sorts of persons on all sorts of subjects. And yet now that they are asked the questions—Do you Samuel take the Presidential nomination, and do you Thomas take the Vice-Presidential nomination, to be your wedded hobby, they both declare sitting with their feet on a Saratoga balcony and their heads in a brown study, that the task of writing an epistle accepting the empty honor offered them by the Democracy is one that quite baffles their individual or collective ingenuity! It is generally understood that neither of the gentlemen is embarrassed by lack of wind. Either one, ordinarily, as everybody knows, is equal to dashing off a letter on any given subject, lovely and chaste both in sentiment and language, and long as the Belgian giant. No, no; it isn't want of wind that causes the hitch, but the attempt to make the same wind blow hot and cold—that is to say, blow "hard" and "soft."

We feel sorry for this brace of incomplete letter-writers, and have a suggestion to offer which may show them a way out of their present botheration. A few years ago, there was a barber in the Bowery, New York, before whose door hung a sign which read—

What do you think
I shave to nothing and give you a drink?

When a stranger bit at the bait, and had having been shaved, blandly called for the beverage of his choice, the barber jumped in front of him and demanded regulation 15 cents. And if the stranger appealed from the barber to the generous couplet on his sign, the latter would answer, "Come out and hear *me* read the rhymes." And when the barber read, this is what the stranger heard:

What! Do you think
I shave for nothing and give you a drink?

Of course, both Sammy and Tommy catch our meaning without the addition of another word. The financial clause in their letters of acceptance has only to be modeled upon the cute method of the Bowery barber, and the knot that now looks so very Gordian will untie itself. Let the two perplexed nominees agree on some such form of words as this and their troubles will be at an end—

What do you think
I, Tilden [or Hendricks, as the case may be] he'ey accept the nomination that is offered me, and announce myself as in favor of hard chink.

In the East the Democratic stump speakers could read them without either emphasizing or placing a pause after "What." In the West the "what" could be uttered with commingled surprise and indignation in tones of thunder and a long and impressive pause could succeed. We charge nothing for this timely and valuable suggestion and trust that being possessed of it Messrs. Tilden and Hendricks will have their letters of acceptance in the hands of the Associated Press within a day or two at the furthest.

Democratic Corruption Fund.

The Indianapolis Journal of Friday says: "Two items of information which have reached us during the last twenty-four hours show that the Democrats are determined to make a bold and desperate fight for this State in October. The first is that they purpose making a general assessment on the Democracy of all the Western States for money to use in Indiana, and expect in this way to raise a very large sum. The second is that Mr. Tilden intends to send out here six or eight chosen men, skilled in all the arts and devices of New York politics, to assist in organizing the party and running the campaign. This information reaches us through sources that leave no doubt of its general trustworthiness. If Republicans suppose that the Democracy intend to abandon this State in October without a struggle, they are making a fatal mistake. The Democrats intend nothing of the sort. They will not waste much effort on Ohio or any other Western State, but they will make a most determined struggle in Indiana. Our friends may as well understand this and make their arrangements accordingly. The Democracy understand as well as we do the importance of carrying Indiana in October, if within the limit of possibility for them to do so, and they will spare no labor or expense to accomplish it."

A Tilden Job.

Willard Johnson had a large contract on the New York canals. He was a Democrat, and a supporter of Governor Tilden. He took contract No. 3 on the canals for $37,871, and then brought in a bill for $110,820 13 against the State, which he collected. Johnson's bill was so much greater than his bid that Governor Tilden was constrained to class it with other canal frauds in his message to the Legislature. But mark the sequel and the instability of Democratic officials. In less than sixty days after Governor Tilden had exposed the corruption of Johnson's bill, he signed a bill providing for the payment of Johnson's certificates to the full amount. This statement is made by the Albany Journal, which challenges Governor Tilden's denial. It is not an unusual thing for a corrupt politician to blaster loudly about corruption in public, and afterward be on the most friendly terms with those whom he denounced for mere effect.

A FLOOD is threatened in North Louisiana. Red river at Fulton is now four inches higher than it has been since 1866.

A Terrible Indictment.

It is now less than a month, says the Cincinnati Times, since Mr. Samuel J. Tilden was formally placed before the country as a Presidential candidate, and yet in that brief time, the same country has been made familiar with a long list of charges affecting his character as a statesman and as an individual. Nor are we speaking of the host of campaign stories, that are wont to beset every aspirant for high office within the gift of the people. Reference is made only to such charges as are sustained by evidence undisputed and indisputable, and which strike directly and fatally at the purity and patriotism of the candidate, and at the honor and integrity of the man. The sustained proof of many of these charges has been printed in full in this paper, and that of the others will be printed again and again before this campaign is finished, in order that none of our people may be ignorant of what manner of man it is that so boldly demands their suffrages. But now, while the intensity of the weather renders any extended argument a burden to the reader, we ask simply that he shall go over with us a brief summary of the counts in this indictment—a mere mention of the seperate charges which have been brought and proven against the Democratic candidate for the Presidency:

—He stands convicted in the courts of his country of making an immense fortune through the formation of railway rings, weaping immense profits at the expense of the farming population, and of the legitimate stockholders of the roads.

—He stands convicted of breaches of trust as attorney, involving large amounts of money, both to railways and individuals whose business he was engaged to ransact.

—He stands convicted, over his own signature, of lending the use of his name, if not his active personal assistance, to the planning and management of gigantic election frauds, by which Mr. Hoffman was counted in as Governor of New York, and Mr. Griswold defeated.

—He stands convicted of being a political partner of Boss Tweed, and of holding the closest relations with the latter at the time he was plundering New York City to the extent of many millions of dollars.

—He stands convicted of continuing his relations with the most corrupt members of Tammany—those afterwards sent to the Penitentiary—and of acting with them in political conventions, after the whole nature of their villainies was exposed.

—He stands convicted, on his own sworn testimoney, of receiving $5,000 from Boss Tweed, to aid in the fraudulent campaign of 1868 (before alluded to), and of cunningly evading a direct reply when pressed to state whether he did not receive still further moneys from the same source.

—He stands convicted of refusing to assist in the movement to break up the Tweed Ring, until forced to do so by the accidental securing of the books of the thieves by the New York Times.

—He stands convicted of taking no steps to punish the officers by whose negligence Tweed was allowed to escape, and of pardoning from the penitentiary others of the thieves convicted with him, thereby justifying the conclusion that he was an interested party in the scheme by which they evaded the punishment of their gigantic crimes.

—He stands convicted of being the legal counselor and manager of the Erie Railway Ring, the Fort Wayne Ring, and the "Continental Improvement Company"—all frauds of infamous character—and of receiving from them a princely reward for his services.

—He stands convicted of being the legal counselor and trusted adviser of the infamous Credit Mobilier fraud, and the sworn testimony of Oakes Ames is on record that he [Tilden] declared that the course of this ring was in entire compliance with law.

—He stands convicted of corruption of the public press in permitting, it not directing, the widespread paid advertisement of himself as a Presidential candidate; if not also of being a party to the wholesale bribery of New York papers under the regime of Tweed and company.

These are not all of the charges made against Mr. Tilden's record and character, nor are they all which are entitled to belief. They are simply those which stand upon such unquestioned evidence as would sustain them in a court of law, and must, therefore, sustain them before a court of the people. And it is this man who comes before us in the character of a reformer—who unblushingly asserts before the American people the necessity of his election as the sole means of reforming the service of the country and of putting an end of public corruption. A more terrible indictment was never sustained against a public man in the history of politics than is here presented against this unblushing hypocrite who thus asserts the villainy of others and proclaims the purity of himself. We shall take occasion, in later issues, to renew in fuller outline the proof of each count in the indictment.

IF Gov. Tilden should be obliged to disgorge the million of dollars he is charged with having embezzled from the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute railroad, it would materially curtail the corruption fund with which his friends hope to carry him into the Presidency. Doubtless the "barrels of greenbacks" which figured so conspicuously at St. Louis were a portion of this alleged embezzled million. If not, the Governor should have made haste to prove the fact in July instead of deferring his vindication until October.

WILL the ex-Confederate officers in the Egyptian army go to Turkey to fight against the Christians, or resign their commissions and fat pay?

The Republican Campaign.

HON. WILLIAM A. WHEELER.—HIS ACCEPTANCE OF THE REPUBLICAN NOMINATION FOR VICE PRESIDENT—HIS VIEWS ON THE SOUTHERN QUESTION, THE PUBLIC DEBT, THE SCHOOLS, AND GOVERNMENTAL ECONOMY.

MALONE, July 15, 1876.

Hon Edward McPherson, and others, of the Committee of the National Republican Convention:

GENTLEMEN: I received, on the 6th inst., your communication advising me that I had been unanimously nominated by the National Convention of the Republican Party, held at Cincinnati on the 14th ult., for the office of Vice President of the United States; and requesting my acceptance of the same, and asking my attention to the summary of Republican doctrines contained in the platform adopted by the Convention.

A nomination made with such unanimity implies a confidence on the part of the Convention which inspires my profound gratitude. It is accepted with a sense of the responsibility which may follow. If elected, I shall endeavor to perform the duties of the office in the fear of the Supreme Ruler, and in the interest of the whole country.

To this summary of doctrines enunciated by the Convention I give my cordial assent. The Republican Party has intrenched in the organic law of our land the doctrine that liberty is the supreme, unchangeable law for every foot of American soil. It is the mission of that party to give full effect to this principle by "securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political, and public rights." This will be accomplished only when the American citizen, without regard to color, shall wear this panoply of citizenship as fully and as securely in the cane-brakes of Louisiana as on the banks of the St. Lawrence.

Upon the question of our Southern relations my views were recently expressed as a member of the Committee of the United States House of Representatives upon Southern Affairs. Those views remain unchanged, and were thus expressed:

"We of the North delude ourselves in expecting that the masses of the South, so far behind us in many of the attributes of enlightened improvement and civilization, are in the brief period of ten or fifteen years, to be transformed into our model Northern communities. That can only come through a long course of patient waiting, to which no one can now set certain bounds. There will be a good deal of unavoidable friction, which will call for forbearance, and which will have to be relieved by the temperate, fostering care of the government. One of the most potent, if not indispensable agencies in this direction, will be the devising of some system to aid in the education of the masses. The fact that there are whole counties in Louisiana in which there is not a solitary school house, is full of suggestions. We compelled these people to remain in the Union, and now duty and interest demand that we leave no just means untried to make them loyal citizens. How to diminish the friction, how to stimulate the elevation of this portion of our country, are problems addressing themselves to our best and wisest statesmansphip. The foundation for these efforts must be laid in satisfying the Southern people that they are to have equal, exact justice accorded to them. Give them, to the fullest extent, every blessing which the government confers upon the most favored—give them no just cause for complaint, and then hold them, by every necessary means, to an exact, rigid observance of all their duties and obligations under the constitution and its amendments, to secure to all within their borders manhood and citizenship, with every right thereto belonging."

The just obligations to public creditors, created when the government was in the throes of threatened dissolution, and as an indispensable condition of its salvation—guaranteed by the lives and blood of thousands of its brave defenders—are to be kept with religious faith, as are all the pledges subsidiary thereto and confirmatory thereof.

In my judgment the pledge of Congress of January 14, 1875, for the redemption of the notes of the United States in coin, is the plighted faith of the nation, and national honor, simple honesty and justice to the people whose permanent welfare and prosperity are dependent upon true money, as the basis of their pecuniary transactions, all demand the scrupulous observance of this pledge, and it is the duty of Congress to supplement it with such legislation as shall be necessary for its strict fulfillment.

In our system of government, intelligence must give safety and value to the ballot. Hence the common schools of the land should be preserved in all their vigor, while, in accordance with the spirit of the Constitution, they and all their endowments should be secured by every possible and proper guaranty against every form of sectarian influence or control.

There should be the strictest economy in the expenditures of the government consistent with it's effective administration, and all unnecessary offices should be abolished. Offices should be conferred only upon the basis of high character and particular fitness, and should be administered only as public trusts, and not for private advantage.

The foregoing are chief among the cardinal principles of the Republican party, and to carry them into full, practical effect is the work it now has in hand. To the completion of its great mission we address ourselves in hope and confidence, cheered and stimulated by the recollection of its past achievements; remembering that, under God, it is to that party that we are indebted in this Centennial year of our existence for a preserved, unbroken Union; for the fact that there is no master or slave throughout our broad domains, and that emancipated millions look upon the ensign of the Republic as the symbol of the fulfilled declaration that all men are created free and equal, and the guaranty of their own equality, under the law, with the most highly favored citizens of the land.

To the intelligence and conscience of all who desire good government, good will, good money, and universal prosperity, the Republican party, not unmindful of the imperfection and shortcomings of human organizations, yet with the honest purpose of its masses promptly to rectrieve all errors and to summarily punish all offenders against the laws of the country, confidently submits its claims for the continued support of the American people.

Respectfully,
WILLIAM A. WHEELER.

The third prayer before the St. Louis convention was even a more remarkable effort than its pedecessors. Bishop Robertson was its author. Throwing off all restraint, and addressing himself to the Almighty, from carefully prepared manuscript, the bishop made a violent assault upon the President and the party in power, and followed it up with a fervent petition that they might be thrust out, and the righteousness of the Democracy substituted. The sentiment was warmly approved by John Morrissey and the short hairs and shoulder-hitters joined in a chorus of "amens."—Cincinnati Gazette.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Expressly for the State Journal by the Western Union Telegraph Line.

WASHINGTON.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—Before the journal was read Mr. Edmunds called for the reading of the first rule, requiring a quorum to be present when the journal was read.

The Chair, in the absence of a quorum, directed the roll to be called, and sixteen Senators answered to their names.

At half-past eleven a quorum having appeared, further proceedings, under the rule were dispensed with and the journal was read.

Mr. Sherman called up the bill for the completion of the Washington Monument. After some debate bill was passed.

The Senate then resumed the consideration of the river and harbor appropriation bill.

Mr. Edmunds resumed his remarks objecting to the bill as appropriating too large a sum, urging in favor of his amendment, placing $4,000,000 in the hands of the engineers to be expended as in the opinion of those officers was deemed the most advisable. He proceeded to state his objection to the present bill, contending that only the work absolutely necessary should be done this year, the other work being postponed to a more prosperous time.

The Senate then adjourned.

WEATHER.—For the Gulf States cooler northerly to easterly winds, except on the immediate coast and in the extreme southwest with rising barometer, partly cloudy weather and possibly local rains.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 22.—No calamity of recent years has cast such a cloud over the social life of the metropolis as that of the Mohawk disaster in the Bay, and the great wealth and prominence of its victims, and the suddenness of their doom in the midst of life and gaiety, has given to the affair a degree of dramatic interest bordering on sensational. All the flags on Staten Island are at half mast. Great sympathy has been felt for the orphan children of Commodore Garner. The funeral of Mr. and Mrs. Garner will take place at New Brighton, Monday.

An investigation into the cause of the disaster took place at New Brighton today. Capt. Rowland who commanded the Mohawk, and has been under arrest, was brought into court. He declared, of course, the crew of the Mohawk were the first mutineers.

Quartermaster Fred Palen testified that Captain Rowland was at the wheel, and when the vessel careened he heard the Captain give orders to lower the topsail. He did not hear him give any orders to save the yacht; the main sheet was fast, and the men were afraid of Capt. R. No one dared do anything without the Captain giving orders or the vessel could have been saved. The wind was blowing heavy.

Boatsman Charles Feltzwood testified: In his opinion the pressure of the tide on one side and the wind on the other caused the vessel to capsize. He thought it could have once been saved; he thought the Captain was competent to manage the vessel.

Capt. C. S. Comstock of the yacht Phantom, testified: He should not have got under way with the squall coming up, though the squall was not heavier than several others during the day.

The diver Wm. P. Corde described the finding of bodies. He found Mrs. Garner sitting on the sofa in the cabin with several large pieces of lead ballast on her knees; it took him two hours to free her limbs; found Peter Sullivan on companion way stairs; found Miss Hunter under the sofa on the aft port, and the Commodore on the starboard side.

Capt. Rowland was the next important witness. He gave a statement of affairs as substantially as has already been published. He referred to Mr. Garner as a very fine man and the best friend he had ever met. When he came from New York he found the mainsail, foresails and foretopsails were up; he gave orders for raising the vessel but there were no Quartermasters to have his orders carried out forward; he was not frightened though there was an extraordinary force of wind; the gale was a phenomena such as would not happen once in fifty years; he strongly denied any negligence on his part but said there was on the part of the Quartermaster.

Col. J. S. Crosby, one of the saved, then came forward and made a statement: He said he did not wish to stand by and see the reputation of the man blasted for life by lying statements of irresponsible men. Quartermaster Fergerson had made a contradictory statement of his own actions, and was therefore liable to make misstatements regarding others. He thought Captain Rowland had used bad judgment, but he believed there was nothing criminal in his action, nothing for which he should be held criminally responsible.

This ended the testimony and the jury retired. Col. Crosby appeared to regard Quartermaster Fergerson with the utmost contempt. As Crosby concluded his testimony Capt. Rowland arose and offered to go on his bond. The Col. turned haughtily away, when Rowland raising his hat and bowing, remarked: Colonel, I am very much obliged to you. To which Crosby answered: Captain, what I have done has been done because I thought it my duty. I don't like to see a man's reputation ruined through a falsifier; and he made from the room. The jury, after deliberating about two hours, came in with a verdict that the said Wm. T. Garner came to his death by drowning, on the yacht Mohawk, on Thursday, July 20th, while courageously endeavoring to save the life of his wife. The jury further say that it was not usual to carry much press of sail, but from the evidence we find that Sailing-master Rowland is not guilty of any criminal conduct, and had the furniture and ballast been fastened, we have every reason to believe that the lives of Mrs. Garner and Miss Hunter could have been saved With regard to the boy, Peter Sullivan, we are unable to say whether the ballast had anything to do with his death or not, but find that his death was caused by drowning.

The attempt to move the Mohawk to the beach, at Allen's Point, was continued all last night, but little progress was made. The centre board, at the time of the disaster, was about half way down. The Mohawk now lies in about 14 feet water.

The Brazilian war steamer, Nielthoray, will take the mails to Brazil via Para, on Monday, July 24th. All correspondence will be received at the postoffice up to 6 o'clock p. m., that day.

A special from Washington says that all available troops in the North and West have been ordered to the Indian country, and that the number will be amply sufficient to defeat the hostile tribes. It is not believed, however, that the Indian question can be settled until the government enters upon the policy of depriving Indians of their ponies and compelling them to go on foot.

In regard to the reported death of Sitting Bull, General Sherman says it will make but little difference whether it is true or not, as the Indians have fully twenty as capable warriors to command in case of a battle.

The first company of French workingmen, who visited the Centennial as a delegation from Paris, sailed for Europe to day.

The fast mail service ends to day, there being no money to pay for it any longer.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The Turkish Minister of foreign affairs sends the following dispatch to the Turkish Minister:

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 21, 1876.

Yesterday seven battalions of infantry with 200 Nielicians, under command of Generals Neastapha Dejelaldior and Ziki Pacha, attacked the enemy in the neighborhood of Belina. The Servians were entirely defeated and abandoned to our victorious troops the intrenchments and cannons. They retired to the Island Atkieraza, where they are exposed to our artillery fire.

The Liberal Republicans have called a meeting of their party at Saratoga, for the 25th of August, to endorse Hayes and Wheeler and urge the Republican State convention then and there assembled, to make State nominations in thorough accord with [the national nominations and with the true interests of the most advanced political reforms.

The discontinuance of the fast mail service after to-day, will make the removal of about 100 postoffice employes necessary.

EGYPT.

ALEXANDRIA, July 22.—At a meeting of Judges held to consider the action of Judge Haakman, President of the Court of Summary Justice, who, in consequence of the government's refusal to permit the execution of judgment against it, declared that court closed. The conduct of Mr. Haakmann was unanimously approved of, but it was decided to appoint a judge *automados* to hold the Court of Summary Justice in his place.

There was a demonstration to-day in front of the court, and cries of "Vive Haakman; Justice for all."

In consequence of Mr. Haakman's action sheriff Pacha, the Minister of Justice, came over from Cairo to-day to look over the matter in behalf of the government.

FRANCE.

PARIS, July 22.—The Republican journals are bitter in their comments on the Senate's rejection of the bill restoring to the Senate the sole right of conferring belligerent rights upon the Servians. The home journals are very moderate, and say there will be no ministerial services as the minister did not make the passage of the bill a cabinet question. The Constitutional says M. Maddington, Minister of Public Instruction, confirmed this view to his friends at the close of yesterday's sitting.

The Journal des Debats publishes a special dispatch from Semlin which affirms that the Servians were defeated before Belina, and that the Servian General's line of retreat is cut off. The news of the Servian General Tichericgeff's defeat at Missa, and his withdrawal to Alexinaez, is confirmed.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 22.—Four well known Thames professional oarsmen are going to the United States to participate in the September regatta at Philadelphia.

The merchants shipping bill passed the House of Lords last night.

The Times has a dispatch from Plymouth saying that a few days before the disastrous trial trip of Her Majesty's ship Thunderer, the boilers were tried by hydraulic pressure. This necessitated wedging down the safety and all other valves. It has been discovered that these wedges on the exploded boiler had never been removed. The communication to the valves was closed and no steam was able to escape even to the engines.

LIVERPOOL, July 22.—The Emperor and Empress of Brazil arrived here today. They landed without demonstration; drove to the railway station, and proceeded to London.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PITTSBURGH, July 22.—A building in Alleghany, occupied by Long & Burton, barrel manufacturers, and the Pittsburgh keg and barrel company was burned today, with its contents. Loss $25,000.

TURKEY.

RAGUSA, July 22.—Intelligence from Selavonic sources announce that the Servians were defeated near Belina on Thursday. The Turks captured four guns and four small forts.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, July 22.—Two Italians calling themselves Charles and August Burgust, registered at the Phenix Hotel early this morning. One of them attacked and cut his companion's throat. The murderer escaped. His victim, before dying, said his name was Nicholas Savignoni. Money was undoubtedly the motive.

IOWA.

DAVENPORT, July 22.—Mrs. West, Miss Billings, Miss Hayden and a young child were drowned last night by the upsetting of a boat in which they were sailing with two others.

Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

JULY 22.—Our market to-day is dull at the fo l lowing quotations:

Ordinary	8 1/16	8 1/8
Good Ordinary	9 1/16	—
Strict Good Ordinary	10	—
Low Middling	10 1/16	—
Middling	11 1/16	—

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.

Bacon—C R Sides		12 3/4@	12 1/2
" Shoulders		10 @	10 1/2
Bulk—C R Sides		11 1/2@	11 3/4
" Shoulders		9 1/2@	9 3/4
Plain Sugar-cured Hams		— @	—
Canvas'd "		15 1/2@	16
Lard—Choice, in tierces		13 @	13 1/2
" " " ½ bbls		14 @	14 1/2
" " " kegs		14 1/2@	15
" " " buckets		3 15 @	3 25
Sugar—Snow White		12 @	—
" W. C		11 1/2@	11 3/4
" Y. C		11 1/2@	—
" Strictly Choice		11 1/2@	—
" Prime		10 1/2@	10 3/4
" Fair		10 @	10 1/4
Molasses—Choice		6 @	70
" Prime		50 @	55
" Fair		45 @	50
" Common		35 @	40
Coffee—Choice		23 @	—
" Prime		22 @	21 1/2
" Fair		21 @	21 1/2
" Common		20 @	20 1/2
Rice—Choice		8 @	8 1/2
" Prime		7 @	7 1/2
" Fair		6 1/2@	7
Flour—Fancy		8 00 @	8 50
" Choice		7 50 @	7 75
" Family		6 25 @	7 00
" Superfine		5 00 @	5 50
" Common		4 75 @	5 00
Tobacco		42 @	1 00
Whisky—Rectified		1 08 @	1 25
" Better Grades		1 50 @	3 50
Wines—Port and Sherry		1 25 @	2 00
" Claret		3 50 @	6 00
Brandies		1 25 @	2 50
" French		4 00 @	10 00
" Peach and Apple		2 00 @	3 50
Gin		1 40 @	2 25
" in cases		6 00 @	7 00
Beer in bottles, per doz		1 50 @	1 75
" in kegs		3 5+ @	—
Cigars, per thousand		18 00 @	60 00
CASE GOODS—			
Oysters, 1 lb cans, per doz		90 @	1 00
" 2 " " "		1 75 @	2 00
Fresh Peaches, 2 lb cans, per doz		2 00 @	2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case		4 00 @	4 25
" Cherries, " "		4 25 @	4 50
Sardines, ¼ box, " "		16 00 @	16 50
Condensed Milk, " "		11 00 @	12 00
Yeast Powders, per doz		1 50 @	2 10
Pickles, gal'ns " "		5 00 @	6 00
" ½ " " "		3 75 @	4 50
" ¼ " " "		2 50 @	3 00
" ½ " " "		1 50 @	2 00
Soda, in kegs, " lb		5½@	6
" " boxes, " "		6½@	7½
Potash, " " doz		5 50 @	6 50
Candles, full weight, per lb		10½@	11½
Soaps, " "		5 @	7½
Starch, " "		5½@	6½
Salt, Liverpool, per sack		1 35 @	1 40
" Fine Liverpool		2 00 @	—
" Virginia, "		2 10 @	2 25
Drop Shot		2 50 @	—
Buck Shot		2 75 @	—
Powder, " keg		5 75 @	6 25
Nails, standard rate, per keg		3 50 @	—
Snuff—Maccaboy, Lorillard's		80 @	—
" Miller's		75 @	—
" Gail & Ax		76 @	—
" Scotch, per gross		9 00 @	—
" Garrett's, per doz		4 75 @	—
Ink, per case		1 50 @	—
Mustard, per dozen		1 25 @	3 00
Ground Spices		1 00 @	1 25
" Pepper		1 00 @	1 25
" Ginger		1 00 @	1 25
" Allspice		1 00 @	1 25
" Cloves		1 00 @	1 25
" Cinnamon		1 00 @	—
Percussion Caps		65 @	80
G. D. "		45 @	—
Toilet Soaps, box		1 75 @	2 25
Bluing, box		50 @	1 00
Sun King Tobacco		50 @	60
Fox "		75 @	1 25
Wampoo Bitters		6 50 @	—
Diamond Gin		7 50 @	—
Plantation Bitters		8 50 @	—
Hostetter's Bitters		8 50 @	—
Rhine Wines		8 00 @	12 50
Wrapping Paper, Large		75 @	—
" DC		65 @	—
" Medium		50 @	—
" Small		40 @	—
Nutmegs		1 50 @	—
Brooms		2 25 @	3 00

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, July 22.—Money closed at 2¼. Gold 111⅝. Stocks dull.

COTTON.

Spot cotton to-day closed easier: Middling Orleans 11⅝c; middling Alabama, 11 13-16c; middling upland, 11⅝c; strict low middling upland, 11⅝c; low middling upland, 11 1-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10⅝c; good ordinary upland, 9 15- 16c; ordinary upland, 8 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed weak; sales 7,600 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 25-32@11 15 32
August	11 2 -32@
September	11 7-16@11 15-32
October	11 9-32@
November	11 25-32@11 11-16
December	11 7-32@11 11 16

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 22.—Cotton steady; middling uplands, 5 7-8d; middling Orleans, 6d; sales to-day 8,000 bales, of which 2000 bales are for export and speculation; receipts —— bales, American —— bales.

SAVANNAH, July 22. Receipts 57, gross 2, exports to Great Britain —; sales 2; stock 1,- 4.5; price of middlings, 10⅜c; market quiet.

NEW ORLEANS, July 22.—Net receipts 144, gross 171; exports to Great Britain 11 6; coast —; sales 500; stock 92,284 price of middlings 11¼c, low middlings 10⅝c, good ordinary 9¼c. market quiet.

WILMINGTON, July 22.—Net receipts ; sales —; stock 376; price of middlings 10¾c market steady.

MOBILE, July 22.—Net receipts 8; exports to Great Britain —, coast 263; sales 250; stock 3,460; price of middlings 10¾c, low middlings 9¾c, good ordinary 8¾c; market weak.

PROVISION MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 22.—Flour quiet, extra $4 25@5 75. Wheat lower, No. 2 spring 93¾c. Corn firm, No. 2 mixed 44¾c, new mixed 43c. Oats dull, No. 2 mixed 28¾c. Rye dull, 62@62½c. Barley dull, 58c. Mess Pork quiet, $19 32— Lard steady, 10½c. Dry Salt Meats quiet, shoulders 8½c, long clear 11¾c. Green Meats quiet and unchanged. Whisky quiet, $1 10½.

ST LOUIS, July 22.—Pork dull, $19 50@——Cut meats unchanged. Bacon lower, shoulders 8¼@8½c, clear ribs —— clear 13¼@13½c.

NEW ORLEAN

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

SUNDAY, JULY 23, 1876.

The Irreconcilables.

We fear that Gov. Tilden and Gov. Hendricks are straining themselves unnecessarily and unprofitably. They are laboring, it is said, to effect some agreement on the currency question. We need not place unreasonable confidence in the rumors which come from Saratoga, directly or by way of Long Branch or Washington, but there is probably good ground for the belief that long and earnest conferences have been held on the subject, to the hope that some form of declaration might be devised upon which differing elements could unite. Perhaps the experiment may succeed. Whether it succeeds or not is of not the least consequence to the country, the party, or its candidates.

The gentlemen who are engaged in this business mistake the situation. The day when voters could be deceived by juggling phrases has departed. It vanished when men penetrated the wilderness and pierced mountains with railroads, and threaded villages on telegraph wires as children string beads. Once it was possible to hide the fact that a great party, professing to believe in one thing in New York, was demanding the contrary in Indiana. When Pennsylvania was carried for "Polk, Dallas, and the Tariff of '42," the Democratic party won its last great victory. No party whose deliberate aim is to cheat voters will ever win another.

Mr. Tilden and Mr. Hendricks may as well say nothing. They can inform nobody, deceive nobody. The country knows that the Democratic party is divided into two factions on this question. It knows that the stronger faction, both numerically and in tenacity of purpose, demands unconditional and unqualified repudiation of a solemn pledge of the public faith. It knows that the numerically weaker faction has been trying, ever since Congress assembled, to sell itself at some price a little better than unconditional surrender; that it has yielded, step by step, day after day, until there are scarcely a dozen Democratic members in Congress who have pluck to vote against any outrageous demand which the repudiators may make. It knows that at St. Louis, despite the magnificent organization and overwhelming force of Mr. Tilden's personal adherents, they were compelled to surrender what they justly deemed a vital point in the platform. They did not dare to make a manly fight for Tilden and the public honor; and hence, while Mr. Dorsheimer and others signed a private protest against the platform as adopted, they voted for it to save their favorite candidate. Finally, when he had been nominated, not one of them had the courage to oppose the utterly inconsistent nomination of Hendricks. On the platform as framed, Mr. Tilden allowed himself to be nominated, and there he is compelled to stand, with Hendricks by his side to show the full meaning of the surrender.

Tricks of phrase are thrown away. Whatever Mr. Tilden may want, the country knows that he and his managers found that he could not be nominated in a Democratic convention, unless he consented to the demand for unconditional repudiation of the pledge of resumption. He may pile up words until they dwarf the mountains, but that fact will stick in the clear understanding of intelligent voters. He will gain by it in Indiana; that was what his party intended. He will lose by it somewhere else. And he will lose the more for every new effort that he may make to hide or befog the issue, or to conceal the antagonism between the opposing elements in the Democratic party.—N. Y. Tribune.

Campaign Breezes.

Governor Hendricks' position toward the nomination is just this: He will accept the specie resumption clause if that act is repealed, and having been assured that it will be by the democratic house, a letter may be looked for from him before long. But it is stated further that if the act is not so repealed within two weeks or thereabouts he will decline.

The Dayton (Ohio) Journal of Saturday says: "The opposition of Tilden among the Democracy is gaining strength in Dayton every hour. You hear constantly decided and deliberate expressions of disappointment and even disgust at the action of the St. Louis Convention, and of positive hostility to Tilden as the Democratic candidate for President.

The Indianapolis Journal says: "We are able to state, upon direct and indisputable authority, that an agreement was entered into at St. Louis between the Indiana delegation and leading members of nearly all the other delegations that if Governor Hendricks would accept the nomination for Vice President now and make the race, there should be no opposition in the Democratic party to his nomination for President four years hence. This agreement to be held good whether the Democrats are successful this year or not."

It could not but be that a man educated in cunning, in hypocrisy, in iniquity, nominated in corruption and shameless effrontery, even though his millions could elect him, would give us the most corrupt administration the country has ever known.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

That was a very touching allusion which Mr. Tilden made in his speech the other day to the Democratic Committee when he said that if elected he should go into the White House with "the feeling of consecration which a soldier feels when going into battle." Think of a member of the Peace Convention of 1864, cherishing the emotions of a soldier.

Judge Davis has lost the confidence of the Cleveland Plaindealer. This is the way it talks about him now: "Old Judge Davis, who has been on the fence for a number of years, waiting and hoping for a Presidential nomination from either great party, is said to have jumped down and declared for the favorites of the Washington ring—Hayes and Wheeler.

General John A. Dix, who has known Governor Tilden for years, and served with him as a fellow Democrat until the breaking out of the war, says of him: "Instead of being a reformer, he is himself in as urgent need of reform as the party which has put him in nomination. The Government—for the chief office in which he has been nominated—would not now exist if his example during the rebellion had been followed by his countrymen."

Carl Schurz, having indicated his intention to support the Republican Presidential ticket, appears in the Democratic papers "a Hessian." Frederick Hassaurek having indicated his intention to support the Democratic Presidential ticket, appears in the Democratic papers as "that able and fearless Liberal Republican advocate of reform, Herr Hossaurek." These are facts for the future historian. —Columbus (Ohio) State Journal Repl.

Speaking of Governor Hayes acceptance, the Richmond, Va., Whig says: "We have no hesitation in pronouncing it a good letter; that is, the tone and spirit of it is good, and we have no doubt that if left to his own honest impules he would make a fair, just and impartial magistrate. We have some personal acquaintance with Governor Hayes, and frankness compels us to say our objection is not to him, but to his party."

At present Hendricks seems to be doing more harm than anybody else. The fact of his going to Washington to personally urge the repeal of the resumption clause of the act of 1875 will seriously damage his party. If he should succeed in his endeavors no power on earth can save the St. Louis ticket from defeat. Horatio Seymour was handicapped with Frank Blair and beaten; it would be a coincidence if Governor Tilden should meet the same fate from the same cause. Where's the fool-killer?—N. Y. Tribune.

ADDRESS.

ROOMS OF THE REPUBLICAN STATE EX. COMMITTEE OF ALABAMA.
Montgomery, July 19, 1876.

To the Republicans of Alabama: Widespread dissatisfaction with the results of a tyrannical caucus rule in the Democratic party, has found expression in the nomination of gentlemen for State officers on an Independent ticket.

Recognizing the great improbability that the Republican candidates could be elected, in the present divided condition of the party, we have decided to withdraw the nominations for State officers, made by the Republican convention of May 24th, and to ask the Republicans of Alabama to give to the Independent ticket an earnest and hearty support.

While we regret that an unselfish regard for the welfare of the people dictates this course, we at the same time find reason to be gratified that the opportunity is presented to the Republicans of Alabama to rise above all meaner considerations, and heartily co-operate in fostering the spirit of manly independence, which promises so much for the future prosperity of the State.

The gentlemen upon the Independent ticket are not Republicans; yet as the result of their election many things which the Republicans desire, may be confidently expected. We shall look to them for an honest and economical administration of public affairs, moderate and equable taxation and ample provision for the education of our children. It needs no argument to prove that none of these great benefits can be expected, as long as the machinery-bound, caucus-ridden Democratic party, continues in power. It is plain that the unfortunate division among the Republicans renders it impossible for them to achieve victory at the polls, and thus give to the people just, wise and liberal government. The only true course remaining then, is for the Republicans to assist the citizens of the State, outside of their party, in their noble effort to lift from the shoulders of the people, the load of oppression under which they are laboring.

It is not strange that Alabama's sons, in the Centennial anniversary of the great Declaration, should be inspired by the spirit of our fathers. They have declared their determination to be free from the tyranny of a party, more unendurable than was the tyranny of a king. The Republicans of Alabama, appreciating the greatness of the work they have undertaken, can and will support them with enthusiastic unanimity.

To the gentlemen whose names appear on the ticket, which we have withdrawn, we tender the assurance that their firm and constant devotion, their faithful and valuable services have secured the lasting gratitude of their fellow Republicans.

CHAS. E. MAYER, Chairman.
GEO. TURNER, Secretary.

Tilden and Laboring Men.

THE WAY SLIPPERY SAMMY DEFRAUDED THE MICHIGAN IRON WORKERS.

From the Chicago Tribune.]

That was a cheap bait which Gov. Tilden flung out for the votes of the working men, when, in his Albany speech, after his nomination, he said: "We are all laboring men." But, when they read the record of his dealings with the workmen in his mines in the Lake Superior region, no workingmen will bite at that bait. Governor Tilden was the chief owner of the New York Mine, at Ishpeming, and was largely interested in the Iron Cliffs Mining Company, of Negaunee, and the Michigan Iron Company, of Clarksburg. These are the companies that flooded the Upper Peninsular of Michigan with their shinplaster currency by shoving it upon the companies' workingmen in payment of their wages. This dishonest currency forced upon workmen to accept in payment for honest labor, was in order to defraud the Government out of the tax upon paper circulation, issued in the form of drafts, payable at sight and ninety days after date, which made it requisite, to fix the liability of the companies, that there should be presentment, protest notice, etc., at maturity. The only pretense of redemption was in "store goods," for which, at such inflated prices as they choose to demand, it was exchangable at the companies' stores. Indeed, it was a wholly irredeemable currency, issued without security of any sort, and thousands of dollars of it in amount, now utterly worthless, are outstanding in Michigan to-day, being precisely so many evidences of what the companies swindled their employes and the holders out of, and Gov. Tilden added his share of it to his millions, while the dishonest shinplasters drawn upon his own Secretary still abound in the Upper Peninsular as samples of what Gov. Tilden means by honest currency.

In 1875 his Michigan Iron Company was put into bankruptcy, owing about $50,000 to its miners and laborers, which remains unpaid. Immediately prior to the adjudication in bankruptcy, and when it was foreseen to be inevitable, several gentlemen interested in the Company, voluntarily agreed, upon condition that the stockholders all would join in the undertaking, to make up out of their private funds the full amount to pay the Company's laborers in full. This arrangement fanied, because one of the stockholders refused to enter into it after all the others had agreed to it. That stockholder was Samuel J. Tilden. It would have cost him about $1,300 out of all his barrels of money to do it. In truth, it would simply have cost him the payment of an honest debt to that amount, which was his *pro rata* share of the Company's debt to its hands. For that, too, under the charter of the Company and the laws of the State, he was legally liable. But to get the money out of him they would have to go to New York to sue him, and, as he remarked when this view of it was presented by one of his honest co-stockholders who proposed to pay the men their wages, "not much was to be made by coming so far to sue." It is a shabby exhibition Gov. Tilden presents, talking in demagogic strain of himself as a laboring man, with his iron companies' shinplasters, palmed off upon their workmen, still outstanding, and with the Michigan Iron Company's hands yet unpaid, because he refused to contribute toward their payment the paltry amount for which he was legally and morally liable, but which he leaves them to get by law, if they can. It shows that Samuel J. Tilden, laboring man, is as great a fraud as is Samuel J. Tilden, political reformer

An old Democrat writes from Cynthiana, Ky., thus pointedly: "The nomination of Tilden creates the greatest dissatisfaction throughout the country. I doubt his ability to carry it, and should the disgust be as great in other portions of the State at his nomination as it is at this point, it will be extremely hazardous as to his carrying it in November. I am a Democrat, but I'll be —— if I will have any Tilden in mine!"

"Whatever may be conceded to the influence of refined education upon minds of a peculiar structure, reason and experience both forbid us to expect that national morality can prevail in exclusion of the religious principle."—George Washington.

Regular State Executive Committee.

Chas E Mayer Chairman; George Turner, Secretary.
First District—C [illegible], Allen Alexander.
Second District—William M Lofton, Frenchard Gray
Third District—A H Black, Philip King.
Fourth District—M G Candee, H Cochran.
Fifth District—Wm J Boon, J H Alston.
Sixth District—Charles Hays, C C Sheats.
Seventh District—Arthur Bingham, H L Walkington.
Eighth District—George E. Spencer, Z E Thomas.

Regular County Executive Committee.

PAUL STROBACH, Chairman. T. C. BINGHAM, Secretary.

Clark Evans, Charles Loper,
W. M. Lofton, Geo. Allen,
W. J. Maxwell, Ab. Davis,
Wm. Antmony, Br. McDaniel,
Thos Oliver, Chas. Johnson,
Aug. Montgomery, Jos. Barnett,
Randall Chilton, Parrish Phillips,
John Breckenridge.

PLATFORM

—OF THE—

REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections State and Federal, announces as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men as the fundamental principle of our government, on this basis of our popular institutions, and on which, there can be no departure without imperilling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the cordial recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing intolerance, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and action, in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and animosities, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the States and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one as indestructible as the other as indissoluble.

5th. The preservation and maintainance of the Republican party in the Southern States, as a safeguard against sectionalism, and the strongest guaranty of an inviolate union.

Resolved 1st. That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has carried the nation through a period of unprecedented difficulties and trials with safety and success, and has won for the President a renown as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd, That we deplore the divisions in our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies, and that now, as in the past we are ready and desirous of healing these divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse to its energies or hope to its future, since the war, and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

ALEX WHITE, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 15th, 1876.)

When, in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved these governments to the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.' Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously enforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitutional amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts as to its purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin. Commercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be held by persons selected with some reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the enjoyment amendments and by the Republican Legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honorable demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congress to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who perilled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We utter here note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts as its chief hope of success on the electoral vote of a united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation; We invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil the national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason; with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes; with reasserting and applauding in the National Capitol the sentiments of unrepenting rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan management and obstruction of investigation; with proving its ill, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utter incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and immense services in war and in peace.

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ALABAMA

STATE

JOURNAL

CAMPAIGN EDITION FOR 1876.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

The country is entering upon one of the most stubbornly contested Presidential battles since 1860. Parties and sections—the people of Alabama will desire to keep themselves posted on its progress; they will desire to read all sides and form their own opinions as to their duty at the polls. During this great campaign we shall publish a Campaign edition of the "State Journal" at a rate so low as to commend its widest distribution throughout the State. The publication of this special campaign edition has already commenced, and will continue regularly in both daily and weekly issues, until after the Presidential Elect on. The JOURNAL is the steadfast advocate of true Republicanism.

I believe the success of the Republican party vital to the welfare of this country. It holds further, that intelligent and honest Republican sentiment, working through Republican agencies, is the surest guarantee of Reform; and cherishing the conviction it will labor with its utmost energy for the triumph of

Hayes & Wheeler.

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STATIONS.	Arrive.	Leave.
Atlanta	....	10 25 P M
East Point	11 00	11 05
Red Oak	11 20	11 25
Fairburn	11 41	11 45
Palmetto	11 57	12 00 A M
Newnan	12 20	12 25
Newnan	12 30	12 35
Puckett's	12 55	12 56
Grantville	1 10	1 11
Whitesburg	1 24	1 25
Lavinaton	1 40	1 41
Long Cane	2 05	2 06
West Point	2 20	....

Passenger Train—North.

West Point	....	2 35 P M
Long Cane	2 50	2 51
Lavinaton	3 05	3 06
Whitesburg	3 20	3 21
Grantville	3 35	3 36
Puckett's	3 50	3 51
Newnan	4 05	4 25
Newnan	4 25	4 26
Palmetto	4 40	4 41
Fairburn	4 56	4 57
Red Oak	5 15	5 16
East Point	5 35	5 40
Atlanta	....	6 00 P M

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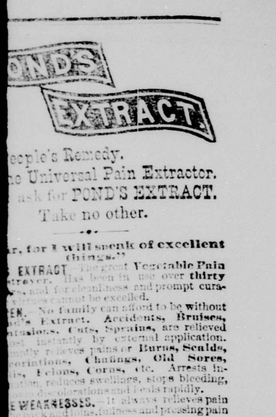

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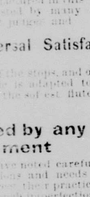

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and is, in my opin-
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table as well as
the most whole-
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SIGNATURE IS ON EVERY BOTTLE.
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JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
NEW YORK.

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

SUNDAY, JULY 23, 1876.

HONEYMOON REFLECTIONS.

The moon! It is done at last?
The mirrors cupid forges
Were melted quite hard and fast
Last night at St. George's.
A splendid affair with ample means,
A supper intensely nearly.
A bridge and two rural deems.
How did the knot completely.

And you're on your honeymoon,
And want a quieter letter;
Why specialize the rather soon—
Is worse or better?"

You're thinking of year a ago—
Just such sunny weather—
The time went not so slow
As now two were together.

A those pretty eyes
Are all that I reflected;
Any deepest sighs
Have fast suspected;
A my tale I told,
A were glad to listen;
Yours as good as gold,
Your fresh kissen.

In forget play you chose your part,
Poor foolish vendor!
Trusted loving heart
For vanity and for splendor.
Your smiles, your glad
Your reflection:
Ah, from a world too sad
For mockeries reflections.
—London Society.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

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—FROM—
TEN TO FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS
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Black Moss,
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Mattress Makers and Renovators,
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$600,000 IN GIFTS.
Grandest Scheme ever Presented to the Public.
A Fortune for only $12.
The Kentucky Cash Distribution Company, authorized by a special act of the Kentucky Legislature for the benefit of the Public Schools of Kentucky, have the first of their series of Grand Drawings at Major Hall, in the city of Frankfort, Ky., on Thursday, August 31, 1876, on which occasion they will distribute to the fortunate ticket holders the immense sum of
$600,000.
THOS. P. PORTER, ex-Gov. of Kentucky.
General Manager.
POSITIVELY NO POSTPONEMENT.
As we will have a series of Grand Drawings and can not establish the precedent of postponing.
LIST OF GIFTS:

One Grand Cash Gift		$100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
One Grand Cash Gift		10,000
One Grand Cash Gift		5,000
10 Cash Gifts of	$1,000 each	10,000
20 Cash Gifts of	500 each	10,000
40 Cash Gifts of	200 each	8,000
100 Cash Gifts of	100 each	10,000
200 Cash Gifts of	50 each	10,000
400 Cash Gifts of	20 each	8,000
1,000 Cash Gifts of	10 each	10,000
2,000 Cash Gifts of	5 each	10,000
Total 3,800 Gifts, All Cash		$600,000

PRICE OF TICKETS:
Whole tickets $12; Halves $6; Quarters $3; 9 Tickets for $100; 26 Tickets for $200; 55 Tickets for $400; 113 Tickets for $800; 285 Tickets for $2,000; 575 Tickets, $4,000; 1,160 Tickets, $8,000; 2,900 Tickets, $20,000; 5,800 Tickets, $40,000; 11,600 Tickets, $80,000; 29,000 Tickets, $200,000; 58,000 Tickets, $400,000; 116,000 Tickets, $800,000.
Remittances can be made by Express, Draft, Postal Money Order or Registered Letter, made payable to Kentucky Cash Distribution Company.
All communications connected with the distribution, orders for Tickets, and applications of Agents to sell Tickets, should be addressed to
HON. THOS. P. PORTER,
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WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD AND ITS CONNECTIONS.
"Kennesaw Route."
The following schedule takes effect June 5th, 1876:
NORTHWARD.

	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 11.
Leave Atlanta	4 10 p. m.	7.00 a. m.	5.55 p. m
Ar. Charlestville	6.14 p. m.	9.2 2 a. m.	8.41 p. m
Ar. Kingston	6 4 p. m.	9.36 a. m.	9.17 p. m
Ar. Rome	7. 4 p. m.	11.54 a. m.	11.55 p. m
Ar. Chattanooga	10.25 p. m.	1.55 p. m.	

SOUTHWARD.

	No. 2.	No. 4.	No. 12.
Leave Chattanooga	4.00 p. m.	5.00 a. m.	
Ar. Rome	7.41 p. m.	7.01 a. m.	1.00 o m
Ar. Kingston	7.58 p. m.	9.07 a. m.	4.19 a m
Ar. Charlestville	8.32 p. m.	9.42 a. m.	5.18 a m
Ar. Atlanta	10.15 p. m.	11.05 a. m.	6.50 a m

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 1 and 2, between New Orleans and Baltimore.
Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 1 and 4, between Atlanta and Nashville.
Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 3 and 2, between Louisville and Atlanta.
No change of cars between New Orleans, Montgomery, Atlanta and Baltimore, and Cincinnati and New York.
Passengers leave Atlanta at 4.00 p. m. arrive in New York the second afternoon in reaction at 1 p. m.
Excursion tickets to the Virginia Springs and other summer resorts will be on sale in New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, Macon, Savannah, Augusta and Atlanta, at greatly reduced rates after the 1st of June.
Parties desiring a whole car through to the Virginia Springs or to Baltimore, should address the undersigned.
Parties contemplating traveling should send for copy of KENNESAW ROUTE GAZETTE, containing schedules, etc.
Ask for tickets via "Kennesaw Route."
H. W. WRENN,
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DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

SUNDAY, JULY 23, 1876.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

CATHOLIC.

ST. PETERS.—Rev. Father Savage Pastor. Services at 6 A. M., 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.

EPISCOPAL.

ST. JOHN'S.—Rev. Dr. H. Stringfellow, Rector. Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath School at 9:30 A. M.

HEBREW.

KAHL MONTGOMERY.—Rev. Dr. B. E. Jacobs Rabbi. Services at 6:30 P. M., on Friday, and 9 A. M. on Saturday.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Rev. G. H. W. Petrie, D. D., Pastor. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sabbath School at 9 A. M. Thursday evening at 8 P. M.

METHODIST.

COURT STREET.—Rev. A. S. Andrews, Pastor. Services at 11 A. M and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath School at 9:30 A. M.

HERRON STREET.—Rev. T. H. Armstrong Pastor. Services at 11 A. M., and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath School at 3:30 P. M.

PROTESTANT.—Rev. J. L. Mills, Pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath School at 9:30 A. M.

BAPTIST.

FIRST.—Rev. — Hawthorne, D. D. Pas. Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath School at 9:30 A. M.

ADAMS STREET.—Rev. J. Falkner, Pastor Services at 11 A. M. Sabbath School at 9:30 A. M.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MONTGOMERY, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T. C. Bingham will be paidby us. T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,

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SULTRY.

So warm.

VERY dry.

PRAY for rain.

CAN you sleep nights?

THE market was crowded yesterday.

TRAVEL still heavy on the railroads.

IT will be fine today if it don't rain.

THE grand jury had a hot week of it.

OH, Johnny, why don't you come home?

VERY bad weather for standing on one's head.

WE shall not vote for Old Pedo for a second term.

THE average thermometer is too ambitious for our climate.

UNCLE SAM'S fire cracker item for 1876 is five million dollars.

HEAT waves are appreatly encircling a large belt of the earth's surface.

THE Seventh division will be taken up in the Supreme Court to-morrow.

PRUDENT housewives are now elbow-deep in the fruit canning business.

THE tiger is quiescent, and the goose, for a time, has ceased to turn and trimble.

IT'S a true sign of hard times to see a clerk asleep on a box in front of a store.

THE sweltering watering place hop is something to read about, and not to enjoy.

Two marriage licenses were issued last week, and there were six deaths. Such is life.

RETRIBUTION.—A thermometer maker was drowned in Boston harbor a day or two ago.

THE first bale of cotton grown this year is coming in much more rapidly than usual.

MOSQUITOES prefer low cut shoes. You can tell who has them on by the kicking and conversation.

THE man who said the back bone of summer was broken is another, and deserves to be lynched.

THE thermometer has only been infused with centennial ambition in trying to get up to 100.

Two things they have in England just now quite as badly as we have here; hot weather and hard times.

THE season has again arrived when Russia iron pants and sole leather coats alone insure complete safety from dogs.

PROTESTS against the discontinuance of the fast mail train service are beginning to be uttered all over the country.

SHALL we go? The mountains east of Winnemucca, California are covered with snow to a depth of several inches.

THE custom of wearing false hair will have to go out of fashion shortly on account of the available stock being exhausted.

ABOUT the time managers succeed in making ladies take off their hats in theatres, theatre going will not be fashionable.

AN exchange speaks of "the sublime manner in which the good doctor handled his subject." It is hoped he is a doctor of divinity.

IF it were to rain mush and milk, the Advertiser would whine about "hard times" because it didn't rain spoons to eat it with.

THE news editor who cut obituary poetry from an exchange and published it as news, is wanted on one of the great journals of New York.

THIS is the season of the year when a man drops wearily under a tree and says to himself, "Live and breathe if you want to; I am tired of this thing."

IF all the loafers and bummers about the city would go out into the country for a few weeks they wouldn't lack for work in this busy haying season.

IF it isn't hot enough for any of you in Montgomery we have heard of a place that might prove satisfactory. Send three-cent stamp for full description.

"WHERE are the men!" writes a female correspondent from a watering place. We give it up; but suppose the brutes are off enjoying themselves as usual.

THERE is a young man at this office who wishes to be adopted by some wealthy person. He's gentle, kind and perfectly harmless. It is hoped he will not be confused by too many offers.

THE wish of Sidney Smith has been thus put into rhyme. The author fainted after the effort:

"The sun sends down such burning rays,
It almost melts the stones.
Oh, that I could take off my flesh,
And sit down in my bones."

UNDER the sea! Under the sea!
That's where this weather 'twere pleasant to be;
Under the sea! Under the sea!
With a mermaid a fanning of me.

AFTER-DINNER criticism: Guest (who has had a pleasant evening, will just have a look at his host's pictures before he goes.)—"Yesh—hic—like tha' pictsh're! Fi' landsc-ape! 'Like the treesh! Branches wave 'bout's' nash'rally!"

IN this matter of preserving health by eating at regular hours, it is interesting to note that a vigorous old Iowa tramp, of ninety years, has lived for the past thirty five years of his time entirely on catch meals.

"WHY do you call it the 'silent grave?'" solemnly asked a Sunday-school teacher of his intelligent pupil. And the lad promptly answered: "Because there are no live boys there, I 'spect."

WHEN a base ball player can get $4,000 for a season of eight months, the average newspaper editor knows that the world is out of joint, and asks his youngest boy to give him private instruction in the National game.

A LOUISVILLE newspaper records the fact that many a stout man "turned away in tears" from a pauper funeral and four little orphans. If those stout men had put their hands in their pockets it would have sounded better.

ABOUT 6 o'clok last evening a dense smoke was seen issuing from the roof of the new city building, and a thousand voices were ready to cry out "fire," but fortunately there was no necessity for any false alarm, as the smoke was caused by the burning of a lot of old trash.

IN reply to the question, why policemen are seen of late seated on fire plugs, and on street corners, let it be said that it is because their pay has been reduced to such a low figure that they cannot afford to wear out shoe leather walking about. They'd sooner wear out the seats of their breeches.

THE "devil" from another office came around to see our "devil" last night, and between the two they had a devilish good time consuming the annexed:

OWED TO A FLY.

How doth the little bizzy fli
Improve each shinin minuet,
A gittien his wuk in on yer check,
And suckin to see wats in it.
It hint no use ter slap and bang,
A tryin' fur ter catch it,
Cause he lays a egg into yer ear,
And lingers there to hatch it.

PERSONAL.—Capt. Ben. H. Screws returned from a visit to the Centennial yesterday. He failed to See Dom Pedro at Philadelphia, in order to make a contract about the lumber business, but he followed the old Brazilian to New York and arrived in time to waive his handkerchief to the Emperor as he departed on a steamer for Europe. It would seem from this that the lumber business of Brazil is to suffer for some time to come.

A TERRIBLE DEATH.—The Clanton Courier says: "Wednesday evening a colored woman named Susan Smith attempted to cross the railroad track, opposite the store of Stewart & Co., while the accommodation train was switching, and falling upon the track, was run over by the train and instantly killed. Her right arm from, and her body terribly mangled. An inquest was held, but we have not learned the verdict. The deceased was about 26 years old, and leaves five children.

HE was very drunk, and as he started to leave it looked as if he had been drinking for a month. Suddenly when near the door he halted, and seeing a gentleman sitting at a table seized him by the throat and commenced shaking him vigorously, saying, as he did so, "who in thunder (hic) are you?" The stranger craned his neck around, extricated himself from the grasp of the intoxicated man and rushed from the place. Subsequently the inebriated party was taken out, placed in a carriage and sent home, and he is advised to keep sober, or his name will be published the next time.

TROY, N. Y., July 21.

On the Hudson river, between this city and Albany, last night, while a pleasure party were returning from Castleton, on a small steam yacht, the vessel was swamped by the *smell* from a steamboat. Nine persons were in the boat, five of whom were drowned. The yacht was wrecked.—Advertiser, yesterday.

That must have been a fearful *smell* thus to wreck a boat and kill so many men. We never heard the like before. We advise Tilden to look after the sanitary condition of that portion of his State. If one *smell* is so strong as to produce this result, two or three of the same kind would destroy half of the Empire State. Clean the place up, Tilden.

HEAT.—The local news of the New York papers is more like the summer entry list of a charity hospital than any other character of reading. So many fatal sunstrokes and so many prostrations from the heat per diem were before known. Besides these direct results of the heated term, indirect consequences, showing themselves in various kinds of disease incidental to hot weather, are very numerous. The deaths last week numbered 1,208, of which about ninety-nine per cent. were of dwellers in tenements. This mortality, really frightful in a season when no epidemic is raging, is readily accounted for by the extremely filthy condition of the tenements, their yards, and the adjacent streets and alleys. There have lately been made spasmodic efforts at cleaning these, but the supply of water is so scanty that use of it in this manner is forbidden, and but little can be done without it. The worst feature in the case is in the lack of prospect for the abatement of disease. As long as the hot weather continues the number of deaths will certainly suffer no decline, and may even increase. The poorer inhabitants of New York will doubtless pray for the hastening of cool autumn weather, with even more earnestness than was displayed by the fever-stricken people of Memphis in petitioning for frost.

CLOSED.—The books of registration were closed yesterday, and those who failed to register will not have an opportunity of doing so, until the day of election. As no citizen can vote who has failed to register, we desire to impress upon all our readers who are voters, the necessity of remembering this fact. Every citizen should vote. No man who is of proper age should fold his hands, and leave his friend to run the Government. The right of franchise is one that is only valuable according as it is judiciously exercised. Let every voter of Montgomery county who has not already registered, remember to do so on the day of election.

Letter From Philadelphia.

[From our own Correspondent.]

PHILADELPHIA, July 18, 1876.

The cooling breezes of the past twenty-four hours have brought an immense influx of country visitors, and this afternoon the grounds look as gay and full of life, as when the inspiration of the glorious Fourth brought people out, notwithstanding the dust and heat. Among the many you notice to day more foreign faces than usual. Each arriving vessel now in this port and that of New York brings loads of human freight; contributions of the Old World to young and powerful America. Passing in review the various restaurants just about the dinner hour, it is not difficult to guess the nationalities of the immense throng. Germany with her economical foot forward always dines at the "German Restaurant," where the signs beg you to believe you get a splendid meat and vegetable dinner for fifty cents. France and those who can afford the richly seasoned viands of her imported cooks "wine and dine," at the Maison de Fraincase," where a man whose pocket-book is only moderately filled, can eat and drink himself poor in an hour. "Young America," with more brains than money, amid the popping of champagne corks the appetizing strains of discordant music guileles his dinner at the "Great American," while the Southerners almost to a man, take theirs at the "Grand Southern," a magnificent establishment, where the best of dinners are served at Southern prices. This place is owned and run by a prince of catterers and good fellows, Mr. Edwin Mercer, formerly of New Orleans. To see the crowd of beauty swarming in its most gorgeous state, you must go over to the Art Gallery, where the master artists of the Old and New Hemisphere have vied with each other in placing on imperishable canvas, works and treasures worth almost as much as the bonded debt of the country. When I have time I will stray through these grand halls seriatim, and give your readers the result of such wanderings, at least such of them as may be of interest to Alabama readers. Just before leaving here Dom Pedro gave instructions that all the contributions of Brazil, comprising cannon, machinery, cotton, guns, woolen, etc., be equally distributed among the several States as a token of his good will. Thus much for the inside show at present. Outside there is nothing to do or see unless you stroll into Ogertis French Garden, where 65 or 70 of the best French and American artists are blowing away nightly. The entertainment is conducted somewhat on the Theodore Thomas concert style, "only more so." Lady and gentlemen vocalists of the highest order of talent are here employed. The "Garden" is an immense pavillion, with cascades of falling waters, and filled with rare exoties. It is about the most enjoyable place in the city, and is the resort of the Centennial *elite*.

I couldn't close this without saying something of National politics, for here you meet men from all sections. The almost prevalent opinion is that Hayes and Wheeler will be easily elected. As for Pennsylvania, she will still stand the keystone of Republicanism. One of her most brilliant, promising and influential young politicians, H. Disston, Esq., tells me there is no doubt but what Philadelphia will go 25,000 to 40,000 for Hayes, and the banner of Republicanism. So mote it be. More anon. SAWS.

The True State of the Case.

One would think to read the Journal that there had been no issue raised in this State between the Democracy under the lead of Gov. Tilden, and the Republican managers of the Legislature. Yet he vetoed millions of extravagant taxation.—Albany, N. Y., Argus. (Dem.)

We will settle this hash on the spot.

Last year the Legislature was Democratic in the branch which originates financial legislation, and Governor Tilden vetoed items of appropriation which amounted in the aggregate to $765,880, as is shown by his own statement in the "memorandum" on the Supply bill.

This year the Legislature was Republican throughout, and Gov. Tilden, with the most diligent search, couldn't find in the whole list of appropriations, apart from a reappropriation of $180,000 for the New Capitol, as much as $40,000 which he could veto. On the contrary, he was obliged to say of the financial bills of that Legislature: "I have the satisfaction of thinking that, on the whole, these bills are less subject to objection than any former ones within my observation."

Instead of vetoing "millions of extravagant taxation," the aggregate of Gov. Tilden's vetoes during his whole term does not amount to $800,000, and of that sum $765,880 belong to the year of a Democratic Assembly.—Albany Evening Journal (Rep.)

What a Spectacle.

The following dispatch was sent to the Associated Press from Albany on Saturday night after consultation with Gov. Tilden:

Gov. Tilden has returned from Saratoga, having been called back by the pressure of official business. It will be several weeks yet before he will be able to devote any attention to the letter of acceptance.

The Albany Evening Journal, which is in a position to know says that this pretense is transparent. There is no "official business," pressing upon the Governor. He has disposed of all the acts of the Legislature, and nothing of any urgent importance remains. With the weeks of deliberation he has had, he could write his letter in a day, and it is absurd to pretend that the public business stands in the way.

No, no; that is not the reason of the delay. The reason is that Mr. Tilden doesn't know what to say; that, after consulting with Hendricks, there is a variance; that with immediate utterance there is danger of the scandal of a public difference; and that time is required to consider and reconcile. The pretext is a sham; clearly Mr. Tilden delays speaking because he hasn't made up his mind what course to take.

How different the frank, direct, manly course of Governor Hayes! And what a spectacle!—the spectacle of a Presidential candidate pleading off such an excuse for not declaring his position!

Local and Business Notices.

DR. PIERCE'S Golden Medical Discovery will cure a Cough in one-half the time necessary to cure it with any other medicine, *and it does it, not by drying it up, but by removing the cause—subduing the irritation, and healing the affected parts.* For all cases of Laryngitis, Hoarseness, Suppression or Loss of Voice, Bronchitis, Severe Chronic or Lingering Coughs, it will be found to surpass any medicine that has ever before been offered to the public. It is sold by all dealers in medicines.

7-21wtt

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.*

3-14 d&wcm

THE highest musical authorities, as well as all who have purchased the Beatty Pianos, are equally charmed with its beauty and purity of tone. The manufacturer has succeeded in imparting to it a roundness, fullness and richness of tone, perfectly astonishing. None should be without one. See his advertisement. Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

7-20d1t.

Nervous Debility.

Vital weakness or depression: A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental overwork, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphrey's Homeopathic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by druggists. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per package of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Homeopathic Medicine Company, 562 Broadway, New York.

1-1d&wly

THE Star Parlor Organs are celebrated for their purity of tone, elegant design and thorough construction. Send for catalogue. Address,

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & CO.,
6-20d&wcm Washington, N. J.

New Advertisements.

SALE OF TWO THOUSAND CIGARS.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,
DEPUTY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, 2D DIST. OF ALA.,
Montgomery, July 17, 1876.

Having published a notice on the 8th of May, concerning the seizure of two thousand cigars (rolling all persons to file their claims, if there were any, and no claim having been filed to the same is forfeited by law. I hereby notify the public that the two thousand cigars bearing the brand "1. Espanola, de Juan B. Romero, Habana," seized by me at the store of Lee Howard Gardner, on Commerce street, in this city, will be sold at public auction on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH OF JULY, 1876,

at 10 o'clock a. m., at my office, Commerce street over Strassburger's Warehouse.

PAUL STROPACH,
7-17d3d Deputy Collector.

HAIR DRESSING & SHAVING.

I am now prepared to do all kinds of work in the Hair Dressing business—making curls, wigs, etc. Also shaving and shampooing. I sell (1) eleven shaving tickets for $1.00. Old razors sharpened and made as good as new.

PETER G. RANDALL.
7-16 Perry street, near "Plantation" office.

New Advertisements.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and Outfit FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

"PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess, free by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc. 1,000,000 sold. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pubs., Philadelphia.

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States and Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to price charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada, a list of over 5,000 copies each, issued. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical Fashion, and other special class journals; very complete list. Together with complete lists of over 300 German papers printed in the United States. Also, an essay upon advertising; many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers, and everything which a beginning in advertising would like to know. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

NEWSPAPERS
UNITED STATES.

A complete list, numbering 5,123, with a Gazetteer corrected to date, of all towns and cities in which newspapers are published; historical and statistical sketches of the Great Newspaper Establishments; illustrated with numerous engravings of the principal newspaper buildings. Book of 200 Pages, just issued, and mailed, post paid, to any address for $1. A list containing prices to Newspaper Purchasers of THE NEWSPAPER PAVILION, Centennial Grounds, Philadelphia, or American News Company, N. Y. Every advertiser needs it.

BEATTY Piano!

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

Endorsed by the highest musical authorities throughout the world as THE BEST.

From D. S. Bolles, Secretary, Newton, N. J., after receiving a $500 Beatty Piano, says:

"Not only myself and family, but every one who has seen it is satisfied in regard to its superior qualities."

From R. H. Cormony, Esq., Chambersburgh, Pa. "The Beatty Piano came to hand one week ago, in good order. It has thus far given entire satisfaction."

H. Hutzburger Tryone, Pa. says:

"The piano came to hand in good order, and gives satisfactory, both in tone and finish."

Agents Wanted, male or female. Send for catalogue. Address,

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington N. J., U. S. A.

BEATTY'S CELEBRATED GOLDEN TONGUE
PARLOR ORGANS.

Messrs. Geo. P. Rowell & Co., (N. Y.) Newspaper Reporter, says:

"Daniel F. Beatty, the organ builder, of Washington, N. J., presses forward with greatest vigor."

From Wm. Peol, Niagara Falls, N. Y.

"Several months use of the elegant Parlor Organ you sent me, satisfies me that it is one of the best made. It has a rich tone; its various tones are most pleasant. I most heartily recommend your organs for parlor, school, church or other use."

Best offer ever given. Money refunded upon return of organ and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory, after a trial of five days. Organ warranted for five years. Send for extended price list of testimonials before buying a parlor organ. Address,

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, New Jersey, U. S. A.

ESTABLISHED 1867.

ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL

CAMPAIGN EDITION FOR 1875.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

THE country is entering upon one of the most stubbornly contested Presidential battles since 1860. During this contest the people of Alabama will desire to keep themselves posted on its progress; they will desire to read all sides and form their own conclusions as to their duty at the polls. During this great campaign we shall publish a Campaign edition of the "State Journal" at a rate so low as to encourage its wider distribution throughout the State. The publication of this special campaign edition has already commenced, and will continue regularly in both daily and weekly issues, until after the Presidential Election. The JOURNAL is the steadfast advocate of true Republicanism.

It believes the success of the Republican party vital to the welfare of the country. It holds further, that intelligent and honest Republican sentiment, working through Republican agencies, is the surest guarantee of Reform; and cherishing these convictions it will labor with its utmost energy for the triumph of

Hayes & Wheeler.

THE JOURNAL has always been recognized as an efficient and popular campaign paper. During the last campaign it was circulated more widely than ever before, and contributed a vast fund of information to the people.

We shall be glad to receive orders at once from the friends who believe that the circulation of the campaign Journal will screw good service. Our terms are at once at the following rates:

Daily Edition.

1	Copy 5 Months	$ 3.50
3	" 5 "	10.00
6	" 5 "	19.00
12	" "	36.00

Weekly Edition.

1	Copy 5 Months	$ .75
3	" 5 "	2.00
6	" 5 "	4.00
12	" "	7.00

Payment of part will be in these rates. Send money by express or postoffice order, or registered letter only.

Address T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,
Proprietors, Lock Box "O" Montgomery, Ala.

LIFE PRESERVER.

ABSOLUTE SAFETY
At Sea.
LIFE SAVING SUIT
FOR OCEAN TRAVEL.

THE CONTINUOUS DISASTERS AT SEA

And the almost countless lives that have been lost, urge the necessity of some more effective appliances for saving life than have yet been generally adopted. In response to the great public demand, the American Life Saving Suit Company now proffer a

Practical Life Saving Suit.

This suit having been tested and approved by the most scientific and practical authorities, we now offer as a means of absolute safety from death by drowning. The invention now offered is based on a simple, but novel invention in that it floats the body in a vertical position in the roughest sea, preserves the natural calorie of the body for any number of days, with ample provision for carrying provisions for ten days, and signals to attract attention from passing vessels.

This suit embodies three principles which are imperative in a life saving dress:—

First.—A buoyancy which supports the body in a vertical position, and maintains it as from a natural law.

Second.—Protection from water and weather and consequent chill.

Third.—A commissariat department, to which is attached signals, with capacity for carrying valuables, etc., etc.

This suit is put on over ordinary clothing, except shoes and hat, and can be put on inside of five minutes; and are let to passengers on transatlantic steamers at the low price of

FIVE DOLLARS A TRIP.

Send for a pamphlet.

The American
LIFE SAVING SUIT COMPANY,
14 NEW CHURCH ST., NEW YORK.
4-26cm

To the Working Class.—We can furnish you employment that will keep you busy and make you more money than anything else in this world. Any man or woman can easily earn from $5 to $25 per day and the boys and girls can earn nearly as much. Those who want work, should write for particulars to E. G. RIDEOUT & CO., Portland, Maine.

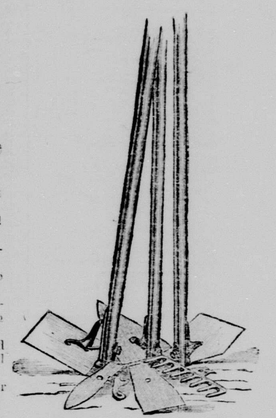
COMBINATION HOE.

First Premium Awarded at the Grangers' State Fair

Of Alabama, October, 1875, the first place where the Hoe was exhibited.

Manufactured by the Granger Hoe Company.

WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.



Requires no wedging. Can be adjusted for any work, or to suit the height of workman in fifteen seconds.

The Blade of the Field Hoe is made entirely of cast steel, square in shape, and when one edge becomes dull or worn out, the blade may be reversed, thus making

Two Hoes for the Price of One

It can be taken from the handle without trouble for the purpose of grinding.

The fixtures are made of malleable iron and cannot be broken.

The handles are made of sound ash wood—the best material known for handles.

Hoes handled ready for use, as cheap as the best hoe blade manufactured.

Saves time and money in the item of handles—no wedges to shrink up and pull out in dry weather.

No. 2, "Boys' Hoe" medium size, for field or garden work. Adjustable same as field hoe.

An entire set of splendid garden tools for the price of one implement.

For further information, address,

W. B. NORRIS, Secretary Granger Hoe Company, Montgomery, Ala.

1776 Centennial. 1876

SPRING AND SUMMER

SEASON.

GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,

—AT—

5 COURT SQUARE

HAVE NOW ON HAND THE COMPLETEST LINES OF

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS

TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

New Dress Goods, Real Fish Frame Grenadines,
Novelties in Matamora Suitings, Exquisite Knickerbockers,
Stylish Damassee Suitings, and everything that is new in Dress Goods.
Fresh White Goods, Rich Fancy Goods, Elegant Ecru Ties

Novel Ecru Ruffling, Handsome Parasols,
Complete Stock of Hemstitchings, Large Selection
In Hosiery, Best 10-4 Sheetings, Genuine Irish Linens, Good
Table Damasks, Latest in Lace Curtains, full selections in White Piques,

Guaranteed Kid Gloves, Perfect fitting Corsets,
Excelsior Trimmings. Full selections in Cassimers,
Tweeds, Linens, Cottonades, Etc., for Men and Boys' wear.

WE OFFER THE BEST ASSORTMENTS IN

Ladies', Children and Misses' Philadelphia Hand-Made Shoes.

In fact everything desirable in a First class Dry Goods House will be found at our Store, all offering at the very

Lowest Prices.

TO THE MERCHANTS:

We are displaying the largest stock of Goods ever received by our firm, and we guarantee bottom prices. Call early and look at our stock.

GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,
5 Court Square, Montgomery, Ala.

NEW DOLLAR STORE.

1776 CENTENNIAL 1876

Centennial Dry Goods,
Centennial Hats,
Centennial Boots,
Centennial Shoes,
Centennial Clothing,
Centennial Hosiery,
Centennial Parasols.

In fact a general assortment of CENTENNIAL goods, suitable for the CENTENNIAL Spring and Summer, recently purchased at the very lowest cash prices. Give me a call and be satisfied. If you don't see what you want ask for it.

S. A. MEERTIEF, New Dollar Store.

A. MOOG & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
AND DEALERS IN
WINES AND LIQUORS
Agents for Cincinnati Lager Beer
No. 85 Commerce Street
MONTGOMERY ALABAMA.

Have resumed business and are prepared with full stock of and ample facilities to supply all their customers with anything they may need.

They have a choice selection of FINE BRANDIES which they are prepared to sell at the very lowest rates. They ask a continuance of the patronage heretofore accorded to them. 2-23tf

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SKETCHING from Nature, in pencil and water colors, and drawing and painting in colored crayons, a special course given, theory and practical, by correspondence, at your own home. 50 cts. Of any bookseller, or JESSE HANEY & CO., 119 Nassau street, N. Y.

$25 a day Guaranteed to our Well Augur and Drills. $100 a month paid to good agents. Augur book free. Jil Augur Co., St. Louis, Mo.

CHARLES PELHAM,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
FOUR AND ONE-HALF ST., WASHINGTON, D. C.

Prompt attention given all business requiring professional services at the National Capital.
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RICE, JONES & WILEY,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
No. 16 Perry St.,
MONTGOMERY ALABAMA.

MERCHANTS,
MERCHANTS, MERCHANTS

We are now prepared to furnish

Blank Note Books.

Either with or without exemption waived, printed and bound in the latest and most improved style.

Every Merchant Ought to Have One.

Price 50 cents. By mail, prepaid, 60 cents.

Each Book contains fifty handsomely printed promissory notes, with stub, etc. Hundreds of them sold annually. Send your orders to

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SUMMER
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QUARE
MPLETEST LINES OF
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THE CITY.
Knickerbockers,
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Irish Linens, Good
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Dry Goods House will be found at our
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Goods.
Hats.
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Hosiery,
Parasols.
NNIAL goods, suitable for the CEN-
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see what you want ask for it.
ew Dollar Store.
CHARLES PELHAM,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
ER AND ONE HALF ST., WASHINGTON, D. C
Prompt attention given all business requir-
professional services at the National Capitol
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ICE, JONES & WILEY,
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MONTGOMERY- ALABAMA.
CHANTS,
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We are now prepared to furnish
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Price 50 cents. By mail, prepaid, 60 cents.
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VOLUME VIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 25, 1876 NUMBER 264

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET:



For President of the United States,

Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio.

For Vice-President,

Wm. A. Wheeler, of New York.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:

L. C. COULSON, of Jackson,
CHAS. E. MAYER, of Mobile.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

FIRST DISTRICT—Lon H Mayer of Mobile.
SECOND DISTRICT—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.
THIRD DISTRICT—P G Clarke of Barbour.
FOURTH DISTRICT — J T Rapier of Lowndes.
FIFTH DISTRICT—S S Booth of Autauga.
SIXTH DISTRICT—A B Hays, of Winston.
SEVENTH DISTRICT—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.
EIGHTH DISTRICT—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

INDEPENDENT TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
NOAH DIAH WOODRUFF of Dallas.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
AMOS MOODY of Franklin.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
H. J. LIVINGSTON of Autauga.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
E. H. GRANDIN, of Mobile.

FOR AUDITOR,
LEWIS OWEN of Montgomery.

FOR TREASURER,
W. B. HARRIS of Russell.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN TICKET OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

CHARLES STEELE.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

T. C. BINGHAM, W. H. CRUSIUS,
J. K. GREENE, J. K. P. LUCAS.

A Specimen of Bourbon Rule.

It is stated that the Democratic House, at Washington, will adopt a resolution, before adjournment, authorizing a commission to inquire into the political condition of the South, with power to act, during the recess of Congress. The State of Texas, where, for several years, the Bourbon Democrats have held unchecked sway, will, of course, be embraced in the investigation. Here is what the San Antonio Herald, one of the leading Democratic organs of that State, says of its condition under Democratic rule:

In our Legislature the characteristic features are waste and extravagance. Offices are multiplied, salaries increased and the people's domain squandered in the most reckless manner; but the sacred trust—the school fund, amounting to $500,000—committed to their fiduciary care, is also violently seized and appropriated to the payment of mileage and per diem. Our State government is a curse and our laws are a mockery. By the apathy of the State government anarchy prevails and lawlessness and crime abound. The people must act in their own defense. The Governor and Legislature will not.

This paragraph could have been written for, and as well applied to, the condition of Alabama, under Houston's Bourbon regime, as for Texas. As it is in that State, so it is in Alabama. Waste and extravagance everywhere prevail. Offices are multiplied, and salaries, in some instances are reduced to deceive the people and blind them to the actual waste which is impoverishing them. Under Republican rule, when the Bourbons asserted that the State debt was thirty millions, the rate of taxation was three-fourths of one per cent. Under Bourbon rule, when they assert they have reduced the debt to ten millions, the rate of taxation is just the same—three-fourths of one per cent.—with a multitude of new offices created to eat out the substance of the people. The school fund which was committed to their care, has become a myth. The rich are able to send their children to the colleges and universities which are fostered and aided by these Bourbon rulers, while they have closed the common school houses against our poorer classes of citizens, whose children are growing up in ignorance. Everywhere can be seen the fruits of this mischievous wrong upon our people, in the depression and despondency which brood like a nightmare over the State.

The people now have the opportunity of taking possession of the State government, and driving out these tyrannical Bourbons. The election of Woodruff would bring a return of good government, free schools and confidence. All these new offices which Bourbon extravagance has created, would be wiped out, and the taxes of the people lessened to their ability to pay. The debt commission would be wiped out, and that worthless concern which was made to give easy places and big salaries to Bourbon politicians be heard of no more. The hour is ripe for the work. Will the people be true to themselves?

THE glowing "reform" panegyrics of the Democratic press on their reform candidate for the presidency, reminds us of the eulogy pronounced upon the late Col Yell, of Arkansas: "Although, gentlemen, as President of the Yellville bank, our deceased friend did not account satisfactorily for the funds of that institution, yet his remarks upon the busting of the same showed that his heart beat warmly for his native land."

ALBERT SEMLER, Treasurer of Washington county, Wis., and one of the reformers who howled for Tilden and reform in the St. Louis Convention, is a defaulter to the amount of $50,000. He has gone to meet Boss Tweed.

THOS. MATHEWS, one of the first settlers of Henry county, died three weeks since.

An Appeal to the People.

The Bourbon Democrats do not comprehend, or if they comprehend, they willfully misrepresent the spirit, and the objects of the Independent movement. It has not orginated, nor is it to be conducted under the auspices either of the Democratic or Republican party. It is purely a state party—an Alabama party, to restore prosperity and peace to Alabama without any reference to Federal politics. So far from having any connection with Federal politics, it avowedly and emphatically ignores them. It is an appeal for union, in behalf of Alabama and for the sake of Alabama alone, to all her moderate, union-loving peace-loving law-abiding citizens, to abandon their domestic strifes and to unite in a common, honest effort to make Alabama what her fertile soil, her inexhaustible mineral resources, her manufacturing facilities, and her salubrious climate entitle her to be. Instead of devoting our energies to these noble ends, we have allowed ourselves to be divided into miserable factions—hawking at and tearing each other, for no other purpose except to place in power, this or that batch of hungry aspirants for office. The present Governor and most of the State officers, instead of being in their offices at the Capitol, are now itinerating the State, endeavoring to secure their re-election to office, by inflaming the prejudices of the people against all those of their fellow citizens whose votes they do not expect to get. No man can be a friend to his country who tries to stir up strife—and no man is worthy to be trusted who deliberately does it for his own selfish purposes. A man who is under the influence of prejudice, whether he is so honestly or not, is thereby rendered incapable to judge and act fairly. So that whether these stump speakers who are traversing the State and decrying every citizen who wont vote to re-elect them, are honest or not, they are not of the sort of men we require to give peace and happiness to the people of Alabama. The Democratic party in the new constitution adopted last year, has accepted everything for which the Republican party has contended. There is now no occasion for controversy, except such as may grow out of a generous rivalry as to which of us can do most to restore and promote peace and happiness. The ends which the Independent party proposes and will labor to accomplish, are those of "Fair delightful peace—unwarped by party rage, to live like brothers." The Bourbon Democrats will oppose this new party with all the vigor which is to be expected of those who are holding on to spoils upon which they now live, and expect to live hereafter. they will charge that it is a Radical movement in disguise—aided by sore headed Democrats. We expect this, and everything else, by which they can hope to maintain their ill-gotten power. But we rely upon the good sense and honesty of the people to detect and expose the calumnious accusations.

The ticket which the Independents offer consists of men who are of the people. They have not juggled in a caucus, like the Bourbon Democrats do, to be placed in office. They are, all of them, plain, unpretending, intelligent, upright business men, who have the confidence of all who know them. They belong to no ring, and have no spites or prejudices to exercise toward any class of their fellow citizens. We confidently look for support to the old Jackson Democrats and Clay Whigs, who allowed themselves to be attached to the Bourbons under the deceptive qualification of "Conservative," by which they disguised their true character. But for these old Democrats and Whigs lending them the sanction of their historic fidelity to the Union, the Bourbons could never have regained a foothold in Alabama. These faithful followers of those great men, whose lives were signalized by devotion to the Union, could never have united with the Bourbons, except as a bitter choice between the two evils of Bourbon Democracy and Radicalism.

No such alternative is now presented to them. The choice now, is between Bourbons whose principles and practices past and present, they must detest—and a party, which, in the inspiration of this Centennial era has sprung into existence, to give dominant expression to that love of country, that submission to its laws, and that just recognition of the rights of all citizens, which have embalmed in immortality the memories of the great chiefs they profess to follow. We ask these followers of Jackson and Clay, to mark well the men who now figure most prominently in directing public affairs and public political sentiment in Alabama. The large majority of them consists of those who wheedled Alabama, contrary to the wishes of her people, out of the Union, and plunged her into a war, the full tale of whose mingled iniquity and sadness will not have been told, until the last broken-hearted old woman and old man whom it has impoverished shall have found in the grave a refuge from sorrow and want. These men are the disciples of the same school against whose teachings Jackson and Clay warned their countrymen, and it is worthy of ominous observation, that their newspapers, they and their satelites on the stump, are employing now the same strain of argument which they employed to "precipitate" us into secession. The basis of all their written and spoken declamations is now, as it was then, wrong and oppression to the South by the Federal Government. In the midst of this continued and violent disparagement of the General Government, they tell you as they told you then, that they love the Union! What the ultimate effect of this is to be, has already been written upon the bloody pages of the war. These men do not want peace and repose in the State, except such as are to be had under their own despotic sway. Their history proves it. They know, too, that their past misdeeds cannot bear the test of scrutiny by a deeply wronged and ruined people, and in order to avert that scrutiny, they have succeeded in hiding themselves behind prejudices which they have excited and inflamed against the colored people and citizens from Northern States who have come to live amongst us since the war. In this way, they have hoodwinked many honest citizens, who hold in horror their political atrocities. They have stigmatized by opprobrious epithets every open friend of the government, and have so actively applied every means of social and business ostracism, that, to keep their wives and daughters from social exclusion, and to make a support for them in the pursuits of business, very many timid men have been either subdued into silence or forced to co operate with them. As far as they have been able to accomplish it, they have erected a Pandemonium in the social life of Alabama. More than all, the audacity of these men is perfectly astounding. Unless we had seen it with our own eyes we could scarcely have believed that men, who, by their mad counsels, had absolutely beggared our State, bereaved a household in every hamlet in it of a father, husband or son, could, by blaster and fraud, have constituted of themselves a Junto which lords it with imperial authority over the people whom they have thus victimized—prescribes all the appointments to official position in the State; and even dictates the conditions of private social respectability! Instead of pomp and power, the proper sequels had been sackcloth and ashes, repentance before God and man, fastings and supplications for forgiveness!

Upon you, old Whigs and Democrats, whose homes have been desolated—whose gallant boys have been led away from your embraces and the embraces of their mothers, to come back no more; you who revere the memories of Henry Clay and Andrew Jackson (may God bless them evermore); you who love your country, love your State, love your neighbors; you who love "peace and the things which belong to peace"—upon you it rests to say whether this discord, this passion, this proscriptiveness, are to be arrested, or be permitted to go on until all independence of opinion and action shall be extinguished, and no spoken word is to go unrebuked, unless it be an echo to the oracular utterance of a Bourbon caucus.

Mr. Woodruff's Address.

The address of the Independent candidate for Governor, which we print this morning, is a very fair document, and we commend it to all those citizens of our sadly misgoverned State who have the manhood to think and to act for themselves.

Mr. Woodruff asserts that he supported Houston in the canvass of 1874, upon the distinct ground of reform, in the Government of the State, and he points out in few words where Houston has failed to redeem his promises to the people. Instead of instituting any reform in the Government of the State, the Bourbons have created numberless new offices and installed swarms of their partisans into these offices, to eat up the substance of the overtaxed and impoverished people. When Houston took charge of the Executive department the rate of taxation was three fourths of one per cent. According to his claim the debt of the State was over thirty millions Time and again the Democratic politicians and papers asserted that the public debt of Alabama was over thirty millions and the people were being ground down by onerous taxation. It is not necessary for us to go into an explanation of the State debt. It is only necessary just now for us to remind the people of Alabama that the Houston dynasty claims to have reduced the State debt to ten millions. Yet they levy the same taxes. They pledged the people they would reduce taxes, and reform the abuses they complained of. Have they relieved the people of Alabama of any burdens? Not one. They levy the very same rate of taxation that Republicans did; and instead of reforming and retrenching, they have made a multitude of new offices, and it is a fact well known in Montgomery that they have legislated against the commercial and agricultural classes. They have favored the professional classes of the State by relieving them of the burdens which all other classes of our people have to bear? They have taken the financial government of the State out of the hands of the Auditor and Treasurer who were elected by the people, and put it in the hands of a commission, at an enormous expense to the people, without any just return. They pretend to have made a new constitution, when the truth is they simply re-adopted every prominent feature of the old one, and only abolished the office of Lieutenant Governor and the Board of Education—a saving of about four thousand dollars, which is swallowed up entirely by their debt commission, and an expense of nearly four thousand dollars more added thereto. The Constitutional Convention cost thousands of dollars, and yet every prominent feature of the old constitution and every feature of which they denounced and decried, they re-adopted and commended to the people. Every position of the Republican party which they assailed, they have since assumed themselves: and, now, they come before the people without having reduced the taxes one cent, and boast of their achievements as if they could forever deceive and hoodwink the taxpaying citizens of the State.

We have not the space just now to follow this faithless administration in its outrages upon the people, but we are persuaded that the voters of Alabama will not be led away from the main issues of the canvass by any amount of abuse and personal denunciation of the Independent candidates. If the taxpaying people of Alabama ever hope to have good government, it is certain that they must cut loose from the Bourbon caucus which now dominates the State. If you allow yourself to be deceived by the cry of "negro government," you will only be the losers. Alabama has never been in any sense under "negro government." The people of this State never were more prosperous than during the years of the first Republican administration. Bourbonism is fatal to progress. It is so here, as everywhere else. The Independent ticket is the only hope of a prosperous government in Alabama.

Address of Hon. N. Woodruff.

SELMA, ALA., July 25th, 1876.

To the People of Alabama:

I consult neither my inclinations nor my interests in consenting, as I reluctantly do, in obedience to what appears to be the call of duty, and upon the repeated solicitations of many prominent and patriotic citizens of all parties to become a candidate for Governor of Alabama.

As a business man and planter, I have been identified with political affairs only so far as has been necessary in the discharge of the duties of simple citizenship; but I have never failed in those duties, which I have always performed to the best of my judgment, and with reference only to the public good.

I have never sought distinction or expected preferment, and, except when called to the place I now hold by the free suffrages of my fellow townsmen, of all parties, who know me best and of whose confidence and appreciation I am very proud, I have never held office.

Now that political independence appears necessary to rescue the administration of public affairs from the control of professional politicians and the domination of cliques and rings intent only on the gratification of their own aspirations and the promotion of their own interests, I accept after long hesitation and unfeigned reluctance the position of honor and responsibility to which the partiality of the Independents of the State calls me.

In what I thought the interests of good government, in the cause of retrenchment and reform, I, two years ago, gave to Gov. Houston, then a candidate for the office he now holds, an earnest and cordial support. From his election I hoped for the most beneficial results to the people of Alabama. "The word of promise to the ear has been broken to the hope." The pledges upon which the State was carried by the Democracy in 1874 have not been realized. Taxation has not been lessened. Expenses of administration have not been adequately reduced. The school system of the State has been crippled and seriously impaired in its essential usefulness. Extravagant compensation has been given to commissioners unnecessarily appointed to adjust the public debt. Fraudulent claims against the State, amounting to millions of dollars, ultimately to come out of the peoples' pockets have been directly or indirectly recognized as valid and compromised. Local government of several counties has been taken from the people of those counties and vested practically in the Governor. New and unnecessary offices have been created and filled by the favorites of the ring politicians, and an unequal, unjust and oppressive revenue law bearing with special hardship on the poorer classes has been enacted. The man who approved and consented to all these offenses of omission and commission has been nominated for re-election by the Democratic leaders, against the unavailing protests of thousands of the rank and file of the party. His re-election would amount to an endorsement by the people of these transgressions. Under these circumstances the independent sentiment of the State has called for an Independent candidate, and the representatives of that sentiment have pressed upon me a duty I would gladly avoid, but do not feel at liberty to decline.

If I should be elected Governor of Alabama I shall try to perform the duties of the gubernatorial office on strict business principles, economising and retrenching wherever possible in the expenditure of the people's money, and by lessening the cost of administration, seeking to make a material reduction of taxation possible. If called to this high office I shall endeavor to discharge the important trust committed to me in such a manner as to promote the good of the whole people, knowing no party or class and withholding from no man his due.

Economy, retrenchment and reform, decreased expenditures and reduced taxation, adequate support of the free public schools, and fidelity in all the branches of the Executive Department will be the ends I shall keep constantly in view, and to the attainment of these ends I shall use all the power and all the influence of the office.

Hoping the issue of the election will redound to the peace and prosperity of all the people of Alabama,

I am very respectfully,

Your obedient servant,

N. WOODRUFF.

J. J. Hinds.

WHAT JUDGE FISHER SAYS ABOUT HIS PERSECUTIONS.

The Baltimore Gazette is one of the leading Democratic journals of the South. The following special dispatch to that paper, therefore, cannot be said to be a "cooked up" affair:

Washington, July 19.—Ex-District Attorney Fisher was before the committee on postoffices and post roads to day to testify regarding his connection with the prosecution of J. J. Hinds, a mail contractor of Alabama, for alleged fraudulent transactions. When Jewell testified before the committee last week he said that the management of the prosecution, which was in the hands of Judge Fisher, was very inefficient; that he was anxious that other guilty persons implicated in that fraudulent transaction should also be prosecuted, and was disappointed that they were not. Fisher says that in thus testifying Jewell cast a reflection upon his conduct in Hinds' prosecution, whereas he was not called into the case until Jewell or his department had attempted a vicious arrangement whereby clerks who had been bribed by Kettle were let off on condition of their turning state's evidence and testifying against Hinds, who really turned out to be the only innocent man in the whole business. This was done before he got into the case at all, so that he had no discretion in the matter. He and Judge Spence, law officer of the department, held a consultation about the matter, and told Jewell that they had agreed that the prosecution of Hinds on such testimony as that would be rather a hopeless undertaking, and that they could not expect conviction.

Abuse of the Independents.

Col. Lewis Owen has lived in this community for many years. His character as a citizen, and his reputation as a gentleman have never been assailed so far as we know, by the Advertiser, or any one else. Now that he sees proper to oppose the pretentions of the Bourbon tyrants in this State, he is abused in the usual Bourbon fashion, as a man "unfit for the recognition of honest people."

The people of Alabama need not be told that Col. Owen has a contempt for denunciation. All good men must know that a man who has for many years preserved an untarnished character before his fellow citizens cannot be deterred from what he conceives to be right by any amount of detraction. It is the habit of the Advertiser to abuse those only who oppose its opinions. And yet if the personal reputations of those whom it assails were placed alongside those of its editors and contributors, we have no idea that the blushing would be with the former. Personal character is something which is possessed by thousands of men in Alabama who would scorn to entertain the sentiments daily expressed by the Advertiser. Col. Owen, we are sure, is perfectly willing to compare records, personal and political, with the editors of the Advertiser, and any or all its contributors. Not only so of Col. Owen, but we assert with perfect confidence that the gentlemen on the Independent ticket, one and all, are willing and ready, at any time, to compare their personal reputations with the men on the Bourbon State ticket—commencing at the head and going down to the foot. As the Advertiser and its Bourbon allies have attempted to make a personal war upon the Independent ticket, the STATE JOURNAL as the representative of free government, proposes to have a comparison of records for the purpose of publishing them alongside of each other, commencing with Governor, and going down to the last named on each ticket. This is a fair proposition, and those who have been so quick to abuse and denounce all citizens who oppose Bourbonism in Alabama, should accept it, and proceed to the work of examination. The address of Mr. Woodruff, which we print this morning, gives a very good insight into his business character. He is quite as willing to give the same idea of his personal reputation, and is ready now to compare history, private and public, with the Bourbon Governor.

Sunset, the Truth-Teller.

Sunset Cox, in the debate on Tuesday, lost his veracity as well as his temper, so much that he denied, point blank, that he ever belonged to Tammany. That this was a grand no-such-thing is easily proved. In 1870 Tammany sent a delegation to the Democratic State Convention of New York. The delegates were not chosen by districts, but the list was made up as a whole by Tammany Hall, and as such it was admitted to the convention. The list was as follows:

Nicholas Muller,	Magnus Gross,
Thomas Coman,	Richard O. Gorman,
John Hays,	Thomas J. Creamer,
Wm. M. Tweed,	Samuel B. Garvin,
Michael Norton,	Samuel J. Tilden
Gideon J. Tucker,	Michael Connolly,
Samuel S. Cox,	Rich. B. Connolly,
John Mullaly,	Thomas C. Fields,
Anthony Hartman,	A. Oakey Hall,
Oswald Ottendorfer,	Henry, W. Genet.

Here we have Tilden and Cox check by jowl with Tweed, Dick Connolly, Fields and Genet—all of whom have fled the country to keep out of the penitentiary. We do not wonder that Cox is ashamed of his pals; but there is no need to lie about it. The record is there against him, and all the protestations in the world cannot deliver him from it.

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WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—The committee investigating the judicial conduct of Judge Wylie, met again this morning and examined two witnesses. The testimony was unimportant. The case is now ready for argument.

The committee on banking and currency did not vote on the resumption question at its meeting to-day. Mr. Payne says a vote will probably be taken to-morrow. The soft money men are confident that the committee will report a bill in favor of repeal.

The President has signed the joint resolution for the issue of silver coin. Also, the act to continue the public printing; the act removing the political disabilities of Gen. Beauregard, of New Orleans; and the act making appropriations for the support of the army for the fiscal year, ending June 30, 1877.

Senator Logan, who has charge of the bill for the equalization of bounties of those who served in the late war for the preservation of the Union, expects to have it considered by the Senate before a final adjournment. A few days ago he attempted to have it made the special order for a future day, and a majority of the Senate so voted, but as the rule requires a two-third vote to make any bill a special order, his motion did not prevail, the vote standing yeas 28, nays 20. A number of Senators who were absent, are known to be in favor of it.

WEATHER—For the Gulf States, local rains and partly cloudy weather, northeast to southeast winds, with light rise in barometer and stationary or rising temperature.

Senate.

The Senate met at 11 a. m., only about 18 or 20 Senators being present.

After the reading of the journal the attention of the Chair was called to the fact that a quorum was not present. The clerk was then ordered to call the roll, and about half past eleven a quorum had answered to their names.

Mr. Edmunds arose to a personal explanation in relation to the debate of Saturday as published in the Congressional Record. He said in the course of two or three important sentences changes had been made. He moved to direct the reporter to furnish the Congressional printer a copy of the words uttered in the debate of Saturday, for publication in the revised edition of the Record. Agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Hamlin the Senate went into executive session.

On re-opening the doors Mr. Logan moved to take up the House bill to equalize the bounties of soldiers who served in the late war for the Union, for the purpose of considering the amendments reported from the Committee on Military Affairs. Agreed to.

At 12 o'clock the Senate proceeded with the impeachment trial.

Mr. Logan presented a certificate from Dr. Bliss certifying that he had been professionally attending Mr. Lapham, one of the managers, and that he was seriously ill and would not be able to resume his duties before Wednesday. Mr. Lord then asked leave for Mr. Lapham to print his argument. Agreed to.

Mr. Jenks then addressed the court. At the conclusion of his argument the Senate took a recess of fifteen minutes.

After the recess Mr. Black spoke for the defense. At the conclusion of his argument the Senate went into executive session.

After a short executive session the Senate adjourned.

House.

The regular order being the call of States a large number of bills were offered and referred, and the reading of each was demanded for the purpose of consuming the morning hour. Among the bills were the following:

By Mr. Hendee, of Vermont, a bill supplementary to the act to authorize the Washington City and Point Lookout R. R. Company to extend its lines into the city of Washington.

By Mr. Pierce, a bill granting condemned ordnance to the city of Boston to be used in the erection of a monument to Adams and Jefferson.

By Mr. Luttrell, of California, for the pardon of deserters from the United States army in 1848. Under the call a large number of private bills were offered.

Mr. Young, of Tenn., moved to suspend the rules and pass a bill suspending the operation of act of August 1861, in relation to the lands sold for direct taxes until February 1877, passed.

Mr. Kellogg, of Pennsylvania, moved to suspend the rules and pass a bill providing for the coinage of silver. A dollar of the United States of the weight 412½ grains and making the same a legal tender for all sums. Defeated by a vote of 118 yeas to 68 nays.

Mr. Hill, of Georgia, from committee of ways and means, reported back the Senate bill extending the time for the redemption of lands sold for direct tax. Passed.

Mr. Pierce, of Ohio, offered a resolution directing the Secretary of the Treasury to report within one week the amount of gold coin and gold bullion respectively in the Treasury and actually owned by the Government, together with a full account of the gold certificates and all other obligations payable in gold in the Treasury; adopted.

Mr. Caldwell, of Tennessee, offered a resolution reciting that the head of each executive department of the government is an officer of the people, receiving large compensation from the public treasury, and that his official duties should occupy his undivided time and attention, and that, therefore, it is the sense of the House that the performance by such officers of the duties of chairman of a partisan committee, in charge of a political campaign, is incompatible with his official position, prevents a faithful discharge of his whole duty to the whole people; is at war with all correct rules of civilized reform, and challenges public criticism and condemnation. Rejected. Ayes 60, nays 86.

The House then adjourned.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 24.—The Emperor of Brazil left here for Brussels to-day.

The Reuter telegraph company learns that Lord Derby and United States Minister Pierrepont, have commenced negotiating a new extradition treaty.

The Times publishes a letter from its correspondent at Rome, under date of July 9, which says that a well known banker, named Baldini, committed suicide by drowning in the Tiber. His books show that his liabilities are £450,000, and his realizable assets £96,000.

MANCHESTER, July 24.—The Guardian has a dispatch from its special correspondent at Kalafata, a walled town on the Danube, nearly opposite Wedden, dated on Saturday, saying: "I have just returned from Isoor. The Turks are unable to take the offensive until reinforced, but they have a sufficient number of troops to hold their position and repulse the Servian attacks. The total number of Turks killed and wounded for the past few days are 560. The Servians lost fully 250 with five cannon."

OHIO.

CINCINNATI, July 24.—A special from St. Joseph, Missouri, gives the following: "James Cross, with a party of five girls was boating on the lake, near this city, yesterday (Sunday), when one of the girls, reaching to get water lilies, turned the boat over, and before assistance could reach them, the whole party, except Cross, was drowned. Their ages ranged from 7 to 16 years. They were all Germans."

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 24.—Yesterday afternoon a tornado swept over Rockaway beach, the like of which has not been known there for thirty years. Several steamboats lying at the wharves were more or less damaged and some of the restaurants were unroofed. No loss of life is reported.

PORT JARVIS, July 24.—There was a slight frost a few miles north of this place last night.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, July 24.—A company of the 74th regiment New York National Guard, of Buffalo, numbering fifty men, under command of Capt. E. A. M. Bromberg, arrived here yesterday afternoon.

FRANCE.

PARIS, July 24.—The Figaro publishes a dispatch from Constantinople, which says that the atrocities in Belgium continue, and numerous Pashi Bazarks are arriving in that country from Asia. The Sultan's health is improved.

TURKEY.

BELGRADE, July 24.—An official dispatch says: On the 21st inst., the Turks attacked a Servian redoubt at Little Ziverdick, which commands the Turkish bank of the Dwina and renders communication difficult between Beine and the Great Ziverdick. They were repulsed. The Turks were also routed on the 22d inst., on the Temoack River near Rayitntza.

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DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

TUESDAY, JULY 25, 1876.

The South and the Republican Party

[From the N. Y. Times, July 21.]

The South proclaims that its paramount object in the Presidential campaign is the promotion of its own interests. So far as the old rebel element is concerned, its preference for the Democratic nominations is natural enough. They represent the antagonistic doctrine of State rights, on which the secession movement was based, and their election would be tantamount to the stoppage of the policy which saved the Union and adapted the Constitution to the order of things resulting from the war. The Toombses of the South comprehend too well the affiliations that connect them with the Democracy, its traditions, its leaders, and its unavowed but unmistakable purposes; and they were quite ready to accept any ticket which the St. Louis Convention might have nominated. They know that Democratic discipline subordinates the candidate to the party, and that the great body of its members may be relied upon, when the opportunity occurs, to put into practice the essential doctrine of the Blair-Brodhead letter, and as far as possible to frustrate the objects of the constitutional amendments, whose validity they for the moment pretend to concede. For these reasons, the Southern extremists are so decidedly, and without so consistently, arrayed on the Democratic side that nothing can be gained by a temping to open an argument with them. If they are worth watching at all, it is that the country may not be allowed to forget the spirit that animates them or the ends they have in view, and that the professions of the Democratic party may be interpreted in the light which their tactics afford.

It would be a mistake, however, to conclude that the whole white population of the South is represented by the ultraists of whom Toombs and Hill and the Augusta Bolter are the type. They were a minority in 1860—1; they are a minority now. They carried the secession ordinances by sheer force of bullying and braggadocio and fraud; and they are enabled now to command the white vote simply because the moderate men, who are numerically the majority, allow themselves to be disciplined into obedience to the behests of the Democratic leaders. Grant, if you please, that a large proportion of the rank and file of the party at the South has been so misled by the systematic misrepresentations of the leaders that they have learned to look upon the North generally, and upon the Republican organization particularly, as hostile to their rights and welfare. Still the fact remains that the moderation and intelligence of the South, of which the old Whigs are the fairest exemplars, have no hearty sympathy with the plans of the extremists, and are virtually coerced into an alliance with them by adroit and persistent appeals to Southern pride and prejudice. They were thus driven into secession sixteen years ago. And the dread of social and business prescription tends to keep them in union with the Democracy and to make them voluntary to its present designs.

The hope of the South really lies in the self emancipation of these old Whigs, and the moderate sons of the old Whig fathers from the bondage which the passions of war-times and the animosities it has bequeathed, together with the merely comfortable considerations of official life, have imposed upon them. The full-blooded fire eater disdains to think about consequences. He is never restrained in his curses by the thought that they sometimes return home to roost. The other classes to whom we have referred err in being too pliant rather than in being systematic recklessness. Left to themselves, they cannot look with indifference upon the tendencies of partisan warfare as conducted by the Democrats of their own section. They want above all things peace, and they cannot fail to perceive that there can be no peace in a policy which treats the South as separate in its interests, and thus lays the foundation of a new form of sectionalism. They desire to bury the dead past, and they find themselves the supporters of a party whose success would be the signal for reopening bygone quarrels and reviving strife which should be regarded as ended. They know that the antagonism of race is even more perilous than the antagonism of sections, and they are reined upon to stand by a party which draws a broad line between white and black, and aims at putting the latter back into a state of subjection which, politically considered, differs little in effect from slavery. All these are considerations that must force themselves upon those of the Southern whites who are less eager for partisan victories than for material prosperity, and who are wearied of the senseless conflicts which keep the interests of the South apart from those of the country. To these men the letters of Messrs. Hayes and Wheeler convey a message that will probably not be altogether unheeded. That the wise and conciliatory words of Mr. Hayes have awakened misgiving in the minds of the fire-eaters, the comments of certain Southern journals sufficiently prove. The appeals to the old Whigs which editorially and in the form of letters, are appearing in several of the States, and notably in Tennessee, indicate the presence of undercurrents of opinion favorable to the Republican nominations. There would be no necessity for enumerating the official positions accorded to old Whigs, or for laboured efforts to demonstrate that Whig traditions are nearer to Democracy than to Republicanism, if there were no forces at work to disintegrate what for electioneering purposes has for ten years past ranked as the Democratic party. And the wedge introduced by Mr. Hayes will be driven further by the letter of Mr. Wheeler.

The game of the Southern Democrats has been to fix upon the Republican party as a whole the full measure of responsibility for all that has happened in the South since the era of reconstruction began. Neither truth nor expediency would be served by denying or attempting to explain away the painful facts which during this period stand conspicuous in Southern history. The harshness which attended the early stages of reconstruction is as undeniable as are the scandals which a misuse of federal patronage have more recently occasioned. The blame, however, has not been confined to one quarter. Thaddeus Stevens would have been much less powerful had not the criminal folly of ex-Confederate leaders played directly into his hands. The influences of men like Spencer would never have existed but for that unhappy division of races which proceeded inevitably from Democratic tactics. The carpet-baggers on one side have been made possible by the demagogues on the other. Moreover, the broad and conciliatory views to which Messrs. Hayes and Wheeler give formal expression have never lacked exponents within the Republican party. Lincoln's magnanimity the party that furnished his murderers now applauds, and the ideas which ennobled his disposition toward the South happily did not perish with him. The main hindrances to their application since 1864 have come from the Democratic party and from the Southern whites themselves. The Augusta ruffians, who were ready at a moment's notice to shoot down South Carolina negroes for standing upon their legal rights, have had their counterparts in Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana, as well as in other parts of Georgia; and their murderous violence has embarrassed Republican advocates of reconciliation and helped to thwart their friendly plans. The desire to obliterate sectional animosities has remained nevertheless. The policy that would know no North, no South, no black or white, in the administration of Federal affairs, outlives enmities and abuses, and once more calls upon the South for its discriminating judgment. Of this policy the nomination of Hayes and Wheeler is an embodiment, and the tone of their responses should not be lost upon the moderate men of the South.

ADDRESS.

ROOMS OF THE REPUBLICAN STATE EX. COMMITTEE OF ALABAMA,
Montgomery, July 19, 1876.

To the Republicans of Alabama: Widespread disaffection with the results of a tyrannical caucus rule in the Democratic party, has found expression in the nomination of gentlemen for State officers on an Independent ticket.

Recognizing the great improbability that the Republican candidates could be elected, in the present divided condition of the party, we have decided to withdraw the nominations for State officers, made by the Republican convention of May 24th, and to ask the Republicans of Alabama to give to the Independent ticket an earnest and hearty support.

While we regret that an unselfish regard for the welfare of the people dictates this course, we at the same time find reason to be gratified that the opportunity is presented to the Republicans of Alabama to rise above all meaner considerations, and heartily co-operate in fostering the spirit of manly independence, which promises so much for the future prosperity of the state.

The gentlemen upon the Independent ticket are not Republicans; yet as the result of their election many things which the Republicans desire, may be confidently expected. We shall look to them for an honest and economical administration of public affairs, moderate and equable taxation and ample provision for the education of our children. It needs no argument to prove that none of these great benefits can be expected, as long as the machinery-bound, caucus-ridden Democratic party, continues in power. It is plain that the unfortunate division among the Republicans renders it impossible for them to achieve victory at the polls, and thus give to the people just, wise and liberal government. The only true course remaining then, is for the Republicans to assist the citizens of the State, outside of their party, in their noble effort to lift from the shoulders of the people, the load of oppression under which they are labouring.

It is not strange that Alabama's sons, in the Centennial anniversary of the great Declaration, should be inspired by the spirit of our fathers. They have declared their determination to be free from the tyranny of a party, more unendurable than was the tyranny of a king. The Republicans of Alabama, appreciating the greatness of the work they have undertaken, can and will support them with enthusiastic unanimity.

To the gentlemen whose names appear on the ticket, which we have withdrawn, we tender the assurance that their firm and constant devotion, their faithful and valuable services have secured the lasting gratitude of their fellow Republicans.

CHAS. E. MAYER, Chairman.
GEO. TURNER, Secretary.

Tilden and Laboring Men.

THE WAY SLIPPERY SAMMY DEFRAUDED THE MICHIGAN IRON WORKERS.

From the Chicago Tribune.]

That was a cheap bait which Gov. Tilden flung out for the votes of the working men, when, in his Albany speech, after his nomination, he said: "We are all laboring men." But, when they read the record of his dealings with the workmen in his mines in the Lake Superior region, no workingmen will bite at that bait. Governor Tilden was the chief owner of the New York Mine, at Ishpeming, and was largely interested in the Iron Cliffs Mining Company, of Negaunee, and the Michigan Iron Company, of Clarksburg. These are the companies that flooded the Upper Peninsular of Michigan with their shinplaster currency by shoving it upon the companies' workingmen in payment of their wages. This dishonest currency forced upon workmen to accept in payment for honest labor, was in order to defraud the Government out of the tax upon paper circulation, issued in the form of paper drafts, payable at sight and ninety days after date, which made it requisite, to fix the liability of the companies, that there should be presentment, protest notice, etc., at maturity. The only pretense of redemption was in "store goods," for which, at such inflated prices as they choose to demand, it was exchangable at the companies' stores. Indeed, it was a wholly irredeemable currency, issued without security of any sort, and thousands of dollars of it in amount, now utterly worthless, are outstanding in Michigan to-day, being precisely so many evidences of what the companies swindled their employes and the holders out of, and Gov. Tilden added his share of it to his millions, while the dishonest shinplasters drawn upon his own Secretary still abound in the Upper Peninsular as samples of what Gov. Tilden means by honest currency.

In 1875 his Michigan Iron Company was put into bankruptcy, owing about $70,000 to its miners and laborers, which remains unpaid. Immediately prior to the adjudication in bankruptcy, and when it was foreseen to be inevitable, several gentlemen interested in the Company, voluntarily agreed, upon condition that the stockholders all would join in the undertaking, to make up out of their private funds the full amount to pay the Company's laborers in full. This arrangement failed, because one of the stockholders refused to enter into it after all the others had agreed to it. That stockholder was Samuel J. Tilden. It would have cost him about $1,500 out of all his barrels of money to do it. In truth, it would simply have cost him the payment of an honest debt to that amount, which was his *pro rata* share of the Company's debt to its hands. For that, too, under the charter of the Company and the laws of the State, he was legally liable. But to get the money out of him they would have to go to New York to sue him, and, as he remarked when this view of it was presented by one of his honest co-stockholders who proposed to pay the men their wages, "not much was to be made by coming so far to sue." It is a shabby exhibition Gov. Tilden presents, talking in demagogic strain of himself as a laboring man, with his iron companies' shinplasters, palmed off upon their workmen, still outstanding, and with the Michigan Iron Company's hands yet unpaid, because he refused to contribute toward their payment the paltry amount for which he was legally and morally liable, but which he leaves them to get by law, if they can. It shows that Samuel J. Tilden, laboring man, is as great a fraud as is Samuel J. Tilden, political reformer

An old Democrat writes from Cynthiana, Ky., thus pointedly: "The nomination of Tilden creates the greatest dissatisfaction throughout the country. I doubt his ability to carry it, and should the disgust be as great in other portions of the State at his nomination as it is at this point, it will be extremely hazardous as to his carrying it in November. I am a Democrat, but I'll be —— if I will have any Tilden in mine!"

TILDEN has but one good eye. He lost the sight of the other one winking at the sins of his old partner Tweed.

Regular State Executive Committee.

Chas. E Mayer Chairman; George Turner, Secretary.
First District—C S Wood, Allen Alexander.
Second Distric—William M Lottis, Frenchard Gray
Third District—W H Black, Phillip King.
Fourth District—M G Caudee, H Cochrad.
Fifth District—Wm J Boon, J H Allston.
Sixth District—Charles Hays, C C Sheats.
Seventh District—Arthur Bingham, H L Washington.
Eighth District—George E. Spencer, Z E Thomas.

Regular County Executive Committee

PAUL STERBACH, Chairman. T. C. BINGHAM, Secretary.
Clark Evans, Charles Loper,
W. M. Lofton, Geo. Allen,
W. J. Maxwell, Ab. Davis,
Wm. Anthony, Br. McDaniel,
Thos. Oliver, Chas. Johnson,
Asa. Montgomery, Jos. Barnett,
Randall Chilton, Parrish Phillips,
John Breckenridge.

PLATFORM

—OF THE—

REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections State and Federal, announces as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men as the fundamental principle of our government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperiling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the cordial recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing intolerance, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and action in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and animosities, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the States and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one as indestructible, the other as indissoluble.

5th. The preservation and maintainance of the Republican party in the southern States, as a safeguard against sectionalism, and the strongest guaranty of an inviolate union.

Resolved 1st, That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has carried the nation through a period of unprecedented difficulties and trials with safety and success, and has won for the President a renown as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd, That we deplore the divisions in our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies; and that now, as in the past, we are ready and desirous of healing these divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse to its energies or hope to its future, since the war, and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

ALEX WHITE, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 15th, 1876.)

When, in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved these governments to the unmeasured anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed." Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously enforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitutional amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts of its purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin. Commercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all States to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanency we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the appropriation of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the publication of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on imports, which, so far as practicable, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws shall be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolian labor upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognizes with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the many important amendments effected by the publicists, legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property rights of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges in harmony with the home, which should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the territories of the United States for their government. In the exercise of this power it is the right and the duty of Congress to prohibit and extirpate in the territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as may secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who perilled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We therefore note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party contains as its chief hope of success in the electoral vote of a united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation. We invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil the nation's honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason, with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes, with reasserting and applauding in the National Capitol the sentiments of unrepented rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the pledged faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the ever-changing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan mismanagement and obstruction of investigation; with proving itself, through the period of its supremacy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and immense services in war and in peace.

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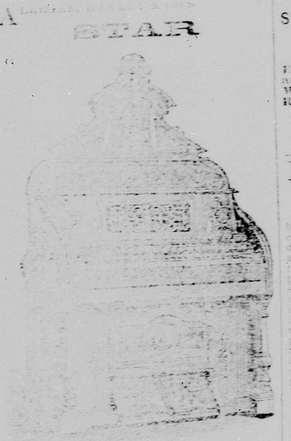

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ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL

CAMPAIGN EDITION FOR 1876.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

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STATIONS	Arrive.	Leave.
Atlanta	.....	2.25 PM
East Point	3.10	3.15
Red Oak	3.34	3.39
Fairburn	3.54	3.59
Palmetto	4.21	4.27
Powder Springs	4.37	4.41
Austell	4.51	4.55
Pickett's	5.07	5.12
Grantville	5.22	5.27
Hutchins	5.37	5.42
Lagrange	6.44	7.05 AM
Long Cane	7.20	7.25
West Point	.....	7.45

Passenger Train—North.

West Point	.....	12.15 P M
Long Cane	12.37	12.42
LaGrange	1.06	1.11
Whitesville	1.30	1.35
Hogansville	1.54	1.59
Grantville	2.19	2.24
Hutchins	2.34	2.39
Newnan	3.01	3.06
Powder Springs	3.37	3.42
Austell	3.51	3.56
Red Oak	4.08	4.13
East Point	4.23	4.28
Atlanta	5.10	.....

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PAIGN EDITION FOR 1875.

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...believes in the success of the Republican party
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...ther that all intelligent and honest Republican sen-
...timent is through Republican agencies, is
...the legitimate guidance of Reform; and cherishing
...these convictions it will labor with its utmost
...energies for the triumph of

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DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

TUESDAY, JULY 25, 1876.

THE CLOVER BLOOM.

BY LEE O. HARRIS.

The rose inspires the poet's song
And, interwoven with his bays,
Its opening buds might well belong,
Since his so sweetly sing its praise.
The pansy has its chosen bard,
The daisy and the daffodil,
The violet on the upland sward
And lily by the meadow rill.

But who, of all the tuneful throng
That chant of beauty and perfume,
Has deigned to hallow with a song
Our Western fields of clover bloom?
Yet here in sweetness are combined
The dazzling worth, the poppy's hue,
And nods here the rose may find
In beauty and in fragrance too.

Oh, could I wake the voice of song,
That, at the echoes all attune
And pour its plaintive notes along
The bank and brake of "Bonny Doon,"
I would my theme, like Scotia's Bard,
Not hear her on the highland sward,
But I would sing the clover bloom.

Could I but wield the graceful power
That won the Ettrick Shepherd's fame,
And tell entire that witching hour,
When "the kye comes hame,"
The singing when the kye comes hame,
Or rustling shield tell of winds that blow
Mong the clover blossom and perfume,
Our fields of clover bloom.
And ruptured bees, that, singing, go
Among the fragrant clover bloom.

Were mine each thrilling tone and won
Of Burns and Byron's deathless lays,
Or Moore and Scott's enchanting tone,
Or Longfellow and Tennyson,
Or Halleck, whose art has set
Our hearts and harp in such accord,
The pulse and throb together yet,
With strains of sweetest melody,
His glowing fancies should be blent,
As I accord a song should be
The shamrock of the Occident.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

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—FROM—
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One Grand Cash Gift		5,000
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10 Cash Gifts of	500 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	400 each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts of	300 each	30,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200 each	40,000
600 Cash Gifts of	100 each	60,000
1000 Cash Gifts of	12 each	120, 00
Total 11,326 Gifts,	All Cash	600,000

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PERSONAL AND EXPLANATORY.

For many years our HURLEY'S POPULAR WORM CANDY was the favorite and most largely sold in the entire South and West.

A few years ago we bought in New York Santonin, bearing the name of the great chemist of Germany, whose make had always been purest, this was used in making Worm Candy, a lot of 200 gross. After sales of the Candy were made, complaints came that it "wet down and ran together." Upon investigation we found that a fraud had been practiced upon us: the Santonin label being counterfeited, and the Santonin adulterated with chlorate of potash. We called in all the Candy we could hear of, replacing it with good. If you have any, we will gladly replace yours, and we make this appeal to your sense of justice, not to let the rascality of another injure our good name. We ask a renewal of your confidence in Hurley's Worm Candy, guaranteeing that only PURE and TESTED material is used in its preparation, and with proper care it will keep in any climate.

J. W. SEATON & CO. Louisville, Ky.,

Sole manufacturers and proprietors of the following:

	Per doz.	Per Gross.
Walker's Rheumatic Cure	$12 00	$100 50
Hurley's Com. Syrup Sarsaparilla, with or without Iod. Potash	7 75	7 50
Hurley's Ague Tonic	3 00	6 50
Hurley's Popular Worm Candy	1 35	14 25
Hurley's Stomach Bitters	7 25	7 00
Seabrook's Infant Soothing Syrup	1 00	16 00
Seabrook's Elix. Pyrophos. Iron and Calisaya	7 50	7 00
Bettison's English Horse Liniment	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Horse Condition Powder	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Chicken Cholera Powder	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Hog Cholera Powder	3 00	30 00
S. & Co.'s Concent Jamaica Ginger, 2 oz.	1 75	18 00
S. & Co.'s Compound Syrup Liquidamber	3 50	37 50
S. & Co.'s Jackson's Pectoral Syrup	3 50	37 50
S. & Co.'s Magic Kid Glove Cleaner	1 75	18 00
S. & Co.'s Oriental Pearl Drops, white or pink	3 00	30 00

CHEMICAL WRITING FLUID

1 oz, 4 doz in box, per doz	$ 50
2 oz, 4 doz in box, per doz	60
4 oz, 2 doz in box, per doz	1 10
½ pint, 1 doz in box, per doz	2 50
1 pint, 1 doz in box, per doz	4 50
1 quart, 1 dozen in box, per dozen	6 00
1 pt copying 1 doz in box, per doz	4 50
1 qt copying, 1 doz in box, per doz	7 00
2 oz, Black Ink, 4 doz in box, per doz	75
4 oz, Black Ink, 2 doz in box, per doz	70

CARMINES.

2 oz Cork, 1 dozen in box	$1 25
4 oz Cork, 1 dozen in box	2 50
2 oz Glass Stopper, 1 dozen in box	2 50
4 oz Glass Stopper, 1 dozen in box	3 50

MUCILAGE.

4 oz, 1 dozen in box	1 25
8 oz, 1 dozen in box	2 50

DISCOUNT ON INK AND MUCILAGE.

$25, 5 per cent; $40, 10 per cent; $60, 15 per cent; $80, 20 per cent; $100, 25 per cent.

HOME BAKING POWDER.

¼ pound Cans	$1 00	$18 00
½ pound Cans	2 75	30 00
1 pound Cans	5 25	60 00

5, 10, 25 and 50 pound Cans, 55 cents per pound. No charge for packages

LIQUID WASH BLUE.

2 ounce, 6 dozen in box	$ 35	$ 3 60
4 ounce, 4 dozen in box	60	6 00
6 ounce, 3 dozen in box	75	8 00
8 ounce, 2 dozen in box	90	10 00
12 ounce, 1 dozen in box	1 10	12 00

All accounts due in 30 days. Discount wholesale Ink and Mucilage only, 25 per cent. All goods shipped at purchaser's risk, unless ordered to insure.

OFFERS, &C.

$10,000 REWARD for a case of Chills and Fever, or Ague and Fever, that HURLEY'S AGUE TONIC will not cure.

WALKER'S RHEUMATIC CURE guaranteed to relieve the most obstinate cases of Rheumatism if persistently taken.

Convalescents warranted rapid recovery by use of SEABROOK'S ELIXIR BARK AND IRON. Corrects female irregularities.

The most reliable SOOTHING SYRUP is SEABROOK'S. Safely, sweetly quiets the little ones—never stupifies or fatally affects, as a popular syrup is stated to have done.

Physicians recommend SEATON & CO'S LIQUIDAMBER for Dysenterry, Diarrhea, and Summer Complaints. Aids digestion.

An English Farrier man is, and the veteran veterinarian, Dr. Bettison, improved our ENGLISH HORSE LINIMENT. Best for all skin diseases or old sores on man, horse or cattle.

HURLEY'S WORM CANDY is a never failing, harmless remedy. All children are more or less troubled with worms. Every home should have this pure preparation.

Many Sarsaparillas are made from Indian roots perfectly inert. Hurley's, with a powerful press, is extracted from Honduras Sarsaparilla, put up with or without Iodine of Potash.

Indigestion or Dyspepsia, etc., can be cured by HURLEY'S STOMACH BITTERS, a delightful tonic. The purest EXTRACT OF JAMAICA GINGER is Seaton & Co.'s. Flatulency, Cholera, etc., flee away when it is taken.

Flaky, light white bread insured by use of Seaton & Co's HOME BAKING POWDER. Delicious and pure.

Sol ed Kid Gloves made new, with SEATON & CO'S KID GLOVE CLEANER.

INKS—Black, Chemical, Copying Carmine, etc., in all size.

MUCILAGE that will not sour, is Seaton & Co's.

ORIENTAL PEARL DROP, white and pink, beautifies the complexion and removes tan and pimples.

Cheaper than Indigo and far better is Seaton & Co's WASH BLUE.

Seaton & Co's Prices

ARE FROM

Fifteen to Fifty per cent Cheaper than Others

☞ For proof, you know that Chill Tonics (without arsenic) usual price is $8.00 per dozen; our price is $7.00; Worm Candies, usually $1.50, ours $1.35; Stomach Bitters, generally, $8.00 to $8.50, ours $7.25; Sarsaparilla Syrups, $3.00 to $4.00, ours $1.00; Elixir Bark and Iron, $5.00 to $12.00, ours $7.50.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO HANDLE OUR GOODS.

WARRANNTED TO BE RELIABLE!

We Believe them to be Superior to all Others,

AS THE MATERIALS USED ARE THE PUREST AND BEST.

CAPITAL STOCK, - - - $1.200.000!

B. F. D. FITCH, President, THOS. D. OSBORNE Secretary and Treasurer

DIRECTORS.

W. DuPONT, J. F. BULLITT, WM. R. RAY, CHAS. R. LONG
B. M. F. RUBEL, JAS. S. BARRETT, W. A. DUKVALL, GEO. AINSLIE

GREAT AMERICAN FIRE EXTINGUISHER COMPANY.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FIRE EXTINGUISHERS, ENGINES, STATIONARY TANKS

"Ne Plus Ultra" Engines, "Hercules" Engines, Climax Engines.

(2 wheel) Factory Size. (3 wheel) Village Siz (4 wheel) City Size.

FACTORY AND PRINCIPAL OFFICE—Nos. 333, 335, 337, 339 West Market Street, Louisville, Kentucky.

Ask the Public to Ponder on these Facts. To be Forewarned is to be Forearmed.

487.59 Unarmed Soldiers

These Sentinels are standing guard over one hundred thousand million dollars worth of property in Asylums, Breweries, Bakeries, City Halls, Colleges, Car Works, Depots, Distilleries, Elevators, Factories, Factories, Fair Grounds, Grain Houses, Hotels, Halls, Infirmaries, Lumber Yards, Foundries, Machine Shops, Oil Factories, Pattern, Paint and Paper Warehouses, Rag and Roofing Factories, Saw Mills, Starch, Stave and Soap Factories, Tanneries, Tar, Pitch and Turpentine Establishments, Upholsteries, Veneering Establishments, Wagon, White Lead and Window Sash and Blind Factories, Warehouses and large buildings of all kinds throughout the land. They are night WATCHMEN, when a robber is expected they are furnished weapons to give them a greater power.

Why, then, when they are told to guard against Fire, a far more dreaded enemy to property than eyes, should they not be provided with the means to subdue it before it has gained dangerous headway? We offer the

GREAT AMERICAN FIRE EXTINGUISHER,

the best known means of accomplishing this end, and commend it to public favor solely on its merits. Send for circular with description and testimonials. Agents wanted in every town in the world.

Great American Fire Extinguisher Co., Louisville, Ky

LEHMAN, DURR & CO.,

BANKERS, COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

OFFICES, COURT SQUARE,

Montgomery, Alabama.

COLLECTIONS

Made on all Accessible Points, and Remitted for on Day of Paymen

We also buy and sell Domestic and Foreign Exchange and Draw Bills of Exchange, Available in all the Commercial Centres of this Country and Europe.

Liberal Cash Advances Made upon Cotton consigned to us, our connections in New York, New Orleans or Liverpool.

FULL STOCK OF BAGGING AND TIES ALWAYS ON HAND AND FOR SALE AT LOWEST MARKET RATES.

THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE!
LOUISVILLE & CINCINNATI
SHORT LINE RAILROAD

The quickest, best and ONLY ROUTE with which passengers from the South make direct connection at Louisville with

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars

TO PITTSBURG, HARRISBURG,
PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK.
And other Eastern Cities.

WITHOUT CHANGE.

Arriving many hours in advance of all other lines. Connections made at Cincinnati with all lines running

Pullman and Wagner Palace Sleepers

To Toledo, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Baltimore, Washington, Sandusky, Cleveland, Buffalo, Albany, Saratoga and New York

WITHOUT CHANGE.

This is the only line running its entire train from Louisville to Cincinnati, and the only line by which passengers from the South en route to Eastern and Western Cities can avoid a tedious haul through Louisville, by changing cars at Short Line Junction, with L. & G. N. R. R., three miles south of the city, where they can be served with an excellent meal at Ruter's Dining Hall, at all hours. Through Sleepers from New Orleans, Mobile, Jacksonville, Atlanta, Little Rock, Memphis, Montgomery and Nashville, make direct connection at Short Line Junction with through Sleepers to New York and other Eastern Cities via this line

DURING THE CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION
At Philadelphia, this line will sell Excursion Tickets at greatly reduced rates.

ASK FOR TICKETS VIA

Louisville & The Short Line,

The only line running through cars to Eastern Cities. For sale at all the Ticket Offices in the South and Southwest.

JOHN MAC LEOD,
General Superintendent.

S. S. PARKER,
G. P. & T. Agt., Louisville, Ky jadly

LOCAL AGENTS WANTED.

An Agent Wanted for each Town and County in the United States.

Parties desiring to act as agents must accompany their application for a letter of recommendation as to character and responsibility from and signed by the Editor of a newspaper published in the town or county for which agent is proposed to act. The agency to sell the bonds of the Industrial Exhibition Company.

Bonds $20 Each.

The Industrial Exhibition Company will furnish agents with Circulars, etc., etc.

Each newspaper published in the town where agent is located will, as soon as agency is established, be given an advertisement, advertising such agency and the company, and fully explaining the plans, purposes and objects of the company. Such advertisement will continue in such papers as long as agency is successfully conducted.

The Industrial Exhibition Company is the first to adopt the plan so long in use by the European governments of issuing bonds when the principal is made secure and not risked, but where there is a chance for a large premium, an investment of $20 is sure to return to the investor $ 1—one dollar more than cost—and the holder of a $20 bond may obtain a premium either of $50, $100, $200, $500, $1,000, $5,000, $10,000, $25,000 or $100,000. The interest, which is ordinarily distributed to all the bondholders pro rata, is in this loan distributed by chance. The purchaser of a bond knows he will receive back his investment, with a small rate of interest added, and in consideration of taking this small rate of interest, he has a chance in the above named premiums, which are simply the distribution of interest on the whole loan.

Each bond participates in four drawings each year, until it has drawn a premium, when it is surrendered, the premium paid, and the bond cancelled

The Industrial Exhibition Company, under a special charter, granted by the State of New York, is given authority to issue these bonds. The Legislature of the State, recognizing the great benefits which will arise from the success of this enterprise, have exempted all the real estate and property of the company from taxation and assessments for five years, and have also conferred other great privileges.

Every American who understands the purposes of this company, will, of a necessity, feel a pride in aiding it to a successful termination.

Each individual who buys a bond becomes an owner and an interested party, and when he views the Centennial with his money can say, "I added to erect in our country the most magnificent building the world has ever seen, a palace which, in truth, represents the industry, energy and mechanical genius of the American people."

The manufacturers and the inventors of America are peculiarly interested in the success of this enterprise, for the reason that it is to be their home, where all their inventions and manufactures can be exhibited and sold.

The building will contain 6,320,000 square feet of space.

Purchasers desiring Bonds before an agency is established where they reside, will communicate direct with this office, from where they can be supplied.

Parties desiring to act as agents or to purchase bonds will address

INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION CO.,
No. 12 East 17th Street,
BET. B'WAY & 5th AVE.,
NEW YORK CITY

NOTE.—All moneys by draft on New York, or Express, or postal order—charges paid by sender
8-20w

BLANK.

Blanks, Blanks, Blanks.

We are now prepared to furnish Tax Collectors and Tax Assessors with

Blank Lists of Property, Tax Deeds, and all Blanks used by County Officials at Chicago Prices.

T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,
State Journal Job Office,
Montgomery, Ala.
4-6tf

$250 A MONTH—Agents wanted everywhere. Business honorable and first class. Particulars and sample free. Address J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.



"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure and Instruction."

Harper's Bazar.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The Bazar is edited with a combination of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—Boston Traveller.

The Bazar commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates in endless variety, to the prudent matron by its patterns for the children's clothes, to families by the tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing gowns. But the reading matter of the Bazar is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—N. Y. Evening Post.

In its way there is nothing like it. Fresh and trustworthy as a fashion guide, its stories and essays, its poetry and squibs, are all invigorating to the mind.—Chicago Evening Journal.

TERMS.

Postage Free to al Subscribers in the United States.

Harper's Bazar, one year..... $4 00
$4 00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine, Weekly, and Bazar, to one address, for one year, $10 00; or two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address, for one year, $7 00, postage free.

An extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly or Bazar, will be supplied gratis for every club of five subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or six copies for $20 00 without extra copy, postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Bazar, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 00 each. A complete Set, comprising eight Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5.25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

Prominent attention will be given in HARPER'S BAZAR to such illustrations of the Centennial International Exposition as may be peculiarly appropriate to its columns.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROS. Address HARPER & BROTHERS,
New York.

A BOOK FOR THE MILLION.

Marriage Guide. A Private Counselor to the Married, or those about to marry, on the physiological mysteries and revelations of the sexual system, with startling facts for the consideration of the single. Beautifully illustrated. Sent to any one free of postage, in plain wrapper, for Fifty Cents. Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary, No. 12 S. Eighth street, St. Louis, Mo.

Notice to the Afflicted and Unfortunate.

Before applying to the notorious quacks who advertise in public papers or issue quack remedies, peruse Dr. Butts' work, no matter what your disease is or how deplorable your condition.

Dr. Butts occupies a double house of twenty-seven rooms; is the oldest physician in the city, and has made a specialty of the diseases mentioned, and however, and can be consulted personally or by mail. Dr. Butts' Dispensary is situated in his private and parlors, No. 12 South Eighth street, between Market and Chestnut, St. Louis, Mo.

MARRIAGE GUIDE

An Illustrated work 270 pages, a private counselor for the married and those contemplable on the mysteries of the sexual system, its abuses, and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion. Price 50 cents. Address DR. BUTTS, No. 12 South Eighth street, St. Louis, Mo.

REDUCED TO A CERTAINTY.
Chance to Gain
$50,000
NO RISK.

Send for circular at once. No time to lose. READ & Co., Bank ers, 74 Maiden Lane NEW YORK

A FORTUNE FOR $1.
Wyoming Monthly
LOTTERY

Legalized by authority of an Act of the Legislature.
Tickets $1 Each, 6 for $5. One chance in every 3
$250,000 in Prizes. Capital Prize $50,000
6th Extraordinary Drawing.

1 Cash Prize of	$100,000
1 Cash Prize of	50,000
1 Cash Prize of	25,000
1 Cash Prize

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

TUESDAY, JULY 25 1876.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MONTGOMERY, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T.C. Bingham will be paid by us. T. C. BINGHAM & Co.,

dtf. Proprietors.

How cool and nice it would be to fall down a well.

CLAMS and oysters favor the early closing movement.

TO SECURE a pensive position for a photograph, eat cucumbers.

THE Seventh Division was taken up in the Supreme Court yesterday.

THE grand jury of the City Court will adjourn to-day, unless some bussiness not now known should be presented.

THE cotton caterpillar has appeared in most of the cotton fields of Montgomery county, and our farmers are alarmed for the future.

QUITE a large party of our citizens spent Saturday at Jackson's Lake, and we understand they had a very pleasant time there.

IN the City Court yesterday there was nothing of any importance transacted. There was considerable squabbling over some indictments.

NOTICE.—The young man who borrowed a file of the Evening Ledger a few days ago from this office, will please return the same to-day.

SUNDAY was as warm a day as any one should care to experience. There was but little life on the streets during the middle of the day.

THE flies this season are equipped with teeth, which is interpreted to mean that, in the judgment of Nature, American people are a pretty tough set.

THE gentleman who last week stepped down and out of life via a red hot furnace, was evidently a homœopathist, and believed that *similia similibus curantur*.

RAIN-IN-THE-FACE was present in the battle of the Rosebud; but where, oh where, were Old-Man-Afraid-of-His-Hat and Pull Down-Your-Vest in that engagement.

THE work on the M. P. Church is nearly finished, and the structure now presents a much handsomer appearance than formerly. It has been considerably enlarged and otherwise improved.

IT is sometimes mortifying to encounter the secretary of a temperance association hastily drying his moustache on his coat sleeve and smelling like a bunch of juniper berries.

A DRY sponge in his hat and a moist bottle in his pocket have carried Spilkins safely through the heated term, but he does not know whether to give the certificate to the bottle or the sponge.

"OLD PROBS" made an effort yesterday evening to get Jupiter Pluvius to shed a few tears over this dry city, but his effort proved futile. "Old Probs" ought to exercise a little more authority than he has of late in this matter of rain.

THERE was more corn juice destroyed in this city on Sunday, than for many a day previous. Notwithstanding the heat the juice was guzzled down with a seeming delight—which raises the question as to whether it is better to drink ice water or corn juice during the heated term.

Now the gentle convert seeks the shady grove of the camp-meeting ground, and simultaneously the lively gad-fly goes upon the crusade in the same direction, and suggests sudden bursts of profanity, as he cavorts through the stilly hours of the afternoon.

A THIEF entered the residence of Fritz Hinderer Sunday night and succeeded in rifling Mr. Hinderer's pockets of about $125. All efforts to spot the thief have thus far failed. Whoever it was got enough money to visit the Centennial, and we have no doubt that he left the city early yesterday morning for Philadelphia.

MEETING AT BLOUNT SPRINGS.—There was a meeting at Blount Springs, on Saturday, of the friends of the Independent ticket, from different portions of the State. Judge Rice made a very interesting speech to the crowd assembled, and made a good impression for the ticket. Judge Rice will fill a list of appointments in North Alabama, in behalf of the Independent ticket.

A MAN called at the post office yesterday and purchased a three cent stamp and requested the clerk to put it on the letter for him. This the accommodating clerk offered to do, but asked him why he did not do it himself. The answer was that as he could neither read nor write he could not, but after some instruction he was persuaded to try, and succeeding, was much pleased to discover that although he was uneducated he could lick a postage stamp and affix it to an envelope.

THERMOMETERS play strange freaks in the heated term. A motly lady of this city hung one of these useful indicators of the temperature where the direct rays of the sun fell upon it. The mercury quickly reached 116°, and there it stopped, for it could go no further, the upper extremity of the tube was reached. She brought it within doors, and after awhile again examined the record; it remained at 116°, and this temperature it persistently retained. Determined not to be baffled in the investigation, she established the thermometer in the refrigerator. After leaving it there long enough to bring it near the freezing point, she once more examined the graduated scale. Wonderful to relate the glass still recorded the shifting temperature of 116°. A further search solved the mystery. The expansion of the mercury, restrained by the limits of the tube, had burst the bulb. Therefore, if the heat continues, thermometers with large tubes must be used, especially for rash experiments in the sunshine.

IF the science of meterology, according to Tice et al., be correct, the present time must be either just before or close behind half a dozen equinoxes of the largest and most self-important character. Great heat has been prevalent over all North America, and in Europe an earthquake has been shaking up the kingdoms in a very lively style. Meantime volcanoes in two or three quarters of the world are said to be getting uneasy, as if preparing for a fit of fiery gripes, and various aerial phenomena are adding to the general consternation.

PINE LEVEL.—There was a very large and enthusiastic Republican meeting at Pine Level, thirty miles below this city, on Saturday last, when a Hayes and Wheeler club was formed, every Republican on the grounds signing the roll. It was one of the largest meetings ever held at Pine Level, and the enthusiasm permeated the entire country adjacent. A resolution was adopted indorsing the regular Republican county ticket, headed by Mr. Charles Steele for Senator. Speeches were made by the Hon. Paul Strobach and others which produced a splendid impression. It was on the order of a love feast, each man promising his neighbor to do everything in his power to further the cause of the National, the Independent and regular county tickets. We understand that similar meetings were also held at several other places in the county, which resulted in much good.

State News.

[By Yesterday's Mail to the Journal.]

Eufaula has purchased new uniforms for her policemen.

THREE negro children were killed by lightning near Tuskegee one day last week. A negro woman was killed by lightning in LaFayette last Sunday.

THERE was a tremendous shower of rain in this vicinity on Thursday night, 20th. In consequence, the streams rose rapidly, and in a short while were quite full. No damage has as yet been reported.—Eufaula Times.

Mrs. Georgia Ann Foster, formerly of Talladega county, died in Texas recently.

The new Opera House at Demopolis will seat 400 persons.

Frank Allen was shot and killed by his brother in Choctaw county recently.

Mr. Solomon, of this city, has a garden patch of corn that will average six to seven ears to the stalk. One stalk has ten fully developed ears on it.—Eufaula Times.

ANOTHER GONE.—Mr. Miles McInnis, of Louisville beat, one of the oldest and best citizens of this county died on last Sunday. It is unnecessary for us to say that his death is universally regretted.—Clayton Courier.

The editor of the Troy Messenger has had a tomato which weighed 28 ounces.

Springville, St. Clair county, is to have a newspaper in a few days to be called the Springville Enterprise.

The Cullman Furniture Company will soon open a store in Montgomery.

Ex-Gov. L. E. Parsons delivered the address at the closing exercises of the Deaf, Dumb and Blind Institute at Talladega.

The crops around Cullman are very promising.

Rev. Mr. Crump is an independent candidate for the Legislature in Blount, on the new county question.

It is estimated that there were 5,000 persons to witness the match game of baseball between Mississippi and Alabama, played at Demopolis on the 28th of June. Alabama won by a score of 25 to Mississippi's 5.

A dinner set on the occasion by the ladies of the Methodist Church realized $650; and one by the Episcopalians $429.

Tobin, conductor on the M. & O. R. R. has been held for trial in Lauderdale county, Miss., in the sum of $5,000 for indirectly killing Col. Horn.

A farmer in Cherokee county sowed one bushel of wheat, which yielded 29 bushels, 1 quart and 1 pint.

Corn and cotton promises well in Madison county, though the latter has received injury from recent rains.

Oxford, Calhoun county, had a stalk of cotton on the 5th inst., on which were 5 bolls, 4 blooms, 35 squares, and was 4 feet in height.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A prominent physician was called into the country, the other day, to see a negro woman who was lying sick on a plantation near Col. Ben Morris' five miles west of town. She had met with a singular accident which, by the time this is read, has no doubt resulted in her death. She attended preaching at a negro church on last Sunday night, and while at the "mourners' bench" a negro man took a shouting fit. He threw his arms around wildly and struck the woman in the stomach a severe blow, producing internal injuries that are almost sure to cause death.—Eufaula Times.

Blast was put on the Oxmoor furnace on the 4th, and with the improvements just made, it is confidently believed that the furnace will run from 35 to 40 tons of pig iron per day.

Lawrence county grangers anticipate holding a fair in that county at an early day.

John D. Miller, of this county, made 52½ bushels of oats on one acre. Who can beat it.—Henry County Register.

The degree of L. L. D., was conferred on Hon. R. C. Brickell, by the University of Alabama, a few days ago.

A plurality of the votes of DeKalb county have been cast in favor of Collinsville for the county seat.

Within a month or two, it is estimated that within six miles of Grove Hill, Clarke county, 500 hogs have died of cholera.

A SAD ACCIDENT.—Last Thursday evening Mr. Andrew Tyson, half brother of Rev. Mr. Norton, Pastor of the Baptist Church here, started out to visit some friends in the country preparatory to leaving for his home in Middle Georgia on the following morning. Near the courthouse his horse took fright and commenced running. He was seen to use every exertion to control him, but in turning the corner of Louisville street near the residence of Capt. Jno. C. McNab he was thrown out of the buggy and very seriously hurt. He was taken in an insensible condition to the residence of Mr. A. M. Walthour when Dr. M. Warren soon came to his relief. At first it was thought that he could not survive his injuries, but late in the evening he was removed to his home and at this writing he seems to be rapidly recovering. [Clayton Courier.

THE CATERPILLAR.—Captain Pruett, Batesville, who was in town several days since, says the caterpillar have made their appearance on the plantations of James Boggus, W. F. Crane and Mr. Dismukes, in the Batesville neighborhood of this county. He did not say whether these places are in the "dry streak," but it matters little with the caterpillars, we suppose. On Thursday, 20th, Mr. J. R. Sanders, manager on Col. E. S. Shorter's Chestnut Hill place, heard Col. H. Hawkins say that there were caterpillars on his (Col. H.'s) place, and Mr. Sanders says that Col. Hawkins' place is certainly in the "dry streak." There is no doubt that catterpilars have commenced their ravages in the northwestern portion of the county, and there is further no doubt that that section has suffered severely from drought. But we are glad to learn that the drought was relieved by an abundant rain on Thursday night, 20th.—Eufaula Times.

Mr. Wheeler's Acceptance

Mr. Wheeler's letter of acceptance, which we published in our Sunday's issue, admirably matches that of Gov. Hayes: They are its companion-pieces. Their perfect harmony springs from the sincere and cordial agreement of honest and earnest men, and not from any studied effort to tide over irreconcilable differences or to compromise declared convictions, such as we witness in the case of Tilden and Hendricks. Both are the frank, full and unequivocal expressions of statesmen who are thoroughly imbued with the best spirit of patriotism, and who are conscientiously devoted to the highest principles of government.

The letter of Mr. Wheeler is a clear reflection of its writer in every line. It is direct, positive, manly and straightforward. Its purity of tone, its elevation above all narrow partisanship, its candid and statesmanlike treatment of every public issue, its broad, humane and liberal spirit will command the approval and confidence of the country. Mr Wheeler gives the first place to the great question of human rights and national security. The Republican party has decreed that "liberty is the supreme, unchangeable law for every foot of American soil," and it is its mission to give full effect and efficacy to the grand principle, by making the panoply of American citizenship as sure a protection "in the cane-brakes of Louisiana as on the banks of the St. Lawrence."

But Mr. Wheeler does not stop with this emphatic declaration that every citizen must be protected everywhere. He comprehends the whole Southern question in its broadest and highest significance, and treats it in the best spirit of rational statesmanship. Protection to all, equal and exact justice, patient dealing with evils inseparable from an old and false system, the removal of all grounds of complaint for all classes, and better education for all—such are the elements of his wise and patriotic policy. And in interpreting it we are not compelled to rely solely upon his explicit words. He has given the highest practical illustration of its force in a work which forms one of the noblest chapters of our recent history. The pacification of the distracted and complicated Louisiana difficulty—a pacification which did justice to both sides and gave tranquility to that long disturbed State—was one of the best pieces of real statesmanship which the country has witnessed. That settlement was peculiarly the work of William A. Wheeler, and it furnishes the most conclusive evidence of his judgment, firmness and patriotism.

Upon the other questions involved in the coming election, he speaks with the same clear insight and unhesitating convictions. He holds that the just obligations of the Government to public creditors are to be kept with religious faith, and that the law of Congress for the redemption of the United States notes is a pledge which must be sacredly fulfilled. He enforces the truth that intelligence must give safety and value to the ballot, and hence that the common schools must be maintained in their integrity. He advocates the strictest economy consistent with effective administration, the abolishment of all unnecessary offices, the recognition of high character and particular fitness as the true qualifications and the administration of all offices solely as public trusts. This would be promote "good government, good will, good money and universal prosperity." On every point he takes the highest and truest ground, and his letter, like that of Gov. Hayes, will prove eminently acceptable to the whole country.

Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

JULY 24.—Our market to-day is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary	8½@8¾
Good Ordinary	9¼@—
Strict Good Ordinary	10 @—
Low Middling	10¾@—
Middling	11⅛@—

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.

Bacon—C R Sides	12½@	12¾
" Sides	13 @	13¼
Bulk—C R Sides	12½@	12¾
" Sides	13 @	13¼
Plain Sugar-cured Hams	— @	16
Canvas	15½@	16
Lard—Choice, in tierces	13 @	13½
" " in kegs	14 @	14½
" " in buckets	15 @	15
Sugar—Standard White	12 @	12
" W.	11½@	11¾
" Y. C.	11 @	—
" Strictly Choice	10¾@	10¾
" Prime	10 @	10¼
" Fair	9 @	9¾
Molasses—Choice	60 @	70
" Prime	50 @	55
" Fair	45 @	50
" Common	35 @	40
Coffee—Choice	22 @	—
" Prime	21 @	21½
" Fair	20 @	20½
" Common	18 @	19
Rice—Choice	7 @	7½
" Prime	6½@	7
" Fair	6 @	6½
Flour—Fancy	8 00 @	8 50
" Choice	7 50 @	8 00
" Family	6 25 @	7 00
" Superfine	5 50 @	6 00
" Common	4 75 @	5 00
Tobacco	42 @	1 00
Whisky—Rectified	1 85 @	1 85
" Bourbon	1 50 @	2 50
" Rye	1 25 @	2 00
Wine—Port and Sherry	3 00 @	6 00
" Claret	2 50 @	3 50
Brandy—Cognac	4 25 @	6 50
" French	6 00 @	10 00
" Peach and Apple	2 00 @	3 50
Gin	1 40 @	2 25
" in cases	5 00 @	7 00
Beer in bottles, per doz	1 50 @	1 75
" in kegs	2 50 @	—
Cigars, per thousand	15 00 @	60 00
CASE GOODS—		
Oysters, 1 lb cans, per doz	90 @	1 00
" 2 " "	1 75 @	2 00
Fresh Peaches, 2 lb cans, per doz	2 00 @	2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case	4 00 @	4 25
" Cherries, " "	4 25 @	4 50
Sardines ¼ cases	11 00 @	12 00
Condensed Milk, "	11 00 @	12 00
Yeast Powders, per doz	1 00 @	1 10
Pickles, gal. "	3 00 @	3 00
" ½ " "	2 00 @	2 00
" ¼ " "	1 50 @	1 50
Soda, in kegs, " lb	— @	6
" boxes, " "	6½@	7½
Potash, " doz	5 00 @	6 00
Candles, full weight, per lb	16½@	17½
Soaps, "	6 @	7½
Starch, "	12½@	15
Salt, Liverpool, per sack	1 35 @	1 40
" Fine Liverpool	2 00 @	—
" Virginia	2 10 @	2 25
Drop Shot	2 50 @	—
Buck Shot	2 50 @	—
Powder, " keg	5 75 @	6 25
Nails, Standard rate, per keg	3 50 @	—
Snuff—Macaboy, Lorillard	70 @	—
" Scaffa	70 @	—
" Gail & Ax	70 @	—
" Scotch, per gross	9 00 @	—
" Carr No. 1, per doz	4 75 @	—
Ink, per case	1 50 @	3 00
Mustard, per dozen	1 25 @	3 00
Ground Spices	1 50 @	1 25
" Pepper	1 00 @	1 25
" Ginger	1 00 @	1 25
" Allspice	1 00 @	1 25
" Cloves	1 00 @	1 25
" Cassia	1 00 @	1 25
Pennyroyal & Cajeput	65 @	85
" Caps	4 @	—
" D. D. Caps	4 @	—
Toilet Soaps, box	1 75 @	2 50
Bluing, " box	75 @	1 00
Tar Soap, " box	50 @	60
" Bucket	75 @	1 25
Tar	6 @	—
Wampole Bitters	7 50 @	—
Diamond Gin	7 50 @	—
Plantation Bitters	8 00 @	—
Hostetter's Bitters	8 50 @	—
Rhine Wines	8 00 @	10 00
Wrapping Paper, Large	7½ @	—
" D C	6½ @	—
" Medium	5½ @	—
" Small	4½ @	—
Nutmegs	1 50 @	—
Brooms	2 25 @	3 00

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, July 24.—Money closed at 1½@2. Gold 115⅝. Stocks firmer.

COTTON.

Spot cotton to-day closed easier: Middling Orleans 11½c; middling Alabama, 11 15-16c; middling upland, 11¾c; strict low middling upland, 11½c; low middling upland, 11 1-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10½c; good ordinary upland, 9 15-16c; ordinary upland, 8 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed weak; sales 7,600 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 05@11 15 @2
August	11 2 -@—
September	11 7-@11 15-@2
October	11 9-@—
November	11 2-@11 1-16
December	11 7 @11 11 15

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 24.—Cotton steady; middling uplands, 5 7-8d; middling Orleans, 6d; sales to-day 8,000 bales, of which 2000 bales are for export and speculation; receipts —— bales; American —— bales.

SAVANNAH, July 24. Receipts 57, gross 2, exports to Great Britain —; sales 2; stock 12,453; price of middlings, 10¾c; market quiet.

NEW ORLEANS, July 24.—Net receipts 184, gross 171; exports to Great Britain 11,561; coastwise —; sales 500; stock 92,281; price of middlings 11¾c, low middlings 10¾c, good ordinary 9¾c; market quiet.

PROVISION MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 24.—Flour quiet, extra $4 25@5 75. Wheat lower, No. 2 spring 92½c. Corn firm, No. 2 mixed 44½c, new mixed 43c. Oats dull, No. 2 mixed 28½c. Rye dull, 62@62½c. Barley dull, ——. Mess Pork quiet, $19 2—. Lard steady, 10½c. Dry Salt Meats quiet, shoulders 8½c, long clear 12½c. Green Meats quiet and unchanged. Whisky quiet, $1 10½.

ST. LOUIS, July 24.—Pork dull, $20 50@—— Cut meats unchanged. Bacon lower, shoulders 8¼@8½c, clear rib —— clear 13½@13¾c.

NEW ORLEANS, July 24.—Sugar strong, fair 7@7½c, prime 8c. Molasses, demand good, choice 48@50c, strictly prime 52c. Flour dull, superfine $4 75, choice family $5 75@7 75. Pork steady, mess $24 00@24 75. Corn in sacks, white, 55c, mixed 54c, yellow 56c. Oats quiet, 42c. Hay prime $15@16. Dry Salt Meats, shoulders 8¼@9c, clear rib sides 12½@12¾c, clear 13c. Bacon, shoulders 10½c, clear rib sides 13¼@13½c, clear 14c. Hams, choice sugar cured, 14½c. Lard, scarce tierce 14½c, keg 14¾@15c, bucket 15¼c. Coffee firm, fair 17½@17¾c, prime 18¼@18¾c in job lots.

CINCINNATI, July 24.—Lard firm, fair demand, steam refined 11½c, city kettle 12¼@—c. Moss Pork, little demand, prime city $20 75. Live Hogs active, common to light $7 25@7 50, fair to good light $8 00@8 25, fair to medium heavy $8 25@8 50. Whisky steady, $1 10.

LIFE PRESERVER.

ABSOLUTE SAFETY

At Sea.

LIFE SAVING SUIT

FOR OCEAN TRAVEL.

THE CONTINUOUS DISASTERS AT SEA.

And the almost countless lives that have been lost, urge the introduction of more effective appliances for saving life than have yet been generally adopted. In response to the great public demand, the American Life Saving Suit Company now present a

Practical Life Saving Suit.

This suit having been tested and approved by the most scientific and practical authorities, we now offer as a means of absolute safety from death by drowning. The invention now offered claims its superiority over all inventions in that it floats the body in a vertical position in the roughest sea, preserves the natural caloric of the body for any number of days, with capacity for carrying provisions for ten days, and signals to attract attention from passing vessels.

This suit embodies three principles which are imperative in a life saving dress—

First—A buoyancy which supports the body in a vertical position, and maintains it as from a natural law.

Second—Protection from water and weather and consequent chill.

Third—A commissariat department, to which is attached signals, with capacity for carrying valuables, etc., etc.

This suit is put on over ordinary clothing, except shoes and hat, and can be put on inside of five minutes; and are let to passengers on transatlantic steamers at the low price of

FIVE DOLLARS A TRIP.

Send for a pamplet.

The American

LIFE SAVING SUIT COMPANY,

14 NEW CHURCH ST., NEW YORK.

4-26em

Local and Business Notices.

DR. PIERCE'S Golden Medical Discovery will cure a Cough in one-half the time necessary to cure it with any other medicine, *and it does it, not by drying it up, but by removing the cause*—subduing the irritation and healing the affected parts. For all cases of Laryngitis, Bronchitis, Suppression or Loss of Voice, Bronchitis, Severe Chronic or Lingering Coughs, it will be found to surpass any medicine that has ever before been offered to the public. It is sold by all dealers in medicines. 7-21wtt

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.*

3-14 d& wem

THE highest musical authorities, as well as all who have purchased the Beatty Piano, are equally charmed with its beauty and purity of tone. The manufacturer has succeeded in imparting to it a roundness, fullness and richness of tone, perfectly astonishing. None should be without one. See his advertisement. Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J., U. S. A. 7-20d4t.

Nervous Debility.

Vital weakness or depression: A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental overwork, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphrey's Homeopathic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per package of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Homeopathic Medicine Company, 662 Broadway, New York. 1-1d&w 1y

THE Star Parlor Organs are celebrated for their purity of tone, elegant design and thorough construction. Send for catalogue. Address,

ALLEGER, BOWLEY & Co,

6-20d&wom Washington, N. J.

New Advertisements.

SALE OF TWO THOUSAND CIGARS.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,
DEPUTY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE 3D DIST. OF ALA.,
Montgomery, July 17, 1876.

Having published a notice on the 8th of May, concerning the seizure of two thousand cigars, inviting all persons to file their claims, if there were any, and none having been filed in the time prescribed by law, I herewith notify the public that the two thousand cigars bearing the brand "L. Espanola, de Juan B. Romero, Habana," seized by me at the store of one Howard Gardner, on Commerce street, in this city, will be sold at public auction on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH OF JULY, 1876,

at 10 o'clock a. m., at my office, Commerce street over Strassburger's Warehouse.

PAUL STROBACH,
7-17 tld Deputy Collector.

$10 to 25 per Day To Farmers Sons and others, city young men to sell an article as STAPLE as COFFEE, to Farmers and others in town and country. Particulars Free. Address—THE CENTENNIAL CO., St. Louis, Mo.

ESTABLISHED 1867.



ALABAMA

STATE

JOURNAL

CAMPAIGN EDITION FOR 1875.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

The country is entering upon one of the most stubbornly contested Presidential battles since 1860. During this contest the people of Alabama will desire to keep themselves posted on its progress; they will desire to read all sides and from it draw their own conclusions as to their duty at the polls. In lieu of the great canvass we shall publish a Campaign edition of the "State Journal" at a rate so low as to encourage its widest distribution throughout the State. The publication of this special campaign edition has already commenced, and will continue regularly in both daily and weekly issues, until after the Presidential Election. The JOURNAL is the steadfast advocate of true Republicanism.

It believes the success of the Republican party vital to the welfare of the country. It holds further, that intelligent and honest Republicans sustaining its Republican exponents, in the great party issues of Reform and cherishing the convictions it will labor with its utmost energy for the triumph of

Hayes & Wheeler.

THE JOURNAL has always been recognized as an efficient and popular campaign paper. During the last campaign it was circulated more widely than ever before, and contributed a vast fund of information among the people.

We shall be glad to receive orders at once from the friends who believe that the circulation of the campaign JOURNAL will secure a good cause. Organize clubs at once at the following rates:

Daily Edition.

1	Copy 5 Months	$ 3.50
3	" 5 "	10.00
6	" 5 "	19.00
12	" 5 "	36.00

Weekly Edition.

1	Copy 5 Months	$ .75
3	" 5 "	2.00
6	" 5 "	4.00
12	" 5 "	7.00

Payment of postage is included in these rates. Send money by express, post-office order, or registered letter only.

Address, T. C. BINGHAM & CO.

Proprietors, Lock Box 507, Montgomery, Ala.

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$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and Outfit FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & Co., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING. How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents, together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc., 100,000 sold. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Publ's, Philadelphia.

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A complete list of all the Newspapers and Periodicals of the United States and Canadas (4,925 in number), giving the name, place of publication, politics, days of issue, and circulation of each, with a classified list of the Trade Newspapers published, a description of the various editions of the principal cities, numerous engravings of the principal newspaper buildings, and a map of the United States, postpaid, on receipt of 25 cents. Address for like, a map (including price) to SUPERINTENDENT OF THE NEWSPAPER DIRECTORY, Care of Messrs. Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 41 American News Company, N. Y. Every advertiser needs it.

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Ice! Ice!

No Short Crop in Alabama.

The Montgomery Protective Ice Co.

Having bought the Stock and Fixtures of D. P. WEST, and contracted for all the Ice made by the

Montgomery Ice Manufacturing Co.,

Are now prepared to supply the public at their old stand, MONROE ST., opposite the CITY HALL. J. A. DIAZ & CO., Agents.

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OPIUM [illegible] Cure. Dr. H. WOOLLEY, 187 Washington St., Chicago, Ill.

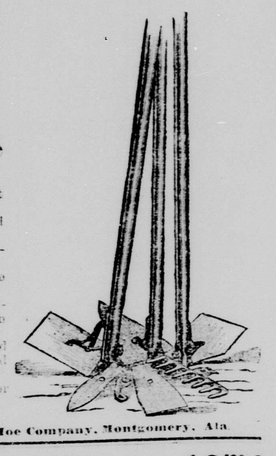
COMBINATION HOE.

First Premium Awarded at the Grangers' State Fair

Of Alabama, October, 1875, the first place where the Hoe was exhibited.

Manufactured by the Granger Hoe Company.

WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.



Requires no wedging. Can be adjusted for any work, or to suit the height of workman in fifteen seconds.

The Blade of the Field Hoe is made entirely of cast steel, square in shape, and when one edge becomes dull or worn out, the blade may be reversed, thus making

Two Hoes for the Price of One

It can be taken from the handle without trouble for the purpose of grinding.

The fixtures are made of malleable iron and cannot be broken.

The handles are made of sound ash wood—the best material known for handles.

Hoes handled ready for use, as cheap as the best hoe blade manufactured.

Saves time and money in the item of handles—no wedges to shrink up and pull out in dry weather.

No. 2, "Grangers' Hoe" medium size, for field or garden work. Adjustable same as field hoe

An entire set of splendid garden tools for the price of one implement.

For further information, address,

W. R. NOBLE, Secretary Granger Hoe Company, Montgomery, Ala.

1776 Centennial. 1876

SPRING AND SUMMER

SEASON.

GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,

—AT—

5 COURT SQUARE

HAVE NOW ON HAND THE COMPLETEST LINES OF

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS

TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

New Dress Goods, Real Irish Frame Grenadines,
Novelties in Matamora Suitings, Exquisite Knickerbockers,
Stylish Damassee Suitings, and everything that is new in Dress Goods.
Fresh White Goods, Rich Fancy Goods, Elegant Ecru Ties

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Complete Stock of Beddings, Large Selection
In Hosiery, Best 10-4 Sheetings, Genuine Irish Linens, Good
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Guaranteed Kid Gloves, Perfect fitting Corsets,
Excelsior Trimmings. Full selections in Cassimers,
Tweeds, Linens, Cottonades, Etc., for Men and Boys' wear.

WE OFFER THE BEST ASSORTMENTS IN

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In fact everything desirable in a First class Dry Goods House will be found at our Store, all offering at the very

Lowest Prices.

TO THE MERCHANTS:

We are displaying the largest stock of Goods ever received by our firm, and we guarantee bottom prices. Call early and look at our stock.

GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,

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NEW DOLLAR STORE.

1776 CENTENNIAL 1876

Centennial Dry Goods,
Centennial Hats,
Centennial Boots,
Centennial Shoes,
Centennial Clothing,
Centennial Hosiery,
Centennial Parasols.

In fact a general assortment of CENTENNIAL goods, suitable for the CENTENNIAL Spring and Summer, recently purchased at the very lowest cash prices. Give me a call and be satisfied. If you don't see what you want ask for it.

S. A. MEERTIEF, New Dollar Store.

A. MOOD & CO.

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Either with or without exemption waived, printed and bound in the latest and most improved style.

Every Merchant Ought to Have One.

Price 50 cents. By mail, prepaid, 60 cents.

Each Book contains fifty handsomely printed promissory notes, with stub, etc. Hundreds of them sold annually. Send your orders to

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ON HOE.

Grangers' State Fair

where the Hoe was exhibited.

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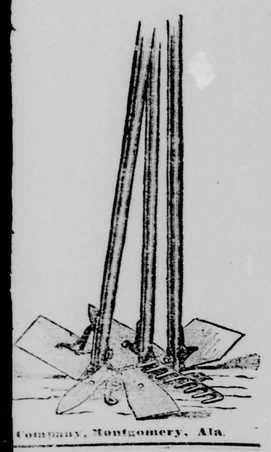
BY RENFROE



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Dry Goods House will be found at our
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Prices.

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Montgomery, Ala.

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Clothing,
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ENNIAL goods, suitable for the CEN-
purchased at the very lowest cash prices.
don't see what you want ask for it.

New Dollar Store.

RICE, JONES & WILEY,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
No. 16 Perry St.,
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

MERCHANTS,

MERCHANTS, MERCHANTS

We are now prepared to furnish

Blank Note Books,

Either with or without exemption waived, printed and bound in the latest and most improved style.

Every Merchant Ought to Have One.

Price 50 cents. By mail, prepaid, 60 cents.
Each Book contains fifty handsomely printed promissory notes, with stubs, etc. Hundreds of them sold annually. Send your orders to
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aug24tf

ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL.

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VOLUME VIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 26, 1876 NUMBER 265

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET:



For President of the United States.

Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio.

For Vice-President,

Wm. A. Wheeler, of New York.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:

L. C. COULSON, of Jackson,
CHAS. E. MAYER, of Mobile.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

FIRST DISTRICT—Lou H Mayer of Mobile.
SECOND DISTRICT—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.
THIRD DISTRICT—P G Clarke of Barbour.
FOURTH DISTRICT — J T Rapier of Lowndes.
FIFTH DISTRICT—S S Booth of Autauga.
SIXTH DISTRICT—A B Hays, of Winston.
SEVENTH DISTRICT—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.
EIGHTH DISTRICT—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

INDEPENDENT TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
NOAH DIAH WOODRUFF of Dallas.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
AMOS MOODY of Franklin.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
H. J. LIVINGSTON of Autauga.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
E. H. GRANDIN, of Mobile.

FOR AUDITOR,
LEWIS OWEN of Montgomery.

FOR TREASURER,
W. B. HARRIS of Russell.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN TICKET OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

CHARLES STEELE.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

T. C. BINGHAM, W. H. CRUSIUS,
J. K. GREENE, J. K. P. LUCAS.

THE Bourbons are so badly frightened that they only claim a 5,000 majority for Houston now. What a fall!

IT looks as though the attempt to effect a junction between the head and the tail of the Democratic tiger might fail.

"Come ye disconsolate where'er ye languish:
Come to the Democrats, see how they kneel:
Here bring your stern demands, here tell your anguish;
You have no sorrow that they cannot heal."

THE Richmond Whig, a leading Democratic organ confronts the party with a somewhat blunt inquiry. It wants to know whether the Democracy can afford to use tactics of the Hamburg and Mississippi sort in order to make sure of the doubtful Southern States, and lose, in consequence, all of the doubtful Northern States? It is an embarrassing dilemma for the great reform party.

A CORRESPONDENT in the Advertiser of yesterday, calls Mr. Woodruff a salary grabber, and that paper prints the communication without one word of denial or explanation. Does the Advertiser wish the public to understand that it indorses the statement that Mr. Woodruff is a salary grabber? If so, will that paper be kind enough to inform its readers when and where Mr. Woodruff became the imitator of Geo. S. Houston in that business?

THE object of the Bourbons is to make a personal war upon all citizens who oppose their pretensions in Alabama. Now, we ask candidly, how many of these Bourbon slanderers could stand the test of a personal scrutiny! How many of them could stand up unmoved before the exposure of their own personal records? They abuse and slander without stint, every citizen who refuses to bow down and worship them, and yet if their private characters were laid bare they would cringe and hide from the public gaze.

Greedy Reformers.

[New York Times.]

The fate of the River and Harbor Improvements Appropriation bill hangs trembling in the Senate. Mr. Edmunds began an attack on the alleged combination yesterday. He was especially severe on those Congressmen who have traded their pet jobs with each other, thus securing for the whole scheme an almost undivided support. The bill originated in the House Committee on Commerce, of which Mr. Hereford, of West Virginia, is Chairman. It may have been accidental, but it is suspicious, that West Virginia, North Carolina, and several adjoining States received the lion's share of the appropriations. This was enough to enlist the support of the Southern Democrats, and the Southern Democratic Senators have shown themselves to be more unscrupulous and greedy than the carpet-baggers whom they displaced. They have combined with each other to make a big grab, and have managed to secure the help of some Northern men who ought to know better. If the whole bill fails now it will be because it has been loaded down with extravagant and absurd amendments.

"MISSISSIPPI and Louisiania have been in effect, ordered to vote for Hayes and Wheeler. Troops to inforce the order are scattered around in disgusting abundance, too."—New York Express.

Both of these States are thoroughly Republican; the former, upon a fair vote, by fully 30,000 majority, and the latter by not less than 20,000. The vicious uneasiness of the Democrats proves their malign intent. "Suspicion," it is written, "always haunts the guilty mind; the thief doth fear each bush an officer."

The State Debt.

During the discussion of the public debt question in 1872, the Montgomery Advertiser asserted that, at that time, the public debt of Alabama was not over TWELVE MILLION DOLLARS.

If the debt at that period was not more than twelve millions, how has it reached the enormous figure of thirty millions, as asserted by Gov. Houston in his harangues throughout the State?

Lindsay was Governor in 1871–72. Did he run up the debt from $12,000,000 to $30,000,000? Lewis did not enlarge the debt but one million dollars, and that was sanctioned by the Democratic Senate.

If the debt was not over $12,000,000 in 1872, how came it $30,000,000 in 1874?

The good people of Alabama have been shamefully deceived by the Bourbon leaders about the debt of the State. These political mischief makers know that they deceived the tax payers of Alabama, hence they try to prevent any exposure of their treachery by abusing and ostracising every one who opposes them.

In 1874, when the Republicans were in power the rate of taxation was three-fourths of one per cent. Houston and his allies cried out that the people could not bear such heavy taxation; that it was ruining the tax-payers. Elect us, they cried, and we will reduce your taxes. They have been in power two years, and have they reduced the taxes one cent? Not one. You know Mr. Merchant that you are to-day paying more taxes than ever before in the history of Alabama. You know, friend farmer, that your taxes are heavier now than ever before since the war. And you, Mr. Lawyer! How is it with you? You are constantly deceiving the people; you are continually stirring up strife. Have you not had your burdens reduced! Indeed you have. You Democratic lawyers who filled the cars of this people with false promises, did you not induce the Democratic Legislature which you controlled, to relieve you of that license tax which our merchants pay? You did. Yet you whine about a heavy State debt, and constantly deceive the people about it. If you were sincere would you have induced the Legislature to lessen your burdens while those of the farmer and merchant were increased?

The merchants and farmers of Alabama elected the Democratic Governor and Legislature. Have you bettered your condition, good friends? Have your taxes been reduced? Are you any happier or more prosperous than you were under a just, liberal and progressive Republican State Government? The work is done, and the records are made. We ask you, good people, you who elected this Democratic Government, to point out one single blessing you have received in return. Have you not seen your free schools closed, and your professional neighbor relieved of burdens you have to bear? This is enough to open your eyes, if you are not totally blind.

Vote the Independent ticket, and undo the disastrous work that Bourbonism has accomplished towards your rain. Now is the time.

The Revenue Law.

We reprinted a statement from the Tuscumbia Times, some time ago, alleging that Attorney General Sanford had framed an opinion upon the Revenue law, in accordance with the advice of certain Democratic politicians of this State, which was designed to arrest the tide of indignation coming up from all quarters of Alabama over that monstrous legal outrage. So far as the facts are concerned, we stated then, and we here repeat that we know nothing whatever. The editor of the Tuscumbia Times, Maj. Jos. H. Sloss, has been for years a leading Democratic official, and we were induced to republish his statement because we felt that his character in Alabama was sufficient to justify the repetition of his charge against the Attorney General. As the JOURNAL did not originate the statement we concluded it was not our duty to give it any denial not vouched for by the Tuscumbia Times. In view of this fact, we have waited for Maj. Sloss to either make good his charge or deny it through the columns of his paper, in order that we might act intelligently through these columns.

It appears now, that instead of denying or modifying his original allegation, Maj. Sloss repeats it with considerable emphasis in an article, which will be found in full, on the second page of this edition of the JOURNAL, and we invite the attention of all whom it may concern thereto.

It is proper, however, and the highest dictates of justice require, that we should here state that Attorney General Sanford called at this office several days ago and emphatically denied the charge made by Maj. Sloss. This is a matter of too much gravity to quibble over, and while we have no personal interest in it, we hold that a public officer, against whom a charge of misconduct is made, openly, and by responsible authority, should himself meet the charge with a prompt denial, and remove every semblance of suspicion from himself, rather than leave down the gap by permitting any other person whatsoever to make the denial.

We have stated, and we here repeat it, that the columns of the JOURNAL are open to the Attorney General, if he deems this matter of sufficient importance to claim his attention, to the extent of explanation or denial. He is the candidate of a party which holds its opponents to a very strict standard of personal and official rectitude. We are led to presume, therefore, that the Attorney General will not claim from another any more than he is himself willing to give.

THE Bourbon press and their backers had better go slow on railroad exposures. These railroad matters in Alabama are a two-edged sword, and woe be to the men who unlock the Pandora's box!

The Democratic Hypocrites.

THEY HAVE CHANGED THEIR PLATFORM SINCE THE ST. LOUIS CONVENTION—TRYING TO DOCTOR THE CURRENCY AND CHINESE PLANKS.

[Special Dispatch to the Cincinnati Gazette.]
WASHINGTON, July 23.

DOCTORING THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

Mr. McPherson, in examining an official copy of the Democratic platform adopted at St. Louis, in order to prepare a correct copy for his manual, has discovered two changes in the document as read at St. Louis, which are giving the Democrats much annoyance. The first of these is in the financial plank, and occurs in the closing clause, which followed the charge that the legislation of the Republican party had always impeded a return to specie payment, and which, at St. Louis, read as follows: "As such a hindrance we denounce the resumption clause of 1875, and we here demand its repeal." On the official copy, which has been since prepared, the word "clause" in the above, is changed to "date," as the general understanding was that the repeal demanded was of the entire resumption clause, which involves much more than the simple date, and as this has been deliberately changed by some one in a way to simply make it demand a change in the date for resumption, without effecting any of the rest of the act, it has naturally caused much commotion among one faction of the Democrats

HOW THE CALIFORNIANS WERE CHEATED.

The other change in the official copy is in the Mongolian plank. It will be remembered by all who were at the St. Louis Convention, or all who recall the report of the proceedings, that when Mr. Dorsheimer read the Chinese plank, he omitted a part, which he said was in pencil, and he could not read it, but the clerk would, when he had finished the rest. Therefore, the California delegates insisted it should be read, and, after some confusion, their demand was complied with. This part proved to be a demand that the present treaty with China should be so modified as to prevent the further importation of the Mongolian race. The Pacific Coast delegates were particularly persistent in demanding that this should go into the platform, and it was read and adopted as a part of it.

This, now, has been left out entirely and California men will be as much provoked over this as some of the currency faction will be over the manipulation of the financial plank.

MISSED THE GOOSE AND HIT THE GANDER.

The Democratic Investigation Committee which has been pursuing Ordway, has caught two of its own party instead. In an effort to prove that the money drawn for the expenses of the several committees visiting the South was not properly expended by Ordway, the vouchers were all overhauled. When, to their surprise, it appeared that Ordway's were all right, but that Mr. Buckner, of Missouri, Chairman of one of the sub-committees, had not accounted for about $200, and that Mr. Clarkson Potter, on one of the committees, had not filled out vouchers for $40. Of course it does not follow that either of these gentlemen misused a cent, but if these sums had been found charged against Ordway, in exactly the same way, it would doubtless have been accepted and reported upon as evidence of Republican stealing.

Truthful Jeremy Didler.

The New York Times remarks that one of the coolest assertions of a season which promises to be fruitful in historical misrepresentation is Mr. Cox's statement that he never gave "voice or vote" to help the Tweed Ring. This is a fact which Mr. Cox, with truly marvelous impudence, says that "everybody knows." In common with everybody who knows anything of Mr. Cox's career, we were under the impression that Tweed had no more supple and sycophantic follower than Mr. S. S. Cox; that no voice was more frequently heard than his at Tammany Hall ratification meetings, and that no orator—not even Mr. Tilden—could so glibly pass over the fraud and misgovernment which existed under his nose, to talk of dangers to the Republic from influences likely to mature some fifty years hence. The claim of Mr. Cox to have been also in the ranks of the original band of Simon Pure Reformers is enough to make even Gov. Tilden blush for the brazen audacity of the Democratic pretender of the period.

Hendricks' Chances for the Presidency.

Notwithstanding Hendricks' name occupies the second place on the ticket, it would appear from the following extract from a letter to the Cincinnati Commercial, the Democracy rather expect he will be President, part of the term at least, in the event of the success of the St. Louis nominees. The correspondent says:

A delegate from New York assured me of his conviction that there was no doubt of Tilden's election. He added: Mr. Hendricks will not lose anything by accepting the nomination. Tilden will not live through his term of office, if, indeed, he survives till election day. Mr. Hendricks will be President within two years, and in four years we can easily re-elect him.

Now this is rough on "Uncle Sammy," and no one but a hardened Democratic sinner could perpetrate such a joke on the "great reformer." To be sure some men have the good sense to die when they have outlived their usefulness, but who ever heard of a Democratic candidate dying before election or while in office? As the fellow remarked, when asked to sign a note to secure a debt in case of accident, "Who ever heard of a man dying in thirty days?" The thing is preposterous.

SUDDEN DEATH.—We learned from a telegram that the wife of Mr. George Driver, of Opelika, died quite suddenly Monday about 1 o'clock p. m. The cause of the death the telegram did not state.—[Columbus Enquirer.

President Grant Spikes Kelly.

The N. Y. Tribune tells this: During John Kelly's recent visit to Washington he paid his respects to most of the prominent Senators and Government officers, and also spent a day at Mount Vernon. Just before leaving for home Smith Ely asked Mr. Kelly if he would not like to call on the President at the White House. Mr. Kelly had never seen Gen. Grant, and said he would be very glad to call on him. The next morning the two gentlemen were in the President's ante-room, but they had not long to wait, as Mr. Ely is a frequent and a welcome visitor at the Executive Mansion. Presenting Mr. Kelly to the President, Mr. Ely remarked that Mr. Kelly had long desired to pay his compliments to the President.

General Grant replied that he was very glad to see Mr. Kelly. "You and I, Mr. Kelly," said the President, "were of the same opinion before the St. Louis nominations."

"How is that?" said Mr. Kelly.

"We were both of the opinion that Tilden was unfit to be President, said General Grant.

"That is so," said Mr. Kelly.

"But you have changed your mind," said the President, "while I have seen nothing to change my previous opinion."

All laughed heartily, and Mr. Kelly subsequently remarked that General Grant was not the dull fellow he is taken for.

State News.

[By Yesterday's Mail to the Journal.]

The corn crop of the Canebrake region is generally promising, and the first planting may be considered made almost beyond the possibility of disaster. The cotton is small and stunted, and caterpillars have made their appearance on a number of plantations.

Two Primitive Baptist churches in Randolph county, exclude Patrons of Husbandry from their pale.

The Grangers of Barbour have pledged themselves to support a steamer on the Chattahoochee.

The reports in regard to the caterpillar, in this county, do not show that progress has been made by this pest. Two or three weeks, however, may make startling developments.—Troy Enquirer.

We are informed by Mr. Albert Anderson, that his experience with the grasshoppers is, that lime plentifully sprinkled on the stalks of the first couple of rows of corn will prevent them from entering the field and damaging the rest.—Tuscumbia Times.

We learn that the cotton caterpillars have made their appearance on several plantations along the line of the Mobile & Girard Railroad between Seale and Union Springs.—Columbus Times.

IT is with feelings of sadness that we chronicle the death of Mr. H. P. Segars, which occurred at the residence of his father, in this city, on Monday last, after a long and painful illness. Mr. S. was born and reared in this city and had maintained an enviable reputation for uprightness and integrity, and a character above reproach or suspicion.—[Troy Enquirer.

A FAMILY REUNION.—Yesterday Mr. J. C. Harris, a citizen of this place, told us of his family reunion held at his sister's (Mrs. M. A. Swift's) residence at Stone Mountain during two or three days of the past week. This is the first time that the family have met together for fifty years. His mother, Mrs. Virginia B. Harris, is aged 90 years. His and his brother's ages are as follows: W. B. Harris, of Girard, 74 years; R. L. Harris, of Clark county, Georgia, 70; Mrs. M. A. Swift, of Stone Mountain, 66; Young L. G. Harris, of Athens, 64; J. C. Harris, of Columbus, 62. Their father died at the age of 45 years. This united ages of the survivors are 426 years.—[Columbus Enquirer.

VOCAL TELEGRAPHY.—We spoke last week of an experiment that some of our young people were making with empty oyster cans and an ordinary cotton string, by means of which they could talk to each other for a great distance. Since then this little device has been utilized and we know of one or two communicating lines between private residences here by which the ordinary intercourse of friends can be carried on without the necessity of visiting. Among these is a line which Mr. A. M. Walthour has established between his store and private residence, a distance of about one hundred and fifty yards. It is amusing to hear him ask questions of those at home and receive an answer which otherwise would require time, and the labor of walking home, to receive. It is a very useful as well as amusing pastime.—Clayton Courier.

The Troy Enquirer says: A dog on the premises of Dr. A. N. Worthy was attacked by hydrophobia on Friday last. His manner for several days past has indicated that he was suffering from some malady—continuously whining and refusing food in any shape. Suspecting that it was hydrophobia, a test was made by throwing cold water upon him, an infallible test in every case of this kind, which developed hydrophobia in severe convulsions. He was immediately killed. It would be well for our farmers and others owning dogs to be on the alert for the development of this disease and to sacrifice their pets on the first manifestation of symptoms. For the benefit of sheep raisers and the balance of mankind, it would be an advantage if these symptoms wold develope themselves upon the canine species and the only cure administered.

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BY TELEGRAPH.

Expressly for the State Journal by the Western Union Telegraph Line.

WASHINGTON.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—The Senate met at 12 m.

Mr. Gordon introduced a bill to establish a competent and non-partisan revenue service. Referred.

Mr. Wright, from judiciary committee, reported a bill in relation to partition of real estate in the District of Columbia, and in relation to dowry in the District of Columbia. Both were amendments and they were placed on the calendar.

On motion of Mr. Hamlin, the House bill to amend a certain section of the postal code, was taken from the table and passed.

The regular order was demanded and the trial session was resumed.

Mr. Carpenter then proceeded to close the argument for the respondent. He opened with an allusion to the importance of the occasion, not only to the accused but to every man who ever held or who ever may hold Federal office.

On motion of Mr. Sherman, the court, at 2:15 p. m., took a recess for fifteen minutes.

After the recess Mr. Carpenter resumed his remarks. Having reviewed the evidence in the case, Mr. Carpenter next proposed to take up the points of law involved, when Mr. Frelinghuysen moved that the Senate adjourn. Refused.

Mr. Sherman moved a recess till half-past seven. Refused.

The court then, on motion of Mr. Thurman, adjourned at 4:15.

The Senate then resumed its legislative session.

Mr. Jones, of Nevada, from the committee on contingent expenses, reported a resolution to pay from the contingent fund of the Senate, the medical and funeral expenses of John T. King, whose death resulted from an explosion of gas at the capitol. Adopted.

Mr. Boutwell introduced a bill to amend sections 731 and 5,440 of the revised statutes. Referred.

Mr. Allison moved to proceed to the consideration of the river and harbor bill, on which the vote stood 23 to 7, no quorum voting.

Mr. Edmunds moved to adjourn.

Pending which Mr. Anthony moved that the hour of meeting be fixed at 12 o'clock to-morrow. Agreed to.

The Senate then adjourned.

House.

Mr. Hurlbut, of Illinois, from the committee on military affairs, reported back the bill offered yesterday to prohibit the sale of arms and ammunition to hostile Indians, and the same was passed.

On motion of Mr. Bland, of Missouri, the House resumed the consideration of the bill reported on Friday last from the committee on mines and mining, entitled an act to utilize the products of gold and silver mines.

Mr. Kasson, of Iowa, made the point of order that the bill involved an appropriation of money, and that it must therefore be considered first in the committee of the whole. While the bill did not make a direct appropriation there were provisions upon its face which would require expenditure of money, and it therefore comes within the rule which requires its first consideration in committee of the whole.

The Speaker, pro tem, Mr. Sailer, said he could not conceive that the bill made a direct appropriation of money, nor was it such a charge and tax upon the people as was contemplated by the rules of the House. The mere fact that the provisions of the bill might in an indirect way involve an appropriation or expenditure of money did not necessarily send the bill to the committee of the whole. The point of order was therefore overruled.

Mr. Kasson appealed from the decision of the chair, and the latter was sustained on a vote by tellers, by 120 yeas to 29 nays. The yeas and nays were then demanded and the chair was again sustained; yeas 158 nays 24.

The morning hour having expired the bill went over.

By consent bills were offered for reference as follows:

Mr. Boone, of Kentucky, a bill to reimburse B. K. Reynolds, rectifier of Covington, Kentucky, in the sum of $76,585 improperly assessed.

Mr. Riddle, of Tennessee, to provide for the issue of the silver dollar of legal tender value as it existed prior to the act of 1872.

Mr. Lemerine, of Illinois, to repeal the act authorizing the coinage of the twenty cent silver piece.

Mr. Buckner, of Missouri, to repeal portions of the act of July 12, 1867, for the support of the government of the District of Columbia.

The Speaker appointed Mr. Wells, of Missouri, a member of the Conference Committee on the military academy bill, in place of Mr. Hamilton, of New Jersey. He also appointed Mr. Stevenson, of Illinois, a member of the Committee on Territories in place of Mr. Mackey, of South Carolina, whose seat was recently declared vacant.

On motion of Mr. Whitthorn, of Tennessee, the reports of the majority and minority of the Naval Committee were ordered to be made. To-morrow and Friday next were assigned for their coasid_eration, six hours to be allowed for debate.

Mr. Seelye, of Massachusetts, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, reported a bill reserving 20,000 dollars from the money appropriated for the Cheyenne Indians to be invested for the use of Cathe rine and Sophie Germain, who were recaptured from the Cheyennes during the year. Passed.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of the contested election case of Platt vs. Goode, from the Second Virginia District. The majority of the committee, four Republicans and two Democrats, reported in favor of contestant, Platt. The minority reported in favor of Mr. Goode.

M. Brown, of Kansas, addressed the House in favor of the majority report.

Pending further consideration of the election case, Mr. Caulfield, of Illinois, by unanimous consent, presented the resolutions of the Board of Trade of Chicago, protesting against the action of Congress which resulted in the withdrawal of fast mail trains, asking Congress to enact such supplementary legislation as will continue the fast trains for the benefit of the business of the country. The resolutions were referred to the Committee on Post Office Affairs.

Mr. Lamar, of Mississippi, arose to a personal explanation. He said that he did not believe any one man so important that he could occupy the time of the House with his own personal matters, but the facts were changed when a whole people were attacked through their representative. An article appeared in the National Republican, of this city, yesterday, signed by one who claimed to be a Mississippian, in which a number of charges were made against him (Lamar), one of these was that in speeches made at Aberdeen, Scooba, and other places in Mississippi, in the last campaign, he had advocated the formation of White Leagues, and had tried to array the races against each other. Another charge was that he had apologized after his election as a Senator, for the eulogy he had pronounced upon the late Senator Sumner. It was a difficult thing to prove a negative, but he was fortunate in having a gentleman present who had heard his speech at Scooba, and he asked him to say what impression that speech left upon his mind, and whether he had said a word which could be construed as an attempt to array parties on the color line?

Mr. Singleton, of Mississippi, said he heard the speech delivered by Mr. Lamar at the time of the Democratic State convention at Jackson, and also at Scooba. At one place he spoke for three hours, and instead of advocating, he condemned the color line. His whole argument was against it.

Mr. Lamar said that after his speech at Aberdeen he received letters from both Republicans and Democrats who endorsed his speech at that place and who said he had denounced the White League. He had not that letter now before him, but he had a telegram from a representative of the county, which he had received, showing denunciation of the White League. He also had received a letter from Mr. Reuben Davis to the same effect, and that in speeches made at other points he opposed the race issue. With regard to the charge that he had apologized for the eulogy of Mr. Sumner, he had read an extract cut from a Republican paper, showing that in that speech he had endorsed every sentiment he had uttered in the Sumner eulogy instead of apologizing for it. He would now call upon his Republican colleague, Mr. Wells, to give his testimony as to his (Lamar's) speeches.

Mr. Wells said it gave him pleasure to bear testimony in favor of a political opponent. He heard Mr. Lamar's speech at Holly Springs and took notes then because he expected an allusion to the white line, and he had a very clear recollection that Mr. Lamar advised his auditors to lay aside all prejudices. He denounced the White Leagues, and hoped the government would be administered without reference to race or color.

Mr. Lamar said he would not have bothered the House with this matter if it had been purely personal, but as it had affected his constituents he wanted to have these explanations made.

The House then resumed the consideration of the Platt Goode contested case, but without disposing of it.

The House adjourned at 5:15 p. m.

It is reported that President Grant has indicated that if the Senate passes the disgraceful river and harbor bill he will veto it. This will be a practice of economy which log rolling Congressmen will hardly relish.

WEATHER.—For the South Atlantic and Gulf States areas of rain, with northwest to southwest winds, slowly rising temperature and stationary or a light rise in barometer.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 25.—Another series of great auction sales of dry goods for the purpose of settling the market, took place to-day Ten thousand packages of flannel blankets, tweeds, meltons and cottons, were sold by order of Parker, Milds & Co. Bidding was spirited, and prices obtained were about 7½ per cent higher than those realized at the last great sales.

A special from Chicago says Gen. Sheridan contradicts the report that he is to take command in person of troops in the field fighting the Sioux Indians; that so far as he knows nothing has transpired looking to any change of the programme.

A special to the Sun from Albany reports a conference on the gubernatorial question between a number of prominent Republicans yesterday, when Wm. M. Evarts was agreed upon as candidate to be advocated at the coming State Convention at Saratoga.

The Sun editorially favors the nomination of Mr. Evarts for Governor, and thinks if nominated he would be elected, but recommends that he should be run on the Democratic, instead of the Republican ticket.

The Herald on the New York Governorship indorses the suggestion that the Democrats nominate Manton Marble, late editor of the World.

Referring to the proposed impeachment of Robeson the Herald contends against the Democrats making any blunder. It says the evidence against him is of the gravest character. It is to his interest, if he is innocent, to have prompt inquiry, but if he is guilty, it is to the interest of the Republican party to have him tried and convicted, but there must be no half way position on the part of the Democrats, they must censure and impeach Robeson, or acquit him.

A special dispatch from London says silver bars are excited, and have advanced to fifty pence per ounce.

Four hundred and seventy immigrants arrived to-day.

The matter of rebuilding Castle Garden is not yet decided.

Nine hundred and ninety-seven deaths during the past week. Three hundred less than the week previous.

MICHIGAN.

DETROIT, July 25.—Peter Durass and Bernard McColley, while on a carouse, were both drowned in the river near this place.

Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

JULY 25.—Our market to-day is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary	8¼@8¼
Good Ordinary	9¼@—
Strict Good Ordinary	10 @—
Low Middling	10¼@—
Middling	11¼@—

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.

Bacon—C R Sides		12¼@	12½
" Shoulders		10 @	10¼
Bulk—C R Sides		11½@	11¾
" Shoulders		9 @	9¼
Plain Sugar-cured Hams		— @	—
Canv'sd " "		15½@	16
Lard—Choice, in tierces		13 @	13½
" " " ½ bbls		14 @	14¼
" " " kegs		14½@	15
" " " buckets		3 15 @	3 25
Sugar—Snow White		12 @	—
" W. C.		11½@	11¾
" Y. C.		11¼@	—
" Strictly Choice		11¼@	—
" Prime		10¾@	10¾
" Fair		10 @	10¼
Molasses—Choice		65 @	70
" Prime		50 @	55
" Fair		45 @	50
" Common		35 @	40
Coffee—Choice		23 @	—
" Prime		22 @	23½
" Fair		21 @	21¾
" Common		20 @	20¼
Rice—Choice		8 @	8½
" Prime		7 @	7½
" Fair		6½@	7
Flour—Fancy		8 00 @	8 50
" Choice		7 50 @	7 75
" Family		6 25 @	7 00
" Superfine		5 00 @	5 50
" Common		4 75 @	5 00
Tobacco		42 @	1 00
Whisky—Rectified		1 08 @	1 35
" Bottler Grades		1 60 @	3 50
Wines—Port and Sherry		1 25 @	2 00
" Claret		3 50 @	6 00
Brandies		1 25 @	2 50
" French		6 00 @	10 00
" Peach and Apple		2 00 @	3 50
Gin		1 40 @	2 25
" in cases		6 00 @	7 00
Beer in bottles, per doz		1 65 @	1 75
" in kegs		3 50 @	—
Cigars, per thousand		18 00 @	60 00
CANE GOODS—			
Oysters, 1 lb cans, per doz		90 @	1 00
" 2 " " "		1 75 @	2 00
Fresh Peaches, 2 lb cans, per doz		2 00 @	2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case		4 00 @	4 25
" Cherries, " "		4 25 @	4 50
Sardines, ¼ b'xs		16 00 @	16 50
Condensed Milk		11 00 @	12 00
Yeast Powders, per doz		1 50 @	2 10
Pickles, gal's, "		5 00 @	6 00
" ½ " "		3 75 @	4 50
" ¼ " "		2 50 @	3 00
" ⅛ " "		1 50 @	2 00
Soda, in kegs, " lb		5½@	6
" b'xs, "		6½@	7¼
Potash, " doz		5 50 @	6 50
Candles, full weight, per lb		16½@	17¼
Soaps, " "		6 @	7½
Starch, " "		5½@	6¼
Salt, Liverpool, per sack		1 35 @	1 40
" Fine Liverpool		2 00 @	—
" Virginia, " "		2 10 @	2 25
Drop Shot		2 50 @	—
Buck Shot		2 75 @	—
Powder, " keg		5 75 @	6 25
Nails, standard rate, per keg		3 50 @	—
Snuff—Maccaboy, Lorillard's		80 @	—
" Miller's		75 @	—
" Gail & Ax		70 @	—
" Scotch, per gross		9 00 @	—
" Garrett's, per doz		4 75 @	—
Ink, per case		1 50 @	—
Mustard, per dozen		1 25 @	2 00
Ground Spices		1 00 @	1 25
" Pepper		1 00 @	1 25
" Ginger		1 00 @	1 25
" Allspice		1 00 @	1 25
" Cloves		1 00 @	1 25
" Cinnamon		1 50 @	—
Percussion Caps		65 @	86
G. D. Caps		45 @	—
Toilet Soaps, box		1 75 @	2 25
Shaving, box		50 @	1 00
" Tobacco		50 @	60
Tea		75 @	1 25
Wampoo Bitters		6 50 @	—
Diamond Gin		7 50 @	—
Plantation Bitters		8 50 @	—
Hostetter's Bitters		8 50 @	—
Rhine Wines		8 00 @	12 50
Wrapping Paper, Large		75 @	—
" D C		65 @	—
" Medium		50 @	—
" Small		40 @	—
Nutmegs		1 50 @	—
Brooms		2 25 @	3 50

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, July 25.—Money closed at 1¼ @2. Gold 111¾. Stocks firmer.

COTTON.

Spot cotton to-day closed easier: Middling Orleans 11¾c; middling Alabama, 11 13-16c; middling upland, 11¾c; strict low middling upland, 11¾; low middling upland, 11 1-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10¾c; good ordinary upland, 9 15- 6c; ordinary upland, 8 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed weak; sales 7,600 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 25-32@11 15-32
August	11 2 -32@
September	11 7-16@11 15-32
October	11 9-32@
November	11 25-32@11 11-16
December	11 7 32@11 11-16

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 25.—Cotton steady; middling uplands 8, 5 7-8d; middling Orleans, 6d; sales to-day 8,000 bales, of which 2000 bales are for export and speculation; receipts —— bales, American —— bales.

SAVANNAH, July 25. Receipts 57, gross 2, exports to Great Britain —; sales 2; stock 1,-4 3c; price of middlings, 10¾c; market quiet.

WILMINGTON, July 25—Net receipts ; sales —; stock 376; price of middlings 10¾c; market steady.

MOBILE, July 25.—Net receipts 8; exports o Great Britain ——, coast 268; sales 250; stock 9,450; price of middlings 10¾c, low middlings 9¾c, good ordinary 8¼c; market weak.

NORFOLK, July 25.—Net receipts 9; sales —; stock 2,290; price of middlings 11—c; market quiet.

BALTIMORE, July 25.—Net receipts 4, sales 50; stock 5,709; price of middlings 11⅝c; market dull.

NEW ORLEANS, July 25.—Net receipts 144, gross 171; exports to Great Britain 11 3c; coast —; sales 500; stock 92,284 price of middlings 11¼c, low middlings 10¾c, good

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 5, 1876.

The Montgomery Advertiser.

[Tuscumbia Times.]

The Montgomery Advertiser of the 11th inst., in an article intended as a reply to our editorial of the 4th inst ,on the "Revenue Law," says that our article abounded in errors, and, summing up, denies that a caucus was ever held in regard to the construction of the tax law; and states that "the Attorney General has given opinions concerning the construction of the revenue law only to the Auditor, who is a leading Republican." And further it says: "The Attorney General is not authorized to give an official opinion upon any question of law, except upon the application of an officer of the executive department of the State government. And his opinion, given to any other persons under any other circumstances, has no official character at all." As the Advertiser says that our statements are incorrect, we presume the editor will with pleasure answer for the benefit of *truth* a few questions, and let the people determine between the Advertiser and the Times. We do not wish to deceive the people, and believing that a great wrong has been done them by the Houston administration, we have the interests of the public so much at heart that we denounce the wrong, even if in so doing we call down upon our head the anathemas of the Bourbon Houston press, and at their dictation may be (?) "ostracised from respectable white society," notwithstanding we may be as good a Democrat as lives in the State of Alabama. Now for the questions:

First—Will the Advertiser deny that a meeting was held in Selma at which the provisions of the revenue law were denounced; and that afterward delegates from said Selma meeting went to Montgomery and expressed to Gov. Houston and Attorney General Sanford the indignation of the citizens of Selma who were in the meeting at the income provision of the revenue law?

Second—Will the Advertiser deny that Governor Houston held consultation with Attorney General Sanford in reference to the sentiment of the people as expressed at that meeting, and that Governor Houston insisted that the Attorney General should issue his pronunciamento, declaring that the words "gains, incomes and profits," as found in section 6, chapter 3, of the revenue law, were meaningless, mere blanks, and only put into the law to make the words "all salaries" in the same section and chapter of same law mean "only the salaries of State officers?"

Third—Does the editor of the Advertiser believe for one moment that the words "upon all salaries, gains, incomes and profits for the preceding year," which is section 6, chapter 3, of revenue law, applied or was intended to apply "only to the incomes of salaried officers," as determined and proclaimed by the Attorney General after holding of the caucus or meeting above herein referred to?

Fifth—Does the editor of the Advertiser believe that there is a lawyer in the State of Alabama who would risk his professional reputation by agreeing with the Attorney General in his published opinion as to the meaning of section 6, chapter 3, of revenue law?

Sixth—Why do you, in closing your statement that the Attorney General has given opinion concerning the construction of the revenue law only to the Auditor, you say "who is a Republican?" What was the use or object in referring to the politics of the Auditor? Is it possible that the Houston party and papers, in defending his administration have got themselves in such a fix as to compel them to appeal to a Republican Auditor (always giving the color of his politics) to help them out? Oh, these times! Oh, these ways!

Seventh—Paragraph 9 of sections 7, chapter 9, of the revenue law, reads as follows: "For drummers, commercial travelers or agents who sell goods, wares or merchandise by samples, fifty dollars. The payment of this tax to the State, evidenced by the receipt of any Probate Judge, shall exempt from payment of *this* license in any other county." Section 8, chapter 9, reads as follows: "Be it further enacted, That the courts of County Commissioners are hereby authorized to add to the price of licenses, for county purposes, such sums as they may designate, not to exceed fifty per centum on the State licenses, except as herein otherwise provided." Observe that the fifty dollars drummer tax is a State tax, and the provision of the law in section 8 of chapter 9 is for county tax, and the provisions that this (State) tax shall not be paid but once does not refer to the county tax. Now on the margin of the revenue law we find the words opposite section 9 of chapter 9, "exempt from county tax." Will the Advertiser tell us who authorised the putting of those words in the book?

If the Advertiser answers the foregoing questions promptly and not evasively, and we are unable to prove what we have stated as to the caucus, we will then explain. If the Advertiser fails to answer, then let the people decide that it is incorrect, and not us.

Fashions.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTES.

Thick pearl buttons are used on linen dresses.

Extreme beauty is said to be expressionless.

Scarcely one lady in fifty wears kid gloves this hot season.

Autograph visiting cards are just as fashionable as those engraved.

Beaded garments, it is said, are likely to be brought into style again.

A bridal veil is only worn with a wedding dress when the latter is white.

Parisian styles give us nothing but slippers to wear with evening dresses.

Sleeveless jackets are made of alternate rows of black velvet and black lace.

A preference is shown for box pliats as trimming for silk costumes.

Fashionable umbrellas and parasols have ivory handles.

Ladies wear linen dusters on shopping excursions.

Smyrna lace is gradually taking the lead over thick laces for trimming.

"Dog collars" of silver links, or of black velvet ornamented with silver and gold, are in high favor.

White lisle thread gloves are fashionable and very serviceable, as when soiled they may be easily laundried.

Very pretty dresses for morning wear at watering places are of white pique, trimmed with Hamburg embroidery.

Black and white satin ribbons were used on a stylish summer costume of cream white cashmere and black velvet.

The hair is worn in two braids, twisted together and turned up in the back, with crimps or "beau cathers" in front.

A frame work which fits into an ordinary traveling bag has been invented to hold flowers and fruit without crushing them, and is very convenient in making trips to and from the country.

TILDEN has but one good eye He lost the sight of the other one winking at the sins of his old partner Tweed.

Address of Hon. N. Woodruff.

SELMA, ALA., July 22d, 1876.

To the People of Alabama:

I consult neither my inclinations nor my interests in consenting, as I reluctantly do, in obedience to what appears to be the call of duty, and upon the repeated solicitations of many prominent and patriotic citizens of all parties to become a candidate for Governor of Alabama.

As a business man and planter, I have been identified with political affairs only so far as has been necessary in the discharge of the duties of simple citizenship; but I have never failed in those duties, which I have always performed to the best of my judgment, and with reference only to the public good.

I have never sought distinction or expected preferment, and, except when called to the place I now hold by the free suffrages of my fellow townsmen, of all parties, who know me best and of whose confidence and appreciation I am very proud, I have never held office.

Now that political independence appears necessary to rescue the administration of public affairs from the control of professional politicians and the domination of cliques and rings intent only on the gratification of their own aspirations and the promotion of their own interests, I accept after long hesitation and unfeigned reluctance the position of honor and responsibility to which the partiality of the Independents of the State calls me.

In what I thought the interests of good government, in the cause of retrenchment and reform, I, two years ago, gave to Gov. Houston, then a candidate for the office he now holds, an earnest and cordial support. From his election I hoped for the most beneficial results to the people of Alabama. "The word of promise to the ear has been broken to the hope." The pledges upon which the State was carried by the Democracy in 1874 have not been realized. Taxation has not been lessened. Expenses of administration have not been adequately reduced. The school system of the State has been crippled and seriously impaired in its essential usefulness Extravagant compensation has been given to commissioners unnecessarily appointed to adjust the public debt. Fraudulent claims against the State, amounting to millions of dollars, ultimately to come out of the peoples' pockets have been directly or indirectly recognized as valid and compromised. Local government of several counties has been taken from the people of those counties and vested practically in the Governor. New and unnecessary offices have been created and filled by the favorites of the ring politicians, and an unequal, unjust and oppressive revenue law bearing with special hardship on the poorer classes has been enacted. The man who approved and consented to all these offenses of omission and commission has been nominated for re-election by the Democratic leaders, against the unavailing protests of thousands of the rank and file of the party. His re-election would amount to an endorsement by the people of these transgressions. Under these circumstances the Independent sentiment of the State has called for an Independent candidate, and the representatives of that sentiment have pressed upon me a duty I would gladly avoid, but do not feel at liberty to decline.

If I should be elected Governor of Alabama I shall try to perform the duties of the gubernatorial office on strict business principles, economising and retrenching wherever possible in the expenditure of the people's money, and by lessening the cost of administration, seeking to make a material reduction of taxation possible. If called to this high office I shall endeavor to discharge the important trust committed to me in such a manner as to promote the good of the whole people, knowing no party or class and withholding from no man his due.

Economy, retrenchment and reform, decreased expenditures and reduced taxation, adequate support of the free public schools, and fidelity in all the branches of the Executive Department will be the ends I shall keep constantly in view, and to the attainment of these ends I shall use all the power and all the influence of the office.

Hoping the issue of the election will redound to the peace and prosperity of all the people of Alabama.

I am very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
N. WOODRUFF.

ADDRESS.

ROOMS OF THE REPUBLICAN STATE EX. COMMITTEE OF ALABAMA,
Montgomery, July 19, 1876.

To the Republicans of Alabama: Widespread dissatisfaction with the results of a tyrannical caucus rule in the Democratic party, has found expression in the nomination of gentlemen for State officers on an Independent ticket.

Recognizing the great improbability that the Republican candidates could be elected, in the present divided condition of the party, we have decided to withdraw the nominations for State officers, made by the Republican convention of May 24th, and to ask the Republicans of Alabama to give to the Independent ticket an earnest and hearty support.

While we regret that an unselfish regard for the welfare of the people dictates this course, we at the same time find reason to be gratified that the opportunity is presented to the Republicans of Alabama to rise above all meaner considerations, and heartily co-operate in fostering the spirit of manly independence, which promises so much for the future prosperity of the State.

The gentlemen upon the Independent ticket are not Republicans; yet as the result of their election many things which the Republicans desire, may be confidently expected. We shall look to them for an honest and economical administration of public affairs, moderate and equable taxation and ample provision for the education of our children. It needs no argument to prove that none of these great benefits can be expected, as long as the machinery-bound, caucus-ridden Democratic party, continues in power. It is plain that the unfortunate division among the Republicans renders it impossible for them to achieve victory at the polls, and thus give to the people just, wise and liberal government. The only true course remaining then, is for the Republicans to assist the citizens of the State, outside of their party, in their noble effort to lift from the shoulders of the people, the load of oppression under which they are laboring.

It is not strange that Alabama's sons, in the Centennial anniversary of the great Declaration, should be inspired by the spirit of our fathers. They have declared their determination to be free from the tyranny of a party, more unendurable than was the tyranny of a king. The Republicans of Alabama, appreciating the greatness of the work they have undertaken, can and will support them with enthusiastic unanimity.

To the gentlemen whose names appear on the ticket, which we have withdrawn, we tender the assurance that their firm and constant devotion, their faithful and valuable services have secured the lasting gratitude of their fellow Republicans.

CHAS. E. MAYER, Chairman.
GEO. TURNER, Secretary.

PLATFORM
—OF THE—
REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections State and Federal, announce as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men as the fundamental principle of our government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperiling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the cordial recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing intolerance, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and action, in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and antipathies, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the States and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one as indestructible, the other as indissoluble.

5th. The preservation and maintainance of the Republican party in the Southern States, as a safeguard against sectionalism, and the strongest guaranty of an inviolate union.

Resolved 1st, That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has carried the nation through a period of unprecedented difficulties and trials with safety and success, and has won for the President a renown as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd, That we deplore the divisions in our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies, and that now, as in the past, we are ready and desirous of healing these divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse to its energies or hope to its future, since the war, and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

ALEX WHITE, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 15th, 1876.)

When, in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved these governments in the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed." Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously enforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitutional amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts of its purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin. Commercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and enforce that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the many important amendments effected by Republican Legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congress to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who periled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We therefore note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts as its chief hope of success on the electoral vote of a united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation; we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil the national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason; with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes; with reasserting and applauding in the National Capitol the sentiments of unrepentant rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon two overshadowing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan mismanagement and obstruction of investigation; with proving itself, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and immense services in war and in peace.

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The South and the Republican Party.

[From the N. Y. Times, July 21.]

The South proclaims that its paramount object in the Presidential campaign is the promotion of its own interests. So far as the old rebel element is concerned, its preference for the Democratic nominations is natural enough. They represent the Jeffersonian doctrine of State rights, on which the secession movement was based, and their election would be tantamount to the stoppage of the policy which saved the Union and adapted the Constitution to the order of things resulting from the war. The Toombses of the South comprehend too well the affiliations that connect them with the Democracy, its traditions, its leaders, and its unavowed but unmistakable purposes; and they were quite ready to accept any ticket which the St. Louis Convention might have nominated. They know that Democratic discipline subordinates the candidate to the party, and that the great body of its members may be relied upon, when the opportunity occurs, to put into practice the essential doctrine of the Blair-Brodhead letter, and as far as possible to frustrate the objects of the constitutional amendments, whose validity they for the moment pretend to concede. For these reasons, the Southern extremists are so decidedly, and withal, so consistently, arrayed on the Democratic side that nothing can be gained by attempting to open an argument with them. If they are worth watching at all, it is that the country may not be allowed to forget the spirit that animates them or the ends they have in view, and that the professions of the Democratic party may be interpreted in the light which their tactics afford.

It would be a mistake, however, to conclude that the whole white population of the South is represented by the ultraists of whom Toombs and Hill and the Augusta Rutlers are the type. They were a minority in 1860-1; they are a minority now. They carried the secession ordinances by sheer force of bullying and intimidation and fraud; and they are enabled now to command the white vote simply because the moderate men, who are numerically the majority, allow themselves to be dragooned into obedience to the behests of the Democratic leaders. Grant, if you please, that a large proportion of the rank and file of the party at the South has been so misled by the lies and misrepresentations of the leaders that they have learned to look upon the North generally, and upon the Republican organization particularly, as hostile to their rights and welfare. Still, the fact remains that the moderation and intelligence of the South, of which the old Whigs are the fairest exemplars, have no family sympathy with the plans of the extremists, and are violently coerced into an alliance with them by affront and pressure of appeals to Southern pride and prejudice. They were thus driven into a secession platform years ago. And the chiefs of social and business proscription tends to keep them in union with the Democracy, to make them tributary to its personal designs.

The hope of the South really lies in the self-emancipation of these old Whigs, and the moderate sons of the old Whig fathers from the bondage which the passions of war-time and the animosities it has bequeathed, together with the merely comfortable considerations of social life, have imposed upon them. Emancipated the latter doubtless would naturally, in their sometimes return home to roost. The other classes to whom we have referred are in being too plain, rather than in being sophisticatedly cool, for the tactics they cannot look with indifference upon the tendencies of parties with the ascendency of which they cannot avoid associations of peace, and they can scarcely fail to perceive that their only resource in regaining their influence is to participate in the movements of the great party whose success would be the signal for reopening bygone quarrels and reviving strife which should be regarded as ended. They know that the antagonism of race is a more perilous than the antagonism of sections, and they are relied upon to sustain a party which draws a broad line between white and black, and aims at putting the latter back into a state of subjection which, politically considered, differs little in effect from slavery. All these are considerations that must force themselves upon those of the Southern leaders who are less eager for partisan victories than for material prosperity, and who are wearied of the senseless conflicts which keep the interests of the South apart from those of the country. To these men the letters of Messrs. Hayes and Wheeler convey a message that will probably not be altogether unheeded. That the wise and conciliatory words of Mr. Hayes have awakened misgiving in the minds of the fire-eaters, the comments of certain Southern journals sufficiently prove. The appeals to the old Whigs which editorially and in the form of letters, are appearing in several of the States, and notably in Tennessee, indicate the presence of undercurrents of opinion favorable to the Republican nominations. There would be no necessity for enumerating the official positions accorded to old Whigs, or for laboured efforts to demonstrate that Whig traditions are nearer to Democracy than to Republicanism, if there were no forces at work to disintegrate what for electioneering purposes has for ten years past ranked as the Democratic party. And the wedge introduced by Mr. Hayes will be driven further by the letter of Mr. Wheeler.

The game of the Southern Democrats has been to fix upon the Republican party as a whole the full measure of responsibility for all that has happened in the South since the era of reconstruction began. Neither truth nor expediency would be served by denying or attempting to explain away the painful facts which during this period stand conspicuous in Southern history. The harshness which attended the early stages of reconstruction is as undeniable as are the scandals which a misuse of Federal patronage have more recently occasioned. The blame, however, has not been confined to one quarter. Thaddeus Stevens would have been much less powerful had not the criminal folly of ex-Confederate leaders played directly into his hands. The influences of men like Spencer would never have existed but for that unhappy division of races which proceeded inevitably from Democratic tactics. The carpet-baggers on one side have been made possible by the demagogues on the other. Moreover, the broad and conciliatory views to which Messrs. Hayes and Wheeler give formal expression have never lacked exponents within the Republican party. Lincoln's magnanimity the party that furnished his murderers now applauds, and the ideas which ennobled his disposition toward the South happily did not perish with him. The main hindrances to their application since 1864 have come from the Democratic party and from the Southern whites themselves. The Augusta ruffians, who were ready at a moment's notice to shoot down South Carolina negroes for standing upon their legal rights, have had their counterparts in Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana, as well as in other parts of Georgia; and their murderous violence has embarrassed Republican advocates of reconciliation and helped to thwart their friendly plans. The desire to obliterate sectional animosities has remained nevertheless. The policy that would know no North, no South, no black or white, in the administration of Federal affairs, outlives calumnies and abuses, and once more calls upon the South for its discriminating judgment. Of this policy the nomination of Hayes and Wheeler is an embodiment, and the tone of their responses should not be lost upon the moderate men of the South.

Organdy muslins dotted with small sprigs and figures are worn again.

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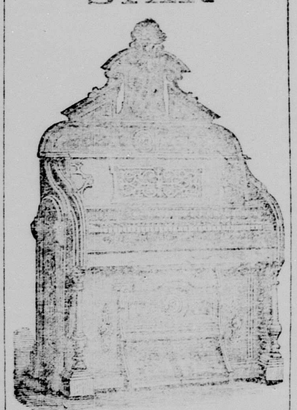
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Atlanta	.....	10 25 P M
East Point	10 46	10 45
Red Oak	11 00	11 06
Fairburn	11 24	11 25
Palmetto	11 41	11 42
Powell's	12 05	12 05 A M
Newnan	12 20	12 21
Puckett's	12 36	12 41
Grantville	12 56	12 57
Hogansville	1 17	1 18
Whitfield's	1 44	1 45
LaGrange	2 04	2 05
Long Cane	2 21	2 22
West Point	2 50	.....

Passenger Train—North.

West Point	.....	12 15 P M
Long Cane	12 31	12 32
LaGrange	12 57	12 58
Whitfield	1 16	1 17
Hogansville	1 36	1 37
Grantville	1 52	1 53
Puckett's	2 08	2 09
Newnan	2 24	2 25
Powell's	2 40	2 41
Palmetto	3 01	3 02
Fairburn	3 17	3 18
Red Oak	3 35	3 36
East Point	3 52	3 53
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DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 26, 1876.

HARVEST SONG.

O thanks for the bountiful harvest,
And thanks for the joy that it brings;
The last vest of hay from the meadows,
Where the bobolink chee rily sings.

O thanks for the corn, bright and golden,
And thanks for the wheat and the grain;
For the bountiful, bountiful harvest,
That add to the harvester's gain.

We rejoice in the fruits of the season,
For the apple, the peach and the pear,
And the hosts of wild plums and berries
That grow without culture and care.

We've love for the ripe, rich pumpkin,
And 'tis a love that seldom dies,
Put the love is many times stronger
For our mother's good pumpkin pies.

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As well as for the Irish kind,
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'Tis a fact—and none will deny it—
That much of our living is bread;
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I do like that how is would be dead.

O thanks for the bountiful harvest,
And thanks for the joy that it brings;
We rejoice in the gifts of Nature,
Whence much of our happiness springs.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions therefor, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable services they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

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THOS. P. PORTER, ex-Gov. of Kentucky, General Manager.
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One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
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One Grand Cash Gift		10,000
One Grand Cash Gift		5,000
50 Cash Gifts of	$1,000 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	500 each	50,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200 each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts of	300 each	30,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200 each	40,000
600 Cash Gifts of	100 each	60,000
1,000 Cash Gifts of	12 each	12,000
Total 3,150 Gifts, All Cash		600,000

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"Kennesaw Route."
The following schedule takes effect June 5th, 1876:

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Leave Atlanta	4.10 p. m.	7.00 a. m.	5.55 p. m
Ar. Cartersville	6.14 p. m.	9.22 a. m.	8.41 p. m
Ar. Kingston	6.44 p. m.	9.56 a. m.	9.17 p. m
Ar. Dalton	8.4 p. m.	11.34 a. m.	11.35 p. m
Ar. Chattanooga	10.25 p. m.	1.50 p. m.	

SOUTHWARD.	No. 2.	No. 4.	No. 12.
Leave Chattanooga	4.00 p. m.	5.00 a. m.	
Ar. Dalton	5.41 p. m.	7.01 a. m.	1.00 a m
Ar. Kingston	7.38 p. m.	9.07 a. m.	4.19 a m
Ar. Cartersville	8.22 p. m.	9.42 a. m.	5.18 a m
Ar. Atlanta	10.15 p. m.	12.06 n.	9.30 a m

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 1 and 2, between New Orleans and Baltimore.
Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 1 and 4, between Atlanta and Nashville.
Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 3 and 2, between Louisville and Atlanta.
No exchange of cars between New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Atlanta and Baltimore, and Philadelphia or New York.
Passengers leaving Atlanta at 4.10 p. m. arrive in New York the second afternoon thereafter at 4.15 p. m.
Excursion tickets to the Virginia Springs and various summer resorts will be on sale in New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, Macon, Savannah, Augusta and Atlanta, at greatly reduced rates 1st of June.
Parties desiring a whole car through to the Virginia Springs or to Baltimore, should address the undersigned.
Parties contemplating traveling should send for a copy of KENNESAW ROUTE GAZETTE, containing schedules, etc.
Ask for tickets via "Kennesaw Route."
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PARLOR ORGANS.
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"Daniel F. Beatty, the organ builder, of Washington, N. J., presses forward with greatest vigor."
From Wm. Peel, Niagara Falls, N. Y.
"Several months use of the elegant Parlor Organ you sent me, satisfies me that it is one of the best made. It has a rich tone; its various tones are very pleasant. I most heartily recommend your organs for parlor, school, church or other use."
Best offer ever given. Money refunded upon return of organ and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory, after a trial of five days. Organ warranted for five years. Send for extended price list of testimonials before buying a parlor organ. Address,
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4.	Diarrhœa, of Children or Adults,	50
5.	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic,	50
6.	Cholera-Morbus, Vomiting,	50
7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,	50
8.	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache,	50
9.	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo,	50
10.	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach,	50
11.	Suppressed, or Painful Periods,	50
12.	Whites, too Profuse Periods,	50
13.	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	50
14.	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	50
15.	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains,	50
16.	Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Agues,	50
17.	Piles, Blind or Bleeding,	50
18.	Ophthalmy, and Sore or Weak Eyes,	50
19.	Catarrh, Acute or Chronic Influenza,	50
20.	Whooping-Cough, Violent Coughs,	50
21.	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing,	50
22.	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing,	50
23.	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swellings,	50
24.	General Debility, Physical Weakness,	50
25.	Dropsy and Scanty Secretions,	50
26.	Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding,	50
27.	Kidney-Disease, Gravel,	50
28.	Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness,	1 00
29.	Sore Mouth, Canker,	50
30.	Urinary Weakness, Wetting the Bed,	50
31.	Painful Periods, with Spasms,	1 00
32.	Sufferings at Change of Life,	1 00
33.	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	1 00
34.	Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat,	50
35.	Chronic Congestions and Eruptions,	50

FAMILY CASES.
Case (Morocco) with above 35 large vials and Manual of Directions, $10 00
Case (Morocco) of 20 large vials and Book, 6 00
Case of These remedies are sent by the case or single vial to any part of the country, free of charge, on receipt of price. Address
Humphreys' Specific Homœopathic Medicine Co.,
Office and Depot, No. 562 Broadway, New York.
For Sale by all Druggists.

DR. RICE,
No. 37 Court Place,
LOUISVILLE, KY
A regularly educated and legally qualified physician, and the most successful, as his practice well proves. Cures all forms of Private, Chronic and Sexual Diseases. Spermatorrhœa and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth or sexual excesses in mature years or other causes, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, etc., rendering marriage unhappy or improper, are thoroughly and permanently cured. Syphilis positively cured and entirely eradicated from the system. Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Piles and all other Private Diseases quickly cured. Patients treated by mail or express. Consultation free and invited, charges reasonable, and correspondence strictly confidential.
A Pamphlet Circular of 16 pages, sent to any address (securely sealed) for thirty (30) cents. Should be read by all. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 8 p.m., Sundays 2 to 4 p. m.
8-31-&w12m

THE GREAT
English Remedy.
The Cordial Balm of Syricum and Tonic Pills.
Nervous Debility,
However obscure the causes may be which contribute to render us vous, debility a disease so prevalent, affecting, as it does, one-half of our adult population, it is a melancholy fact, that day by day, and year by year, we witness a most frightful increase of nervous affections from the slightest neuralgia to the more grave and extreme forms of
NERVOUS PROSTRATION.
It is of the highest importance, then, that individuals should be able to judge for themselves by their own feelings, whether or not they are attacked by this insidious enemy to health, comfort and even life itself, it left to run its course unchecked, by the early and prompt application of curative remedies.
Newarna, Nov. 6, 1874.
Dr. Lorenger: Will you have the goodness to send me a further supply of Balm of Syricum and Tonic Pills, as I am nearly out? I have now been taking it about one month, and have every reason to be satisfied with its effects. You know that I commenced taking it with a great deal of stout about it having any good, as I had so long been accustomed to the use of opium. I thought that nothing short of the drug itself could ever satisfy me; but, on the recommendation of a friend I left off continue the opium, and my only hope was that your medicine would furnish merely an antidote to its injurious effects. I never for a moment dreamed that the Cordial Balm was to be anything like a cure. There is no special desire for it now. When I left it off I used to take the Syricum I felt nervous for the medicine soon after a few days the longing for opium began to grow less and less. Sometimes I have fits of dizziness and weakness and a desire to yawn, but I try to call the afternoon visions of opium—but I could always find help and strength to overcome the temptation by taking a couple of doses of the Cordial Balm.
Gratefully yours, N. GREGORY.
WHOLESALE AGENTS.
John F. Henry & Co., New York City.
Weeks & Potter, Boston, Mass.
G. L. Chadbourn & Co., Providence R. I.
Sessions, Hartford, Ct.
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If your Druggists not keep it ask them and they will get it for you from any of the above wholesale druggists.
DR. G. EDGAR LOTHROP, Proprietor, may be confidentially consulted by mail or otherwise, free of charge, at his office, No. 145 Court street, Boston Mass.
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To the Working Class.—We can furnish you employment at which you can make large pay, in your own locality. Capital not being away from home overnight. Agents wanted in every town and county to take subscribers for The Centennial Record, the largest, cheapest and best illustrated family paper—16 large, 64 columns; Elegantly Illustrated; Terms only $1 per year. The Record devoted to whatever is of interest connected with the centennial year and the Great Exhibition at Philadelphia, fully illustrated in detail. Everybody wants it. The whole people feel great interest in their Country's Centennial Birthday, and want to know all about it. An elegant patriotic engraving drawing premium picture is presented free to each subscriber. It is entitled, "In remembrance of the One Hundredth Anniversary of the Independence of the United States" Size, 25 by 30 inches. Any one can become a successful agent, for but show the paper and picture and hundreds of subscribers are easily obtained everywhere. There is no business that will pay like this at present. We have many agents who are making as high as $20 per day and upwards. Now is the time; don't delay. Remember it costs nothing to give it a thorough trial. Send for our circulars, terms, and sample copy of paper, which are sent free to all who apply; do it to-day. Complete outfit free to those who decide to engage. Farmers and mechanics, and their sons and daughters making the very best of agents. Address
THE CENTENNIAL RECORD, Portland, Me. 6-30wnm

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PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY,
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Only One Dollar Per Year.
Bright, Cheerful, progressive, always up to the advancing thoughts of the times, the HERALD takes rank with the leading journals of the day. It is on the side of Christianity.
THE HERALD is devoted to the family circle. It contains original and selected stories, wit, humor, etc. Every family in the land should subscribe for it. Its low price—only one dollar—places it in the reach of the poorest in the land. We pay all postage.
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The Polkton (N. C.) Anconian says: The Herald is one of the neatest papers in the State.
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The Herald is a first-class family paper, having some of the ablest writers in North Carolina attached to its staff. There is not a dull line in it. It makes one laugh for a week—enough to keep you jolly until the next comes.—Rockmart (Ga.) News
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$25 a day guaranteed using our Well Auger and Drills. $100 a month paid to good agents. Augur book free. Jil Augur Co., St. Louis, Mo.
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J. W. SEATON & CO.,
Manufacturing Chemists,
NOS. 40 & 42 FIFTH STREET.
(Formerly Dr. John Bull's Laboratory.)
Louisville, - - - - Kentucky.
Ask your attention to the following
Personal Announcement, List o Specialties, Prices, Offers, Etc.,
Druggists, Grocers and General Dealers Double your Trade.
PERSONAL AND EXPLANATORY.
For many years our HURLEY'S POPULAR WORM CANDY was the favorite and most largely sold in the entire South and West.
A few years ag we bought in New York Santonin, bearing the name of the great chemist of Germany, whose make had always been purest, this was used in making Worm Candy, a lot of 200 gross. After sales of the Candy were made, complaints came thas it "wet down and ran together." Upon investigation we found that a fraud had been practiced upon us; the Santonin label being counterfeited, and the Santonin adulterated with chlorate of potash. We called in all the Candy we could hear of, replacing it with good. If you have any, we will gladly replace yours, and we make this appeal to your sense of just ce, not to let the rascality of another injure our good name. We ask a renewal of your confidence in Hurley's Worm Candy, guaranteeing that only PURE and TESTED material is used in its preparation, and with proper care it will keep in any climate.
J. W. SEATON & CO. Louisville, Ky.,
Sole manufacturers and proprietors of the following:

	Per doz.	Per Gross.
Walker's Rheumatic Cure	$12 00	$100 50
Hurley's Com. Syrup Sarsaparilla, with or without Iod. Potash	7 75	7 50
Hurley's Ague Tonic	7 00	6 50
Hurley's Popular Worm Candy	1 35	14 25
Hurley's Stomach Bitters	7 25	7 00
Seabrook's Infant Soothing Syrup	1 00	16 00
Seabrook's Elix. Pyrophos. Lon and Calasaya	7 50	7 00
Bettison's English Horse Liniment	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Horse Condition Powder	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Chicken Cholera Powder	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Hog Cholera Powder	3 00	30 00
S. & Co.'s Extract Jamaica Ginger, 2 oz.	1 75	18 00
S. & Co.'s Compound Syrup Lapulumber	3 50	37 50
S. & Co.'s Jackson's Pectoral Syrup	3 50	37 50
S. & Co.'s Magic Kid Glove Cleaner	1 75	18 00
S. & Co.'s Oriental Pearl Drops, white or pink	3 00	30 00

CHEMICAL WRITING FLUID

1 oz, 4 doz in box, per doz	$ 50
2 oz, 4 doz in box, per doz	60
4 oz, 2 doz in box, per doz	1 10
½ pint, 1 doz in box, per doz	2 50
1 pint, 1 doz in box, per doz	4 00
1 quart, 1 dozen in box, per doz	6 00
1 pt copying 1 doz in box, per doz	4 50
1 qt copying, 1 doz in box, per doz	7 00
2 oz, Black Ink; 4 doz in box, per doz	40
4 oz, Black Ink, 2 doz in box, per doz	70

CARMINES.

2 oz Cork, 1 dozen in box	$1 25
4 oz Cork, 1 dozen in box	2 50
2 oz Glass Stopper, 1 dozen in box	2 50
4 oz Glass Stopper, 1 dozen in box	3 50

MUCILAGE.

4 oz, 1 dozen in box	1 25
8 oz, 1 dozen in box	2 50

DISCOUNT ON INK AND MUCILAGE.
$20, 5 per cent; $40, 10 per cent; $60, 15 per cent; $80, 20 per cent; $100, 25 per cent.
HOME BAKING POWDER.

¼ pound Cans	$1 60	$18 00
½ pound Cans	3 00	30 00
1 pound Cans	5 25	60 00

5, 10, 25 and 50 pound Cans, 50 cents per pound. No charge for packages
LIQUID WASH BLUE.

2 ounce, 6 dozen in box	$ 35	$ 3 60
4 ounce, 4 dozen in box	60	5 40
6 ounce, 3 dozen in box	75	8 00
8 ounce, 2 dozen in box	90	10 00
12 ounce, 1 dozen in box	1 10	12 00

All accounts due in 30 days. Discount to Jobbers only, as per card. All goods shipped at purchaser's risk, unless ordered to insure.
OFFERS, &C.
$10,000 REWARD for a case of Chills and Fever, or Ague and Fever, that HURLEY'S AGUE TONIC will not cure.
WALKER'S RHEUMATIC CURE guaranteed to relieve the most obstinate cases of Rheumatism if persistently taken.
Convalescents warranted rapid recovery by use of SEABROOK'S ELIXIR BARK AND IRON. Corrects female irregularities.
The most reliable SOOTHING SYRUP is SEABROOK'S. Safely, sweetly quiets the little ones—never stupifies or fatally affects, as a popular syrup is stated to have done.
Physicians recommend SEATON & CO.'S LIQUID AMBER for Dysenterry, Diarrhea, and Summer Complaints. Aids digestion.
An English Farrier made, and the veteran veterinarian, Dr. Bettison, improved our ENGLISH HORSE LINIMENT. Best for all sk in diseases or old sores on man, horse or cattle.
HURLEY'S WORM CANDY is a never failing, harmless remedy. All children are more or less troubled with worms. Every home should have this pure preparation.
Many Sarsaparilas are made from Indian roots perfectly inert. Hurley's, with a powerful press, is extracted from Honduras Sarsaparilla, put up with or without Iodine of Potash.
Indigestion or Dyspepsia, etc., can be cured by HURLEY'S STOMACH BITTERS, a delightful remedy.
The purest EXTRACT OF JAMAICA GINGER is Seaton & Co.'s. Flatulency, Cholera, etc., flee away when it is taken.
Flaky, light white bread insured by use of Seaton & Co's HOME BAKING POWDER. Delicious and pure.
Soi ed Kid Gloves made new, with SEATON & CO.'S KID GLOVE CLEANER.
INKS—Black, Chemical, Copying Carmine, etc., in all size.
MUCILAGE that will not sour, is Seaton & Co's.
ORIENTAL PEARL DROP, white and pink, beautifies the complexion and removes tan and pimples.
Cheaper than Indigo and far better is Seaton & Co's WASH BLUE.
Seaton & Co's Prices
ARE FROM
Fifteen to Fifty per cent Cheaper than Others!
For proof, you know that Chill Tonics (without arsenic) usual price is $8.00 per dozen; our price is $7.00; Worm Candies, usually $1.50, ours $1.35; Stomach Bitters, generally, $8.00 to $8.50, ours $7.25; Soothing Syrups, $2.00 to $4.00, ours $1.60; Elixir Bark and Iron, $9.00 to $12.00, ours $7.50.
IT WILL PAY YOU TO HANDLE OUR GOODS.
WARRANNTED TO BE RELIABLE!
We Believe them to be Superior to all Others,
AS THE MATERIALS USED ARE THE PUREST AND BEST.
CAPITAL STOCK, - - $1.200.000!
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GREAT AMERICAN FIRE EXTINGUISHER COMPANY.
MANUFACTURERS OF
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"Ne Plus Ultra" Engines, "Hercules" Engines, Climax Engines.
(2 wheel) Factory Size. (3 wheel) Village Siz (4 wheel) City Size.
FACTORY AND PRINCIPAL OFFICE—Nos. 333, 355, 367, 369 West Market Street, Louisville, Kentucky.
Ask the Public to Ponder on these Facts. "To be Forewarned is to be Forearmed.
487.59 Unarmed Soldiers
These Sentinels are standing guard over one hundred thousand million dollars worth of property. Asylums, Breweries, Bakeries, City Halls, Colleges, Car Works, Depots, Distilleries, Elevators, Factories, Fair Grounds, Grain Houses, Hotels, Halls, Infirmaries, Lumber Yards, Foundries, Machine Shops, Oil Factories, Pattern, Paint and Paper Warehouses, Bag and Roofing Factories, Saw Mills, Starch, Stave and Soap Factories, Theatres, Toy, Trunk and Turpentine Establishments, Upholsteries, Veneering Establishments, Wagon, White Lead and Window Sash and Blind Factories. Warehouses and large buildings of all kinds throughout the land. They are night WATCHMEN, when a robber is expected they are furnished weapons to give them greater power.
Why, then, when they are told to guard against Fire, a far more dreaded enemy to property than ever, should they not be provided with the means to subdue it before it has gained dangerous headway? We offer the
GREAT AMERICAN FIRE EXTINGUISHER,
the best known means of accomplishing this end, and commend it to public favor solely on its merits. Send for circular with description and testimonials. Agents wanted in every town in the world.
Great American Fire Extinguisher Co., Louisville, Ky

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BANKERS, COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
OFFICES, COURT SQUARE,
Montgomery, Alabama.
COLLECTIONS
Made on all Accessible Points, and Remitted for on Day of Paymen
We also buy and sell Domestic and Foreign Exchange and Draw Bills of Exchange, Available in all the Commercial Centres of this Country and Europe.
Liberal Cash Advances Made upon Cotton consigned to us, our connections in New York, New Orleans or Liverpool.
FULL STOCK OF BAGGING AND TIES ALWAYS ON HAND AND FOR SALE AT LOWEST MARKET RATES.

THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE!
LOUISVILLE & CINCINNATI
SHORT LINE RAILROAD
The quickest, best and ONLY ROUTE with which passengers from the South make direct connection at Louisville with
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars
TO PITTSBURG, HARRISBURG,
PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK,
And other Eastern Cities,
WITHOUT CHANGE.
Arriving many hours in advance of all other lines. Connections made at Cincinnati with all lines running
Pullman and Wagner Palace Sleepers
To Toledo, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Baltimore, Washington, Sandusky, Cleveland, Buffalo, Albany, Saharanpur and New York
WITHOUT CHANGE.
This is the only line running its entire trains from Louisville to Cincinnati, and the only line by which passengers from the South en route to Eastern and Northern Cities can avoid a tedious haul through Louisville, by changing cars at Short Line Junction, with L. & G. S. R. R., three miles south of the City, where they can be served with an excellent meal at Ruter's Dining Hall, at all hours. Through Sleepers from New Orleans, Mobile, Jacksonville, Atlanta, Little Rock, Memphis, Montgomery and Nashville, make direct connection at Short Line Junction with through Sleepers to New York and other Eastern Cities via this line
DURING THE CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION
At Philadelphia, this line will sell Excursion Tickets at greatly reduced rates.
ASK FOR TICKETS VIA
Louisville & The Short Line,
The only line running through cars to Eastern Cities. For sale at all the Ticket Offices in the South and Southwest.
JOHN MAC LEOD,
General Superintendent.
S. S. PARKER,
G. P. & T. Agt., Louisville, Ky jan1ly

LOCAL AGENTS WANTED.
An Agent Wanted for each Town and County in the United States.
Parties desiring to act as agents must accompany their application by a letter or recommendation from some responsible person well known and signed by the Editor of a newspaper published in the town or county for which a cent pr poses to act. The agency is to sell the bonds of the Industrial Exhibition Company.
Bonds $20 Each.
The Industrial Exhibition Company will furnish agents with Circulars, etc., etc.,
Each newspaper published in the town where agent is located will, as soon as agency is established, be given an advertisement, advertising such agency and the company, and fully explaining the plans, purposes and objects of the company. Such advertisement will continue in such papers as long as agency is successfully conducted.
The Industrial Exhibition Company is the firm to adopt the plan so long in use by the European governments of issuing bonds when the principal is made secure and not risked, but where there is a chance for a large premium, an investment of $20 is sure to return to the investor $1—one dollar more than one—and the holder of a $20 bond may obtain a premium either of $50, $100, $250, $500, $1,000, $5,000, $10,000, $25,000 or $100,000. The interest, which is ordinarily distributed to all the bondholders pro rata, is in this loan distributed by chance. The purchaser of a bond knows he will receive back his investment, with a small rate of interest added, and in consideration of taking this small rate of interest, he has a chance in the above named premiums, which are simply the distribution of interest on the whole loan.
Each bond participates in four drawings each year, until it has drawn a premium, when it is surrendered, the premium paid, and the bond cancelled
The Industrial Exhibition Company, under a special charter, granted by the State of New York, is authorized to issue these bonds. The legislature of the State, recognizing the great benefits which will arise from the success of this enterprise, have exempted all the profits of the company from taxation and assessments for five years, and has also conferred other great privileges.
Every American who understands the purposes of this company will, of course, feel a pride in aiding it to a successful termination.
Each individual who buys a bond becomes an owner and an interested party, and when he views the structure erected with his money and energy and mechanical genius of the American people."
The manufacturers and the inventors of America are peculiarly interested in the success of this enterprise, for they are sure that it is to be their home, where all their inventions and manufactures can be exhibited and sold.
The building will contain 5,320,000 square feet of space.
Purchasers desiring Bonds before an agency is established where they reside, will communicate direct with this office, from where they can be supplied.
Parties desiring to act as agents or to purchase bonds will address
INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION CO.,
No. 12 East 17th Street,
BET. B'WAY & 5th AVE.,
NEW YORK CITY
NOTE.—All moneys by draft on New York, or Express, or postal order—charges paid by sender
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Blanks, Blanks, Blanks.
We are now prepared to furnish Tax Collectors and Tax Assessors with
Blank Lists of Property, Tax Deeds, and all Blanks used by County Officials at Chicago Prices.
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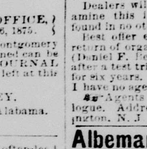
$250 A MONTH Agents wanted everywhere. Business honorable and first class. Particulars and Terms free. Address J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.



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Long Range Breech Loading
Practice Pistol & Targets.
Carries a ½ inch ball with accuracy fifty feet, without powder or percussion. Brass barrel, hair trigger. For sale by dealers. By mail, free for 75 cents, with permanent ammunition for target practice indoors, and for sporting out of doors.
AGENTS WANTED.
A. A. GRAHAM, 67 Liberty Street, New York

"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure and Instruction."
Harper's Bazar.
ILLUSTRATED.
Notices of the Press.
The Bazar is edited with a combination of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—Boston Traveller.
The Bazar commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by its droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates in endless variety, to the prudent matron by its patterns for the children's clothes, to parlor families by the handsome designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading matter of the Bazar is uniformly of great excellence. The paper is steeped in wit and purity, for the literate enjoyment of all.—N. Y. Evening Post.
In its way there is nothing like it. Fresh and trustworthy as a fashion guide, its stories and tales, says its poetry and quips, are all invigorating to the mind.—Chicago Evening Journal.
TERMS.
Postage Free to all Subscribers in the United States.
Harper's Bazar, one year $4 00
$4 00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publishers.
Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine, Weekly, and Bazar, to one address, for one year, $10 00; or two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address, for one year, $7 00, postage free.
An extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly or Bazar, will be supplied gratis for every club of five subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or six copies for $20 00 without extra copy, postage free.
Back numbers can be supplied at any time.
The Annual Volumes of Harper's Bazar, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 00 each. A complete Set, comprising eight Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5.25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.
Prominent attention will be given in HARPER'S BAZAR to such illustrations of the Centennial International Exposition as may be peculiarly appropriate to its columns.
Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS. Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

A BOOK FOR THE MILLION.
Marriage Guide.
A Private Counselor in the world, or those about to marry on the physiology and varieties and revelations of the sexual system, with the latest discoveries in the science of reproduction, proving the complaints and ...
This is an amazing work of two hundred and sixty pages, with numerous engravings, and contains valuable information for those who are married or contemplate marriage, and it is a fact that every one who reads it once, keeps it and does not left carelessly about the house.
It contains the result of the advice of a physician whose reputation is world-wide, and should be in the private drawer of every married female without fail.
It discusses the errors and abuses in the treatment of the sexual system that is so much concealing, and much that is now published in no other work.
Sent to any one free of postage, for Fifty Cents.
Address Dr. Parts' Dispensary, No. 12 S. Eighth street, St. Louis, Mo.
Notice to the Afflicted and Unfortunate.
Before operations to the human organs who advertise in public papers, or under quack remedies, pause. Reflect well, no matter what your disease is or how deplorable your condition.
For thirty consecutive months over seven hundred cases per month have been treated successfully by the proprietors of the Dispensary, and have been published periodically in the public papers of this city.
Consultation free, personally or by letter. No. 12 South Eighth street, between Market and Walnut, St. Louis, Mo.

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 26, 1876.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MONTGOMERY, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T.C. Bingham will be paid by us. T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,
dtf. Proprietors.

THE motto of the watering place girls is to "Let no single man escape."

THE grain crop of Texas is so large that there is no market for it at home.

THE fact that sunstrokes have been popular filled the undertakers with joy.

THERE was a snow storm in the Sierra Nevada Mountains July 4. How tantalizing.

RECRUITING, they say, hasn't been as brisk as it is now since the early days of the war.

THE "conservation of energy" is a personal problem with every one just at present.

CLEANLINESS is next to godliness. But our Street Commissioner does not seem to bear this is mind.

A WESTERN mower cut a hornet's nest in two the other day. He won't mow any more this season.

SMALL boys who go swimming these days generally get scorched by the sun and tanned by their mothers.

THE introduction of white campaign neckties, with the names of candidates printed thereon, is the latest enterprise.

A WET cloth in the hat is a simple, and said to be effective prevention of sunstroke. A brick is not.

THE mercury has been having a high old time recently, and it is about time that it tumbled to itself.

The late extreme heat robbed the Centennial admissions of some $5,000 a day, or one-third of the average gross receipts

THERE are excellent reasons for believing that the supply of warm weather this year will be fully equal to the demand.

A FACT with a moral. Such of the small country hotels as have had the good sense to bring their prices down to suit the times are now full.

"MIKE, and it is yerself that can be afther tellin' me how they make ice cram?" "In troth I can. Don't they bake them in cowld ovens, to be sure?"

FROM 100° to 75° is a good jump, but the thermometer in this office did that very thing on Monday and yesterday. Monday it was 100°, yesterday it was 75°.

AN exchange calls young men who are guilty of boisterous conduct at public gatherings "young cracklins." It will do very well to apply that epithet after they have dried up.

CASES of drowning are frightfully numerous of late in various parts of the country. In the majority the victims are careless or over-venturesome bathers or boaters.

A FEW barbecues in this county would draw out the voters more effectually than all the campaign speeches of a thousand well trained orators. Candidates should think of this!

LOVERS of tropical fruits will have an opportunity to buy choice bananas, cocoanuts and lemons, at very low prices to-day, by attending the sale at the auction house of Jackson & Cowan, at 10 o'clock this morning.

A YOUNG man by the name of Cy Berry was arraigned before Commissioner Hunter yesterday, for passing counterfeit money, and was bound over to await the action of the grand jury of the United States Court.

THE grand jury of the City Court adjourned yesterday. The hour is so late that we are not able to publish their report in this issue. It is said to be "red hot" on certain questions of importance.

ONE by one our old citizens are leaving us for their final rest. Soon there will be left but few of the old pioneers of Montgomery—those who have seen our city grow and prosper from a dreary waste. Life is but a fleeting shadow.

AN old scientist says this world will eventually be one solid chunk of ice; and one could not help thinking last night, as he vainly endeavored to fan himself to sleep, that the time is rapidly approaching. That is, the time is rapidly approaching when such old frauds should be roasted to death. Yesterday and last night would have dissolved a chunk of ice twice as large as this world.

WHAT a singular thing it is that an animal with such a sedate, peaceful countenance as a mule, should be so striking in his hind legs. This sublime thought was suggested to the reporter of the JOURNAL, who saw a colored boy-black start on a trip heavenward yesterday, said aerial voyage being influenced by the heels of a huge mule in front of the Montgomery stables on Lawrence street.

BLOUNT SPRINGS is one of the most beautiful and attractive summer resorts in this country. The situation is such as to commend this resort to all the seekers of pleasure, and lovers of fine scenery. We are glad to learn that Capt. Towner, the clever proprietor of the Jackson House has been liberally patronized this season. His excellent hotel is crowded with visitors from all parts of the country, and all who visit the place are delighted with it.

THE delightful rain which fell night before last revived everything about the city wonderfully. The air was cooled, the streets were cleaned, and all the garbage about the alleys and byways was washed out into the gutters. What a blessing the rain was, and how delightfully pleasant the weather was yesterday! The backbone of the heated term is now broken, and from now until winter we are likely to have nice weather.

THIS is the dizzy season of the year, when the liver plays fantastic tricks with the brain, and you behold your wife, with a white muslin schooner on her head, jerking a clothes line over the back yard grass plat, and yet do not recognize her.

A MAN who walked like a spider with the chilblains, came into this office last night, and asked if we could tell him where to find Smith; did not remember the first half-hitch of Smith's cognominal appellation, consequently he departed in ignorance of his friend's whereabouts. If Smith is in town let him call at this office, as the stranger left a card for him.

STATE CERTIFICATES.—Messrs. Wolffe, Hertz & Co., are prepared to make advancements on State certificates, as will be seen by reference to their advertisement elsewhere. This popular firm is constantly growing in public favor, and those of our readers who need the services of a first class banking establishment should call on Messrs. Wolffe, Hertz & Co., who are safe, reliable and substantial.

THE heated term has about spent itself, we think, and now business will certainly revive again. The crops are all saved thus far, and the planters know just exactly what they can do. The time is at hand when the merchants will start North to buy their fall and winter stocks. The JOURNAL is a first class advertising medium, and our business men are respectfully invited to give us a share of their patronage.

THE Episcopal Church is being repaired during this warm weather, and some very attractive additions being made to its general appearance. All our churches have recently been overhauled, and we are now able to say that Montgomery has the most beautiful church edifices in the South. Our people are all devotedly attached to their different churches, and sustain them with an open hand. It is a credit to our city that we have such splendid buildings.

IT is not likely that the State will realize any considerable amount of money from the indictments against retail liquor dealers for selling drinks to minors. We are for the law ourselves, and at the same time we are for justice. Young men who go into a bar-room and drink would lose their manhood if the bar-keeper has a spirit of honor in this matter which must not be lost sight of. It is a poor way of executing laws, to spy upon men, and it won't pay. Mark this!

IN the police court yesterday Alderman Jones occupied the chair of Justice, and held a levee with only one poor specimen of Centennial sin. It was a scene to make the lawabiding weep; but acting Mayor Jones did his duty regardless of what may happen hereafter. It is sad that the city treasury is not replenished by that large class of corn juice guzzlers who infest the community. Our police officers deserve better luck than this.

SEVERAL wagon loads of watermelons were brought into the city yesterday, but the cool snap deterred many people from indulging this luxury, and the consequence was but few of them sold for anything like the usual prices. The fruit stands showed a disposition not to deal in this luxury, and if a few more cool days bless us the melon trade will be nonest. Now if we could have some good peaches there would be a lively trade in that variety of fruit.

PROF. McDONALD is in New York making engagements with all the prominent theatrical stars of the country to visit Montgomery during the approaching season. He will endeavor to have all the "stars" give us a call, and in any event will have none but first-class troupes. We hope he may succeed in his undertaking. We have been slighted several seasons in the theatrical line, and if Prof McDonald can give us a season of genuine amusement he will receive the support of the public.

"SAY, mister, is the editur in?" inquired a man in a black and white striped duster, of our office boy last night. The lad respectfully replied yes, and winked at the night reporter, who was struggling at his desk with a melon case. "Well, I say, kin I see the editur?" said he of the black and white striped. "You can, sir; I am that individual," replied the boy, "What can I do for you?" "Well-er, I-er, wants ter kno ef noospapers allers tells the truth?" "Why certainly they do," answered the youth with a look of rebuking innocence, and the stranger turned sadly away, saying: "Well-er, I'm durned ef thar haint a lie sum whar. Yer paper sed this mornin' John Brown was afore ther police cote fur a bein' his wife, and I swar I haint had no wife fur ten years. Ther old coman crooked long ago. Yer coodn't tell me whar I cood find out who 'riginated that yarn, cood you?" "No, sir; I could not," was the reply, and as the injured visitor went down stairs he groaned audibly and exclaimed, "Well I'm d anged."

ANOTHER OLD CITIZEN GONE.—We are pained to announce this morning the death, on Monday night, of Dr. C. Bellinger, one of Montgomery's oldest and most highly esteemed citizens. Dr. Bellinger had been a highly respected citizen of Montgomery county for over forty years. He was a native of South Carolina, where the family have ever held a high position in society. He practised his profession for many years in the neighborhood of his plantation in the prairies, nine miles southeast of this city. Success attended him both as a physician and planter. Prior to the late war he had accumulated a considerable estate of slaves, land and stock. Like most planters in the South, he suffered greatly by the disastrous termination of the war. For some years past he has occupied his time in teaching a free public school. Dr. Bellinger was a member of the "Montgomery True Blues," who responded promptly to the call for troops in 1836, for the Seminole war and took part in the fight of Clonatossissa, near Fort King.

The funeral took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock. A large concourse of friends followed the remains to their last resting place in our beautiful cemetery.

POPULAR RESORTS.—We have received from the publisher, John B. Bachelder, Boston, a beautifully illustrated book entitled "Bachelder's Popular Resorts: and how to reach them." It is a valuable work for the tourist, and entertaining matter for all classes of readers. The illustrations are all attractive and looking over them, we cannot prevent the desire to pack up our carpet bag and hunt up some of these elegant summer resorts.

THE dispatches in the JOURNAL yesterday morning stated that there was frost Sunday night about Port Jervis, New Jersey. Sunday was one of the warmest days we have experienced here this season. Monday was not so warm, but the thermometer was three degrees higher than it was at noon. Yesterday the weather was very pleasant and the city looked more lively than for two months previously.

THE WEATHER.—Do not always be talking about the weather. There are other more profitable topics. Do not tell every one you meet how hot it is. They probably know that fact already. Perpetual prattle about the heat aggravates instead of relieving the difficulty. Do not go about with a lang down head, and a gasping breath, and a lugubrious face, and a voice in a whisper. Do not forever be thinking of the heat, or about yourself. The hottest people are those who have nothing to do but to keep cool.

Have something else to do. Keep employed mind and body; especially the mind. Give it something to think about. Regular work—not too much of it—is the best refrigerator.

Make your work easy. Reduce it. Do not expect to accomplish in midsummer the day's task of midwinter. Require less of yourself, your children, your servants. If you are a preacher omit one service and cut the other down to sixty minutes. If you are a school teacher reduce the lesson one-half. If you are a housekeeper give your family simple meals, that require less preparation and less clearing away. If you are an editor, men will read the newspapers even in midsummer, and we see no help for you.

Whatever happens, do not be flurried. Never be in a hurry. Give yourself twice as much time as you allow with the thermometer at freezing. Walk leisurely. Work leisurely. If possible keep under roof from 9 a. m. to 5 p m. If that is not possible, keep under an umbrella.

Eat sparingly—little meat, no fat, no pastry, no sweatmeats. The best precaution against disease is plenty of ripe and fresh fruit and vegetables. Do not belabor or spur your appetite. Let Nature have her own way. Give your stomach, as well as your other organs, less to do than usual. To most constitutions ice cream is a healthy luxury; but not as a dessert after a hearty dinner.

OUR CENTENNIAL SUMMER.—As soon as the summer solstice is passed we usually get hot days in succession, but this year the continuance of the heat has been remarkable, though it was interrupted, for a time Monday night, by a thunder and rain storm. We have just had seventeen days during which the thermometer has kept at 90° or above, and on some days has gone beyond 100°. This is worse than the average of the tropics, and very damaging to health. No constitution fails to suffer from it, and those unprepared for a great strain are, in the event of their failing to use precaution, in serious danger of succumbing under the pressure, or of suffering permanent injury. The summer months are always our most sickly season. Then it is that the death rate gets up to its maximum, and children especially die by the hundreds. Unfortunately, though we are sure to experience excessive heat in the month of July, and to a less extent, perhaps, in August, yet our working people cannot adopt the habits of the tropics, where the labor of the day is done in the early morning and the cool of the evening and where experience has taught the necessity of a diet and regimen adjusted to the circumstances. It is improper food eaten by themselves or by their nursing mother which goes far to make up the summer casualties among the young or the poor, and the sunstrokes that occur are largely invited by injudicious drinking. Instead of there being less, as there should be, there is likely to be more consumption of spirituous liquors on hot than on moderate days. Instead of satisfying thirst with water moderately cool, or with drinks containing little or no alcohol, rum and whiskey, brandy and gin, in their various forms of manufacture as cooling beverages, are pretty generally consumed, the bars coming with certainty on a rushing business when the thermometer registers high degrees of heat. The result is frequent reaction and prostration. We wish we could make everybody understand the danger of drinking these seductive beverages in such weather as this, even though they do smell of the savory mint and foam with the effervescent soda, while abundance of ice gives them a cool and tempting appearance. It is well to keep out of the sun in hot weather, but the idle man suffers more from the heat than the busy one. If one spends his time in consulting the thermometer and in comparing with other idlers the trials imposed by the weather, he is sure to pass most uncomfortable days during the summer season; whereas the man who keeps occupied and forgets in his employment all about the state of the thermometer, though the perspiration rolls off from him and plays havoc with collars and wristbands, is still a comparatively happy person, and he finds when the day is done that he has got through a fair average of work. But let all employers, so far as they can, save their workmen from the rays of the midday sun and give them labor in the shade. Then if the people will maintain temperance in meats and drinks, we shall get through this heated term, as old Mr. Merriman used to call it, without undue prostration. The nights are usually freshened by a breeze, and though it may not be sufficient to cool the air, it is a relief after the hot day, and the inhabitants get a breath in the suburbs.

THE highest musical authorities, as well as all who have purchased the Beatty Piano, are equally charmed with its beauty and purity of tone. The manufacturer has succeeded in imparting to it a roundness, fullness and richness of tone, perfectly astonishing. None should be without one. See his advertisement. Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

Local and Business Notices.

Advances on State Certificates.

We are prepared to make liberal advances on State Certificates.

WOLFFE, HERTZ & CO.

7-26-dtw

DR. PIERCE'S Golden Medical Discovery will cure a Cough in one-half the time necessary to cure it with any other medicine, *and it does it, not by drying it up, but by removing the cause—subduing the irritation and healing the affected parts.* For all cases of Laryngitis, Hoarseness, Suppression or Loss of Voice, Bronchitis, Severe Chronic or Lingering Coughs, it will be found to surpass any medicine that has ever before been offered to the public. It is sold by all dealers in medicines. 7-21wtt

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.*

3-14 d&w 1cm

Nervous Debility.

Vital weakness or depression: A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental overwork, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphrey's Homeopathic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per package of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Homeopathic Medicine Company, 562 Broadway, New York.

1-1d&w 1y

THE Star Parlor Organs are celebrated for their purity of tone, elegant design and thorough construction. Send for catalogue. Address,

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & CO.,
6-29 d&w3m Washington, N. J.

New Advertisements.

AUCTION.

Bananas! Cocoa Nuts!

JACKSON & COWAN will sell a car load of choice BANANAS, COCOA NUTS and LEMONS at auction, **TO-DAY** at 10 o'clock, a m., at the auction house. 7-26-1

SALE OF TWO THOUSAND CIGARS.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,
DEP'Y COLLECTOR'S OFFICE 2D DIST. OF ALA.,
Montgomery, July 17, 1876.

Having published a notice on the 8th of May, concerning the seizure of two thousand cigars inviting all persons to file their claims, if there were any, and not having received any claim prescribed by law, I hereby notify the public that the two thousand cigars bearing the brand "La Espanola, de Juan B. Remero, Habana," seized by me at the store of one Howard Gardiner, on Commerce street, in this city, will be sold at public auction on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH OF JULY, 1876,

at 10 o'clock a. m., at my office, Commerce street over Strassburger's Warehouse.

PAUL STROBACH,
7-17-td Deputy Collector.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE

"Only Good SAUCE,"

An applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.



EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at Worcester. May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their SAUCE is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

LEA & PERRINS'

SIGNATURE is on EVERY BOTTLE.

Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
NEW YORK.

77

BEATTY PIANO.

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

This instrument is the most handsome and best Piano ever before manufactured in this country or Europe, having the greatest possible depth, richness and volume of tone, combined with a rare brilliancy, clearness and perfect evenness throughout the entire scale, and above all a surprising duration of sound, the power and sympathetic quality of which never changes under the most delicate or powerful touch. Space forbids a full description of this magnificent instrument. Agents discount given who sell I have no agents. Remember you take no risk in purchasing one of these CELEBRATED INSTRUMENTS. Rather (if you do not test trial) it proves unsatisfactory the money you have paid will be returned upon return of instrument and freight charges paid by me both ways. Pianos Warranted for six years. Address,

DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington N. J.

LIFE PRESERVER.

ABSOLUTE SAFETY

At Sea.

LIFE SAVING SUIT

FOR OCEAN TRAVEL.

THE CONTINUOUS DISASTERS AT SEA

And the almost countless lives that have been lost, urge the introduction of more effective appliances for saving life than have yet been generally accepted. In response to the great public demand, the American Life Saving Suit Company now present a

Practical Life Saving Suit.

This suit having been tested and approved by the most scientific and practical authorities, we now offer as a means of absolute safety from death by drowning. The invention now offered claims its superiority over all invent ons in that it floats the body in a vertical position in the roughest seas, preserves the natural caloric of the body for any number of days, with capacity for carrying provisions for ten days, and signals to attract attention from passing vessels.

This suit embodies three principles which are imperative in a life saving dress—

First—A buoyancy which supports the body in a vertical position, and maintains it as from a natural law.

Second—Protection from water and weather and consequent chill.

Third—A commissariat department, to which is attached signals, with capacity for carrying valuables, etc., etc.

This suit is put on over ordinary clothing, except shoes and hat, and can be put on inside of five minutes; and are let to passengers on transatlantic steamers at the low price of

FIVE DOLLARS A TRIP.

Send for a pamplet.

The American

LIFE SAVING SUIT COMPANY,
14 NEW CHURCH ST., NEW YORK.

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Send Postal Card for Specimen Copy of

THE WASHINGTON WEEKLY STAR.

Established 1852.—8 pages.—56 columns.

Address **The Evening Star Newspaper Company**, Washington, D. C.

SKETCHING from Nature, in pencil and water colors, and drawing and painting in colors by lessons; a practical instructor, illustrated, 50 cts. Of any bookseller, or JESSE HANEY & CO., 119 Nassau street, N. Y.

$25 a day guaranteed to agents using our Well Augur and Drills. $100 a month paid to good agents. Augur book free. Jil Augur Co., St. Louis, Mo.

ESTABLISHED 1867.



ALABAMA

STATE

JOURNAL

CAMPAIGN EDITION FOR 1876.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

The country is entering upon one of the most stubbornly contested Presidential battles since 1856. During this contest the people of Alabama will desire to keep themselves posted on its progress; they will desire to read all sides and form their own conclusions as to their duty at the polls. During this great campaign we shall publish a Campaign edition of the "State Journal" at a rate so low as to encourage its widest distribution throughout the State. The publication of this popular campaign edition has already commenced, and will continue regularly in both daily and weekly issues, until after the Presidential Election. The JOURNAL is the steadfast advocate of true Republicanism.

It believes the success of the Republican party vital to the welfare of the country. It holds further, that fidelity to and honest Republican sentiment, working through Republican agencies, is the surest guarantee of Reform; and cherishing the convictions it will labor with its utmost energy for the triumph of

Hayes & Wheeler.

The JOURNAL has always been recognized as an able, active and popular campaign paper. During the last campaign it was circulated more widely than ever before, and contributed a vast fund of information among the people.

We shall be glad to receive orders at once from the friends who believe that the circulation of the campaign JOURNAL will be a good thing. Organize a club and see the following rates:

Daily Edition.

1	Copy 6 Months	$ 3.00
3	" 6 "	10.00
6	" 6 "	19.00
12	" "	36.00

Weekly Edition.

1	Copy 6 Months	$ .75
3	" 6 "	2.00
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Payment of postage is included in these rates. Send money by express, post office order, or registered letter only.

Address T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,
Proprietors, Lock Box 907, Montgomery, Ala.

New Advertisements.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and Outfit FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING. How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents, together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc. 100,000 sold. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pub's, Philadelphia

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

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ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States and Canadas having a population of 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each, and the best advertising mediums; also a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to price. Sent to any address, on receipt of 25 cents. Over 2,000 copies each month. Also, all the leading Agricultural, Scientific and Religious, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Family and Commercial, Fashion, and other special journals; every complete list. Further information may be had by addressing GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

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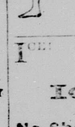
A complete list of all the newspapers of the United States and Canadas, issued in towns and cities in which are published statistical statements of the circulation of the various papers, class and religious journals, with a description of their politics, and other information of value to persons wishing to advertise. Sent to any address for 25 cents. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York. Every advertiser needs it.



PERUVIAN BITTERS. Best Quality. Lowest Price. Greatest Success. Awarded CHARTER OF MERIT at the CENTENNIAL YEAR. H. JAMES, Manufacturer, 109 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati, O., and Fourth and Main Streets, Louisville, Ky.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

Ice! Ice!

No Short Crop in Alabama.

The Montgomery Protective Ice Co.

Having bought the Stock and Fixtures of D. P. WEST, and contracted for all the Ice made by the

Montgomery Ice Manufacturing Co.,

Are now prepared to supply the public at their old stand, MONROE ST., opposite the CITY HALL. J. A. DIAZ & CO., 4-13tf Agents.

$10 to 25 per Day To Farmers Sons and others energetic young men to sell an article of STAPLE as COFFEE, to Farmers and others in their neighborhoods. Particulars free. Address—THE CENTENNIAL CO., St. Louis, Mo.

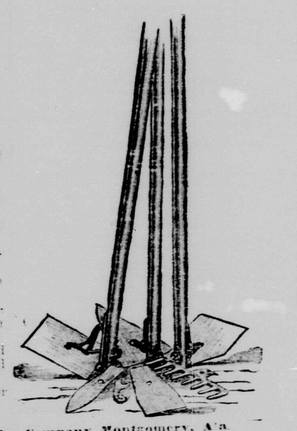
COMBINATION HOE.

First Premium Awarded at the Grangers' State Fair

Of Alabama, October, 1875, the first place where the Hoe was exhibited.

Manufactured by the Granger Hoe Company.

WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.



Requires no wedging. Can be adjusted for any work, or to suit the height of workman in fifteen seconds.

The Blade of the Field Hoe is made entirely of cast steel, square to shape, and when one edge becomes dull or worn out, the blade may be reversed, thus making

Two Hoes for the Price of One

It can be taken from the handle without trouble for the purpose of grinding.

The fixtures are made of malleable iron and cannot be broken.

The handles are made of sound ash wood—the best material known for handles.

Hoes handled ready for use, as cheap as the best hoe blade manufactured.

Saves time and money in the item of handles—no wedges to shrink up and pull out in dry weather.

No. 2, "Boys' Hoe" medium size, for field or garden work. Adjustable same as field hoe.

An entire set of splendid garden tools for the price of one implement.

For further information, address,

W. B. NOBLE, Secretary Granger Hoe Company, Montgomery, Ala.

1776 Centennial. 1876

SPRING AND SUMMER

SEASON.

GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,

—AT—

5 COURT SQUARE

HAVE NOW ON HAND THE COMPLETEST LINES OF

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS

TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

New Dress Goods, Real Iron Frame Grenadines,
Novelties in Matamora Suitings, Exquisite Knickerbockers,
Stylish Damassee Suitings, and everything that is new in Dress Goods.
Fresh White Goods, Rich Fancy Goods, Elegant Ecru Ties

Novel Ecru Ruffling, Handsome Parasols,
Complete Stock of Bleachings, Large Selection
In Hosiery, Best 10-4 Sheetings, Genuine Irish Linens, Good
Table Damasks, Latest in Lace Curtains, full selections in White Piques,

Guaranteed Kid Gloves, Perfect fitting Corsets,
Excelsior Trimmings. Full selections in Cassimers,
Tweeds, Linens, Cottonades, Etc., for Men and Boys' wear.

WE OFFER THE BEST ASSORTMENTS IN

Ladies', Children and Misses' Philadelphia Hand-Made Shoes.

In fact everything desirable in a First-class Dry Goods House will be found at our Store, all offering at the very

Lowest Prices.

TO THE MERCHANTS:

We are displaying the largest stock of Goods ever received by our firm, and we guarantee bottom prices. Call early and look at our stock.

GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,
5 Court Square, Montgomery, Ala.

NEW DOLLAR STORE.

1776 CENTENNIAL 1876

Centennial Dry Goods,
Centennial Hats,
Centennial Boots,
Centennial Shoes,
Centennial Clothing,
Centennial Hosiery,
Centennial Parasols.

In fact a general assortment of CENTENNIAL goods, suitable for the CENTENNIAL Spring and Summer, recently purchased at the very lowest cash prices. Give me a call and be satisfied. If you don't see what you want ask for it.

S. A. MEERTIEF, New Dollar Store.

A. MOODY & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND DEALERS IN

WINES AND LIQUORS

Agents for Cincinnati Lager Beer

No. 85 Commerce Street

MONTGOMERY ALABAMA.

Have resumed business and are prepared with full stock of and ample facilities to supply all their customers with anything in my line needed. They have a choice selection of OLIVE BRIES which they are prepared to sell at the very lowest rates. They ask a continuance of the patronage heretofore Attended to them. 2-2m1

PRESCRIPTION FREE.

FOR the speedy cure of Seminal Weakness, Loss of Manhood, and all disorders brought on by indiscretions or excess. Any Druggist has the ingredients. Address DAVISON & CO., Box 292, New York. 1-24-tf

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To agents and others, male and female, a 850 secret, and beautifully illustrated 100-page Novelty Catalogue. R. F. Young & Co., 29 Broadway, New York. 8-20w12m

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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

No. 16 Perry St.,

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We are now prepared to furnish

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Either with or without exemption waiver, printed and bound in the latest and most improved styles.

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Price 50 cents. By mail, prepaid, 60 cents. Each Book contains fifty handsomely printed promissory notes, with stub, etc. Hundreds of them sold annually. Send your orders to

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Prompt attention given all business requiring professional services at the National Capital aug24tf

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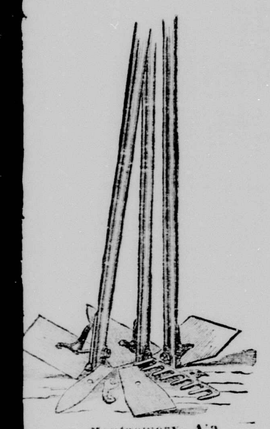
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THE CITY.
Knickerbockers,
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VOLUME VIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 27, 1876 NUMBER 266

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET:



For President of the United States,

Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio.

For Vice-President,

Wm. A. Wheeler, of New York.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:

T. C. COULSON, of Jackson,
CHAS. E. MAYER, of Mobile.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

FIRST DISTRICT—Lon H Mayer of Mobile.
SECOND DISTRICT—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.
THIRD DISTRICT—P G Clarke of Barbour.
FOURTH DISTRICT — J T Rapier of Lowndes.
FIFTH DISTRICT—S S Booth of Autauga.
SIXTH DISTRICT—A B Hays, of Winston.
SEVENTH DISTRICT—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.
EIGHTH DISTRICT—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

INDEPENDENT TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
NOADIAH WOODRUFF of Dallas.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
AMOS MOODY of Franklin.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
H. J. LIVINGSTON of Autauga.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
E. H. GRANDIN, of Mobile.

FOR AUDITOR,
LEWIS OWEN of Montgomery.

FOR TREASURER,
W. R. HARRIS of Russell.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN TICKET OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

FOR STATE SENATOR.
CHARLES STEELE.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

T. C. BINGHAM, W. H. CRUSIUS,
J. K. GREENE, J. K. P. LUCAS.

The Bald Eagle.

It is under the figure of this distinguished and high-soaring bird—this monarch of the skies—that the Bourbons designate and seek to flatter the vanity of Governor Houston. The old gentleman, when he surveys himself in a full length mirror, must, if he is sensitive, take it as the sly sarcasm of an enemy, or, if he is good natured, heartily laugh at it as the joke of a waggish friend wishing to make sport of his personal proportions. We have seen the Governor in motion and at rest—sitting and erect. We have with some degree of closeness, observed the physical organ on each side of his nose, for the powers of which the eagle is pre-eminently distinguished. We confess that, with all our strained vision, we perceive no one point in which he resembles the noble bird. He is decidedly too fat, too square-built, too bow-legged for an eagle. It would require a pair of wings of indefinite length to keep him afloat in the higher and more attenuated regions of the atmosphere—and when he should make a swoop for a lamb or kid, the immense mass of gravitating matter he would carry under his wings, would make his descent upon the earth dangerously, if not fatally, abrupt. He evidently would not be adapted to rapid ascents, nor even to alert and expeditious horizontal movements — but is according to all philosophic rules. Now, if this enemy or wag, whichever he be, had been seriously disposed to represent his Excellency under the figure of something of the feathery race to which a resemblance might possibly be recognised, we think he could have found a more striking similitude in —but we wont say; we leave it to conjecture. We will stand to it though, to the day of our death, that he will not do for an eagle if he is not made for flying in the air. It is certain, however, that he can stand hot weather down here below. He has been stumping it for some time, and is stumping it now. He understands the game which the fifteen or twenty candidates for Goldthwaite's seat played on him. They all united in urging his nomination for re-election as Governor, to get him out of the way as a candidate for the United States Senate. He is working to counteract this scheme. They will doubtless all vote for him, but not one of them would shed a tear if Woodruff should beat him. Not having succeeded in laying him on the shelf, they would now be gratified to see him defeated before the people for Governor, and killed off from the track of Senatorial aspiration. But Old Bald—we can't say eagle—means to give them a hard fight. Sweat on, valiant and crafty old bird! If Woodruff should beat you, as we hope he will, at them again before the Legislature.

TILDEN is being fought in New York State more actively than anywhere else, and his record is certainly the most remarkable one that any public candidate starting as a Reformer has ever had. It is fully proven by the official report of Oakes Ames' testimony before the Congressional investigation that Tilden was his legal counsel in the Credit Mobilier fraud, and advised the cheat by which dividends were declared to manipulate the payments on stock given to Congressmen. He was also a leading stockholder in the Iron Cliffs Mining Company and another concern, both engaged in mining in Michigan, which issued shinplasters for years and forced the miners to take them and to procure supplies with them at the stores of those companies. This currency was continued until the government declared it subject to the ten per cent tax.

A STEAM velocipede has been invented by a Berlin man, and, if the boilers are made thin enough, editors will find it very convenient in the case of the bores who hang around the office and handle everything within reach.

The old Democrats and Whigs.

We have no complaints to make against those old Jackson Democrats and Clay Whigs who have been acting with the Bourbons, under the deceptive title of Democratic and Conservative party. We have only to express our profound regret, that they ever allowed themselves to be seduced into such an alliance. The Bourbons were artful in the designation which they gave to their party. It would not have done to have called it Democratic straight; for how could the Union-loving and Union saving Democrats and Whigs have allowed themselves to be classed under the same cognomen with men who tried to tear that Union to pieces, and by slow compulsion only, have come to an outward recognition of its authority, and a reluctant obedience to its laws? Hence it was, that they interposed the copulative conjunction "and" —and to-day, there is a little heartfelt political sympathy between these branches thus unnaturally and meretriciously yoked together, as there was during their lives, between John C. Calhoun on the one side, and Andrew Jackson and Henry Clay on the other. The name when translated into what it falsely emblemises, would be the John C. Calhoun and Andrew Jackson, Henry Clay party—or the Secession and Union party—or the breaking up the Union, and the Union-saving party!

These are the incongruous elements, of which the Democratic and Conservative party is composed! It is a grave mistake to suppose, that the great question of the right of Secession is settled now, any more than it was in the days of Calhoun, Jackson and Clay. Does force ever settle any question of right and wrong? Do the Secessionists of Alabama admit that they were wrong in the theory that a State has a right to secede from the Union? Far from it. They only admit that the question has been settled by the arbitrament of the sword. The settlement of a question by the sword, is not like the settlement of a question by the Supreme Judicial tribunal of a State. This tribunal consists of men of integrity and who are learned in the rules by which human rights ought to be adjusted. They decide all questions submitted to them by these rules. Besides the citizens of the State agree to abide by their decisions; and if any should refuse to submit to them, the whole power of the State is employed to enforce them. The decisions of the sword settle nothing except that for the time being one party is physically stronger than the other.

No one submits to force any longer than force compels him to submit. If after a man has been subdued by superior force he acknowledges that he was in the wrong then you may expect he will be peaceable; but if he still persists in asserting that he was right, and his adversary in the wrong, you may expect that he will renew the contest, as soon as he thinks he can do so successfully.

The Jackson Democrats and Clay Whigs are helping these Bourbons to popularize their Secession dogmas. Under their sanction, all sorts of abuses are heaped upon the Federal Government. The young and the ignorant are taught that every man who is a friend to that Government, and to the administration of its laws, is an enemy to the South. Do they want another war? Do they wish their children to be reared in sentiments which will conduct them into a war? The North, the East and West, will not give up the Union.

Their own interests and the peace of the Western continent imperatively demand in the language of Andrew Jackson—that "the Federal Union must be preserved." And when another war comes, we may fear that our section will be exposed to indignities and trials, to which, what we have suffered, will be mere holiday pastimes. We ask the friends of the Government to think of these things, before it is too late for the peace of the country.

Secretary Robeson.

The New York Times remarks that Mr. Glover, Chairman of the House committee on the real estate pool investigation, finds some difficulty in getting a report from his associates concerning Secretary Robeson. The Democrats would like to have articles of impeachment preferred, in order that they may go into the Fall campaign with so much additional ammunition. But they do not want to stay all Summer in Washington for the sake of having a trial. In this emergency Glover thinks that he can get up a speech on the subject which shall be just as effective in the campaign as a real impeachment would be. This is a low and utterly contemptible view to take of such a grave matter. It is a view habitually taken by Democrats of everything that has come before the House. The prosperity of the country, the good of the public service, are nothing; party is everything. Even the hard-money Democrats who are opposed to a repeal of the Resumption act begin to weaken in their opposition, not because they have changed their views concerning that act, but because the Democratic Party platform commands them to stultify themselves. Mr. Glover and his fellow-members do not care a straw for the public interests which may be involved in Secretary Robeson's case. If giving him an enthusiastic and complete indorsement would help them in the political campaign, they would cheerfully give it.

IT is suggested by the New York Tribune that the darkey's description of his coon-trap fits the St. Louis platform uncommonly well. "It's got a spring at boff ends, and can ketch de coon a-gwine or a-comin."

CHICAGO girls are gradually abandoning the habit of sleeping with their feet out of the window. Nimrods who have been known to miss the side of a barn at ten yards are able to hit a Chicago female foot every time.

False Pretences.

It is not an indictable offence for a political party to obtain public offices by false pretences. If it were, the Bourbons of Alabama could not escape conviction for the offence, before any impartial jury. Do the people bear in mind that after all their brow-beating, their kukluxing clamors about Radical laws, and against *niggers* voting, they have called a Convention at an expense to the people of $100,000, and re-adopted in the new Constitution the very same things they made so much fuss about? Yet such is the fact. Let any man compare the two constitutions, and he will see that in respect to all those great principles, which regard the protection of the citizen in his life, liberty and property, the new constitution is but a re-affirmance of the old one, of which they so much complained. The only striking differences consist in contrivances they made to keep all the power of the State in their own hands, and break down the Republican party. As these Bourbons stand on the Record, they have adopted the full height, breadth and length of the Republican doctrine. As a matter of course, they objected to the old constitution, because they themselves did not make it. We repeat, for we want the people to think about it, these noisy men, who for the last ten years have disturbed the peace of the State by their turbulence, and by their wholesale opposition have thrown every impediment in the path of its prosperity—have, judging them by their own solemn declaration in the constitution they made and so largely adopted—proclaimed themselves to be Radicals. That was the term, with which, with glaring eyes, clenched fists and frenzied visage, they denounced and drove into social exile, every man who voted for the first constitution, or took office under it. Now, we ask, if voting for, or taking office under the first constitution made a man a *Radical*, does not voting for or taking office under the new constitution which reordains the old one in all its important essentials, likewise make the man thus voting and taking office, a *Radical?* We challenge the most astute Bourbon to insert here his meta-physical scissors, and distinguish this tweedledum from that tweedledee! Their stump speakers are riding over the country, preaching up the stale humbuggery of economy and honesty. What demagogue in this country ever mounted a stump, without insisting upon these threadbare topics? If Houston and his corps of sensational exhorters mean to deal as honestly with the minds of the people, as they profess to mean to deal with their money, why do they not like honest, outspoken men, tell them that they are on the same constitutional platform with those they called Radicals and got into power by abusing? They dare not do it, though the intelligent ones among them know it is so. Their deceptions would be exposed. But the people will yet find them out. The Bourbons may, from the supineness and want of organization of the Independent voters, carry the State of Alabama at the election now before us, but,—mark our prediction—it will be *their last victory*. If they get in this time, it will be by "skin of their teeth."

From Fayette County.

THE INDEPENDENTS WEEDING A WIDE ROW—THE DEMOCRACY "ALL SPLIT AND TORN, ALL SAD AND FORLORN."

DUBLIN, ALA., July 22.

To the Editor of the State Journal:—The Republicans of old Fayette are jubilant over the Independent State ticket, and there is a fine prospect of carring this county. I want during the campaign, a bold, fearless paper—one that will expose the Bourbon hypocrites and their tyrannical misgovernment in Alabama. The STATE JOURNAL is the paper I want. You are doing noble work—for the outraged tax paying people of our State, by exposing the misrule of the Houston dynasty. Our people here are ripe for revolution against this Houston tyranny. They say they have been deceived; that they were promised low taxes and many other blessings, but instead of these, they have had their taxes increased, and the merchants are growling strongly about the outrages on their interests.

The Independents in this county are blooming. We are making fine headway. Give the news to the old fat eagle and his Bourbon trimmers.

Send me the JOURNAL. Inclosed please find $—. Lookout for a magnificent club in a few days.

Keep on in the good fight. We want neither Bourbon Radicalism, nor Republican Radicalism. We want the straight Independent article for free American citizens, such as Hayes and Wheeler promise us. Yours in the bonds,

J. T. A.

Convention in Limestone County.

ATHENS, ALA., July 25, 1876.

EDITOR STATE JOURNAL: The Republicans of Limestone county assembled at the court house, in Athens, on Monday, July 24, for the purpose of putting forth a ticket for the Legislature.

John H. Thomason was elected Chairman; and John A. Lawing Secretary.

Seaborn E. York and Hamilton F. Arthur were unanimously chosen as candidates for the Legislature.

On motion the Independent ticket, headed by Hon. N. Woodruff, was unanimously endorsed as greatly preferable to the Houston ticket.

Old Limestone is all "O. K."

Very respectfully yours,
JOHN A. LAWING,
Chairman Rep. Co. Com.

WHEN William Allen speaks to a person fifty or sixty miles away, and that person doesn't immediately respond, William just raises his voice an octave or two, and then the inhabitants of half a dozen States understand what he's talking about.

The Bourbons Crazy.

We do not expect that any of the Bourbons proper, will support the Independent ticket, any more than the Jews expected, when St. Paul started from Jerusalem to persecute the christains at Damascus, he would come back a christian himself. It would require about the same miraculous interposition, to make anything but a Bourbon out of one of them. They seem to have been given up, as the Scriptures express it, "to believe a lie." So long and so thoroughly have they cultivated an arrogant self-conceit, they seem to have arrived at the delusion that the portion of space known on the map of the earth as Alabama, is *theirs* exclusively—that it belongs to them and not to God Almighty—and that no one has a right to tread upon its surface, or breathe its atmosphere, except by their permission.

Such are the extremes to which the mind may be carried, through the imagination overwrought by excessively dwelling upon particular objects of desire, that we should not be surprised, if some of the more highly inspired prophets of the sect did not believe that their Bourbon ancestors had *created* Alabama—had called it into existence out of chaos—and that it belonged to the now existing Bourbons, and their descendants by all the canons of descent as their lawful inheritance. How they themselves came into existence, whether as created by a superior power or self-created by their own intrinsic energies—whether the material out of which their bodies are made has a common basis of dirt, with other human bodies—or when they are said to die, whether they really do die, like other people die, or whether, when their bodies are put in the grave, the worms will have the impudence to dare to eat them—these and problems of a similar kind, will probably give them employment in the more advanced stages of their self-delusion. The fact is, these Bourbons are crazy by all the tests of medical science. Without feeling his pulse, or looking at his tongue, any man of common sense who observes one of them in the streets, will immediately perceive that he is disordered. The Radical-hating, nigger-hating gleam in the eye, as, with lofty head and inflated nostril, he passes by some one who does not belong to the Bourbon family, with an I-don't-know-you, d—n-you, strut, is one of the unmistakable symptoms of the disease. By-the-by some of these afflicted creatures are members of Christian churches, and, no doubt, they honestly think they are Christians. This is another evidence, that they are crazy—for how can a sane man think he is a Christian and not love his neigbor? More still, how can he hate him? But we presume they have some insane process of reasoning by which they reconcile to their own consciences an inconsistency between profession and practice, which a sane Christian would find it impossible to reconcile. The question arises, what are the people to do with them? We answer, let them pour cold shower-baths on them at the polls. Let them confine them, through the ballot box, that they may do no more harm—and place the public business in the hands of wise, sound, tolerant men.

SUMTER county is once more on her feet, and proposes to resume her old position in the Republican column. A few days ago the Republicans of that county held a convention at Livingston and made the following nominations: For the Senate, R. A. Meredith. For Representatives, T. S. Rhyne, Robert Reid. Sumter county has a clear honest Republican majority of over two thousand. If Republicans are allowed to vote, that will be the majority in August.

MR. CALDWELL, of Alabama, endeavored to persuade the House to adopt a resolution condemning Secretary Chandler for accepting the position of Chairman of the National Republican Executive Committee while in the pay of the Government. The Republican members killed the proposition by insisting that the condemnation should include the Sergeant-at-Arms, John G. Thompson, who is Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee of Ohio, and the late Speaker pro tem. of the House, Mr. S. S. Cox, who attended the St. Louis Convention.

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WASHINGTON.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The Senate met at 12 o'clock and proceeded at once with the impeachment trial.

Mr. Carpenter resumed his remarks. He closed his argument with an earnest appeal to the Senators, who believed the Senate had the jurisdiction, to save his client from a conviction that would have no legal authority, that, in the language of Lord Brougham, would go forth without authority and return without respect. At the conclusion of his remarks the Senate took a recess for ten minutes.

The court reassembled and Mr. Lord commenced his closing argument, presenting the points of the law in the case, maintaining the sufficiency of the articles presented by the House.

At the conclusion of Mr. Lord's remarks the court adjourned until 12 m. tomorrow.

The Senate then resumed its legislative session.

Mr. Anthony, from the Committee on Printing reported a resolution for printing 1,200 copies each of the report of the Commissioner of Education and the Committee of Investigation of affairs in Mississippi. Adopted.

Mr. Logan presented a number of petitions asking the passage of the bounty bill. Referred.

A number of private bill were reported and placed on the calendar or laid on the table.

Mr. Allison moved to proceed to the consideration of the river and harbor bill. Agreed to.

The Senate adjourned to 11 a. m., tomorrow.

House.

Mr. Terry, of Virginia, submitted the report of the committee on military affairs, in relation to the soldiers' home. Ordered printed and recommitted.

Mr. Morrison, of Illinois, from the committee on ways and means, reported back the Senate bill to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to deposit in the United States Treasury all sums now held by him in trust for Indian tribes, and the United States to pay interest on the same at the rate of 4½ per cent. Passed.

The House then as the unfinished business resumed the consideration of the contested election case of Platt, vs Goode, and Mr. Townsend, of New York, made a speech in favor of the majority report. Mr. Goode addressed the House on his own behalf.

Without concluding the case the House at 15 minutes of 5 p. m. adjourned.

The treasury officials say that advices received from London show much anxiety among the leading bankers there over the probable repeal of the specie resumption act by the House of Representatives, and they express the opinion that such action will cause a decline in our securities and render further funding operations impracticable.

Several Western Senators and delegates have urged upon the President the necessity of requesting Congress to grant authority for the acceptance of volunteers for the Indian war. He refuses, however, but favors the recruitment of regular regiments up to their war standard, with volunteers to enlist there for six months. This he thinks would be the most effective and prompt measure. This view is also sustained by Generals Sherman and Sheridan. One thousand men have been offered from Montana alone.

Mr. Townsend, of Kentucky, in his speech to-day, favoring the admission of Platt, of Virginia, to his seat, said in the course of his remarks: "We have decided the color line in the House. The gentleman from Mississippi—Mr. Lamar—kicked it out yesterday.

WEATHER—For the Gulf States, slight changes in temperature, east to south winds, stationary or slowly rising barometer, with rains near the coast and in the southwest.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 26.—A Herald cable special from London announces the receipt of a dispatch from the African explorer, Stanley, who had not previously been heard from since June, 1875. The dispatches are contained in five letters, giving descriptions of the country and Stanley's journeying. One letter dated July, 29, 1875, written at Mahyiga island in Lake Victoria Nyanza, describes a voyage from King Mtesa's Territory to the northern end of Lake Dearing, which party narrowly escaped massacre by treacherous natives of Bumberich, an island on the western side of the lake. The expedition was saved from destruction by the courage of Stanley and his followers, and by the effective use of superior arms. While on the lake several heavy storms were encountered, and the party narrowly escaped destruction in their frail canoes.

The second letter dated August, 15, 1875, details the return of the expedition across the lake, when Stanley inflicted severe punishment on the Bumberich voyagers, and mentions other exciting incidents.

The next letter dated January, 10, 1876, written from Kawanga, on the frontier of Unyoro, describes Stanley's march from King Mtesa's capital across the country to the eastern shore of Lake Albert Nyanza at the head of a large army composed of his own forces and the spearmen of Ugouka. Stanley has twice traversed the country of Kabbanega and visited but did not navigate the Lake Albert Nyanza. He is the first explorer of the region between Lakes Victoria and Albert Nyanza. He reported the mountain of Gamborago and discovered among its high uplands a pale face tribe who inhabit its foliage; a different race of people to the black skinned denizens of the plains.

Stanley created a long inlet of Lake Albert Nyanza, on which he encamped with his army, Beatrice Gulf, in honor of a Princess of England's Royal House.

His next letter was dated March 26, 1876, from Kanfurro, and describes his final departure from Ugouka and his exploration of Kagere river.

His latest letter is dated Ubogue, in Uniammez, April 24, 1876. It gives the details of Stanley's southward march toward Ujiji, from which point he proposes to visit Lake Albert Nyanza. He was fifteen days on the march for Ujiji. He was amply supplied with men and means. All were in good health.

CANADA.

HAMILTON, July 26.—John and William Young, who were sentenced to be hanged on the 21st of June, for murder, but who escaped on the 28th day of May, from Cayuga jail, after a murderous attack on the jailor, were discovered this morning hiding in a barn, and recaptured.

FRANCE.

PARIS, July 26.—President MacMahon has granted 127 additional pardons to Communists.

EGYPT.

ALEXANDRIA, July 26.—A great fire occurred at Cairo yesterday, near the vegetable market. Many houses were destroyed.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 26.—Wm. Deeds, Conservative, has been elected to Parliament from East Kent. He was unopposed, and is elected to fill the place of Sir Wyndham Knatchbull, Baronet, who has retired.

ILLINOIS.

CHAMPAIGN, July 26.—The Republicans of the 14th Congressional District, yesterday unanimously nominated for re-election, J. G. Cannon.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

MT. WASHINGTON, SUMMIT HOUSE, July 26.—Four inches of snow fell this morning just after sunrise. The weather is now clear.

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STATIONS.	ARRIVE.	LEAVE.
Atlanta	.....	10 25 P M
East Point	10 45	10 45
Red Oak	11 01	11 06
Fairburn	11 24	11 25
Palmetto	11 41	11 42
Powell's	12 05	12 06 A M
Newnan	12 20	12 21
Puckett's	12 36	12 41
Grantville	12 56	12 57
Hogansville	1 17	1 18
Whitfield's	1 44	1 44
LaGrange	2 04	2 05
Long Cane	2 31	2 31
West Point	2 50	.....

Passenger Train—North.

West Point	.....	12 15 P M
Long Cane	12 31	12 31
LaGrange	12 51	12 58
Whitfield	1 16	1 16
Hogansville	1 36	1 37
Grantville	1 52	1 53
Puckett's	2 08	2 08
Newnan	2 24	2 25
Powell's	2 40	2 40
Palmetto	3 01	3 02
Fairburn	3 17	3 18
Red Oak	3 33	3 37
East Point	3 51	3 52
Atlanta	4 10	.....

L. P. GRANT,
Superintendent.

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Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

JULY 26.—Our market to-day is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary	8¼	8¼
Good Ordinary	9	—
Strict Good Ordinary	10	—
Low Middling	10½	—
Middling	11¼	—

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.

Bacon—C R Sides	12¼	@	12¾
" Shoulders	10	@	10
Bulk—C R Sides	11¾	@	11¾
" Shoulders	9	@	9¼
Plain Sugar-cured Hams	—	@	—
Canvas " "	15½	@	16
Lard—Choice, in tierces	13	@	13½
" " " ½ bbls	14	@	14½
" " " kegs	14½	@	15
" " " buckets	3 15	@	2 25
Sugar—Snow White	12	@	—
" W. C.	11½	@	11¾
" N. O.	11¼	@	—
" Strictly Choice	11¼	@	—
" Prime	10½	@	10¾
" Fair	10	@	10¼
Molasses—Choice	65	@	70
" Prime	50	@	55
" Fair	45	@	50
" Common	35	@	40
Coffee—Choice	23	@	—
" Prime	22	@	23
" Fair	21	@	21½
" Common	20	@	20½
Rice—Choice	8	@	8¼
" Prime	7	@	7¼
" Fair	6¼	@	7
Flour—Fancy	8 00	@	8 50
" Choice	7 50	@	7 75
" Family	6 25	@	7 00
" Superfine	5 00	@	5 50
" Common	4 75	@	5 00
Tobacco	42	@	1 00
Whiskey—Rectified	1 08	@	1 35
" Better Grades	1 50	@	3 50
Wines—Port and Sherry	1 25	@	2 00
" Claret	3 50	@	6 00
Brandies	$ 1 25	@	2 50
" French	6 00	@	10 00
" Peach and Apple	2 00	@	3 50
Gin	1 40	@	2 25
" in cases	6 00	@	7 00
Beer in bottles, per doz	1 65	@	1 75
" in kegs	3 50	@	—
Cigars, per thousand	18 00	@	60 00
CASE GOODS—			
Oysters, 1 lb cans, per doz	90	@	1 00
" 2 " " "	1 75	@	2 00
Fresh Peaches, 2 lbs cans, per doz	2 00	@	2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case	4 00	@	4 25
" Cherries, " "	4 25	@	4 50
Sardines, ¼ lb'xs, " "	16 00	@	16 50
Condensed Milk, " "	11 00	@	12 00
Yeast Powders, per doz	1 70	@	2 10
Pickles, gal's, "	5 00	@	6 00
" ½ " " "	3 75	@	4 50
" ¼ " " "	2 50	@	3 00
" ½ " " "	1 50	@	2 00
Soda, in kegs, " lb	5½	@	6
" in B'xs, " "	6½	@	7½
Potash, " doz	5 50	@	6 50
Candles, full weight, per lb	16½	@	17½
Soaps, " "	5	@	7½
Starch, " "	5½	@	6½
Salt, Liverpool, per sack	1 35	@	1 40
" Fine Liverpool	2 00	@	—
" Virginia, "	2 10	@	2 25
Drop Shot	2 50	@	—
Buck Shot	2 75	@	—
Powder, " keg	5 75	@	6 25
Nails, standard rate, per keg	3 50	@	—
Snuff—Maccaboy, Lorillard's	80	@	—
" Miller's	75	@	—
" Gail & Ax	70	@	—
" Scotch, per gross	9 00	@	—
" Garrett's, per doz	4 75	@	—
Ink, per case	1 50	@	—
Mustard, per dozen	1 25	@	3 00
Ground Spices	1 00	@	1 25
" Pepper	1 00	@	1 25
" Ginger	1 00	@	1 25
" Allspice	1 00	@	1 25
" Cloves	1 00	@	1 25
" Cinnamon	1 50	@	—
Percussion Caps	65	@	80
" G. D. Caps	45	@	—
Toilet Soaps, box	1 75	@	2 25
Blueing, box	50	@	1 00
Smoking Tobacco	50	@	60
Tea	75	@	1 25
Wampoo Bitters	6 50	@	—
Diamond Gin	7 50	@	—
Plantation Bitters	8 50	@	—
Hostetter's Bitters	8 50	@	—
Rhine Wines	8 00	@	12 50
Wrapping Paper, Large	75	@	—
" Dbl	65	@	—
" Medium	50	@	—
" Small	40	@	—
Nutmegs	1 50	@	—
Brooms	2 25	@	3 50

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, July 26—Money closed at 1¼ @2. Gold 111¾. Stocks firmer.

COTTON.

Spot cotton to-day closed easier: Middling Orleans 11½c; middling Alabama, 11 13-16c; middling upland, 11¾c; strict low middling upland, 11½; low middling upland, 11 1-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10½c; good ordinary upland, 9 15- 6c; ordinary upland, 8 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed weak; sales 7,600 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 25-32@11 15-32
August	11 2 -32@
September	11 7-16@11 15-32
October	11 9-32@
November	11 25-32@11 11-16
December	11 7-32@11 11 16

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 26.—Cotton steady; middling uplands, 5 7 8d; middling Orleans, 6d; sales to-day 8,000 bales, of which 2000 bales are for export and speculation; receipts —— bales, American —— bales.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Receipts 57, gross 2, exports to Great Britain —; sales 2; stock 1,-4-3; price of middlings, 10¾c; market quiet.

WILMINGTON, July 26—Net receipts ; sales —; stock 376; price of middlings 10¾c; market steady.

MOBILE, July 25.—Net receipts 8; exports o Great Britain ——, coast 268; sales 250; stock 3,450; price of middlings 10¼c, low middlings 9¾c, good ordinary 8¼c; market weak.

NORFOLK, July 26.—Net receipts 9; sales —; stock 2,295; price of middlings 11—c; market quiet.

BALTIMORE, July 25.—Net receipts 4, sales 50; stock 3,709; price of middlings 11¾c; market dull.

GALVESTON, July 26.—Net receipts 69, gross 70; sales 305; stock 5,359; price of middlings 11c; market dull.

BOSTON, July 25.—Net receipts 184, gross 320, exports to Great Britain ——; sales ——; stock 15,-054; price of middlings 12c; market quiet.

CHARLESTON, July 26.—Net receipts 23; sales 150; stock 4,300; price of middlings 11½c; market quiet.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—Net receipts 196; gross 233; sales ——; price of middlings 11¾c; market quiet.

PROVIDENCE, July 26.—Stock 14,000 bales.

NEW ORLEANS, July 26.—Net receipts 144, gross 171; exports to Great Britain 11 6; coast ——; sales 500; stock 92,284; price of middlings 11¼c, low middlings 10¾c, good ordinary 9¾c, market quiet.

PROVISION MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Flour quiet, extra $4 25@5 75. Wheat lower, No. 2 spring 92¾c. Corn firm, No. 2 mixed 44¾c, new mixed 45c. Oats dull, No. 2 mixed 28¾c. Rye dull, 62@62¼c. Barley dull, 78c. Mess Pork quiet, $19 82—Lard steady, 10½c. Dry Salt Meats quiet, shoulders 8¼c,

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1876.

Tilden.

RAILROAD NEWS.

[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

NEW YORK, June 22.—Allusion was made in my dispatch a few days ago to litigation between the St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute Railroad and Samuel J. Tilden, in which one of the latter's operations in the railway wrecking line was said to be narrated. The papers in the case have since been supplied by the agents of the road in this city, and a brief summary of the allegations will prove interesting reading to delegates assembling at St. Louis to nominate a candidate for President. A foreclosure of this railroad under its old form, when consolidated with the Belleville & Illinoistown, was entered in 1861. The stockholders appointed a committee, consisting of S. J. Tilden, Robert Bayard, Joseph Tuckerman, John G. Richardson and Charles Butler, to buy it in and reorganize the Company. They did so March 24, 1862, for $8.0 , and Tilden, Bayard, Tuckerman, Richardson, and Russell Sage were made the new incorporators.

Tilden, as counsel of the Company, was empowered to supervise the reorganization, and the new Company being authorized to issue bonds and stocks to settle the liability of the old, there was placed in Tilden's hands $2,200,000 of first mortgage bonds, $4,500,000 second mortgage bonds, and $3,750,000 of stock.

A. C. Flagg, the Receiver of the old road, made a report to the stockholders of the old road in 1862, and, from the report, the following allegations are made and answers from Tilden demanded: The claims settled by the first mortgage bonds of $2,200,000 aggregated, according to Flagg, only $2,042,729.41, leaving a balance in Tilden's hands of $157,270.59. Of the $4,500,000 of second mortgage bonds, Flagg's report says only $4,329,545.85 was used, leaving in Mr. Tilden's hands $20,454.15 to be accounted for. Of the stock, $3,750,000 was to have been issued, but, in fact, $4,000,000 was put out by Tilden, $250,000 without special authority. As far as known, of this sum only $3,508,275.15 was used, according to Flagg's report, leaving Mr. Tilden to account, in his answer to the complaint, for a balance of $491,724.85 of stock. Another allegation is that Tilden got $20,000 for his services in reorganizing the road. The complaint, which is in the United States Circuit Court of this District, on a suit to recover $1,000,000, is against all the committee, and concludes as follows:

"Your orator alleges and avers that said defendants, or some of them, have refused to render any account, or to give your orator any explanation of the manner in which, or purposes for which, said bonds and stock were issued and disposed of and your orator charges that said surplus bonds and stock have been unlawfully retained by and divided among said defendants, or issued and disposed of by them in violation of their duty as members of said Purchasing Committee and Board of Directors of said corporation, complainant herein, and of the trust and confidence reposed in them as such, and that the pecuniary liabilities and burdens of your orator have been thereby unjustly and unnecessarily increased to the amount of more than $3,000,000."

The only reply of Mr. Tilden thus far has been an application for time until July to answer the complaint. This will be after the St. Louis Convention, and too late for him to profit by his explanations.

Saratoga—A Farce.

Scene: Parlor in the Grand Union Hotel, Saratoga Springs. Enter Hoffman and Morrissey, "two props of virtue for a Christian prince," disguised as reformers, escorting Governor Hendricks to the side of Governor Tilden seated on the St. Louis platform:

Tilden—Do you see yonder cloud that's almost in shape of a camel?
Hendricks—By the mass and 'tis a camel, indeed!
Tilden—Methinks it is like a weasel.
Hendricks—It is backed like a weasel.
Tilden—Or like a whale.
Hendricks—Very like a whale.

[*Exit Hoffman and Morrissey.*]

Tilden—Come, consin, canst thou quake and change thy color?
Murder thy breath in the middle of a word,
And then again begin and stop again,
As if thou wert distraught and mad with terror?
Hendricks—Tut, I can counterfeit the deep tragedian:
Speak and look back, and pry on every side;
Tremble and start at wagging of a straw,
Intending deep suspicion; ghastly looks
Are at my service, like enforced smiles,
And both are ready in their offices,
At any time, to grace my stratagems.
Tilden—We are in accord.
Hendricks—In accord.

Tilden's Railroad Lobbery.

[Brooklyn Argus]

What is sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander. The country processes to be sick of men in public office who have ever swerved from the path of rectitude and fair dealing. It proposes to honor such only as have preserved their own integrity. The day of jobbers and gamblers is supposed to be drawing to a close, and the day of men who are honest as well as capable is at hand. How does Mr. Tilden appear when measured by a standard like this? The New Haven Union says:

"One of the Directors of the Terre Haute and St. Louis Railroad makes affidavit that Tilden robbed the stockholders of that road to the tune of $6,000,000; that the steal is one of the boldest on record, and is susceptible of proofs, and that the foxy Samuel was a notorious corporation, as a legal swindler, of waters and stocks, plans who have owned stock in various railways. These charges are more emphatic and direct than anything yet brought forward against Blaine, and notwithstanding the positive affidavit of the Terre Haute Railroad Director has been before the country for several weeks, Tilden has not yet made a reply."

His silence is a confession that he does not wish those charges investigated. Yet if nominated he cannot avoid it. The plea against Blaine is that he would be put upon the defensive from the very beginning of the campaign; that his advocates would be kept busy with explanations and apologies. Tilden is in the dilemma; but he would be a more embarrassing candidate than Blaine, because his record is worse. It is idle for the machine workers to pretend to overlook these acts. They are vital, and big with disaster to Democracy, if Tilden be chosen as the St. Louis standard-bearer.

Portrait of Governor Tilden.

The New York correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer draws this sketch of Governor Tilden:

"Uncle Sam is very rich—worth, they say, $15,000,000. He has no wife and babies to make away with his incomes, no poor relations to be provided for. Hence it is no secret that he is lavish in his expenditures upon the newspapers and the campaign clubs that are springing up in every town and on every cross-road corner of the State. He has already spent, it is estimated, over $50,000 on pictures of himself. These counterfeit presentments of the next President are found in nearly every saloon, hotel, restaurant, and grocery store in this city and State. The pictures generally flatter him, and in them he looks ten or twenty years younger than he really is."

There is a picture from a Democratic artist which would stir a fever of enthusiasm in the blood of age.

Address of Hon. N. Woodruff.

SELMA, ALA., July 22d, 1876.

To the People of Alabama:

I consult neither my inclinations nor my interests in consenting, as I reluctantly do, in obedience to what appears to be the call of duty, and upon the repeated solicitations of many prominent and patriotic citizens of all parties to become a candidate for Governor of Alabama.

As a business man and planter, I have been identified with political affairs only so far as has been necessary in the discharge of the duties of simple citizenship, but I have never failed in those duties, which I have always performed to the best of my judgment, and with reference only to the public good.

I have never sought distinction or expected preferment, and, except when called to the place I now hold by the free suffrages of my fellow townsmen, of all parties, who know me best and of whose confidence and appreciation I am very proud, I have never held office.

Now that political independence appears necessary to rescue the administration of public affairs from the control of professional politicians and the domination of cliques and rings intent only on the gratification of their own aspirations and the promotion of their own interests, I accept after long hesitation and unfeigned reluctance the position of honor and responsibility to which the partiality of the Independents of the State calls me.

In what I thought the interests of good government, in the cause of retrenchment and reform, I, two years ago, gave to Gov. Houston, then a candidate for the office he now holds, an earnest and cordial support. From his election I hoped for the most beneficial results to the people of Alabama. "The word of promise to the ear has been broken to the hope." The pledges upon which the State was carried by the Democracy in 1874 have not been realized. Taxation has not been lessened. Expenses of administration have not been adequately reduced. The school system of the State has been crippled and seriously impaired in its essential usefulness. Extravagant compensation has been given to commissioners unnecessarily appointed to adjust the public debt. Fraudulent claims against the State, amounting to millions of dollars, ultimately to come out of the people' pockets have been directly or indirectly recognized as valid and compromised. Local government of several counties has been taken from the people of those counties and vested practically in the Governor. New and unnecessary offices have been created and filled by the favorites of the ring politicians, and an unequal, unjust and oppressive revenue law bearing with special hardship on the poorer classes has been enacted. The man who approved and consented to all these offenses of omission and commission has been nominated for re-election by the Democratic leaders, against the unavailing protests of thousands of the rank and file of the party. His re-election would amount to an endorsement by the people of these transgressions. Under these circumstances the Independent sentiment of the State has called for an Independent candidate, and the representatives of that sentiment have pressed upon me a duty I would gladly avoid, but do not feel at liberty to decline.

If I should be elected Governor of Alabama I shall try to perform the duties of the gubernatorial office on strict business principles, economising and retrenching wherever possible in the expenditure of the people's money, and by lessening the cost of administration, seeking to make a material reduction of taxation possible. If called to this high office I shall endeavor to discharge the important trust committed to me in such a manner as to promote the good of the whole people, knowing no party or class and withholding from no man his due.

Economy, retrenchment and reform, decreased expenditures and reduced taxation, adequate support of the free public schools, and fidelity in all the branches of the Executive Department will be the ends I shall keep constantly in view, and to the attainment of these ends I shall use all the power and all the influence of the office.

Hoping the issue of the election will redound to the peace and prosperity of all the people of Alabama.

I am very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
N. WOODRUFF.

ADDRESS.

ROOMS OF THE REPUBLICAN STATE EX. COMMITTEE OF ALABAMA,
Montgomery, July 19, 1876.

To the Republicans of Alabama: Widespread dissatisfaction with the results of a tyrannical caucus rule in the Democratic party, has found expression in the nomination of gentlemen for State officers on an Independent ticket.

Recognizing the great improbability that the Republican candidates could be elected, in the present divided condition of the party, we have decided to withdraw the nominations for State officers, made by the Republican convention of May 24th, and to ask the Republicans of Alabama to give to the Independent ticket an earnest and hearty support.

While we regret that an unselfish regard for the welfare of the people dictates this course, we at the same time find reason to be gratified that the opportunity is presented to the Republicans of Alabama to rise above all meaner considerations, and heartily co-operate in fostering the spirit of manly independence, which promises so much for the future prosperity of the State.

The gentlemen upon the Independent ticket are not Republicans; yet as the result of their election many things which the Republicans desire, may be confidently expected. We shall look to them for an honest and economical administration of public affairs, moderate and equable taxation and ample provision for the education of our children. It needs no argument to prove that none of these great benefits can be expected as long as the machinery-bound, caucus-ridden Democratic party, continues in power. It is plain that the unfortunate division among the Republicans renders it impossible for them to achieve victory at the polls, and thus give to the people just, wise and liberal government. The only true course remaining then, is for the Republicans to assist the citizens of the State, outside of their party, in their noble effort to lift from the shoulders of the people, the load of oppression under which they are laboring.

It is not strange that Alabama's sons, in the Centennial anniversary of the great Declaration, should be inspired by the spirit of our fathers. They have declared their determination to be free from the tyranny of a party, more unendurable than was the tyranny of a king. The Republicans of Alabama, appreciating the greatness of the work they have undertaken, can and will support them with enthusiastic unanimity.

To the gentlemen whose names appear on the ticket, which we have withdrawn, we tender the assurance that their firm and constant devotion, their faithful and valuable services have secured the lasting gratitude of their fellow Republicans.

CHAS. E. MAYER, Chairman.
GEO. TURNER, Secretary.

PLATFORM
—OF THE—
REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching exciting State and Federal, announce as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men as the fundamental principle of our government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperiling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the cordial recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing intolerance, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and action, in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and animosities, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the rights and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one indissolubly associated with the other as indissoluble.

5th. The preservation and maintenance of the political party in the country as a safeguard against sectional animosities, the strongest guaranty of an honest administration.

Resolved 1st. That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has crushed the rebellion with a power of unprecedented magnitude, with sufficiency and success, and has won for the President a reputation as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd, That we deplore the division of our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies, and at once, as in the past, we are ready and desirous of healing these divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse and energies or hope to its future, since the wars and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

ALEX WHITE, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 15th, 1876.)

When in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved these governments to the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed." Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously enforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern sections of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitutional amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts as to the purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin. Commercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the many important amendments effected by Republican Legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congress to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who periled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We therefore note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts as its chief hope of success in the electoral vote of a united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation; we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil the national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason; with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes; with possessing and applauding in the National Capitol the sentiments of unrepented rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan management and obstruction of investigation; with proving itself, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and immense services in war and in peace.

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The South and the Republican Party.

[From the N. Y. Times, July 21.]

The South proclaims that its paramount object in the Presidential campaign is the promotion of its own interests. So far as the old rebel element is concerned, its preference for the Democratic nominations is natural enough. They represent the Jeffersonian doctrine of State rights, on which the secession movement was based, and their election would be tantamount to the stoppage of the policy which saved the Union and adapted the Constitution to the order of things resulting from the war. The Toombses of the South comprehend too well the affiliations that connect them with the Democracy, its traditions, its leaders, and its unavowed but unmistakable purposes; and they were quite ready to accept any ticket which the St. Louis Convention might have nominated. They know that Democratic discipline subordinates the candidate to the party, and that the great body of its members may be relied upon, when the opportunity occurs, to put into practice the essential doctrine of the Blair-Brodhead letter, and as far as possible to frustrate the objects of the constitutional amendments, whose validity they for the moment pretend to concede. For these reasons, the Southern extremists are so decidedly, and withal, so consistently, arrayed on the Democratic side that nothing can be gained by attempting to open an argument with them. If they are worth watching at all, it is that the country may not be allowed to forget the spirit that animates them or the objects they have in view, and that the professions of the Democratic party may be inspected in the light which their actions afford.

It would be a mistake, however, to conclude that the whole white population of the South is represented by the ultraists of whom Toombs and Hill and the Augusta Butlerites are the type. They were a minority in 1860-1; they are a minority now. They carried the secession ordinances by sheer force of bullying and braggadocio and fraud, and they are enabled now to command the white vote simply because the moderate men who are naturally the majority, allow themselves to be dragooned into obedience to the edicts of the Democratic leaders. Grant, if you please, that a large proportion of the rank and file of the party at the South has been so misled by the lies and misrepresentations of the leaders that they have learned to look upon the North generally, and upon the Republican organization particularly, as hostile to their rights and welfare. Still, the fact remains that the moderation and intelligence of the South, of which the old Whigs are the fairest exemplars, have little sympathy with the plans of the Democratic leaders, are virtually coerced into a partnership with them by affront and persecution directed against Southern pride and patriotism. They were thus driven into the secession movement years ago. And the descendants of these unwilling prostitutes look back upon their union with the Democracy and its results much as Virginia and the other slave States look upon the bondage which the fortunes of war—and the mismanagement of its reconstruction—have imposed upon them. The real ruling power of the South is a small but compact oligarchy, which never relinquished its control by the ballot, and which now dominates with a home bred despotism those classes of whom we have spoken, who are paying for political privileges they are being systematically robbed of, and for services they cannot get. Upon the basis of this oligarchy the whole fabric of Democratic ascendancy in the South is constructed by the Democratic leaders of each State for their own benefit. They know all things pecuniary, and they cannot fail to perceive that their power is based upon a policy which treats the South as separate in its interests, and thus lays the foundation of a new form of secessionism. They desire to bury the dead past, and they find themselves the supporters of a party whose success would be the signal for reopening bygone quarrels and reviving strife which should be regarded as ended. They know that the antagonism of race is vastly more perilous than the antagonism of sections, and they are relied upon to stand by a party which draws a broad line between white and black, and aims at putting the latter back into a state of subjection which, politically considered, differs little in effect from slavery. All these are considerations that must have objective upon those of the Southern whites who are less eager for partisan victories than for material prosperity, and who are wearied of the sectional conflicts which keep the interests of the South apart from those of the country. To these men the letters of Messrs. Hayes and Wheeler convey a message that will probably not be altogether unheeded. That the wise and conciliatory words of Mr. Hayes have awakened misgiving in the minds of the fire-eaters, the comments of certain Southern journals sufficiently prove. The appeals to the old Whigs which editorially and in the form of letters, are appearing in several of the States, and notably in Tennessee, indicate the presence of mid-currents of opinion favorable to the Republican nominations. There would be no necessity for enumerating the official positions accorded to old Whigs, or for laborious efforts to demonstrate that Whig traditions are nearer to Democracy than to Republicanism, if there were no forces at work to disintegrate what for electioneering purposes has for ten years past ranked as the Democratic party. And the wedge into duced by Mr. Hayes will be driven further by the letter of Mr. Wheeler.

The game of the Southern Democrats has been to fix upon the Republican party as a whole the full measure of responsibility for all that has happened in the South since the era of reconstruction began. Neither truth nor expediency would be served by denying or attempting to explain away the painful facts which during this period stand conspicuous in Southern history. The frightful wrongs attended the early stages of reconstruction is as indefensible as are the scandals which a misuse of Federal patronage have more recently occasioned. The blame, however, has not been confined to one quarter. Thaddeus Stevens would have been much less powerful had not the criminal folly of ex-Confederate leaders played directly into his hands. The influences of men like Spencer would never have existed but for that unhappy division of races which proceeded inevitably from Democratic tactics. The carpet-baggers on one side have been made possible by the demagogues on the other. Moreover, the broad and conciliatory views to which Messrs. Hayes and Wheeler give formal expression have never lacked exponents within the Republican party. Lincoln's magnanimity the party that furnished his murderers now applauds, and the ideas which ennobled his disposition toward the South happily did not perish with him. The main hindrances to their application since 1865 have come from the Democratic party and from the Southern whites themselves. The Augusta ruffians, who were ready at a moment's notice to shoot down South Carolina negroes for standing upon their legal rights, have had their counterparts in Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana, as well as in other parts of Georgia; and their murderous violence has embarrassed Republican advocates of reconciliation and helped to thwart their friendly plans. The desire to obliterate sectional animosities has remained nevertheless. The policy that would know no North, no South, no black or white, in the administration of Federal affairs, out lives enmities and abuses, and once more calls upon the South for its discriminating judgment. Of this policy the nomination of Hayes and Wheeler is an embodiment, and the tone of their responses should not be lost upon the moderate men of the South.

Organdy muslins dotted with small sprigs and figures are worn again.

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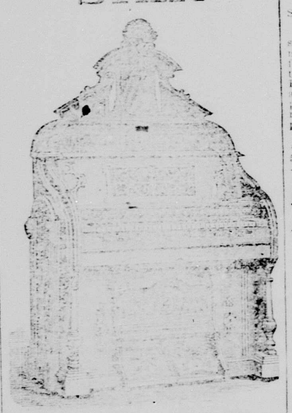
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AT 8.55 A. M.
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STATIONS.	Arrive	Leave
Atlanta		10 45
East Point	10 45	11 00
Red Oak	11 01	11 06
Fairburn	11 24	11 41
Palmetto	11 41	12 05
Powell's	12 05	12 10
Newnan	12 20	12 40
Puckett's	12 56	1 05
Grantville	1 17	1 18
Hogansville	1 44	1 44
Whitfield's	1 44	1 50
LaGrange	2 24	2 30
Long Cane	2 41	2 50
West Point	2 50	

Passenger Train—North.

West Point		12 10 P M
Long Cane	12 31	12 35
LaGrange	12 47	12 53
Whitfield	1 16	1 16
Hogansville	1 26	1 30
Grantville	1 52	1 53
Puckett's	2 18	2 18
Newnan	2 38	2 40
Powell's	3 01	3 01
Palmetto	3 17

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Atlanta	.....	10 25 P M
East Point	10 45	10 45
Fairburn	11 01	11 06
Palmetto	11 24	11 25
Newnan	11 41	11 42
Grantville	12 05	12 05 A M
Greenville	12 20	12 21
Hogansville	12 41	12 41
Chipley	12 56	12 57
Pinelog	1 12	1 13
Hightower	1 17	1 18
Cartersville	1 44	1 44
Allatoona	2 05	2 05
Etowah	2 31	2 31
Cassville	2 50	.....

Passenger Train—North.

West Point	.....	12 15 P M
Lone Oak	12 31	12 31
Langdale	12 57	12 58
Shawmut	1 16	1 16
Lafayette	1 36	1 37
Summerville	1 53	1 53
Trion	2 08	2 08
Chattooga	2 24	2 25
Summerville	2 40	2 40
Gaylesville	3 01	3 01
Cedar Bluff	3 17	3 18
Centre	3 33	3 37
Point	3 52	3 52
Cedartown	4 10	.....

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DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1876.

BEFORE THE PRIME.

BY KATE PUTNAM OSGOOD.

You think you love me, Marguerite,
Because you find Love's fancy sweet;
So cautiously you seek a height
To prove your heart is wholly mine.

Ah, were it so! But listen, dear!
Behind my brow this very year
With hard impatience you were fain
To watch the earth grow green again.

When April's violets, here and there,
Scarce lit the unexpectant air,
You searched them out, and brought me some,
You, searched them out, and brought me some,
To show, you said, that spring was come.

But, sweeth art, when the lavish May
Kissed flowers and fragrance found your way,
You had no thought her bloom to bring
To prove the presence of the spring!

Believe me when Love's April time
Shall open its priest prime,
You will need a sign to know
What every glance and breath will show!

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war man Senator Spencer.

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A Fortune for only $12.

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$800,000.

THOS. P. PORTER, ex-Gov. of Kentucky, General Manager.

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Five Cash Gifts of	$5,000 each	25,000
Ten Cash Gifts of	2,000 each	20,000
Twenty Cash Gifts of	1,000 each	20,000
Fifty Cash Gifts of	400 each	20,000
One Hundred Cash Gifts of	200 each	20,000
Two Hundred Cash Gifts of	100 each	20,000
Five Hundred Cash Gifts of	50 each	25,000
One Thousand Cash Gifts of	12 each	12,000
Total 11,153 Gifts, All Cash		800,000

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Whole tickets $12; Halves $6; Quarters $3; 9 Tickets $100; 27 Tickets $300; 44½ Tickets $5 00; 565 Tickets $1,000; 1000 Tickets at $12 each.

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WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD AND ITS CONNECTIONS.

"Kennesaw Route."

The following schedule takes effect June 5th, 1876:

NORTHWARD.

	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 11.
Leave Atlanta	4.10 p. m.	7.00 a. m.	5.55 p. m
Ar Marietta	5.14 p. m.	9.22 a. m.	6.41 p. m
Ar. Kingston	6.4? p. m.	9.56 a. m.	9.17 p. m
Ar Rome	8.4 p. m.	11.54 a. m.	11.35 p. m
Ar Dalton	9.12 p. m.	1.06 p. m.	

SOUTHWARD.

	No. 2.	No. 4.	No. 11.
Leave Chattanooga	4.00 p. m.	5.00 a. m.	
Ar Rome	4.41 p. m.	7.01 a. m.	1.00 a m
Ar Kingston	7.58 p. m.	9.07 a. m.	4.19 a m
Ar Marietta	8.12 p. m.	9.42 a. m.	5.18 a m
Ar Atlanta	10.15 p. m.	1.06 m.	9.20 a m

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 1 and 2, between New Orleans and Baltimore.

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 1 and 4, between Atlanta and Nashville.

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Quick change of cars between New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Atlanta and Baltimore, and quick time to New York.

Passengers leaving Atlanta at 4.10 p m arrive in New York the second afternoon thereafter at 4.15 p. m.

Excursion tickets to the Virginia Springs and various summer resorts will be on sale in New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, Macon, Savannah, Augusta and Atlanta, at greatly reduced rates 1st of June.

Parties desiring a whole car through to the Virginia Springs or to Baltimore, should address the undersigned.

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"Several months use of the elegant Parlor Organ you sent me, satisfies me that it is one of the best made. It has a rich tone; its various tones are most pleasant. I most heartily recommend your organs for parlor, school, church or other use."

Best offer ever given. Money refunded upon return of organ and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory, after a trial of five days. Organ warranted for five years. Send for extended price list of testimonials before buying a parlor organ. Address,

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18.	Ophthalmy, and Sore or Weak Eyes,	50
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22.	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing,	50
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24.	General Debility, Physical Weakness,	50
25.	Dropsy and Scanty Secretions,	50
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The Cordial Balm of Syricum and Tonic Pills.

Nervous Debility,

However obscure the causes may be which contribute to this condition, it is generally a disease so prevalent, alarming, as it does, nearly one-half of our adult population, it is melancholy fact, that day by day, and year by year, we witness a most frightful increase. Not one of the distressing affections from the slightest neuralgia to the more grave and extreme forms of

NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

It is of the highest importance, then, that individuals should fortify themselves by their own feelings, it and to what extent they are attacked by this insidious enemy to health, comfort and even life itself, let him run its course unchecked, or apply the prompt application of curative remedies.

Newmarket, Nov. 6, 1874.

Dr. Lorimore: When you left here you desired to send me a further supply of the Balm of Syricum and Tonic Pills, as I was nearly out? I have now been taking it about five months, and have every reason to be satisfied with its effects. You know that I commenced taking it with a good deal of doubt about it doing me any good, as I had so long been accustomed to the use of opium, I thought that nothing saved from the drug could ever satisfy him; rather, I had come to the conclusion that I must continue the opium, and my only hope was that your medicine would furnish merely an antidote to its injurious effects. I commenced it in the morning of a time and it turned that the Cordial Balm was going to cure me of the desire for opium. But I believe it will. I have now quite the desire for it now. When I got to the end of the first bottle of Syricum I felt unequal for a week or so, but the medicine seemed to stay me up, and after a few days the longing for opium began to grow less and less. Sometimes I feel a sort of feverish weakness and a desire to again realize what I used to call the glorious visions of the opium—but I could always find help and strength to overcome that temptation by taking a single dose of the Cordial Balm. Gratefully yours, N. GREGORY.

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A few years ago we bought in New York Santonin, bearing the name of the great chemist of Germany, whose make had always been purest, this was used in making Worm Candy, a lot of 200 gross. After sales of the Candy were made, complaints came that it "wet down and ran together." Upon investigation we found that a fraud had been practiced upon us: the Santonin label being counterfeited, and the Santonin adulterated with chlorate of potash. We called in all the Candy we could hear of, replacing it with good. If you have any, we will gladly replace yours, and we make this appeal to your sense of justice, not to let the rascality of another injure our good name. We ask a renewal of your confidence in Hurley's Worm Candy, guaranteeing that only PURE and TESTED material is used in its preparation, and with proper care it will keep in any climate.

J. W. SEATON & CO. Louisville, Ky.,

Sole manufacturers and proprietors of the following:

	Per doz.	Per Gross.
Walker's Rheumatic Cure	$12 00	$10 50
Hurley's Com. Syrup Sarsaparilla, with or without Iod. Potash	7 75	7 50
Hurley's Ague Tonic	7 00	6 50
Hurley's Popular Worm Candy	1 35	14 25
Hurley's Stomach Bitters	7 25	7 00
Seabrook's Infant Soothing Syrup	1 00	10 00
Seabrook's Elix. Pyrophos Iron and Calisaya	7 50	7 00
Bettison's English Horse Liniment	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Horse Condition Powder	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Chicken Cholera Powder	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Hog Cholera Powder	3 00	30 00
S. & Co.'s Extract Jamaica Ginger, 2 oz.	1 75	18 00
S. & Co.'s Compound Syrup Liquidamber	3 50	37 50
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S. & Co.'s Magic Kid Glove Cleaner	1 75	18 00
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1 oz. 4doz in box, per doz	$ 50
2 oz. 4 doz in box, per doz	69
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1 pint, 1 doz in box, per doz	4 00
1 quart, 1 dozen in box, per dozen	6 00
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1 qt copying, 1 doz in box, per doz	7 00
2 oz. Black Ink; 4 doz in box, per doz	45
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2 oz Cork, 1 dozen in box	$1 25
4 oz Cork, 1 dozen in box	2 50
2oz Glass Stopper, 1 dozen in box	2 50
4 oz Glass Stopper, 1 dozen in box	3 50

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4 oz, 1 dozen in box	1 25
8 oz, 1 dozen in box	2 50

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$20, 5 per cent; $40, 10 per cent; $60, 15 per cent; $80, 20 per cent; $100, 25 per cent.

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¼ pound Cans	$1 60	$18 00
½ pound Cans	2 75	30 00
1 pound Cans	5 25	60 00

5, 10, 25 and 50 pound Cans, 35 cents per pound. No charge for packages

LIQUID WASH BLUE.

2 ounce, 6 dozen in box	$ 35	$ 3 60
4 ounce, 4 dozen in box	60	6 00
6 ounce, 3 dozen in box	75	8 00
8 ounce, 2 dozen in box	90	10 00
12 ounce, 1 dozen in box	1 10	12 00

All accounts due in 30 days. Discounts made on Ink and Mucilage only, as per card. All goods shipped at purchaser's risk, unless ordered to insure.

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$10,000 REWARD for a case of Chills and Fever, or Ague and Fever, that HURLEY'S AGUE TONIC will not cure.

WALKER'S RHEUMATIC CURE guaranteed to relieve the most obstinate cases of Rheumatism if persistently taken.

Convalescents warranted rapid recovery by use of SEABROOK'S ELIXIR BARK AND IRON. Corrects female irregularities.

The most reliable SOOTHING SYRUP is SEABROOK'S. Safely, sweetly quiets the little ones—never stupifies or fatally affects, as a popular syrup is stated to have done.

Physicians recommend SEATON & CO.'S LIQUIDAMBER for Dysenterry, Diarrhea, and Summer Complaints. Aids digestion.

An English Farrier made, and the veteran veterinarian, Dr. Bettison, improved our ENGLISH HORSE LINIMENT. Best for all skin diseases or old sores on man, horse or cattle.

HURLEY'S WORM CANDY is a sure remedy. Painless remedy. All children are more or less troubled with worms. Every house should have this pure preparation.

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The purest EXTRACT OF JAMAICA GINGER is Seaton & Co.'s. Flatulency, Cholera, etc., flee away when it is taken.

Flaky, light white bread insured by use of Seaton & Co's HOME BAKING POWDER. Delicious and pure.

Soiled Kid Gloves made new, with Seaton & Co's KID GLOVE CLEANER.

INKS—Black, Chemical, Copying Carmine, etc., in all size.

MUCILAGE that will not sour, is Seaton & Co's.

ORIENTAL PEARL DROPS, white and pink, beautifies the complexion and removes tan and pimples. Cheaper than Indigo and far better is Seaton & Co's WASH BLUE.

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Fifteen to Fifty per cent Cheaper than Others!

99. For proof, you know that Chill Tonics (without arsenic) usual price is $8.00 per dozen; our price is $7.00; Worm Candies, usually $1.50, ours $1.35; Stomach Bitters, generally, $8.00 to $8.50, ours $7.20; Soothing Syrups, $2.00 to $4.00, ours $1.60; Elixir Bark and Iron, $9.00 to $12.00, ours $7.50.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO HANDLE OUR GOODS.

WARRANNTED TO BE RELIABLE!

We Believe them to be Superior to all Others,

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FULL STOCK OF BAGGING AND TIES ALWAYS ON HAND AND FOR SALE AT LOWEST MARKET RATES.

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The quickest, best and ONLY ROUTE with which passengers from the South make direct connection at Louisville with

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At Philadelphia, this line will sell Excursion Tickets at greatly reduced rates.

ASK FOR TICKETS VIA

Louisville & The Short Line,

The only line running through cars to Eastern Cities. For sale at all the Ticket Offices in the South and Southwest.

JOHN MAC LEOD, General Superintendent.

S. S. PARKER, G. P. & T. Agt., Louisville, Ky jan6ly

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An Agent Wanted for each Town and County in the United States.

Parties desiring to act as agents must accompany their application by a letter of recommendation as to character and responsibility from and signed by the Editor of a newspaper published in the town or county for which agent is desired to act. The agent is to sell the bonds of the Industrial Exhibition Company.

Bonds $20 Each.

The Industrial Exhibition Company will furnish agents with Circulars, etc., etc.

Each newspaper published in the town where agent is located will, as soon as agency is established, be given an advertisement, advertising such agency and the company, and fully explaining the plans, purposes and objects of the company. Such advertisement will continue in such papers as long as agency is successfully conducted.

The Industrial Exhibition Company is the first to adopt the plan so long in use by the European governments of issuing bonds when the principal is made secure and not risked, but where there is a chance for a large premium. An investment of $20 is sure to return to the investor $-1—one dollar more than cost—and the holder of a $20 bond may obtain a premium either of $50, $100, $20-1, $500, $1,000, $5,000, $10,000, $25,000 or $100,000. The interest, which is ordinarily distributed to all the bondholders pro rata, is in this loan distributed by chance. The purchaser of a bond knows he will receive back his investment, with a small rate of interest added, and in consideration of taking this small rate of interest, he has a chance in the above named premiums, which are simply the distribution of interest on the whole loan.

Each bond participates in four drawings each year, until it has drawn a premium, when it is surrendered, the premium paid, and the bond cancelled.

The Industrial Exhibition Company, under a special charter, granted by the State of New York, is given authority to issue these bonds. The Legislature of the State, recognizing the great benefits which will arise from the success of this enterprise, have exempted all the real estate and property of the company from taxation and assessments for five years, and has also conferred other great privileges.

Every American who understands the purposes of this company will, of a necessity, feel a pride in aiding it to a successful termination.

Each individual who buys a bond becomes an owner and an interested party, and when he views the structure erected with his money can say, "I aided to erect in our country the most magnificent building the world has ever seen, a palace which, in truth, represents the industry, energy and mechanical genius of the American people."

The manufacturers and the inventors of America are peculiarly interested in the success of this enterprise, for the reason that it is to be their home, where all their inventions and manufactures can be exhibited and sold.

The building will contain 5,320,000 square feet of space.

Purchasers desiring Bonds before an agency is established where they reside, will communicate direct with this office, from where they can be supplied.

Parties desiring to act as agents or to purchase Bonds will address

INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION CO.,

No. 12 East 17th Street,

BET. B'WAY & 5th AVE.,

NEW YORK CITY

NOTE.—All moneys by draft on New York, or Express, or postal order—charges paid by sender 8-20w

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Blanks, Blanks, Blanks.

We are now prepared to furnish Tax Collectors and Tax Assessors with

Blank Lists of Property, Tax Deeds, and all Blanks used by County Officials at Chicago Prices.

T. C. BINGHAM & CO., State Journal Job Office, Montgomery, Ala.

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$250 A MONTH—Agents wanted every where. Business honorable and first class.

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1876.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MONTGOMERY, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T.C. Bingham will be paid by us. T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,

dtf. Proprietors.

LAWN dresses and lawn covered hats are raging. Maidens all for lawn!

Low shoes, worn with plain dark-colored stockings, are admissible for street wear.

FIFTY thousand persons belong to the order of the Sisters of Charity the world over.

THE fashion in ladies' afternoon toilet, now, is chiefly remarkable for its *abandon*.

HE wrote her a love letter and signed it "Perspiringly yours." She melted at once.

AFTER all, we do not believe that last winter was half as cold as people thought it was.

THERE is a great run on lawn dresses this season, to the great delight of laundresses.

WHEN Methuselah attended his first Centennial he was, so to speak, a very small lad.

WHEN a Turkish woman does wrong she is sewed up in a bag and dropped into the Bosphorus.

PERSONAL.—Col. L. M. Terrell, of the Postoffice Department service, was in the city yesterday.

IT is difficult to decide whether flowers or feathers preponderate in the new summer straw hats.

PALMETTO root pickles are said to excel cucumbers—as producers of stomachic qualms probably.

THIS is the season when a boy who has been good all summer is allowed to go to the river and drown himself.

THE Exchange and Madison House registers show a continued stream of travel, to and from the Centennial.

ONE of the proudest moments of a fat man's life is when he can eat buckwheat cakes without getting molasses on his shirt-front.

AN enthusiastic dealers says, "Now lay in your winter coal." He has an idea that the coal shed is more comfortable than the gallery bedroom.

LIFE is said to be a journey from the cradle to the grave, and the great problem with most men seems to be how to perform it without getting coins.

HUNTING parties, as usual, have appeared at the balls of watering-place hotels. They appear to be hunting for good matches by the light of other days.

IT is predicted that the present heated term is to end with the most terrific thunder storm the country has ever witnessed. Lightning rod men are cheerful and hopeful.

THE artificial flowers so largely used for decorating toilets at this season are made on such flexible stems, and copy nature so carefully, that it is almost impossible to detect that they are not real.

"INSTRUCTOR in the arts of the household and kitchen, in millinery and dressmaking, and in the arts of printing and telegraphy," is the way a man-professor of a Georgia female seminary is catalogued.

THAT everybody's energy has not been exhausted by the heated term seems clear from the remark of a boot black yesterday, who expressed a willingness to kick a hole through the sky and let in some freshair.

ONE of the few comforts left us during the present misplacement of the torrid zone, is to see two women gathering up the scraps of their hair after a fight over the relative accuracy of their thermometers.

WE should be sorry to say anything unpatriotic in this centennial year, but we cannot help expressing a mild regret that the pilgrim fathers should not have landed themselves in some country with an endurable climate.

THE young men who danced off into the woods when the grand jury met, can now return to their homes, that institution having adjourned. Come home, young men, come home, and behave yourselves hereafter.

THE man who predicted that a cold and frosty summer would be unable to exceed the exceptionally hot summer of a few months ago, will please come to the front and listen to the opprobrium of the public regarding him.

WE are assured that we need not hope for colder weather until the "cold wave" mercury has been moved into the Atlantic Ocean." Is there no man with sufficient public spirit to take that barometer very far out and sink it very deep down?

NOW is the time when the college graduate comes into the newspaper office to know if he can't get a job as dramatic critic, correspondent at the Centennial or in Europe, city editor, or if nothing else is vacant, he would take the proprietorship.

"YOU needn't take down any more goods," she said to the weary-looking clerk, who was half submerged in his wares. "I don't want to buy any, but my husband's sister's niece is going to New York, and she says she'd buy me what I needed there if the prices were enough lower than here to make it worth while."

WE understand that two strange young men are going to the houses of certain citizens representing that they are employed by the city to number the houses. In one instance they tacked a piece of tin, with the figure 3 on it, to the door of an old lady, and demanded 50 cents for it. The lady refused to pay it, as she ought to have done.

AN exchange wants ladies to take off their hats in church, but as long as half of the ladies go to church for the purpose of displaying their hats, it is hardly possible that the suggestion will be adopted—unless a glass case is placed alongside of the pulpit for their accommodation, and the name of the owner is prominently affixed to each hat.

A READER complains that he has been kept in almost constant perspiration during the heated term by a sight before his window. A street vender, with a sign over his stand "Red Hot Peanuts," and every few minutes a countryman comes along, and opens a capacious side pocket for the reception of a pint of the tempting peddled fruit. Such a scene is warranted to affect the most hardened.

BOUND OVER.—The young man, Cy Berry, who was examined before United States Commissioner Hunter, upon a charge of passing counterfiet money, was bound over in the sum of $250. The father of the young man, who is a locomotive engineer, and R. H. Knox, Esq., signed the bond. The amount of the bill is $5, which was passed on Henry Kelly, Esq., a barkeeper.

REGISTER.—We desire to impress upon Republicans everywhere the importance of registering. If you have moved from one beat to another in the last twelve months be sure you have your name registered on the day of election. All who have failed to register thus far, must not fail to do so on the 7th day of August. The registrar will be at the polls and the law compels him to discharge his duty promptly. Remember to see that you are registered.

IT is stated upon the authority of one who has tried the experiment, that a small plant of the Eucalyptus, or Australian anti-malarial tree growing in a bed room will cause mosquitos to disappear. This is an important discovery. A friend of ours has procured a plant from Mr. Halfman, of this city, to ascertain the truth of the assertion as regards ridding us of mosquitos. Mr. Halfman says that having the Eucalyptus in his hot-house last winter, he was free from those insects for the first time. He, also, has noticed the present season, that having several of those trees near the window of his sleeping room, scarcely a musquito infested the room, whereas, heretofore musquitos were numerous and very annoying. We advise our readers to try the Eculyptus.

IN reference to drinks for the warm season what we desire to impress upon our readers is the hygienic difference between cool water and ice water. Cold tea, but not iced tea, is particularly good, producing gentle perspiration without exhaustion. Cool, but not iced lemonade, moderately taken, is also good. Iced fresh milk in quantities is particularly dangerous; but cool buttermilk or sour milk, not iced, will prove refreshing and easy of digestion. Alcoholic drinks, because of their heating and brain congesting effects, no matter how much iced, are very perilous during this hot weather, and even fermented drinks, except with meals, should be taken sparingly. A glass of claret in a tumbler of cold water would be good with dinner. Above all, let the fatal order, "Bring me some ice water," be seldom heard.

PERSONAL.—We stated yesterday that Professor McDonald, the great master of Terpsichore, and manager of the Montgomery theatre, was in New York arranging for the appearance of dramatic troupes the coming season When we wrote the article referred to the Professor was just about leaving New York, and before the notice was read here, he had reached Montgomery and shaken hands with most of his old friends. The Professor looks in fine health. He had a pleasant trip, and we are glad to learn that he made a number of engagements with leading dramatic companies to visit the city during the coming season. We are glad to learn that the theatre will open for the season in October, and will continue without such long breaks as we have usually had. The Professor deserves the most liberal patronage for his energy in this matter.

A MATTER OF JUSTICE.—The grand jury of the City Court refers to the old claims against the the county, held by a large number of our citizens. They recommend that the Board of Revenue ask legislation on the subject. It is apparent that large numbers of our citizens are suffering from the non-payment of the claims they hold against the county. Some action is certainly needed which will secure them the payment of the claims, either in whole or in part, and we trust the authorities will exert themselves to this end. The county of Montgomery is, or ought to be, able to pay the debts due to our citizens. The taxes which are levied and collected annually, are sufficient, if properly applied, to meet every claim against the county, and we can see no good reason why these claims have been allowed to accumulate until reparation now stares us in the face.

The grand jury's recommendation ought to be heeded, and at the earliest practicable moment the authorities of this county ought to see that every claim against it is promply settled. If the county can't pay all, let it pay as much as it can, and as it may be able wipe out all this old indebtedness.

REPORT OF THE GRAND JURY.—The following is the report of the grand jury of the City Court which adjourned Tuesday evening :

To the Hon. John A. Minnis, Judge of the City Court :

We, the grand jury, would most respectfully submit the following report to your Honor :

We are gratified to be able to report a marked decrease in crime of all grades, more especially the petty thieving which has so long infested our county.

We have been compelled to find a large number of true bills against a certain class known as street walkers, a species of misdemeanor generated by vitiated city life. Whilst the city is undoubtedly benefitted by being purged of this class, the people of the county are taxed both in time and money to rid the city of an evil, for which they are no ways responsible. We would ask your Honor to confer with the city authorities and see if a work house or some other suitable place where this class may be profitably employed for the benefit of the city, and at no expense to the county, they being tried and convicted directly from the Mayor's Court.

A committee of this body after a careful investigation of the books, bonds, poor house and county jail report the books of the different county officers neatly and correctly kept.

Fine and Forfeiture.—From all the information that we could obtain from the various sources and comments of this fund is not properly and economically managed, it being the duty of no particular officer to receive it or to pay it out. Whoever collects it appears it to his own claim on the order of first come first served. We would call the attention of the Board of Revenue and your Honor to this fact in order that some relief may be sought through the legislature for the benefit of the old creditors of the county.

There is some complaint of the roads in the county, and more especially the bridges, which, owing to the frequent heavy rains and the depleted condition of the treasury has been unavoidable.

The county jail we find to be neatly kept and much improved in comfort and health by the introduction of water works and drain pipes. There are now confined in jail a large number of prisoners, both male and female, the majority of them charged with misdemeanors.

The Poor House.—This necessary institution for the reception of the indigent sick and aged, we are glad to state was found to be neatly kept and the inmates well cared for. In fact, extremely so, when the paucity of the allowance for their maintenance is taken into consideration.

In concluding, we trust that it will not be out of place to return our thanks to your Honor for the learned charge so ably rendered, as well as the patience and urbanity with which you have given us information from time to time as sought for. To the diligent and courteous Solicitor, who has been in daily attendance upon us, we are under many obligations. We cannot close without returning thanks to the able and efficient Sheriff, who, with his active Deputies, rendered us valuable service by the cheerful promptness with which they served the different processes of this body.

We now most respectfully ask your Honor to be discharged.

A. GERALD, Foreman.

Senatorial Convention of Lowndes County.

The convention of the 16th Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Autauga and Lowndes, met at Burkeville, in the county of Lowndes, July 25, 1876, and was called to order by the Hon. J. V. McDuffie, who acted as temporary chairman.

Mr. Alexander, of Autauga, moved that the chairman appoint a committee of five on credentials and ratio of representation to which each county should be entitled in the convention.

Mr. Jones moved to amend by making the committee seven, which was carried.

The chairman appointed John L. Alexander, John W. Jones, D. B. Booth, C. P. Bland, John B. Simpson, H. A. Carson and L. J. Bryan.

The convention then took a recess until the committee returned, when it came to order and the committee made the following report :

Your committee beg leave to submit the following report : We make apportionment for Autauga, four delegates; Lowndes nine delegates—as follows: J. V. McDuffie, H. A. Carson, John W. Jones, C. P. Bland, R. J. Mayberry, Buck Howard, Lee Samuels, Robert Lyons, L. J. Bryan, D. B. Booth, John B. Simpson, John L. Alexander, Joseph Abraham.

The report was unanimously adopted.

Hon. J. W. Jones was elected permanent chairman, and L. J. Bryan, secretary.

The chairman announced that nominations for Senator were then in order.

C. P. Bland nominated L. D. McCall, of Lowndes. D. B. Booth nominated the Hon. W. G. M. Golson, of Autauga. J. V. McDuffie nominated Dr. P. H. Owen, of Lowndes. R. J. Mayberry nominated Samuel Rimson, of Lowndes.

Dr. P. H. Owen was nominated, and the nomination was made unanimous.

J. B. Simpson, of Autauga, offered a resolution endorsing our United States Senator, Hon. Geo. E. Spencer, and Congressman Hays and Harrison.

J. V. McDuffie moved to amend by adding "that we fully endorse the action of the Cincinnati convention" making a few remarks in support of his amendment.

Hon. D. B. Booth made a telling speech in favor of the original resolution and vindicating Hon. George E. Spencer.

The original resolution was adopted by a large majority.

Hons. J. H. Booth and W. G. M. Golson made strong speeches advising the Republicans to act harmoniously, and to support the Independent State ticket.

The STATE JOURNAL and Evening Bulletin were requested to publish these proceedings. The Convention then adjourned. J. W. JONES,

L. J. BRYAN, Chairman.
Secretary.

Local and Business Notices.

Advances on State Certificates.

We are prepared to make liberal advances on State Certificates.

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To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.*

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New Advertisements.

SALE OF TWO THOUSAND CIGARS.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,
DEP'T OF [illegible] ALA.,
Montgomery, July 17, 1876.

Having published a notice on the 8th of May, concerning the seizure of two thousand cigars inviting all persons to file their claims, if there were any, and no one having been filed in the time prescribed by law, I hereby notify the public that the two thousand cigars bearing the brand "L. Espanola, de Juan F. Rem to Habana," seized by me at the store of one Howard Gardiner, on Commerce street, in this city, will be sold at public auction on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH OF JULY, 1876,

at 10 o'clock a. m., at my office, Commerce street over Sou. Ex. & W. R'y. Co.

PAUL STROBACH,
7-17 tjl Deputy Collector.

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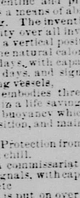

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EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851.

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LIFE SAVING SUIT FOR OCEAN TRAVEL.

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And the almost countless lives that have been lost, urge the introduction of more effective appliances for saving life than have yet been generally adopted. In response to the great public demand, the American Life Saving Suit Company now present a

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This suit having been tested and approved by the most scientific and practical authorities, we now offer as a means of absolute safety from death by drowning. The invention now offered claims its superiority over all inventions in that it floats perfectly in a vertical position in the roughest sea, preserves the natural caloric of the body for any number of days, with capacity for carrying signal lights for ten days, and signals to attract attention from passing vessels.

This suit embodies three principles which are imperative in a life saving dress—

First—A buoyancy which supports the body in a vertical position, and maintains it as from a natural lay.

Second—Protection from water and weather and consequent chill.

Third—A commissariat department, to which is attached signals, with capacity for carrying valuables, etc., etc.

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ALABAMA

STATE

JOURNAL

CAMPAIGN EDITION FOR 1876.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

The country is entering upon one of the most stubbornly contested Presidential battles since 1860. During this contest the people of Alabama will desire to keep themselves posted on its progress; they will desire to read all sides and form their own conclusions as to their duty at the polls. During this great canvass we shall publish a Campaign edition of the "State Journal" at a rate so low as to encourage its widest distribution throughout the State. The publication of this special campaign edition is a nearly completed, and will begin with the first issue after the Presidential election. The paper in the standard advocate of true Republicanism.

It believes the principles of the Republican party will be the salvation of the country. It holds further, that honest and honest Republican sentiment, working through Republican agencies, is the surest guarantee of Reform; and cherishing these convictions it will labor with its utmost energy for the triumph of

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The Journal has always been recognized as an effective and popular campaign paper. During the last campaign it was circulated more widely than ever before, and contributed a vast fund of information among the people.

We shall be glad to receive orders at once from the friends who believe that the circulation of the campaign Journal will prove a good cause. Organize clubs at once & the following rates:

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Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population of 5,000 and upwards, and of all the towns in each State with a population of less than 5,000 which are the seats of newspapers having the largest circulation in each county. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada of the class designated as "Religious," "Agricultural," "Medical," "Scientific," "Mechanical," "Masonic," "Commercial," "Insurance," "Temperance," "Educational," "Literary," "Musical," "Fashion," and all other class publications, with a description of each, and the population of the towns in which they are published. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada which have ever been reported to the Publishers of Newspaper Directories, with the date of the last change in their condition, whether alive or dead, whether changed in politics, or name, or whether suspended or started. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada which have ever been reported to the Publishers of Newspaper Directories as having the largest circulation in their respective localities, whether they are alive or dead, whether they have changed their politics or name, or whether they have been suspended or started since the last issue of the Directory. Also, over 500 German papers printed in the United States and Canada. Also, a complete list of all the Religious Papers in the United States and Canada. Also, a complete list of all the Agricultural papers in the United States and Canada. Also, a complete list of all the Medical papers in the United States and Canada. Also, a complete list of all the Scientific papers in the United States and Canada. Also, a complete list of all the Masonic papers in the United States and Canada. Also, a complete list of all the Commercial papers in the United States and Canada. Also, a complete list of all the Insurance papers in the United States and Canada. Also, a complete list of all the Temperance papers in the United States and Canada. Also, a complete list of all the Educational papers in the United States and Canada. Also, a complete list of all the Literary papers in the United States and Canada. Also, a complete list of all the Musical papers in the United States and Canada. Also, a complete list of all the Fashion papers in the United States and Canada. Also, a complete list of all the Sporting papers in the United States and Canada. Also, a complete list of all the Juvenile papers in the United States and Canada. Also, a complete list of all the Mechanical

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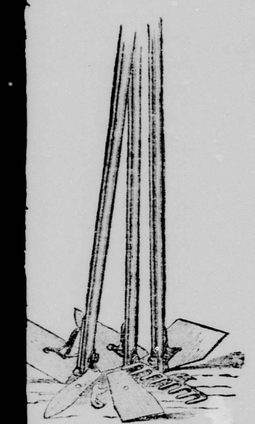

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ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL.

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VOLUME VIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 28, 1876 NUMBER 267

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET:



For President of the United States,
Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio.
For Vice-President,
Wm. A. Wheeler, of New York.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:
L. C COULSON, of Jackson.
CHAS. E. MAYER, of Mobile.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

FIRST DISTRICT—Lon H Mayer of Mobile.
SECOND DISTRICT—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.
THIRD DISTRICT—P G Clarke of Barbour.
FOURTH DISTRICT — J T Rapier of Lowndes.
FIFTH DISTRICT—S S Booth of Autauga.
SIXTH DISTRICT—A B Hays, of Winston.
SEVENTH DISTRICT—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.
EIGHTH DISTRICT—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

INDEPENDENT TICKET.
FOR GOVERNOR,
NOADIAH WOODRUFF of Dallas.
FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
AMOS MOODY of Franklin.
FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
H. J. LIVINGSTON of Autauga.
FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
E. H. GRANDIN, of Mobile.
FOR AUDITOR,
LEWIS OWEN of Montgomery.
FOR TREASURER,
W. B. HARRIS of Russell.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN TICKET OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.
FOR STATE SENATOR.
CHARLES STEELE.
FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
T. C. BINGHAM, W. H. CRUSIUS,
J. K. GREENE, J. K. P. LUCAS.

DEMOCRATS now say that Mr. Morrissey has been noted for his honorable dealing. That was when he kept faro bank.

TILDEN'S friends are not wise in boasting of the heroic character of his "descent." Suppose one of his ancestors did fight the Saracen and was knighted by King Richard on the fields of Ascalon:

"What can ennoble fools or knaves or cowards?
Alas! not all the blood of all the Howards."

GEORGE S. HOUSTON made a heavy salary grab in 1856. Did not that money lay the foundation for his present boasted wealth? While this fat eagle is running over the State trying to deceive the people, will he not explain about that salary grab, and how he managed to save so much property in Washington during the war? Let there be light!

THE Courier-Journal berates the Postmaster General for "reducing the pay of the faithful letter carriers," notwithstanding it was the miserable niggardliness of the Democratic majority in Congress which compelled him to make this very reduction of pay to the starvation standard.

IT is now almost the 1st of August, and the Democrats have not agreed upon a plan. The party is very much torn up, and neither Tilden nor Hendricks have been able to write their letters of acceptance. There is talk even of crowding one or the other off the ticket. Tilden can't swallow Hendricks, and Hendricks can't swallow Tilden, and the rank and file can't keep crow down.

MR LAMAR took the pains to make a personal explanation in the House Tuesday disavowing all sympathy with what is known as the "white line policy" in the South. Now if Mr. Lamar would go right home to his own State of Mississippi and give expression to similar views on the stump, he would help to secure a fair election in that State next fall, and would do something toward the practical solution of the Southern problem.

HOUSTON, the salary grabber, is itinerating the State like a demagogue, deceiving the people of Alabama about their own State Government! He does not tell them that their taxes are heavier now than ever before. He does not tell them that they were deceived about the public debt. He does not tell them that the Professionals of the State have been favored, while the farmer, the laborer and the merchant have had their burdens increased. Oh, no! the fat eagle does not tell them these truths.

GRASSHOPPERS infest Alabama, and the ignorant whites of the interior are told and believe that if they will vote for Tilden the pest will be removed by Government appropriations. That's the way they propose to do up reform in Alabama. —St. Louis Globe.

Just as we expected. Tilden is the only man now who can drive the caterpillars out of our Alabama cotton fields, and that may account for the support which the Bourbon politicians promised at the St. Louis convention. But can our farmers be so badly deceived. Will they risk Tilden in preference to Parish Green in this caterpillar killing business?

THE ticket in Alabama upon which the Republicans have united is not a Republican ticket, nor are the candidates upon it Republicans. It is an independent ticket, made up of discontented and revolting Democrats.—[Pittsburgh Commercial.

The Commercial is correct. But it is assumed by the Bourbon papers here that every citizen who opposes their schemes of perpetuating their ruinous domination in Alabama is a "Radical." Upon that issue every citizen, with a spark of manhood in his breast, revolts against such tyrannical dictation. Thousands of citizens in Alabama are done forever with Bourbon politics.

Associated Press Dispatches.

The STATE JOURNAL is again a member of the Associated Press, and will begin the publication of Associated Press telegrams on Sunday morning. This arrangement will be more acceptable to our readers, because it will enable us to give later dispatches than heretofore, and will embrace a much larger field of intelligence.

As the Associated Press telegrams are much fuller and more varied than those of any other association, the STATE JOURNAL will henceforth give its family of readers all the latest news from all quarters of the globe. Our market reports by this arrangement will be full, complete and accurate. We shall spare no pains to make the JOURNAL a first-class newspaper, and we trust the community will appreciate our efforts by extending to us a liberal share of patronage.

Evening Edition of the Journal.

Having again become a member of the Associated Press, and perfected arrangements for the noon dispatches, we shall commence on Monday the publication of an EVENING EDITION which will contain the news of the day, by telegraph, up to 3 o'clock p. m., daily, besides other news items, local intelligence, etc., etc. All those of our citizens who do not have time to read the morning edition of our paper will thus have an opportunity of getting an evening edition of the JOURNAL containing all the latest news up to the hour of going to press.

The evening edition of the JOURNAL will be issued daily between three and four o'clock. It will be sold on the streets and at the news stands at 5 cents per copy, and will be left at the residences of citizens by carriers at the rate of 25 cents per week, payable in advance.

Senator Spencer and the Tribune.

That compromise Republican ticket in Alabama seems to be a strong one. A great point in its favor lies in the reluctance of the Spencer faction to accept it. It is made up of independent men, who are not Republicans in good party standing, but who give assurance of better government in the State than any ticket hitherto offered by either party. To defeat them the Democrats will have harder work than they counted on.—[N. Y. Tribune.

It appears an impossibility for the New York Tribune to speak the truth when writing of Senator Spencer. No citizen of Alabama has more heartily or sincerely engaged in the work of defeating the Bourbon despotism now dominating the State than Senator Spencer. He has made more sacrifices in the effort to unite the Republicans and secure good government than any other Republican in the State. He has given his cordial assent to every measure which looked to Republican harmony, and to Bourbon defeat; and no Republican has shown more interest in the canvass than he.

Senator Spencer deserves the confidence and respect of Republicans everywhere for his firm and determined support of the reform measures of his party, and his consistent course as a Senator. He has stood by the administration of Gen. Grant with unwavering fidelity, and that is what hurts the disappointed office-seeking enemies of the President.

No Difference.

Instead of there being any difference or misunderstanding between the two Governors in their recent consultation at Saratoga, there existed the greatest harmony of sentiment and good feeling, and Gov. Hendricks has expressed himself much pleased with the interview and says that he found Governor Tilden alive to the great reform measures which he has so ably carried out in New York.

[Tuskegee News.

This statement is diametrically opposite to the truth. All the journals of the North which are posted on the subject, unite in declaring that, so far from a harmonious understanding between the head and tail of the Democracy, there was an open misunderstanding, and that the delay of Tilden in writing his letter of acceptance is due solely to this disagreement. The News cannot deceive the people of Alabama about this rupture between Tilden and Hendricks. One is for hard money and the other is for soft. Hendricks demands an instant repeal of the resumption act. Tilden demands a more emphatic movement towards specie payments. If the News is really hunting the truth, we advise it to send for the leading papers of New York, and read them.

WE trust that every high-minded Southern lady—every noble woman in Alabama, who scorns an imputation upon her honor, will denounce the assertion now being made in Democratic sheets throughout the State, that any act of any tribunal could rob them of their virtue and their chastity. In all the history of Bourbon tyranny, we have never before seen such utter prostitution as this attempt to drag the fair names of our spotless Southern mothers, wives and sisters, through the filthy slums of politics. Is there no length of shame to which these Bourbon howlers will not go to force their heresies down the throats of our people? Are they determined to cast a stain upon Southern womanhood? Their conduct leads to such a conclusion. The idea that the elevation of the negro in the scale of refinement will drag down the fair women of Alabama could have originated in no brain but that of a Bourbon Democratic politician. Oh, shame, where is thy blush!

"ANY man who says I'm not a reformer, I'll lamb him!"—John Morrissey.

Judge Bibb and the Independents.

Our aged friend, Judge B. S. Bibb, rushes into print to deny that he favors the Independent ticket. Does Judge Bibb remember the time he ran as an *Independent* candidate against the regular nominee of the Whig party in this county, for the Legislature? That was a time when our venerable Caucasian champion himself was interested. He favored the Independent movement then, and was elected. Old Democratic citizens here assert, however, that when he took his seat in the Legislature, although he was elected by Independents, he out Heroded Herod in striking down those who elected him.

Now, Judge Bibb, if it was not a bad thing for *you* to be an Independent candidate *then*, how can it be such a bad thing for *another* to be an Independent candidate now? Be just, Judge! Remember the number of frosts that have covered your venerable head, and be just. If you do not like Independents now, it is all right, but do not be unjust. This free country of ours guarantees freedom of opinion to every creature who treads our soil. If it was no sacrifice of caucasian manhood for you to be an Independent candidate when you were in your younger days, we assure you, Judge Bibb, that it is not now. Men are just the same now that they were then.

How It Is.

Governor McCreary of Kentucky, in a Democratic speech at Harrodsburg a few days ago said:

"The Gulf States that have been plundered and pillaged, desolated and destroyed by Radical rule, that at one time were richer than the valleys of the Euphrates and Nile, but which, under reconstruction and carpet-bag rule, are made to hang as lifeless members of the body politic."

In a pointed reply to this perversion of truth, the Louisville Commercial remarks that over four million and a quarter bales of cotton, large and highly remunerative crops of tobacco, wheat, and corn, till the granaries are bursting and the markets of the world are glutted, and the planters and farmers much more prosperous than the manufactures of the North. A very good showing for plundered and pillaged States, which hang as "lifeless members of the body politic." As Sarah Jane said to her lover "Scare us again."

At the Centennial.

The Memphis Avalanche is moved to refer to the shabby exhibition made by Tennessee at the Centennial. It says:

Several journals are lamenting the meagerness of Tennessee's display at the Centennial exposition. A State which has not for years been able to pay any interest on its public debt, which is increasing nearly a million and a half per annum, is not in a condition to splurge at world's fairs, however gratifying such displays may be to State or individual pride.

Tennessee, be it remembered, is one of the model Southern Democratic States. Its government is Bourbon to the core. When the Republicans turned over the State to their Democratic successors prosperity everywhere prevailed; the credit of the State was at par, and free schools dotted every valley, cross roads and by-way of the Commonwealth. Seven years of Democratic-Bourbon rule has bankrupted the State, destroyed its credit, created doubt, despondency and despair in every household, and made the name of Tennessee a byword and a reproach in the financial and commercial world.

The Avalanche is a good Democratic paper. It helped to drive Republicans from power in Tennessee, under the cry of "economy, negro government, reduced taxation, etc." The Avalanche knew that it was a moral impossibility for the old Bourbon secession element to make a prosperous State government; it knows that these Bourbons are tied to the past; to the old fogy notions and heresies which dominated the South before the war. It knew that new men—men not directly identified with secession—were needed to lift up our section from the old ruts, from the disastrous losses, and from the poverty which prevailed at the close of the war. Yet in Alabama the very men who plunged the State into the war are now running the government in the old secession grooves. They abuse, ostracise and outrage every citizen who opposes their mad schemes. They resort to all manner of tyrannical purposes to outlaw the Republican and Independent citizens of the State. While all this is true, the material interests of our State are permitted to go to destruction; we have no representation of the Agricultural or commercial interests at the Centennial, and the dearest interests of our people are blighted, dormant and well nigh destroyed. Such is Bourbon-Democratic rule. As it is Tennessee, so it is in Alabama—so it is throughout the South.

THE Wetumpka Nu-Joax is a small concern; but small as it is, it lies with such volubility that one would think truth were a fool. It lies direct. It lies openly. It lies by the column. Smith ought to call on the father of lies for a patent. If the cause of the Bourbons is at such a low ebb as to require premeditated and unblushing lying to resuscitate it in Alabama, then the Wetumpka Nu-Joax deserves the highest consideration when the time comes for dividing the spoils.

WILL the Advertiser not tell us how the State debt ran up from *twelve million dollars* in 1872, to *thirty million dollars* in 1875? The people have been deceived about this public debt. Will the Advertiser enlighten us? It stated that the debt was only $12,000,000 in 1872, amply secured. How did it reach the enormous figure of $30,000,000 in 1875? Let us have the facts.

IF Hendricks should write that letter, what will he say about the Belknap job by which he gobbled eight thousand dollars.

A Falsehood Nailed.

The Advertiser of the 24th has the following:

"The Independent candidate for Governor, N Woodruff, was to-day electioneering among the negroes in Henry Blevins' negro barber shop for votes."

SELMA, ALA., July 25th, 1876.

To all whom it may concern: We, the undersigned, pronounce the above false. Col. Woodruff never was in our shop, and has never talked to any employe of this shop on the subject of politics.

W. H. BLEVINS,
JACK GEE,
WM. FISHER,
E. D. BROWN.

Death of Senator Caperton.

By reference to our telegrams it will be seen that the Hon. Allen T. Caperton, the distinguished Senator in Congress from West Virginia, died yesterday in Washington. Senator Caperton was one of the most popular of all the Democratic Senators because of his consistent, high-toned and conservative course upon all questions affecting the country.

Judge Allington's Letter.

The letter of Judge Allington, of Lauderdale county, which we publish this morning, evinces a most commendable spirit. Let every citizen of Alabama who opposes the Houston tyranny and misgovernment, lay aside all personal considerations and unite with the Independent people of the State in defeating the Bourbon despotism in August. Two years more of such misrule as our people have endured, will destroy Alabama's material interests forever. We have been hurled backwards a quarter of a century by Houston's partisan misrule and our only hope of prosperity and good government lies in his defeat at the polls.

Houston's Economy.

[From the Tuscumbia Times, Ind. Dem.]

Much has been said about Governor Houston's economy by the papers supporting him for re-election, by which the public would very likely be deceived, if it was not for the State records, which do not lie, and which show that if he is *stingy* in some matters he *will* pay exhorbitant fees to lawyers, for attending to business which belongs to the elected and salaried law officer of the State. We give two cases copied from the records of the State, and ask the Montgomery Advertiser, or any other Bourbon paper to explain, if they can. *Read for yourselves:*

The State of Alabama, to T. A. Hamilton and T. H. Herndon, Dr.

For professional services rendered and to be rendered in the United States Circuit Court at Mobile in resisting motion and proceedings to transfer case of Alex. Austin to said United States Circuit Court, said Austin having been indicted and tried in the city court of Mobile for violation of State election laws, $500.

We recommend this bill and certify the propriety of the fee herein named.
P. HAMILTON.
D. C. ANDERSON.

Mobile, February 13, 1875.

The State of Alabama, to T. A. Hamilton, and T. H. Herndon, Dr.

For services rendered as per account attached for professional services in United States Circuit Court, $500.

Approved and ordered paid from the fund appropriated to pay contingent expenses.
GEO. S. HOUSTON,
Governor.

Received Auditor's warrant in full of above account.
T. A. HAMILTON.
T. H. HERNDON.
pr P. HAMILTON.

The State of Alabama, to Hamilton's, Dr.

To professional services in railroad matters (retaining fee)	$500.
Expenses connected with same	35.
	$535.

Approved and ordered paid from fund appropriated to pay contingent expenses.
GEO. S. HOUSTON,
Governor.

Received Auditor's warrant in full of above.
HAMILTONS,
pr J. H. VINCENT.

November 23, 1875.

Let the reader remember while he reads the above that the State has an Attorney who is the salaried law officer of the State to attend to the legal business. Hamilton and Herndon lost the case. The people of the State paid the fees, $1035.

DOES Houston draw pay from the State Treasury while he is traversing the State like a Demagogue deceiving the people? Does he make the people pay him for the time he is not serving them in the Executive office? Let us know the facts. The people of Alabama pay Governors to stay at the capital and attend to the public business, and not to run about over the State like demagogues. Let the people have light on this matter!

THE latest recruits for Hayes and Wheeler are ex-Gov. Curtin of Pennsylvania and Gen. Banks of Massachusetts. The Democrats accordingly entertain a very poor opinion of the abilities or influence of either gentleman.

A Patriotic Letter.

FLORENCE, ALA., July 25.

To the Editor of the State Journal:

SIR—Your paper of the 21st of July, informs me that the efforts on the part of the committee appointed for the purpose of bringing about a reconciliation between the two contending wings of the Republican party, has proved a failure. Consequently it has brought before the people of Alabama an independent ticket. While I regret the division in our ranks as much, or perhaps more than any one else—being honored by the convention of the 24th of May, as the nominee for the high and honorable position of Secretary of State—yet, I cheerfully acquiesce, and endorse fully the plan adopted by the committee, and will give my vote and all of my aid to the Independent ticket. And earnestly hope and trust that my friend Moody, whom I have never met, may be successful in gaining that high and lucrative position, which I was laboring so hard to gain.

Very respectfully,
A true Republican,
THOMAS T. ALLINGTON.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Expressly for the State Journal by the Western Union Telegraph Line.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The position of Commissioner of Internal Revenue having been formally declined by Representative MacDougall, of New York, was offered to Gen. Green B. Raum, of Illinois, and accepted by him yesterday evening, whereupon his nomination was sent to the Senate. Gen. Raum is a lawyer by profession and about 50 years of age. He served throughout the war in command of a brigade of the army of the Tennessee, and represented the Cairo, Illinois, district in the 40th Congress. His appointment is spoken of as a highly creditable one by his old Congressional associates of both parties.

Acting under the provision of the silver bill, repealing the legal tender of the trade dollar and authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to limit the coinage of the same to the actual export demand, and there being no export demand for that coin from the Atlantic cities, Secretary Morrill has directed that no deposits for these coins be received until further advised. The same directions have been given to the Carson mine, and the San Francisco mint has been authorized to coin an amount sufficient to meet the actual export demand These coins being required for export to China and Japan only, otherwise the mints will be run to their full capacity on the subsidiary coin and the necessary gold coinage.

The President has decided not to sign the sundry civil appropriation bill now before him, but to allow it to become a law without his signature, which it will do in ten days from the time of its passage, if not vetoed. The time will expire next Monday. His reasons for this are that there are some things in the bill which he does not approve of, but there are so many desirable features in it that he has decided to let it become a law.

In one of his messages the President wanted an amendment to the constitution allowing the President to approve such portions of an act of Congress as he saw fit, and disapprove such as did not meet his views.

WEATHER—For the Gulf States, partly cloudy weather and light local rains, with casterly to southerly winds, stationary or slight rise in temperature.

Senate.

Mr. Bayard, rising after the reading of the journal, announced the death of Senator A. J. Caperton, of West Virginia, and moved that, as a mark of respect to his memory, the Senate do now adjourn. The motion was temporarily withdrawn.

Mr. Stevenson moved the appointment of a committee of four to attend his remains to West Virginia. Agreed to.

The Chair appointed Messrs. Davis, Booth, Cooper and Hitchcock as said committee.

Mr. Bayard then renewed his motion, and at 11:10 the Senate adjourned to 11 a. m. to-morrow.

House.

Mr. Lynde, of Wisconsin, from the Judiciary Committee, reported back the Senate bill to remove the political disabilities of Samuel Jones, of Virginia. Passed.

Mr. Foster, of Ohio, from the Appropriation Committee, reported back the Senate bill for the completion of the Washington Monument, and moved its passage.

The committee reported an amendment allowing the Washington Monument Association to continue its organization and solicit subscriptions of money and material and to act in an advisory capacity. The bill passed as amended.

Mr. Wilson, of West Virginia, called attention to the death of Senator Caperton, of West Virginia, and moved the appointment of a committee of seven members to act with the Senate committee in conveying the remains to West Virginia.

The Chairman appointed Messrs. Wilson, of West Virginia, Banks, of Massachusetts, Luttrell, of California, Douglass, of Virginia, Hardenberg, of New Jersey, Faulkner, of West Virginia, and Mr. Hasson, of Iowa.

The House then, at 12:30 o'clock, adjourned.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 27.—The Herald publishes a letter dated on board the United States steamer Palos, from Hong Kong, China, June 14th, detailing highhanded proceedings of Gen. F. W. Partridge, United States Consul for Siam, at Bangkok. Partridge failing to get the appointment from the King of Siam as Commissioner to the Centennial Exposition raked up an old charge against Mr. Chandler, an American, who had received the appointment, and issued a writ for his arrest. Partridge's son, Fred, served the writ and arrested Chandler, who is an old man, and lodged him in the Consular jail, knocking him down during the performance. This aroused the indignation of all citizens, and the King refused to have anything to do with the Consul or to allow goods to be shipped to the Centennial.

A Missionary named Reynolds, who had interested himself in Chandler's behalf was fined by Partridge $490, and a number of witnesses, who testified in favor of Reynolds, were fined $50, for contempt of court.

The steamer Ashuelot, Capt. Matthews, arriving tranquility was restored, and the King of Siam made a present to the United States of the Centennial goods, and they were taken on board of the Ashuelot. Capt. Matthews has written a lengthy report of the matter to the State Department at Washington, and it was hoped Partridge would be dismissed from his post.

A special from London say silver bars are stronger and have advanced to 51@51¼ pence per ounce.

A fire at No. 184 William street, this morning, caused damage to building and occupants of $10,000. The principa losers were Withaman Brothers, importers of gold leaf, etc., and F. E. Spiller, druggist.

Commodore Vanderbilt's condition is reported as very unfavorable to-day, he being in a heavy stupor and unable to understand any questions put to him by the physicians, who are holding a consultation. His death is looked for at any moment.

The race for the Bennett challenge cup, to Newport and return, will be started at three o'clock this afternoon. The yachts Wanderer, Teal, Wave, Idler, America and Countess of Dufferin will compete.

The Graphic's Washington special says: The original manuscript of the President's order, "Let no guilty man escape," which has been missing for months, was found to-day, secreted with other documents in Bluford Wilson's possession. Both Wilson and Yaryan had denied any knowledge as to where the letter had been placed. Wilson had several boxes of papers nailed up and addressed to Bluford Wilson, Springfield, Ill. This was done before he retired, he saying they were his private papers. The President ordered Wilson sent for and had the papers examined in his presence by Mr. Talbot, the new Solicitor. This was done this morning, and among many papers of great importance to the department was found the President's letter referred to.

At a meeting of the Directors of the St. Paul Railroad Company, held last evening, a dividend of 3½ per cent. was declared on preferred stock payable in September.

SARATOGA, July 27.—The track is in a splendid condition, and the weather fine. First race—Alabama stakes for 3 year olds—dash of mile and one-eighth—4 started: Lorillard's Merciless won; Sister of Mercy 2d; Athlene 3d; Patience last. Time 2:20¾. Second race: Dash three-quarters of a mile, all ages—purse $400—five starters; race hotly contested. Mattie A won, time 1:18. Third race: Dash mile and five furlongs—purse $600—all ages. Won by Invoice, with St. Martins 2d. Time 2:57¼. Fourth and last race: Handicap steeple chase over the usual course—starters were Trouble, Osage, Katie P. and Doubtful. Race was won by Osage; Katie P. 2d; Doubtful 3d. Time 5:44¼.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 27.—A special dispatch from Berlin states that Emperor William of Germany, has earnestly impressed upon Roumania the importance of maintaining a peaceful attitude in the present Turkish difficulty. It is also stated that the Porte has demanded of Roumania an observance of strict neutrality.

The race for the Goodwood cup—distance two miles and a half—was run at Goodwood to-day. Among the entries was Sandford's American horse, Preakness. The race was won by New Holland, with Temple Bar second, and Preakness third.

In the House of Commons, this morning, Mr. Disrach said, in answer to a question, that the English fleet in Turkish waters, amounts to 20 war vessels—11 being iron clads, and nine unarmed ships He said that neither war stores nor British subjects have been transferred to either the late or the present Sultan. He further said the report that the Servian plans in regard to mediation, had failed, was true.

NEW JERSEY.

ELIZABETH, July 27.—Considerable excitement was occasioned this morning by the arrest, for embezzlement, of Jeremiah Fairbanks, assistant cashier of the State National bank. The amount embezzled is placed at between ten and twenty thousand dollars. The bank is understood to be perfectly safe.

JERSEY CITY, July 27.—The body of John O'Riley, junk dealer, residing in this city, was found near the west end of the Pennsylvania railroad depot, at midnight. His forehead was crushed in apparently by a blunt instrument, the left arm battered and broken, and other evidences existed of a terrible struggle. Riley went yesterday to Newark to draw a check for about $400, and it is supposed he was followed and waylaid by Newark roughs, who attacked him after leaving the train. The pockets of the deceased had been rifled.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 27.—Official dispatches have been received here as follows: Sentari, July 24.—The Turks have dispersed the Montenegrans concentrated in the vicinity of Medun. 5,000 Insurgents subsequently attacked the Turks, but were repulsed, losing considerably.

Dispatches from Mitoovitzka dated July 24th, says the enemy were beaten at Sutaritza with a heavy loss.

WEDDEN, July 27.—Two Servian battalions crossed the Tumox river, but were repulsed.

MOSTAR, July 25.—Monkta Pasha announces that on the 24th inst. he pursued the Montenegrans whom he defeated at Nevesinji as far as Studenza. On the approach of the Turks the Montenegrans retreated in the direction of Banjani, abandoning a large quantity of provisions and many cattle.

PENNSYLVANIA.

POTTSVILLE, July 27.—John Dumm, a Polander, living and working at the William Penn colliery, near Shenandoah, shot and killed his wife at six o'clock this morning. Dumm's wife had been from home three days, and upon her return this morning a quarrel arose through jealousy. Dumm was arrested.

BEATTY PIANO
GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.
Best offer ever given now ready.
DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

$250 A MONTH—Agents wanted everywhere. Business honorable and first class. Particulars sent free. Address J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

JULY 28.—Our market to-day is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary	9 @ 9¼
Good Ordinary	9¾ @ —
Strict Good Ordinary	10 @ —
Low Middling	10¼ @ —
Middling	11¾ @ —

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.

Bacon—C R Sides	12¼ @	12¾
" Shoulders	10 @	10¾
Bulk—C R Sides	11¾ @	11¾
" Shoulders	9 @	9¾
Plain Sugar-cured Hams	— @	—
Canv'ed " "	15½ @	16
Lard—Choice, in tierces	13 @	13½
" " ½ bbls	14 @	14½
" " kegs	14½ @	15
" " buckets	3 15 @	3 25
Sugar—Snow White	12 @	—
" W. C	11¼ @	11¾
" Y. C	11 @	—
" Strictly Choice	10¾ @	—
" Prime	10½ @	10¾
" Fair	10 @	10¼
Molasses—Choice	60 @	70
" Prime	50 @	55
" Fair	45 @	50
" Common	35 @	40
Coffee—Choice	23 @	—
" Prime	22 @	2 1/2
" Fair	21 @	21½
" Common	20 @	20¼
Rice—Choice	8 @	8¼
" Prime	7 @	7¼
" Fair	6¼ @	7
Flour—Fancy	8 00 @	8 50
" Choice	7 50 @	7 75
" Family	6 25 @	7 00
" Superfine	5 00 @	5 50
" Common	4 75 @	5 00
Tobacco	42 @	1 00
Whiskey—Rectified	1 15 @	1 30
" Better Grades	1 50 @	3 50
Wines—Port and Sherry	1 25 @	2 00
" Claret	2 50 @	6 00
Brandies	2 25 @	2 50
" French	6 00 @	10 00
" Peach and Apple	2 00 @	3 50
Gin	1 40 @	2 25
" in cases	3 00 @	7 00
Beer in bottles, per doz	1 65 @	1 75
" in kegs	3 50 @	—
Cigars, per thousand	18 00 @	60 00
CANNED GOODS—		
Oysters, 1 lb cans, per doz	90 @	1 00
" 2 " " " "	1 75 @	2 00
Fresh Peaches, 2 lb cans, per doz	2 00 @	2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case	4 00 @	4 25
" Cherries, " "	4 25 @	4 50
Sardines ¼ box, " "	10 @	10 50
Condensed Milk, " "	11 00 @	12 00
Yeast Powders, per doz	1 70 @	2 10
Pickles, gal's, " "	5 00 @	6 00
" ½ " " "	2 75 @	4 50
" ¼ " " "	2 50 @	3 00
" ⅛ " " "	1 50 @	2 00
Soda, in kegs, " lb	5½ @	6
" ¼ " "	6¼ @	7¾
Potash, " " doz	5 50 @	6 50
Candles, full weight, per lb	16½ @	17½
Soaps, " "	6 @	7½
Starch, " "	4½ @	6½
Salt, Liverpool, per sack	1 35 @	1 40
" Fine Liverpool	2 00 @	—
" Virginia, " "	2 10 @	2 25
Drop Shot	2 50 @	—
Buck Shot	2 75 @	—
Powder, " keg	5 75 @	6 25
Nails, standard rate, per keg	3 50 @	—
Snuff—Maccaboy, Lorillard's	80 @	—
" Miller's	75 @	—
" Gail & Ax	70 @	—
" Scotch, per gross	9 00 @	—
" Garrett's, per doz	1 75 @	—
Ink, per case	1 50 @	—
Mustard, per dozen	1 25 @	3 00
Ground Spices	1 00 @	1 25
" Pepper	1 00 @	1 25
" Ginger	1 00 @	1 25
" Allspice	1 00 @	1 25
" Cloves	1 00 @	1 25
" Cinnamon	1 50 @	—
Percussion Caps	65 @	85
" G. D. Caps	45 @	—
Toilet Soaps, box	1 75 @	2 25
Tincing, box	50 @	1 00
Smoking Tobacco	50 @	60
Tea	75 @	1 25
Wampoo Bitters	6 50 @	—
Diamond Gin	7 50 @	—
Plantation Bitters	8 50 @	—
Hostetter's Bitters	8 50 @	—
Rhine Wines	8 00 @	12 50
Wrapping Paper, Large	75 @	—
" D C	65 @	—
" Medium	50 @	—
" Small	40 @	—
Nutmegs	1 50 @	—
Brooms	2 25 @	3 50

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Money closed at 1¾ @2. Gold 111¾. Stocks firmer.

COTTON.

Spot cotton to-day closed easier: Middling Orleans 11½c; middling Alabama, 11 13-16c; middling upland, 11¾c; strict low middling upland, 11¾; low middling upland, 11 1-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10¾c; good ordinary upland, 9 15-16c; ordinary upland, 8 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed weak; sales 7,600 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 25-32@11 15-32
August	11 2 -32@
September	11 7-16@11 15-32
October	11 9-32@
November	11 25-32@11 11-16
December	11 7-32@11 11-16

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 27.—Cotton steady; middling uplands, 5 7-8d; middling Orleans, 6d; sales to-day 8,000 bales, of which 2000 bales are for export and speculation; receipts —— bales, American —— bales.

SAVANNAH, July 27.—Receipts 57, gross 2, exports to Great Britain —; sales 2; stock 1,-45; price of middlings, 10½c; market quiet.

WILMINGTON, July 27.—Net receipts ; sales —; stock 376; price of middlings 10¾c; market steady.

MOBILE, July 27.—Net receipts 8; exports to Great Britain ——, coast 268; sales 250; stock 8,420; price of middlings 10¼c, low middlings 9¼c, good ordinary 8¾c; market weak.

BOSTON, July 27.—Net receipts 184, gross 320, exports to Great Britain —; sales ——; stock 15,-034; price of middlings 12c; market quiet.

NORFOLK, July 27.—Net receipts 9; sales —; stock 2,236; price of middlings 11—c; market quiet.

BALTIMORE, July 27.—Net receipts 4, sales 50; stock 3,799; price of middlings 11¾c; market dull.

GALVESTON, July 27.—Net receipts 69, gross 70; sales 300; stock 5,239; price of middlings 11c; market dull.

CHARLESTON, July 27.—Net receipts 23; sales 150; stock 4,319; price of middlings 11¾c; market quiet.

PHILADELPHIA, July 27.—Net receipts 196; gross 243; sales——; price of middlings 11¾c; market quiet.

PROVIDENCE, July 27.—Stock 14,000 bales.

NEW ORLEANS, July 27.—Net receipts 144, gross 171; exports to Great Britain 1126; coast ——; sales 500; stock 92,284; price of middlings 11¼c, low middlings 10¾c, good ordinary 9¾c, market quiet.

MOSTAR, July 25.—Monkta Pasha announces that on the 24th inst. he pursued the Montenegrans whom he defeated at Nevesinji as far as Studenza. On the approach of the Turks the Montenegrans retreated in the direction of Banjani, abandoning a large quantity of provisions and many cattle.

PROVISION MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 27.—Flour quiet, extra $4 25@5 75. Wheat lower, No. 2 spring 92¾c. Corn firm, No. 2 mixed 44¾c, new mixed 43c. Oats dull, No. 2 mixed 28¾c. Rye dull, 62@62½c. Barley dull, 80c. Mess Pork quiet, $19 42—Lard steady, 10¼c. Dry Salt Meats quiet, shoulders 8¾c, long clear 11¾c. Green Meats quiet and unchanged. Whisky quiet, $1 10½.

ST LOUIS, July 27.—Pork dull, $20 50@—Cut meats unchanged. Bac

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

FRIDAY, JULY 28, 1876.

Sammy, the Reformer.

IN NEW YORK THEY KNOW EXACTLY WHAT SORT OF A REFORMER TILDEN IS.

[From the Brooklyn Argus.]

I agree with the Argus that Governor Tilden ought not to be nominated for President, but is not the Argus carrying its opposition so far that if he be nominated, it could not support him? It is very desirable that we have a change in the Administration, and the opponents to Republican corruption want the support of your paper in the coming struggle. Is the responsible editor aware of what the Argus is about? JUVENAL.

Yes, the Argus knows exactly what it is about—it is beating Samuel J. Tilden, an untrustworthy man, for the Presidency of the United States. If we do not defeat his nomination, we will assist to defeat his election by working for Hayes and Wheeler. We trust that "Juvenal" and all others who hold party superior to principles—who think that the Democratic party should be entitled to success when it does not deserve success—are answered in regard to the course of the Argus in the event of Tilden's nomination. The Republican party has become corrupt, and has been largely controlled by bad men. But this is no reason why the Democrats who released Tweed, shared in the Credit Mobilier, stole $40,000,000 in New York city, and robbed Brooklyn of $20,000,000, and who are today only out of the penitentiary by virtue of Executive clemency, should have added to their plunder the Custom houses and Treasury of the United States. As between two sets of thieves, we believe in keeping the old set watching their hidden swag until they are nabbed, or until they can be driven away by honest men. We have watched Governor Tilden's course, and know of what we speak. The cities of the State of New York were on their road to rapid bankruptcy by reason of Ring plunderers. Samuel J. Tilden was unknown in public life, but after the accidental downfall of Tweed's gang Mr. Tilden showed evidences of a manly fight. We urged his nomination for Governor in 1874. He pledged himself to an uncompromising war against Rings and public robbers. We supported Mr. Tilden vigorously. He received 38,000 majority in the State, over 13,000 of which were given in this city, where the Argus is principally circulated. Mr. Tilden was hardly inaugurated in his place before a sham fight was commenced against certain men, who had no political power, while, at the same time, negotiations of county were going on with King men who still retained power. It was soon pretty well understood that the Governor held the bark, and was playing a desperate hand, with the ace of cints, which had cleverly primed upon it, "Tilden for President or state Prison for Life." To make sure of their man, the Brooklyn Ring early made a demand upon the Governor to appoint to a valuable sinecure position the notorious convicted Charity Commissioner, C. J. Ferguson. The appointment was loudly protested against by the Governor's reform friends, and by the press not controlled by the Ring. But the appointment was made. The Ring then immediately boasted that they held the Governor as a hostage. "We think we can trust him," they said, and to secure exemption they and their newspapers began to talk him up for President. Early in the session of 1875, a Legislative Committee found that the rumors in regard to enormous swindles upon the new Capitol building at Albany were true. Material had been paid for at triple prices; material paid for had not been delivered; false measurements had been the rule and not the exception; contracts were awarded to the highest instead of to the lowest olders, divisions with the Ring had been carried on and the usual Ring methods, by which the State Treasury had been defrauded out of millions of dollars, were in full operation. The alarm of the Commissioners caused them to beat a hasty retreat. Governor Tilden, to our knowledge, said that the evidence was sufficient to convict them and send them to the State Prison. He pledged himself to commence legal proceedings against them. Proceedings have not been commenced, *and some of these Commissioners are Governor Tilden's chosen delegates to the St. Louis Convention.*

Mr. Tilden is well acquainted with the depredations of the Brooklyn Ring. He knew that its members were partners of Tweed in the Legislature, on Broadway pavement, on the East River bridge, and elsewhere. To our knowledge, he admitted that they should be in prison, and he pledged himself to put them there. He, however, found reasons for delay, and, when forced to the issue, did what a cunning political Executive can do to discourage proceedings. Through Attorney General Pratt, and over Governor Tilden's head, proceedings were begun against a few of the plunderers. Even the indicted ones, with others of the gang, are now Governor Tilden's delegates to the St. Louis Convention.

When a delegation from the Tax Payers' Association of this city visited the Governor at Albany, by appointment, their interview was postponed by him a full day, until his Secretary summoned by telegraph members of the Ring to meet them. The delegates considered themselves insulted, and came home. When members of the Ring desired to consult with the Governor, they were invited to his private rooms and to his own residence. *The Reformers were not notified to be present.*

The notorious thief, Tweed, was allowed to walk out of prison, step into a carriage, and drive to a vessel in broad daylight, last December. The Sheriff, in whose custody Tweed was, is undisturbed in his office by *the Governor's disregard of his official oath "to faithfully administer the law and protect the interests of the people."* The Sheriff and his friends are working for Governor Tilden's nomination.

The Hon. Erastus Brooks says that Governor Tilden's staff officers came into his district to prevent any unpledged Tilden delegate being sent to the St. Louis Convention. It is well known that Governor Tilden packed the Utica Convention, and selected a majority of the delegates from this State who should go to the National Convention. Among the men so selected by him are several indicted officials and notorious Ring scoundrels, who, less than a year ago, Governor Tilden said to us, "ought to be in the State Prison."

Bates & Lock, a respectable advertising firm in New York, were authorized by Governor Tilden's agents to insert puffs for him, as reading matter, in about five hundred and fifty Southern and Western Democratic newspapers, which puffs were paid for at advertising rates.

Governor Tilden pretends to be a hard-currency man. As a stockholder and director in two iron-mining companies on the upper Michigan Peninsula, he has for twelve years been issuing shinplasters and sheet-plate currency notes in violation of the laws of Congress. The bank tax upon the currency so issued, and the penalty for its fraudulent issue, amounted to over $1,000,000, which was not paid. Mr. Tilden's companies applied to Congress for a remission of the penalties. In 1874, Hiram O. Peck, E. G. Wheeler, and J. B. Crucial were indicted for forging the currency of Tilden's Jackson Iron Company of Negaunee, Michigan. The trial took place before Judge O'Grady, June 22, 1874. The counterfeiting was admitted, but it was claimed to be no injury to the Iron Company to do that which they had no right to do. The Court held as follows:

The Court is clearly of the opinion that the issue of all these notes and iron currency, so called, is illegal, contrary to the statute, and that they are void upon their face. They bear not only the earmarks, but all the principal features of a bank-note, and are utterly worthless for the purpose of circulation. They can not be the subject of forgery; they are a spurious, worthless, bastard currency. The objection is sustained. The Court has been of this opinion for the last five years, though the question has never before been presented for its decision. This kind of paper has driven out a better currency, just as the clipped and sweated coin of William the Third drove out of circulation and use the golden crowns of England.

Governor Tilden's advocacy of "hard money" is as insincere as are any of his other positions. As a reformer, Gov. Tilden is a fraud; as a business man, he is badly smirched; as a hard-money man, he is without convictions; as an advertising adventurer and suborner of the press, he is impudent; and as a political trickster, he is a disgrace. He is willing to talk about national honor and advocate hard money at the East, while violating the laws of the country and issuing an illegal currency in the West. He bid loudly for reform support throughout the State, by attacking Dennison, in Syracuse, and Lord, in Rochester, where the Democrats have no strength, while bargaining with Ring scoundrels in Albany, New York and Brooklyn, where the Democratic machine is powerful. Do Democrats think that, in the present temper of our outraged people, they could elect a man President of the United States, with such a record as is here shown? Have they so low an estimate of the virtue of American voters as to suppose that a majority of them will stand by party, at the expense of so much principle, and with the possible danger to arise from the ignoble ambition of such a man? Do they blame the Argus, knowing the facts, for sounding the alarm in time to save the party from an inglorious defeat? The unpleasant duty of saving what we have has been forced upon us by Mr. Tilden's persistent audacity in keeping himself before the public, and by the unblushing impudence of a gang of convicts, criminals, and plunderers, daring to say that they will make a nomination for honest men to vote for. Mr. Tilden has written his political epitaph in "Never punish a man who will vote right." We warned Mr. Tilden of the treacherous character of the crew who were throwing planks to him. They now have him by the throat, and he is hearing the rapids with them. We will have accomplished a good work in ridding the party and the country of so dangerous a set of men. Tilden's ticket was only elected by 4,000 majority in the State, last fall. If nominated now, he can not carry the State, but will be defeated by $50,000 majority.

Tilden.

RAILROAD NEWS.

[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

NEW YORK, June 22.—Allusion was made in my dispatch a few days ago to litigation between the St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute Railroad and Samuel J. Tilden, in which one of the latter's operations in the railway wrecking line was said to be narrated. The papers in the case have since been supplied by the agents of the road in this city, and a brief summary of the allegations will prove interesting reading to delegates assembling at St. Louis to nominate a candidate for President. A foreclosure of this railroad under its old form, when consolidated with the Belleville & Illinoistown, was entered in 1861. The stockholders appointed a committee, consisting of S. J. Tilden, Robert Bayard, Joseph Tuckerman, John G. Richardson and Charles Butler, to buy it in and reorganize the Company. They did so March 24, 1862, for $800,000, and Tilden, Bayard, Tuckerman, Richardson, and Russell Sage were made the new incorporators.

Tilden, as counsel of the Company, was empowered to supervise the reorganization, and the new Company being authorized to issue bonds and stocks to settle the liability of the old, there was placed in Tilden's hands $2,200,000 of first mortgage bonds, $4,500,000 second mortgage bonds, and $3,750,000 of stock.

A. C. Flagg, the Receiver of the old road, made a report to the stockholders of the old road in 1863, and, from the report, the following allegations are made and answers from Tilden demanded: The claims settled by the first mortgage bonds of $2,200,000 aggregated, according to Flagg, only $2,042,740.41, leaving a balance in Tilden's hands of $154,259.59. Of the $4,500,000 of second mortgage bonds, Flagg's report says only $4,369,545.89 was used, leaving in Mr. Tilden's hands $30,454.11 to be accounted for. Of the stock, $3,750,000 was to have been issued, but, in fact, $4,000,000 was put out by Tilden, $250,000 without specific authority. As far as known, of this sum only $3,508,215.15 was used, according to Flagg's report, leaving Mr. Tilden to account, in his answer to the complaint, for a balance of $491,783.15 of stock. Another allegation is that Tilden got $20,000 for his services in reorganizing the road. The complaint, which is in the United States Circuit Court of this District, on a suit to recover $1,000,000, is against all the committee, and concludes as follows:

"Your orator alleges and avers that said defendants, or some of them, have refused to render any account, or to give your orator any explanation of the manner in which, or purposes for which, said bonds and stock were issued and disposed of, and your orator charges that said surplus bonds and stock have been unlawfully retained by and divided among said defendants, or issued and disposed of by them in violation of their duty as members of said Purchasing Committee and Board of Directors of said corporation, complainant herein, and of the trust and confidence reposed in them as such, and that the pecuniary liabilities and burdens of your orator have been thereby unjustly and unnecessarily increased to the amount of more than $1,000,000."

The only reply of Mr. Tilden thus far has been an application for time until July to answer the complaint. This will be after the St. Louis Convention, and too late for him to profit by his explanations.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

SUMTER county is once more on her feet, and proposes to resume her old position in the Republican column. A few days ago the Republicans of that county held a convention at Livingston and made the following nominations: For the Senate, R. A. Meredith. For Representatives, T. S. Rayne, Robert Reid. Sumter county has a clear honest Republican majority of over two thousand. If Republicans are allowed to vote, that will be the majority in August.

PLATFORM

—OF THE—

REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections State and Federal, announce as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men as the fundamental principle of our government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperiling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the cordial recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing intolerance, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and action, in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and antipathies, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the States and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one as indestructible, the other as indissoluble.

5th. The preservation and maintainance of the Republican party in the Southern States, as a safeguard against sectionalism, and the strongest guaranty of an inviolate union.

Resolved 1st, That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has carried the nation through a period of unprecedented difficulties and trials with safety and success, and has won for the President a renown as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd, That we deplore the divisions in our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies, and that now, as in the past, we are ready and desirous of healing these divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse to its energies or hope to its future, since the war, and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

ALEX WHITE, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 15th, 1876.)

When, in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved these governments to the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed." Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously enforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitutional amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts of its purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin. Commercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the many important amendments effected by Republican Legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congess to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who periled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We therefore note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts as its chief hope of success on the electoral vote of a united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation; we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil the national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason; with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes; with reasserting and applauding in the National Capitol the sentiments of unrepented rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan mismanagement and obstruction of investigation; with proving itself, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and immense services in war and in peace.

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100 Cash Gifts of	500 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	400 each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts of	300 each	30,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200 each	40,000
600 Cash Gifts of	100 each	60,000
10,000 Cash Gifts of	12 each	120,000
Total 11,156 Gifts, All Cash		600,000

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Seventh District—Arthur Bingham, H L Watlington.

Eighth District—George E. Spencer, Z E Thomas.

Regular County Executive Committee.

PAUL STROBACH, Chairman. T. C. BINGHAM, Secretary.

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DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

FRIDAY, JULY 28, 1876.

LIFE LEAVES.

The day, with its sandals dipped in dew,
Has passed through the evening's golden gates,
And a single star in the cloudless blue
For the rising moon in silence waits:
While the winds that sigh to the languid hours
Whisper softly and breathe o'er the folded flowers.

The lute-note to the sound of the stream
Flows winding along with a lulling flow,
And voices awake, or half in a dream
All mingle through the realms of long ago;
Like tears, pour with many a smile
From the bowers of Memory's magical isle.

There are joys and sunshine, sorrows and tears,
That check the path of life's April hours,
And a longing wish for the coming years,
And a whisper'ring with the fairest
That hope ever wreathes with the fairest flowers.

There are friendships guileless, love as bright
As aught as the stars in the halls of night.

There are aches in memories, bitter pain,
Wreck of hopes, and a broken vow,
And an aching heart by the restless main,
And the sea-breeze fanning a pallid brow;
And the sea-breeze fanning a pallid brow;
And a tear-drop on the shell-lined shore
As it echoes for voices that sp'ak no more.

There are passions strong and ambitions wild,
And the fierce desire to stand in the van
And the heart of life, and the heart of the child
Is crushed in the breast of the struggling man;
But sighs are the regrets and few are the tears
That lurk in the tomb of the vanished years.

There are loved ones lost! There are isle
Where the streamlet winds and the violet waves,
Where the grasses sway to the sighing breeze;
And the presence of tender lips.
As we pine for the pre sure of tender lips,
And the light of eyes darkened in death's eclipse.

And thus, as the glow of the daylight dies,
And the night's first look to the east is cast,
And the e beautiful summer skies
Lend pictures that hang on the wall of the

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The following schedule takes effect June 5th, 1876.

	NORTHWARD. No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 11.
Leave Atlanta	4.10 p. m.	7.00 a. m.	5.55 p. m
Ar Cartersville	6.11 p. m.	9.2 2 a. m.	8.41 p. m
Ar Kingston	7.58 p. m.	9.07 a. m.	4.19 a. m
Ar Chattanooga	10.25 p. m.	1.56 p. m.	

SOUTHWARD. No. 2.	No. 4.	No. 12.
Leave Chattanooga	4.00 p. m.	5.00 a. m.
Ar Dalton	6.41 p. m.	7.01 a. m.
Ar Kingston	7.58 p. m.	9.07 a. m.
Ar Cartersville	9.12 p. m.	9.42 a. m.
Ar Atlanta	10.15 p. m.	12.05 m.
	11.06 m.	9.30 a. m

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For proof, you know that Chill Tonics (without arsenic) usual price is $8.00 per dozen; our price is $7.00; Worm Candies, usually $1.50, ours $1.35; Stomach Bitters, generally, $8.00 to $8.50, ours $7.25; Soothing Syrups, $2.00 to $4.00, ours $1.60; Elixir Bark and Iron, $9.00 to $12.00, ours $7.50,
IT WILL PAY YOU TO HANDLE OUR GOODS.
WARRANNTED TO BE RELIABLE!
We Believe them to be Superior to all Others,
AS THE MATERIALS USED ARE THE PUREST AND BEST.

CAPITAL STOCK, - - $1.200.000!
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GREAT AMERICAN FIRE EXTINGUISHER COMPANY,
MANUFACTURERS OF
FIRE EXTINGUISHERS, ENGINES, STATIONARY TANKS
"Ne Plus Ultra" Engines, "Hercules" Engines, Climax Engines.
(2 wheel) Factory Size. (3 wheel) Village Size (4 wheel) City Size.
FACTORY AND PRINCIPAL OFFICE—Nos. 353, 355, 357, 359 West Market Street, Louisville, Kentucky.
Ask the Public to Ponder on these Facts. To be Forewarned is to be Forearmed.
437.59 Unarmed Soldiers
These Sentinels are standing guard over one hundred million dollars worth of property in Asylums, Breweries, Bakeries, City Halls, Colleges, Car Works, Depots, Distilleries, Elevators, Foundries, Factories, Fair Grounds, Grain Houses, Hotels, Halls, Infirmaries, Lumber Yards, Machine Shops, Oil Factories, Pattern, Paint and Paper Warehouses, Rag and Roofing Factories, Saw Mills, Starch, Stave and Soap Factories, Theatres, Toy, Trunk and Window Sash and Blind Factories, Upholsteries, Veneering Establishments, Wagon, White Lead and Window Glass Factories, Warehouses and large buildings of all kinds through out the land. They are night WATCHMEN, when a robber is expected they are furnished weapons to give them greater power.
Why, then, when they are paid to guard against Fire, a far more dreaded enemy to property than eyes, should they not be provided with the means to subdue it before it has gained dangerous headway? We offer the
GREAT AMERICAN FIRE EXTINGUISHER,
the best known means of accomplishing this end, and comment it to public favor solely on its merits. Send for circular with description and testimonials. Agents wanted in every town in the world.
Great American Fire Extinguisher Co., Louisville, Ky

LEHMAN, DURR & CO.,
BANKERS, COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
OFFICES, COURT SQUARE,
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COLLECTIONS
Made on all Accessible Points, and Remitted for on Day of Payment
We also buy and sell Domestic and Foreign Exchange and Draw Bills of Exchange, Available in all the Commercial Centres of this Country and Europe.
Liberal Cash Advances Made upon Cotton consigned to us, our connections in New York, New Orleans or Liverpool.
FULL STOCK OF BAGGING AND TIES ALWAYS ON HAND AND FOR SALE AT LOWEST MARKET RATES.

THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE!
LOUISVILLE & CINCINNATI
SHORT LINE RAILROAD
The quickest, best and ONLY ROUTE with which passengers from the South make direct connection at Louisville with
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars
TO PITTSBURG, HARRISBURG,
PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK.
And other Eastern Cities,
WITHOUT CHANGE,
Arriving many hours in advance of all other lines. Connections made at Cincinnati with all lines running
Pullman and Wagner Palace Sleepers
To Toledo, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Baltimore, Washington, Sandusky, Cleveland, Buffalo, Albany, Indianapolis and New York
WITHOUT CHANGE.
This is the only line running its entire trains from Louisville to Cincinnati, and the only line by which passengers from the South en route to Eastern and Northern Cities can avoid a tedious haul through Louisville, by changing cars at Short Line Junction, with L. & G. S. R. R., three miles south of the City, where they can be served with an excellent meal at Ruter's Dining Hall, at all hours. Through Sleepers from New Orleans, Mobile, Jacksonville, Atlanta, Little Rock, Memphis, Montgomery and Nashville, make direct connection at Short Line Junction with through Sleepers to New York and other Eastern Cities via this line
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At Philadelphia, this line will sell Excursion Tickets at greatly reduced rates.
ASK FOR TICKETS VIA
Louisville & The Short Line,
The only line running through cars to Eastern Cities. For sale at all the Ticket Offices in the South and Southwest.
JOHN MAC LEOD,
General Superintendent.
S. S. PARKER,
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A BOOK FOR THE MILLION.
Marriage Guide.
A Private Counselor to the Married, or those about to marry, on the physiological relations and medication of the sexual system, with the latest discoveries in the science of reproduction, profusely illustrated. 400 pages.
This is an interesting work of two hundred and sixty pages, with numerous engravings, and contains valuable information for those who are married or contemplate marriage. Still it is a book that ought to be kept under lock and key, and not left carelessly about the house.
It contains the experience and advice of a physician whose reputation is world wide, and should be in the private drawer of every male and female throughout the entire globe. It conveys everything on the subject of the generative system that is worth knowing, and much that is not published in any other work.
Sent to any one free of postage, for Fifty Cents.
Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary, No. 12 N. Eighth street, St. Louis, Mo.
Notice to the Afflicted and Unfortunate.
Before applying to the numerous quacks who advertise in public papers, either for some private remedies, please Dr. Butts' work, no matter what your disease is or how despondent your condition.
Dr. Butts occupies a double house of twenty-seven rooms; is indorsed by some of the most celebrated medical professors of this country and Europe, and can be consulted personally or by mail on the diseases mentioned in his work. Consult office and address Dr. Butts, No. 12 North Eighth street, between Market and Chestnut, St. Louis, Mo.
MARRIAGE GUIDE
An illustrated work 275 pages, a private counselor to the married and marriageable on the mysteries of the sexual system, its abuses, etc., latest discoveries in the science of reproduction. How to be truly happy in the married relation. Male and female, young and middle aged should read and preserve it. All single females should read it before contracting matrimony. Sent out on four to receive the health, and confidence, and private fault of the married. Sent to any address for 50 cents. The best and cheapest Marriage Guide in the world. Price 50 cents by mail. The author may be consulted personally or by mail on any of the subjects mentioned in his work. Address Dr. A. G. OLIN, 127 Washington st., Chicago, Ill.
REDUCED TO A CERTAINTY.
Chance to Gain
$50,000
NO RISK.
Send for circular at once. No time to lose. READ & Co., Bank rs, 71 Maiden Lane, NEW YORK
DANIEL F. BEATTY'S
Parlor Organs.
These remarkable instruments possess capabilities for musical effects and expression never before attained, adapted for Amateur and Professional, and an ornament in any parlor.
EXCELLENCE OF TONE THOROUGH WORKMANSHIP, ELEGANT DESIGNS AND FINISH,
and Wonderful Variety of their Combination Solo Stops.
☞ Beautiful new Centennial styles now ready. Address, DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.
50 CENTS FREE.
SPECIAL OFFER—FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY.
Will send, POST-PAID FREE, to each new subscriber of THE NEW YORK AGENTS' MONTHLY, a magnificent CENTENNIAL MEMORIAL MEDAL (in fancy box), struck in Alloyta Plate Silver, larger than a silver trade dollar, 1¾ inch in diameter—Price 50 cents each. THE AGENTS' MONTHLY is a handsome, spicy, 16 page paper. Subscription price 50 cents a year. Send 50 cents, and you will receive the AGENTS' MONTHLY for one year, postpaid, and the above Medal gratis.
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A FORTUNE FOR $1.
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Tickets $1 Each, 6 for $5. One chance in every 3.
$250,000 in Prizes. Capital Prize $50,000
6th Extraordinary Drawing.

1 Cash Prize of	$100,000
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1 Cash Prize of	20,000
51,025 Cash Prizes amounting to	$350,000

The first Extraordinary Drawing was presided over by Col. Parker, First Board of Trade. Second by Gov. James. Third by Ticket Holders. Fourth by City, County, and State officials and the Fifth by seven Commissioners. Extraordinary drawings every 20 Chances for $10, leaving balance to be deducted from Prizes after the Drawings. Agents Wanted Everywhere. For full particulars and Circulars, Address the Manager,
J. M. PATTEE, Laramie City, Wyoming.
WIMBLEDON
Long Range Breech Loading
Practice Pistol & Targets.
Carries a ½ inch ball with accuracy fifty feet, without powder or percussion. Brass barrel, hair trigger. For sale by dealers. By mail, free for 75 cents, with permanent ammunition for target practice indoors and for sporting out of doors.
AGENTS WANTED.
A. A. GRAHAM, 67 Liberty Street, New York

"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure and Instruction."
Harper's Bazar.
ILLUSTRATED.
Notices of the Press.
The Bazar is edited with a combination of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—Boston Traveller.
The Bazar commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion plates in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patterns for the children's clothes, to prefamilias by the tasteful designs for embroidered ciphers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading matter of the Bazar is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—N. Y. Evening Post.
In its way there is nothing like it. Fresh and trustworthy as a fashion guide, its stories and essays, its poetry and sparkle, are all invigorating to the mind.—Chicago Evening Journal.
TERMS.
Postage Free to all Subscribers in the United States.
Harper's Bazar, one year $4 00
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Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine, Weekly, and Bazar, to one address, for one year, $10 00; or two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address, for one year, $7 00, postage free.
An extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly or Bazar, will be supplied gratis for every club of five subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or six copies for $20 00 without extra copy, postage free.
Back numbers can be supplied at any time.
The Annual Volumes of Harper's Bazar, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7.00 each. A complete Set, comprising eight Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5.25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.
Prominent attention will be given in HARPER'S BAZAR to such illustrations of the Centennial International Exhibition as may be peculiarly appropriate to its columns.
Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROS. Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.
LOCAL AGENTS WANTED.
An Agent Wanted for each Town and County in the United States.
Parties desiring to act as agents must accompany their application by a letter of recommendation as to character and responsibility from and signed by the Editor of a newspaper published in the town or county for which agent is to act. The agency is to sell the bonds of the Industrial Exhibition Company.
Bonds $20 Each.
The Industrial Exhibition Company will furnish agents with Circulars, etc., etc.
Each newspaper published in the town where agent is located will, as soon as agency is established, be given an advertisement, advertising such agency and the company, and fully explaining the plans, purposes and objects of the company. Such advertisement will continue in such papers as long as agency is successfully conducted.
The Industrial Exhibition Company is the firm to adopt the plan so long in use by the European governments of issuing bonds when the principal is made secure and not risked, but where there is a chance for a large premium, an investment of $20 is sure to return to the investor $1—one dollar more than cost—and the holder of a $20 bond may obtain a premium either of $50, $100, $250, $500, $1,000, $3,000, $5,000, $10,000, $25,000 or $100,000. The date of drawing, which is ordinarily distributed to all the bondholders pro rata, is in this loan distributed by chance. The purchaser of a bond knows he will receive back his investment, with a small rate of interest added, and in consideration of taking this small rate of interest, he has a chance in the above named premiums, which are simply the distribution of interest on the whole loan.
Each bond participates in four drawings each year, until it has drawn a premium, when it is surrendered, the premium paid, and the bond cancelled.
The Industrial Exhibition Company, under a special charter, granted by the State of New York, is given authority to issue these bonds. The Legislature of the State, recognizing the great benefits which will arise from the success of this enterprise, have exempted all the real estate and property of the company from taxation and assessments for five years, and has also conferred other great privileges.
Every American who understands the purposes of this company will, of a necessity, feel a pride in aiding it to a successful termination.
Each individual who buys a bond becomes an owner and an interested party, and when he views the structure erected with his money can say, "I added to erect in our country the most magnificent building the world has ever seen, a palace which, in truth, represents the industry, energy and mechanical genius of the American people."
The manufacturers and the inventors of America are peculiarly interested in the success of this enterprise, for the reason that it is to be their home, where all their inventions and manufactures can be exhibited and sold.
The building will contain 6,320,000 square feet of space.
Purchasers desiring Bonds before an agency is established where they reside, will communicate direct with this office, from where they can be supplied.
Parties desiring to act as agents or to purchase bonds will address
INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION CO.,
No. 12 East 17th Street,
BET. B'WAY & 5th AVE.,
NEW YORK CITY
NOTE—All moneys by draft on New York, or Express, or postal order—charges paid by sender 8-20w
BEATTY Piano.
GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.
From Jas. E. Regan, firm Regan & Carter, publishers Daily and weekly Tribune, Jefferson City, Mo, after receiving a $700 instrument says:
"Piano reached us in good condition I am well pleased with it. It is all you represent it to be."
From E. R. Baldridge, Bennington Furnace, Pa., after receiving a $7 piano:
"The Beatty" received 4th inst., all O. K., and comes fully up to your representation, and exceeds our expectations. While I don't profess to be a judge in the matter, Mrs. B. does, and professes it of very sweet tone, and is very much pleased with it."
Best inducements ever offered. Money refunded upon return of Piano and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory, after a test trial of five days. Pianos warranted for six years. Agents wanted. Send for catalogue. Address,
DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, N. J., U. S. A.
CARPENTER'S MANUAL—A practical guide to all operations of the trade; drawing for carpenters, forms of contracts, specifications, plans, &c. Plain instructions for beginners; and full glossary of terms. Illustrated, 10 cts. Hoyt's Manual, 50. Book of Alphabets, 50. Sign Painter's Manual, 50. Watchmaker and Jeweler's Manual, 25. Wood Engraver's Manual, 50. Of booksellers, or by mail. JESSE HANEY & CO., 119 Nassau street, N. Y.
OPIUM and Morphine habit absolutely and permanently cured. Painless treatment. Entire cure guaranteed in all cases. Send for pamphlet. Dr. Carlton, 1 Union Square, New York.

Official Railroad Time Table
Giving arrival and departure of all trains of Montgomery. Reported and corrected expressly for the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, by Messrs. HOUGH & RENSON, General Ticket Agents Office under Exchange Hotel, where any information as to rates, connections or distance be obtained.
Tickets sold to all points North, South, East and West.
Calls for the Omnibus or Baggage Wagon left at our office, or at the Exchange Hotel will receive prompt attention.
SOUTH AND NORTH ALA. RAILROAD
GOING NORTH.

	No 2—Mail	No 4—Exp
Leaves Montgomery	7:00 am	8:00 pm
Calera	9:35 am	10:25 pm
Birmingham	10:55 am	11:46 pm
Decatur	2:45 pm	3:05 am
Nashville,	8:15 pm	8:30 am
Arrive at Louisville	3:45

DAILY STATE JOURNAL

FRIDAY, JULY 30, 1875.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MONTGOMERY, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T.C. Bingham will be paid by us. T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,

def. Proprietors.

Coolish.

RENTS are coming down.

POOR doctors are wanted now.

NICE nights for sleeping under blankets.

WARM clothing was comfortable last night.

MAJ. WALKER, of the Southern Coast Line route, is in the city.

MOTTO of the Street Commissioner—Let no dirty thoroughfare be scraped.

DOG days begin to-day. Look out for worthless and surplus canines with green eyes.

SOME of our people have just learned of the closing of the S. & A. Telegraph office.

COL. ROBERT MEEK, one of the cleverest and best railroad men in the South is in the city.

AIN'T you glad that the weather is cooler? No more prickly-heat, hives or nettlerash now.

THE postage on books under the new law is one cent for every two ounces or fractional part thereof.

MR. FLINT, late manager of the Southern and Atlantic telegraph company, has gone to New Orleans.

EXISTENCE must be an ecstacy on the Wabash. They have the flea, the fly, the ant, the mosquito, the chigre, the chills and the cholera-morbus.

THERE are not as many dime novels written this season as usual. The authors find a better market for their triumphs of imagination on Bourbon newspapers.

IF St. Patrick should happen to be disengaged, he may hear of something to his advantage by applying to Uncle Sam's folks. The snake crop is reported as astonishingly large this season.

THE JOURNAL will commence the publication of an evening edition, Monday next, in addition to our regular morning edition, when the dispatches of the associated press will be again published by us.

SALE OF CIGARS.—Deputy Collector Strobach will sell 2,000 cigars to-day, in accordance with the notice heretofore given. Those who are in search of bargains in this line, should not fail to attend the sale.

AN aged lady, Mrs. Thompson, who was supposed to have resided in this city once, was run over and killed by a train of cars, near Biloxi, Miss., Wednesday night. We have not been able to find any one who knew the unfortunate lady, in this city.

THE travel from the South to the Centennial must be increasing, as the agents of the great Central Pennsylvania railroad and the Baltimore and Ohio railroad have been in the city soliciting business for their respective routes. There will be quite a large travel in a few weeks.

ON Monday the proprietors of the JOURNAL will begin the issuance of an evening edition of this paper, containing all the telegraphic news, etc., up to the hour of going to press—which will be between 3 and 4 o'clock. All those who wish a good evening paper containing the latest and freshest news, market reports, local intelligence, etc., should subscribe for the JOURNAL. Our morning edition will be the finest newspaper in Alabama.

THE Montgomery Shooting Club had a very pleasant contest at the new fair grounds, yesterday evening. There were fifteen entries for seven single birds, rise of thirty yards, with an eighty yard boundary, from five traps. Two barrels were allowed. The successful member was Mr. Lyman Wells, of the M. and E. railroad. The occasion was an interesting one, and all who were present enjoyed it. The judges were Messrs. Belser Wyman and S. Kirtland.

COL. J. W. STOSS, the efficient President of the South and North Alabama railroad, has been presented with an elegant cane by the Alabama Press Association for courtesies extended the Association during their last meeting in this city. Col. Stoss is a clever gentleman and we do not know a more courteous or obliging railroad official in the State. The Association showed a just appreciation of the fitness of things in making the present.

THE Augusta Constitutionalist, of the 27th inst., says: "The remains of Mr. L. J. Moses, formerly of Charleston, died in Montgomery, Ala., last Saturday, passed through the city yesterday for Charleston, where they will be interred. The deceased was well known in Columbia and the latter city, and his age was 67 years. He was the father of the present Mayor of Montgomery, as also of J. Winn Moses, a gentleman of whose literary attainments we have heretofore had occasion to speak. The corpse was accompanied by three sons and others of the family.

THE dog in the manger that would neither eat the hay himself nor let the ox eat it, has been denounced for ages as the worst example of selfishness that ever came to light in the history of the world. The wisest men have given the subject much thought, and have all arrived at the same point of conclusion—that the dog had no reason under the sun for such conduct, only pure, downright meanness. It never occurred to them that, as a good bed is next to a good meal, the poor dog wanted that little bunch of hay for a bed, and had as good a right to it as the ox; hence the ox was the meanest of the two in seeking to rob the dog of his bed. So Æsop had better pull down his vest, while we tally one for the dog.

BOXBROOT who has had hot weather experience makes the following suggestions: He recommends the pith hat occasionally worn in our streets, which has a ring inside to fit the head, leaving an open space for ventilation. He also says: If people were to shut up and darken their houses in the coolest hours of the morning, leaving only apertures, apply, as folks in India do, loosely woven mats of fragrant grass, and keep them wet, every breath of air coming into the house would take up the moisture, and the temperature within would be reduced many degrees.

BOSH.—We hear it whispered about the streets, in a boasting manner, that the bond of County Treasurer Wolffe was assailed by the late grand jury because he is a Jew. We hope this is not true. It would be a disgrace and shame to our city, to our age, to our country. Mr. Wolffe is a good officer, and has discharged his duties faithfully and with clean hands. No former county treasurer has been more mindful of the public interest than Mr. Wolffe. He has never used the public money in his own private interests, and is ready at any time to make a showing to the people. His bond, in our judgment, is as good and safe as that of any officer in Alabama. Such a man as Fred Wolffe would not tender an unsound bond. He would not act as county Treasurer without a strong and secure bond. If his bond is not sound, then there is not a sound bond in Alabama. He can make a new bond without any trouble, and the best men in this city will gladly go on it.

WE hear of a gentleman who is somewhat puzzled by the connections formed by the nuptial tie. He thus endeavors to explain them:

I married a widow who had a grown up daughter.

My father visited our home very often and fell in love with my step daughter, and married her. So my father became my son in-law, and my step-daughter my mother because she was my father's wife. Sometime afterward my wife had a son—he was my father's brother in-law and my uncle, for he was the brother of my step-daughter.

My father's wife, i. e. my step daughter, had also a son; he was, of course, my brother, and, in the meantime; my grand child, for he was the son of my daughter.

My wife was my grandmother because she was my mother's mother.

I was my wife's husband and grand child at the same time. And as the husband of a person's grandmother is his grandfather, I was my own grandfather.

The great sale of blankets, flannels and other woollen goods by auction in New York, deserves notice for having unloaded the mills and their agents of stock, and converted this into cash, by which debts can be paid and material bought at lower prices for future manipulation. The prices show a decline. Something of this decline is due to this season of the year at which the sale was made, something to the great amount and absolute condition of the sale, and something to the unquestionable decline in prices. The flannels show a decline from twelve to fifteen per cent. from previous market prices; the blankets twenty per cent; fancy tickings fifty per cents., and other goods in proportion, though as a whole, the flannel range was from ten to thirty per cent. decline. It is perhaps to be regretted that there have been such losses, but as they were unavoidable and have been expected, there is pleasure in knowing that the evil is past and that now fabrication can commence on a sound and remunerative basis.

GOOD ADVICE.—Eschew ice-water. Use it, if at all, sparingly and with caution. But you may drink spring or well water *ad libitum*, provided you do not drink when you are exhausted and overheated by special exertion—water is the most dangerous of beverages—and provided you drink little at a time; two or three swallows. If the mouth is dry and parched and cottony, rinse it out. A little ice eaten is better than much ice-water drunk—safer and more satisfying. Acids are generally both palatable and healthful—lemonade with little or no sugar, lime-juice and water, raspberry shrub.

Let your dress be cool. For that reason home or a quiet boarding-house is better than a hotel, where fashion dictates and comfort is enslaved. A light flannel next the skin is a protector against heat. Some of our readers will exclaim; others will smile incredulously. We speak from experience. The physicians bear out the declaration.

The country is better than the city, especially for children. In vain do the metropolitans protest. By day the thermometer shows small difference, or none at all. But at nightfall, every tree and shrub, and blade of grass becomes a refrigerator.

They cast off their superfluous moisture. The air is laden with it. The dry furnace-like heat of the day is relieved. There is a freshness; breathing ceases to be a burden and becomes a delight.

Sleep. Retire early. Exercise common sense—if you have it. If not, get some one else to exercise it for you. In general, avoid sleeping in a draft. But a draft is better than the insufferable atmosphere of a close room. Fresh air and plenty of it is indispensable to health. Bathe often. The skin needs it. It is all the day throwing off perspiration and filling up the pores. Open them with cold water, and keep them open. The best bath is in the river or in the surf; next is the plunge bath at home; next the sponge bath. The mere air bath, with vigorous friction with the hand or the towel, is better than none. It requires a vigorous constitution to bear the shower-bath.

Finally, avoid mental excitements, hasty and hot words, heart burnings, evening parties, late suppers. Whatever happens, keep cool in mind; it will help you to keep cool in body.

A negro woman living on Mr. Robert Ware Jr's. plantation in Elmore county gave birth on the 17th inst. to a child which seemed mature, but ill-formed. The knee-caps were on the back of the legs, the feet turned backward, it had only one breast, scarcely any back of the head developed, frontal portion bearing much the appearance of a monkey's face. It had a tail six or eight inches long. It did not live. We presume it might be styled a non-descript or a "what is it?"

State News.

[By Yesterday's Mail to the JOURNAL]

The Tuskegee News says: The steady rain which has fallen almost every day since the beginning of June, and which is now falling, has done a great deal of damage to the crops in this county, and will cause a shortage of probably 25 per cent in making the crops.

The recent rains have been general, and the crops are now in excellent condition.

Cotton worms have appeared in force in Macon county. The crops about Chehaw are said to be full of them.

Died, of inflammation of the bowels, July 12, 1876, at his father's residence, in Colbert county, Alabama, Wm. F. Grimson, Jr., born June 28th, 1860.

MARRIED.—In Tuscumbia last Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock, Mr. John E. Yeatts, of Corinth, Miss., and Miss Sue Patterson, of that city.

We are pained to announce the death, of typhoid fever, at the residence of his grandmother, Mrs. Wm. Foster, last Saturday morning, July 29th, Mr. William P. Foster, son of our former fellow citizen, the late Charles P. Lewis, Esq. He was a young man just entering the prime of manhood, was raised in Tuskegee, and known throughout the county, and the sad intelligence of his death will be received with sorrow. He was a classmate of the writer of this, and we can testify to his many noble traits of character. One by one they are stricken down, and who knows at what moment the summons may come for us. Peace to his ashes.—Tuskegee News.

Just as we go to press we are shown by Mr. McWilliams, of our city, a cotton caterpillar. They are here, and if the present cloudy weather continues may be expected to increase rapidly.—Wetumpka Nelson.

The Natchez says: Our townsman Dr. M. G. Moore has among his relics of the past, the Calumet or Peace Pipe, which Captain Merriwether Lewis took with him on his celebrated exploring expedition across the Rocky Mountains, during the second administration of President Jefferson. Capt. Lewis was a captain of engineers in the regular army, and was private secretary to President Jefferson.

Capt. Richard Allison left Wetumpka on Saturday afternoon last for home in his buggy. Having gone a short distance out, his horse fell and died.

Mr. A. G. Due lost one of his fine draymen horses on Friday last. The horse had been kept up for some days, and was put on the road to Elmore Station, and died on his return with a loaded dray.—Sunstroke.—[No doax.

THE Charleston News and Courier, a democratic journal, which has spoken out boldly in denunciation of the Hamburg massacre, prints the letter of Col. T. W. Higginson, and says that "it will not do for the people of South Carolina merely to shrug their shoulders about it and dismiss it as an unpleasant subject about which they would prefer to say as little as possible. The country expects from this people positive and unmistakable expression of the public abhorrence of the deed. Unless it is forthcoming, good-bye to the chances of the St. Louis ticket. It is for South Carolina to say whether Tilden and Hendricks shall be slaughtered by the same bullets by which the black prisoners at Hamburg were slain."

QUOTH Sammy Tilden as he enters the Reform Council-room:

"Arranged that $100,000 bet, Johnny, ah?"

"Yes, sir."

"Set up that lottery, Fernando?"

"Yes, sir."

"Squelched those Humbug niggers, General Butler?"

"Yes, sir."

"Started those ballot-boxes, Hoffman?"

"Yes, sir."

"Sent out all our Tammany repeaters, Bosse?"

"Yes, sir."

"Watered the railroad stock?"

"Yes, sir."

That's right, boys. Now come into prayers."

New Advertisements.

SALE OF TWO THOUSAND CIGARS.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,
DEPUTY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE 2D DIST. OF ALA.,
Montgomery, July 27, 1876.

Having published a notice on the 8th of May, concerning the seizure of two thousand cigars, inviting all persons to file their claims, if there were any, and no claims having been filed in the time specified, I hereby give notice to the public that the said two thousand cigars bearing the brand L. Espanola, de Juan, B. Ramiro, Habana, seized by me at the store of one Howard Garrison, in Montgomery, in this district, in this city, will be sold at public auction on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH OF JULY, 1876,

at 10 o'clock a. m., at my office, Commerce street over Strassburger's Wholesale Store.

PAUL STROBACH,
Deputy Collector.

7-27-3td

ICE! ICE! ICE!

Ice! Ice!

No Short Crop in Alabama.

The Montgomery Protective Ice Co.

Having bought the Stock and Fixtures of D. P. WEST, and contracted for all the Ice made by the

Montgomery Ice Manufacturing Co.,

Are now prepared to supply the public at their old stand, MONROE ST., opposite the CITY HALL. J. A. DIAZ & CO.,
4-13tf Agents.

GULF CITY HOTEL.

CORNER WATER & CONTI STREETS,

Mobile Ala.

GREAT REDUCTION OF RATES!

THE HOTEL, with its beautifully furnished ROOMS and the best TABLE this line market affords, is undoubtedly the

CHEAPEST HOTEL

—IN THE—

SOUTH!

ONLY $2.00 and $2.50 PER DAY.
W. C. MORROW, Jr.,
3-8dtf Proprietor.

BLANK.

Blanks, Blanks, Blanks.

We are now prepared to furnish Tax Collectors and Tax Assessors with

Blank Lists of Property, Tax Deeds, and all Blanks used by County Officials at Chicago Prices.

T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,
State Journal Job Office,
4-6tf Montgomery, Ala.

WANTED—

—FROM—

TEN TO FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS

—OF—

Black Moss,

Delivered at our shops.

Highest market price paid.

AUGS. ORLANDER & SON.
Mattress Makers and Renovators,
40 Market St., Shops cor. South and McDonough.

Local and Business Notices.

Advances on State Certificates.

We are prepared to make liberal advances on State Certificates.

WOLFFE, HERTZ & CO.

Dr Pierce's Favorite Prescription

A very valuable remedy recommended by the Medical Faculty and universally prescribed among their Female Patients. It is worthy of all confidence, as may be seen from the following testimonial:

DR. R. V. PIERCE, BUFFALO, N. Y.
Dear Sir—I have no words to express my gratitude to you for your advice and assistance in my case. There is not one who has used your medicines since they have been brought here, but that can say with me they have been greatly benefitted. Since I have been so helped by them, six or seven around me left off all doctors and other medicines, and now use it in their families, after being cured of the same disease as mine. You do not know what a wonder it created in our city, by its restoring my sister I wrote you about, for she had been under the care of three of our best doctors, but could not sit up but for a few minutes at one time. I begged of her to try your medicine, and before she had used half the bottles she could go all around the yard, and has now just come home from a visit five miles away.

MRS. THOS. MCFARLAND.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is sold by dealers in medicines generally.

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.

8-14 dk&eow

Nervous Debility.

What weakness or depression! A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental overwork, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphrey's Homeopathic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, gives the flush and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per package of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Homeopathic Medicine Company, 562 Broadway, New York.

1-1d&w1y

THE Star Parlor Organs are celebrated for their purity of tone, elegant design and thorough construction. Send for catalogue. Address,

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & CO.,
6-30d&wom Washington, N. J.

THE highest musical authorities, as well as all who have purchased the Beatty Piano, are equally charmed with its beauty and purity of tone. The manufacturer has succeeded in imparting to it a roundness, fullness and richness of tone, perfectly astonishing. None should be without one. See his advertisement. Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

New Advertisements.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Capital and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$777 A WEEK guaranteed to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and Outfit FREE. Address P.O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING. How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose instantly. This and a wonderful collection of Secrets, all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents, together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc., etc. 100,000 sold. A great book. Address WILLIAM & CO., Pearl, Philadelphia.

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing over 5,000 copies each issue. Also, all the leading Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Fashion, and other special class journals. Every newspaper list ever published. There are also over 500 German papers printed in the United States. Also, an essay upon advertising; many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various papers, and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know. Address, GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

NEWSPAPERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

A complete list, numbering 8,129 with a Gazetteer correct to date, of all towns and cities in which newspapers are published; historical and statistical sketches of the Great Newspaper Establishes illustrated with numerous engravings; of the principal newspaper buildings. Book of 300 PAGES, just issued. Mailed, post paid, to any address for 50c. Address (inclosing price) to SUPERINTENDENT OF THE NEWSPAPER PAVILION, Centennial Grounds, Philadelphia, or American News Company, N. Y. Every advertiser needs it.

ATLANTA & WEST POINT R. R

To take Effect Monday, Oct. 4, 1875

AT 8.55 A. M.

Passenger Train—South.

STATIONS.	ARRIVE.	LEAVE.
Atlanta	.....	10 25 P M
East Point	10 45	10 47
Red Oak	11 01	11 06
Fairburn	11 24	11 25
Palmetto	11 41	11 42
Powell's	12 05	12 05 A M
Newnan	12 20	12 21
Puckett's	12 36	12 41
Grantville	12 56	12 57
Hogansville	1 17	1 18
Whitfield's	1 44	1 44
LaGrange	2 04	2 05
Long Cane	2 21	2 31
West Point	2 56	

Passenger Train—North.

West Point	.....	12 15 P M
Long Cane	12 21	12 31
LaGrange	12 37	12 58
Whitfield	1 16	1 16
Hogansville	1 36	1 37
Grantville	1 52	1 53
Puckett's	2 08	2 08
Newnan	2 24	2 25
Powell's	2 40	2 40
Palmetto	3 01	3 02
Fairburn	3 17	3 18
Red Oak	3 33	3 37
East Point	3 52	3 52
Atlanta	4 10	

L. P. GRANT,
Superintendent.

THE SOUTHWEST."

(Established 1870.)

A Representative Paper of the West and South.

Largest circulation of any paper in the Great Southwest. Only $2 per Year. Send 10 cents for specimen copies, giving name of paper in which you read this advertisement. Address Z. T. HEDGES, Pub. "The Southwest," North Springfield, or Springfield, Mass

ESTABLISHED 1867.



ALABAMA

STATE

JOURNAL

CAMPAIGN EDITION FOR 1876.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

The country is entering upon one of the most momentous presidential battles since 1860. During the contest the people of Alabama will desire to keep themselves posted on the progress of the political campaign, and the JOURNAL will, as in the past, furnish the news at a rate unequaled by any paper in the State. The publication of the Campaign edition of the JOURNAL will commence on the 1st of June, and will be issued daily, tri-weekly and weekly. The publication of the Campaign edition will cease on the 15th of November, after the result of the Presidential election is known. The Campaign edition will contain all the news of the day, and will be a complete record of the political events of the year. It will contain the platforms of the Republican and Democratic parties, and the speeches of the candidates. It will be the cheapest publication issued in the South, and should be in the hands of every man who desires to keep posted on the political issues of the day.

Daily Edition.

1 Copy 5 Months	$ 2 50
2 " 5 "	4 50
5 " 5 "	10 00
10 " 5 "	20 00

Weekly Edition.

1 Copy 5 Months	$ 1 25
5 " 5 "	5 00
6 " 5 "	6 00
12 " 5 "	12 00

Payment of papers to be sent to these rates. Send money by express or draft on New York. Postage stamps received at par. Address

T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,
Proprietors JOURNAL Office, Montgomery, Ala.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED



"Only Good SAUCE," And applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

LEA & PERRINS'

SIGNATURE is on EVERY BOTTLE.

Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,

NEW YORK.

BEATTY PIANO.

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

This instrument is the most handsome and best piano ever before manufactured in this country or Europe. Its tone is unsurpassed in depth, richness and volume of tone, combined with a rare brilliancy, clearness and perfect evenness throughout the entire scale, and above all a surprising delicacy of touch, and singing and sympathetic quality of which never changes under the most delicate or powerful touch. Space forbids a full description of this magnificent instrument. Agents of equal given where I have no agents. Remember you take no risk in purchasing one of these CELEBRATED INSTRUMENTS. Read what they say. Piano is pronounced satisfactory the money you have paid will be returned upon return of the piano, and freight charges paid by me both ways. Pianos of various styles on hand. Address

DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington N. J.

DUST AND FOAM!

Or Journeyings Toward the Setting Sun. A most fascinating record of Sight-Seeing, Fun, and Adventure on Four Continents and Many Seas. Invaluable to those of Ordinary, 320 ENGRAVINGS. Bright, witty, entertaining—the most attractive book out. In every respect handsomely printed and rapidly pays splendidly. AGENTS WANTED. Write home for illustrated circulars and extra terms, to ANCHOR PUBLISHING CO., 723 Pine street, St. Louis, Mo. 2-19dlm

PRICES REDUCED. THE ONLY OFFICIAL PORTABLE CHAIR ON THE GROUNDS. CHAIR OF THE CENTENNIAL YEAR. CHAIR OF COMFORT. CHAIR OF ECONOMY. Call at 129 West Fourth street, Cincinnati, O., Fourth and Market Sts., Louisville, Ky.

GAUGING.

Notice to Wholesale Liquor Merchants.

UNITED STATES GAUGER'S OFFICE,
Montgomery, October 16, 1875.

The wholesale Liquor dealers of Montgomery are hereby notified that the undersigned can be found at all times, at his office in the JOURNAL building, on Perry street. All orders left at this office will be promptly attended to.

J. M. LEVEY,
U. S. Gauger, Second District of Alabama.
10-17 tf

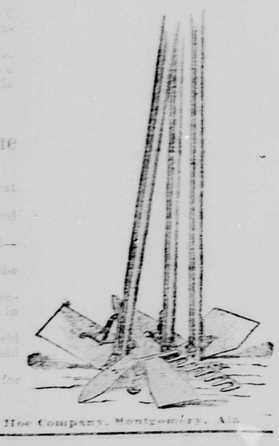
COMBINATION HOE.

First Premium Awarded at the Granger' State Fair

of Alabama, Oct. 1875, for the best Hoe ever exhibited.

Manufactured by the Granger Hoe Company.

WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT



Two Hoes for the Price of One

It can be taken from the handle without trouble for the purpose of grinding.

The fixtures are made of malleable iron and cannot be broken.

The handles are made of wood all wood—the best material known for the purpose.

Has a hundred points for use, as shown in the best hoe blade in use.

Has a hundred points for use, as shown in the best hoe blade in use.

Has a hundred points for use, as shown in the best hoe blade in use

DAILY STATE JOURNAL

FRIDAY, JULY 28, 1876

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MONTGOMERY, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T.C. Bingham will be paid by us. T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,

dtf. Proprietors.

Coolish.

RENTS are coming down.

PUMP doctors are wanted now.

NICE nights for sleeping under blankets.

WARM clothing was comfortable last night.

MAJ. WALKER, of the Southern Coast Line route, is in the city.

MOTTO of the Street Commissioner—Let no dirty thoroughfare be scraped.

Dog days begin today. Look out for worthless and surplus canines with green eyes.

SOME of our people have just learned of the closing of the S. & A. Telegraph office.

COL. ROBERT MEEK, one of the cleverest and best railroad men in the South is in the city.

AINT you glad that the weather is cooler? No more prickly-heat, hives or nettlerash now.

THE postage on books under the new law is one cent for every two ounces or fractional part thereof.

MR. FLINT, late manager of the Southern and Atlantic telegraph company, has gone to New Orleans.

EXISTENCE must be an ecstacy on the Wabash. They have the flea, the fly, the ant, the mosquito, the chigre, the chills and the cholera-morbus.

THERE are not as many dime novels written this season as usual. The authors find a better market for their triumphs of imaginations on Bourbon newspapers.

IF St. Patrick should happen to be disengaged, he may hear of something to his advantage by applying to Uncle Sam's folks. The snake crop is reported as astonishingly large this season.

THE JOURNAL will commence the publication of an evening edition, Monday next, in addition to our regular morning edition, when the dispatches of the associated press will be again published by us.

SALE OF CIGARS.—Deputy Collector Strobach will sell 2,000 cigars to-day, in accordance with the notice heretofore given. Those who are in search of bargains in this line, should not fail to attend the sale.

AN aged lady, Mrs. Thompson, who was supposed to have resided in this city once, was run over and killed by a train of cars, near Biloxi, Miss., Wednesday night. We have not been able to find any one who knew the unfortunate lady, in this city.

THE travel from the South to the Centennial must be increasing, as the agents of the great Central Pennsylvania railroad and the Baltimore and Ohio railroad have been in the city soliciting business for their respective routes. There will be quite a large travel in a few weeks.

ON Monday the proprietors of the JOURNAL will begin the issuance of an evening edition of this paper, containing all the telegraphic news, etc., up to the hour of going to press—which will be between 3 and 4 o'clock. All those who wish a good evening paper containing the latest and freshest news, market reports, local intelligence, etc., should subscribe for the JOURNAL. Our morning edition will be the finest newspaper in Alabama.

THE Montgomery Shooting Club had a very pleasant contest at the new fair grounds, yesterday evening. There were fifteen entries for seven single birds, rise of thirty yards, with an eighty yard boundary, from five traps. Two barrels were allowed. The successful member was Mr. Lyman Wells, of the M. and E. railroad. The occasion was an interesting one, and all who were present enjoyed it. The judges were Messrs. Belser Wyman and S. Kirtland.

COL. J. W. SLOSS, the efficient President of the South and North Alabama railroad, has been presented with an elegant cane by the Alabama Press Association for courtesies extended the Association during their last meeting in this city. Col. Sloss is a clever gentleman and we do not know a more courteous or obliging railroad official in the State. The Association showed a just appreciation of the fitness of things in making the present.

THE Augusta Constitutionalist, of the 27th inst., says: "The remains of Mr. L. J. Moses, formerly of Charleston, died in Montgomery, Ala., last Saturday, passed through the city yesterday for Charleston, where they will be interred. The deceased was well known in Columbia and the latter city, and his age was 67 years. He was the father of the present Mayor of Montgomery, as also of J. Winn Moses, a gentleman of whose literary attainments we have heretofore had occasion to speak. The corpse was accompanied by three sons and others of the family.

THE dog in the manger that would neither eat the hay himself nor let the ox eat it, has been denounced for ages as the worst example of selfishness that ever came to light in the history of the world. The wisest men have given the subject much thought, and have all arrived at the same point of conclusion—that the dog had no reason under the sun for such conduct, only pure, downright meanness. It never occurred to them that, as a good bed is next to a good meal, the poor dog wanted that little bunch of hay for a bed, and had as good a right to it as the ox; hence the ox was the meanest of the two in seeking to rob the dog of his bed. So Æsop had better pull down his vest, while we tally one for the dog.

SOMEBODY who has had hot weather experience makes the following suggestions: He recommends the pith hat occasionally seen in our streets, which has a ring inside to fit the head, leaving an open space for ventilation. He also says: If people were to shut up and darken their houses in the coolest hours of the morning, leaving only apertures, apply, as folks in India do, loosely-woven mats of fragrant grass, and keep them wet, every breath of air coming into the house would take up the moisture, and the temperature within would be reduced many degrees.

BONDS.—We hear it whispered about the streets, in a boasting manner, that the bond of County Treasurer Wolffe was assailed by the late grand jury because he is a Jew. We hope this is not true. It would be a disgrace and shame to our city, to our age, to our country. Mr. Wolffe is a good officer, and has discharged his duties faithfully and with clean hands. No former county treasurer has been more mindful of the public interest than Mr. Wolffe. He has never used the public money in his own private interests, and is ready at any time to make a showing to the people. His bond, in our judgment, is as good and safe as that of any officer in Alabama. Such a man as Fred Wolffe would not tender an unsound bond. He would not act as county Treasurer without a strong and secure bond. If his bond is not sound, then there is not a sound bond in Alabama. He can make a new bond without any trouble, and the best men in this city will gladly go on it.

WE hear of a gentleman who is somewhat puzzled by the connections formed by the nuptial tie. He thus endeavors to explain them:

I married a widow who had a grown up daughter.

My father visited our home very often and fell in love with my step daughter, and married her. So my father became my son in-law, and my step-daughter my mother because she was my father's wife. Sometime afterward my wife had a son—he was my father's brother in-law and my uncle, for he was the brother of my step-daughter.

My father's wife, *i. e.* my step daughter, had also a son; he was, of course, my brother, and, in the meantime; my grand child, for he was the son of my daughter.

My wife was my grandmother because she was my mother's mother.

I was my wife's husband and grand child at the same time. And as the husband of a person's grandmother is his grandfather, I was my own grandfather.

The great sale of blankets, flannels and other woollen goods by auction in New York, deserves notice for having unloaded the mills and their agents of stock, and converted this into cash, by which debts can be paid and material bought at lower prices for future manipulation. The prices show a decline. Something of this decline is due to this season of the year at which the sale was made, something to the great amount and absolute condition of the sale, and something to the unquestionable decline in prices. The flannels show a decline from twelve to fifteen per cent. from previous market prices; the blankets twenty per cent; fancy tickings fifty per cent., and other goods in proportion, though as a whole, the flannel range was from ten to thirty per cent. decline. It is perhaps to be regretted that there have been such losses, but as they were unavoidable and have been expected, there is pleasure in knowing that the evil is past and that now fabrication can commence on a sound and remunerative basis.

GOOD ADVICE.—Eschew ice-water. Use it, if at all, sparingly and with caution. But you may drink spring or well water *ad libitum*, provided you do not drink when you are exhausted and overheated by special exertion—water is the most dangerous of beverages—and provided you drink little at a time; two or three swallows. If the mouth is dry and parched and cottony, rinse it out. A little ice eaten is better than much ice-water drunk—safer and more satisfying. Acids are generally both palatable and healthful—lemonade with little or no sugar, lime-juice and water, raspberry shrub.

Let your dress be cool. For that reason home or a quiet boarding-house is better than a hotel, where fashion dictates and comfort is enslaved. A light flannel next the skin is a protector against heat. Some of our readers will exclaim; others will smile incredulously. We speak from experience. The physicians bear out the declaration.

The country is better than the city, especially for children. In vain do the metropolitans protest. By day the thermometer shows small difference, or none at all. But at nigthfall, every tree and shrub, and blade of grass becomes a refrigerator.

They cast off their superfluous moisture. The air is laden with it. The dry furnace-like heat of the day is relieved. There is a freshness; breathing ceases to be a burden and becomes a delight.

Sleep. Retire early. Exercise common sense—if you have it. If not, get some one else to exercise it for you. In general, avoid sleeping in a draft. But a draft is better than the insufferable atmosphere of a close room. Fresh air and plenty of it is indispensable to health. Bathe often. The skin needs it. It is all the day throwing off perspiration and filling up the pores. Open them with cold water, and keep them open. The best bath is in the river or in the surf; next is the plunge bath at home; next the sponge bath. The mere air bath, with vigorous friction with the hand or the towel, is better than none. It requires a vigorous constitution to bear the shower-bath.

Finally, avoid mental excitements, hasty and hot words, heart burnings, evening parties, late suppers. Whatever happens, keep cool in mind; it will help you to keep cool in body.

A negro woman living on Mr. Robert Ware Jr's. plantation in Elmore county gave birth on the 17th inst. to a child which seemed mature, but ill-formed. The knee-caps were on the back of the legs, the feet turned backward, it had only one breast, scarcely any back of the head developed, frontal portion bearing much the appearance of a monkey's face. It had a tail six or eight inches long. It did not live. We presume it might be styled a non-descript or a "what is it?"

State News.

[By Yesterday's Mail to the Journal.]

The Tuskegee News says: The steady rain which fell nearly all day last Tuesday was a blessing to the county, and was worth thousands of dollars towards making the crops.

The recent rains have been general, and the crops are now in excellent condition

Cotton worms have appeared in force in Macon county. The crops about Chehaw are said to be full of them.

Died, of inflamation of the bowels, July 12, 1876, at his step-father's residence, in Colbert county, Alabama, Wm. F. Grissom, Jr., born June 25th, 1859.

MARRIED.—In Tuscumbia last Thursday evening, at 3 o'clock, Mr. John E. Young, of Corinth, Miss., and Miss Sue Patterson of that city.

We are pained to announce the death, of typhoid fever, at the residence of his grandmother, Mrs. Wm. Foster, last Saturday morning, July 23d, Mr. William F. Foster, son of our former fellow citizen, the late Charles F Lewis, Esq. He was a young man just entering the prime of manhood, was raised in Tuskegee, and known throughout the county, and the sad intelligence of his death will be received with sorrow. He was a classmate of the writer of this, and we can testify to his many noble traits of character. One by one they are stricken down, and who knows at what moment the summons may come for us. Peace to his ashes.—Tuskegee News.

Just as we go to press we are shown by Mr. McWilliams, of our city, a cotton caterpillar. They are here, and if the present cloudy weather continues may be expected to increase rapidly.—Wetumpka NuJoax.

The NuJoax says: Our townsman Dr. M. G. Moore has among his relics of the past, the calumet or Peace Pipe, which Captain Merriwether Lewis took with him on his celebrated exploring expedition across the Rocky Mountains, during the second administration of President Jefferson. Capt. Lewis was a captain of engineers in the regular army, and was private secretary to President Jefferson.

Capt. Richard Allison left Wetumpka on Saturday afternoon last for home in his buggy. Having gone a short distance out, his horse fell and died.

MR. A. G. Due lost one of his fine dray-horses on Friday last. The horse had been kept up for some days, and was put on the road to Elmore Station, and died on his return with a loaded dray—Sunstroke.—[NuJoax.

THE Charleston News and Courier, a democratic journal, which has spoken out boldly in denunciation of the Hamburg massacre, prints the letter of Col. T. W. Higginson, and says that "it will not do for the people of South Carolina merely to shrug their shoulders about it, and dismiss it as an unpleasant subject about which they would prefer to say as little as possible. The country expects from this people positive and unmistakable expression of the public abhorrence of the deed. Unless it is forthcoming, good-bye to the chances of the St. Louis ticket. It is for South Carolina to say whether Tilden and Hendricks shall be slaughtered by the same bullets by which the black prisoners at Hamburg were slain."

QUOTH Sammy Tilden as he enters the Reform Council-room:

"Arranged that $100,000 bet, Johnny, ah?"

"Yes, sir."

"Set up that lottery, Fernando?"

"Yes, sir."

Squelched those Hamburg niggers, General Butler?"

"Yes, sir."

"Started those ballot-boxes, Hoffman?"

"Yes, sir."

"Sent out all our Tammany repeaters, 'Boss?'"

"Yes, sir."

"Watered the railroad stock?"

"Yes, sir."

That's right, boys. Now come into prayers."

New Advertisements.

SALE OF TWO THOUSAND CIGARS.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,
DEP'Y COLLECTOR'S OFFICE 2d DIST. OF ALA.,
Montgomery, July 17, 1876.

Having published a notice on the 8th of May, concerning the seizure of two thousand cigars, inviting all persons to the their claims, if there were any, and no one having been filed in the time prescribed by law, I herewith notify the public that the two thousand cigars bearing the brand "La Espanola, de Juan B. Remero, Habana," seized by me at the store of one Howard Gardiner, on Commerce street, in this city, will be sold at public auction on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH OF JULY, 1876,

at 10 o'clock a. m., at my office, Commerce street over Strassburger's Wine-house.

PAUL STROBACH,
7-17-13d Deputy Collector.

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SOUTH!

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4-6tf State Journal Job Office, Montgomery, Ala.

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Local and Business Notices.

Advances on State Certificates.

We are prepared to make liberal advances on State Certificates.

WOLFFE, HERTZ & CO.
7-26 tfw

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is very strongly recommended by the Medical Faculty and is largely prescribed among their Female Patients. It is worthy of all confidence, as may be seen from the following testimonials:

DR. G. B. CHAPMAN, Plattsmouth, Neb., writes: I have under treatment a lady, who, for the past seven years has been afflicted, and after trying several physicians with out receiving benefit, *is gaining rapidly on your Favorite Prescription.*

ATLANTA, Ill.

DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.: *Dear Sir*—I have not words to express my gratitude to you for your advice and assistance in my case. There is not one who has used your medicines since they have been brought here, but that can say with me they have been greatly benefitted. Since I have been so helped by its use, six or seven around me left off all doctors and other medicines, and now use it in their families, after being cured of the same disease as mine. You do not know what a wonder it created in our city, by its restoring my sister I wrote you about, for she had been under the care of three of our best doctors, but could not sit up but for a few minutes at one time. I begged of her to try your medicines, and before she had used half the bottles she could go all around the yard, and has now just come home from a visit five miles away.

MRS. THOS. MCFARLAND.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is sold by dealers in medicines generally.

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.*
3-14 d&wem

Nervous Debility.

Vital weakness or depression: A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental overwork, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphrey's Homeopathic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per package of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Homeopathic Medicine Company, 662 Broadway, New York.
1-1d&w 1y

THE Star Parlor Organs are celebrated for their purity of tone, elegant design and thorough construction. Send for catalogue. Address,

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & CO,
6-30d&wom Washington, N. J.

THE highest musical authorities, as well as all who have purchased the Beatty Piano, are equally charmed with its beauty and purity of tone. The manufacturer has succeeded in imparting to it a roundness, fullness and richness of tone, perfectly astonishing. None should be without one. See his advertisement. Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

New Advertisements.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$777 A WEEK guaranteed to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and Outfit FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc. 1,000,000 sold. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pub's, Philadelphia

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

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ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing over 2,000 copies each issue. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Fashion, and other special class journals; very complete list. Together with complete lists of over 300 German papers printed in the United States. Also, an essay upon advertising; many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers, and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know. Address, GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

NEWSPAPERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

A complete list, numbering 8,129, with a Gazetteer correct to date, of all towns and cities in which newspapers are published; historical and statistical sketches of the Great Newspaper Establishments; illustrated with numerous engravings of the principal newspaper buildings. Book of 300 PAGES, just issued. Mailed, post paid, to any address for 50c. Apply (inclosing price) to SUPERINTENDENT OF THE NEWSPAPER PAVILION, Centennial Grounds, Philadelphia, or American News Company, N. Y. Every advertiser needs it.

ATLANTA & WEST POINT R. R

To take Effect Monday, Oct. 4, 1875

AT 8.55 A. M.

Passenger Train—South.

STATIONS.	ARRIVE.	LEAVE.
Atlanta	.....	10 25 P M
East Point	10 45	10 45
Red Oak	11 01	11 06
Fairburn	11 24	11 25
Palmetto	11 41	11 42
Powell's	12 05	12 05 A M
Newman	12 20	12 21
Puckett's	12 36	12 41
Grantville	12 56	12 57
Hogansville	1 17	1 18
Whitfield's	1 44	1 44
LaGrange	2 04	2 05
Long Cane	2 31	2 31
West Point	2 50	.....

Passenger Train—North.

West Point	.....	12 15 P M
Long Cane	12 31	12 31
LaGrange	12 57	12 58
Whitfield	1 16	1 16
Hogansville	1 36	1 37
Grantville	1 52	1 53
Puckett's	2 08	2 08
Newman	2 24	2 25
Powell's	2 40	2 40
Palmetto	3 01	3 02
Fairburn	3 17	3 18
Red Oak	3 33	3 37
East Point	3 52	3 52
Atlanta	4 10	.....

L. P. GRANT,
Superintendent.

THE SOUTHWEST."

(Established 1870.)

A Representative Paper of the West and South.

Largest circulation of any paper in the Great Southwest. Only $2 per Year. Send 10 cents for specimen copies, giving name of paper in which you read this advertisement. Address Z. T. BEDGES, Pub. "The Southwest," North Springfield, or Springfield, Mass

ESTABLISHED 1867.



ALABAMA

STATE

JOURNAL

CAMPAIGN EDITION FOR 1876.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

The country is entering upon one of the most stubbornly contested Presidential battles since 1860. During this contest the people of Alabama will desire to keep themselves posted on its progress; they will desire to read all sides and form their own conclusions as to their duty at the polls. During this great canvass we shall publish a Campaign edition of the "State Journal" at a rate so low as to encourage its widest distribution throughout the State. The publication of this special campaign edition has already commenced, and will continue regularly in both daily and weekly issues, until after the Presidential Election. The Journal is the one first advocate of true Republicanism.

It believes the success of the Republican party vital to the welfare of the country. It holds further, that intelligent and honest Republican sentiment, working through Republican agencies, is the surest guarantee of liberty and cherishing the convictions it will labor with its utmost energy for the triumph of

Hayes & Wheeler.

The JOURNAL has always been recognized as an effective and popular campaign paper. During the last campaign it was circulated more widely than ever before, and contributed a vast fund of information among the people.

We shall be glad to receive orders at once from the friends who believe that the circulation of the campaign issues as well as news and views. Orders can be sent in at the following rates:

Daily Edition.

1	Copy 3 Months	$ 3 50
3	" 3 "	10 00
6	" 3 "	19 00
12	" 3 "	36 00

Weekly Edition.

1	Copy 3 Months	$ 75
3	" 3 "	2 00
6	" 3 "	3 00
12	" 3 "	5 00

Payment of postage is included in these rates. Send money by express or post-office order, or registered letter only.

Address, T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,
Proprietors, Lock Box 907, Montgomery, Ala.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE

"Only Good SAUCE,"

And applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.



EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

LEA & PERRINS'

SIGNATURE is on EVERY BOTTLE.

Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,

NEW YORK.

BEATTY PIANO.

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

This instrument is the most handsome and best piano ever before manufactured in this country or Europe, having the greatest possible depth, richness and volume of tone combined with a rare brilliancy, clearness and perfect evenness throughout the entire scale, and above all a surprising duration of sound, the power and sympathetic quality of which never change under the most delicate or powerful touch. Space forbids a full description of this magnificent instrument. Agents discount given who sell here no agents. Remember you take no risk in purchasing one of these CELEBRATED INSTRUMENTS. If after (3) three days test trial it proves unsatisfactory the money you have paid will be returned upon return of the instrument, free of expense to purchaser, both ways. Pianos Warranted for 6 years. Address,

DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington N. J.

DUST AND FOAM!

Or Journeyings Toward the Setting Sun. A new fascinating book of Sight-Seeing, Fun and Adventure on Foot, Sight-Seeing, Fun and Adventure on Foot, Steamboat, Railroad and Stage, in the STATES AND MANY SEAS. Mysteries of the Orient. 220 ENGRAVINGS. Bright, witty, entertaining—the most attractive book out. Its every way—no book pays, it sells rapidly, pays splendidly! AGENTS WANTED. Write at once for illustrated circulars and extra terms, to ANCHOR PUBLISHING CO., 729 Pine street, St. Louis Mo. 2-16dbm

PRICES REDUCED. The Quality of the Celebrated Improved Planing Machine CENTENNIAL YEAR, unchanged. CHAS. M. EVANS, Manufr., 102 West Fourth street, Cincinnati, O. Fourth and Market Sts., Louisville, Ky.

GAUGING.

Notice to Wholesale Liquor Merchants.

UNITED STATES GAUGER'S OFFICE,
Montgomery, October 16, 1875.

The wholesale Liquor dealers of Montgomery are hereby notified that the undersigned can be found at all times, at his office in the JOURNAL building, on Perry street. All orders left at this office will be promptly attended to.

J. M. LEVEY,
U. S. Gauger, Second District of Alabama.
10-17 tf

COMBINATION HOE.

First Premium Awarded at the Grangers' State Fair

Of Alabama, October, 1875, the first place where the Hoe was exhibited.

Manufactured by the Granger Hoe Company.

WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT

Requires no wedging. Can be adjusted for any work, or to suit the height of workman in fifteen seconds.

The Blade of the Field Hoe is made entirely of cast steel, square in shape, and when one edge becomes dull or worn out, the blade may be reversed, thus making

Two Hoes for the Price of One

It can be taken from the handle without trouble for the purpose of grinding.

The fixtures are made of malleable iron and cannot be broken.

The handles are made of sound ash wood—the best material known for handles.

Hoes handled ready for use, as cheap as the best hoe blade manufactured.

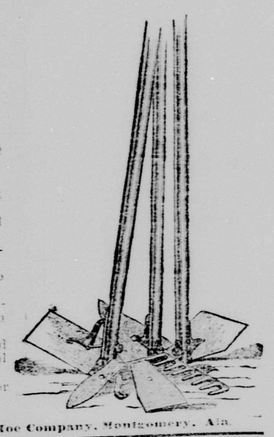
Saves time and money in the item of handles—no wedges to shrink up and pull out in dry weather.

No. 2, "Boys' Hoe" medium size, for field or garden work. Adjustable same as field hoe

An entire set of splendid garden tools for the price of one implement.

For further information, address,

W. H. NOBLE, Secretary Granger Hoe Company, Montgomery, Ala.



1776 Centennial. 1876

SPRING AND SUMMER

SEASON.

GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,

—AT—

5 COURT SQUARE

HAVE NOW ON HAND THE COMPLETEST LINES OF

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS

TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

New Dress Goods, Real Iron Frame Grenadines,
Novelties in Matamora Suitings, Exquisite Knickerbockers,
Stylish Damasse Suitings, and everything that is new in Dress Goods.
Fresh White Goods, Rich Fancy Goods, Elegant Ecru Ties

Novel Ecru Ruffling, Handsome Parasols,
Complete Stock of Beachings, Large Selection
In Hosiery, Best 10-4 Sheetings, Genuine Irish Linens, Good
Table Damasks, Latest in Lace Curtains, full selections in White Piques.

Guaranteed Kid Gloves, Perfect fitting Corsets,
Excelsior Trimmings. Full selections in Cassimers,
Tweeds, Linens, Cottonades, Etc., for Men and Boys' wear.

WE OFFER THE BEST ASSORTMENTS IN

Ladies', Children and Misses' Philadelphia Hand-Made Shoes.

In fact everything desirable in a First-class Dry Goods House will be found at our Store, all offering at the very

Lowest Prices.

TO THE MERCHANTS:

We are displaying the largest stock of Goods ever received by our firm, and we guarantee bottom prices. Call early and look at our stock.

GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,
5 Court Square, Montgomery, Ala.

NEW DOLLAR STORE.

1776 CENTENNIAL 1876

Centennial Dry Goods.
Centennial Hats.
Centennial Boots.
Centennial Shoes.
Centennial Clothing.
Centennial Hosiery,
Centennial Parasols.

In fact a general assortment of CENTENNIAL goods, suitable for the CENTENNIAL Spring and Summer, recently purchased at the very lowest cash prices. Give me a call and be satisfied. If you don't see what you want ask for it.

S. A. MEERTIEF, New Dollar Store.

A. MOOG & CO.

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND DEALERS IN

WINES AND LIQUORS

Agents for Cincinnati Lager Beer

No. 85 Commerce Street

MONTGOMERY ALABAMA.

Have resumed business and are prepared with full stock of and ample facilities to supply all their customers with anything they may want. They have a choice selection of GROCERIES which they are prepared to sell at the very lowest rates. They ask a continuance of the patronage heretofore Attended to them. 2-24tf

PRESCRIPTION FREE.

FOR the speedy cure of Seminal Weakness, Loss of Manhood, and all disorders brought on by indiscretions or excess. A valuable book for those ages 14 to 45 years. Address DAVIDSON & CO., Box 296, New York. 2-24tf

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To agents and others, male and female, a $30 secret, and beautifully illustrated 100-page Novelty Catalogue. H. P. YOUNG & CO., 29 Broadway, New York. 8-20w12m

RICE, JONES & WILEY,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

No. 16 Perry St.,

MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

MERCHANTS,

MERCHANTS, MERCHANTS

We are now prepared to furnish

Blank Note Books.

Either with or without exemption waived, printed and bound in the latest and most improved style.

Every Merchant Ought to Have One.

Price 50 cents. By mail, prepaid, 60 cents. Each Book contains fifty handsomely printed promissory notes, with stubs, etc. Hundreds of them sold annually. Send your orders to

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Book and Job Printers,
Journal Building, 92 and 94 Perry St.,
4-8tf Montgomery, Ala.

CHARLES PELHAM,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

FOUR AND ONE-HALF ST., WASHINGTON, D. C.

Prompt attention given all business requiring professional services at the National Capital
aug24tf

ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL.

BY T. C. BINGHAM & CO. "The Union of Our Forefathers------Peace and Prosperity to All Men!" Terms---$8 Per Annum.

VOLUME VIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 29, 1876 NUMBER 268

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET:



For President of the United States,

Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio.

For Vice-President,

Wm. A. Wheeler, of New York.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:

L. C COULSON, of Jackson,
CHAS. E. MAYER, of Mobile.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

FIRST DISTRICT—Lou H Mayer of Mobile.
SECOND DISTRICT—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.
THIRD DISTRICT—P G Clarke of Barbour.
FOURTH DISTRICT — J T Rapier of Lowndes.
FIFTH DISTRICT—S S Booth of Autauga.
SIXTH DISTRICT—A B Hays, of Winston.
SEVENTH DISTRICT—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.
EIGHTH DISTRICT—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

INDEPENDENT TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
NOAHIAH WOODRUFF of Dallas.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
AMOS MOODY of Franklin.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
H J. LIVINGSTON of Autauga.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
E. H. GRANDIN, of Mobile.

FOR AUDITOR,
LEWIS OWEN of Montgomery.

FOR TREASURER,
W. E. HARRIS of Russell.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN TICKET OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

CHARLES STEELE.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

T. C. BINGHAM, W. H. CRUSIUS,
J. K. GREENE, J. K. P. LUCAS.

THE Bald Eagle spread himself yesterday, and denounced Woodruff as a salary grabber.

FREE schools for free people. Let the poor men of Alabama remember that it was the Houston despotism which robbed their children of the only opportunity they had of educating themselves. Vote for the Independent candidates.

WOODRUFF is a business man and farmer. He is not a professional politician and a lawyer like Houston. Hence if Woodruff is elected he will not advise the Legislature to favor the professional classes while grinding down the merchants and the farmer.

DID not George S. Houston's congressional salary grab in 1856, lay the foundation for his present boasted wealth? We desire specific information on this point. Houston managed by some sort of hook or crook, to save his Washington possessions from confiscation during the war. Where did he get the means to buy so much valuable real estate at the National Capitol?

Two Commissioners, at a salary of $7,500 per annum, are now watching Houston's management of the public money. If Woodruff is elected, these elegant gentlemen of leisure will be given their papers of discharge. Woodruff and the Auditor and Treasurer will manage the people's money, and thus save the tax payers the seven thousand five hundred dollars, which can be given to the free school fund, which Houston has destroyed.

HOUSTON boasts that the revenue law is the work of a Democratic Legislature. No one denies it. This revenue law compels the merchant to pay a license tax, while it relieves the lawyer, the doctor and dentist. It compels our farmers to pay tribute which the professional gentlemen of the State are relieved of. No Republican Legislature would thus have oppressed the commercial and agricultural classes. Republicanism is equal and exact justice to all races, conditions and parties.

WE understand that there was a man by the name of Woodruff, who was arrested in Oxford, Ala., soon after the war, for stealing cotton.—We wonder if it was N. Woodruff, Radical nominee for Governor?—Shelby Sentinel.

We understand that there was a man by the name of Pitts who was publicly flogged, some years ago, by the citizens of Grove Hill, in Clarke county, for horse stealing. We wonder if it was John W. Pitts, the editor and proprietor of the Shelby Sentinel, published at Columbiana Ala?

THERE are hundreds of mechanics and poor laboring white men in Montgomery who know that they have had nothing to do to earn a support for their families since the Republicans went out of power. These poor men know that the Bourbon Democracy have driven down wages to so low a notch that even those who are at work can scarcely get enough for their labor to live decently. Are these men going to vote for Houston a second time? If they do, they will only add to their misfortunes. That is all.

PECK, Peters and Saffold, lately retired, had their several and respective merits. Peck had learning and judgment; Peters was at once prosaic and poetic; Saffold modest and conservative.

Thus saith the editor of the Opelika Observer. The three gentlemen named were the Republican Judges of the Supreme Court of Alabama from 1868 to 1874. They were the peers of any of their predecessors, and left to their successors a clear path to duty over a reconstructed State. Their opinions are pronounced, able, conclusive and exhaustive. The truth is mighty and must prevail.

"Jett" on the Stump.

The latest Democratic joke of the day is that an ignorant old man named Joe Jett gave Judge Rice a *drubbing* at Blount Springs, in a public discussion. Poor Judge Rice! The Selma Times the other day called him "imbecile," and we venture to say that if old Joe Jett, or "H," the correspondent of the Advertiser, (who so chucklingly and poetically with his scraps of doggerel gives an account of the *drubbing*) or the editor of the Times, should get into a legal difficulty, about the first lawyer they would think of employing to protect their rights would be this "imbecile" who was "drubbed" so badly at Blount Springs by old Joe Jett. If old Joe Jett has really performed this exploit, this much can be said of him; He has done more than any of his Democratic associates, or even the admiring "H," are supposed to be capable of doing. This fact alone, places Joe, by one leap, at the head of the Democratic party. The correspondent, "H," of the Advertiser favors the readers of that sheet with a sketch of old Joe's speech—and this, we are rather inclined to think, he was the better able to give, from having known something about it, before it was delivered. This whole proceeding was, to say the least of it, an uncourteous attempt to embarrass Judge Rice by personal allusions, and an unfair conspiracy to try to turn the laugh of the crowd against him. We suppose old Joe would have been applauded by "H" and the same crowd, if he had made a Democratic speech in reply to one of Daniel Webster's best Faneuil Hall speeches, and that "H" and the Advertiser would have both said old Joe had given him a good *drubbing*. It is a part and parcel of the Bourbon policy to throw obstacles in the way of fair discussion before the people. We are glad, however, to learn that Judge Rice seems to have so far recovered as to be able to fill subsequent appointments. From Democratic accounts he appears to have suffered another *drubbing* at Huntsville, from a Mr. Lowe. The Democrats ought to *trot* old Joe and Mr. Lowe around to help out Houston & Co. By all means they should put old Joe on the track. When we get Judge Rice at home, we must keep him out of the way of old Joe. By the way, a man and lion were traveling along and got into a dispute as to the comparative strength of men and lions. They came to a monument which represented a prostrate lion with a man's foot on his neck. "See there," says the man, "a proof of man's superior power." "Yes," said the lion, "a man made that monument; if it had been made by a lion the man would have been drawn prostrate in the lion's claws." Our readers can make the application.

If the Democratic committee bring this "Jett" down this way we will promise to see that Ann Pollard breaks a lance with him on the stump. Two "Jetts" will then come in contact, and—"when Greek meets Greek then comes the tug of war."

Houston's Financial Spies.

"He will not need the aid of two sort of Lieutenant Governors, called Commissioners, at $3,500.00 per annum."—Montgomery Bulletin.

Oh no; he would rather not have the Commissioners about. The presence of two honest men is sometimes very objectionable.—Shelby Sentinel.

Are these commissioners simply given places to watch Geo. S. Houston and prevent him from squandering the public money? The people have been told differently. The Bourbon leaders have attempted to make the taxpayers of the State believe that there was not financial ability enough in Houston's dynasty to deal with the public debt, and that these Commissioners were needed for that purpose. If it requires two Commissioners, at a salary of three thousand five hundred dollars each, to watch Houston for the purpose of preventing him from squandering the people's money, it would be considerably cheaper, to say the least, to elect Woodruff, and thus do away with the necessity of these Commissioners. In the event of Woodruff's election, the occupation of these expensive and elegant Commissioners would be like Othello's when Iago made him believe Desdemona was unfaithful—gone.

THE St. Louis, Terre Haute and Alton railroad company, several months ago, filed a bill in the Circuit Court of New York, against Samuel J. Tilden, whom they charge with having defrauded them of over one million dollars by his Credit Mobilier operations. Tilden asked time to reply. It was granted until the middle of June. He asked for an extension the second time until October. It was granted. Now comes a dispatch saying that Tilden has concluded to meet the charge on the first of August. Which translated into plain English means that Samuel J. Tilden has concluded that he will pay back the one million dollars which he stole, get the stockholders to hush up the matter by withdrawing the suit, and thus he will continue to stand out as the "Great Reformer." Never before in the history of this country has a Presidential candidate been charged in open court with swindling his neighbors or associates in business out of the huge sum of one million dollars, or any other sum.

ROBT. LINCOLN, of Illinois, son of the "Late Lamented" President Lincoln, declares, for Tilden, Hendricks and Reform.—Birmingham Independent.

Democratic papers in this section appear to take delight in giving publicity to the above falsehood. The statement has been denied by the Chicago, Tribune, at the instance of Col. Lincoln, but these Bourbon editors repeat it upon the principle that a lie well stuck to is as good as the truth. Or else, when they put it in motion they did so under the impression that it would travel the whole country before truth could overtake it.

Houston and the Catholics.

The Limestone News, whose editor was recently the Private Secretary of Gov. Houston, in a recent issue says:

Houston College is the name of a colored institution of learning, now being erected in Athens, "to protect them from the influences of Catholicism and Radicalism."

The Bourbon leaders in Alabama have attempted to play upon the minds of our Catholic fellow citizens by making them believe that because the Republican party is the staunch friend of free public schools, it is therefore the avowed enemy of Catholicism. We have exposed this shallow pretence heretofore. It would be an insult to our Catholic citizens to assert that because we favor free schools we are the enemy of Catholicism. Such an assumption would make the Catholic an opponent of education, while every well informed citizen knows that the Catholic church is one of the best friends of universal education.

The point in the above paragraph, however, is this: That Gov. Houston's own community has gone to the expense of erecting a college for colored children, *"to protect them from the influences of Catholicism."* When the Limestone News made this statement it knew that there was a class of people who would throw up their hats in great glee at the bare announcement that the institution antagonized Catholicism. This is the class Gov. Houston appeals to for his re-election. It is that class of Bourbon fanatics who would not hesitate to lynch a Catholic Priest, or tear down a Catholic church. So strong is their prejudice against our Catholic fellow citizens at Gov. Houston's home, that they have absolutely built a college for "free niggers" *"to protect them from the influences of Catholicism."* No one needs *protection* who is not in danger of being harmed. Does Gov. Houston therefore, assert that the *influences of Catholicism* upon the negroes are dangerous, and that these negroes are in the way of being harmed? No other reasonable conclusion can be reached upon reading the announcement of the Limestone News.

Houston Democracy is prejudice in its worst form. His election is the triumph of the Bourbon dynasty an exclusive caste which now dominates Alabama to its almost utter ruin and destruction. Let us have tolerance and liberty in the triumph of Woodruff and the Independent sentiment of the State.

Pope Walker on the Stump.

Pope Walker, the Ex-Confederate Secretary of War, and the gentleman who was going to plant the Confederate flag on the dome of the capitol at Washington, has recently made a political speech in Madison county. Along towards the close of Pope's grandiloquent address, and when referring to the Democratic prospects, he asserts:

If we fail, it will be the third time in succession, irresponsible power will be enthroned, as the one principle of administration, and licensed corruption, its twin brother, will receive homage in all the high places of the nation.

Viz: If a majority of the free people of these United States see proper to vote against the Democratic party, then they, the people, are a set of corrupt knaves, and Pope Walker, "big Injun," takes occasion now to tell them so. It would have been more appropriate in Pope Walker to have got down on his knees and begged those good citizens of Madison county to forgive him for dragging them into a disastrous civil war, in which they lost all their property and many of them, their fathers, brothers, sons and protectors.

Poor Rip Davis.

We are really mortified at the outrageous snubbing our old friend Rip Davis has received at the hands of the good people of Limestone. Rip was a candidate for Congress, and in the primary elections just held, his opponent, McClellan, comes out ahead by a considerable majority. We did not expect this, and (excuse our tears) we are not prepared to advise Rip as to his future course. If he desires to run as an Independent candidate, however, we shall not try to back and gag him. After abusing and denouncing the "Radicals" as Rip has done, and then to be defeated in his own county, on his own dung hill, as it were, it is too bad! Now he is all alone and forlorn—without an office and no prospect of a seat in Congress. Well, Rip, such is life. We stood by you to the end. If you wish to run as an Independent send us word by return mail, and we will stick to you as close a as sick kitten to a hot brick.

HOUSTON'S Bourbon despotism has destroyed the free school system of Alabama, thus robbing the poor man's children of their only opportunity of education. While they have done this for the poor man's children, they have bolstered up the colleges and universities so the rich man's children may be educated without any detriment. Will the poor men of Alabama whose children have been shut out of school, support this Houston dynasty for re-election? We do not believe it.

TILDEN has had it telegraphed to the country that he has concluded to answer the bill filed by the stockholders of the Terre Haute railroad, on the first of August, instead of the first of October. He is asked to disgorge one million dollars which he swindled those stockholders out of. He will do it. Tilden knows how to hush up that case. He has been in Tammany.

ELECT Woodruff Governor, and he will see to it that no laws are enacted which will array the poor against the rich. He will veto all bills which make a distinction between the rich and the poor. He will see that the laws are equal and that no man is oppressed by unjust taxation.

Good News From Fayette County.

In a letter to a contemporary from Fayette county, we find the following cheering information:

The caucus has just about "knocked the fat in the fire" in this county and Independents are quite thick, hopeful and saucy. Judge E. P. Jones, the old Democratic "war horse," was laid on the shelf by the caucus, and a raw recruit, Mr. Bankhead, nominated for State Senator, and the result is, that Mr. Kimbrough Brown is in the field as an Independent candidate for Senator from Fayette, Sanford, Marion and Franklin, with a reasonable prospect of being elected by the people in whose nostrils the caucus oligarchy does not smell very sweetly.

In Marion county, the caucus is "too poor for any one to do it reverence," and seven Democrats unselfish and patriotic, are out for the Legislature. The people have sense enough to select the right sort of a Representative, provided they are not gagged and muzzled by the caucus or convention ring which is now seeking to govern each county, and through the county caucus to govern the State.

The caucus has also "kicked up a shindy," in Fayette, and has so disgusted the people that they have arrayed themselves against it and will defeat the caucus nominee. Mr. Posey McConnell, an old member of the Legislature and a Democrat, "without spot or blemish," is running as an Independant Democrat, and is almost certain to be elected. It is a singular fact, that the most unflinching Democrats in the State—the men who gave success to the party in former days—are now Independent Democrats; while new comers, such as Screws, Hodgson, Bragg, and old Whigs like Watts, B.B. Lewis and D. C. Anderson, are upholding the arms of the caucus and waging war on lifelong Democrats. Judge E. P. Jones, of Fayette, is openly against the caucus, and his name is a tower of strength. "Things is working."

HARDFIST

THE Tuscumbia Times puts it thus: Houston and his Legislature decreased the interest to be paid on the public school fund to four per cent., while it left the interest on the University fund at eight per cent. The poor of the State are interested in the public school fund. They are not much interested in the University fund. Comment is unnecessary.

SOME of our Democratic fellow citizens have organized a Tilden and Hendricks club. This is very proper. Now, let them go to work to get rid of the Houston night mare that paralyzes the State.

New Advertisements.

ICE! ICE! ICE

Ice! Ice!

No Short Crop in Alabama.

The Montgomery Protective Ice Co.

Having bought the Stock and Fixtures of D. P. WEST, and contracted for all the Ice made by the

Montgomery Ice Manufacturing Co.

Are now prepared to supply the public at their old stand, MONROE ST., opposite the CITY HALL. J. A. DIAZ & CO., Agents.
4-14tf

GULF CITY HOTEL.

CORNER WATER & CONTI STREETS,

Mobile Ala.

GREAT REDUCTION OF RATES!

This HOTEL, with its beautifully furnished ROOMS and the best TABLE this fine market affords, is undoubtedly the

CHEAPEST HOTEL
—IN THE—
SOUTH!

ONLY $2.00 and $2.50 PER DAY.
W. C. MORROW, Jr.,
2-8tf Proprietor.

BLANK.

Blanks, Blanks, Blanks.

We are now prepared to furnish Tax Collectors and Tax Assessors with

Blank Lists of Property, Tax Deeds, and all Blanks used by County Officials at Chicago Prices.

T. C BINGHAM & CO.
State Journal Job Office,
4-23tf Montgomery, Ala.

WANTED—

—FROM—

TEN TO FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS

—OF—

Black Moss,

Delivered at our shops.

Highest market price paid.

AUGS. OHLANDER & SON.
Mattress Makers and Renovators,
49 Market St., Shops cor. South and McDonough.

BEATTY'S Parlor Organs
Established in 1856.

The best and most lasting parlor organ now in use. No other parlor organ has ever attained the same popularity.

It has been tested by thousands, many of them competent judges, and gives universal satisfaction to all.

The music is adapted to the human voice, ranging from the softest flute-like note to a volume of sound unsurpassed by any instrument.

This instrument has all the latest improvements, and every organ is fully warranted for six years. Beautiful oil polish, black walnut panelled cases, which will not CRACK or WARP, and forms, in addition to a splendid instrument of music, a beautiful piece of furniture.

This organ needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and is sold at extremely low figures for cash. Second-hand instruments taken in exchange.

Agents wanted, male or female, in ever county in the United States and Canada. A liberal discount made to teachers, ministers, churches, schools, lodges, etc., where we have no agents. Illustrated catalogue and price list free. I have no agents. Best offer ever given; now ready.

Address, DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.

BEATTY Piano!

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

Endorsed by the highest musical authorities throughout the world as THE BEST.

From D. S. Beline, Stockton, N. J., after receiving a $500 Beatty Piano, says:

"Not only myself and family, but every one who has seen it is satisfied in regard to its superior quality."

From B. H. Cormony, Esq., Chambersburg, Pa. "The Beatty Piano came to hand one week ago, in good order. It has thus far given entire satisfaction."

H. Hetzburger Tryone, Pa. says

"The piano came to hand in good order, and proves satisfactory, both in tone and finish."

Agents wanted, male or female. Send for catalogue. Address,

DANIEL F. BEATTY.
Washington N. J., U. S. A.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Expressly for the State Journal by the Western Union Telegraph Line.

WASHINGTON.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The Senate met at 11 a. m.

The Chair laid before the Senate communications from the Attorney General and Postmaster General, in answer to a resolution of that body in relation to the number of civil employes in their respective departments. Ordered printed.

Mr. Edmunds moved an order that the Senate, pursuant to rule 25 governing the trial, resume the consideration of the articles of impeachment at 12 o'clock on Monday next. So ordered.

Mr. Edmunds then moved that when the Senate adjourn to-day it be to meet on Monday, to-morrow being the day of the funeral of the late Senator Caperton. Agreed to.

Mr. Boutwell, from the Committee on Commerce, reported the House steamboat bill. Placed on the calendar.

On motion of Mr. Withers the House bill for the relief of P. H. Buckner, of Alexandria, Virginia, was taken up and passed.

Mr. Sargent, from Committee on Appropriations, reported the House bill to defray the expenses of joint committee on Chinese immigration. Passed.

Mr. Kernan, of New York, was appointed a member of the committee of conference on the Indian appropriation bill in place of Mr. Caperton, deceased.

Mr. Windom called up the bill to give the consent of the United States to the appropriation of certain proceeds arising from the sale of swamp and overflowed lands in Alabama, for the purpose of furnishing other and additional accommodations for the indigent, insane and idiotic persons resident in said State. Pending action on the bill the morning hour expired.

Mr. Logan, from Committee on Military affairs, reported a bill to restore the name of Edmund S. Meyer of the cavalry to the active list. Passed.

Mr. Frelinghuysen, from the committee of conference on the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill, reported that the conference had been unable to agree, and asked that the Senate adhere to its amendments and ask a further conference.

Mr. Hamlin alluded in strong terms to the persistence of House conferees in their refusal to make the necessary appropriations to carry on the consular and diplomatic service and their demand to change the existing laws so as to cripple the service.

The discussion was continued by Messrs. Edmunds, Saulsbuy, Howe, Bayard, Morton, White and others, after which the motion of Mr. Frelinghuysen was agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Sherman, the amendments of House to the bill providing for the completion of the Washington monument were concurred in.

The bill now goes to the President.

The river and harbor bill was taken up, the question being on the concurring in amendments made in committee of the whole, a separate vote having been demanded on each amendment, after several of them had been voted on and concurred in.

Mr. Christiancy moved to re-commit the bill.

Mr. Edmunds moved to amend, with instructions that the aggregate amount of the appropriations shall not exceed $5,000,000, which was agreed to and the bill re-committed.

Mr. Ingalls called up the bill to provide for the sale of the Osage Indians' lands in Kansas.

Mr. Logan moved to take up the House bounty bill.

Mr. Morton advocated the motion of Mr. Logan, as the bounty bill was of general as well as political interest, while the bill called by Mr. Ingalls was of local interest only.

The motion of Mr. Logan was lost and Mr. Ingall's motion prevailed.

A lengthy debate ensued, pending which Mr. Allison submitted the conference report on the West Point appropriation bill, which was concurred in, and the bill now goes to the President.

Mr. Logan gave notice of his intention to again move to take up the bounty bill.

Certain amendments were made to the Osage Indian bill, but without final action the Senate adjourned.

House.

Immediately after the reading of the journal, Mr. Harris, of Virginia, claimed the floor, and the House resumed the contested election case of Platt vs. Goode, of the second Virginia district.

Mr. Harris addressed the House in favor of the minority report, declaring the present incumbent entitled to retain the seat.

At the conclusion of Harris' remarks, the previous question was ordered, and Mr. Brown, of Kansas, proceeded to the debate.

Mr. Thompson, to whom Mr. Brown yielded the main part of his hour, next addressed the House in support of the majority report, giving the seat to Platt, the contestant.

A vote was then taken, and the substitute submitted by the majority, was agreed to. Yeas 105, nays 99.

The resolution as amended, was then adopted. Yeas 107, nays 95.

Mr. Abbott, who had been declared entitled to the seat for the fourth Massachusetts district in place of Mr. Frost, ousted, being present, was sworn in.

Mr. Debott, from the committee on civil service reform, to whom was referred certain charges, first published in the New York Sun, against W. J. Purman, a member of the House from Florida, to the effect that a statement was made by Dr. Pittkins that if he would contribute $300 to the campaign fund, he, Purman, would appoint Pittkins' son to a naval cadetship. Pittkins refused to pay till the appointment was made, and Purman required the money in advance. The money was paid and no appointment made. The evidence fails to establish the sale of any Federal office. The committee find that Purman did recommend several persons for appointment as timber agents, and that those agents never performed any service except to draw their pay; that in some cases Purman informed them before appointment, that this was the only service they would be required to perform. The evidence showed that some of them resided 150 miles from the reservation, and neither went upon them or knew their location. The report was ordered printed, and recommitted.

Mr. Bright, of Tennessee, made an effort to go into committee of the whole on the private calendar. This being objected to, the House decided to consider the report of the naval committee.

Mr. Lewis, of Alabama, proceeded to address the House upon the statement of facts as presented by the majority.

At the close of Mr. Lewis' remarks, which were mainly devoted to a review of the testimony, the House adjourned at 5 p. m.

The Washington monument bill as amended by the House was passed by the Senate this afternoon. As amended it leaves the Washington Monument Society in existence for the purpose of collecting subscriptions and appropriations of $200,000 to be paid in four annual installments.

The House to-day refused to take up the special order of the report of the committee on naval affairs, concerning Secretary Robeson, and proceeded after the reading of the journal with the Platt vs. Goode contested election case.

The arguments in the case of the charges against Judge Wylie preferred by Capt. A. Grant will be heard on Monday next, by the special committee having the investigation in charge.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 28.—A special from Northport, Rhode Island, says the yachts competing for the Bennett challenge cup, which left Sandy Hook yesterday evening, arrived at six o'clock this morning.

A special from Parkersburg, West Virginia, says the Republican State Convention yesterday adopted the majority and minority reports. The former arraigns the Democracy for its administration of State affairs, and censures the reception of Federal prisoners by the State penitentiary, and condemns the bringing of cheap and compulsory labor into competition with labor of the people of the State, and opposes the restoration of test oaths; endorses the Cincinnati platform, and pledges their support to Hayes and Wheeler. The minority report consisted of recommendation that the question of locating the State capital be submitted to a vote of the people of the State.

Gen. Nathan Goff, Jr., of Clarksburg, was nominated for Governor, Moses Frankenberger, for Treasurer, and John A. Hatchinson, of Wood county, for Attorney General.

A special from Washington says it is believed at army headquarters that the forces of Crook, Terry and Gibbs, are not over 80 miles apart, and can readily be brought within supporting distance. Crook feels that he is going to have hard fighting, but intends to make it decisive. It is said that there are at least 6,000 warriors in the field under Sitting Bull. It is feared the Sioux may have received accessions from Sioux in British possessions, which might swell the hostile force to 10,000. The Sioux, if driven to the wall by troops will go forth and take refuge in British possessions. Fears are entertained that Crook may be overmatched.

The morning papers deny that Vanderbilt's condition is serious, and say he is recovering strength slowly.

A Times' special from Chicago says advices from Crook's command, in camp at mouth of Tongue river, Wyoming, July 23d, state that his troops were awaiting Gen. Merrill's arrival before commencing active operations. Scouts from Terry's command, with dispatches to the 16th, state that all are well. It is expected that Terry, under instructions, has by this time reached the confluence of the Big Horn and Yellowstone rivers. Crook wants Terry to march toward his command halfway, as the Indians are in the mountains, and a battle must be fought there. The Snake allies say the Sioux are occupying the mountains, where Sibley's party struck them, and will compel the troops to fight them inch by inch. This will be deadly warfare. The Sioux know every foot of these ranges, of which the troops are decidedly ignorant, and can guard every pass and ambuscade soldiers at every step. With plenty of dried meat and an abundance of game they can make a prolonged resistance. Western officers say it would be wise to accept volunteers.

A special from Saratoga says Hendricks and Tilden will have a conference to day, when, it is believed, the tenor of their letters of acceptance will be decided upon, and the letters be ready by Sunday. Great pressure has been brought to bear upon Hendricks and it is believed that he will come out in favor of hard money.

A meeting of the alumni and undergraduates of Cornell University, was held here to-day for the purpose of considering the feasibility of sending a University four to compete in the Centennial regatta, about a month hence, and a resolution was unanimously adopted to send a committee to the Centennial and to leave the selection of the same to Ostrom.

A special dispatch from London says that silver bars are firm at 51¼ pence per ounce.

Hon. Geo. Wm. Curtis emphatically declares that he is not, and will not be, a candidate for the Gubernatorial nomination. He indicated that his preference is for Hon. Wm. M. Evarts as the Republican nominee.

J. L. Rattelin, the West Point sentry who shot the hack driver a few days ago, was brought here this morning and committed for examination by United States Commissioner Osborne.

Judge Benedict this morning sentenced John H. Lee, recently convicted of passing counterfeit money, to King county penitentiary for three years and six months. Charlotte Thompson, convicted of the same crime, was sentenced to the same penitentiary for two years.

ALBANY, July 28.—R. R. Dedrick & Co.'s hay press manufactory, was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss $50,000.

FRANCE.

PARIS, July 28.—The Journal Des Debats publishes a special dispatch from Semlin, dated yesterday, saying the general political position of Servia is growing more serious, and the partisans of Haraeorgeovitch become more threatening every day. Sixty thousand Chassepot rifles held by Germany have arrived in Servia, by the way of Roumania.

Prince Milan will return to Belgrade and endeavor to bring about the mediation of the powers between Servia and the Porte.

KANSAS.

TOPEKA, July 28.—The Independent reform State Convention met here yesterday, and adopted resolutions endorsing Peter Cooper for President, and the reformed Indianapolis platform. W. E. Hudson was nominated for Governor.

NOVA SCOTIA.

HALIFAX, July 28.—Dr. Thos. L. Connolly, Archbishop of Halifax, died last night at 12 o'clock, at his Arch Episcopal residence, in this city.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, July 28.—It is reported here, on reliable authority, that the Sultan, Murad Effendi, is dying and that Abdul Hamid, brother to the Sultan, has been appointed Provisional Regent.

Prince Milan, of Servia, is endeavoring to secure diplomatic mediation.

Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

JULY 28.—Our market to-day is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary	8⅞@8¾
Good Ordinary	9⅛@—
Strict Good Ordinary	10 @—
Low Middling	10⅝@—
Middling	11⅜@—

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.

Bacon—C R Sides		11½@	12¾
" Shoulders		10 @	10¾
Bulk—C R Sides		11½@	11¾
" Shoulders		9 @	9¾
Plain Sugar-cured Hams		@	—
Canvas'd "		15½@	16
Lard—Choice, in tierces		13 @	13½
" " " ½ bbls		14 @	14¼
" " " kegs		14½@	15
" " " buckets		3 15 @	3 25
Sugar—Snow White		12 @	—
" W. C		11½@	11¾
" Y. C		11½@	—
" Strictly Choice		10½@	—
" Prime		10½@	10¾
" Fair		10 @	10¼
Molasses—Choice		65 @	70
" Prime		50 @	55
" Fair		45 @	50
" Common		38 @	40
Coffee—Choice		23 @	—
" Prime		22 @	23½
" Fair		21 @	21½
" Common		20 @	20¼
Rice—Choice		8 @	8¼
" Prime		7 @	7¼
" Fair		6½@	7
Flour—Fancy		8 00 @	8 50
" Choice		7 50 @	7 75
" Family		6 25 @	7 00
" Superfine		5 00 @	5 50
" Common		4 75 @	5 00
Tobacco		42 @	1 00
Whisky—Rectified		1 00 @	1 35
" Better Grades		1 50 @	3 50
Wine—Port and Sherry		1 25 @	2 00
" Claret		2 50 @	6 00
Brandies		1 25 @	2 50
" French		6 00 @	10 00
" Peach and Apple		2 00 @	3 50
Gin		1 40 @	2 75
" in cases		6 00 @	7 00
Beer in bottles, per doz		1 65 @	1 75
" in kegs		3 50 @	—
Cigars, per thousand		18 00	@60 00
CASE GOODS—			
Oysters, 1 lb cans, per doz		90 @	1 00
" 2 " "		1 75 @	1 80
Fresh Peaches, 2 lb cans, per doz		2 00 @	2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case		4 00 @	4 25
" Cherries, " "		4 25 @	4 50
Sardines, ¼ b'xs		10 00 @	16 00
Condensed Milk		11 00 @	12 00
Yeast Powders, per doz		1 50 @	2 10
Pickles, gal's, " "		5 00 @	6 00
" ½ " " "		3 75 @	4 50
" ¼ " " "		2 50 @	3 00
" ⅛ " " "		1 50 @	2 00
Soda, in kegs, " lb		5½@	6
" " b'xs, " "		6½@	7¼
Potash, " " doz		5 50 @	6 50
Candles, full weight, per lb		16½@	17½
Soaps, " "		5 @	7½
Starch, " "		5½@	6¼
Salt, Liverpool, per sack		1 35 @	1 40
" Fine Liverpool		2 00 @	—
" Virginia, " "		2 10 @	2 25
Drop Shot		2 50 @	—
Buck Shot		2 75 @	—
Powder, " keg		5 75 @	6 25
Nails, standard rate, per keg		3 50 @	—
" mill—Macaulay, Lorillard's		80 @	—
" Miller's		75 @	—
" Gail & Ax		76 @	—
" Scotch, per gross		9 00 @	—
" Garratt's, per doz		4 75 @	—
Ink, per case		1 50 @	—
Mustard, per dozen		1 25 @	3 00
Ground Spices		1 00 @	1 25
" Pepper		1 00 @	1 25
" Ginger		1 00 @	1 25
" Allspice		1 00 @	1 25
" Cloves		1 00 @	1 25
" Cinnamon		1 00 @	—
Percussion Caps		65 @	85
" G. D. Caps		45 @	60
Toilet Soaps, box		1 75 @	2 25
Blueing, box		50 @	1 00
Smoking Tobacco		50 @	60
Tea		75 @	1 25
Wampoo Bitters		6 50 @	—
Diamond Gin		7 50 @	—
Plantation Bitters		8 10 @	—
Hostetter's Bitters		8 50 @	—
Rhine Wines		8 00 @	12 50
Wrapping Paper, Large		75 @	—
" D'f		65 @	—
" Medium		50 @	—
" Small		40 @	—
Nutmegs		1 50 @	—
Brooms		2 25 @	2 50

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, July 28.—Money closed at 1¼@2. Gold 111¾. Stocks firmer.

COTTON.

Spot cotton to-day closed easier: Middling Orleans 11½c; middling Alabama, 11 13-16c; middling upland, 11¾c; strict low middling upland, 11¾; low middling upland, 10½c; good ordinary upland, 9 15-16c; ordinary upland, 8 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed weak; sales 7,600 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 25-32@11 15-32
August	11 2-32@
September	11 7-16@11 15-32
October	11 9-32@
November	11 25-32@11 11-16
December	11 7-32@11 11-16

PROVISION MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 28.—Flour quiet, extra $4 25@5 75. Wheat lower, No. 2 spring 92½c. Corn firm, No. 2 mixed 44¾c, new mixed 43c. Oats dull, No. 2 mixed 28½c. Rye dull, 62@62½c. Barley dull, 58c. Mess Pork quiet, $10 12½—Lard steady, 10½c. Dry Salt Meats quiet, shoulders 8¼c, long clear 11¾c. Green Meats quiet and unchanged. Whisky quiet, $1 10¾.

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

SATURDAY, JULY 29 1876.

Plagiarizing.

"Can a politician be honest?" asks an exchange. Can a potato wink?—Danbury News.

Can a Southern Radical be honest? Can a potato wink?—North Alabamian.

Why didn't the Alabamian follow copy? "Mr. Compositor, put on your specks!" Next.—Tuscumbia Times.

THE St. Louis Westliche Post gives this cheerful, and, we think, reliable information:

Never, since Lincoln's first election, have the Liberal Germans been as true Republicans, as unanimous, as resolved and ready for the combat as at this moment. The strength of the German vote of St. Louis to be cast for Rutherford B. Hayes will exceed by far the late dreams of the reactionary party.

MR. TILDEN, if nominated, expects to obtain the votes of reformers. We presume that among the reasons for this support may be enumerated the following:

Because he assisted Tweed in securing the City Charter, which enabled him to rob the citizens of New York of millions of dollars.

Because he refuses to remove the Sheriff who allowed Tweed to escape.

Because as a railroad lawyer he can scalp the stockholders, pocket his fee of $20,000 and then go home to his bachelor quarters and plan a raid upon corrupt rings.

Tilden Has No War Record.

At a large gathering in front of the Southern Hotel, St. Louis, Missouri, on the evening prior to Tilden's nomination, Ambrose H. Perry, a prominent New York Democrat, said in a speech of considerable force:

"I find that the Democratic party are prepared by the nomination of Mr. Tilden to fight this campaign on the war issue which has been so many times decided against them. After the people for twelve years have been educated by Republicans to believe the Democracy unworthy to have control of the government by reason of their disloyalty, it seems to me that, after the judgment's have been rendered against us so long, we should nominate some man who, by his record and personal character, would alone rebut that presumption. It seems to me that our nominee should not even have negative strength on this important question. Tilden has no war record, Republicans can say, in the approaching contest, to the people. "Will you abandon General Hayes, the soldier that was fighting in the battle's front and rescuing from destruction this Union? Can you, soldiers, sons and brothers of soldiers, and fathers of men who died in the war, can you afford to hand over the affairs of this government to Mr. Tilden, who, by no public act, by no public declaration, ever declared himself in favor of the prosecution of the war?" The answer will come, as it has for twelve years, "We will not."

The Labor Question at the South.

[N. Y. Times, July 24.]

We have received several interesting communications recently from correspondents in the South on the labor question. Some bewail the lack of good white servants and of regular white labor, while others intimate that the fault is with the masters and mistresses, and that the blacks, if their wages were punctually paid and they were provided with the modern housekeeping conveniences, would make quite as good servants or farm laborers as the ignorant whites. They note especially that a very intelligent class of colored servants are now to be obtained in summer among the graduates of Hampton College, fitting to be teachers. No doubt there is much fault in the matter with Southern employers. They keep up their regularity of slavery under the conditions of freedom. They pay their working people when it is convenient or when they feel generous. They expect a colored woman, who must draw her water from a distant spring, or sleep in a hovel, to be as efficient a laundress or as neat a waitress as the Northern Irish servant provided with every convenience. No Northerner could hope to have good domestics long who paid them irregularly or who lodged them like animals. The negro must be treated on business principles. He is no longer a family dependent who is willing or forced to accept deprivations. He gives his labor for money, and must work harder than under slavery, be paid promptly, and discharged the day he is useless. Still, with all this, there are many districts of the South which suffer from a want of labor. The negroes have crowded into the cities, or have migrated further South, or prefer their own little farms and houses. The employer cannot find hands for his farm, or domestics for the house, or mechanics to do the necessary work of the neighborhood. There is a call in such places for labor, and white labor.

We believe that the Southern employers could, with great advantage to themselves, seek to turn toward their farms and villages the superfluous labor of the Northern cities. There are at this time in this city alone thousands of unemployed mechanics—carpenters, masons, bricklayers, shoemakers, tailors, and the like. There are thousands more of laborers, many of whom have worked on farms in the old country, some of whom are skilled gardeners, and all vigorous and industrious. All these are now barely keeping "the wolf from the door." There is little or no employment for them here, and next Winter they will be either suffering in silence or pressing on the resources of public and private charity. Many of them are eager to get work in the country, and, though preferring the West, they would go South. But they have little means for travel, and know nothing of places where work is in demand.

The Emigration Bureau formerly sent off many thousands of these honest, industrious laborers throughout the country. But their operations are quite obstructed by the want of funds and by the new relation in which the care of emigrants is placed to the General Government. During the last two winters, one benevolent association the Children's Aid Society, receiving especial funds for this purpose, sent forth a considerable number of families of poor laboring people and mechanics to places where work was needed, in the South. The experiment is reported as an entire success. But the South itself has the most vital interest in the matter and should organize "labor bureaus" wherever white laborers are wanted, and then communicate with all authorities and associations at the North able to supply them. If authentic lists were made out of the number and kind of workmen and domestics needed at given points, with the wages to be expected, and then a satisfactory pledge given that a proportion or the whole of the traveling expenses of each person would be paid on fair conditions, we are confident that many charitable associations at the North could forward a very efficient class of able-bodied and industrious working people and their families; such men and women as these have done so much in the West to solve the labor question. But to retain a good working class the Southern employers must be ready to consult the convenience of their laborers, promote their comfort, and above all to pay their wages punctually, far more than they have been in the habit of doing.

Houston's Economy.

[From the Tuscumbia Times, Ind. Dem.]

Much has been said about Governor Houston's economy by the papers supporting him for re-election, by which the public would very likely be deceived, if it was not for the State records, which do not lie, and which show that if he is *stingy* in some matters he *will* pay exhorbitant fees to lawyers, for attending to business which belongs to the elected and salaried law officer of the State. We give two cases copied from the records of the State, and ask the Montgomery Advertiser, or any other Bourbon paper to explain, if they can. *Read for yourselves:*

The State of Alabama, to T. A. Hamilton and T. H. Herndon, Dr.

For professional services rendered and to be rendered in the United States Circuit Court at Mobile in resisting motion and proceedings to transfer case of Alex. Austin to said United States Circuit Court, said Austin having been indicted and tried in the city court of Mobile for violation of State election laws, $500.

We recommend this bill and certify the propriety of the fee herein named.

P. HAMILTON.
D. C. ANDERSON.

Mobile, February 13, 1875.

The State of Alabama, to T. A. Hamilton, and T. H. Herndon, Dr.

For services rendered as per account attached for professional services in United States Circuit Court, $500.

Approved and ordered paid from the fund appropriated to pay contingent expenses.

GEO. S. HOUSTON,
Governor.

Received Auditor's warrant in full of above account.

T. A. HAMILTON.
T. H. HERNDON.
pr P. HAMILTON.

The State of Alabama, to Hamilton's, Dr.

To professional services in railroad matters (retaining fee) $500.
Expenses connected with same 35.

$535.

Approved and ordered paid from fund appropriated to pay contingent expenses.

GEO. S. HOUSTON,
Governor.

Received Auditor's warrant in full of above.

HAMILTONS.
pr J. H. VINCENT

November 23, 1875.

Let the reader remember while he reads the above that the State has an Attorney who is the salaried law officer of the State to attend to the legal business. Hamilton and Herndon lost the case. The people of the State paid the fees, $1035.

Tilden.

RAILROAD NEWS.

[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

NEW YORK, June 22.—Allusion was made in my dispatch a few days ago to litigation between the St. Louis, Alton & Ferre Haute Railroad and Samuel J. Tilden, in which one of the latter's operations in the railway wrecking line was said to be narrated. The papers in the case have since been supplied by the agents of the road in this city, and a brief summary of the allegations will prove interesting reading to delegates assembling at St. Louis to nominate a candidate for President. A foreclosure of this railroad under its old form, when consolidated with the Belleville & Illinoistown, was entered in 1861. The stockholders appointed a committee, consisting of S. J. Tilden, Robert Bayard, Joseph Tuckerman, John G. Richardson and Charles Butler, to buy it in and reorganize the Company. They did so March 24, 1862, for $800,000, and Tilden, Bayard, Tuckerman, Richardson, and Russell Sage were made the new incorporators.

Tilden, as counsel of the Company, was empowered to supervise the reorganization, and the new Company being authorized to issue bonds and stocks to settle the liability of the old, there was placed in Tilden's hands $2,200,000 of first mortgage bonds, $4,500,000 second mortgage bonds, and $3,750,000 of stock.

A. C. Flagg, the Receiver of the old road, made a report to the stockholders of the old road in 1863, and, from the report, the following allegations are made and answers from Tilden demanded: The claims settled by the first mortgage bonds of $2,200,000 aggregated, according to Flagg, only $2,042,740.41, leaving a balance in Tilden's hands of $154,259.59 Of the $4,500,000 of second mortgage bonds, Flagg's report says only $4,369,545.89 was used, leaving in Mr. Tilden's hands $30,454.11 to be accounted for. Of the stock, $3,750,000 was to have been issued, but, in fact, $4,000,000 was put out by Tilden, $250,000 without specific authority. As far as known, of this sum only $3,508,215.15 was used, according to Flagg's report, leaving Mr. Tilden to account, in his answer to the complaint, for a balance of $491,783.15 of stock. Another allegation is that Tilden got $20,000 for his services in reorganizing the road. The complaint, which is in the United States Circuit Court of this District, on a suit to recover $1,000,000, is against all the committee, and concludes as follows:

"Your orator alleges and avers that said defendants, or some of them, have refused to render any account, or to give your orator any explanation of the manner in which, or purposes for which, said bonds and stock were issued and disposed of, and your orator charges that said surplus bonds and stock have been unlawfully retained by and divided among said defendants, or issued and disposed of by them in violation of their duty as members of said Purchasing Committee and Board of Directors of said corporation, complainant herein, and of the trust and confidence reposed in them as such, and that the pecuniary liabilities and burdens of your orator have been thereby unjustly and unnecessarily increased to the amount of more than $1,000,000."

The only reply of Mr. Tilden thus far has been an application for time until July to answer the complaint. This will be after the St. Louis Convention, and too late for him to profit by his explanations.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

IN the general line of imitating men's garb, the women are now offered a veston, which is precisely like a vest.

PLATFORM

—OF THE—

REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections as State and Federal, announce as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men as the fundamental principle of our government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperiling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the cordial recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing intolerance, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and action, in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and antipaties, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the States and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one as indestructible, the other as indissoluable.

5th. The preservation and maintainance of the Republican party in the Southern States, as a safeguard against sectionalism, and the strongest guaranty of an inviolate union.

Resolved 1st, That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has carried the nation through a period of unprecedented difficulties and trials with safety and success, and has won for the President a renown as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd, That we deplore the divisions in our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies, and that now, as in the past, we are ready and desirous of healing these divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse to its energies or hope to its future, since the war, and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

ALEX WHITE, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 15th, 1876.)

When, in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved, these governments to the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.' Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously enforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitutional amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts of its purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin. Commmercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the many important amendments effected by Republican Legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congress to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who periled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We therefore note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts as its chief hope of success on the electoral vote of a united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation; we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil the national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason; with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes; with reasserting and applauding in the National Capitol the sentiments of unrepented rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan mis management and obstruction of investigation; with proving itself, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and immense services in war and in peace.

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100 Cash Gifts of	500 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	400 each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts of	300 each	30,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200 each	40,000
600 Cash Gifts of	100 each	60,000
10,000 Cash Gifts of	12 each	120,000
Total 11,136 Gifts, All Cash		600,000

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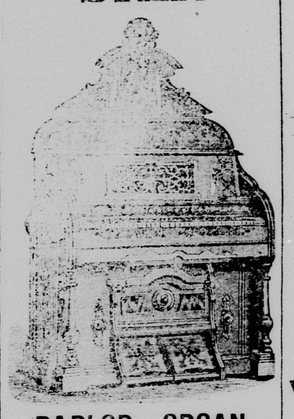

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DAILY STATE JOURNAL.
SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1876.

A DREAM.

BY NELLY MARSHALL MCAFEE.

I dreamed a dream one summer night,
When all the world was still,
When soft stars shed their lustrous light
On heather and on hill.

No sound disturbed the perfect calm
That hovered every where,
And nought but as if with spikenard balm,
The weary world of care.

The very birds, that all the day,
On tireless wings of flight,
Sang loud and gay a roundelay,
Were hushed and still that night.

The zephyrs that through woodland way
Since early morn had strayed,
With swing and sway, on bough and spray,
Slept soft in leafy glade.

The blue-waved river at my feet
Went rippling to the sea,
While bubbles gentle and most sweet
Bound soul and sense in me.

Beside me stood a lover bold—
A lover fond and true—
With crown of curls like Ophir's gold
And eyes of summer blue.

The vows he vowed were low and kind,
And won my trusting heart;
To truth and wrong my life was blind—
My love—a thing apart!

I passed away, and came no more,
At touch of morning's beam,
A fated ship sail off from shore,
And fate sat—like a dream!

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WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD
ANDITS CONNECTIONS.
"Kennesaw Route."
The following schedule takes effect June 5th, 1876:

	NORTHWARD. No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 11.
Leave Atlanta	4.10 p. m.	7.00 a. m.	5.55 p. m
Ar Cartersville	6.14 p. m.	9.22 a. m.	8.41 p. m
Ar. Kingston	6.45 p. m.	9.56 a. m.	9.17 p. m
Ar. Dalton	8.34 p. m.	11.34 a. m.	11.35 p. m
Ar. Chattanooga	10.25 p. m.	1.56 p. m.	

SOUTHWARD. No. 2.	No. 4.	No. 11.
Leave Chattanooga	4.00 p. m.	5.00 a. m.
Ar Dalton	5.41 p. m.	7.01 a. m.	1.00 a m
Ar Kingston	7.24 p. m.	9.07 a. m.	4.19 a m
Ar Cartersville	8.12 p. m.	9.42 a. m.	5.18 a m
Ar Atlanta	10.15 p. m.	12.06 m.	9.30 a m

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 1 and 2, between New Orleans and Baltimore.
Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 1 and 4, between Atlanta and Nashville.
Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 3 and 2, between Louisville and Atlanta.
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An Agent Wanted for each Town and County in the United States.
Parties desiring to act as agents must accompany their application by a letter of recommendation as to character and responsibility from and signed by the Editor of a newspaper published in the town or county for which agent pr poses to act. The agency is to sell the bonds of the Industrial Exhibition Company.
Bonds $20 Each.
The Industrial Exhibition Company will furnish agents with Circulars, etc., etc.
Each newspaper published in the town where agent is located will, as soon as agency is established, be given an advertisement, advertising such agency and the company, and fully explaining the plans, purposes and objects of the company. Such advertisement will continue in such papers as long as agency is successfully conducted.
The Industrial Exhibition Company is the firm to adopt the plan so long in use by the European governments of issuing bonds when the principal is made secure and not risked, but where there is a chance for a large premium, an investment of $20 is sure to return to the investor $1—more dollar more than cost—and the holder of a $20 bond may obtain a premium either of $50, $100, $250, $500, $1,000, $5,000, $10,000, $20,000, $50,000 or $100,000. The interest, which is 6 gilt edged, first issued to all the bondholders pro rata, is in this loan distributed by chance. The purchaser of a bond knows he will receive back his investment, with a small rate of interest added, and in consideration of taking this small rate of interest, he has a chance in the above named premiums, which are simply the distribution of interest on the whole loan.
Each bond participates in four drawings each year, until it has drawn a premium, when it is surrendered, the premium paid, and the bond cancelled.
The Industrial Exhibition Company, under a special charter, granted by the State of New York, is given authority to issue these bonds. The Legislature of the State, recognizing the great benefits which will arise from the success of this enterprise, have exempted all the real estate and property of the company from taxation and assessments for five years, and has also conferred other great privileges.
Every American who understands the purposes of this company will, of a necessity, feel a pride in aiding it to a successful termination.
Each individual who buys a bond becomes an owner and an interested party, and when he views the structure erected with his money can say, "I aided to erect in our country the most magnificent building the world has ever seen, a palace which, in truth, represents the industry, energy and mechanical genius of the American people."
The manufacturers and the inventors of America are peculiarly interested in the success of this enterprise, for the reason that it is to be their home, where all their inventions and manufactures can be exhibited and sold.
The building will contain 5,520,000 square feet of space.
Purchasers desiring Bonds before an agency is established where they reside, will communicate direct with this office, from where they can be supplied.
Parties desiring to act as agents or to purchase bonds will address
INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION CO.,
No. 12 East 17th Street,
BET. B'WAY & 5th AVE.,
NEW YORK CITY
NOTE.—All moneys by draft on New York, or Express, or postal order—charges paid by sender
8-20w
BEATTY Piano.
GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.
From Jas. F. Regan, firm Regan & Carter, publishers Daily and weekly Tribune, Jefferson City, Mo., after receiving a $700 instrument, says:
"Piano reached us in good condition I am well pleased with it. It is all you represent it to be."
From E. R. Baldridge, Bennington Furnace, Pa., after receiving a $700 piano.
"The Beatty" received 4th inst., all O. K., and comes fully up to our representation, and exceeds our expectations. While I don't profess to be a judge in the matter, Mrs. B. does, and pronounce it of very sweet tone, and is very much pleased with it."
Best inducements ever offered. Money refunded upon return of Piano and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory, after a test trial of five days. Organ warranted for six years. Agents discount given everywhere I have no agent.
☞ Agents Wanted. Send stamp for catalogue. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.
Albemarle Female Institute
CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA.
Nineteenth annual session begins first of September. For circular giving Faculty and expenses, address
R. H. RAWLINGS, M. A., Principal,
CARPENTER'S Manual.—A practical guide to all operations of the trade; drawing for carpenters, forms of contract, specifications, plans, &c.; plain instructions for beginners, and full glossary of terms. Illustrated, 50 cts. Painter's Manual, 50. Book of Alphabets, 50. Sign Illustrations, $1. Watchmaker and Jeweller, 50. Soapmaker, 50. Of bookseller, or by mail JESSE HANEY & CO., 119 Nassau street, N. Y.
2-21tkwem
OPIUM and Morphine habit absolutely and permanently cured. Painless; no pain; no suffering; no inconvenience. Particulars Free. Call or address Dr. Carl Kane, 57 Wabash street, Chicago, Ill.

Official Railroad Time Table
Giving arrival and departure of all trains of Montgomery. Reported and corrected expressly for the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, by Messrs HOUGH & BENSON, General Ticket Agents Office under Exchange Hotel, where any information as to rates, connections or distance be obtained.
Tickets sold to all points North, South, East and West.
Calls for the Omnibus or Baggage Wagon left at our office, or at the Exchange Hotel will receive prompt attention.
SOUTH AND NORTH ALA. RAILROAD
GOING NORTH.

	No 2—Mail	No 4—Exp
Leaves Montgomery	7:00 am	8:00 pm
Calera	9:35 am	10:25 pm
Birmingham	10:55 am	11:45 pm
Decatur	2:45 pm	3:05 am
Nashville	8:15 pm	8:20 am
Arrive at Louisville	3:45 am	3:40 pm

Accommodation.

	No 8
Leaves Montgomery	4:

DAILY STATE JOURNAL

SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1876.

APPETITES are returning.

OLD SOL'S back is broken at last.

THE evil weevil is on the warpath.

A POLAR wave has swept over us.

VOTE for the Charles Steele county ticket.

VOTE the Steele county ticket on August 7th.

THE question of the hour: Is the heated term ended?

How the babies enjoy the present delicious night breezes.

SHOWERS are very welcome when the rain is not hot water.

THE earth smiles back a benediction for the cool weather and beneficent rains.

THERE are holes enough in some of our streets large enough to bury the Cardiff Giant.

IF a man has got a country seat he could not do better than to sit down in it now.

FAT men and dry bones lift up their heads and snort at the happy change in the weather.

ICE creams and soda fountains confide with one another at the decline in thermometer stock.

IT is customary with fruit dealers to rent small stores and occupy the sidewalks for business.

THE young man who borrowed a file of the Evening Ledger at this office is again requested to return it.

DESOTO and Old Hickory and grapeshot of Revolutionary times promises to become a thriving business.

THE weather out West has been so hot lately that a good many farmers were obliged to fan their wheat.

VOLUNTEERS in two or three quarters of the world are getting unready, as if preparing for a fit of fiery grippe.

AMERICA is ahead of the world in manufacturing axes, and the American shape is being adopted everywhere.

THERE's a gold fever in Georgia, and the people have suddenly developed a taste for hard money and soft labor.

THE centennial year having developed heat unparalleled, we are content. More of it, and the country goes to the mad dogs.

AN editor who has not time to ride out a deadhead pass need not wear himself away writing about "our summer resorts."

AN excellent drink for warm weather is cold beef tea. It is a healthful stimulant, is easy of digestion and is very nutritious.

DISTANCE lends enchantment to the tone. The latest electric invention repeats singing at the distance of a thousand miles.

THE lumber trade, it seems, shares in the general dullness, and there is not much prospect for improvement during the present season.

AMID the general stagnation of business, it is like a ray of sunlight through a rift in the clouds to see an undertaker paying cash for his clothes.

THE business season in Montgomery will open on the first of August. Our merchants are actively preparing for the season that promises so much.

MONTGOMERY has lifted up her head during the past three days, and now business begins to revive. The heated term was a crusher in these parts.

IT is stated that Prof. Alex Hogg, who is chief of the public schools of this city, has been offered a chair in the A. & M. College, of Texas, at a salary of $2,000 per annum.

REPUBLICANS of Montgomery, every one of you who is a voter, should go to the polls on the 7th of August and vote the Independent State ticket, and the county ticket headed by Charles Steele.

DR. CORBETT, of Georgia, wants to have the production of corn increased in the South, so he proposes a tax of $20 on every acre of cotton above five which may be grown by any planter.

LET every friend of free government in this county go to the polls on the 7th day of August and vote the Independent ticket, and the regular Republican county ticket, headed by Charles Steele.

WE are told by Shelly that "Life, like a many colored dome, stains the white radiance of eternity;" but very few poets have got off anything like this since the introduction of lager beer.

THE case is reported of a clergyman who was killed by lightning while plowing. We are unable to explain this intervention of Providence, unless it was that the victim had his wife hitched to the plow.

BASE BALL and college regattas are gradually establishing the belief that there is in reserve for the youth of this country a goal of ambition more glorious and dazzling than that of the Presidency.

A MONTH has passed since scores of lovely young female graduates descended to our sphere, and yet the world moves on much the same as ever, and the missions of humanity still wait a gentle impetus.

WHY is it that in this centennial year quotations made from the Declaration of Independence should be more frequently incorrect than correct, and that the misquoting should be usually done by prominently public men?

WE notice that many of our cotemporaries are justly complaining of the large number of editors who clip original items from their exchanges and reprint them without due credit. Perhaps it is better to bear this evil philosophically and to find comfort in Pope's declaration that whatever is, is right. It may be that Providence guided our erring brethren into the paths of journalism in order to save them from the Penitentiary.

DIED—At Blount Springs, July 26th, Robert Watkins Watt, infant son of Robert L. and Mary P. Watt, aged 4 months. Funeral from the Exchange Hotel this morning at 10 o'clock. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

THE Republicans of Montgomery county have been once deceived by having a lot of boys in the Legislature who were educated just enough to make them believe they knew it all. It turned out that they knew nothing and done nothing.

WHEN Uncle Samuel is alone, he often enters his breast and frankly asks himself: "Oh, why am I such a fearful fraud?" But some how or other, he has never been able to muster courage enough to answer the conundrum.

WE see it stated in our exchanges that Gov. Tilden is about to form a matrimonial alliance with an Alabama lady. It is not true. Gov. Tilden is over 60, and no blooming young lady of Alabama would marry such an old man if he had a hundred million.

"I'D like you to help me a little," said a tramp poking his head into a country store. "Why don't you help yourself?" said the proprietor angrily. "Thank you, I will, said the tramp, as he picked up a bottle of whisky and two loaves of bread, and disappeared.

QUEER thoughts flit through the human mind when one has to compassion but his solitude, and it isn't any argument against a man's sanity for him to stand before a looking glass examining a wart on his nose and wondering if that wart will be there in the Day of Judgment.

ALABAMA ought to send specimens of her fine watermelons to the Centennial, as an inducement for some of the many thousand strangers there to visit us and spend some of their loose change among us. We could name a man just fitted for that sort of thing, and his name commences with B.

THE evening edition of the STATE JOURNAL, the publication of which will commence on Monday evening next, will give those who have not time to read the morning paper, later news than the morning edition. Subscribe for the paper now, and it will be left at your residence every evening about 4 o'clock.

WE had another splendid rain last evening. It came in good time, and the air was delightfully pleasant all night. Our farmers are in good spirits and their crops promise full yields. If the crops of Alabama are gathered this year, they will be the largest, and most remunerative we have had since the war.

WE are requested by Deputy Collector Strobach to state that the sale of the 2,000 cigars heretofore advertised will be continued from day to day, until they are all disposed of. There is a bargain for some one in these cigars. They are very good ones, and dealers in the article ought to attend the sale.

A THIRSTY toper, in a Court street bar room, flung down his expence and then filled his glass to the brim with whisky. "Hold on!" exclaimed the bar-tender, in apparent astonishment, "there is a chromo goes with that drink!" and tearing off a portion of the end of a cigar-box, he politely handed it across the counter.

THE summer watering places are not very liberally patronized this year. And the special complaint from them is that there is a frightful dearth of young men at them all. Belles and heiresses are abundant and expectant. But the beaux do not appear. The fact is discovered at last that the young men have no shekels this year to fool away on heiresses without money and belles without beauty.

METEOROLOGISTS are now looking over the range of the thermometer and making estimates. The unscientific think that it must be an old fashioned kitchen range with the draughts all open that made the mercury climb so, and they are hoping that the old thing is burned out so that a new one can be bought which can be better regulated by the stokers at the establishment of Old Probe.

THE heat is very intense. A man who carries a potato in his pocket as a sovereign preventive of rheumatism came into town yesterday to do some trading, and when passing through Perry street in the afternoon he found the vegetable had sprouted and had thrown a vine eight inches long outside his pocket. In the branches were found his jack knife, a small box of matches, a milk ticket, and the part of a plug of tobacco.

NOW is a good time for the business men of Montgomery to insert their advertisements in the JOURNAL. Thousands of copies of our paper are daily circulated and read in all this section of country by men of all parties. Most of our subscribers are trading people, who have to buy largely in this city, both of plantation and household supplies. The men who advertise are the men who make money these times. People will trade with the men who seek their custom by advertising, because they feel satisfied that such merchants are bona fide business men. Advertising will pay.

MUNICIPAL indebtedness is attracting attention in England as it is already doing in the United States. Several discussions have taken place in the House of Commons upon propositions to restrict the liberty of municipal corporations to incur debt, and it is possible that the permission of Parliament may in future be necessary to the incurrence of any debt. The combined municipal debts of England amount to $462,500,000 this year, an increase over last year of $12,500,000. London's debt is $70,000,000, and Liverpool, Manchester, Leeds and Bradford together owe $74,500,000.

WE regret deeply to learn of the death of the baby of Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Watt. It was their only child, and while no words of ours can assuage their grief, it is consoling to know that it was such that the Savior said "Come unto ME." Its short life was like the brilliant meteor which flashes athwart the sky, to gladden us for a moment, and is then forever gone. But it leaves behind the memory of a thing of beauty. Such was the life of this sweet little child whose spotless soul has gone back to God who gave it. "Suffer little children to come unto me, and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of Heaven."

ONE of the Supreme Court Judges in South Carolina suggests the following plank for prevailing intemperance: Allow every person to sell or retail liquor as he wishes, without tax or license, but require those who drink to apply for license, and to give notice of such application by publishing it for one month in the official newspaper of the city or county, and there, if there be no objection, to enter into a bond for good behavior before the authority to drink is granted.

THE COUNTY TICKET.—The Republicans of Montgomery county virtually had no representation in the last House of Representatives of the General Assembly. The persons elected to represent them were neither capable nor willing to seize the grand opportunity presented to them to have a good local government for this county. The citizens of Montgomery, without regard to party, were ashamed of the imbecility exhibited by those who sat in the House as Representatives of this county. Now is the time to elect men who will represent your interests, and who will act with any majority to secure your rights and good local government. The regular Republican ticket, printed on the first page of this paper, is composed of men whose interests are identified with the masses of the people, and in whom all tax paying citizens can repose confidence. They will endeavor to have such legislation as will enable Montgomery county to pay her own citizens the debts now due them, and to secure justice to all. Remember to vote this ticket on the 7th day of August. Do not be deceived any more by the oily tongues and smooth faces which deceived you before. Throw off this terrible incubus that is eating out your substance, and vote for the Independent State ticket, and the regular county ticket headed by Charles Steele.

State News.

[By Yesterday's Mail to the Journal.]

Dr. Samuel Cartlidge, a young physician residing near Bluff Springs, Clay county, was called to his door on the night of the 16th inst., and on opening it was shot dead. His brother-in-law, Nimrod Graham, is suspected of the foul deed.

The latest in Gainesville, among the men, is "Hold on Bph!" Among the ladies we hear "Feel in your pocket" and occasionally, "I won't insist!"

The watchmen at the South and North railroad shops fired several shots at a supposed ghost, a few nights ago, but failed to hit the intruder, who disappeared. This disembodied spirit is said to make its appearance only after a rain, when the earth is sore.—Birmingham Independent.

Jones' Bluff has organized a Base Ball club.

Crops are burning up, and the folks are beginning to fry, about Gainesville, Sumter county.

Prof. O. F. Casey, of the Southern University, Greensboro, is removed with his family to Pulaski, Tenn.

We are having more grasshoppers than usual. They are mostly in the corn, and have entirely stripped the stalks of fodder, on the edges of some fields. However, it is hoped that but little real damage will be sustained.—Gainesville Dispatch.

Captain James L. Moore has been appointed Judge of Probate of Franklin county, by Gov. Houston.

MARRIED.—Near Auburn, July 23d, by Rev. W. E. Lloyd, Mr. James A. Reynolds to Mrs. Mary P. Runnels.

MARRIED.—Near Auburn, July 24th, by M. S. Andrews, D. D., Rev. W. B. Neal to Mrs. Eliza Ealy.

We have heard of no worms or "hopper-grasses" in this community; i. e., we have not heard of their eating corn and cotton; i. e., we have not heard of their eating fodder or cotton leaves.—Gainesville Dispatch.

DIED.—In Opelika, Friday night, the 21st inst., at half past 10 o'clock, Mrs. L. Edwards, in the 70th year of her age.

A man named Lambert was shot and killed in Pollard, Friday last, by Mr. J. M. Black. No particulars.

In the "dry streak" of Henry county, where the farmers came near starving because of the failure of the crops last season, the cotton and corn are doing splendidly and there is every indication that a large crop will be made.

The eight counties of Covington, Coffee, Crenshaw, Dale, Geneva, Pike, Barbour and Henry, were at one time comprised in one county called Henry. Henry was afterward divided and "the State of Pike" was the first result.

For the first time in the history of Bullock county, an Agricultural Fair will be held during the coming Fall.

The cotton crop is very promising. Corn tolerably good and gardens excellent in this county.—Florence Gazette.

There was a severe thunder storm in the upper portion of Henry county last Saturday. The rain fell in almost a solid sheet for one hour and twenty minutes. The lightning completely demolished the cotton screw of Capt. A. A Cassady, killed a cow of Mrs. Kelley, and did considerable other damage.

The wheat crop is reported very short, yielding not more than one half of an average crop to the acre.—Florence Gazette.

These are days of novelties, wonders and curiosities, Dr. Drennen, of this county, has a pig that is both male and female. The two sexes are well developed in the same animal.—Jasper Eagle.

Died—At the residence of his brother, in Athens, on the evening of Saturday, the 22d inst., James K. P. Raney.

J. R. Vandegrift, Esq., brought to our office, on Monday last, several stalks of German millet, measuring 6 feet 11 inches high. Sown on the 29th of April, 1876, and cut on the 24th inst. One head measuring 7¼ inches long and 8 inches in circumference. The seed were purchased from Mr. David Foreman.—Ashville Aegis.

The western bound train on the Montgomery and Eufaula railroad knocked a fine cow, belonging to Mr. M. C. Williford, off the track, Tuesday afternoon, while passing in the rear of the F. A. A. M. cemetery. Her leg was broken, necessitating her being killed.

—Eufaula Times.

The Limestone News says that Captain Geo. Houston, of that county, averaged from his wheat crop thirty bushels per acre.

Several persons in this vicinity were snake bitten last week. One of them, a negro boy, was bitten by a moccasin, and died shortly afterwards.—Union Springs Herald.

A disconsolate editor says: "We saw a mosquito work about ten minutes yesterday, trying to get his bill through the skin of a man who owes us for two years' subscription How we laughed at that demoralized little insect as, with a look of disgust, he folded up his little bill, placed it in his pocket, and went for another victim."—Union Springs Herald.

Mr. John Allums died at his residence, several miles from Union Springs, on Monday last. He had been in feeble health for some time. He was an old and highly esteemed citizen of this county, and his loss will be deeply felt. We are informed he was in his 71st year.

Bishop Marvin, by the unanimous voice of his colleagues in the College of Bishops of the M. E. Church, South, has been detailed to visit the missions of that Church in China and ordain native preachers.

A bright mulatto child, about one month old, was found, yesterday morning, in the yard of Mr. Hudson, of Mobile's contraband. Mollie and Gerald readmond. The child was comfortably clothed, had a nipple teat in its mouth, and near it was found a bundle of baby's clothing, an umbrella and a nurse tender. No effort has been discovered as to the party or parties concerned in placing the child where it was found. It is now being nursed and cared for by a negro woman on Dr. Drennen' place.—Union Springs Herald.

We learn that Dr. G. W. Duffield and Jo Cowan Sneed have been nominated for the House of Representatives by the Republican Executive Committee of Bullock county.

Mr. Dudley Shepherd and Miss Henrietta Jones were married on the evening of the 19th, at the residence of the bride's father, in Union Springs, Mr. H. T. Jones. Rev. J. H. Hendon officiated.

Local and Business Notices.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MONTGOMERY, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T.C. Bingham will be paid by us.

T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,
dtf. Proprietors.

Advances on State Certificates.

We are prepared to make liberal advances on State Certificates.

WOLFFE, HERTZ & CO.

1-26dtw

Dr Pierce's Favorite Prescription

is very strongly recommended by the Medical Faculty and is largely prescribed among their Female Patients. It is worthy of all confidence, as may be seen from the following testimonial:

ATLANTA, Ill.

DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—I have not words to express my gratitude to you for your advice and assistance in my case. There is not one who has used your medicines since they have been brought here, but that can say with me they have been greatly benefited. Since I have been so helped by its use, six or seven around me left off all doctors and other medicines, and now use it in their families, after being cured of the same disease as mine. You do not know what a wonder it created in our city, by its restoring my sister I wrote you about, for she had been under the care of three of our best doctors, but could not sit up but for a few minutes at one time. I begged of her to try your medicines, and before she had used half the bottles she could go all around the yard, and has now just come home from a visit nine miles away.

MRS. THOS. MCFARLAND.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is sold by dealers in medicines generally.

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, station *D, Bible House, New York City.*

3-14 d&wem

Nervous Debility.

Vital weakness or depression: A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental overwork, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphrey's Homeopathic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per package of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Homeopathic Medicine Company, 562 Broadway, New York.

1-1ddw1y

THE Star Parlor Organs are celebrated for their purity of tone, elegant design and thorough construction. Send for catalogue. Address,

ALLEGER, BOWLEY & CO.,
6-29dfwom Washington, N. J.

THE highest musical authorities, as well as all who have purchased the Beatty Piano, are equally charmed with its beauty and purity of tone. The manufacturer has succeeded in imparting to it a roundness, fullness and richness of tone, perfectly astonishing. None should be without one. See his advertisement. Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

New Advertisements.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and Outfit FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING. How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can practice, by mail, for 25 cents, together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, &c., a queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Publishers, Philadelphia.

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000 according to the last census. Together with the names of the newspapers having the largest general circulation in each of the places named. Also a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing over 5,000 copies each issue. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Fashion, and other special class journals; very complete list. Together with complete lists of over 900 German papers printed in the United States. Also, an essay upon advertising; many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers, and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know. Address, GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

NEWSPAPERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

A complete list, numbering 8,120 with a Gazetteer correct to date, of all towns and cities in which newspapers are published; historical and statistical sketches of the Great Newspaper Establishments; illustrated with numerous engravings of the principal newspaper buildings. BOOK OF 300 PAGES, just issued. Mailed, post paid, to any address for 50c. Apply (inclosing price) to SUPERINTENDENT OF THE NEWSPAPER PAVILION, Centennial Grounds, Philadelphia, or American News Company, N. Y. Every advertiser needs it.

"THE SOUTHWEST."

(Established 1870.)

A Representative Paper of the West and South.

Largest circulation of any paper in the Great Southwest. Only $2 per Year. Send 10 cents for specimen copies, giving name of paper in which you read this advertisement. Address Z. T. HEDGES, Pub. "The Southwest," North Springfield, or Springfield, Mass

ESTABLISHED 1867.



ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL

CAMPAIGN EDITION FOR 1876.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

This paper is entering upon one of the most exciting campaigns. Presidential matters will be discussed. During this contest the people of Alabama will desire to keep themselves posted on its progress; they will desire to read all sides and form their own conclusions based on their duty at the polls. During this great contest we shall publish a Campaign edition of this STATE JOURNAL at a rate so low as to enable every man to have a copy. The publication will be issued from the office of the STATE JOURNAL, and will contain all the political news, and will advocate the principles of the Republican party. The publication will be issued daily, tri-weekly and weekly, and will be furnished at the following rates:

Daily Edition.

1 Copy 6 Months	$ 5 00
5 " "	18 00
6 " "	10 00
12 " "	20 00

Weekly Edition.

1 Copy 6 Months	$ 2 00
3 " "	5 00
6 " "	9 00
12 " "	16 00

Payment of postage is payable in these rates. Send money by express or draft on Montgomery, or registered letter only.

Address T. C. BINGHAM & CO.
Proprietors, Lock Box 307, Montgomery, Ala.

Hayes & Wheeler.

This paper will always have correct and reliable reports of the political news of the day. During the campaign it will be a vehicle through which the Republicans of Alabama will be able to reach the people.

We shall endeavor to make this paper the equal of any in the State, and we shall spare no pains to make it a welcome visitor to every Republican family.

Daily Edition

1 Copy 6 Months	$ 5 00
5 " "	18 00
6 " "	10 00
12 " "	20 00

Weekly Edition.

1 Copy 6 Months	$ 2 00
3 " "	5 00
6 " "	9 00
12 " "	16 00

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Proprietors, Lock Box 307, Montgomery, Ala.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE



"Only Good SAUCE."

And applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at Worcester, May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

LEA & PERRINS'

SIGNATURE is on EVERY BOTTLE.

Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,

NEW YORK.

BEATTY PIANO

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

This instrument is the most handsome and best Piano manufactured in the United States, quality of Europe, having at the present possible depth, richness and volume of tone, combined with a rare brilliancy, clearness and perfect evenness of touch, and a singing quality of tone, and expressing the action of soul in the power and sympathetic quality of voice never changing under the most trying climates. Send for illustrated catalogue, containing a full description of this magnificent instrument. Agents discount given where we have no agents. Remember you run no risk in purchasing one of these CELEBRATED INSTRUMENTS. Rather than have a poor trial it proves unsatisfactory the money you have paid will be returned upon return of instrument and freight charges. Every Piano warranted for 6 years. Address,

DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.

DUST AND FOAM:

Or Journeyings Toward the Setting Sun. A rich and charming record of Sight-Seeing, Fun, and Adventure on FOUR CONTINENTS AND MANY SEAS. Mysteries of the Orient. 9220 Engravings now Ready, with interesting "Stories of Travel." AGENTS WANTED. Write quick for illustrated circulars and extra terms, to ANCHOR PUBLISHING CO., 328 Pine street, St. Louis, Mo. 2-19-19m

PRICES REDUCED. [illegible] CENTENNIAL YEAR. [illegible] Publishers and Booksellers, Louisville, Ky.

GAUGING.

Notice to Wholesale Liquor Merchants.

UNITED STATES GAUGER'S OFFICE,
Montgomery, October 16, 1875.

The wholesale Liquor dealers of Montgomery are hereby notified that the undersigned can be found at all times, at his office in the JOURNAL building, on Perry street. All orders left at this office will be promptly attended to.

J. M. LEVEY,
U. S. Gauger, Second District of Alabama.
10-17 tf

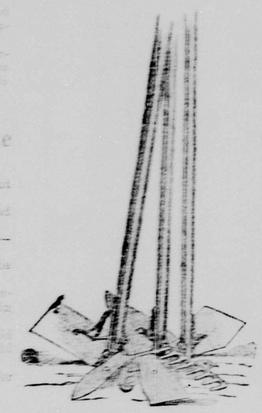
COMBINATION HOE.

First Premium Awarded at the Granges' State Fair

Of Alabama, October, 1875, the first year after the war commenced.

Manufactured by the Granger Hoe Company,

WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT



Two Hoes for the Price of One

It can be taken from the handle without trouble for the purpose of grinding.

The fixtures are made of malleable iron and cannot be broken.

The handles are made of sound oak wood—the best material known for handles.

Hoes finished ready for use, as sharp as the best hoe blade manufactured.

Saves time and money in the item of labor.

No. 2 weeder is the best implement ever used on garden walks. A splendid scuffle hoe and hoe.

An entire set of splendid garden tools for the price of one implement.

For further information,

W. R. NOBLE, Secretary Granger Hoe Company, Montgomery, Ala.

1776 Centennial. 1876

SPRING AND SUMMER

SEASON.

GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,

—AT—

5 COURT SQUARE

HAVE NOW ON HAND THE COMPLETEST LINES OF

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS

TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

New Dress Goods, Real Lace Flouncings,
Novelties in Mantilla Trimmings, Exquisite Knickerbockers,
Stylish Dainties in Hosiery, and everything that is new in Dress Goods,
Fresh White Goods, Kids, Fancy Goods, Elegant Hair Nets,
Novel Horn Ruffling, Handsome Parasols,
Complete Stock of Ribbings, Large Selection,
In Hosiery, Best Dye Stockings, from the Irish Linens, Good,
Table Damasks, Darnet in Lace Curtains, full selections in White Goods,
Guaranteed Kid Gloves, Perfect fitting Corsets,
Excelsior Trimmings, Full selections in Cassimers,
Tweeds, Linens, Cottonades, Etc., for Men and Boys' wear.

WE OFFER THE BEST ASSORTMENTS IN

Ladies', Children and Misses' Philadelphia Hand-Made Shoes

In fact everything that goes in a First class Dry Goods House will be found in our Store, all during at the very

Lowest Prices.

TO THE MERCHANTS:

We are displaying the largest stock of Goods ever received by our firm, and we guarantee bottom prices. Call early and look at our stock.

GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,
5 Court Square, Montgomery, Ala.

NEW DOLLAR STORE.

1776 CENTENNIAL 1876

Centennial Dry Goods.
Centennial Hats.
Centennial Boots.
Centennial Shoes.
Centennial Clothing.
Centennial Hosiery.
Centennial Parasols.

In fact a general assortment of CENTENNIAL goods, suitable for CENTENNIAL Spring and Summer, recently purchased at the very lowest cash prices. Give me a call and be satisfied. If you don't see what you want ask for it.

S. A. MEERTIEF, New Dollar Store.

A. MOODY & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND DEALERS IN

WINES AND LIQUORS

Agents for Cincinnati Lager Beer

No. 85 Commerce Street

MONTGOMERY ALABAMA.

Have resumed business and are prepared with full stock of all staple articles to supply and their customers with anything in their line at WHOLESALE RATES. They have a choice WINES AND LIQUORS which they are prepared to sell at the very lowest rates. They ask a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended to them. 2-24-1y

PRESCRIPTION FREE.

FOR the speedy cure of Seminal Weakness, Loss of Manhood, and all disorders brought on by indiscretions or excess. Any Druggist can fill the prescription. Address DAVIDSON & CO., Box 266, New York. 12-1-1y

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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

No. 16 Perry St.,

MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

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Either with or without exemption waivers, printed and bound in the latest and most improved style.

Every Merchant Ought to Have One.

Prices to suit.

Each Book contains fifty handsomely printed promissory notes, with waiver, &c. Books sent free by mail on receipt of price.

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Book and Job Printers,
Journal Building, 32 and 34 Commerce st.
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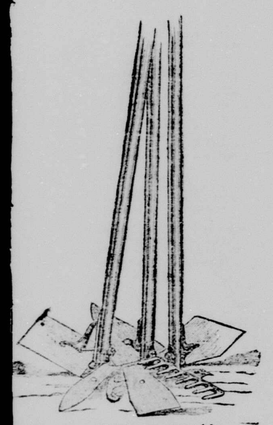

Company, Montgomery, Ala.

...nial. 1876

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...VELL & CO.,

...SQUARE

...MPLETEST LINES OF

...CY DRY GOODS

...N THE CITY.

...e Knickerbockers,

...thing that is new in Dress Goods.

...Goods, Elegant Ecru Ties

...ction

...Irish Linens, Good

...rtains, full selections in White Piques,

...ts,

...tions in Cassimers,

...tlemens, Etc., for Men and Boys' wear.

...ASSORTMENTS IN

...iladelphia Hand-Made Shoes.

...Dry Goods House will be found at our

...ing at the very

Prices.

...ERCHANTS:

...rest stock of Goods ever re-

...guarantee bottom prices.

...stock.

...WELL & CO.,

...Montgomery, Ala.

...AR STORE.

...NNIAL 1876

...ry Goods,

Hats,

Boots,

Shoes,

Clothing.

...al Hosiery,

...tennial Parasols.

...ENNIAL goods, suitable for the CEN-

...purchased at the very lowest cash prices.

...and see what you want ask for it.

New Dollar Store.

...RICE, JONES & WILEY,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

No. 16 Perry St.,

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We are now prepared to furnish

Blank Note Books,

Either with or without exemption waived, printed and bound in the latest and most improved style.

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Price 50 cents. By mail, prepaid, 60 cents. Each Book contains fifty handsomely printed promissory notes, with stubs, etc. Hundreds of thousands in use. Send your orders to

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ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL.

BY W. C. BINGHAM & CO. "The Union of Our Forefathers------Peace and Prosperity to All Men!" Terms---$8 Per Annum.

VOLUME VIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 30, 1876 NUMBER 269

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET:



For President of the United States,

Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio.

For Vice-President,

Wm. A. Wheeler, of New York.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:

L. C COULSON, of Jackson,
CHAS. E. MAYER, of Mobile.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

First District—Lon H Mayer of Mobile.
Second District—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.
Third District—P G Clarke of Barbour.
Fourth District — J T Rapier of Lowndes.
Fifth District—S S Booth of Autauga.
Sixth District—A B Hays, of Winston.
Seventh District—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.
Eighth District—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

INDEPENDENT TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
NOADIAH WOODRUFF of Dallas.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
AMOS MOODY of Franklin.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
H. J. LIVINGSTON of Autauga.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
E. H. GRANDIN, of Mobile.

FOR AUDITOR,
LEWIS OWEN of Montgomery.

FOR TREASURER,
W. B. HARRIS of Russell.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN TICKET OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

FOR STATE SENATOR.
CHARLES STEELE.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

T. C. BINGHAM, W. H. CRUSIUS,
J. K. GREENE, J. K. P. LUCAS.

It is only a few months since no two men in the country were more highly spoken of by the Democratic press than Carl Schurz, and Governor Chamberlain, of South Carolina. Now no two men in the country get so much abuse from the same source. Nothing exemplifies better the sort of "reform" spirit that animates the Democracy.

REPRESENTATIVE Morrison has consulted with a number of Senators in regard to the time of final adjournment, and has been informed that the Senate would be ready to adjourn on Monday. He does not believe, however, that it will be possible to get through with all business before Wednesday or Thursday, and will not draw up a resolution providing for an adjournment until it is apparent that both branches can adjourn within twenty-four hours thereafter. He is anxious for some reason that the majority of the House shall not avail themselves of the rule allowing a suspension of the rules during the last six days of the session, which they can if the time is fixed for an adjournment within the next three or four days. Until the day for adjournment is agreed upon by both branches, there can be no suspension of the rules except on Monday.

THE statement made by the Bourbon editors and stump orators in Alabama that Mr. Woodruff "voted for the negroes, Ben Turner and Roddy Thomas, for Treasurer of Dallas county, and Judge of the City Court of Selma" respectively, having been authoritativel denied and clearly disproved, the Mobile Register now says that if he had been in Selma at the time of the elections he would have voted for them. This is a specimen of that high tone, that chivalric honor so often boasted of by the Democratic leaders. They claim to be above a mean or disreputable act. Yet where can a more mean and disreputable act be found than this one of the Mobile Register. It is enough to bring the blush to Southern manhood, and tinge the cheeks of every upright gentleman with shame! Poor old John Forsyth, that once led the Democratic hosts in Alabama, and who would have scorned to perpetrate a dirty act against an opponent! He is now fallen so low that there are none to do him reverence!

UPON the strength of an assertion by a renegade Republican who was kicked out of the party for reasons which, if exposed, would shut every decent man's door against him—the Mobile Register states that the plan of the Republican party in the South is to incite disturbances similar to that of Hamburg, in order to make capital for the Republican National ticket. Such an assumption is so clearly in opposition to all the history of Southern Republicanism that we are surprised at the childish credulity of the Register in giving any countenance to it. Why Republicans should pursue a policy which not only invites violence, but absolutely results in the murder of their friends, and in many instances, of their kindred, is not defined by the Register, but it leaves the impression that, for the purpose of gaining a point elsewhere, Republicans here are willing to be murdered and maimed and driven from their peaceful homes into exile. No sane man believes such a monstrous improbability. If the Register had given any decent or respectable authority for its deductions, we should put ourselves to the trouble of disproving them by facts of history. But the person announced by the Register as authority for its silly statements is entitled to neither the confidence nor respect of honorable men. It is an authority which, wherever personally known, would be spurned without one moment's consideration, as the raving of a purchasable and purchased political huckster.

The Alabama Bourbons.

The Mobile Tribune of the 27th inst, thus discourses on the subject of the Bourbons:

In the South one of the strongest arguments that are used against the Democrats, is that they are Bourbons. That is not only defamatory, but clearly damnatory. It is true that most persons do not know what it means. But so much better, for it permits the imagination to construct a devil out of it. The other day on Royal street, we heard a good Republican use the word as a sort of crusher of a Democrat—a closer up of his mouth.

We asked what he meant by it. After some reflection, he said that he had seen the word in the Montgomery JOURNAL. That is a bully paper, quoth he, and every day knock's Democrats on the head. It wouldn't use the word so often, if there were not a strong argument in it.

For the information of the Tribune, and all others whom it may concern, we will state that a Bourbon is understood to be a person who learns nothing and forgets nothing. Originally and historically, the term applied to a race of Kings of France, Spain and Naples, who were repeating their own errors of administration, learning nothing from past experience. They were repeatedly dethroned, and as often as they were restored they fell into the same or similar mistakes. They held tenaciously to their erroneous ideas of government, however often they were exposed and shown to be false and destructive.

The original Bourbon was a son of Robert, Count of Clermont, who was created Duke of Bourbon in 1327. Robert descended from the Archambauds, Earls of Bourbon in Berry. The term Bourbon is appropriately applied to the Democracy because they imitate the Royal Bourbons of Europe in learning nothing from the past, and still hugging the delusions that have so often been dissipated by the progress of political ideas in this age and country. They are opposed to any improvement or advancement, and are perpetually recurring to the crude principles and ideas that prevailed among the early statesmen of this country. They are genuine Bourbons, in that they learn nothing and forget nothing.

If our cotemporary of the Tribune is not satisfied with this explanation, we will undertake to point out to him the fate of the French Bourbons, as a warning to him and his Bourbon associates in Alabama.

BRAZILIAN IMMIGRATION.—The Emperor of Brazil is said to have improved his recent visit to the United States by studying our emigration sources, his desire being to divert a portion of the tide of emigration to his own country. Some time ago, it is said, he endeavored, through agents sent to Hamburg and Bremen, though with poor success, to divert some of the German emigration to Brazil. His agents are now making similar endeavors with the Russian Mennonites, who have come and are still coming to America in considerable numbers. This thrifty class, owing to difficulties at home, are anxious to leave their own country, and they have generally selected the United States as their future dwelling place. The Emperor's agents, who have recently appeared in Russia are making, in his behalf, very liberal offers to them to go to Brazil. He proposes to give to every family one hundred and sixty acres of land, a supply for one year of all the necessaries of life, and free transportation to the property they are to occupy. His agents have invited them to send a deputation to Brazil to examine the country, and in accordance with this we are told that forty colonies of Mennonites, who fully intended to come to the United States, have postponed temporarily their emigration, in order to await the report of a deputation they have sent to Brazil to examine the country and the Emperor's proposals. The people of the United States, whilst not fearing the competition of Brazil in this instance, for the desirability of a home here is far greater than in the South American Empire, will nevertheless feel new admiration for the Emperor at thus endeavoring to "Americanize" the methods of populating his country. He sees the advantage we have had from the immigration of thrifty people from abroad, and naturally desires to attract it to his own country. We hope he may succeed. Europe has a sufficient surplus for both countries.

"Carpet Baggers."

The New York Herald of the 26th inst., has this to say concerning that much abused class of American citizins, denominated in Bourbon nomenclature as "carpet baggers:"

We hope this word will pass out of the literature of our politics. It is a reproach to every emigrant to the South, and has done the South infinite harm. One of the Southern papers says that the gentlemen of the South do not object to Northerners coming in with their brawn and muscle, that they will welcome them, provided they do not interfere in politics. Why should this restriction be imposed? If a Republican goes to Illinois he can vote as he pleases, and no one will rebuke him. Why should he not have the same right in South Carolina?

A DEMOCRATIC legislature "reduced the *per diem* of Senators and Representatives thirty-three and a third per cent., and the salaries of all State officers as required by the Constitution."—Marion Commonwealth.

Here is another brazen falsehood. The salaries of the State officers are just precisely what they were under Republican administration, and the pay of the last Legislature—Democratic unadulterated—was the same. Neither the taxes of the people, or the salaries of State officials are reduced one solitary farthing, and if the Marion Commonwealth knew what it was talking about, it knew that it uttered a falsehood.

IT is said that drowning is an easy mode of shuffling off this mortal coil. Not any in ours, if you please.

Delicate Apparatus.

The story of Archimedes, pursuing his scientific investigations, all unconscious of the din of war, receives many modern illustrations. While in Europe the public is discussing possible hostilities, and while in this country the Presidential struggle is imminent, while stocks and while prices respond to the public excitement, the pulses of the philosophers are at their normal beat; and they follow, in both hemispheres, their quiet occupations. At the recent meetings of scientific men, in connection with the "Loan Exhibition," at the South Kensington Museum, London, some apparatus was exhibited and described, and although not by any means new, still some present mention of them may be interesting. Suppressing hard names, we subjoin a few notes. Professor Marey, a French experimenter, exhibited his apparatus for measuring and recording beats of the heart and of the pulse. To measure or count the pulse the apparatus is affixed to the wrist. A long light lever moves with each beat, and its end, in contact with a piece of smoked glass, moved by clock work, records the pulsations, in what may be called "running hand." The movements of the lever give a continuous up and down scratch There are several modifications of this instrument, though in all the principle is the same. The same general mode shows the heart beats: A delicate India rubber vessel, box or bag, is impressed on one side by the heart beat, and a recorder on the other side answers to each compression. This is something like the manner in which the diaphragm contracts and enlarges the cavity of the chest. On the same plan, by an apparatus fastened to the upper part of the chest, the rate of respiration is recorded. One objection which occurs in a disinterested mind to all these beautiful contrivances is, that most patients would be unable to keep calm enough under such a test, to allow the pulse or respiration to be fairly recorded. Few persons can feel their own pulses, even, without finding that the rate is accelerated.

In another class of instruments water is employed. The arm or leg is put into a vessel of water with a tight India rubber cover, which clasps the arm or leg. The flow of blood into the limb lifts this sensitive India rubber, and the withdrawal of blood permits it to fall. Here again the patient or subject must have most remarkable nervous power to maintain such absolute immobility as not to shake the India rubber or cause it to undulate. And yet it is claimed that unusual brain action, calling the blood in from the extremities, is recorded by this apparatus. It was even stated that a classical scholar, tested with a Latin and a Greek book, showed that more blook is required for brain work to read Greek than Latin. This is certainly "putting a fine point" on the process.

An Opportunity for Barnwell Rhett.

[From the New York Herald 26th.]

R. Barnwell Rhett, Jr., has returned to journalism, and his paper shows that during his retirement he lost none of his former fire. Mr. Rhett belongs to one of the oldest Carolina families. Before the war he was a leader of the disunionists; during the war he was the fiercest of combatants; since the war he has been chief of the irreconcilables. Mr. Rhett is respected as a sincere and chivalrous man, who would gladly die for his opinions. He returns to the press the chief of what was known as the fire-eater party, and he supports with the old-time fervor the "reform ticket" of Tilden and Hendricks.

Mr. Rhett could win a great name if he were to show that his support of Tilden was also a reform movement. We do not know a party that needs reform more than that which follows the lead of this high-mettled and gifted gentleman. As we read the papers edited by the party which he leads we feel as if we were in an asylum for the insane or for women's nervous diseases. We hear shrill voices crying in the night—hysterical sobbings There is no repose, no foresight. The lost cause is fresher and more potent than in the war days. War issues which we have long since forgotten gain new life. All is wrath and bitterness. Northern men are "carpet-baggers." The Southern man who votes according to his conscience is, if he votes as a republican, a "scalawag." There is the same spirit of antipathy toward the North that was manifested before the war. The success of Tilden and Hendricks is hailed as the dawn of the new era—the coming of the better day. In that day there will be no more radical aggressions, no more carpet-baggers, no more scalawags. The heroic South will have free government at last.

Barnwell Rhett knows the North and is a cool man with wide experience. He knows that what the South wants is industry, emigration and capital. He sees that nothing would do his State more good than to make it as free to emigrants as Illinois and Oregon. He knows that the Sitting Bull policy of Hamburg Butler does his State infinite harm; that every negro who can hold a hoe is so much capital in the Stute. He knows that if Tilden were chosen President he could not do any more for the South than Johnson did, and that Johnson's course in inviting measures of repression from the Republicans toward the South did his people harm. The logical result of his reasoning must be that the true policy of his party is to throw over politics altogether, to take the Republicans as they proffer themselves, and so to act that whoever wins the victory will be with the South. Mr. Rhett will do the reform movement now in full tide, a great good if he will reform his own party. He should follow the example of Thiers. That great statesman, a monarchist all his life, in his old age became a Republican. He saw that the Republic was the safety of France. If Barnwell Rhett and his friends were to do the same thing, if they would come out and support the Republican ticket, if they would give the negro political equality and end this nonsense about the lost cause they would benefit the South. More than all they would end the Republican party. That party only lives now because of the folly of the extreme Southerners. Mr. Rhett will become a power in the land if he will only lead his followers into the higher regions of common sense and practical politics.

IN a long article filled with mean and unmanly denunciation of Mr. Woodruff, the Marion Commonwealth says:

He is a man without education, or experience in public affairs, a hypocrit and totally incompetent to fill the exalted station to which he arrogantly aspires.

Here that, now! Woodruff has no education, says this scribbler. How could a man without education make the mark which he has made in the commercial world? To be all that is mean, contemptible and degraded, a man has only to be an opponent of Bourbon Democracy in Alabama. That fixes him.

Major Modawell Speaks!

Fellow Citizens of Perry County: From a personal conversation with Mr. Woodruff, I know that he is totally incompetent to fill the Gubernatorial chair of our State. Respectfully,

W. B. MODAWELL.

Precisely. Mr. Modawell has been a candidate before every Democratic State Convention in Alabama since the war, for some office. He has blustered and blowed about corruption and misgovernment, only to be kicked out of the house of his friends as a bad egg for any official place. What does he want now? Is he after some other place? If so, we can safely promise him that under Woodruff's administration, he would stand no more chance of getting his hands on an office key than if were seeking to dethrone the Sultan. In his own words, he is totally incompetent to fill the chair of Lieutenant Governor and that is why the Democracy have given him the cold shoulder.

New Advertisements.

ICE! ICE! ICE

Ice! Ice!

No Short Crop in Alabama.

The Montgomery Protective Ice Co.

Having bought the Stock and Fixtures of D. P. WEST, and contracted for all the Ice made by the Montgomery Ice Manufacturing Co.,

Are now prepared to supply the public at their old stand, MONROE ST., opposite the CITY HALL. J. A. DIAZ & CO.,

4-6tf Agents.

GULF CITY HOTEL.

CORNER WATER & CONTI STREETS,

Mobile Ala.

GREAT REDUCTION OF RATES!

This HOTEL, with its beautifully furnished ROOMS and the best TABLE this line market affords, is undoubtedly the

CHEAPEST HOTEL

—IN THE—

SOUTH!

ONLY $2.00 and $2.50 PER DAY.

W. C. MORROW, JR.,
Proprietor.

3-8tf

BLANK.

Blanks, Blanks, Blanks.

We are now prepared to furnish Tax Collectors and Tax Assessors with

Blank Lists of Property, Tax Deeds, and all Blanks used by County Officials at Chicago Prices.

T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,
State Journal Job Office,
4-6tf Montgomery, Ala.

WANTED—

—FROM—

TEN TO FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS

—OF—

Black Moss,

Delivered at our shops.

Highest market price paid.

AUGS. ORLANDER & SON,
Mattress Makers and Renovators,
49 Market St., Shops cor. South and McDonough.

BEATTY'S Parlor Organs

Established in 1856.

The best and most lasting parlor organ now in use. No other parlor organ has ever attained the same popularity.

It has been tested by thousands, many of them competent judges, and gives universal satisfaction to all.

The music is adapted to the human voice, ranging from the softest flute-like note to a volume of sound unsurpassed by any instrument.

This instrument has all the latest improvements, and every organ is fully warranted for six years. Be utiful oil polish, black walnut panelled cases, which will not CRACK or WARP, and forms, in addition to a splendid instrument of music, a beautiful piece of furniture.

This organ needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and is sold at extremely low figures for cash. Second-hand instruments taken in exchange.

Agents wanted, male or female, in ever county in the United states and Canada. A liberal discount made to teachers, ministers, churches, schools, lodges, etc., where we have no agents. Illustrated catalogue and price list free. I have no agents. Best offer ever given now ready.

Address, DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.

BEATTY'S CELEBRATED GOLDEN TONGUE PARLOR ORGANS.

Messrs. Geo. P. Rowell & Co., (N. Y.) Newspaper Reporters, say:

"Daniel F. Beatty, the organ builder, of Washington, N. J., presses forward with greatest vigor."

From Wm. Peel, Niagara Falls, N. Y.

"Several months use of the elegant Parlor Organ you sent me, satisfies me that it is one of the best made. It has a rich tone; its various tones are most pleasant. I most heartily recommend your organs for parlor, school, church or other use."

Best offer ever given. Money refunded upon return of organ and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both, if I am dissatisfactory, after a trial of five days. Organ warranted for five years. Send for extended price list of testimonials before buying a parlor organ. Address,

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, New Jersey, U. S. A.

BY TELEGRAPH.

By the Associated Press for the State Journal.

NOON DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—A special from Leavenworth, Kansas, says that a story comes from Sidney, Nebraska, a recruiting station on the Union Pacific railroad, near Cheyenne, that the Sioux attacked Crook's camp, on Goose creek, killing nearly 300, and the entire command was driven across the creek. The story goes on to say that, on Wednesday evening, A. T. Fray, post sutler at Camp Sheridan, arrived at Sidney, and stated that Lame Deer, a friendly Chief, came into Camp Sheridan, 36 hours from the battlefield, as a courier, stating that Crook had more men killed than Custer. Lame Deer says the Indians now have full sweep in the northern country, and propose, after driving the miners from the Black Hills, sweeping the agencies and attacking railroad stations. The reported attack appears to have been made on Monday last. The report was regarded last night, at Sheridan's headquarters in Chicago, as preposterous. Gen. Drum, Adjutant General, says, had Lame Deer struck for Sidney from Crook's camp, he would have had to pass the Red Cloud and Spotted Tail agencies.

The officers and employes of the House had a preliminary meeting last night to organize a Tilden, Hendricks and Reform Club. A committee of thirteen was appointed on permanent organization, to report Monday.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, July 29.—John Kernan whipped James Coblins, 95 rounds, in one hour and thirty minutes; both badly punished.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 29.—In the Bennett challenge cup race Idler passed Quarantine station, bound in at 5:20 a. m. The Wanderer coming next at 6:45 a. m.; Countess of Dufferin, now 9 a. m., outside of bar. Nothing has been seen of America or Tidal Wave.

A Mr. Hudlow, was fatally stabbed by a burglar. The police was attracted by the noise and arrested the burglar. He gives his name as Wm. Keller, an Italian; he is 6 feet muscular.

FOREIGN.—Several prisoners were captured by the Turks. They were recently released from the Russian army, and the Servians are commanded by Russian officers. Servian plan of operations are changed. Prince Milan commands the Western army in person. The Servians massing in the valley of Moravia persistently stated that the powers will intervene by the 8th of August. Demolke, nephew of the German field Marshal, and Van Fissen, officers of the Empire Guards, fought a duel, Van Fissen was mortally wounded. It is stated that the troubles occurred at Belgrade and Ristich. The Prime Minister has gone to the front to entreat Milan not to return to the capital.

NEBRASKA.

CHEYENNE, July 29.—There is no authority for the report of Gen. Crook's fight. The report was made at Sidney two weeks ago, and contradicted from here by later dates.

MASSACHUSETTS.

HAVERHILL, July 29.—A tenement house, with Mrs. Long, was burned. Two other women jumped from the windows.

NEW JERSEY.

ELIZABETH, July 29.—Ellen Shelton, colored, was committed to jail for murdering her infant, one year old, by throwing it into a well. The child had four arms and three legs, and has been missing since September. The well had been constantly used.

NIGHT DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—165 recruits were ordered to various commands in the far West. If the President persists in withholding the signature from the sundry civil appropriation bill, and Congress makes no provision there will be no money for Tuesday's operation. All the departments that have submitted lists of employes they can spare with the least inconvenience nearly, complain that they will be crippled.

The conference committees made little progress to-day.

House.

Mr. Hill, of Georgia, called up the bill passed by both Houses extending the time for the redemption of lands sold for direct taxes, in order to have it amended so as to exclude the possibility of its being construed to affect National cemeteries. The bill so amended passed.

The House proceeded in the discussion of the reports of the committees on naval affairs. The Speaker, pro tem, holding that the matter pending at the previous adjournment took precedence of the business of the morning hour, which is the consideration of the bill to utilize the products of gold and silver mining. At the conclusion a very long debate on the previous question was seconded, and the matter went over to Monday, when a vote will take precedence of all other business. There is a night session for debate.

Senate no session.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 29.—The Echo, in its Berlin dispatch says Prince Niskata intends to resign as chief commander of the Montenegrin army.

The town of Soderham, Sweden, on Gulf of Bosnia, is burned; great distress; loss many million crowns.

LEEDS, July 29.—The Mercury says Roylton & Dexon, iron ship builders, of Middleborough, have suspended, in consequence of Thomas Vaugn & Co's. embarrassment.

CUBA.

HAVANA, July 29.—A decict has been issued calling on Senor Teodorico Feijoo, a Lieutenant Colonel, formerly Secretary of Capt. General Valmesada, and Senor Tratcha, of Arran & Co., provision dealers, to answer charges preferred against them before a special tribunal of defalcation and misdemeanors, in supplying provisions to the Spanish army here. If they do not appear within 30 days they will be declared culpable and tried by a court-martial.

TURKEY.

BELGRADE, July 29.—General Leschjanin announces that he cannonaded Osman Pasha's camp at Izur, compelling him to withdraw the distance of four kilometres.

Official dispatches state that the Turks who attacked the Montenegrians near Medun, on Friday, were completely defeated.

Mr. Pesther Lloyd, the British representative in Servia, is endeavoring to induce the Prince of Milan to make propositions for a reconciliation to the Porte before final operations take place.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, July 29.—Great excitement prevails in the Stock Exchange in consequence of the decline in Housatonic City railway shares. Two firms will be compelled to suspend.

ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, July 29.—The committee appointed by the President of the Board of Trade, to investigate the condition of wheat in elevators, report it in good condition, with the exception of about a dozen bins, which contain warm wheat.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Four companies of United States troops, numbering three hundred men, for the Indian frontier, leave Jersey City to-morrow morning.

Bank statement—loans decrease $1,125,000; specie decrease, $1,375,000; legal tender increase, $2,375,000; deposits decrease, $875,000; reserve increase, $1,125,000.

Two of the yachts belonging to the New York yacht club, which left Sandy Hook on Thursday afternoon, arrived this morning. The Idler won.

SARATOGA, July 29.—Half mile, Sooboo won; Seward second, Puryear third Time 5:14. Saratoga Cup, Tom Ochiltree won, Parade second, Big Sandy third. Time 4:6¼. One mile, three year olds—Freebooter won, Courier second, Waco third. Time 1:48. Selling race, 1¼ miles, Picolo won, Grey Nun second, Spendthrift third. Time 2:14.

KENTUCKY.

LOUISVILLE, July 29.—Col. Wharton, suspended District Attorney for Kentucky, is a law partner of ex-Secretary Bristow.

NEBRASKA.

OMAHA, July 29.—An official telegram from Fort Laramie says a courier has just arrived from the Red Cloud agency, and says Red Cloud told him that Crazy Horse was coming into the agency very soon, and that his band was now on the way there; twenty lodges had already arrived. Crazy Horse sent word to Capt. Egan that he would see him and shake hands, and make a treaty, and be a friendly Indian.

The Indians lately arrived will not talk about the fight, and pretend to know nothing about it.

The council of war held at Cheyenne camp while the courier was detained there to talk over the change from civil to military authority, many opposed it. Red Cloud has expressed satisfaction at the change.

Fears are entertained that any attempt to deprive the Indians of their ponies and arms will meet with resistance, as they can muster a large force, well armed, while the number of troops at the post is very small. It is thought that they will allow themselves to be numbered without opposition.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 29.—Business has not shown any symptoms of reaction yet, and very low prices are obtained for many kinds of produce. A large business is reported in floating cargoes of sugar. The demand for low brown has been firm but less active. Colony coffee has again ad vanced. Stocks of ordinary and pale sorts are rather heavy, and are sold with difficulty at prices in favor of buyers. The tea market has been exceedingly dull for private contract.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, July 29.—The third golden drawing opened at the Opera House to-day. The following numbers drew the large prizes: No. 2876 drew $100,000; No. 10,179 drew $50,000; No 10,820 drew $20,000; No. 9,701 drew $10,000.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—The Senate amendment now pending, reduces Mrs. Custer's pension from fifty to thirty dollars.

WEATHER—For the Gulf States, partly cloudy weather and areas of rain, variable winds, mostly from the South and West, with rising temperature and slight changes in barometer.

TURKEY.

RAGUSA, July 29.—Advices from Sclavonic sources announce that the Servian Colonel Antich, repulsed Dervish Pasha on Thursday, while the latter was marching to reinforce the Turks at Sientenza. The Turks attrcked Schekularc in the northeast. The Montenegrians were repulsed, losing 129 killed.

WYOMING.

CHEYENNE, July 29.—Previous reports via the Missouri river agencies are in fact confirmed by news received at Fort Laramie, from Red Cloud to-day.

Runners arrived at that agency said to have come from Crazy Horse's band state that the chief with a portion of his band had left Sitting Bull's domains, and are en route for agencies avowedly to treat for peace. The winning over of the agency of Red Cloud and Spotted Tail has been without difficulty, while a majority of the Indians are disposed to submit gracefully thereto. Quite a number express dissatisfaction at having soldiers' fathers placed over them, and final council being held. At Red Cloud to-day some dissatisfaction is felt by the Indians at the meagre supply of food, which consists entirely of corn, flour and beef. They insist on sugar, coffee and tobacco in fulfillment of treaty stipulations, and further, in attributing to the departure from the agencies of those who have joined hostile bands, to this fact rather than to a desire for war. An apprehension of inability to carry out the orders to disarm all these Indians before allowing them to return to the agency, exists at camps Sheridan and Robinson.

The companies of the Fifth cavalry go to Camp Sheridan, inceasing the force at that post to four companies, while at Camp Robinson there are only three companies. The report made by John Warrick, in forwarding the memorandum book belonging to L. P. Richardson, is contradicted by W. H. Hibbard, who arrived here this evening, having met Richardson and a coach load of passengers at Hot Creek, on 26th inst.

Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

JULY 24.—Our market to-day is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary	8⅛@8⅛
Good Ordinary	10 @—
Strict Good Ordinary	10 @—
Low Middling	10½@—
Middling	11⅛@—

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.

Bacon—C R Sides	11½@		12⅛
" Shoulders	10 @		10⅛
Bulk—C R Sides	11½@		11⅝
" Shoulders	9 @		9⅛
Plain Sugar-cured Hams	— @		—
Canvas	" "		16
Lard—Choice, in tierces	13 @		13½
" " " ½ bbls	14 @		14½
" " " kegs	14½@		15
" " " buckets	$ 15 @		$ 20
Sugar—Snow White	12 @		—
" W. C	11½@		11⅝
" Y. C	11½@		—
" Strictly Choice	11⅛@		—
" Prime	10½@		10¾
" Fair	10 @		10⅜
Molasses—Choice	65 @		70
" Prime	50 @		55
" Fair	45 @		50
" Common	35 @		40
Coffee—Choice	23 @		—
" Prime	22 @		21½
" Fair	21 @		21¼
" Common	20 @		20⅜
Rice—Choice	8 @		8¼
" Prime	7 @		7⅛
" Fair	6½@		7
Flour—Fancy	$ 8 00 @		$ 8 50
" Choice	7 50 @		7 75
" Family	6 25 @		7 00
" Superfine	5 00 @		5 50
" Common	4 75 @		5 00
Tobacco	42 @		1 00
Whisky—Rectified	1 08 @		1 35
" Better Grades	1 50 @		3 50
Wine—Port and Sherry	1 25 @		2 00
" Claret	3 50 @		6 00
Brandies	$ 1 25 @		$ 2 50
" French	6 00 @		10 00
" Peach and Apple	2 00 @		3 50
Gin	1 40 @		2 25
" in cases	6 00 @		7 00
Beer in bottles, per doz	1 65 @		1 75
" in kegs	3 50 @		—
Cigars, per thousand	18 00 @		60 00
CASE GOODS—			
Oysters, 1 lb cans, per doz	90 @		1 00
" 2 " "	1 75 @		2 00
Fresh Peaches, 2 lb cans, per doz	2 00 @		2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case	4 00 @		4 25
" Cherries, " "	4 25 @		4 50
Sardines, ¼ Ks, " "	10 00 @		16 50
Condensed Milk, " "	11 00 @		12 00
Yeast Powders, per doz	1 50 @		2 10
Pickles, gal's, "	5 00 @		6 00
" ½ " "	3 75 @		4 50
" ¼ " "	2 50 @		3 00
" ⅛ " "	1 50 @		2 00
Soda, in Kegs, "	— @		6
" " Bxs, "	6½@		7½
Potash, " doz	5 50 @		6 50
Candles, full weight, per lb	16½@		17½
Soaps, "	5 @		7½
Starch, "	5½@		6½
Salt, Liverpool, per sack	1 35 @		1 40
" Fine Liverpool	2 00 @		—
" Virginia, "	2 10 @		2 25
Drop Shot	2 60 @		—
Buck Shot	2 75 @		—
Powder, " keg	5 75 @		6 25
Nails, standard rate, per keg	3 50 @		—
Snuff—Maccaboy, Lorillard's	80 @		—
" Miller's	75 @		—
" Gail & Ax	70 @		—
" Scotch, per gross	9 00 @		—
" Garrett's, per doz	4 75 @		—
Ink, per case	1 50 @		—
Mustard, per dozen	1 25 @		3 00
Ground Spices	1 00 @		1 25
" Pepper	1 00 @		1 25
" Ginger	1 00 @		1 25
" Allspice	1 00 @		1 25
" Cloves	1 00 @		1 25
" Cinnamon	1 00 @		—
Percussion Caps	65 @		85
" G. D. Caps	45 @		—
Toilet Soaps, box	1 75 @		2 25
Blueing, box	50 @		1 00
" Smoking Tobacco	50 @		60
Pen	75 @		1 25
Wampoo Bitters	6 50 @		—
Diamond Gin	7 50 @		—
Plantation Bitters	8 50 @		—
Hostetter's Bitters	8 00 @		12 50
Rhine Wines	1 00 @		—
Wrapping Paper, Large	75 @		—
" Dbl	65 @		—
" Medium	50 @		—
" Small	40 @		—
Nutmegs	1 50 @		—
Brooms	2 25 @		3 50

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Money closed at 1¼ @2. Gold 111¾. Stocks firmer.

COTTON.

Spot cotton to-day closed easier: Middling Orleans 11⅝c; middling Alabama, 11 13-16c; middling upland, 11¾c; strict low middling upland, 11½; low middling upland, 11 1-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10⅞c; good ordinary upland, 9 15-16c; ordinary upland, 8 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed weak; sales 7,600 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 25-32@11 15 32
August	11 2 -32@
September	11 7-16@11 15-32
October	11 9-32@
November	11 25-32@11 11-16
December	11 7-32@11 11-16

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 29.—Cotton steady; middling uplands, 5 7-8d; middling Orleans, 6d; sales to-day 8,000 bales, of which 2,000 bales are for export and speculation; receipts —— bales, American —— bales.

SAVANNAH, July 29—Receipts 57, gross 2, exports to Great Britain —; sales 2; stock 1,-435; price of middlings, 10⅞c; market quiet.

PROVISION MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 29.—Flour quiet, extra $4 25@5 75. Wheat lower, No. 2 spring 92½c. Corn firm, No. 2 mixed 44½c, new mixed 43c. Oats dull, No. 2 mixed 28½c. Rye dull, 62@62½c. Barley dull, 58c. Mess Pork quiet, $19 42—Lard steady, 10½c. Dry Salt Meats quiet, shoulders 8½c, long clear 11½c. Green Meats quiet and unchanged. Whisky quiet, $1 10½.

NEW ORLEANS, July 29.—Sugar strong, fair 7@7½c, prime 8c. Molasses, demand good, choice 48@50c, strictly prime 52c. Flour dull, superfine $3 75, choice family $6 75@7 75. Pork steady, mess $24 00@24 75. Corn, in sacks, white 55c, mixed 54c, yellow 58c. Oats quiet, 42c. Hay prime $15@16. Dry Salt Meats, shoulders 8¼@9c, clear rib sides 12½c, clear 13c. Bacon, shoulders 10½

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

SUNDAY, JULY 30, 1876.

An Interesting Document.

THE DISTINGUISHED NEW YORKERS WHO DIDN'T BELIEVE TILDEN COULD CARRY THE STATE IF NOMINATED.

This little document, which was largely circulated at St. Louis, is now of considerable general interest:

"As the friends of Governor Tilden from New York are industriously circulating a report among delegates to the Convention from other States that the opposition in the State of New York to his nomination emanates from parties either without personal character or having little political influence, it is proper that the facts should be laid before the delegates assembled, that they may be enabled to judge in an intelligent and impartial manner of the truth of these statements, and shape their action accordingly. The following partial and incomplete list of prominent New York Democrats, who oppose Mr. Tilden's nomination on the ground that he cannot carry his own State or the country, is the best answer to these statements, and is all the evidence it is deemed necessary to furnish, and are from all sections of the State, only four belonging to the city of New York, viz:

Augustus Schell,	Judge C. E. Pratt, S.
Hon. John Kelly,	Court,
August Belmont,	Judge J. F. Barnard,
Wm. B. Travers,	S. Court.
Maj. Gen. H. W. Slocum,	Judge T. L. Westbrook, S. Court,
Judge Gilbert,	Judge J. S. Dayforth,
Horatio Seymour, jr.,	S. Court,
Hon. Chas. Wheaton	Chancellor J. V. L. Pruyn,
DeWitt C. West,	Ex-Atty Gen. Daniel
Erastus Corning,	Pratt,
Hon. S. S. Cox, M. C.,	Honorable Fernando
Judge Comstock,	Wood, M. C.,
Hon Roger A. Pryor,	Ex-Governor Hoffman,
Judge Andrew J. Dykeman,	Chief Justice Sanford E. Church,
Justice Reppallo,	Court of Appeals,
Court of Appeals,	Judge W. L. Larned,
Judge Hiram Gray,	S. Court,
Mayor W. S. Pomeroy,	Ex Mayor A. S. Page,
Hon. Eli Perry,	Mayor A. Bleecker Banks,
Hon. G. W. Miller,	Ex-Judge A. B. Tappan,
Hon. Ben Ray,	Hon. Geo. C. Greene,
Hon. R. M. Skeels,	Hon. Delos DeWolf,
Hon. Joshua T. Miller,	Hon. Elmore P. Ross,
Hon. O. H. Cheesborough,	Ex-Mayor James Bickett,
Justice Allen, Court of Appeals,	Ex-Judge A. Gardner,
Justice Miller, Court of Appeals,	Ex-Judge F. I. Pinnby,
Hon. D. C. Littlejohn,	Hon. W. C. Rowly,
Lt. Gov. Allen C. Beach,	Hon. J. C. Jackson,
Judge Chas. Donahue, Superior Ct.	Hon Adin Thayer,
Hon. Wm. G. Fargo,	Hon Charles Ross, State Treasurer,
Hon. A. J. Parker,	Mayor Carpenter,
Hon. E. O. Perrin,	Hon Erastus Ide,
Hon. J. O. Whitehouse, M. C.,	Hon C. P. Colvin,
Hon. Chas. C. B. Walker, M. C.,	Hon Abram Weaver,
Hon. E. Brooks,	Hon J. R. Fonda,
Hon. J. S. Thayer,	Gen J. A. Farwell,
Jud. e I. H. Clute,	Hon C. P. Comer.
Hon. C. A. Walrath,	Hon W. H. Ely,
Sidney Webster,	Hon Abram H. Miller,
Hon. M. B. Chaplin, twice Att'y Gen.,	Ratger Miller,
D. C. Howell, Sup't Banking,	Morris Miller,
Gen. Geo. Magee,	A. V. V. Dodge,
Three Messrs. Arnott, Bros.,	Hon Sam'l B. Piper,
Hon. J. B. Pearson,	Hon C. T. Duryea,
Hon. I. McConihe,	Judge John R. Reid,
Hon. Moses Warren,	Mayor J. W. Hunter,
R. H. Waterman,	Hon Wm. T. Hornbin,
mem. State Com.,	Hon C. B. Freeman,
Wm. R. Roberts,	Hon Jas. Faulkner,
E. L. Donnelly,	Hon L. B. Faulkner,
Frederick Smyth,	Hon L. B. Faulkner,
Judge Charles Holman,	Judge S. D. Faulkner,
Senator W. C. Lamont,	Gen J. H. Mosier,
Col. Sam North,	Hon N. C. Monk,
Hon Frank Abbott,	Hon D. B. McNeil,
Hon. G. W. Millspaugh,	Hon F. W. Vosburgh, John E. Morey,
Hon. John Rankin,	Hon George Taylor,
J. Stewart Wells,	Hon Dan'l Warren,
Hon. J. M. Nelson,	Hon. S. L. Mayhew.

"The above are leading representative Democrats from every section of the State, and there are numerous others whose names are not included."

THE Supreme Court of the United States has just rendered a decision which finally settles the long-vexed question as to the liability of bankers doing business as brokers to the additional taxation chargeable by law upon the latter. The court held as follows:

A broker is one whose business it is to negotiate purchases or sales of stock, exchange, bullion, coined money, bank notes, promissory notes, or other securities for himself or for others. Ordinarily the term broker is applied to one acting for others, but the part of the definition which speaks of purchases and sales for himself is equally important as that which speaks of sales and purchases for others. All parts of the definition are qualified by the words, "whose business it is."

It is only when it becomes his trade, his profession, his means of getting his living, or of making his fortune, that he becomes a broker within the meaning of the statute. Nor is it believed that a sale by one doing a banking business only, of a security received by him for the repayment of a legitimate loan, would make him a broker and subject to the tax. This would not be deemed an act of brokerage, either under the statute or upon general principles of law. But if his business, the statute properly holds all such acts, whether in the name of himself or of others, as the acts of brokers. The danger and facility for evasion of the statute furnish excellent reasons for the adoption of the provision. The intent of Congress to subject to taxation all sales made by those engaged in the business of brokers is plain enough.

A Frank Confession.

The Ohio Editorial Convention has just been in session at Put-in-Bay. The correspondent of the Cincinnati Gazette writes:

Two Democrats were conversing within my hearing and indeed in my presence: "I wish we didn't have to depend wholly upon the united South," said one; "if Tilden is elected, these fellows down there will be more insolent than they were before the war."

The pricking of the conscience ought to come to a good many Democrats. It is a fearful danger into which they are threatening to plunge the country. The conversation proceeded:

"Perhaps," replied the other, "we won't have to depend wholly upon them, John G. Thompson thinks we may carry Ohio." "He thinks nothing of the kind," said the first, "he pretends to say so, but he knows better, and only disgusts sensible men by the pretense." "What do you suppose will be the Republican majority in Ohio?" "Anywhere between twenty and forty thousand."

The frankness of this talk on one side is a hopeful indication. It contains food for reflection. The dangers of a victory that could only come from united South are impressing themselves upon a good many minds.

A Good Story.

HOW HENDRICKS LOST THE SUPPORT OF THE SOUTHERN DELEGATION.

[From the Indianapolis Journal.]

Some gentlemen who attended the St. Louis Convention, called upon Governor Hendricks yesterday at the Executive Department, and time having somewhat mollified their chagrin over the defeat of Indiana's "favorite son," the interview was spiced with several good stories of personal experience and reminiscences of the Convention. The best one told was that of a conversation which took place between a warm friend and advocate of the Governor's and the spokesman for for some of the Southern delegates going to the Convention uninstructed by their State Conventions, and he saw a good opportunity to put in a good word for his candidate. Approaching the crowd he asked:

"Going to St. Louis?"

"Yes, sir, we're on our way there."

"Delegates from the South, I presume?"

"We came from a Southern State."

"Well, now, for whom are you going to vote?"

"We come here uninstructed, and do not know what candidate we shall support."

"Do you know that Tom Hendricks is your man? He is the best friend the South has got."

"You don't say so?" in a doubting, hesitating manner.

"Yes I do," enthusiastically responded the Indiana orator; "and you fellows ought to go for him. He's got a warm spot in his heart for your people, and did all he could for them when they needed friends most."

"Are you sure of this? How do you know it?"

"Why, I know him all through: have been with him all the time. When he was in the Senate the reconstruction measures were passed to oppress you and literally deprive you of a voice in the State Governments, he opposed them on high constitutional grounds, and did all he could to prevent their enactment."

"Is that so? Do you really believe he was truly a friend of the South?"

"Is that so?" Of course it's so. Don't the record show it?"

"Well, if that is so, we can't go for him. We can't afford to support a man who was a friend of ours, for we couldn't elect him in God Almighty's world. He won't do."

And then the enthusiastic Indiana delegate suddenly withdrew, with the impression that he had lost an entire delegation by taking the wrong tack. They belonged to that crowd which was howling for Hancock because his loyalty could not be questioned.

The South and the Canvass.

[N. Y. Herald.]

One of the arguments addressed to the white men of the South to win their votes for Tilden is that his election will be the dawn of a new era to the Southern people. In what way can Tilden help the South? His record is that of a Union man. He supported the war. He accepts all the amendments to the constitution; all the measures of reconstruction. He would not pay the Confederate debt. If President all he could do would be to remove the federal officers and appoint new ones; even in this he would have to meet the approval of a Senate which will be Republican, most likely, whether he is elected or not. In hope of winning this barren recognition the Southern men array themselves against the Republicans, and give renewed reasons for the continuance in power of the Republican party. And yet the Republicans especially in the letter of Hayes offer to meet the Southern men on equal ground, and let bygones be bygones, and have no future but the whole Union, one and indivisible. If the Southern men would take the Republicans at their word there would be an end to sectionalism, and very soon the end of the Republican party. New issues would arise in which the war, race, reconstruction would have no place—issues like those which divided the federalists and Republicans in the past. This would give the South a vantage ground it has never yet possessed. We are surprised that Southern men like Lamar, Gordon and Fitzhugh Lee do not see this. A really great Southern statesman could do as much for the South now as Thiers did for France when he threw aside the monarchial traditions of a life and accepted the Republic.

Carpet-Baggers.

[N. Y. Herald.]

There is no word which has done the Southern States more harm than the word carpet-bagger. Its meaning in the South is clear enough. It is intended to apply to adventurers from the North who went South after the war for the purpose of plundering the inhabitants and returning home with their plunder. It is regarded in the North as a term of reproach and has had the effect of deterring from Southern States thousands of honest Northern men who would have been glad to go South, on account of the climate and the natural richness of the soil. The Maine citizen may go to Colorado and California and be welcome. It is no reproach to him that he is born in the East and votes the Republican ticket. Let him go to Georgia or Carolina, and carry with him his principles, and his fate is social, personal, political ostracism. He can assert no independence of judgment without incurring the worst forms of reproach. Something of this may be due to the soreness occasioned by the war. But while this was natural it should not last always. The word carpet-bagger may serve the purpose of a flippant politician like Mr. Cox, but it should have no place in our literature. If we go into the matter deeply we shall find that we are all carpet-baggers, with the exception of Sitting Bull and his people.

The Indianapolis Journal reprints from the Fort Wayne Gazette an interesting account of the part borne by Mr. Samuel J. Tilden in grossly swindling the city of Fort Wayne and citizens of Eastern Indiana out of $1,250,000 and rendering their stock in a certain railroad valueless. There seems to be absolutely no end to the swindling, wild cat operations in which this man has been engaged who now sets himself up as a reformer and the incarnation of honor.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

PLATFORM

—OF THE—

REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections State and Federal, announce as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men as the fundamental principle of our government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperilling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the cordial recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing intolerance, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and action, in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and antipathies, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the States and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one as indestructible, the other as indissoluble.

5th. The preservation and maintainance of the Republican party in the Southern States, as a safeguard against sectionalism, and the strongest guaranty of an inviolate union.

Resolved 1st, That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has carried the nation through a period of unprecedented difficulties and trials with safety and success, and has won for the President a renown as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd. That we deplore the divisions in our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies, and that now, as in the past, we are ready and desirous of healing these divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse to its energies or hope to its future, since the war, and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

ALEX WHITE, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 15th, 1876.)

When, in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved these governments to the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed." Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously enforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitutional amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts of its purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin. Commercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the many important amendments effected by Republican Legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congress to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who perilled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We therefore note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts as its chief hope of success in the electoral vote of a united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation; we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would result in sectional strife and imperil the national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason; with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the entire people's recent fraternal rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan mismanagement and obstruction of investigation; with proving itself, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and immense services in war and in peace.

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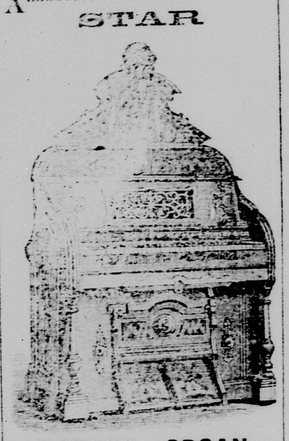

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DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

SUNDAY, JULY 30, 1876.

DRIFTING INTO LOVE.

I had sworn to be a bachelor, she had sworn to be a maid,
For we both agreed in doubting whether matrimony paid;
Besides, I had my higher aims—for science filled my heart,
And she and her young affections were all wound up in art.

So we laughed at those wise men who say that friendship can not live
Truer than and woman unless each has something object to give.
We would not let lends as true as e'er were man and man—
I'd be a second David and she Miss Jonathan.

We liked each other—that was all—and quite enough to say—
So we just shook hands upon it in a business sort of way.

We shared our sorrows and our joys; together hoped and feared;
With common purpose sought the goal which young ambition reared.
We dreamed together of the day, the dream bright days to come.
We were strictly confidential and called each other 'chum.'

And many a day we wandered together o'er the hills
And watched bees and butterflies, and she the ruined mills
And old bridges and the like, which picturesque makers prize,
To rain in with their waterfalls and groves and sunny skies.

And many a quiet evening, in hours of lull re leave,
We floated down the river or loafed beneath the trees,
And talked in long gradation from the poets to the weather,
While the summer skies and my cigar burned slowly out together.

But through it all no whisperal word or tell-tale look betrayed
Told aught of warmer sentiment than friendly sympathy;
We talked of love as coldly as we talked of ne horse,
As the thought no more of being one than we did of being three.

"Well, good by, old fellow"—I to k her hand, for the time had come to go—
We going meant our parting, when to meet we did not know;
I held my rival long and said farewell with a very heavy heart,
For, though we were but friends you know, 'tis hard for friends to part.

"Well, good by, old fellow; don't forget your friends across the sea.
And some day when you've lots of time, just drop a line to me."
The words came haughtily, sayly, but a great sob welled behind
Rose up and with a story of quite a different kind.

And then she raised her eyes to mine, great liquid eyes of blue,
Full to the brim and running o'er, like a violet cup with dew—
One look, long look, and then I did what I never did before;
Perhaps the dear meant friendship, but I think she kissed me more.

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The following schedule takes effect June 5th, 1876:

NORTHWARD.

	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 11.
Leave Atlanta	4.10 p. m.	7.00 a. m.	5.55 p. m
Ar Cartersville	6.14 p. m.	9.22 a. m.	8.41 p. m
Ar. Kingston	6.4[illegible] p. m.	9.56 a. m.	9.17 p. m
Ar. Dalton	[illegible] p. m.	11.54 a. m.	11.35 p. m
Ar. Chattanooga	10.25 p. m.	1.50 p. m.	

SOUTHWARD.

	No. 2.	No. 4.	No. 11.
Leave Chattanooga	4.00 p. m.	5.00 a. m.	
Ar Dalton	8.41 p. m.	7.01 a. m.	1.00 a m
Ar Kingston	7.38 p. m.	9.07 a. m.	4.19 a m
Ar Cartersville	8.12 p. m.	9.42 a. m.	5.18 a m
Ar Atlanta	10.15 p. m.	12.06 m.	9.30 a m

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Parties desiring a whole car through to the Virginia Springs or to Baltimore, should address the undersigned.

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21.	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing,	50
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THE GREAT

English Remedy.

The Cordial Balm of Syricum and Tonic Pills.

Nervous Debility,

However obscure the causes may be which contribute to render its vous debility a disease so prevalent, affecting, as it doubtless does, half our adult population, it is a melancholy fact, that day by day, and year by year, we witness a most frightful increase of nervous affections from the slightest neuralgia to the more grave and extreme forms of

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Calera	9:35 am	10:25 pm
Birmingham	10:55 am	11:45 pm
Decatur	2:45 pm	3:05 am
Nashville	8:15 pm	8:20 am
Arrive at Louisville	3:45 am	3:40 pm

Accommodation.

	No 8
Leaves Montgomery	4:00 p m
Calera	10:25 p m
Arrive Birmingham	3:00 a m

COMING SOUTH.

	No 1—Mail	No 3—Exp
Leaves Louisville	10:05 am	12:35 am
Nashville	6:45 pm	8:25 am
Decatur	12:40 am	2:00 p m
Birmingham	5:00 am	5:

DAILY STATE JOURNAL

SUNDAY, JULY 30, 1876.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

CATHOLIC.

St. Peter's—Rev. Father Savage, Pastor. Services at 8, 10½ A. M. and 4 P. M.

EPISCOPAL.

St. Luke's—Rev. Dr. R. Stringfellow, Rector. Services at 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sabbath School at 9½ A. M.

HEBREW.

Kahl Montgomery—Rev. Dr. B. H. Jacobs, Rabbi. Services at 9½ A. M. on Friday, and 4 P. M. on Saturday.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Rev. G. H. W. Petrie, D. D., Pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 8 P. M. Sabbath School at 3 P. M. Thursday evening at 8 P. M.

METHODIST.

Centenary Station—Rev. R. H. Andrews, Pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sabbath School at 9½ A. M.

Hedrick Station—Rev. T. H. Armstrong, Pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sabbath School at 3 P. M.

Perry-st.—Rev. J. L. Wells, Pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sabbath School at 9½ A. M.

BAPTIST.

Court—Rev. ——, Pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sabbath School at 9½ A. M.

A. R. Street—Rev. J. Pickett, Pastor. Services at 11 A. M. Sabbath School at 9½ A. M.

WEATHERISH.

Fanning a breeze.

Cracking weather.

Moonlight nights soon.

Corn stocks are thicker than ever.

Cruise on the water these nights.

Ice water seems to be in demand.

Yesterday's sunset was beautiful.

Everyone about town is picking up.

Drink oatmeal water. It's healthy.

You can remove the sponge from your hot now.

Won't somebody get up some kind of an excitement?

Interesting catalogue of comic specie. Heavens!

Ice was sold in many parts of the city yesterday.

Between the rains who ever saw the like of this year's crop?

Is it not outlandish to have a lion sing you below the left eye?

We mourn the absence of organ-grinders and their monkeys.

Markets abound with peaches and pears. N'um, n'um, n'um.

Boots five-cent pieces—made of lead—are being circulated extensively.

"He's a polished gentleman," said she, gazing fondly at the bald head which showeth her handiwork.

The cheap and economical summer resorts are overcrowded. But it's exceedingly difficult to find them.

"Why do you call your dog Oak?" asked Smith of Jones. "Because he has such a coarse bark," replied Mr. J.

"Ma, dear," said an intelligent pet, "what do they play the organ so loud for when church is over? Is it to wake us up?"

What effect does cutting off a dog's tail have on his locomotion? It has no effect on his carriage but stops his wagging.

If the proposed monument to Custer be erected, he will be the first officer who fell in Indian warfare who has been thus honored.

Why does a duck go into the water? For divers reasons.

Why come out of the water? For sundry reasons.

The zither is fast coming into fashion in drawing rooms, and, it is said, threatens the exclusion of other now popular instruments.

In the Nashville market eggs are quoted at 20@1 cents per dozen. If the Tennessee hens had any self-respect they would strike.

The individual who called tight boots comfortable defended his position by saying they made a man forget all his other miseries.

"A nursery must be a great place for dancing." "Why so?" "Because it is." "I don't see how." "Ain't a nursery a regular bawl-room?"

A courageous maiden prevented a duel between two fools at Long Branch the other day by standing between the pistol holders. Pity.

An insectologer has discovered that the best time to examine the wonderful architecture of the hornet's nest is after the hornets have moved out.

An entertaining dog fight took place in front of this office last night, and the yellow dog whipped. He went home minus his left ear, though, and the left ear was left 'ere.

The number of postal cards printed during the quarter ending July 1st, was 24,000,000, an increase of nearly 10,000,000 over the corresponding quarter for 1875.

A corrected roll of the men who fell at the battle of the Alamo has just been published by Governor Pease, of Texas. There are eleven names not inscribed on the battle monument.

Seventy-nine dollars and fifty cents per month for men who are exposed to every imaginable danger and hardship. It's not enough, and a shame that such a state of things should exist.

Shopkeepers and merchants are cautioned against throwing store sweepings in the street gutters. An old gray headed rooster has his eyes everywhere, and makes a note of all he sees.

He blushed a fiery red, her heart went pit-a-pat; she gently hung her head, and looked down at the mat. He trembled in his speech, he rose from where he sat, and shouted with a screech, "You're sitting on my hat!"

His vocalizations were cut short and his calm features assumed an ashen hue, when a sharp, squeaking voice in the darkness cried. "No yer sneakin' varmint; you kin bet yer life it hain't a goin' to be put by till yer pays wat yer owes me fur washin'. I—" He had disappeared when the speaker had gone thus far, and silence reigned.

Were one seek two thermometers standing side by side in a private window, one lying quietly at 76°, while the other nudged up to 49°, it shocken our faith in Old Probs, and we wonder if it really was hot and work, or was it all a put-up job?

"What is that, darling?" asked a young St. Louis husband of his Chicago bride, she turned the heaven of her blue eyes upon him and answered: "That's one of my pockets, dearest." "Ah," he replied, softly, "I thought it was a dog-eared."

Look out for a Masonic dead beat, who adopts the name on hotel registers as "D. Gort Harris, Fayetteville, Ala." He has swindled several Lodges in Richmond, Va., and it is stated that he is working up this way. Scat, git out, we don't want you.

A woman in Selma who started to jump in the river and drown herself, suddenly remembered that she had left the cat in the pantry and hurried back home nine afterwards said: "The idea of my scrambling in the water, and thinking that that cat was licking the cream off my milk in the pantry, at that very minute, was more'n I could bear."

"Will, yer love me then as now?" she leaned sweetly, as they stood on the front stoop. "I'se darling, yes, indeedy," he replied. "Then there is one thing you must promise me, dear." "What, my lovie?" "That you will stop eating onions, and, for goodness sake, get shaved before you come to see me again. It's horrid to have one's face scratched up with a nothing-greater chin, and it takes away half the pleasure of being loved." He promised.

A boy in Bogotalissa had a birthday party. A six-year-old guest thus describes it to his mother: "First we all had some bread and butter. Then we all had a lot of lemonade, and then all the little boys had the stomach-ache. The big girls told us to go into the house and lie down on the floor, and they made us drink peppermint and water until we felt better. Then we all went out to play."

Books.—The following valuable books can be purchased at the low prices stated, by application at this office:

Henry's Commentaries on the Bible, six large volumes, at $4 per volume. Allison's History of Europe, four large volumes, at $6 per volume. Lossing's Field Book of the American Revolution, two large volumes profusely illustrated, at $5.50 per volume; and Prof. Tuomey's first and second report on the Geology of Alabama, at $3.25 per volume. This is a rare chance to secure books cheap, that ought to be in every well selected library.

The Cincinnati Star has the following item in its issue of the 27th inst:

A disrespected old negro in Montgomery, Ala., while watching the monkeys in a menagerie in that city, spoke thus: "Dem children got too much sense to come often dat cage; white folks cut dar tails off and set 'em votin' and makin' constitutions."

There is not a word of truth in this paragraph. There has not been a menagerie in this city in several months, and even if there had been we are prepared to assert that there is not a resident of the city but knows that a monkey is not a child.

A traveler of experience in the torrid climate of India offers these suggestions as to the best way of keeping cool: He recommends the pith hat, which has a ring inside to fit the head, leaving an open space for ventilation. He also says: "If people were to shut up and darken their houses in the coolest hours of the morning, leaving only apertures enough for ventilation, and to those apertures apply, as folks in India do, loosely woven mats of fragrant grass, and keep them wet, every breath of air coming into the house would take up the moisture, and the temperature within would be reduced many degrees."

All things are engaged in writing their history. The planet, the pebble, goes attended by its shadows; the rolling rock leaves its scratches on the mountain; the river its channel in the soil; the animal its bones in the stratum; the fern and leaf their modest epitaph in the coal; the falling drop makes its sculpture in the sand or the stone; not a foot steps into the snow or along the ground but prints, in characters more or less lasting, the map of its march; every act of the man inscribes itself in the memory of his fellows, and in his own manners and face. The air is full of sounds, the sky of tokens, the ground is all memoranda and signatures and every object covered over with hints which speak to the intelligent.

Where shall we go on Sunday—How often this question is asked during the week among the clerks, shopmen, and mechanics. What does it mean? Generally something of this sort: What shall we go by? Which place shall we choose? What party of pleasure shall we join? Meanwhile, there are others who have far different thoughts about the coming Lord's day. It will be to them also a day of rest from work and business; and they too look forward to it as a day of pleasure, but pleasure of a very different kind. Part of the day they will be found perhaps in the Sunday-school, and part certainly in the house of God. They will enjoy happy family intercourse, and the society of Christian friends; but you will look for them in vain in the party of pleasure, or in the excursion train. Which of these ways of spending Sunday is right? Which is the happiest at the time, and the happiest to look back upon? Which is according to the Bible? Which does God approve? Which will God bless? Which way should you choose for *next* Sabbath, if you knew it to be your *last*? Oh, do not waste your Sabbaths. Worship God, hear his word, seek your Saviour, pray for the Holy Spirit.

There is only one week left in which the canvass can be prosecuted. Those citizens of this county who were deceived at the last election into the folly of electing a lot of incapable hangers-on to sit in the House of Representatives, now have the opportunity of ridding themselves of those ignorant nuisances and electing good men. You all know Charles Steele to be an honest man, and a tax payer who is interested in good government. His associates are all like himself—men who are for low taxes, and a just and economical government.

A brave young man in a neighboring town got particularly interviewed the other night, and while in that condition proceeded to avenge another's wrongs, and next morning had one wound wooden Indian could be found in the place.

Bee said that she loved him. This was when his manly form was arrayed in his mother-clothes. Yesterday, when she saw him standing on a corner of the street with his handkerchief sticking out of a triangular place in the rear of his trowsers, she pushed him entirely, and observed to her female companion that it was a shame that the police allowed loafers to stand about the streets in that manner.

The Market place was a busy scene yesterday evening. Thousands of people—men, women and children, thronged the spacious passages, inspecting the splendid array of meats and vegetables. The display of the latter was somewhat less conspicuous than last week, in consequence of the advanced season. Here and there sweet potatoes were offered at the rate of $2.50 per bushel, a price which only a few people were able to pay. Roasting ears are scarce, and there has been no advance of five cents per dozen on them.

The regular Republican ticket in this county deserves the support of every lover of good government. It is composed of men who have an abiding interest in the welfare and success of the home side people of Montgomery county. The colored people who have been so shamefully deceived heretofore should not hesitate to support the candidates on the regular ticket, headed by Charles Steele, a farmer and taxpayer, and a patriotic citizen. His associates are all good men who are vitally interested in good government. Vote for them.

Is it Time.—It is unjust to a boasting manner by some of the strikers of the bolting tickets upon which Mr. Houx is a candidate for Senator, that, in order to prevent the Hon. Paul Strobach and other gentlemen from making the canvass of the county in behalf of the regular ticket, headed by Charles Steele, subpœnas have been issued for them to appear as witnesses in the city court, in nearly every case now pending in that court, on the criminal docket. Thus, in order to carry out partisan ends the machinery of justice is prostituted to this base end. Mr. Strobach informs us that he has been served with subpœnas in cases of which he has not the remotest knowledge, as sworn to by him in open court. Mr. Strobach informs us that so far from having the least knowledge of these cases, he does not even know the parties indicted, and never heard of them until he was summoned. He lives outside the city limits, is out here at night, and could not know anything of occurrences in the city.

We call the attention of Judge Minnis to these facts, in order that he may inquire into them, to see if the machinery of his honorable court is being used in the interest of partisan politicians who are seeking office in this county, and are thus prostituting justice to base ends.

Letter from E. H. Grandin, Esq.

Point Clear (Near Mobile),
July 25, 1876.

To the People of Alabama:

Some of my too partial friends—not a caucus or a convention—as I see in the newspapers, and learn from private sources, have nominated me for the office of Attorney General of Alabama. They have put me on the same ticket with Mr. Woodruff, of Dallas, who is nominated for Governor, and others whom I will not mention, except my venerable friend, Dr. Harris, who served you in the late legislature as a senator.

The office has no attraction for me in point of emolument, but it has all attraction for me in point of dignity.

I have never sought an office in Alabama, and I shall never seek one.

I would peremptorily decline the honor of being a candidate for your suffrages, now, were it not that I know that they who put me on the ticket did it in what they supposed to be my interest, hoping, and believing, that it would promote me, and at the same time conduce to a wise and good government of our state.

I would absolutely decline the honor of being voted for by you, were it not that I have been placed in this conspicuous position by friends, and the time has not yet come for me to be capable of repudiating the action of my friends. What I wish you to understand and believe, is, that the nomination was *unsought* and *undesired*.

I accept the nomination and will stand or fall by the fate of the ticket.

Since its announcement, I have been visited by many friends who have said that I ought not to accept it, and I have also received many letters purporting to show the same thing.

I respect all the advice, and have given a week's deliberation to the subject, to the exclusion of almost everything else, and I have come to the result to serve you in the designated office, if a majority of you shall so determine.

The administration of Gov. Houston has not suited me. It has not suited thousands of men of our State.

He was nominated and elected principally, because during the war that you waged for your rights he did not sympathize with your cause.

The men of Alabama styling themselves the Democratic and Conservative party, had previously tried Col. Herndon, of Mobile, a secessionist, and the result of the trial was a melancholy failure; therefore, they picked out Houston, because he was the reverse of Herndon.

Governor Houston was elected, and I will not criticise the acts of his administration. It would make my letter too long.

He is running again for Governor, but it is understood that his object is to be Senator from Alabama in the Federal Congress. He is really running for *that* office. He is running against Peter Hamilton, Jas. L. Pugh, John T. Morgan, L. P. Walker, and others, who are infinitely more entitled to the position than he is. I am against Gov. Houston. I am for Mr. Woodruff. I am for the free education of all the children of the State, white and black. I am for equal taxation. I am for lifting up the lowly and poor, in every way in which legislation can do it. I am for encouraging the poor of the State, white and black, to work for themselves;

The new-papers are to be surprised the Independent music tickets as a joint Radical ticket. It is nothing of the sort. There is no Radical on it. My venerable friend, Dr. Harris, is a Republican, but he is a gentleman of the old school, and he is commander, and deserves, the respect of the whole people of the State. But, suppose it to be a Radical ticket? In one sense, I desire it to be radical. I wish it to succeed in the election, that it shall root out all the evils that afflict this State and keep it from the rank to which, by its resources, and the virtue of its women and men it is entitled to hold.

It is enough to make certain people to say that they sympathize with the negro. The idea does not terrify me. I have known the Southern negro for eighteen years. I have watched his course. I saw during the civil war, that he was the main stay of the white people of the South, when they were contending in battle for their rights. He stayed at home protecting the wives and children of the men who were fighting in front and he has always been, in all his history, the most faithful friend of the white people.

In his new-found rights, as a citizen, with the privileges of voting, sitting in the jury box, and fulfilling all the duties that belong to the citizens—I speak what I know when I say that the negro of the South is now what he has ever been, teachable, docile, obedient, faithful and in every respect what we all ought to wish for in a citizen of this republic. Let us be just. Let us do away with the idea of a white man's party.

Let us recognize the fidelity, the zeal, the industry of the colored people of the South.

Let us recognize them. Let us reward them as they deserve, as hewers of wood and drawers of water. Let us educate their children in our interest as well as in their own.

They are here as well as we are; they will be here for generations. We must elevate and improve them.

They have the capacity to be improved, and that man is false to humanity and to God, who does not recognize, and act up to the recognition, that the negro is capable of political equality with the whites.

I wonder at the former slaveholders; there are still a few who pretend that their former slaves are incapable of self-government. Allied as I am, and have been all my life, with the owners of slaves, nursed by a slave woman—I say it with deliberation, that the black people of the South are a peasantry which all the countries of the earth cannot equal for fidelity and industry.

I am for opening Alabama to immigration. I want the people who come from Europe, instead of going out west, to come here and dwell among us. I want Alabama to be the richest and most prosperous state in the Union, which she is entitled to be, because she contains within herself all the resources of a great empire.

I need not specify your iron, your coal, which the world knows Alabama contains in a greater measure than any country on the face of the earth.

I regret exceedingly, more than I can possibly express, that professional duty requires me to be absent during the canvass. I should like to meet my fellow citizens, and confront my opponents.

I shall return to the State before the November election. Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

E. H. Grandis.

Coffee and Pistols for Two.

A SERIOUS MATTER ENDED.—THE KENDRICK MATTER.

The Columbus Enquirer of yesterday says:

In the last two issues of a weekly paper, the Times, published in Opelika, by Keiser & Co., have appeared articles criticising and defaming a number of gentlemen concerned in the prosecution of C. A. Kendrick. The last number has two communications reflecting severely on McNeil & Crawford, who were employed to assist the State's attorney. They reflected not only on the firm, but by insinuation on the personal reputation of Reese Crawford, and also on his father, Judge M. J. Crawford, who presided at the trial. Mr. Reese Crawford on Monday proceeded to Opelika, accompanied by his friend, Col. W. A. McDougald, and Dr. E. P. Colzey as additional adviser, and demanded in the regular form of the editors the authors of the communications.

A reply was received that John R. Kendrick and his two brothers—all three brothers of C. A. Kendrick—announced themselves as responsible for the articles. The Columbus gentlemen returned home next day, and then went to Atlanta to settle with the Kendricks. What has transpired we know nothing definitely, except the conclusion. We learn that a dispatch was received late last afternoon, stating that the Columbus party would return home to day, and we have every reason to believe the difficulty has been adjusted satisfactorily to Mr. Crawford and his friends.

The matter has become such a subject of general talk and rumor that newspaper notice (to keep up with the news of the day and prevent many unpleasant rumors and the apprehensions of many) cannot be longer be omitted. We presume the correspondence will be published. We have given the outlines according to the best information we can obtain from outsiders. We are glad to know the affair has ended peacefully and honorably to our Columbus friends, who were the attacked party in the beginning, and required a retraction.

Local and Business Notices.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Montgomery, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the Alabama State Journal, without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T.C. Bingham will be paid by us. T. C. Bingham & Co.,
dtf. Proprietors.

Advances on State Certificates.

We are prepared to make liberal advances on State Certificates.

WOLFFE, HERTZ & CO.
7-26dtw

The highest musical authorities, as well as all who have purchased the Beatty Piano, are equally charmed with its beauty and purity of tone. The manufacturer has succeeded in imparting to it a roundness, fullness and richness of tone, perfectly astonishing. None should be without one. See his advertisement. Address Daniel P. Beatty, Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station D, Bible House, New York City.
10-6 dtw1m

Nervous Debility.

What weakness or depression! A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or courage, the result of mental overwork, indiscretion or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphreys' Homœopathic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the drain and regenerates the entire man. Used about twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by druggists. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per package of five vials and $1 vial of powder, sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphreys' Homœopathic Medicine Company, 562 Broadway, New York.
1-dbw1y

The Sun Parlor Organs are celebrated for their purity of tone, elegant design and thorough construction. Send for catalogue. Address,
Estabrook, Bowley & Co.,
6-26dbw1m Washington, N. J.

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$12 a day at home ... Agents wanted. ... Address P. O. VICKERY & Co. ... Augusta, Me.

$77 ... Address P. O. VICKERY & Co. ... Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 ... Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

PHOSPHORUS, OR NOT, HEADS ... Price, Twenty-five Cents.

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EDUCATE YOUR DAUGHTERS.
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.
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PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS THE
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SIGNATURE is on EVERY BOTTLE.
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JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
NEW YORK.

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GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.
From Geo. E. Letcher, firm of Wm. H. Letcher & Bro., Bankers, Fayette, Ohio.
"We received the piano and think it a very fine one out here. Waited a short time to give it a good test. If you wish a word in favor of it we will cheerfully give it."
James R. Brown, Esq., Edwardsville, Ill., says: "The Beatty Piano received gives entire satisfaction." Agents wanted. Send for catalogue. Address
DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

DUST AND FAME:
Or Journeyings Toward the Setting Sun. A new book by Joaquin Miller. Send 25 cts. and Agents' Outfit and Circulars containing Table of Contents and Specimen Pages of FOUR CONTRASTING MANY SIDED BOOKS. The cheapest of the Original $2.50 Subscription Books ever sold for less than $3.50. Every one interested in Texas out. It will pay you and pay big. Don't delay. Agents are reaping golden harvests. Territory rapidly filling. Address quickly for choice. AGENTS WANTED. Write to-day to
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GAUGING.

Notice to Wholesale Liquor Merchants.

UNITED STATES GAUGER'S OFFICE, Montgomery, October 16, 1875.

The wholesale Liquor dealers of Montgomery are hereby notified that the undersigned can be found at all times, at his office in the JOURNAL building, on Perry-st. All orders left at this office will be promptly attended to.
J. M. LEVEY,
U. S. Gauger, Second District of Alabama.
10-17 tf

BEATTY PIANO
GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.
From Geo. E. Letcher, firm of Wm. H. Letcher & Bro., Bankers, Fayette, Ohio.
"We received the piano and think it a very fine one out here. Waited a short time to give it a good test. If you wish a word in favor of it we will cheerfully give it."
James R. Brown, Esq., Edwardsville, Ill., says: "The Beatty Piano received gives entire satisfaction." Agents wanted. Send for catalogue. Address
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COMBINATION HOE.
First Premium Awarded at the Granger' State Fair
Of Alabama, October, 1875, the first place where the Hoe was exhibited.
Manufactured by the Granger Hoe Company,
WHERE ASSISTED IN EVERY REQUEST
Two Hoes for the Price of One
It can be taken from the handle without trouble for the purposes of grubbing.
The fastenings are made of malleable iron and cannot be broken.
The handles are made of selected ash wood—the best material known for handles.
Hoes handled ready for use, as cheap as the best hoe can be sold separately.
Saves time and is not the item of labor—
Is very valuable for cultivating small patches of garden work. Adjustable screw to fasten the
An entire set of selected garden tools for
Price of
Address
W. B. NOBLE, Secretary Granger Hoe Company, Montgomery, Ala.

1776 Centennial. 1876

SPRING AND SUMMER
SEASON.
GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,
—AT—
5 COURT SQUARE
HAVE NOW ON HAND THE COMPLETEST LINES OF
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS
TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.
New Dress Goods, Real Lace Flouncings,
Novelties in Matelasse Suitings, Exquisite Knickerbockers,
Styles in Dress Goods, and everything that is new in Dress Goods.
Fresh Notions, Fresh Goods, Rich Fancy Goods, Elegant Dress Trimmings.
Novel Embroidered Handkerchiefs, Parasols.
Complete Stock of Hosiery, Large Selection.
In Hosiery, Best 10-4 Sheetings, Genuine Irish Linens, Good
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Guaranteed Kid Gloves, Perfect fitting Corsets,
Excelsior Trimmings, Full selections in Cassimers,
Tweeds, Linens, Cottonades, Etc., for Men and Boys' wear.
WE OFFER THE BEST ASSORTMENTS IN
Ladies', Children and Misses' Philadelphia Hand-Made Shoes.
In fact everything desirable in a First-class Dry Goods House will be found at our Store, all offering at the very
Lowest Prices.
TO THE MERCHANTS:
We are displaying the largest stock of Goods ever received by our firm, and we guarantee bottom prices.
Call early and look at our stock.
GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,
5 Court Square, Montgomery, Ala.

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1776 CENTENNIAL 1876
Centennial Dry Goods.
Centennial Hats.
Centennial Boots.
Centennial Shoes.
Centennial Clothing.
Centennial Hosiery.
Centennial Parasols.
In fact a general assortment of CENTENNIAL goods, suitable for the CENTENNIAL Spring and Summer, recently purchased at the very lowest cash prices. Give me a call and be satisfied. If you don't see what you want ask for it.
S. A. MEERTIEF, New Dollar Store.

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WHOLESALE GROCERS,
AND DEALERS IN
WINES AND LIQUORS
Agents for Cincinnati Lager Beer
No. 83 Commerce Street
MONTGOMERY ALABAMA.
Have resumed business and are prepared with full stock of and ample facilities to supply all their customers with anything they may need.
They have a choice selection of CIGARETTES which they are prepared to sell at the very lowest rates. They ask a continuance of the patronage heretofore Mendelsohn.
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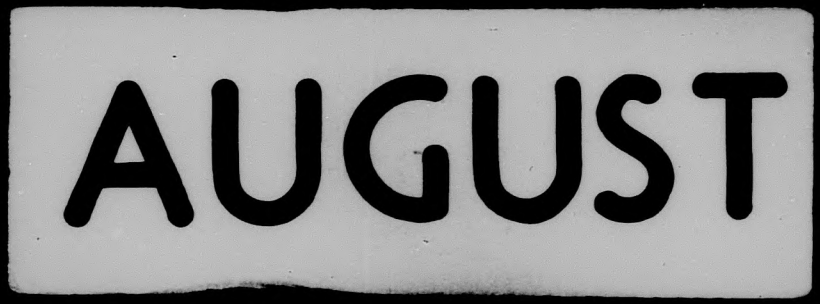
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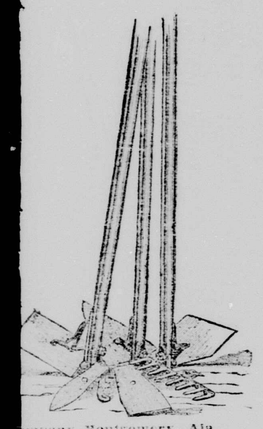
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THE CITY.
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ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL.

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VOLUME VIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 1, 1876 NUMBER 270

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET:



For President of the United States,

Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio.

For Vice-President,

Wm. A. Wheeler, of New York.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:

L. C. COULSON, of Jackson.
CHAS. E. MAYER, of Mobile.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

FIRST DISTRICT—Lon H Mayer of Mobile.
SECOND DISTRICT—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.
THIRD DISTRICT—P G Clarke of Barbour.
FOURTH DISTRICT — J T Rapier of Lowndes.
FIFTH DISTRICT—S S Booth of Autauga.
SIXTH DISTRICT—A B Hays, of Winston.
SEVENTH DISTRICT—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.
EIGHTH DISTRICT—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

INDEPENDENT TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
NOADIAH WOODRUFF of Dallas.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
AMOS MOODY of Franklin.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
H. J. LIVINGSTON of Autauga.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
E. H. GRANDIN, of Mobile.

FOR AUDITOR,
LEWIS OWEN of Montgomery.

FOR TREASURER,
W. B. HARRIS of Russell.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN TICKET OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

CHARLES STEELE.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

T. C. BINGHAM, W. H. CRUSIUS,
J. K. GREENE, J. K. P. LUCAS.

THE "bachelor reform-fiend," is the last name applied to Tilden.

No correspondent has been able to discover that Tilden is fond of cats.

DON CARLOS is regularly inspecting the institutions of New York city.

LEWENTHALL, the English author and chessplayer, is dead, aged sixty-six.

IT is announced that Pendleton will take the stump for Tilden. Both of them are railroad experts.

TILDEN is still on one side of the financial question, and the St. Louis Platform on the other.

IT is estimated that the Texan cotton crop will be 800,000 bales, and will be at least 5,000 bales in excess of last year. Weather is very favorable.

MADAME JANAUSCHEK says that she has decided not to accept any engagements in England, but to return to America the first week in October.

THE New York Times, which never says anything carelessly, says Samuel J. Tilden got drunk the night he received the news of his nomination at St. Louis.

IT is now understood that Tilden has sent for General McClellan to instruct him as to the best method of approaching the composition of his letter of acceptance.

IT is intimated that Senator Sherman has been furnished a lot of interesting letters and telegrams that passed between Tilden and Boss Tweed. Trot 'em out, in the name of "Grace, Mercy and Peace."

WOODRUFF promises to make the Attorney General do all the legal work of the State. Houston promised to do so, but he violated his pledge. Now, let the people put him where he belongs—in the shades of private life.

SIOUX titles are queer, because a child is named from any important event that happens when he is born. For instance, if Morrissey or Sunset Cox should have a son born about this time, he would, by that rule, be called Man-Afraid-of-the-Bloody-Shirt.

AN electrical apparatus has been invented for recording a yea and nay vote in Congress. With this instrument the vote of every member can be recorded and made known inside of three minutes, while the present cumbersome method takes nearly an hour.

IT is stated that the condition of the freed people of Washington city is far better than that of the mass of occupants of tenements in New York city. Their homes are neater; there is better air and more of it about them. Their children also look better and appear to be better cared for.

THE Independent sentiment of the State is rapidly growing and permeating all classes of our citizens. Men who belong to themselves, are getting tired of being driven by a caucus ring, and by the lash of party organs and strikers. If the people elect Woodruff they will have a Government of their own!

THE latest absurdity told of Tilden is that he has crushed out the old Knickerbocker pride at Albany, and constituted himself—the former peddler of paregoric—the leader of society there. The story is untrue on its face. No man wearing a number five hat and number ten boots can work such a social revolution.

THERE was seven negroes killed at Hamburg, South Carolina, in the massacre the other day, and the Sumter (S. C.) True Southron is moved to remark: "As usual in all these outbreaks, the whites behaved with calmness and moderation But we solemnly warn the colored people that these things occur too often."

A Misunderstanding.

We regret to announce to our readers this morning that a misunderstanding between ourselves and Mr. W. W. Screws, of the Advertiser, relative to the Associated Press dispatches, will prevent us from carrying out our contemplated purpose of issuing an evening edition of the STATE JOURNAL. In order that we may be fully understood, we subjoin a letter received by us yesterday from Mr. Screws:

MONTGOMERY, ALA., July 31, 1876.

T. C. Bingham & Co., Proprietors State Journal:

GENTLEMEN: On the 6th of July I telegraphed, at request of Mr. T. C. Bingham, to Mr. P. Walsh, that the JOURNAL desired Associated Press reports, and asked the cost. I did not get the reply, as the telegraph manager was instructed to deliver it to Mr. T. C. Bingham. I was informed, however, that Mr. Walsh telegraphed that cost would be $30 per week. It seems that Mr. Walsh telegraphed as follows:

AUGUSTA, GA., July 6.

To W. W. Screws:

If JOURNAL is morning paper will cost $30 per week *additional*. If evening paper $15.

(Signed) PATRICK WALSH, Ag't.

This would make assessment here $80 per week, and if you only pay $30 it makes me pay $50, which I cannot afford to do. If I had seen Mr. Walsh's dispatch before this morning, I would have understood the matter. Your assessment will be $40 per week instead of $30. I regret that any mistake has occurred in the matter. Very respectfully,

W. W. SCREWS.

I send copy of a letter received this morning from Mr Walsh. W. W. S.

AUGUSTA, July 29, 1876.

W. W. Screws, Esq.:

DEAR SIR—In reply to yours of the 28th, I beg to correct a mistake into which you have fallen in reference to the assessment for two papers in Montgomery. I telegraphed you that the amount would be $30 per week additional for another paper. We cannot make the amount less than $80 per week for two papers—$40 each—and this is below the average. Yours truly,

PATRICK WALSH, Ag't.

Supposing that the dispatches of the Associated Press would be furnished us at the rate of $30 per week, we concluded to accept the proposition made us, to become a member of the Associated Press, and to publish their dispatches. We confess that these dispatches are somewhat more varied and embrace a wider scope of news than those of the American Press Association. This was the inducement for issuing an afternoon edition. We would have received telegrams in the forenoon and they would have been of little value unless given to the public through an evening paper. After all there is seldom any occurrence of great importance telegraphed in the noon dispatches, save in rare instances, and mostly by specials which are prepared by correspondents for the purpose.

It will be seen from Mr. Screws' letter that we are required to pay $40 per week in order to get the noon dispatches which we expected to print in the proposed evening edition. We do not believe that we are able to pay that amount just now, and hence we decline to make the contract. So long as our patronage justified it, we published the Associated Press dispatches, but the stringency in the business of the country has been such that we could not pay such exhorbitant rates for these dispatches. Nevertheless, if the difference between the Associated Press and the American Press was such as to make any real difference we should not hesitate to pay the price and print the dispatches. As it is not, we continue the American Press reports, thus cutting off the noon telegrams only, and the necessity for an evening edition.

Our dispatches will be found to contain all the news of the day that is of any importance, and we trust our family of readers will continue to bestow their approving smiles upon us. Whenever they demand the other dispatches we shall subscribe for them.

Enemies of the Country.

As little as our readers may think of it, there are men in business in this city who refuse to accept the patronage of Republican citizens thereby forcing the latter to seek other cities for the purpose of getting certain kinds of work done.

When we say this we speak advisedly. We know just what we write, and we mean it. There are business establishments in the city of Montgomery which absolutely refused to do jobs for Republican citizens—such jobs as the latter are forced to have done elsewhere or suffer great loss and serious inconvenience.

All such business houses are a standing disgrace to the enlightened sentiment of the times; they are an obstacle to the advancement of our people in commercial and social progress. They are the open enemies of every sentiment of enlightened thought, and are doing more harm to our people than all the boll worms in the universe. It is just such men as these who keep down the wages of poor men who have to labor for their bread, and it is they who prevent our merchants from enlarging the scope of their business. Strangers will not immigrate to a community where proscription of this character is so prominent, and no citizen of means and energy will ever invest his capital where the politics of men is a barrier to the growth of business. We are afraid that unless our enterprising fellow citizens crush out this ruthless and barbarous spirit, our city will soon be a "howling wilderness" so far as genuine business is concerned. In the name of human progress we call for the annihilation of this mean and sordid spirit in our midst.

MR. TARBOX, a Democratic member of Congress from Massachusetts, made a speech at the Tilden ratification meeting in New York in which he said that if anybody brought from the courts the sworn testimony of Tilden's embezzlement of railway funds, Tweed's original check with Tilder's indorsement, a copy of the pardon of Ingersoll, the only ring thief ever punished in New York, all good Democrats must stop up their ears and refuse to listen. And that is just what every reform Democrat is sure to do.

Independent Candidates.

The Jacksonville Republican, whose editor served in the last legislature, but who failed to receive a nomination for the second term, is very severe, or tries to be, and, no doubt, believes it is, on the Independent State ticket. Nevertheless the Republican is forced to say:

Independent candidates for the Senate and House of Representatives are springing up in every county in the State. If Woodruff is elected and these Independents and radicals get control of the legislature, the Democratic party may as well hang its harp on the willows. If Houston is defeated in August by Woodruff and his Independent "Beggers," the State will certainly go for Hayes and Wheeler in November. Woodruff counts on getting the Democratic vote given to Independent candidates for the legislature and says he will defeat Houston ten thousand votes.

The Republican sees the handwriting on the wall, and we have no doubt, that Mr. Grant himself would support the Independent movement if he had the courage to defy the caucus ring and the ostracising tyrants who carry the party lash in their hands. So far as the present Independent movement in Alabama is concerned, we can assure all whom it may concern that it is permanent. It was not intended simply as a feature of the present campaign, but found its birth in the great demand by the people for toleration and freedom of action. The Democratic party had succeeded in building up a caste, and in disparaging all citizens who refused to accept this domination and swear allegiance to it. They forced citizens to act with them and vote their tickits, or else to be socially outlawed and have their business ruined. The yoke was galling to every man who possessed the instincts of royal manhood. It was grinding men down with a ruthless hand, and arousing a spirit of terrorism throughout the commonwealth. When these Democratic leaders adopted the platform of the Republicans they did so the more easily to accomplish their designs upon personal liberty. And in the present canvass they have put forth a platform so nearly "Radical" in all its essential elements, that but for the ass, ears protruding elsewhere, we should have taken it for a veritable Lion's skin And those citizens who were afraid that the Republicans would not be aggressive enough in the direction of economy, reform etc., must not allow themselves to be deceived by this Bourbon platform. They need the closer watching now, since having struck their old flag and formed a new alignment on Republican frontiers. It is because of this we are glad to learn from the Democratic press that the Independent movement is gaining strength in the various counties. We shall not be deceived ourselves as to the strength of the Woodruff ticket. It is our purpose to encourage, so far as we can, the determined movement among our people to shake off Bourbon influences. No outside issues shall be thrust upon us to divert attention from the main point of attack on Houston's extravagance and shameful misrule. For the time being, we ought to make an advance on the Bourbons along the whole line, and rout them at every point. We have truth, justice and the union sentiment of the country on our side, and we ought to use these weapons so effectively that the going down of the sun on the 7th of November will witness the downfall of the Houston tyranny in Alabama.

The Independents in North Alabama.

JUDGE RICE IN JACKSON COUNTY.

SCOTTSBORO, July 29th, 1876.

Editor State Journal: SIR—Yesterday Hon. Saml. F. Rice addressed a large crowd of the citizens of old Jackson, at the courthouse, in the interest of the Woodruff ticket. He gave Houston and his ring-masters fits. I believe Rice is the best ring-smasher out. A few of the party slaves essayed to put in occasionally, but you know what Rice did with them. After Rice concluded his speech, a call was made for Capt. W. H. Robinson, of this place, who did the best he could for his forlorn comrades, by appealing to the isms of the past, and tried, though most feebly, to bolster up the miserable failure of Houston and his personal government. He simply repeated the false slanders of the Advertiser and Mail, as to the doings of past Republican administrations. He showed his utter ignorance of the proposed State debt compromise by saying that Houston and his conferees had reduced the State debt from $20,000,000 to $10,000,000, which every school child knows to be untrue. Rice showed that the only thing reduced was the interest on the school trust fund by the Houston administration. We have gone to work here in good earnest to defeat the old back pay grabber and his Bourbon associates. In my opinion now old Jackson will give the largest vote ever polled in the county against the miserable party tools of secession. The people have determined, I mean the country people, the farmers, no longer to be the slaves of the whiskey shop and cross roads politicians and to vote for independents all the way through. If every county in the State will do as much as old Jackson in the effort to free Alabama from the Houston dynasty, N. Woodruff will be elected and Alabama and her schools will breathe freely one time more.

Come men throughout the State—throw aside party—do not stand upon the going, but work from now until the polls are closed on the evening of the election, and the result will crown you with victory, and give us for Governor for the next two years that pure and good man Mr. N. Woodruff of Selma, Alabama.

This Government will be with the people, for the people, and by the people. The contrary is true of the opposition.

Yours, etc. VOTER.

Independence.

Wake up, independent men of Alabama,
And vote for the poor boy, Woodruff,
The Independent candidate of North Alabama.
There is no lawyer's brief on the slate,
There is no doctor's saddle-bags on the table,
There is no "Nigger in the chicken coop,"
There is no "Nigger in the corn-crib,"
There is no "Nigger in the wood pile;"
There is all equality before the law.
Then let us vote for Woodruff
The Independent candidate for Governor,
The 7th day of August, 1876.

NORTH ALABAMA BOY.

THE employment of lawyers by Gov. Lewis during his administration, is not a question in this canvass. Lewis is not a candidate for re-election. He is not a candidate for any office at all. Gov. Houston is the man we are after. He is a candidate and his acts are proper subjects of criticism. He and his strikers denounced Gov. Lewis for employing those lawyers, and promised the people if Houston was elected never to employ any lawyers but make the Attorney General, who was elected for the purpose, attend to all the legal business of the State. Instead of keeping his promise, Houston has put the people to the expense of over one thousand dollars for lawyer's fees. Now, Houston is trying to escape condemnation for this outrage, by yelling out "didn't Lewis employ lawyers, and pay them big fees; and haven't I employed lawyers and paid them little fees?"

But, Mr. Houston, you cannot escape on that cry. You promised the taxpayers that you would economize and retrench; that you would make the Attorney General, whom the people pay for the purpose, look after the legal interests of the State in the courts. If Lewis had spent half a million dollars for lawyer's it is no excuse for Houston's extravagance, because the latter pledged his word to reform all the abuses of Lewis' administration, and he declared that the employment of lawyers at extravagant fees, while there was an Attorney General, was one of the chief abuses of that administration. It is an outrage upon the taxpayers of the State to attempt thus to deceive them about the abuses of this Houston despotism. No amount of abuse of Lewis can wipe away the sins of Houston, s administration. If the people of the State desire to get rid of misgovernment, misrule, extravagance and reckless expense in State affairs, they should vote for the Independent ticket and against Houston. Woodruff is not bound by any caucus ring to commit acts of outrage upon the taxpayers. He is not hampered by promises to set up this man or that man in fat places at the expense of the people. He is not encumbered by a Bourbon caste which seeks to destroy the free public schools and thus prevent the poor from educating their children. Reform, economy and justice—these are the elements which commend the Independent ticket to the free people of the State.

An Interesting Document.

THE DISTINGUISHED NEW YORKERS WHO DIDN'T BELIEVE TILDEN COULD CARRY THE STATE IF NOMINATED.

This little document, which was largely circulated at St. Louis, is now of considerable general interest:

"As the friends of Governor Tilden from New York are industriously circulating a report among delegates to the Convention from other States that the opposition in the State of New York to his nomination emanates from parties either without personal character or having little political influence, it is proper that the facts should be laid before the delegates assembled, that they may be enabled to judge in an intelligent and impartial manner of the truth of these statements, and shape their action accordingly. The following partial and incomplete list of prominent New York Democrats, who oppose Mr. Tilden's nomination on the ground that he cannot carry his own State or the country, is the best answer to these statements, and is all the evidence it is deemed necessary to furnish, and are from all sections of the State, only four belonging to the city of New York, viz:

Augustus Schell,	Judge C. E. Pratt, S. Court.
Hon. John Kelly,	
August Belmont,	Judge J. F. Barnard,
Wm. B. Travers,	S. Court.
Maj. Gen. H. W. Slocum,	Judge T. L. Westbrook, S. Court,
Judge Gilbert,	Judge J. S. Danforth,
Horatio Seymour, jr.,	S. Court,
Hon. Chas. Wheaton	Chancellor J. V. L. Pruyn,
DeDitt C. West,	Ex-Att'y Gen. Daniel
Erastus Corning,	Pratt,
Hon. S. S. Cox, M. C.,	Honorable Fernando
Judge Comstock,	Wood, M. C.,
Hon. Roger A. Pryor,	Ex-Governor Hoffman,
Judge Andrew J. Dykeman,	Chief Justice Sanford E. Church,
Justice Rappallo,	Court of Appeals,
Court of Appeals,	Judge W. L. Larned,
Judge Hiram Gray,	S. Court.
Mayor W. S. Poncher,	Ex-Mayor A. S. Page,
Hon. Eli Perry,	Mayor A. Bleecker Banks,
Hon. G. W. Miller,	Ex-Judge A. B. Tappan,
Hon. Ben Ray,	Hon. Geo. C. Greene,
Hon. R. M. Skeels,	Hon. Delos DeWolf,
Hon. Josiah T. Miller,	Hon. Elmore P. Ross,
Hon. O. H. Cheesboro,	Ex-Mayor James Backett,
Justice Allen, Court of Appeals,	Ex-Judge A. Gardner,
Justice Miller, Court of Appeals.	Ex-Judge F. L. Flandry,
Hon. D. C. Littlejohn,	Hon. W. C. Rowly,
Lt. Gov. Allen C. Beach,	Hon. J. C. Jackson,
Judge Chas. Donahue, Superior C't.	Hon Adin Thayer,
Hon. Wm. G. Fargo,	Hon Charles Ross, State Treasurer,
Hon. A. J. Parker,	Mayor Carpenter,
Hon. E. O. Perrin,	Hon Erastus Ide,
Hon. J. O. Whitehouse, M. C.,	Hon C P Colvin,
Hon. Chas. C. B. Walker, M. C.,	Hon Abram Weaver,
Hon. E. Brooks,	Hon J R Ponda,
Hon. J. S. Thayer,	Gen J A Farwell,
Judge J. H. Clute,	Hon C P Collier,
Hon. C. A. Walrath,	Hon W H Ely,
Sidney Webster,	Hon Abram H Miller,
Hon. M. B. Chaplin, twice Att'y Gen.,	Hon W H Bristol,
D. C. Howell, Sup't Banking,	Ratger Miller,
Gen. Geo. Magee,	Morris Miller,
Three Messrs. Arnott. Elmira,	A V V Dodge,
Hon. J. B. Pearson,	Hon S B Piper,
Hon. I. McConihe,	Hon C T Duryea,
Hon. Moses Warren,	Judge John R Reid,
R. H. Waterman, mem. State Com.,	Mayor J W Hunter,
Wm. R. Roberts,	Hon Wm T Hornbin,
E. L. Donnelly,	Hon C B Freeman,
Frederick Smyth,	Hon Jas Faulkner,
Judge Charles Holman,	Hon L B Faulkner,
Senator W. C. Lamont,	Judge S D Faulkner,
Col. Sam North,	Gen J H Mosier,
Hon. Frank Abbott,	Hon N C Monk,
Hon. G. W. Millspaugh,	Hon D B McNeil,
Hon. John Rankin,	Hon F W Vosburgh,
J. Stewart Wells,	John E Morey,
Hon. J. M. Nelson,	Hon George Taylor,
	Hon Dan'l Warren,
	Hon McNorton,
	Hon W W Wright,
	Hon John White,
	Hon P Mundy,
	E K Warren,
	W J Shendan,
	B O'Reily,
	George Moss,
	Hon. S. L. Mayhew.

"The above are leading representative Democrats from every section of the State, and there are numerous others whose names are not included."

BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported expressly for the STATE JOURNAL by the American Press Association.

SUNDAY'S TELEGRAMS.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—It is thought that the vote in the impeachment trial will be reached Tuesday.

The Washington Monument bill appropriates $200,000 in four annual payments.

There are 250 bills on the Senate calendar, including 150 of a private character. Among those upon which action this session will be pressed are the equalization of bounty, payment claims allowed by Southern claims commission, sale of Osage lands, restoring the franking privilege amendments to the Pacific Railroad company, providing for a sinking fund, and for the bill transferring the Indian bureau is on the calender. The river and harbor bill limiting expenditures to five millions will pass without discussion, when reported in the House. There are at least a dozen reports to be made from the investigating committees. All matters in conference except the transfer of the Indian bureau, as it appears in the appropriation bill and the diplomatic bill, are in a fair way of settlement. Predictions regarding adjournment have ceased.

OHIO.

COLUMBUS, July 30.—John Reeves, an old employe of the postoffice here has been arrested for robbing the mails. He confessed.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, July 30.—The conflagration in Milbury, Mass., destroyed property to the amount of $160,000; insurance $90,000; started in the pickery room of Mawery Lappans woolen mill, extending to the main mill; entirely consumed with adjoining buildings two large boarding houses.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—The steamer Belgie arrived from Hong Kong on the 2d of July, via Yokahoma. The anti-Coolie excitement checks immigration for the present, only 156 Chinamen being on board. The German Minister VonBrant, is pressing the Chinese government severely in the matter of treaty revision. He is reported to have made separate demands, the most important of which are that the whole of China be opened for intercourse and trade; that local taxes detrimental to foreign interests, be abolished; that permission shall be given foreigners to use steam on inland waters, and that China adopt the responsibilities of international law.

A famine is threatened in the provinces of Chill, Shantung, Honana and Nankin, in consequence of the prolonged drouth. Crops have been destroyed over eight hundred square miles of country, inhabited by seventy million of people. A disastrous inundation of Foochaw and surrounding country commenced June 10th, and ended on the 15th. It was the highest flood within remembrance, and resulted in great loss of life, five thousand dead bodies having been recovered near Foochaw alone. Foreign property has been slightly damaged.

MISSOURI.

ST. LOUIS, July 30.—A tornado passed over the northern portion of this county this morning. Great damage was done to houses, fences, trees, crops, etc. The edge of the storm struck the extreme northern part of the city. A house was wrecked and a little girl killed.

Something of a run was made on the Butchers and Drover's bank, in this city, to-day, but the demands were promptly met, and the run soon ceased.

TURKEY.

RAGOUSA, July 30.—Advices from Sclavonic sources state that Peke Paul Ovitch, an Insurgent leader, resumed the offensive yesterday, inflicting serious defeat upon the Turks.

BELGRADE, July 30.—Col. Ovitch after taking command of the Servian army besieged Sienitza on the 27th instant, thereby surrounding Mehemed Ali Pasha.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 30.—The Golos publishes a special from Cetting Blanz, a telegram read from Prince Nikata, dated Grahava, July 28th, says:

The Turks under Mouhkalar Pasah attacked us early to-day near Verbiza. A severe engagement ensued. The fighting still proceeding. We have broken the Turkish lines. Asmia Pasha was captured and brought here alive. We have taken prisoners.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 30.—A dispatch the Reuters Telegraph Company from Athens says the opposition newspapers accuse the Government of leaving the country in a defenseless condition. They disavow any desire for an aggressive policy towards Turkey, but claims that Greece should be placed in a position to inspire the respect of her neighbors.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, July 30.—Ex-Secretary Bristow leaves here to-day for Vermont, to take the stump for Hayes and Wheeler.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The Senate met at 11 a. m.

The chair laid before the Senate the House joint resolution to prevent the supply of metallic cartridges to Indians, and on motion of Mr. Logan, it was taken up and passed.

The chair also laid before the Senate the House bill for the relief of Nelson Tiffany, which was passed by the House over the veto of the President.

Mr. Boutwell explained the error by which his name appears on the books of the Adjutant General as a deserter, which record led the President to refuse the restoration of his name to the rolls. The bill was passed. Yeas 41, nays none.

The chair laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of War enclosing a recommendation from Gen. Sheridan that the companies in the 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th and 7th cavalry, be increased to 100 men each, and accompanying the same with an estimate of the increased cost consequent upon such increase of force, together with the draft of a bill for the purpose.

On motion of Mr. Logan the bill was taken up for consideration. The bill authorizes the increase of the companies in the 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th and 7th regiments of cavalry to 100 men each, in all not to increase the cavalry force more than 2,500 men beyond the 25,000 authorized by the act of July 24th, 1874.

Mr. Logan offered an amendment appropriating the amount asked for to carry out the provisions of the bill. The amendment was adopted and bill passed.

On motion of Mr. Conkling the Senate adhered to its disagreement to the House amendment to the bill to punish the counterfeit of trade marks and the sale of counterfeit trade marked goods, and a conference committee was requested.

At 12:15 the Senate went into the trial session of the articles of impeachment.

After the reading of the trial journal Mr. Hamlin moved a temporary suspension of the trial session for the purpose of considering a pending resolution to amend the rules so as to permit the discussion of the articles of impeachment in open session. Yeas 24, nays 32.

On motion of Mr. Edmunds the doors were then closed and the Senate proceeded to consider the articles in secret session.

The Senate agreed in secret session, to have a final vote on the impeachment case, on Tuesday.

Senate then adjourned.

House.

As soon as the journal was read Mr. Whitthorn, the chairman of the committee on naval affairs, demanded the regular order, and the House resumed consideration of the report of the committee on naval affairs.

Mr. Whitthorn made a speech in favor of the majority report.

Mr. Hewitt, of New York, endorsed Mr. Whitthorne's remarks on the sale of iron. He said he was a manufacturer of iron, and he knew that iron was sold at outrageous rates.

Mr. Whitthorn resuming charged Secretary Robeson with general malfeasance in office. At the close of his remarks he demanded a vote on the majority resolution, and referred the whole subject to the committee on judiciary, with direction to report the impeachment resolutions if the facts should be found. As stated the minority resolution declared that no fraud had been committed by the Secretary. After further debate the minority resolution was rejected, ayes 55, nays 119.

The majority report was then adopted, yeas 109, nays 74.

The Speaker then at 15 minutes past two o'clock proceeded to the business of the morning hour, and a number of bills were offered for reference. Among them were the following:

By Mr. Hewitt, of New York, to establish a non-partisan revenue corps.

A large number of bills were introduced, mostly of a partisan character and the reading was demanded.

In order to prevent suspension of the rules at 4 o'clock p. m. the House adjourned.

The investigation of Supervising Architect Potter has been requested by the President. The opinion generally prevails that Mr. Mullett is to be re-instated, he having shown exceptional capacity in managing the affairs of that office.

An attorney from Baltimore, named Mullins, this morning made an argument before the special committee investigating Judge Wylie, in support of the allegations charged against that official by Grant of this city. The committee will endeavor to report this week.

A friend of President Grant is authority for the statement that he proposes to take the matter of his vindication against testimony of ex-Solicitor Wilson in his own hands, and that he is preparing a statement to show, as he believes, that Briscow and Wilson entered into a conspiracy to injure him so that Bristow might be prominently before the public as presidential candidate.

The Senate committee on appropriations held a meeting to-day to reconsider the river and harbor appropriation bill, which was recommitted several days ago, their instructions being to bring the total amount appropriated within $5,000,000; the amount as reported by the committee having been about $7,000,000. The committee finished the consideration the bill this morning, and will again reported either to-day or to-morrow.

WEATHER.—For the Gulf States, clear or fair weather, stationary or slight rise in temperature, winds mostly from the northeast of the Mississippi, where the barometer will rise, and from the east and south in the southwest where the barometer will change but slightly.

ITALY.

ROME, July 31.—Upon the reopening of the Chamber of Deputies, the government will introduce a bill establishing elementary education.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, July 31.—The Toglatte says the atrocities committed by the Bashi Bazouk in Thessily and Ephasus, have created such a sensation throughout Greece as to render the maintainance of neutrality difficult. A later dispatch says that the relations between Greece and Turkey are assuming an increased serious aspect.

$10 to 25 per Day To Farmers Sons and others wanting employment to sell an article as STAPLE as COFFEE, to Farmers and others in their own neighborhoods. Particulars Free. Address—THE CENTENNIAL CO., St Louis, Mo.

Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

JULY 31.—Our market to-day is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary	8½	@	8¾
Good Ordinary	9¼	@	—
Strict Good Ordinary	10	@	—
Low Middling	10½	@	—
Middling	11¼	@	—

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.]

Bacon—C R Sides	11½	@	12½
" Shoulders	10	@	10¾
Bulk—C R Sides	11½	@	11¾
" Shoulders	9	@	9¾
Plain Sugar-cured Hams	—	@	—
Canvassed "	15½	@	16
Lard—Choice, in tierces	13	@	13½
" " ½ bbls	14	@	14½
" " kegs	14½	@	15
" " buckets	3 15	@	3 25
Sugar—Snow White	12	@	—
" W. C	11½	@	11¾
" Y. C	11¼	@	—
" Strictly Choice	11¼	@	—
" Prime	10½	@	10¾
" Fair	10	@	10¾
Molasses—Choice	60	@	70
" Prime	50	@	55
" Fair	45	@	50
" Common	35	@	40
Coffee—Choice	23	@	—
" Prime	22	@	23
" Fair	21	@	21½
" Common	20	@	20½
Rice—Choice	8	@	8½
" Prime	7	@	7½
" Fair	6½	@	7
Flour—Fancy	8 00	@	8 50
" Choice	7 50	@	7 75
" Family	6 25	@	7 00
" Superfine	5 00	@	5 50
" Common	4 75	@	5 00
Tobacco	42	@	1 00
Whisky—Rectified	1 08	@	1 35
" Better Grades	1 50	@	3 50
Wines—Port and Sherry	1 25	@	2 00
" Claret	2 50	@	6 00
Brandies	$ 1 25	@	2 50
" French	6 00	@	10 00
" Peach and Apple	2 00	@	3 50
Gin	1 40	@	2 25
" in cases	6 00	@	7 00
Beer in bottles, per doz	1 65	@	1 75
" in kegs	3 50	@	—
Cigars, per thousand	18 00	@	60 00
CANNED GOODS—			
Oysters, 1 lb cans, per doz	90	@	1 00
" 2 " " "	1 75	@	2 00
Fresh Peaches, 2 lb cans, per doz	2 00	@	2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case	4 00	@	4 25
" Cherries, " "	3	@	4 50
Sardines, ¼ boxs, " "	16 00	@	16 50
Condensed Milk, " "	11 00	@	12 00
Yeast Powders, per doz	1 50	@	2 10
Pickles, gal's, " "	5 00	@	6 00
" ½ " " "	3 75	@	4 50
" ¼ " " "	2 50	@	3 00
" ⅛ " " "	1 50	@	2 00
Soda, in kegs, " lb	5½	@	6
" " boxs, " "	6½	@	7½
Potash, " doz	5 50	@	6 50
Candles, full weight, per lb	16½	@	17½
Soaps, " "	5	@	7½
Starch, " "	5½	@	6½
Salt, Liverpool, per sack	1 35	@	1 40
" Fine Liverpool	2 00	@	—
" Virginia, "	2 10	@	2 25
Drop Shot	2 50	@	—
Buck Shot	2 75	@	—
Powder, " keg	5 75	@	6 25
Nails, standard rate, per keg	5 00	@	—
Snuff—Maccaboy, Lorillard's	80	@	—
" Miller's	75	@	—
" Gail & Ax	76	@	—
" Scotch, per gross	9 00	@	—
" Garrett's, per doz	4 75	@	—
Ink, per case	1 50	@	—
Mustard, per dozen	1 25	@	3 00
Ground Spices	1 00	@	1 25
" Pepper	1 00	@	1 25
" Ginger	1 00	@	1 25
" Allspice	1 00	@	1 25
" Cloves	1 00	@	1 25
" Cinnamon	1 50	@	—
Percussion Caps	65	@	85
G. D. Caps	45	@	—
Toilet Soaps, box	1 75	@	2 25
Fancy " box	50	@	1 00
Smoking Tobacco	50	@	60
Pens	75	@	1 25
Wampoo Bitters	6 50	@	—
Diamond Gin	7 50	@	—
Plantation Bitters	8 50	@	—
Hostetter's Bitters	8 50	@	—
Rhine Wines	8 00	@	12 50
Wrapping Paper, Large	75	@	—
" D C	65	@	—
" Medium	50	@	—
" Small	40	@	—
Nutmegs	1 50	@	—
Brooms	2 25	@	3 00

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, July 31—Money closed at 1¼ @2. Gold 111¾. Stocks firmer.

COTTON.

Spot cotton to-day closed easier: Middling Orleans 11¾c; middling Alabama, 11 13-16c; middling upland, 11¾c; strict low middling upland, 11¾; low middling upland, 11 1-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10¾c; good ordinary upland, 9 15-16c; ordinary upland, 8 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed weak; sales 7,000 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 25-32@	11 15-32	
August	11 2 -32@		
September	11 7-16@	11 15-32	
October	11 9-32@	—	
November	11 25-32@	11 11-16	
December	11 7-32@	11 11-16	

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 31.—Cotton steady; middling uplands, 5 7-8d; middling Orleans, 6d; sales to-day 8,000 bales, of which 2000 bales are for export and speculation; receipts —— bales, American —— bales.

SAVANNAH, July 31. Receipts 57, gross 2, exports to Great Britain —; sales 2; stock 1,425; price of middlings, 10¾c; market quiet.

WILMINGTON, July 31—Net receipts ; sales —; stock 376; price of middlings 10¾c; market steady.

MOBILE, July 31.—Net receipts 8; exports o Great Britain ——, coast 258; sales 250; stock 4,460; price of middlings 10¾c, low middlings 9¾c, good ordinary 8¾c; market weak.

BOSTON, July 31.—Net receipts 184, gross 320, exports to Great Britain —; sales ——; stock 15,-34; price of middlings 12c; market quiet.

NORFOLK, July 31. —Net receipts 9; sales —; stock 2,295; price of middlings 11—; market quiet

BALTIMORE, July 31.—Net receipts 4, sales 50; stock 3,709; price of middlings 11¾c; market dull.

GALVESTON, July 31.—Net receip

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1876.

TO MY MOTHER

Brightness thrills my heart as I sing
The word I last one just returned;
I see a ray of joy from the old bell ring
Its glorious welcome earned.

I ne'er could tell why should I not
Feel raptures joy to this eye
Return again to this much loved spot,
And such embrace to receive?

Ask me nothing concerning love,
For which every heart doth thirst;
Let affectionate others may prove,
A mother's love comes first.

Then a kiss of "good night" I'll waft to thee,
Pray God, in His merciful grace,
Returning in safety back to me
To bless the beautiful face. C. A. G.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the campaign now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

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Catalogues furnished free.

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WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD AND ITS CONNECTIONS.

"Kennesaw Route."

The following schedule takes effect June 5th, 1876:

NORTHWARD.

	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 11.
Leave Atlanta	4.10 p. m.	7.00 a. m.	5.55 p. m
Ar Cartersville	6.14 p. m.	9.22 a. m.	8.41 p m
Ar Kingston	6.42 p. m.	9.56 a. m.	9.17 p m
Ar Dalton	8.4 p. m.	11.54 a. m.	11.35 p m
Ar Chattanooga	10.25 p. m.	1.56 p m.	

SOUTHWARD.

	No. 2.	No. 4.	No. 11.
Leave Chattanooga	4.00 p. m.	5.00 a. m.	
Ar Dalton	5.41 p. m.	7.01 a. m.	1.00 a m
Ar Kingston	7.38 p m.	9.07 a. m.	4.19 a m
Ar Cartersville	8.12 p m.	9.42 a m.	5.18 a m
Ar Atlanta	10.15 p m.	12.06 m.	9.30 a m

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 1 and 2, between New Orleans and Baltimore.

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 1 and 4, between Atlanta and Nashville.

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 3 and 2, between Louisville and Atlanta.

No change of cars between New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Atlanta and Baltimore, and only one change to New York.

Passengers leaving Atlanta at 4.10 p. m. arrive in New York the second afternoon thereafter at 4.05 p. m.

Excursion tickets to the Virginia Springs and various summer resorts will be on sale in New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, Macon, Savannah, Augusta and Atlanta, at greatly reduced rates last of June.

Parties desiring a whole car through to the Virginia Springs or to Baltimore, should address the undersigned.

Parties contemplating traveling should send for a copy of KENNESAW ROUTE GAZETTE, containing schedules, etc.

Ask for tickets via "Kennesaw Route."

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ELEGANT STYLES, with Valuable Improvements, New and Beautiful Solo Stops, over One Thousand Organs and Musicians indorse these organs and recommend them as STRICTLY FIRST CLASS in tone, Mechanism and durability. Warranted for six years.

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Simplicity, Durability, Promptness,

AND PIANO LIKE ACTION.

PURE, SWEET, and EVEN BALANCED TONE, ORCHESTRAL EFFECTS, and INSTANTANEOUS ACCESS TO THE REEDS, WHICH MAY BE HAD TO THE REEDS.

Send for Price List. Address.

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HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS

Been in general use for twenty years. Every where proved the most SAFE, SIMPLE, ECONOMICAL and EFFICIENT medicines known. They are just what the people want, saving time and money averting sickness and suffering. Each single specific the well tried prescription of an eminent physician.

No.		Cents.
1.	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations,	25
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic,	25
3.	Crying-Colic, or Teething of Infants,	25
4.	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults,	25
5.	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic,	25
6.	Cholera-Morbus, vomiting,	25
7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,	25
8.	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache,	25
9.	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo,	25
10.	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach,	25
11.	Suppressed, or Painful Periods,	25
12.	Whites, too Profuse Periods,	25
13.	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	25
14.	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	25
15.	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains,	25
16.	Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Ague,	50
17.	Piles, Blind or Bleeding,	50
18.	Ophthalmy, and Sore or Weak Eyes,	50
19.	Catarrh, Acute or Chronic Influenza,	50
20.	Whooping-Cough, Violent Coughs,	50
21.	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing,	50
22.	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing,	50
23.	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swellings,	50
24.	General Debility, Physical Weakness,	50
25.	Dropsy and Scanty Secretions,	50
26.	Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding,	50
27.	Kidney-Disease, Gravel,	50
28.	Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness,	1 00
	or Involuntary Discharges,	
29.	Sore Mouth, Canker,	50
30.	Urinary Weakness, Wetting the Bed,	50
31.	Painful Periods, with Spasms,	50
32.	Sufferings at Change of Life,	1 00
33.	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	1 00
34.	Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat,	50
35.	Chronic Congestions and Eruptions,	50

FAMILY CASES.

Case Morocco with above 25 large vials and Manual of Directions, $10 00

Case Morocco, of 20 large vials and Book, 6 00

Case Morocco, of 20 large vials, with Specifics, 5 00

Case Morocco, of 20 large vials, with Specifics, 100

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Humphreys' Specific Homeopathic Medicine Co., Office and Depot, No. 562 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

THE GREAT

English Remedy.

The Cordial Balm of Syrician and Tonic Pills.

Nervous Debility,

However obscure the causes may be which contribute to render nervous debility discase so prevalent, affecting, as it does, nearly one-half of our adult population, it is a melancholy fact, that day by day, and year by year, we witness a most frightful increase of nervous affections from the slightest neuralgia to the more grave and extreme forms of

NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

It is of the highest importance, then, that individuals should be able to judge for themselves by their own feelings, if and to what extent they are attacked by this insidious enemy to health, comfort and even life itself, if left to run its course unchecked, by the early and prompt application of curative remedies.

NEWBERG, Nov. 6, 1874.

DR. LOTHROP: Will you have the goodness to send me a further supply of the Balm of Syrician and Tonic Pills, as I am nearly out? I have now been taking it about five months, and have every reason to be satisfied with its effects. You know that I commenced taking it in a very low state of doubt about it doing me any good, as I had often been accustomed to the use of opium. I thought that nothing short of throwing it could ever satisfy me; or, rather, I had come to the conclusion that I must continue the opium, and my only hope was that your medicine would furnish merely an antidote to its injurious effects. I never for a moment dreamed that the Balm of Syrician was go a moment dreamed that the Balm of Syrician was go ing to cure me of the desire for opium. But I believe it will. I have no especial desire for it now. When I left it off and began to take the Syrician I felt uneasy for a week or so, but the medicine seemed to stay me up, and after a few days the longing for opium began to grow less and less. Sometimes I feel a sort of lethargic weakness and a desire to again realize what I used to call the glorious visions of dreamland—but I could always find help and strength to overcome the temptation by taking a single dose of the Cordial Balm. Gratefully yours, N. GREGORY.

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"We have received from the manufacturer, Daniel F. Beatty, one of his square pianos. It is a thing of beauty, but not more exquisite to the eye is the finish of its workmanship, than charming to the ear is the sweetness of its melody. The piano combines the highest excellence, to which all the first class manufacturers of musical instruments aim. To all who wish to invest in a first class piano we have no hesitancy in advising them to send the money directly to Mr. Beatty. We speak from personal experiment, and it is with pleasure we give the evidence of the reliability of Mr. Beatty and his instruments."

Best offer ever given. Money refunded upon return of Piano and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory, after a test trial of five days. Pianos warranted for six years.

Agents wanted everywhere. Send stamp for catalogue. Address, DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, New Jersey, U. S. A.

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The Polkton (N. C.) Ansonian says: The Herald is one of the neatest papers in the State.

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The Herald is a first-class family paper, having some of the ablest writers in North Carolina attached to its staff. There is enough reading in it to make one laugh for a week—enough to keep you jolly until the next comes.—Rockmart (Ga.) News

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PERSONAL AND EXPLANATORY.

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A few years ago we bought a New York Santonin, bearing the name of the great chemist of Germany, whose make had always been purest, this was used in making Worm Candy, a lot of 200 gross. After sales of the Candy were made, complaints came thus it "went down and ran together" gross. After sales of the Candy were made, complaints came thus it "went down and ran together" Upon investigation we found that a fraud had been practiced upon us: the Santonin label being counterfeited, and that Santonin adulterated with chlorate of potash. We called on all the Candy we could reach, and that Santonin adulterated with chlorate of potash. We called on all the Candy we could reach, and that Santonin adulterated with chlorate of potash. We called on all the Candy we could hear of, replacing it with good. If you have any, we will gladly replace yours, and we make this appeal to your sense of justice, not to let the casuality of another injure our good name. We ask a renewal of your confidence in HURLEY'S Worm Candy, guaranteeing that only PURE and TESTED material is used in its preparation, and with proper care it will keep in any climate.

J. W. SEATON & CO. Louisville, Ky.,

Sole manufacturers and proprietors of the following:

	Per doz.	Per Gross.
Walker's Rheumatic Cure	$12 00	$10 50
Hurley's com. Syrup Sarsaparilla, with or without Iod. Potash	7 00	7 50
Hurley's Ague Tonic	7 00	6 50
Hurley's Popular Worm Candy	1 25	14 25
Hurley's Stomach Bitters	7 25	7 00
Hurley's Soothing Syrup	1 00	16 00
Seabrook's Infant Soothing Syrup	7 00	7 00
Seabrook's Elix. Dyspepsia Tonic and Chalasaya	1 50	15 00
Bettison's English Horse Liniment	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Horse Condition Powder	1 50	15 00
Lewis' Chicken Cholera Powder	3 00	30 00
Lewis' Hog Cholera Powder	1 75	18 00
S. & Co's Extract Jamaica Ginger, 2 oz.	3 50	37 50
S. & Co's Compound Syrup Lapidlambert	3 50	37 50
S. & Co's Jackson's Pectoral Syrup	1 75	18 00
S. & Co's Magic Kid Glove Cleaner	3 00	30 00
S. & Co's Oriental Pearl Drops, white or pink		

CHEMICAL WRITING FLUID

1 oz, 4 doz in box, per doz	$ 50
2 oz, 4 doz in box, per doz	90
4 oz, 2 doz in box, per doz	1 10
½ pint, 1 doz in box, per doz	2 50
¼ pint, 1 doz in box, per doz	4 00
1 pint, 1 doz in box, per doz	7 00
1 quart, 1 dozen in box, per dozen	13 00
1 pt copying 1 doz in box, per doz	4 50
1 qt copying, 1 doz in box, per doz	7 00
2 oz. Black Ink; 4 doz in box, per doz	2 50
4 oz. Black Ink; 2 doz in box, per doz	70

CARMINES.

2 oz Cork, 1 dozen in box	$1 25
4 oz Cork, 1 dozen in box	2 50
2 oz Glass Stopper, 1 dozen in box	2 50
4 oz Glass Stopper, 1 dozen in box	3 50

MUCILAGE.

4 oz, 1 dozen in box	1 25
8 oz, 1 dozen in box	2 50

DISCOUNT ON INK AND MUCILAGE.

$20, 5 per cent; $40, 10 per cent; $60, 15 per cent; $80, 20 per cent; $100, 25 per cent.

HOME BAKING POWDER.

¼ pound Cans	$1 60	$18 00
½ pound Cans	2 75	30 00
1 pound Cans	5 25	60 00

5, 10, 25 and 50 pound Cans, 35 cents per pound. No charge for packages

LIQUID WASH BLUE.

2 ounce, 6 dozen in box	$ 35	$ 3 60
4 ounce, 4 dozen in box	60	6 40
6 ounce, 3 dozen in box	75	8 00
8 ounce, 2 dozen in box	90	10 00
12 ounce, 1 dozen in box	1 10	12 00

All accounts due in 30 days. Discounts on Ink and Mucilage only, as per card. All goods shipped at purchaser's risk, unless ordered to insure.

OFFERS, &C.

$10,000 REWARD for a case of Chills and Fever, or Ague and Fever, that HURLEY'S AGUE TONIC will not cure.

WALKER'S RHEUMATIC CURE guaranteed to relieve the most obstinate cases of Rheumatism if persistently taken.

Cervalescents warranted rapid recovery by use of SEABROOK'S ELIXIR BARK AND IRON. Corrects female irregularities.

The most reliable SOOTHING SYRUP is SEABROOK'S. Safely, sweetly quiets the little ones—never stupifies or fatally effects, as a popular syrup is stated to have done.

Physicians recommend SEATON & CO.'S LIQUIDAMBER for Dysentery, Diarrhea, and Summer Complaints. Aids digestion.

An English Farrier made, and the veteran veterinarian, Dr. Bettison, improved our ENGLISH HORSE LINIMENT. Heals by all skin diseases or old sores on man, horse or cattle.

HURLEY'S WORM CANDY is a never failing, harmless remedy. All children are more or less troubled with worms. Every house should have this pure preparation.

Many Sarsaparillas are made from Indian roots perfectly inert. Hurley's, with a powerful press, is extracted from Honduras Sarsaparilla, put up with or without Iodine of Potash.

Indigestion or Dyspepsia, etc., can be cured by HURLEY'S STOMACH BITTERS, a delightful remedy.

The purest EXTRACT OF JAMAICA GINGER is SEATON & CO.'S. Flatulency, Cholera, etc., flee away when it is taken.

Flaky, light white bread insured by use of SEATON & CO.'S HOME BAKING POWDER. Delicious and pure.

Sol ed Kid Gloves made new, with SEATON & CO.'S KID GLOVE CLEANER.

INKS—Black, Chemical, Copying Carmine, etc., in all size.

MUCILAGE that will not sour, is SEATON & CO.'S.

ORIENTAL PEARL DROP, white and pink, beautifies the complexion and removes tan and pimples.

Cheaper than Indigo and far better is SEATON & CO.'S WASH BLUE.

Seaton & Co's Prices

ARE FROM

Fifteen to Fifty per cent Cheaper than Others

TO—For proof, you know that Chill Tonics (without arsenic) usual price is $8.00 per dozen; our price is $7.00; Worm Candies, usually $1.50, ours $1.35; Stomach Bitters, generally, $8.00 to $8.50, ours $7.25; Soothing Syrups, $2.00 to $4.00, ours $1.00; Elixir Bark and Iron, $9.00 to $12.00, ours $7.50.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO HANDLE OUR GOODS.

WARRANNTED TO BE RELIABLE!

We Believe them to be Superior to all Others,

AS THE MATERIALS USED ARE THE PUREST AND BEST.

CAPITAL STOCK. - - $1.200.000!

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MANUFACTURERS OF

FIRE EXTINGUISHERS, ENGINES, STATIONARY TANKS

"Ne Plus Ultra" Engines, "Hercules" Engines, Climax Engines.

(2 wheel) Factory Size. (3 wheel) Village Siz (4 wheel) City Size.

FACTORY AND PRINCIPAL OFFICE—Nos. 331, 333, 337, 339 West Market Street, Louisville, Kentucky.

Ask the Public to Pardon us for this Fact, "To be Forearmed is to be Forearmed.

487.59 Unarmed Soldiers

These Sentinels are standing guard over one hundred thousand million Dollars worth of property in Asylums, Breweries, Bakeries, City Halls, Colleges, Car Works, Depots, Distilleries, Elevators, Foundries, Factories, Fair Grounds, Grain Houses, Hotels, Halls, Tanneries, Lumber Yards, Machine Shops, Oil Factories, Pastery, Paint and Paper Warehouses, Rag and Roofing Factories, Saw Mills, Starch, Stave and Soap Factories, Theatres, Toy, Trunk and Turpentine Establishments, Upholsteries, Veneering Establishments, Wagon, White Lead and Window Sash and Blind Factories, Warehouses and Large buildings of all kinds throughout this land. They are night WATCHMEN when a robber is executed they are furnished weapons to give them greater power.

Why, then, when they are call to guard against Fire, a far more dreaded enemy to property than eves, should they not be provided with the means to subdue it before it has gained dangerous head y? We offer the

GREAT AMERICAN FIRE EXTINGUISHER,

he best known means of accomplishing this end, and commend it to public favor solely on its rits. Send for circular with description and testimonials. Agents wanted in every town in ld.

Great American Fire Extinguisher Co., Louisville, Ky

LEHMAN, DURR & CO.,

BANKERS, COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

OFFICES, COURT SQUARE,

Montgomery, Alabama.

COLLECTIONS

Made on all Accessible Points, and Remitted for on Day of Payment

We also buy and sell Domestic and Foreign Exchange and Draw Bills of Exchange, Available in all the Commercial Centres of this Country and Europe.

Liberal Cash Advances Made upon Cotton consigned to us, our connections in New York, New Orleans or Liverpool.

FULL STOCK OF BAGGING AND TIES ALWAYS ON HAND AND FOR SALE AT LOWEST MARKET RATES.

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LOUISVILLE & CINCINNATI

SHORT LINE RAILROAD

The quickest, best and ONLY ROUTE with which passengers from the South make direct connection at Louisville with

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars

TO PITTSBURG, HARRISBURG,
PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK,
And other Eastern Cities.

WITHOUT CHANGE.

Arriving many hours in advance of all other lines. Connections made at Cincinnati with all lines running

Pullman and Wagner Palace Sleepers

To Toledo, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Baltimore, Washington, Sandusky, Cleveland, Buffalo, Albany, Salamanca and New York

WITHOUT CHANGE.

This is the only line running its entire trains from Louisville to Cincinnati, and the only line by which passengers from the South en route to Eastern and Northern Cities can avoid a tedious and fatiguing transfer through Louisville, by changing cars at Short Line Junction, with L. & G. S. R. R., three miles south of the City, where they can be served with an excellent meal at Ritter's Dining Hall, at all hours. Through Sleepers from New Orleans, Mobile, Jacksonville, Atlanta, Little Rock, Memphis, Montgomery and Nashville to Short Line Junction, direct connection at Short Line Junction with through Sleepers to New York and other Eastern Cities via this line

DURING THE CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION

At Philadelphia, this line will sell Excursion Tickets at greatly reduced rates.

ASK FOR TICKETS VIA

Louisville & The Short Line,

The only line running through cars to Eastern Cities For sale at all the Ticket Offices in the South and Southwest.

JOHN MAC LEOD,
General Superintendent.

S. S. PARKER,
G. P. & T. Agt., Louisville, Ky jadly

A BOOK FOR THE MILLION.

Marriage Guide. A Private Counselor to the Married, or those about to marry, on the physiological mysteries and revelations of the sexual system, with the latest discoveries in the science of reproduction, preserving the sympathies, &c.

This is an interesting work of two hundred and sixty pages, with numerous engravings, and contains valuable information for those who are married or contemplate marriage; still it is a book that ought to be kept under lock and key, and not left carelessly about the house.

It contains the experience and advice of a physician whose reputation is world wide, and should be in the private drawer of every male and female throughout the entire globe. It embraces everything on the subject of the generative system that is worth knowing, and much that is not published in any other work.

Sent to any one free of postage for Fifty Cents.

Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary, No. 12 N. Eighth street, St. Louis, Mo.

Notice to the Afflicted and Unfortunate.

Before applying to the notorious quacks who advertise in public papers for cases, get quack remedies, peruse Dr. Butts' work, no matter what your disease is or how deplorable your condition.

Dr. Butts occupies a double house of twenty-seven rooms; is indorsed by some of the most celebrated medical professors of this country and Europe, and can be consulted personally or by mail, on the diseases mentioned in his work. Office and parlors, No. 12 North Eighth street, between Olive and Locust, St. Louis, Mo.

MARRIAGE GUIDE An illustrated Work, 275 pages, a private counselor of the married and marriageable on the mysteries of the sexual system, its abuses, etc., latest discoveries in the science of reproduction; how to be truly happy in the married relation. Male and female, young and middle aged should read and preserve it; it contains information which no one can afford to be without; tells how to preserve the health, and complexion, and gives to faded cheeks the freshness of youth; the best and purest Private Medical Guide in the world. Price 50 cents by mail. The author may be consulted personally or by mail on any of the subjects mentioned in his work. Address M. A. G. OLIN, 153 Washington st., Chicago, Ill.

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Chance to Gain

$50,000

NO RISK.

Send for circular at once. No time to lose. READ & CO., Bank 23, 71 Maiden Lane NEW YORK

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Parlor Organs.

These remarkable instruments possess capacities for musical effects and expression never before attained, adapted for Amateur and Professional, and an ornament in any parlor.

EXCELLENCE IN QUALITY OF TONE THOROUGH WORKMANSHIP, ELEGANT DESIGNS AND FINISH,

and Wonderful Variety of their Combination Solo Stops.

Beautiful new Centennial styles now ready Address, DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J

50 CENTS FREE.

SPECIAL OFFER—FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY.

Will send, POST-PAID FREE, to each new subscriber of THE NEW YORK AGENTS' MONTHLY, a magnificent CENTENNIAL MEMORIAL MEDAL (in fancy box), struck in Albata Plate Silver, larger than a silver trade dollar, 1¾ inch in diameter—Price 50 cents each. THE AGENTS' MONTHLY is a handsome, spicy, 16 page paper. Subscription price 50 cents a year. Send 50 cents, and you will receive the AGENTS' MONTHLY for one year, postpaid, and the above Medal gratis.

Address, PENTION PUBLISHING CO.,
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Legalized by authority of an Act of the Legislature.

Tickets $1 Each, 6 for $5. One chance in every 3.

$250,000 in Prizes. Capital Prize $50,000

6th Extraordinary Drawing.

1 Cash Prize of	$100,000
1 Cash Prize of	50,000
1 Cash Prize of	25,000
1 Cash Prize of	20,000

51,025 Cash Prizes amounting to $350,000

20 Chances for $10, leaving balance to be deducted from Prizes drawn in the Drawing. Agents Wanted Liberal Pay. For full particulars and Circulars, Address the Manager,

J. M. PATTEE, Laramie City, Wyoming.

WIMBLEDON

Long Range Breech Loading

Practice Pistol & Targets.

Carries a ½ inch ball with accuracy fifty feet, without powder or percussion. Brass barrel, hair trigger. For sale by dealers. By mail, free for 75 cents, with permanent ammunition for target practice indoors, and for sporting out of doors.

AGENTS WANTED.

A. A. GRAHAM, 67 Liberty Street, New York

"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure and Instruction."

Harper's Bazar.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The Bazar is edited with a combination of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—Boston Traveller.

The Bazar commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patterns for the children's clothes, to parer familias by the tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing gowns. For the reading matter of the Bazar is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—N. Y. Evening Post.

In its way there is nothing like it. Fresh and trustworthy as a fashion guide, its stories and essays, its poetry and squibs, are all invigorating to the mind.—Chicago Evening Journal.

TERMS.

Postage Free to all Subscribers in the United States.

Harper's Bazar, one year.....$4 00

$4 00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine, Weekly, and Bazar, to one address, for one year, $10 00; or two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address, for one year, $7 00, postage free.

An extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly or Bazar, will be supplied gratis for every club of five subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or six copies for $20 00 without extra copy, postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Bazar, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7.00 each. A complete Set, comprising eight Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5.25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

Prominent attention will be given in HARPER'S BAZAR to such illustrations of the Centennial International Exposition as may be peculiarly appropriate to its columns.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROS. Address HARPER & BROTHERS' New York.

LOCAL AGENTS WANTED.

An Agent Wanted for each Town and County in the United States.

Parties desiring to act as agents must accompany their application by a letter of recommendation as to character and responsibility from and signed by the Editor of a newspaper published in the town or county for which agent pr poses to act. The agency is to sell the bonds of the Industrial Exhibition Company.

Bonds $20 Each.

The Industrial Exhibition Company will furnish agents with Circulars, etc., etc.,

Each newspaper published in the town where agent is located will, as soon as agency is established, be given an advertisement, advertising such agency and the company, and fully explaining the plans, purposes and objects of the company. Such advertisement will continue in such papers as long as agency is successfully conducted.

The Industrial Exhibition Company is the first to adopt the plan so long in use by the European governments of issuing bonds when the principal is made secure and not risked, but where there is a chance for a large premium, an investment of $20 is sure to return to the investor $1—one dollar more than cost—and the holder of a $20 bond may obtain a premium either of $50, $100, $250, $500, $1,000, $3,000, $5,000, $10,000, $25,000 or $100,000. The interest, which is ordinarily distributed to all the bondholders pro rata, is in this loan distributed by chance. The purchaser of a bond knows he will receive back his investment, with a small rate of interest added, and in consideration of taking this small rate of interest, he has a chance in the above named premiums, which are simply the distribution of interest on the whole loan.

Each bond participates in four drawings each year, until it has drawn a premium, when it is surrendered, the premium paid, and the bond cancelled

The Industrial Exhibition Company, under a special charter, granted by the State of New York, is given authority to issue these bonds. The Legislature of the State, recognizing the great benefits which will arise from the success of this enterprise, have exempted all the real estate and property of the company from taxation and assessments for five years, and has also conferred other great privileges.

Every American who understands the purposes of this company will, of a necessity, feel a pride in aiding it to a successful termination.

Each individual who buys a bond becomes an owner and an interested party, and when he views the structure erected with his money can say, "I added to ours in our country the most magnificent building the world has ever seen, a palace which, in truth, represents the industry, energy and mechanical genius of the American people."

The manufacturers and the inventors of America are peculiarly interested in the success of this enterprise, for the reason that it is to be their home, where all their inventions and manufactures can be exhibited and sold.

The building will contain 5,320,000 square feet of space.

Purchasers desiring Bonds before an agency is established where they reside, will communicate direct with this office, from where they can be supplied.

Parties desiring to act as agents or to purchase bonds will address

INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION CO.,

No. 12 East 17th Street,

BET. B'WAY & 5th AVE.,

NEW YORK CITY

NOTE.—All moneys by draft on New York, or Express, or postal order—charges paid by sender 8-20w

BEATTY Piano.

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

From Jas. F. Regan, firm Regan & Carter, publishers Daily and weekly Tribune, Jefferson City, Mo, after receiving a $700 instrument, says:

"Piano reached us in good condition I am well pleased with it. It is all you represent it to be." From E. K. Baldridge, Bennington Furnace, Pa., after receiving a $700 piano.

"The Beatty" received 4th inst., all O. K., and comes fully up to your representation, and exceeds our expectations. While I don't profess to be a judge in the matter, Mrs. B. does, and pronounce it of very sweet tone; and is very much pleased with it."

Best inducements ever offered. Money refunded upon return of Piano and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory, after a test trial of five days. Pianos warranted for six years. Agents wanted. Send for catalogue. Address,

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

CARPENTER'S Manual.—A practical guide to all operations of the trade: drawing for carpenters, forms of contract, specifications, plans, &c.; plain instructions for beginners, and full glossary of terms. Illustrated, 50 cts. Paine's Manuel, 50. Book of Alphabets, 50. Scroll's Manuel, 50. Book of Alphabets, 50. Scrolls and Ornaments, $1. Watchmaker and Jeweler, 50. Soapmaker, 25. Of booksellers, or by mail JESSE HANEY & CO., 119 Nassau street, N. Y 2-3d&wem

OPIUM and Morphine habit absolutely and speedily cured. Painless; no publicity. Send stamp for particulars. Dr. Carlton, 45 Washington st., Chicago, Ill.

Official Railroad Time Table

Giving arrival and departure of all trains of Montgomery. Reported and corrected expressly for the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, by Messrs HOUGH & BENSON, General Ticket Agents Office under Exchange Hotel, where any information as to rates, connections or distance be obtained.

Tickets sold to all points North, South, East and West.

Calls for the Omnibus or Baggage Wagon left at our office, or at the Exchange Hotel will receive prompt attention.

SOUTH AND NORTH ALA. RAILROAD

GOING NORTH.

	No 2—Mail	No 4—Exp
Leaves Montgomery	7.00 am	8:00 pm
Calera	9:25 am	10:25 pm
Birmingham	10:55 am	11:45 pm
Decatur	2:45 pm	3:05 am
Nashville	8:15 pm	8:20 am
Arrive at Louisville	3:45 am	3:40 pm

Accommodation.

	No 8
Leaves Montgomery	4:00 p m
Calera	10:25 p m
Arrive Birmingham	3:00 a m

COMING SOUTH.

| | No 1—Mail | No 3—

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1876.

It is now intimated that Tilden is holding back in his letter of acceptance until the House of Representatives comes to a vote on the proposition to repeal so much of the Resumption act as fixes the 1st of January, 1879, as the time for returning to specie payments. The well informed New York correspondence of the Philadelphia Ledger says there are good reasons for believing that the intimation is correct. His expectation probably is that repeal will be he carried, which will enable the facile Governor to say that he bows to the will of the people, as expressed through a Democratic Congress, believing that that, in turn, will enable the inflationists to carry Indiana. But he will be likely to lose more in the East, by this slippery policy, than he will gain in the West.

Miss Jeannette Bennett, sister to James Gordon Bennett, is greatly surprised and annoyed at the report that she has entered a convent; and her friends are industriously denying the story which originated in the brain of somebody. Miss Bennett, although educated at the Convent of the Sacred Heart, has no intention of becoming a nun, and like the man in the minstrels says: "I'll have nun of it." The young lady, who is heiress to a million or two, is at Newport with her future sister-in-law, Miss May, and will enter the matrimonial state in the fall, her future husband being a lawyer of Boston.

A New and needed departure on the part of the bench has just been made by the United States Circuit Court Judge of the Southern district of Ohio, towards the correction of the abuse of the privilege by counsel in criminal cases by assaulting witnesses whose testimony stands unimpeached, and who, having no legal status in court, are wholly powerless to defend themselves. In the case in question, for the first time in the history of our jurisprudence, a judge of one of the highest tribunals has not hesitated not only to characterize the practice of the bar as it fitly deserved, but has promptly cut it off in the most summary manner, holding that the law does not license lawyers to assassinate the character of witnesses, and that upon the trial of a cause the trial should be confined to that of the person accused, and that the trial of witnesses, upon mere charges made by counsel, should not be tolerated. He publicly warned the jury that the "scenic utterances" and "screaming violence" of the distinguished counsel were simply so much wind, and were indecent besides, and hinted that the professional assassin of witnesses' character was indeed an accomplice after the fact of the criminal he defended, and not to be held less guilty. The Chicago Tribune, commenting on the proceedings, says:

Judge Emmons' ruling works a new departure in the administration of justice, which, if followed up, will work an end of the farcical and disgusting performances in the courts, which are a parody on justice, and but shield the guilty at the expense of those whose offense it is to possess knowledge of the facts.

A Prophecy by Carl Schurz.

From a Letter in the N. Y. Staats Zietung, July 26.

I will hazard a prophecy as to what the future has in store for us.' I should not dare to promise the people an ideal political situation if Mr. Hayes be elected; but as regards the three points which * * * the address of the May conference touched upon, the following appears to me as sure as anything one can ever count upon in the future: (1) The application of the whole Constitutional power of the Executive to secure a prompt resumption of specie payments, and apparently an agreeable majority in Congress. (2) A weeding out of bad officers and a consequent carrying through of his programme of civil service reform on the part of the President, as far as his constitutional powers will permit him. The employment in the public service of not one more party agent. The abolition of the booty system. Opposition to these reforms on the part of the booty politicians in Congress. The overthrow of this opposition at the next Congressional elections. (3) An intelligent execution of the laws, joined with a just, conciliatory, and honorable policy toward the people of the South.

In the event of a Democratic victory: (1) A soft money majority in the House of Representatives. Efforts on the part of the President in behalf of a resumption of specie payments, which are ruined by the majority in the House of Representatives. A continuation of our uncertain financial position for an indefinite length of time. In case of the succession of Mr. Hendricks to the Presidency, universal confusion and a revival of the inflationists' plans. (2) The weeding out of the bad officers, but also of the good ones. A tremendous, irresistible rush of office-seekers from South and North to divide the booty. A substantial continuance of the booty system and the civil service as party machinery, and all the demoralization which would flow from that sundry efforts to the right direction, borne down by the pressure of partisan interest from all sides. (3) The rousing of false hopes among the lawless element in the South by their party victory, and the increase of terrible excesses and reactionary efforts, in spite of the desire of the government and of the better part of the Southern people to suppress such disorders.

This is my view of what would result from the triumph of the one or the other party. You may hold a different view; time will tell which of us is right. May the sequel not prove injurious to the public weal. Very respectfully yours,

C. Schurz.

The Men—The Platform.

GOVERNOR HAYES' LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE.

With a civil service organized upon a system which will secure purity, experience, efficiency, and economy, a strict regard for the public welfare solely in appointments, and the speedy, thorough, and unsparing prosecution and punishment of all public officers who betray official trusts; with sound currency, with education unsectarian and free to all; with simplicity and frugality in public and private affairs, and with a fraternal spirit of harmony pervading the people of all sections and classes, we may reasonably hope that the second century of our existence as a nation will by the blessing of God, be pre-eminent as an era of good feeling and a period of progress, prosperity and happiness.

WM. A. WHEELER'S LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE.

To the intelligence and conscience of all who desire good government, good will, good money and universal prosperity, the Republican party, not unmindful of the imperfections and short-comings of human organizations, yet with the honest purpose of its masses promptly to retrieve all errors had to summarily punish all offenders against the laws of the country, confidently submits its claims for the continued support of the American people.

PLATFORM
—OF THE—
REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections State and Federal, announce as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men as the fundamental principle of our government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperiling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the cordial recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing intolerance, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and action, in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and antipathies, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the States and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one as indestructible, the other as indissoluble.

5th. The preservation and maintainance of the Republican party in the Southern States, as a safeguard against sectionalism, and the strongest guaranty of an inviolate union.

Resolved 1st, That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has carried the nation through a period of unprecedented difficulties and trials with safety and success, and has won for the President a renown as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd, That we deplore the divisions in our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies, and that now, as in the past, we are ready and desirous of healing these divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse to its energies or hope to its future, since the war, and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

Alex White, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 14th, 1876.)

When, in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved these governments to the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.' Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously enforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitutional amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts of its purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin. Commmercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European governments that the same protection shall be enjoyed by the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the many important amendments effected by Republican Legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congess to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who perilled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We therefore note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts as its chief hope of success on the electoral vote of a united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation; we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil the national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason; with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes; with reasserting and applauding in the National Capitol the sentiments of unrepented rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan mismanagement and obstruction of investigation; with proving itself, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and immense services in war and in peace.

Regular State Executive Committee.

Chas. E Mayer Chairman; George Turner, Secretary.

First District—C C Wood, Allen Alexander.

Second District—William M Loftin, Frenchard Gray

Third District—W H Black, Philip King.

Fourth District—M G Candee, H Cochran.

Fifth District—Wm J Boon, J H Alston.

Sixth District—Charles Hays, C C Shorts.

Seventh District—Arthur Bingham, H L Washington.

Eighth District—George E. Spencer, Z E Thomas.

Regular County Executive Committee.

Paul Strobach, Chairman. T. C. Bingham, Secretary.

Clark Evans, Charles Loper,
W. M. Loftin, Geo. Allen,
W. J. Maxwell, Ab Davis.
Wm. Anthony, Br. McDaniel,
Thos. Oliver, Chas. Johnson,
Aug. Montgomery, Jos. Barnett,
Randall Clifton, Parrish Phillips,
John Breckenridge.

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The People's Remedy.
The Universal Pain Extractor.
Note: ask for POND'S EXTRACT.
Take no other.

"Hear, for I will speak of excellent things."

POND'S EXTRACT—The great **Vegetable Pain Destroyer.** Has been in use over **thirty years,** and for cleanliness and prompt curative virtues cannot be excelled.

CHILDREN.—**No family** can afford to be without **Pond's Extract. Accidents, Bruises, Contusions, Cuts, Sprains,** are relieved almost instantly by external application. Promptly relieves pains or **Burns, Scalds, Excoriations, Chafings, Old Sores, Boils, Felons, Corns,** etc. Arrests inflamation, reduces swellings, stops bleeding, removes discolorations and heals rapidly.

FEMALE WEAKNESSES.—It always relieves pain in the back and loins, fullness and pressing pain in the head, nausea, vertigo.

IN LEUCORRHŒA it has no equal. All kinds of **ulcerations** to which ladies are subject are promptly cured. Fuller details in book accompanying each bottle.

PILES—blind or bleeding—meet prompt relief and ready cure. No case, however chronic or obstinate, can long resist its regular use.

VARICOSE VEINS.—It is the only sure cure for this distressing and dangerous condition.

KIDNEY DISEASES.—It has no equal for permanent cure.

BLEEDING from any cause. For this is a **specific.** It has saved hundreds of lives when all other remedies failed to arrest bleeding from **nose, stomach, lungs,** and elsewhere.

RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, Toothache and Earache are all alike relieved, and often permanently cured.

PHYSICIANS of all schools who are acquainted with **Pond's Extract of Witch Hazel** recommend it in their practice. We have letters of commendation from hundreds of Physicians, many of whom order it for use in their own practice. In addition to the foregoing, they order its use for **Swellings** of all kinds, **Quinsy, Sore Throat, Inflamed Tonsils,** simple and chronic **Diarrhœa, Catarrh,** (for which it is a specific,) **Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Stings of Insects, Mosquitoes,** etc., **Chapped Hands, Face,** and indeed all manner of skin diseases.

TOILET USE.—Removes **Soreness, Roughness,** and **Smarting;** heals **Cuts, Eruptions,** and **Pimples.** It *revives, invigorates,* and *refreshes,* while wonderfully improving the **Complexion.**

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CAUTION.—**Pond's Extract** has been imitated. The genuine article has the words **Pond's Extract** blown in each bottle. It is prepared by the **only persons living** who ever knew how to prepare it properly. Refuse all other preparations of Witch Hazel. This is the only article used by Physicians, and in the hospitals of this country and Europe.

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Life Preserver.

ABSOLUTE SAFETY
At Sea.
LIFE SAVING SUIT
FOR OCEAN TRAVEL.

THE CONTINUOUS DISASTERS AT SEA

And the almost countless lives that have been lost, urge the introduction of more effective appliances for saving life than have yet been generally adopted. In response to the great public demand, the Anne Jean Life Saving Suit Company now present a

Practical Life Saving Suit.

This suit having been tested and approved by the most scientific and practical authorities, we now offer as a means of absolute safety from death by drowning. The invention now offered claims its superiority over all inventions in that it floats the body in a vertical position in the roughest sea, preserves the natural exterior of the body for any number of days, with necessary provisions for ten days, and signals to attract attention from passing vessels.

This suit embodies three principles which are imperative in a life saving dress—

First—A buoyancy which supports the body in a vertical position, and maintains it as from a natural law.

Second—Protection from water and weather and consequent chill.

Third—A commissariat department, to which is attached signals, with capacity for carrying valuables, etc., etc.

This suit is put on over ordinary clothing, except shoes and hat, and can be put on inside of five minutes; and are fitted to passengers on transatlantic steamers at the low price of

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Send for a pamplet.

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SOLID WEALTH!

$600,000 IN GIFTS.

Grandest Scheme ever Presented to the Public.

A Fortune for only $12.

The Kentucky Cash Distribution Company, authorized by a special act of the Kentucky Legislature, for the benefit of the Public Schools of Frankfort, will have the first of their series of Grand Drawings at Major Hall, in the city of Frankfort, Ky., on Thursday, August 31, 1876, on which occasion they will distribute to the ticket-holders the immense sum of

$600,000.

THOS. P. PORTER, ex-Gov. of Kentucky, General Manager.

POSITIVELY NO POSTPONEMENT.

as we will have a series of Grand Drawings and can not establish the precedent of postponing.

LIST OF GIFTS:

One Grand Cash Gift		$100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
One Grand Cash Gift		20,000
One Grand Cash Gift		10,000
One Grand Cash Gift		5,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
50 Cash Gifts of	$1,000 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	500 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	400 each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts of	300 each	30,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200 each	40,000
600 Cash Gifts of	100 each	60,000
10,000 Cash Gifts of	12 each	120,000
Total 11,156 Gifts, All Cash		600,000

PRICE OF TICKETS:

Whole tickets $12; Halves $6; Quarters $3; 9 Tickets $100; 27 Tickets $200; 45 Tickets $300; 95 Tickets $1,000; 100,000 Tickets at $12 each.

Hon. E. H. Taylor, Mayor of Frankfort, the entire board of City Councilmen, Hon. Alvin Duvall, late Chief Justice of Kentucky, and other distinguished citizens, together with such disinterested persons as the ticket holders present may designate will superintend the drawing.

Remittances can be made by Express, Draft, Postoffice Money order or Registered Letter, made payable to Kentucky Cash Distribution Company.

All communications connected with the distribution, and orders for Tickets, and applications of Agents to sell Tickets, should be addressed to

HON. THOS. P. PORTER,
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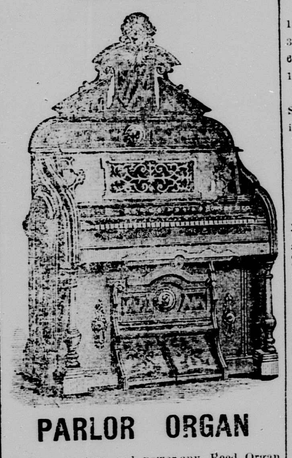

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Surpasses in tone and power any Reed Organ heretofore manufactured in this country. It has been tested by many competent judges and

Gives Universal Satisfaction.

By a skillful use of the stops, and of the patent knee swell, the music is adapted to the human voice, ranging from the softest flute-like note to a volume of sound,

Unsurpassed by any Instrument

The proprietors have noted carefully for many years the imperfections and needs of the reed instruments, and direct their practical experience to the correction of such imperfections, and their experiments have resulted in the production of a quality of tone which assimilates so closely to the

PIPE ORGAN QUALITY

That it is difficult to distinguish between the two. This instrument has all

THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS,

And every organ is fully warranted. Large Oil Polish, Black Walnut Paneled Cases that forms in addition to a splendid instrument of music,

A Beautiful Piece of Furniture.

This organ needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and is sold at extremely

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AGENTS WANTED—(Male or female) in every county in the United States and Canada. A liberal discount made to Teachers, Ministers, Churches, Schools, Lodges, etc., where there is no agent for the Star Organ. Illustrated catalogue and price list free. Correspondence solicited. Address the manufacturers,

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H. W. Alleger, T. B. McMurrie
C. P. Bowlby, Edward Plotts
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GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

Endorsed by the highest musical authorities throughout the world as THE BEST.

From D. S. Bodine, Stockton, N. J., after receiving a $500 Beatty Piano, says:

"Not only myself and family, but every one who has seen it is satisfied in regard to its superior quality."

From B. H. Cormony, Esq., Chambersburg, Pa. "The Beatty Piano came to hand one week ago, in good order. It has thus far given entire satisfaction."

H. Holtzburger Tryone, Pa., says

"The piano came to hand in good order, and proves satisfactory, both in tone and finish."

Agents wanted, male or female. Send for catalogue. Address,

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Washington N. J., U. S. A.

ESTABLISHED 1867.



ALABAMA

STATE

JOURNAL

CAMPAIGN EDITION FOR 1876.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

The country is entering upon one of the most stubbornly contested Presidential battles since 1860. During this contest the people of Alabama will desire to keep themselves posted on its progress; they will desire to read all sides and form their own conclusions as to their duty at the polls. During this great canvass we shall publish a Campaign edition of the "State Journal" at a rate so low as to enable us to have its widest distribution throughout the State. The publication of this special campaign edition is already commenced, and will run from June regularly up to both daily and weekly issues, until after the Presidential Election. The Journal is the organ that advocates true Republicanism.

It believes the success of the Republican party vital to the welfare of the country. It holds further, that fair, just and honest Republican sentiment, working through Republican agencies, is the surest guarantee of Reform and cheerfulness the country needs. It will labor with its utmost energy for the triumph of

Hayes & Wheeler.

The Journal has always been recognized as an efficient and popular campaign paper. During the last campaign it was circulated more widely than ever before, and to attribute a vast fund of influence to the press, and to attribute a vast fund of influence to the press, is to attribute a vast fund of influence to the people.

We shall be glad to receive orders at once from the friends who believe that the circulation of the campaign Journal will serve a good cause. Organize clubs at once at the following rates:

Daily Edition.

1 Copy	5 Months	$ 3.50
3 "	5 "	10.00
6 "	5 "	19.00
12 "	5 "	36.00

Weekly Edition.

1 Copy	5 Months	$ .75
3 "	5 "	2.00
6 "	5 "	4.00
12 "	5 "	7.00

Payment of postage is included in these rates. Send money by express or postoffice order, or registered letter only.

Address, T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,
Proprietors, Lock Box "C" Montgomery, Ala.

To the Working Class.—We can furnish you employment at which you can make very large pay, in your own localities, without being away from home over night. Agents wanted in every town and county to take subscribers for The Centennial Record, the largest publication in the United States—16 pages, 64 columns; Elegantly Illustrated; Terms only $1 per year. The Record devoted to whatever is of interest connected with the Centennial year. The Great Exhibition at Philadelphia is fully illustrated in detail. Everybody wants it. The whole people feel great interest in their Country's Centennial Birthday, and want to know all about it. An elegant patriotic crayon drawing premium picture is presented free to each subscriber. It is entitled, "In remembrance of the One Hundredth Anniversary of the Independence of the United States." Size, 23 by 30 inches. Any one can become a successful agent, for but show the paper and picture and hundreds of subscribers are easily obtained everywhere. There is no business that will pay like this at present. We have many agents who are making as high as $20 per day and upwards. Now is the time; don't delay. Remember it costs nothing to give the business a trial. Send for our circulars, terms, and sample copy of paper, which are sent free to all who apply; do it to day. Complete outfit free to those who decide to engage. Farmers and mechanics, and their sons and daughters make the very best of agents. Address,

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ATLANTA & WEST POINT R. R

To take Effect Monday, Oct. 4, 1875

AT 8.55 A. M.

Passenger Train—South.

STATIONS.	ARRIVE.	LEAVE.
Atlanta	.....	10 25 P M
East Point	10 45	10 45
Red Oak	11 01	11 06
Fairburn	11 24	11 25
Palmetto	11 41	11 42
Powell's	12 05	12 05 A M
Newnan	12 20	12 21
Puckett's	12 56	12 41
Grantville	12 56	12 57
Hogansville	1 17	1 18
Whitfield's	1 43	1 44
LaGrange	2 04	2 05
Long Cane	2 31	2 31
West Point	2 50	.....

Passenger Train—North.

West Point	.....	12 15 P M
Long Cane	12 31	12 31
LaGrange	12 57	12 58
Whitfield	1 16	1 16
Hogansville	1 36	1 37
Grantville	1 52	1 53
Puckett's	2 08	2 08
Newnan	2 24	2 25
Powell's	2 40	2 40
Palmetto	3 01	3 02
Fairburn	3 17	3 18
Red Oak	3 33	3 37
East Point	3 52	3 52
Atlanta	4 10	.....

L. P. GRANT,
Superintendent.

BEATTY'S CELEBRATED GOLDEN TONGUE

PARLOR ORGANS.

Messrs Geo. P Rowell & Co., (N. Y.) Newspaper Reporter, says:

"Daniel F. Beatty, the organ builder, of Washington, N. J., presses forward with greatest vigor."

From Wm. Peel, Niagara Falls, N. Y.

"Several months use of the elegant Parlor Organ you sent me, satisfies me that it is one of the best made. It has a rich tone; its various tones are most pleasant. I most heartily recommend your organs for par or, school, church or other use."

Best offer ever given. Money refunded upon return of organ and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory, after a trial of five days. Organ warranted for five years. Send for extended price list of testimonials before buying a parlor organ. Address,

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ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL

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Auction Bills,	Hand Bills,	Circulars,
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MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1876.

TO MY MOTHER

Happiness thrills my heart as I sing
For the I ved one just returning;
I feel a an I cm of joy from the old bell ring
For a glorious welcome earned

I, we her well; and why should I not
Feel rapturous joy this eve
That brings her again to this much loved spot,
Affection's embrace to receive?

I've many queer notions concerning love,
For which every heart doth thirst;
However affections mates others may prove,
A mother's love e'er ties first.

Then a kiss of "good night" I'll wait to thee,
Praising God, in His merciful grace,
For bringing in safety back to me
Thy lovi ng, thy beautiful face. C. A. G.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial!

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 25th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the Alabama State Journal in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which animate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the State Journal to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the State Journal throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the State Journal for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the State Journal for their bold and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

Louis Tripp's

Great Central Music House

No. 170 & 172 Fourth Street,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Weber's

PIANOS

Surpassed in the South.

MANNING'S

Piano---Organs

Everything in the music line from

A GRAND PIANO

—TO A—

Jew's Harp.

New Music

Received daily, at 1 from 2 to 50 copies of every piece published since 1853, now in stock.

ORDERS promptly filled no matter how small the amount.

Catalogues furnished free.

Address LOUIS TRIPP,
8-3tl&wl2in Louisville, Ky.

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD AND ITS CONNECTIONS.

"Kennesaw Route"

The following schedule takes effect June 4th, 1876:

NORTHWARD.

	No. 1.	No 3.	No.
Leave Atlanta	4 10 p m	7 00 a m	
Ar. Cartersville	6 14 p m	9 02 a m	
Ar. Kingston	6 44 p m	9 32 a m	
Ar. Dalton	8 34 p m	11 24 a m	
Ar. Chattanooga	10 25 p m	1 00 p m	

SOUTHWARD

	No 2.	No 4.	No
Leave Chattanooga	4 00 p m	8 00 a m	
Ar Dalton	6 41 p m	7 01 a m	
Ar Kingston	8 38 p m	9 07 a m	
Ar Cartersville	8 12 p m	9 42 a m	
Ar Atlanta	10 15 p m	11 40 a m	

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 1 and 2 between New Orleans and Baltimore.

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 1 and 2 between Atlanta and Nashville.

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 3 and 4 between Louisville and Atlanta.

No change of cars between New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Atlanta and Baltimore; only one change to New York.

Passengers leaving Atlanta at 4 00 p m reach in New York the second afternoon in time for 4.15 p. m.

Excursion tickets to the Virginia Springs and various summer resorts will be sold from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, Atlanta, Savannah, Augusta and Atlanta, at greatly reduced rates 1st of June.

Parties desiring a whole car through to the Virginia Springs or to Baltimore, should address the undersigned.

Parties contemplating traveling should send for a copy of Kennesaw Route Guide, containing schedules, etc.

Ask for tickets via "Kennesaw Route."

JAS. W. WARE,
Gen'l Passenger and Ticket Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

BEATTY'S PARLOR ORGANS.

ELEGANT STYLES with Various improvements. New and Beautiful Styles. One Thousand Organists and Musicians use these organs and recommend them as FIRST CLASS in tone, Mechanism and Style. Warranted for six years.

Most Elegant and Latest Improvements

Have been awarded the HIGHEST PRIZE in competition with others for

Simplicity, Durability, Prompt

AND PIANO LIKE ACTION.

PURE, SWEET, and EVEN BALANCED TONE, ORCHESTRAL EFFECTS and INSTANTANEOUS ACTION, WHICH MAY BE HAD TO NO OTHER REEDS.

Send for Price List. Address,

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, New Jersey, U. S. A.

BEATTY PIANOS

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT

Best offer ever given now ready.

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

DAILY STATE JOURNAL

TUESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1876.

ARE you registered?

MUSQUITOS are scarce.

SHADE trees look shabby.

HORSES like this weather.

CROQUET parties are frequent.

STRIPED stockings are worn out.

A PLACE for reflection—The mirror.

HE was a splendid penman, a systematic drinker.

SITTING BULL leaves several little sitting calves.

REGISTER on the day of election if you are not now registered.

LOG cabin quilts are agitating the minds of house-wives now.

VOTE the Woodruff State ticket and the Charles Steele county ticket.

REMEMBER to see that your name is registered on the day of election.

THE crops through the South promise to be of the first quality this year.

THE long-visaged lumber men flatly deny that ten mills make one cent.

THE number of day laborers in the United States is estimated at 1,000,000.

ANN ELIZA YOUNG hasn't squeezed a cent out of Brigham yet, and is getting discouraged.

MARK TWAIN says that it is a blessed thing to live in a land of plenty, if one only has a plenty of land.

MOONLIGHT walking on the streets seems to be the rage now, and the expression, "Oh, Gawge," frequent.

IF you favor good local government, vote the regular Republican county ticket with Charles Steele for Senator.

JACOB SOLOMON, of Tipy, is in the city. He reports the corn and cotton crops in Pike and adjoining counties as immense.

IT takes the Chinese to get a long with the Indians. The average pig-tail can cheat a red-skin out of his scalp without his knowing it.

THE regular Republican ticket of Montgomery county deserves the support of all voters who favor good government and are for justice.

BY a recently invented process beer can be reduced to one eighth its original bulk and thus condensed, can be preserved for any length of time.

SHAKESPEARE'S "Romeo and Juliet," "King Lear" and "Othello" have been translated into modern Greek, and are in process of publication."

A HORSE shearing machine is in operation at the Centennial, and for want of equine subjects to practice upon, many boys and men suffer the operator to cut their hair.

WITH small importation, and full harvests, the wheels of business in the United States should begin to revolve once more, with certainty if not with rapidity.

A SUNDAY newspaper says that Methuselah saw "nine hundred Centennials" which would make the gentleman just 90,000 years old. The name is evidently a misprint for Munchausen.

ABOUT 300 newspaper men have been thus far deadheaded into the Centennial, and each of these has had to do $5 worth of running around and writing autographs before gaining his pass.

AN exchange asks: "What are young men doing?" We can't answer for the rest of the country, but around here they are engaged mainly in trying to lead a nine dollar existence on a seven dollar salary.

A citizen of Dakota took a Turkish bath in Omaha a few days ago, and died within an hour. The verdict of the jury was: "He hadn't ought to have got so much of the mud off him at one time."

WHEN a man is struck by lightning, says a physician, lay him on his back, open his clothing at the pit of the stomach and dash on it a pail of the coldest water. If he doesn't die, he will ask what in thunder is up.

A MAN came into this office last night drunk, sat down and went to sleep. When he awoke, his face was black, and there was music probably when he reached home. Our office boy will be out of town for a week.

WHAT our country appears to demand at this crisis is some humane, chivalric spirit, bold enough to dash in and defeat the sordid aims of those millionaire restaurant keepers who are charging ten cents a piece for fish-balls.

No Democratic ticket can be elected in this county. Therefore our Democratic fellow-citizens should vote for the regular Republican county ticket, with Charles Steele for Senator, in the interest of good local government. Think of this.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Abraham of the popular and substantial house of Lehman, Abraham & Co., of New Orleans, partners of Lehman, Durr & Co., of this city, was in the city yesterday. He has a host of good friends here who were all glad to meet him.

A LITTLE girl recently saw an old drunken man lying on a doorstep, the perspiration pouring off his face and a crowd of children preparing to make fun of him. She took her little apron and wiped his face, and then looked up so pitifully to the rest and made this remark: "Oh, say, don't hurt him; he's somebody's grandpa."

SEVERAL cases against persons for selling liquor to minors were tried in the city court yesterday. Some of them were convicted. In others a verdict of not guilty were rendered, and nol. pros. entered in others. The law requires persons in jail to be tried first, and then persons who are on bond. The court will adjourn this week, we hear.

THE only way to secure a good home Government for this county is to elect men to the Legislature who will act with any majority to secure this desirable end. The regular Republican county ticket, headed by Charles Steele for Senator, is pledged to do everything possible to secure good government for Montgomery county. You ought to vote for that ticket, fellow citizens, in the interest of public justice.

ABOUT 7 o'clock Suuday evening a rain storm broke upon this city, which promised for a time to be a serious matter. But thanks to an ever watchful Providence, we were spared any calamity, and yet blessed with one of the most refreshing showers of the year. The rain lasted about three quarters of an hour, and swept the streets, gutters and sewers as clean as possible. Yesterday morning the sun broke in upon one of the loveliest days we have had since May. The air was delightfully pleasant, and we noticed that the streets were crowded all the morning with ladies who were out looking at the latest styles and shopping extensively.

ANOTHER OLD CITIZEN GONE.—Mr. J. A. Curbo received a dispatch yesterday stating that our fellow-citizen, H. W. Hitchcock, Esq., died at South Poland Springs, Maine; on Saturday night. He was about 60 years of age, and had resided in this city ever since 1848. He came here during the year 1848 prospecting, and as the city at that period was growing rapidly, Mr. Hitchcock bought property here, and in two years afterward, in 1850, he commenced the business which he has ever since kept up. Mr. Hitchcock was a public spirited citizen, and succeeded in making a remunerative business here. His business will be kept up for the present under the direction of Mr. Curbo, who is one of the finest stone cutters in the South.

Selma As It Is.

A VISIT TO THE CENTRAL CITY—THE PROGRESS OF IMPROVEMENTS—AND THE BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

Selma is the third city in point of size in Alabama. Its population, we believe, is rated at about 6,000 souls. A stranger, who had never visited Selma, or heard much of it, would be led to believe, on his first visit, that the population is double the number claimed for it. There is a wide-awake spirit in the busines aspect of the city which gives it more of a metropolitan air than any place of similar proportions that we have ever visited in the South. Persons on the streets walk as rapidly as they do on Broadway or Wall street. The business houses are all of a substantial character in their build. We presume they are likewise in their relation to trade. It is evident that the war did irreparable damage to the city. But for that fatal delusion of Bourbon leaders Selma would now probably contain from 25,000 to 30,000 population, and as rich and prosperous in proportion. Any one familiar with the make up of our Southern cities can see at a glance that the splendid stores and warehouses in Selma were built for a trade which the city does not now, and probably will not, enjoy, for years to come. Hence, I conclude that the founders of the city were assured that its growth was a mere matter of time—without any consideration of the results of war—a thing then not dreamed of. The three or four railroads now pouring wealth into the lap of the city have all been built quite recently. The Alabama Central was begun before the war, but was finished by the Confederate Government for the purpose of transporting materials of war.

Selma has the best equipped machine shops in the South, and they are in the hands of workmen who understand every detail of their business thoroughly. They are men educated for the special line of work to which they are now devoting their energies, and we speak knowingly when we say that these workmen are able to repair machinery which we regret to say no one could be found in our own city able to cope with. We are glad to learn that these machine shops are liberally patronized by the people, for they are invaluable institutions. They are doing more towards building up Selma than any other institutions of business in the city.

The business community of Selma are fortunate in many things. We speak of their facilities and the officials with whom they have to deal—especially the Federal officers. It would be a hard matter to find a more genial, accommodating and efficient collector than Col. P. D. Barker, and his very clever deputies. They are gentlemen with whom it is real pleasure to deal in business, and in a social point of view are "princes of good fellows." The postmaster is a whole-souled, capital gentleman, whose administration of the postoffice has been so honorable and high-toned as to have won the plaudits of all sorts and conditions of men. He has given great satisfaction, as we learn, to the people as well as the government. These gentlemen are all sound, substantial Republicans, and they are a credit to Gen. Grant's administration. No one has ever been found to say a word against these splendid officers, either in or out of the Republican party. Selma is fortunate in having such public officials as these, and is to be envied by many cities not very far off.

If we may judge from appearances, Selma is getting ready for a large trade this fall and winter. We noted evidences of preparation which are sufficient to justify the observation that this Central City of Alabama means real business henceforth. We trust her clever people may always prosper and live happily. A more deserving community cannot be found in the limits of Alabama.

A BOOK might be written of the humors of the Centennial. Some of them drift into the papers, but not all. Here is one: In the Agricultural Hall there are two immense hogs, stuffed, each bearing a placard telling its age and weight, and with the name of the man who prepared them for exhibition, followed by the word "taxidermist." A man and his wife were looking at these with great interest. After reading the placards, the woman said: "Why, these are taxidermists. I thought they were hogs." Her husband looked at the creatures with a puzzled expression, and then went carefully over the placards, as if to satisfy himself fully on the point. Finally he replied: "They are hogs. Taxidermist is the name of the place they came from."

Local and Business Notices.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MONTGOMERY, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T. C. Bingham will be paid by us. T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,

dtf. Proprietors.

Advances on State Certificates.

We are prepared to make liberal advances on State Certificates.

WOLFFE, HERTZ & CO.

7-26dtw

THE highest musical authorities, as well as all who have purchased the Beatty Piano, are equally charmed with its beauty and purity of tone. The manufacturer has succeeded in imparting to it a roundness, fullness and richness of tone, perfectly astonishing. None should be without one. See his advertisement. Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.*

3-14 d&e vem

Nervous Debility.

Vital weakness or depression: A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental overwork, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphrey's Homeopathic Specitic No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Iseen used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per packake of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humpirey's Homeopathic Medicine Company, 662 Broadway, New York.

1-1d&w 1y

THE Star Parlor Organs are celebrated for their purity of tone, elegant design and thorough construction. Send for catalogue. Address,

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & Co,

6-30d&wom Washington, N. J.

New Advertisements.

GRAND REPUBLICAN RALLY!



"Rally round the flag, boys,
Rally once again,
Shouting the battle-cry of Freedom."

There will be a mass meeting of the Republicans of Montgomery county at the UNITED STATES COURT ROOM, in the city of Montgomery, on

SATURDAY EVE., AUGUST 5 1876,

at 8 o'clock, p. m.

Every person who favors the election of Hayes and Wheeler for President and Vice President, and the Independent State Ticket, and also the Regular Republican County Ticket, headed by the Hon. Charles Steele, is earnestly requested to be present. It is earnestly desired that every Republican should be present, as this will be the last meeting of the campaign. With a united effort at the polls next Monday, the Democratic ticket can be defeated, and the glorious old Republican party once more be placed in power. Distinguished speakers from various portions of the State will be present and address the meeting.

By order of the Republican Co. Ex. Committee.

PAUL STROBACH, Chairman.

T. C. BINGHAM, Secretary. 8-1td

Awarded the Highest Medal at Vienna.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

591 Broadway, New York.

(Opp. Metropolitan Hotel.)

Manufacturers, Importers & Dealers in

Engravings, Chromos And Frames.

STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS,

Albums, Graphoscopes, Photographs

And kindred goods—Celebrities, Actresses, etc.

Photographic Materials.

We are Headquarters for everything in the way of

STEREOPTICONS AND MAGIC LANTERNS,

Being Manufacturers of the

Micro-Scientific Lanterns,
Stereo—Panopticon,
University Stereopticon,
Advertiser's Stereopticon,
Artopticon.

SCHOOL LANTERNS, FAMILY LANTERNS PEOPLE'S LANTERNS.

Each style being the best of its class in the Market.

Catalogues of Lanterns and Slides, with directions for using, sent on application.

Any enterprising man can make money with a Magic Lantern.

☞ Visitors to the Centennial Exposition will do wisely to defer purchasing goods in our line until they come to our store in New York, where they will find greater variety and more moderate prices, and can select more at their leisure. But we have a concession to sell some styles of our goods on the building of the Department of Public Comfort, and those not coming to New York are invited to call on our representation there.

☞ A full stock of Views of the Exposition Buildings and their contents.

☞ Cut out this advertisement for reference. ☜

EDUCATE YOUR DAUGHTERS.

NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.

Parents having daughters to send off the first of September next will not find a School of higher Scholastic advantages or more careful family training than

DR. WARD'S SEMINARY

in the healthy and beautiful city of Nashville.

7-30dAw

GAUGING.

Notice to Wholesale Liquor Merchants.

UNITED STATES GAUGER'S OFFICE, Montgomery, October 16, 1875.

The wholesale Liquor dealers of Montgomery are hereby notified that the undersigned can be found at all times, at his office in the JOURNAL building, on Perry street. All orders left at this office will be promptly attended to.

J. M. LEVEY,

U. S. Gauger, Second District of Alabama.

10-17 tf

New Advertisements.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and Outfit FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine

PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING. How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc. 1,000,000 sold. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pubs., Philadelphia

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing over 5,000 copies each issue. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Fashion, and other special class journals; very complete list. Together with complete lists of over 300 German papers printed in the United States. Also, an essay upon advertising; many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various news apers, and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know. Address, GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

NEWSPAPERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

A complete list, numbering 8,120 with a Gazetteer correct to date, of all towns and cities in which newspapers are published; historical and statistical sketches of the Great Newspaper Establishments; illustrated with numerous engravings of the principal newspaper buildings. Book of 300 P.,928, pestiaid, mailed, post paid, to any address for $5. Apply (inclosing price) to SUPERINTENDENT OF THE NEWSPAPER PAVILION, Centennial Grounds, Philadelphia, or American News Company, N. Y. Every advertiser needs it.

ICE! ICE! ICE

Ice! Ice!

No Short Crop in Alabama.

The Montgomery Protective Ice Co.

Having bought the Stock and Fixtures of D. P. WEST, and contracted for all the Ice made by the

Montgomery Ice Manufacturing Co.,

Are now prepared to supply the public at their old stand, MONROE ST., opposite the CITY HALL. J. A. DIAZ & CO., 4-14tf Agents.

GULF CITY HOTEL.

CORNER WATER & CONTI STREETS,

Mobile Ala.

GREAT REDUCTION OF RATES!

This HOTEL, with its beautifully furnished ROOMS and the best TABLE this fine market affords, is undoubtedly the

CHEAPEST HOTEL

—IN THE—

SOUTH!

ONLY $2.00 and $2.50 PER DAY.

W. C. MORROW, JR., Proprietor.

3-8tf

WANTED—

—FROM—

TEN TO FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS

—OF—

Black Moss,

Delivered at our shops.

Highest market price paid.

AUGS. OHLANDER & SON,

Mattress Makers and Renovators,

49 Market St., Shops cor. South and McDonough.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE

"Only Good SAUCE,"

And applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.



EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

LEA & PERRINS'

SIGNATURE is on EVERY BOTTLE.

Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,

7-7 **NEW YORK.**

BEATTY PIANO.

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

This instrument is the most handsome and best piano ever before manufactured in this country or Europe, having the greatest possible depth, richness and volume of tone, combined with a rare brilliancy, clearness and perfect evenness throughout the entire scale, and above all a surprising duration of sound, the power and sympathetic quality of which never changes under the most delicate or powerful touch. Space forbids a full description of this magnificent instrument. Agents discount given who sell have no agents. Remember you take no risk in purchasing one of these CELEBRATED IN STRUMENTS. If after (5) five days test trial it proves unsatisfactory the money you have paid will be returned upon return of instrument and freight charges paid by me both ways. Pianos Warranted for six years. Address,

DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington N. J.

DUST AND FOAM!

Or Journeyings Toward the Setting Sun. A most fascinating record of Sight-Seeing, Fun, and Adventure on FOUR CONTINENTS AND MANY SEAS. Mysteries of the Orient. 220 ENGRAVINGS. Bright, witty, entertaining—the most attractive book out. In every respect first rate. It sells rapidly, pays splendidly. AGENTS WANTED. Write at once for illustrated circulars and extra terms, to ANCHOR PUBLISHING CO., 320 Pine Street, St. Louis Mo. 2-19thm

PRICES REDUCED. Best Quality ARTIFICIAL LIMBS constructor or no sale. CHEAPEST IN THE U. S. during CENTENNIAL YEAR.

CHAS. M. EVANS, Manuf'r,
122 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati, O.
Fourth and Market Sts., Louisville, Ky.

BEATTY'S Parlor Organs

Established in 1856.

The best and most lasting parlor organ now in use. No other parlor organ has ever attained the same popularity.

It has been tested by thousands, many of them competent judges, and gives universal satisfaction to all.

The music is adapted to the human voice, ranging from the sweet flute-like tone to a volume of sound unsurpassed by any instrument.

This instrument has all the latest improvements, and every organ is fully warranted for six years. Beautiful oil polish, black walnut panelled cases, which will not CRACK or WARP, and forms, in addition to a splendid instrument of music, a beautiful piece of furniture.

This organ needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and is sold at extremely low figures for cash. Second-hand instruments taken in exchange.

Agents wanted, male or female, in every county in the United States and Canada. A liberal discount made to teachers, ministers, churches, schools, lodges, etc., where we have no agents. Illustrated catalogue and price list free. I have no agents. Best offer ever given now ready.

Address, DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.

ESTABLISHED 1867.



ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL

CAMPAIGN EDITION FOR 1876.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

The country is entering upon one of the most stubbornly contested Presidential battles since 1860. During this contest the people of Alabama will desire to keep themselves posted on its progress; they will desire to read all sides and form their own conclusions as to their duty at the polls. During this great canvass we shall publish a Campaign edition of the "State Journal" at a rate so low as to encourage its widest distribution throughout the State. The publication of this special campaign edition has already commenced, and will continue regularly in both daily and weekly issues, until after the Presidential Election. The JOURNAL is the steadfast advocate of true Republicanism.

It believes the success of the Republican party vital to the welfare of the country. It holds further, that intelligent and honest Republican sentiment, working through Republican agencies, is the surest guarantee of Reform; and cherishing the convictions it will labor with its utmost energy for the triumph of

Hayes & Wheeler.

The JOURNAL has always been recognized as an effective and popular campaign paper. During the last campaign it was circulated more widely than ever before, and contributed a vast fund of information among the people.

We shall be glad to receive orders at once from the friends who believe that the circulation of the campaign JOURNAL will secure good service. Organize clubs at once at the following rates:

Daily Edition.

1	Copy 5 Months	$ 3.50
3	" 5 "	10.00
6	" 5 "	19.00
12	" 5 "	36.00

Weekly Edition.

1	Copy 5 Months	$ .75
3	" 5 "	2.00
6	" 5 "	4.00
12	" 5 "	7.00

Payment of postage is included in these rates. Send money by express or post-office order, or registered letter only.

Address, T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,

Proprietors, Lock Box "C" Montgomery, Ala.

BLANK

Blanks, Blanks, Blanks.

We are now prepared to furnish Tax Collectors and Tax Assessors with

Blank Lists of Property, Tax Deeds, and all Blanks used by County Officials at Chicago Prices.

T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,
State Journal Job Office,
4-6tf Montgomery, Ala.

BEATTY PIANO

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

From Geo. E. Letcher, firm of Wm H. Letcher & Bro., Bankers, Fayette, Ohio.

"We received the piano and think it a very fine toned one out here. Waited a short time to give it a good test. If you wish a word in favor of it we will cheerfully give it."

James R. Brown, Esq., Edwardsville, Ill., says: "The Beatty Piano received gives entire satisfaction." Agents wanted. Send for catalogue. Address

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

To the Working Class.—We can furnish you employment at which you can make very large pay, in your own localities, without being away from home overnight. Agents wanted in every town and county to take subscribers for The Centennial Record, the largest publication in the United States—16 pages, 64 columns; Elegantly Illustrated; Terms only $1 per year. The best selling paper ever offered to subscribers connected with the Centennial year. The Great Exhibition at Philadelphia is fully illustrated in detail. Everybody wants it. The whole people feel great interest in their Country's Centennial Birthday, and want to know all about it. An elegant patriotic cravon drawing premium picture is presented free to each subscriber. Entitled "In remembrance of the One Hundredth Anniversary of the Independence of the United States." Size, 22 by 30 inches. Any one can become a successful agent, for but show the paper and pictures and hundreds of subscribers are easily obtained everywhere. The reason for business that will pay like this at present. We have many agents who are making as high as $20 per day and upwards. Now is the time; don't delay. Remember it costs nothing to give the business a trial. Send for our circulars, terms, and example copy of paper, which are sent free to all who apply; do it to day. Complete outfit free to those who decide to engage. To men and mechanics, and their sons and daughters make the very best of agents. Address,

THE CENTENNIAL RECORD, Portland, Me. 6-30wum

BEATTY'S CELEBRATED GOLDEN TONGUE

PARLOR ORGANS.

Messrs. Geo. P. Rowell & Co., (N. Y.) Newspaper Reporter, says:

"Daniel F. Beatty, the organ builder, of Washington, N. J., presses forward with greatest vigor."

From Wm. Peel, Niagara Falls, N. Y.

"Several months use of the elegant Parlor Organ you sent me, satisfies me that it is one of the best. It has a rich tone; its various tones are most pleasant. I most heartily recommend your organs for parlor, school, church or other use."

Best offer ever given. Money refunded upon return of organ and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory, after a trial of five days. Organ warranted for five years. Send for extended price list of testimonials before buying a parlor organ. Address,

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, New Jersey, U. S. A.

BEATTY PIANO.

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

Best offer ever given now ready.

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

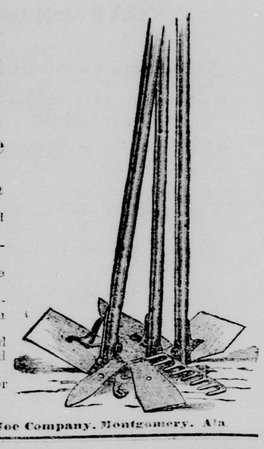
COMBINATION HOE.

First Premium Awarded at the Grangers' Sixte Fair

Of Alabama, October, 1875, the first place where the Hoe was exhibited.

Manufactured by the Granger Hoe Company.

WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.



Requires no wedging. Can be adjusted for any work, or to suit the height of workman in fifteen seconds.

The Blade of the Field Hoe is made entirely of cast steel, square in shape, and when one edge becomes dull or worn out, the blade may be reversed, thus making

Two Hoes for the Price of One

It can be taken from the handle without trouble for the purpose of grinding.

The fixtures are made of malleable iron and cannot be broken.

The handles are made of sound ash wood—the best material known for handles.

Hoes handled ready for use, as cheap as the best hoe blade manufactured.

Saves time and money in the item of handles—no wedges to shrink up and pull out in dry weather.

No. 2, "Boys' Hoe" medium size, for field or garden work. Adjustable same as field hoe

An entire set of splendid garden tools for the price of one implement.

For further information, address,

W. B. NOBLE, Secretary Granger Hoe Company, Montgomery, Ala.

1776 Centennial. 1876

SPRING AND SUMMER

SEASON.

GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,

—AT—

5 COURT SQUARE

HAVE NOW ON HAND THE COMPLETEST LINES OF

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS

TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

New Dress Goods, Real Iron Frame Grenadines,
Novelties in Matamora Suitings, Exquisite Knickerbockers,
Stylish Damassee Suitings, and everything that is new in Dress Goods.
Fresh White Goods, Rich Fancy Goods, Elegant Ecru Ties

Novel Ecru Ruffling, Handsome Parasols,
Complete Stock of Bleachings, Large Selection
In Hosiery, Best 10-4 Sheetings, Genuine Irish Linens, Good
Table Damasks, Latest in Lace Curtains, full selections in White Piques.

Guaranteed Kid Gloves, Perfect fitting Corsets,
Excelsior Trimmings. Full selections in Cassimers,
Tweeds, Linens, Cottonades, Etc., for Men and Boys' wear.

WE OFFER THE BEST ASSORTMENTS IN

Ladies', Children and Misses' Philadelphia Hand-Made Shoes.

In fact everything desirable in a First-class Dry Goods House will be found at our Store, all offering at the very

Lowest Prices.

TO THE MERCHANTS:

We are displaying the largest stock of Goods ever received by our firm, and we guarantee bottom prices. Call early and look at our stock.

GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,

5 Court Square, Montgomery, Ala.

NEW DOLLAR STORE.

1776 CENTENNIAL 1876

Centennial Dry Goods,
Centennial Hats,
Centennial Boots,
Centennial Shoes,
Centennial Clothing,
Centennial Hosiery,
Centennial Parasols.

In fact a general assortment of CENTENNIAL goods, suitable for the CENTENNIAL Spring and Summer, recently purchased at the very lowest cash prices. Give me a call and be satisfied. If you don't see what you want ask for it.

S. A. MEERTIEF, New Dollar Store.

A. MOODY & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND DEALERS IN

WINES AND LIQUORS

Agents for Cincinnati Lager Beer

No. 85 Commerce Street

MONTGOMERY ALABAMA.

Have resumed business and are prepared with full stock of and ample facilities to supply all their customers with anything they may need.

They have a choice selection of CIGARETTES which they are prepared to sell at the very lowest rates. They ask a continuance of the patronage heretofore Attended to them. 2-20tf

PRESCRIPTION FREE.

FOR the speedy cure of Seminal Weakness, Loss of Manhood, and all disorders brought on by indiscretions or excess. Any Druggist has the ingredients. Address DAVIDSON & CO., Box 295, New York. 12-1tf

GIVEN AWAY To agents and others, male and female, a $50 secret, and beautifully illustrated 100-page Novelty Catalogue. R. F. Young & Co., 29 Broadway, New York. 8-20w12m

RICE, JONES & WILEY,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

No. 16 Perry St.,

MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

MERCHANTS,

MERCHANTS, MERCHANTS

We are now prepared to furnish

Blank Note Books.

Either with or without exemption waived, printed and bound in the latest and most improved style.

Every Merchant Ought to Have One.

Price 50 cents. By mail, prepaid, 60 cents.

Each Book contains fifty handsomely printed promissory notes, with stub, etc. Hundreds of them sold annually. Send your order to

T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,
Book and Job Printers,
Journal Building, 92 and 94 Perry St.,
4-8tf Montgomery, Ala.

CHARLES PELHAM,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

FOUR AND ONE-HALF ST., WASHINGTON, D. C.

Prompt attention given all business requiring professional services at the National Capital.

aug24tf

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Grangers' Side Fair
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Company, Montgomery, Ala.
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SUMMER
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EIL & CO.,
QUARE
TLETEST LINES OF
Y DRY GOODS
THE CITY.
Irish Linens, Good
ains, full selections in White Piques,
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ats, Etc., for Men and Boys' wear.
SORTMENTS IN
delphia Hand-Made Shoes.
Goods House will be found at our
at the very
Prices.
CHANTS:
stock of Goods ever re-
ance bottom prices.
EIL & CO.,
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NIAL 1876
Goods.
lats.
Boots,
Shoes,
Clothing.
Hosiery,
Parasols.
NIAL goods, suitable for the CEN-
sold at the very lowest cash prices.
see what you want ask for it.
w Dollar Store.
L. JONES & WILEY,
TTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
No. 16 Perry St.,
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.
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VOLUME VIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 2, 1876 NUMBER 271

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET:



For President of the United States,

Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio.

For Vice-President,

Wm. A. Wheeler, of New York.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:

L. C. COULSON, of Jackson.
CHAS. E. MAYER, of Mobile.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

FIRST DISTRICT—Lou H Mayer of Mobile.
SECOND DISTRICT—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.
THIRD DISTRICT—P G Clarke of Barbour.
FOURTH DISTRICT — J T Rapier of Lowndes.
FIFTH DISTRICT—S S Booth of Autauga.
SIXTH DISTRICT—A B Hays, of Winston.
SEVENTH DISTRICT—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.
EIGHTH DISTRICT—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

INDEPENDENT TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
NOADIAH WOODRUFF of Dallas.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
AMOS MOODY of Franklin.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
H. J. LIVINGSTON of Autauga.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
E. H. GRANDIN, of Mobile.

FOR AUDITOR,
LEWIS OWEN of Montgomery.

FOR TREASURER,
W. B. HARRIS of Russell.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN TICKET OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

CHARLES STEELE.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

T. C. BINGHAM, W. H. CRUSIUS,
SOLOMON TERRELL, J. K. P. LUCAS.

We do not go out of the way to seek difficulties with all the howling curs who bark at us. Therefore, we inform the editor of the Marion Commonwealth that should business require us to visit Marion we shall certainly do so, at our own pleasure.

Watch!

We can safely assure our political friends throughout the State that there will be no violence used by the Democrats during the present election, orders to this effect having been received from the Democratic leaders at the North. The general indignation excited throughout the North by the Hamburg massacre, has excited the fears of the Democrats in that section and they have imperatively demanded that occurrences of this nature should not be repeated. Our friends, therefore, throughout the State, may freely and fearlessly speak and act to secure the success of the Independent ticket?

But of one thing they must beware. The great danger that threatens is the perpetration of frauds at the ballot box. We are informed that in several of the counties wherein there is a large Independent vote, it has been deliberately determined to resort to fraud in counting the ballots, and leading Democrats have in various places presented the frauds committed, heretofore, in Marengo and other counties, as bright examples for their followers at the present election.

Let a sharp watch be kept, to prevent these frauds when possible, and to observe them in all their details where they cannot be prevented. The evidence of their perpetration should be carefully preserved for future use.

The N. Y. World on Tilden.

The New York Times is doing the country splendid service in exposing the crookedness of Tilden and his strikers. The Times finds nearly all its testimony as to Tilden's bad character in Democratic papers—principally in the World. The Times of the 29th ult., says: "The World has taken the trouble to go back to October, 1871, to discover what the Times thought of Mr. Tilden at that period. Suppose it goes back a month earlier to find what its own columns say of the great "Reformer" about that date. According to the World, Mr. Tilden was then a mere "railroad lawyer and politician," who was engaged with "poor old Havemeyer" in the attempt to compound a felony by inducing Mr. Green to make "the most marvelous prostitution of a pure reputation" for the purpose of taking the place of Controller Connolly. The Times has always found occasion to say a good word for Mr. Tilden when he was engaged in any good work, and when, consequently, he had his own party organs yelping in full pack at his heels. Mr. Tilden indorsed by Tammany Hall and enjoying the support of the World is a very different person from Mr. Tilden bitterly reviled both by political and journalistic thieves. It may be added that Mr. Tilden striving to puff and purchase himself into the Presidency is a much more vulnerable person than Mr. Tilden bringing forth fruits meet for repentance by co-operating with honester and better men to bring his former friends and associates to justice."

SERGEANT BATES, the peripatetic nuisance, has struck his colors, and intends in a few days to make a pedestrain tour through the country, selling canes fashioned from pieces of the hulk of Commodore Perry's flagship the Lawrence, which was raised a few weeks ago from the bottom of Lake Erie.

THE country Democratic newspapers are trying to kill Tilden by printing his picture.

The Low Taxes Question.

Governor Houston and his Bourbon editors are constantly asserting to the people that the Democratic State Government has reduced the public debt, the rate of taxation and the expenses of the State Government. These gay deceivers do not make any specifications, nor do they point out wherein they have made any tangible reductions. The reason of this is plain. They have not reduced the taxes of the people one satisfactory cent. The expenses of the State Government now are precisely what they were when Mr. Salary Grab Houston assumed control of the Executive office. Then the rate of taxation was three fourths of one per cent. Now the rate is just the same. The salaries of the State officers now are identically the same they were under Republican administration. So far from having reduced the burdens of the tax paying people, the Houston despotism has absolutely increased them. Let us proceed with facts:

In addition to the regular expenses of the State Government the expenses of the Constitutional Convention, of the Debt Commissioners and lawyer's fees paid by Houston, must be put to his account. Compare the expenses of the 1st year of Lewis' administration with the last year of Houston's administration, and the bubble of retrenchment set up by the Bourbons is blown to atoms.

The expenses of the people are heavy Yet the Bourbon leaders cannot point to one single instance wherein the taxes of the people of this State are *now* less than under Republican administration. The tax payers have the same burdens to bear now that they did under Republican Government, and there is no sort of deception can change the facts. What may happen in the future is out of the question. We are now dealing with facts, and their bearing upon the administration of our State Government by Bourbon Democracy. When Houston rises up in presence of an audience composed of tax paying citizens, and asserts to them that they are paying less taxes now, than they did under Republican rule, he asserts what he knows to be false. When he makes such an assertion, he deliberately deceives the people about their own State Government, and thereby perpetrates a wrong upon these people, whose servant he is, and whose interests he is sworn to advance and protect.

In this question of reduced State expenses is involved the pith of the Bourbon canvass. If they have reduced expenses that have already saved the people anything, they cannot hesitate to specify the particular instances of reduction, and we hereby demand of their organs a detailed statement of the expenses whose reduction has saved our tax paying fellow citizens burdens which they have heretofore borne. This is the only honorable course left open to the Bourbon leaders to substantiate the glittering generalities in which they have indulged concerning "reform and retrenchment." They have asserted that Houston has reduced the taxes of the people. Name the specific points of this so called reduction.

Shall we have a Fair Count?

We are able to say to the Republicans throughout this State that they will be allowed to cast their votes on the 7th inst., without intimidation or outrage. The order has been sent out that there must be no outrages perpetrated upon Republican voters by the bulldozers of the Bourbon camp. The Northern Democracy have asked their Southern allies to halt on the outrage line, and permit Republicans to vote freely. We, therefore, insist that the Republicans go to the polls en masse, cast their ballots and return at once to their business pursuits.

This being done, will there be a fair count? We do not think there will be. Houston is too anxious to warm a seat in the United States Senate to submit to a fair count—even if we should have a fair election. It is the duty of Republicans and Independents to see that, so far as possible, the ballots cast against the Houston despotism are counted. If there is a fair election and a fair count, Woodruff will be the next Governor of Alabama.

Good News.

The Independent movement, aside from its Republican support, has developed a solid strength that promises well for the election of the Independent ticket. In North Alabama the Independents are bold and aggressive, and their numbers are daily increasing in geometrical proportions. The Bourbons have placed their best speakers in the field, but these vainly strive to apologise for and explain the acts of Houston and his legislature. The people demand a change. They are sick of unjust laws, of oppressive taxation, and of the grinding tyranny of party rule. The Independents have only to keep on working and success is assured.

UNDER Lewis' Republican administration the taxes were collected upon a basis of *three-fourths of one per cent.* Under Houston's Bourbon administration the rate of taxation has been, and now is, three-fourths of one per cent. Yet Houston tells the people of Alabama he has reduced their burdens. Can the tax paying citizens of Alabama be deceived by this salary grabbing ex congressman, who saved his property from confiscation during the war by pretending to be loyal to the Federal Government?

A Falsehood Corrected.

DECATUR, ALA., July 31, 1876.

To the Editor of the State Journal:

SIR—I desire to state through your columns that the dispatch which appeared in the *libelous* Advertiser of the 26th instant, signed by Parson (?) L. H. Grubbs, and stating that Judge Rice was "badly worsted" here in joint discussion by one Lowe, is *false, malicious and premeditated.* Yours, &c.,

A. W. ROLLINS.

The Democratic Canvass.

TILDEN'S DEFEAT ALREADY FORESHADOWED.

[From the New York Herald July 29.]

Even the rivals of Tilden before the Convention treat him with coldness. Mr. Bayard is the only one who has shown him allegiance. On the other hand the rivals of Hayes hastened to fall in line and aid him. The meeting at Tammany Hall the other evening was distinguished by the absence of the leading men in the national Democratic organization. Its presiding officer has never been a Democrat and does not now belong to the party. The speakers were good, fair men, but where were Parker, Allen, Thurman, Seymour, Hancock and the great names of the party? Gov. Allen, we believe, has "retired from politics;" and yet the wisdom of Mr. Tilden's nomination is unquestioned. The Democrats have not had a better candidate since Andrew Jackson's day. Compare the two men, Tilden and Hayes, and no one doubts the intellectual superiority of our Governor. He has been for forty years in active politics. He shows his business abilities by amassing a princely fortune. All his life he has been concerned in the management of great interests; so that the Presidency would not be a burden which he could not bear. He knows the country well. He is a citizen of whom all our people without distinction of party, may well be proud. His work against Tweed, however much his enemies may belittle it, was well done. It was timely, telling and successful. No one doubts that if elected Mr. Tilden would be a fair, safe, conservative and a vigorous President. His platform commends itself to the better sense of the country. It is the platform of reform—enforcement of the law and justice to all classes. The more the nomination is studied the more the party will see that it was wise.

And yet so fair and so promising a candidate already suffers from a canvass that shows signs of defeat. No sooner is Tilden nominated than his Southern friends must arrange a massacre in South Carolina which arouses at once the old war feeling of the North—a massacre so atrocious as to call down the denunciation of Southern men like Lamar. Republicans and conservative men ask, If this is what we see in the green tree what shall we see in the dry! Then, instead of giving Tilden a safe, sensible colleague for Vice President—such a man as Wheeler, who would at once fall into place and do yeoman's service, the Convention gives him a pretentious, inflated, mischievous politician, whose whole course is so injurious to the canvass as to lead to the inquiry whether he really desires the election of Tilden or Hayes. We venture the assertion that Tilden is weaker to-day by a hundred thousand votes than when he was nominated, and solely because of Mr. Hendricks. The behavior of Hendricks has aroused the suspicions of the country. The people fear it is to be Seymour and Blair over again; that there is to be a juggle in the financial platform; that Hendricks is fighting for terms; that he will insist upon dividing power in the new administration, and not sink into the insignificance of the Vice Presidency. Mr. Hendricks comes on the ticket as a master, as a "power" that must be recognized. And when we look at the power he represents we see that it embodies the worst features of Bourbonism—repudiation in the West and revolution in the South. We see a party which, since the surrender of Lee, has been striving to undo the results of the war. It is the party of inflation, of unlimited greenbacks, whose record recalls to every soldier all that was meant by the expressive word "copperheadism" during the war. We in the East, who are liberal in all political matters and care nothing for the passions of politics, may underrate this sentiment; but in the West, more especially in the Northwest, it is making itself felt every hour, and to the damage of Tilden. Then, as if to crown all, at a time when the policy of Tilden's friends was to win that respectable Republican element which dreads Grantism, the ablest and most earnest friend of Tilden in the press must pronounce against all civil service reform. This came, too, at the time when Hayes had electrified the country by his letter in favor of that reform. The effect of this was to throw the whole conservative element of the republican party at once into the Hayes ranks. Civil service reform, like the one term, is a cardinal point in the canvass. It is a reform dear to the best sentiment of the country—to all thoughtful, honest men, who see in the maxim that to the victor belongs the spoils one of the evils of our government. We repeat that with another month of such management in the Democratic party as we have had since the adjournment of the Convention the canvass of Tilden will be overwhelmed with a tempest of ridicule as disastrous as that which destroyed the canvass of Greeley and Brown.

Shall we Have a Fair Election?

Whether or not a "Republican form of Government" exists in Alabama, will be determined, to a great extent, by the manner in which the August election is conducted. If the electors cannot vote, or if voting, their ballots are not counted; if there is no law to preserve the purity of the ballot box, then a "Republican form of government" as understood by the constitution, does not exist in this State. We hope the election will be fair; but if it is not, its result must be carefully analysed, and satisfactory evidence of the frauds committed must be preserved and prepared for presentation to the Congress and people of the United States.

A New York burglar has come out for Tilden. He came out of the penitentiary, on a pardon from the great "reformer."

Salary Increase—Hayes and Hendricks.

For some time after the nominations of the Republican National Convention, some of the Democratic papers amused themselves by charging Governor Hayes with having voted for the late "salary grab." It was pointed out to them that Governor Hayes was not a member of Congress during the time that the bill was under consideration; but instead of being manly enough to acknowledge their error, the aforesaid papers took up new ground, by charging him with voting for what they were pleased to call the "salary grab" of 1866—the Advertiser, of this city, being especially loud on the second charge, and reiterating it for several days. We avail ourselves, in reply, of an interesting communication to the St. Louis Globe. And first, as to Governor Hayes' record on the increase of 1866:

At page 4,258 [of the Congressional Globe], the Civil Appropriation bill, with the increase of salary clause attached, comes up in the House. The Committee on Appropriations recommended nonconcurrence in the Senate amendment increasing the salary of Congressmen. The House voted down the Senate amendment by a vote of 3 to 114, the three affirmatives being Cooper, Jenckes, and that great Democratic patriot, Samuel J. Randall, Esq. Governor Hayes voted no. The House having refused to concur in the Senate amendment, and the Senate refusing to recede, a Committee of Conference was appointed. That committee reported back the bill recommending the adoption of the amendment. Upon the vote to concur in the Conference Committee report, the House voted it down by a vote of 14 to 101, Mr. Hayes voting against the report. Another Conference Committee was appointed, which also reported in favor of the same amendment increasing the salary of Congressmen. At page 4,288 it was voted on again, and was carried by a vote of 51 to 50, Mr. Hayes again voting no. That was the final vote, it being July 27. The bill went next day to the President—Andrew Johnson—and was by him on the same day approved.

It will be seen, therefore, that Governor Hayes voted against the increase first, last, and all the time. Will the Advertiser have the honesty to correct its error? Of course we can not expect it to print also the following extracts from the same article:

At page 4,074 Congressional Globe of the Thirty-ninth Congress, I find that the Senate had under consideration the Miscellaneous Civil Appropriation bill. Mr. Riddle, Democratic Senator from Delaware moved the following amendment:

"That the compensation of each Senator, Representative, and Delegate in Congress shall be $5,000 per year, and mileage as now provided by law, and this provision shall be construed to operate from the beginning of the Thirty-ninth Congress."

The mileage was then forty cents per mile. Mr. Henderson, of Missouri offered an amendment providing for twenty cents per mile instead of forty cents. On page 4,145 I find that Senator Hendricks, Senator for Indiana, (the same who is now "Reform" candidate for Vice President) moved an amendment providing that those members living east of the Rocky Mountains receive ten cents per mile, and those west twenty cents. Here is what he said:

"Mr. Hendricks—I move to strike out 'twenty,' and insert 'ten,' and also to add that members west of the Rocky Mountains shall have twenty cents per mile. I intend afterward to propose that the mileage shall take effect from the commencement of the next Congress.

"Mr. Grimes—And the salary, too?

"Mr. Hendricks—No, sir."

Thus we see that Mr. Hendricks wanted increased salary to date back to the beginning of that Congress, but wanted decreased mileage to begin at the beginning of the next Congress.

At page 4,145, the amendment of Mr. Henderson came to a vote, Mr. Hendricks' amendment having been voted down, and on the direct vote on the increase of the salary of Congressmen, Mr. Hendricks voted in the affirmative—that is, he voted for the amendment giving Congressmen $5,000 per year, instead of $3 000.

We have before explained that the salary bill of 1866 did not present itself to the country in the objectionable light of that of 1873; but by making it the ground of a bitter attack on Governor Hayes the Democratic press have estopped themselves from this excuse, and the epithets which they applied to Governor Hayes, who voted against the measure, must now be transferred to Governor Hendricks, who voted and worked for it.

THE chairman of the Democratic State Executive Committee has issued another lengthy address to the people. Col. Graham finds up hill work in defending Houston's shocking administration, and hence he does not make any effort in that direction. No wonder he finds it necessary to keep the minds of the people constantly attracted from the Houston despotism. If the people of Alabama were left untrammelled to express their sentiments at the polls—were free from business and social ostracism and from the abuses and slanders of Democratic editors and speakers, Woodruff would be elected by 30,000 majority.

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BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported expressly for the STATE JOURNAL by the American Press Association.

WASHINGTON.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, August 1.—The Senate met at 11 o'clock. The Chair laid before the Senate a message from the President in answer to a question of the Senate transmitting correspondence and papers in relation to the recent occurrences at Hamburg, S. C; which was ordered printed and laid on the table.

The Chair appointed as members of the fourth Conference Committee on consular and diplomatic appropriation bills Messrs. Sargent, Boutwell and Norwood.

Mr. Edmunds from the Judiciary Committe reported the House joint resolution in relation to the wreck of the monitor Tecumseh in Mobile Bay, with an amendment. Placed on the calendar.

Mr. Allison from Conference Committee on military and academy appropriation bills submitted a report which was concurred in.

On motion of Mr. Cameron the Senate took up and passed a bill to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to use the surplus of money appropriated for a public building at Harrisburg, Pa.

On motion of Mr. Bayard the bill for the relief of the political disabilities of Reuben Davis, of Miss. was taken up and paised.

The Chair reported as Commissioners on the reorganization of the army as provided in the army appropriation bill, Messrs West and Cockrell.

The hour of 12 having arrived the Senate resumed its session as a court of impeachment and the journal of yesterday was read.

The Chair then directed the Secretary to read the first article, when the roll was called and a vote taken on the first article.

The vote on the first article stood: guilty, 35; not guilty, 25: On the 2d article the vote was: guilty, 36; not guilty, 15; Mr. Maxey having come in and voted guilty, otherwise the vote was unchanged. On this as on the first vote the question turned almost wholly on the question of jurisdiction members voting not guilty, stating that they did so without reference to the evidence in the case, but because they did not think the Senate had power to impeach a private citizen, which they believe the respondent to be at the time the articles of impeachment were presented by the House.

On the third article the vote was the same as on the second—guilty 36, not guilty 25.

The 4th vote was the same as the two previous ones—36 and 25.

On the 5th article, when his name was called, Mr. Morton said the question of jurisdiction was a proper one, and raised at the proper time, and although it was decided against his convictions he considered it binding upon him. He voted guilty.

The vote on the 6th count resulted, guilty 37, not guilty 25.

The chair said that if no objection was heard, the Secretary, under the 22d rule, would direct the Secretary to enter a vote of acquittal. No objection was made and the entrance was directed to be made.

On motion of Mr. Edmunds, the court then adjourned without date.

House.

Mr. Baker, of New York, presented the report of the committee on expenditures in the Navy Department, and asked that it be printed and referred back to the committee.

The regular order being demanded the House proceeded to the consideration of the bill reported by Mr. Bland from the committee on mines and mining, to utilize the product of gold and silver mines.

Mr. Bland demanded the previous question.

The opponents of the bill proceeded to filibuster by motions to adjourn, upon which they demanded the yeas and nays.

After the votes had been taken, Mr. Glover, of Missouri, arose to a question of privilege, and presented the report from the committee on the real estate pool in relation to the connection of Secretary Robeson with the firm of Jay Cooke & Co. The majority report refers the whole subject to the committee on judiciary.

Mr. Pratt, of Iowa, presented a majority report entirely exonerating the Secretary.

Mr. Hale made a point of order that the committee on real estate pools had limited and defined powers; that they had no authority to inquire into Secretary Robeson's acts; and further, that the committee on naval affairs had already reported on the facts.

The Speaker overruled the point of order, and the resolutions were referred to the committee on judiciary.

Mr. Harris, of Virginia, from committee on elections, reported resolutions declaring Messrs. John A. Hyman, of North Carolina, M. A. Chandler, of Georgia, Jno. C. Lynch, of Mississippi, Nelson J. Norton, of New York, and Chapman Freeman, of Pennsylvania, sitting members, entitled to their seats in the 44th Congress. In all these cases there were contests.

Mr. Buckner, of Missouri, called up the report of the majority of the committee on the District of Columbia, recommending the evidence to be turned over to the judiciary committee, and the Attorney General, with a view of the prosecution of the persons who had been charged with robbing the District of Columbia. The report of the committee was adopted.

Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, from committee on appropriations, reported a bill appropriating $2,375,667.8, to pay a back indebtedness on the building for a postoffice and court house in New York. The bill was passed.

Mr. Sampson, of Iowa, called up the motion to reconsider the vote whereby the bill in relation to the infringement of patents was ordered to be engrossed. The motion to reconsider was rejected.

On motion of Mr. Rice, of Ohio, the House went into committee of the whole on the general calendar. When the first bill had been read the fact appeared that there had been no quorum, and the committee accordingly rose at 4 o'clock.

The committee on banking and currency to-day agreed to report favorably the bill looking to the appointment of a commission to sit during recess and inquire into the currency, silver and resumption question.

The House at 4:45 p. m. adjourned.

The letter of resignation of Solicitor Wilson directed to the President June 20th reads as follows:

For the reasons explained to you at our interview this morning I have the honor to tender my resignation as solicitor of the treasury, to take effect on the first of July next. Permit me to express my gratitude for the opportunities for public usefulness which you have been kind enough to give me, and to renew the assurance of my high personal regard.

WEATHER.—In the East Gulf States slight changes in pressure and temperature; easterly to southeasterly winds and generally clear or fair weather.

ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—J. S. Poland, Capt. of the sixth infantry, writes from head quarters, military station, Standing Rock, D. T., under date of July 24th, to the Aqjutant General of Minnesota, at St. Paul, giving an Indian account of the battle of the Little Big Horn, on June 26th. The account does not differ essentially from the reports already published. It says, however, that Sitting Bull was neither killed nor personally engaged in the fight. He remained in the council tent directing operations. Crazy Horse, with a large band, and Black Moon, were the principal leaders on the 25th of June.

Hill Eagle, a chief of the Blackfeet at the head of some twenty lodges, was at this agency about the last of May. He was prominently engaged in the battle of June 25th, and afterwards upbraided Sitting Bull, for not taking an active personal part in the engagement. Hill Eagle has sent word that he was forced into the fight, and that he desires to return to the agency, and that he will return to the agency if he is killed for it. The report closes as follows:

There is a great gathering in the hostile camp from each of the agencies on the Missouri river, Red Cloud's and Spotted Tails, as also the Northern Cheyennes and Arapahoes. They report for the special benefit of their relatives that in three fights they had with the whites they have captured more than 400 stands of arms, carbines, rifles and revolvers not counted, ammunition without end and some sugar, coffee, bacon and hard bread. They assert that they have captured from the whites this summer more than 200 horses and mules. I suppose this includes operations against the soldiers, the Crow Indians, and the Black Hills miners. The general outline of the Indian department concurs with the published statements.

The first attack of Reno began well on in the day. The Indians report about 300 whites killed, and do not say how many Indians were killed.

A report from another source says the Indians obtained from Custer's command five hundred and ninety carbines and revolvers. The report adds: Since writing the above I heard the following from returned hostiles, communicated as a secret to their particular friends here, that a large party of Sioux and Cheyennes were to leave Rosebud mountains, a hostile camp, for this agency, to intimidate and compel the Indians here to join Sitting Bull. If they refuse they are ordered to "soldier" them, beat them and steal their ponies.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The race for the Brighton stakes to-day was won by Chancellor, with Mate second, Cato third. Five horses ran.

To the Working Class.—We can furnish you employment at which you can make very large pay, in your own localities, without being away from home one night. Agents wanted in every town and county to take subscribers for The Centennial Record, the largest publication in the United States—16 pages, 64 columns. Elegantly Illustrated: Terms only $1 per year. The Record devoted to whatever is of interest connected with the Centennial year. The Great Exhibition at Philadelphia is fully illustrated in detail. Everybody wants it. The whole people feel great interest in their Country's Centennial Birthday, and want to know all about it. An elegant patriotic cross drawing premium picture is presented free to each subscriber. It is entitled, "In remembrance of the One Hundredth Anniversary of the Independence of the United States." Size, 22 by 30 inches. Any one can become a successful agent, for but show the paper and picture and hundreds of subscribers are easily obtained everywhere. There is no business that will pay like this at present. We have many agents who are making as high as $20 per day and upwards. Now is the time; don't delay. Remember it costs nothing to give the business a trial. Send for our circulars, terms, and sample copy of paper, which are sent free to all who apply; do it to-day. Complete outfit free to those who decide to engage. Farmers and mechanics, and their sons and daughters make the very best of agents. Address,
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Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

AUGUST 1.—Our market to-day is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary	8 @ 8¼
Good Ordinary	9¼ @ —
Strict Good Ordinary	10 @ —
Low Middling	10¼ @ —
Middling	11¼ @ —

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.

Bacon—C R Sides	11¼	@	12¼
" Shoulders	10	@	10¾
Bulk—C R Sides	11¼	@	11¾
" Shoulders	9	@	9¼
Plain Sugar-cured Hams	—	@	—
Canv'sd " "	15½	@	16
Lard—Choice, in tierces	13	@	13½
" " ½ bbls	14	@	14¼
" " kegs	14¼	@	15
" " buckets	3 15	@	3 25
Sugar—Snow White	12	@	—
" W. C	11¼	@	11¾
" Y. C	11	@	—
" Strictly Choice	11	@	—
" Prime	10½	@	10¾
" Fair	10	@	10¼
Molasses—Choice	60	@	70
" Prime	50	@	55
" Fair	45	@	50
" Common	35	@	40
Coffee—Choice	22	@	—
" Prime	22	@	2 1/2
" Fair	21	@	21½
" Common	20	@	20¼
Rice—Choice	8	@	8¼
" Prime	7	@	7¼
" Fair	6¼	@	7
Flour—Fancy	8 00	@	8 50
" Choice	7 50	@	7 75
" Family	6 25	@	7 00
" Superfine	5 00	@	5 50
" Common	4 75	@	5 00
Tobacco	42	@	1 00
Whisky—Rectified	1 08	@	1 25
" Better Grades	1 50	@	3 50
Wines—Port and Sherry	1 25	@	2 00
" Claret	3 50	@	6 00
Brandies	1 25	@	2 50
" French	6 00	@	10 00
" Peach and Apple	2 00	@	3 50
Gin	1 40	@	2 25
" in cases	6 00	@	7 00
Beer in bottles, per doz	1 65	@	1 75
" in kegs	3 50	@	—
Cigars, per thousand	18 00	@	60 00
CASE GOODS—			
Oysters, 1 lb cans, per doz	90	@	1 00
" 2 " "	1 75	@	2 00
Fresh Peaches, 2 lb cans, per doz	2 00	@	2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case	4 00	@	4 25
" Cherries, " "	4 25	@	4 50
Sardines, ¼ Box,	16 00	@	16 50
Condensed Milk, " "	11 00	@	12 00
Yeast Powders, per doz	1 80	@	2 10
Pickles, gal s, " "	5 00	@	6 00
" ½ " "	3 75	@	4 50
" ¼ " "	2 50	@	3 00
" ⅛ " "	1 50	@	2 00
Soda, in kegs, " lb		5½ @	6
" " bxs, " "		6½ @	7¼
Potash, " " doz	5 50	@	6 50
Candles, full weight, per lb		16½ @	17½
Soaps, " "		5 @	7½
Starch, " "		5½ @	6¾
Salt, Liverpool, per sack	1 35	@	1 40
" Fine Liverpool	2 00	@	—
" Virginia, "	2 00	@	2 25
Drop Shot	2 50	@	—
Buck Shot	2 75	@	—
Powder, " keg	5 75	@	6 25
Nails, standard rate, per keg	3 50	@	—
Snuff—Maccaboy, Lorillard's	80	@	—
" Miller's	75	@	—
" Gail & Ax	70	@	—
" Scotch, per gross	9 00	@	—
" Garrett's, per doz	4 75	@	—
Ink, per case	1 50	@	—
Mustard, per dozen	1 25	@	3 00
Ground Spices	1 00	@	1 25
" Pepper	1 00	@	1 25
" Ginger	1 00	@	1 25
" Allspice	1 00	@	1 25
" Cloves	1 00	@	1 25
" Cinnamon	1 50	@	—
Percussion Caps	65	@	85
" G. D. Caps	45	@	—
Toilet Soaps, box	1 75	@	2 25
Blueing, box	50	@	1 00
Smoking Tobacco	50	@	60
Tea	75	@	1 25
Wampoo Bitters	6 50	@	—
Diamond Gin	7 50	@	—
Plantation Bitters	8 10	@	—
Hostetter's Bitters	8 50	@	—
Rhine Wines	8 00	@	12 50
Wrapping Paper, Large	75	@	—
" D C	65	@	—
" Medium	50	@	—
" Small	40	@	—
Nutmegs	1 50	@	—
Brooms	2 25	@	3 50

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1—Money closed at 1¼ @2. Gold 111⅝. Stocks firmer.

COTTON.

Spot cotton to-day closed easier: Middling Orleans 11⅝c; middling Alabama, 11 13-16c; middling upland, 11⅝c; strict low middling upland, 11⅜; low middling upland, 11 1-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10⅝c; good ordinary upland, 9 15- 6c; ordinary upland, 8 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed weak; sales 7,600 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 25-32@11 15-32
August	11 2 -32@
September	11 7-16@11 15-32
October	11 9-32@
November	11 23-32@11 11-16
December	11 7 32@11 11-16

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 1.—Cotton steady; middling uplands, 5 7-8d; middling Orleans, 6d; sales to-day 8,000 bales, of which 2000 bales are for export and speculation; receipts —— bales, American —— bales.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 1.—Receipts 57, gross 2, exports to Great Britain —; sales 2; stock 1,435; price of middlings, 10⅞c; market quiet.

WILMINGTON, Aug. 1—Net receipts ; sales —; stock 576; price of middlings 10¾c; market steady.

MOBILE, Aug. 1.—Net receipts 8; exports o Great Britain ——, coast 268; sales 250; stock 5,490; price of middlings 10½c, low middlings 9¾c, good ordinary 8¼c; market weak.

BOSTON, Aug. 1.—Net receipts 184, gross 320, exports to Great Britain —; sales ——; stock 15,434; price of middlings 12c; market quiet.

NORFOLK, Aug. 1.—Net receipts 9; sales —; stock 2,295; price of middlings 11—c; market quiet.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 1.—Net receipts 4, sales 50; stock 3,799; price of middlings 11⅜c; market dull.

GALVESTON, Aug. 1.—Net receipts 69, gross 70; sales 305; stock 5,239; price of middlings 11c; market dull.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 1.—Net receipts 23; sales 150; stock 4,310; price of middlings 11⅝c; market quiet.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 1.—Net receipts 196; gross 233; sales——; price of middlings 11¾c; market quiet.

PROVIDENCE, Aug. 1.—Stock 14,000 bales.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 1.—Net receipts 144, gross 171; exports to Great Britain

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1876.

An old Illinois farmer, who has witnessed his first game of base ball, can't realize how young men can't be got to help him play a game at tossing sheaves in the harvest field.

The Cincinnati Commercial has at last come out for Hayes. It took nearly three columns of that paper to define the editor's position, but the article is an exhaustive one, and so conclusive that no Democrat will ever try to answer it.

The Brooklyn Argus (Democratic) thinks the coupling together of the names of Tweed and Tilden by Senator Sherman in the late Senate debate, was "a little rough on Tweed." The Ohio Senator will please apologize to Tweed as soon as he can.

Another man, whose memory ought not to be permitted to perish, is gone. He lived near Fredericksburg, Va., and his father was kicked out of a watermelon patch by George Washington, at a period of life when George could kick like a mule and wore long twelves.

Who says that angels do not put cushions under babies? An infant fell out of a window of a passenger car on the Northwestern Railway a day or two since, near Clinton, Iowa, while the train was moving about twenty miles an hour, and was found uninjured beside the track.

The Brooklyn Argus (Democratic) draws this striking picture of the Presidential candidate of its party:

The future historian, to do Tilden justice, must paint him as the monumental charlatan of his times. The variety of his professions is only limited by the needs of his ambition and his capacity for subterfuge and deceit.

The New York Sun says: "Watch the Democratic Congressmen! We have not much confidence in the Democrats who lead the party in the present House of Representatives of the United States. They are—most of them—comparatively small men, the creations of accident. The Democrats must have stronger men in the next Congress."

It is sad to think of a genuine Reformer being interrupted in the composition of his letter of acceptance of a Presidential nomination, by a suit asking him to refund $584,000 and interest "conveyed" from a railroad corporation; but this is the misfortune which has happened to Mr. Tilden, and the organs are silent.

Samuel will have two letters to write between this and first Monday of August. The Democracy are anxious to have him answer the notification of his nomination, while the Judge of the District Court is anxious to have him answer that little suit of the stockholders of the St Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad. There is no particular hurry about the first letter, but the last one must be written.

Republican Convention of Lowndes County.

Hayneville, Lowndes Co.,
July 29th, 1876.

The Republican county convention which convened here to-day to nominate two members of the General Assembly, was called by Hon. J.W. Jones, on whose motion Mr. J. Pepperman was elected temporary chairman.

Mr. Pepperman in taking the chair thanked the convention for the honor conferred, counselled harmony, and said that he hoped the convention would nominate two men who would be an honor to their constituents (when loud cries were made for D. DeLemos.)

A committee of nine, with Hon. J. W. Jones as chairman, was appointed on credentials, which committee after a short time reported that there were 100 delegates present and entitled to seats on the floor.

The committee on permanent organization reported as follows: for President John W. Jones; for Secretaries W. E. Carson and W. J. Anthony.

Both reports were unanimously adopted. Nominations were now in order and eleven names were placed in nomination, when the chair announced that nominations were still in order.

H. A. Carson arose from his seat and said: Mr. President, I arise to place in nomination for one of the representatives of this county to the General Assembly, the unanimous choice of this convention the name of Ben DeLemos, which announcement caused the wildest enthusiasm, hats were thrown in the air, and the whole convention cried with all its might, "three cheers for Ben DeLemos." It took fully five minutes to restore order, when Mr. J. Pepperman arose to second the nomination of Mr. DeLemos, which speech again called another uproar of enthusiasm.

Hon. J. W. Jones (Mr. Pepperman in the chair) in also seconding the nomination said: "If there is one man who deserves this nomination it is Ben DeLemos, and I know of no one more fitting and more calculated than he is, and believing that he is the unanimous choice of this convention, I move that he be nominated by acclamation." The motion prevailed among such shouts and uproar that the President declared the convention adjourned for ten minutes.

Upon the re assembling of the convention loud cries were made for DeLemos—whose speech in full will be sent to you, as it is too long to go in this report. It was a masterpiece.

Nine candidates were placed in nomination for the other Representative, and after one ballot and considerable change of votes, R. J. Mayberry having received a majority of all the votes cast, was declared the choice of the convention.

On motion of W. C. Carson the Alabama State Journal, and other Republican papers were requested to publish the proceedings of this convention, and the meeting adjourned.

J. W. Jones, President.
W. E. Carson, W. J. Anthony,
Secretaries.

From North Alabama—Large Meeting in Morgan County.

Decatur, Ala., July 29, 1876.

To the Editor of the State Journal:

Sir—The Republicans of Morgan county held a large and enthusiastic meeting on the night of the 28th inst., and organized a Hayes and Wheeler Club.

All present enrolled their names, and will labor earnestly for the election of the Cincinnati nominees. Interesting and eloquent speeches were delivered by Hons. Jacob Henry and H. P. McIntire urging upon every lover of honesty and reform the necessity of doing his whole duty in the approaching contest.

Resolutions endorsing our National ticket, and the Independent State ticket headed by Hon. Noadiah Woodruff, of Dallas county, for Governor, were unanimously adopted.

After electing the following field officers, the meeting adjourned: Captain, H. R. Wells; First Lieutenent, J. L. Leman; Second Lieutenant, H. P. McIntire; Treasurer, Jacob Henry.

H. G. Thomas, President.
R. W. Austin, Secretary.

PLATFORM
—OF THE—
REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections State and Federal, announce as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men as the fundamental principle of our government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperiling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the cordial recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing intolerance, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and action, in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and antipathies, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the States and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one as indestructible, the other as indissoluble.

5th. The preservation and maintainance of the Republican party in the Southern States, as a safeguard against sectionalism, and the strongest guaranty of an inviolate union.

Resolved 1st, That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has carried the nation through a period of unprecedented difficulties and trials with safety and success, and has won for the President a renown as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd, That we deplore the divisions in our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies, and that now, as in the past, we are ready and desirous of healing these divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse to its energies or hope to its future, since the war, and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

Alex White, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 15th, 1876.)

When, in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride, incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved these governments to the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.' Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously enforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitutional amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts of its purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin. Commercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the many important amendments effected by Republican Legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congess to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who periled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We therefore note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts as its chief hope of success on the electoral vote of a united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation; we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil the national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason; with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes; with reasserting and applauding in the National Capitol the sentiments of unrepented rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan mismanagement and obstruction of investigation; with proving itself, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and immense services in war and in peace.

Regular State Executive Committee.

Chas. E Mayer Chairman; George Turner, secretary.

First District—C. Wood, Alba Alexander.

Second District—William M Lofti, Frenchard Gray

Third District—W H Black, Phil P. King.

Fourth District—M G Candee, H Cochran.

Fifth District—Wm J Boon, J H Alston.

Sixth District—Charles Hays, C C Sheats.

Seventh District—Arthur Bingham, H L Washington.

Eighth District—George E. Spencer, Z E Thomas.

Regular County Executive Committee.

Paul Strobach, Chairman. T. C. Bingham, Secretary.

Clark Evans, Charles Loper,
W. M. Loftin, Geo. Allen,
W. J. Maxwell, Ab Davis,
Wm. Anthony, Br. McDaniel,
Thos. Oliver, Chas. Johnson,
Aug. Montgomery, Jos. Barnett,
Randall Clifton, Parrish Phillips,
John Breckenridge.

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One Grand Cash Gift		20,000
One Grand Cash Gift		10,000
One Grand Cash Gift		5,000
10 Cash Gifts of	$2,000 each	20,000
100 Cash Gifts of	500 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	400 each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts of	200 each	20,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200 each	40,000
600 Cash Gifts of	100 each	60,000
10,000 Cash Gifts of	12 each	120,000
Total 11,136 Gifts, All Cash		600,000

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Whole tickets $12: Halves $6: Quarters $3: 9 Tickets $100: 27 Tickets $300: 45 Tickets $500: 90 Tickets $1,000: 1000 Tickets at $12 each.

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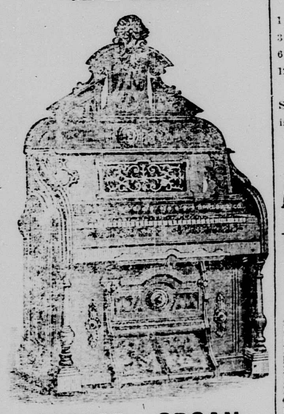

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ALABAMA

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JOURNAL

CAMPAIGN EDITION FOR 1876.

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The country is entering upon one of the most stubbornly contested Presidential battles since 1860. During this contest the people of Alabama will desire to keep themselves posted on its progress; they will desire to read all sides and form their own conclusions as to their duty at the polls. During this great canvass we shall publish a Campaign edition of the "State Journal" at a rate so low as to encourage its widest distribution throughout the State. The publication of this special campaign edition has already commenced, and will continue regularly in both daily and weekly issues, until after the President[ial] Election. The Journal is the steadfast advocate of true Republicanism.

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Fairburn	11 24	11 25
Palmetto	11 41	11 42
Powell's	12 05	12 05 A M
Newnan	12 20	12 21
Puckett's	12 36	12 41
Grantville	12 56	12 57
Hogansville	1 17	1 18
Whitfield's	1 44	1 44
LaGrange	2 04	2 05
Long Cane	2 31	2 31
West Point	2 50	.....

Passenger Train—North.

West Point	.....	12 15 P M
Long Cane	12 31	12 31
LaGrange	12 57	12 58
Whitfield	1 16	1 16
Hogansville	1 36	1 37
Grantville	1 52	1 53
Puckett's	2 08	2 08
Newnan	2 24	2 25
Powell's	2 40	2 40
Palmetto	3 01	3 02
Fairburn	3 17	3 18
Red Oak	3 33	3 37
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DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1876.

ALAS!

I can not wean my wayward heart from waiting,
Though the steps watched for never come a-near;
The wavering want clings to it unabating,
The fruitless wish for presences once dear.

No sweeter eye ever blessed a poet's vision,
No softer ear ever kissed a fevered brow,
No scene more truly could be called elysian,
Than this which holds my gaze enchanted now.

And yet I pine—this beautiful completeness
Is incomplete to my declining heart:
'Tis beauty's form without its soul of sweetness—
The pure, but chiseled loveliness of art.

There's no longer pleasure in emotion;
I envy those dead souls no touch can thrill,
Who, painted ships upon a painted ocean,
Seem to be moved, yet are forever still.

Who are they fleet—they whose delightful
Whose very footsteps had a charmed fall?
Nay more, no more their sound my heart rejoices—
Change death and distance part me now from all.

And this fair evening with remembrance teeming,
Pours on my soul with every sharp regret,
The sweetest beauty sadness to my seeming,
Since all that's fair forbids me to forget.

Eyes that have gazed upon yon silver crescent
Filled first with light, then turned to gaze in mine,
Lips that could clothe a fancy evanescent
In words whose magic thrilled the brain like wine.

Hands that have wreath'd June's roses in my tresses,
And gathered violets to deck my breast,
Where are you now? I miss your dear caresses—
I miss the lips, the eyes that made me blest.

Lonely I sit and watch the fitful burning
Of pine fires, and, through gathering gloom,
While the waning moon and one bright star returning
Down the dim solitude, leave night the room,

Go to the glimmer of the silent river,
Hushed is the wind that oped the leaves today.
Alone, through silence, to its there's the crystal shiver
Of the sweet starlight on my heartwhat way.

And yet I wait, now vainly for a token—
A sigh, a touch, a whisper from the past;
Alas! I listen for a word unspoken,
And wait for arms that have embraced their last.

I will no more, so once I wished, each feeling
To grow immortal in my happy breast,
Since not to feel will leave no wounds for healing—
The pulse that thrills not has no need of rest.

As the conviction sinks into my spirit,
That my quick heart is doomed to death in life,
Or that its pains must pierce and never tear it,
I am abandoned to despairing strife.

To the last life, alas! no more return is given—
In this to-day is soulless as that of the past—
Of it to-morrow's promise never living
Will ere long end, and rest may come at last.

MRS. F. F. VICTOR.

THE STATE JOURNAL.

The Paper for the People—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

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INKS—Black, Chemical, Copying Carmine, etc., in all size.

MUCILAGE that will not sour, is Seaton & Co's.

ORIENTAL PEARL DROP, white and pink, beautifies the complexion and removes tan and pimples.

Cheaper than Indigo and far better is Seaton & Co's WASH BLUE.

Seaton & Co's Prices
ARE FROM
Fifteen to Fifty per cent Cheaper than Others!

☞ For proof, you know that Chill Tonics (without arsenic) usual price is $8.00 per dozen; our price is $7.00: Worm Candies, usually $1.50, ours $1.35; Stomach Bitters, generally, $8.00 to $8.50, ours $7.25; Soothing Syrups, $7.00 to $14.00, ours $1.95; Elixir Bark and Iron, $7.00 to $12.00, ours $7.50,

IT WILL PAY YOU TO HANDLE OUR GOODS.
WARRANNTED TO BE RELIABLE!
We Believe them to be Superior to all Others,
AS THE MATERIALS USED ARE THE PUREST AND BEST.

CAPITAL STOCK. - - $1.200.000!!

B. F. D. FITCH, President, THOS. D. OSBORNE Secretary and Treasure

DIRECTORS.

W. DuPONT, J. F. BULLITT, WM. R. RAY, CHAS. R. LONG
BM. F. RUBEL, JAS. S. BARRETT, W. A. DUCKWALL, GEO. AINSLIE

GREAT AMERICAN FIRE EXTINGUISHER COMPANY.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FIRE EXTINGUISHERS, ENGINES, STATIONARY TANKS

"Ne Plus Ultra" Engines, "Hercules" Engines, Climax Engines.

(2 wheel) Factory Size. (3 wheel) Village Siz (4 wheel) City Size.

FACTORY AND PRINCIPAL OFFICE—Nos. 331, 333, 335, 337, 339 West Market Street, Louisville, Kentucky.

Ask the Public to Pardon us for this Fact, but to be Forearmed is to be Forearmed.

487.59 Unarmed Soldiers

These Sentinels are standing guard over one hundred thousand million dollars worth of property in Asylums, Breweries, Bakeries, City Halls, Colleges, Car Works, Depots, Distilleries, Elevators, Foundries, Factories, Fair Grounds, Grain Houses, Hotels, Halls, Infirmaries, Lumber Yards, Machine Shops, Oil Factories, Pattern, Paint and Paper Warehouses, Rag and Roofing Factories, Saw Mills, Starch, Stave and Soap Factories, Theatres, Toy, Trunk and Turpentine Establishments, Upholsteries, Veneering Establishments, Wagon, White Lead and Window Sash and Blind Factories, Warehouses and large buildings of all kinds throughout the land. They are night Watchmen, when a robber is expected they are furnished weapons to give them greater power.

When a fire is expected they are furnished Fire, a far more dreaded enemy to property than ever was, should they not be provided with the means to subdue it before it has gained dangerous headway? We offer the

GREAT AMERICAN FIRE EXTINGUISHER,

the best known means of accomplishing this end, and commend it to public favor solely on its merits. Send for circular with description and testimonials. Agents wanted in every town in Ind.

Great American Fire Extinguisher Co., Louisville, Ky

LEHMAN, DURR & CO.,
BANKERS, COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
OFFICES, COURT SQUARE,
Montgomery, Alabama.

COLLECTIONS
Made on all Accessible Points, and Remitted for on Day of Payment

We also buy and sell Domestic and Foreign Exchange and Draw Bills of Exchange, Available in all the Commercial Centres of this Country and Europe.

Liberal Cash Advances Made upon Cotton consigned to us, our connections in New York, New Orleans or Liverpool.

FULL STOCK OF BAGGING AND TIES ALWAYS ON HAND AND FOR SALE AT LOWEST MARKET RATES.

THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE!
LOUISVILLE & CINCINNATI
SHORT LINE RAILROAD

The quickest, best and ONLY ROUTE with which passengers from the South make direct connection at Louisville with

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars
TO PITTSBURG, HARRISBURG,
PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK,
And other Eastern Cities.

WITHOUT CHANGE,

Arriving many hours in advance of all other lines. Connections made at Cincinnati with all lines running

Pullman and Wagner Palace Sleepers
To Toledo, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Baltimore, Washington, Sandusky, Cleveland, Buffalo, Albany, Saratoga and New York
WITHOUT CHANGE.

This is the only line running its entire trains from Louisville to Cincinnati, and the only line by which passengers from the South en route to Eastern and Northern Cities can avoid a tedious haul through Louisville, by changing cars at Short Line Junction, with L. & N. R. R., three miles south of the City, where they can be served with an excellent meal at Ruter's Dining Hall, at all hours. Through Sleepers from New Orleans, Mobile, Jacksonville, Atlanta, Little Rock, Memphis, Chattanooga and Nashville, make direct connection at Short Line Junction with through Sleepers to New York and other Eastern Cities via this line

DURING THE CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION
At Philadelphia, this line will sell Excursion Tickets at greatly reduced rates.

ASK FOR TICKETS VIA
Louisville & The Short Line,
The only line running through cars to Eastern Cities For sale at all the Ticket Offices in the South and Southwest.

JOHN MAC LEOD,
General Superintendent.
S. S. PARKER,
G. P. & T. Agt., Louisville, Ky jm6ly

A BOOK FOR THE MILLION.
Marriage Guide. A Private Counselor to the Married, or those about to marry, on the physiological mystery and revelations of the sexual system, with the latest discoveries in the science of reproduction, presenting the only true, A-1 and reliable work of ten hundred and sixty pages, with numerous engravings, and contains valuable information for those who are married or contemplate marriage; still it is a book that ought to be kept under lock and key, and not left carelessly about the house.

It contains the experience and advice of a physician whose reputation is world wide, and should be in the private drawer of every male and female throughout the entire globe. It embraces everything on the subject of the generative system that is worth knowing, and much that is not published in any other work.

Sent to any one free of postage for Fifty Cents.

Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary, No. 12 N. Eighth street, St. Louis, Mo.

Notice to the Afflicted and Unfortunate.

Before applying to the notorious quacks who advertise in public papers or using the quack remedies, peruse Dr. Butts' work, no matter what your disease is or how deplorable your condition.

Dr. Butts occupies a double house of twenty-seven rooms; is indorsed by some of the most celebrated medical professors of this country and Europe, and can be consulted personally or by mail, on the diseases mentioned in his works. Office and parlors, No. 12 North Eighth street, between Morgan and Olive, St. Louis, Mo.

MARRIAGE GUIDE. An handsome work 300 pages, a private counselor to the married and marriageable on the mysteries of the sexual system, its abuses, $500, $1,000, $2,000, $5,000, $10,000, $15,000 or $100,000. The interest, which is ordinarily distributed to all the bondholders pro rata, is in this loan distributed by chance. The purchaser of a bond knows he will receive back his investment, with a small rate of interest added, and in consideration of taking this small rate of interest, he has a chance in the above named premiums, which are simply the distribution of interest on the whole loan.

Each bond participates in four drawings each year, until it has drawn a premium, when it is surrendered, the premium paid, and the bond cancelled

The Industrial Exhibition Company, under a special charter, granted by the State of New York, is given authority to issue these bonds. The Legislature of the State, recognizing the great benefits which will arise from the success of this enterprise, have exempted all the real estate and property of the company from taxation and assessments for five years, and has also conferred other great privileges.

Every American who understands the purposes of this company will, of a necessity, feel a pride in aiding it by a successful termination.

Each individual who buys a bond becomes an owner and an interested party, and when he views the structure erected with his money can say, "I aided to erect in our country the most magnificent building the world has ever seen, a palace which, in truth, represents the industry, energy and mechanical genius of the American people."

The manufacturers and the inventors of America are peculiarly interested in the success of this enterprise, for the reason that it is to be their home, where all their inventions and manufactures can be exhibited and sold.

The building will contain 5,320,000 square feet of space.

Purchasers desiring Bonds before an agency is established where they reside, will communicate direct with this office, from where they can be supplied.

Parties desiring to act as agents or to purchase bonds will address

INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION CO.,
No. 12 East 17th Street,
BET. B'WAY & 5th AVE.,
NEW YORK CITY

NOTE.—All moneys by draft on New York, or Express, or postal order—charges paid by sender
8-20w

REDUCED TO A CERTAINTY.
Chance to Gain
$50,000
NO RISK.
Send for circular at once. No time to lose. READ & Co., Bank'rs, 74 Maiden Lane NEW YORK

DANIEL F. BEATTY'S
Parlor Organs.

These remarkable instruments possess capacities for musical effects and expression never before attained, adapted for Amateur and Professional, and an ornament in any parlor.

EXCELLENCE IN QUALITY OF TONE THOROUGH WORKMANSHIP, ELEGANT DESIGNS AND FINISH.

and Wonderful Variety of their Combination Solo Stops.

☞ Beautiful new Centennial style now ready Address, DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J

50 CENTS FREE.

SPECIAL OFFER—FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY.

Will send, POST-PAID FREE, to each new subscriber of THE NEW YORK AGENTS' MONTHLY, a magnificent CENTENNIAL MEDAL (in fancy box), struck in Alhata Plate Silver, larger than a silver trade dollar, 1½ inch in diameter—Price 50 cents each. THE AGENTS' MONTHLY is a handsome, spicy, 16 page paper. Subscription price 50 cents a year. Send 50 cents, and you will receive the AGENTS' MONTHLY for one year, postpaid, and the above Medal gratis.

Address, PENTION PUBLISHING CO.,
5-23dem 170 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

A FORTUNE FOR $1.
Wyoming Monthly
LOTTERY
Legalized by authority of an Act of the Legislature.
Tickets $1 Each, 6 for $5. One chance in every 3
$250,000 in Prizes. Capital Prize $50,000
6th Extraordinary Drawing.

1 Cash Prize of	$100,000
1 Cash Prize of	50,000
1 Cash Prize of	25,000
1 Cash Prize of	20,000
51,025 Cash Prizes amounting to	$350,000

The first Extraordinary Drawing was presided over by Col. Patrick, Fresh Board of Trade. Second by Gov. James. Third by Ticket Holders. Fourth by City, County, and State officials and the Fifth by sworn Commissioners. Extraordinary offer! 20 Chances for $10, issuing balance to be deducted from Prizes after the Drawing. Agents Wanted Liberal Pay. For full particulars and Circulars, Address the Manager, J. M. PATTEE, Laramie City, Wyoming.

WIMBLEDON
Long Range Breech Loading
Practice Pistol & Targets.
Carries a ¼ inch ball with accuracy fifty feet, without powder or percussion. Brass barrel, hair trigger. For sale by dealers. By mail, free for 75 cents, with permanent ammunition for target practice indoors, and for sporting out of doors.
AGENTS WANTED.
A. A. GRAHAM, 67 Liberty Street, New York

"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure and Instruction."
Harper's Bazar.
ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The Bazar is edited with a combination of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—Boston Traveller.

The Bazar commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion plates in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patterns for the children's clothes, to paper hangings by the tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading matter of the Bazar is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—N. Y. Evening Post.

In its way there is nothing like it. Fresh and trustworthy as a fashion guide, its stories and essays, its poetry and sparkle, are all invigorating to the mind.—Chicago Evening Journal.

TERMS.

Postage Free to all Subscribers in the United States.

Harper's Bazar, one year.....$4 00
$4 00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine, Weekly, and Bazar, to one address, for one year, $10 00; or two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address, for one year, $7 00, postage free.

An extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly or Bazar, will be supplied gratis for every club of five subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or six copies for $20 00 without extra copy, postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Bazar, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 00 each. A complete Set, comprising eight Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $2.25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

Prominent attention will be given in HARPER'S BAZAR to such illustrations of the Centennial International Exposition as may be peculiarly appropriate to its columns.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROS. Address HARPER & BROTHERS' New York.

LOCAL AGENTS WANTED.

An Agent Wanted for each Town and County in the United States.

Parties desiring to act as agents must accompany their application by a letter of recommendation as to character and responsibility from and signed by the Editor of a newspaper published in the town or county for which agent proposes to act. The agency is to sell the bonds of the Industrial Exhibition Company.

Bonds $20 Each.

The Industrial Exhibition Company will furnish agents with Circulars, etc., etc.

Each newspaper published in the town where agent is located will, as soon as agency is established, be given an advertisement, advertising such agency and the company, and fully explaining the plans, purposes and objects of the company. Such advertisement will continue in such papers as long as agency is successfully conducted.

The Industrial Exhibition Company is the first to adopt the plan so long in use by the European governments of issuing bonds when the principal is made secure and not risked, but where there is a chance for a large premium, an investment of $20 is sure to return to the investor $21—one dollar more than cost—and the holder of a $20 bond may obtain a premium either of $50, $100, $250, $500, $1,000, $5,000, $8,000, $10,000, $15,000 or $100,000. The interest, which is ordinarily distributed to all the bondholders pro rata, is in this loan distributed by chance. The purchaser of a bond knows he will receive back his investment, with a small rate of interest added, and in consideration of taking this small rate of interest, he has a chance in the above named premiums, which are simply the distribution of interest on the whole loan.

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Every American who understands the purposes of this company will, of a necessity, feel a pride in aiding it by a successful termination.

Each individual who buys a bond becomes an owner and an interested party, and when he views the structure erected with his money can say, "I aided to erect in our country the most magnificent building the world has ever seen, a palace which, in truth, represents the industry, energy and mechanical genius of the American people."

The manufacturers and the inventors of America are peculiarly interested in the success of this enterprise, for the reason that it is to be their home, where all their inventions and manufactures can be exhibited and sold.

The building will contain 5,320,000 square feet of space.

Purchasers desiring Bonds before an agency is established where they reside, will communicate direct with this office, from where they can be supplied.

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INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION CO.,
No. 12 East 17th Street,
BET. B'WAY & 5th AVE.,
NEW YORK CITY

NOTE.—All moneys by draft on New York, or Express, or postal order—charges paid by sender
8-20w

BEATTY Piano.
GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

From Jas. F. Regan, firm Regan & Carter, publishers Daily and weekly Tribune, Jefferson City, Mo, after receiving a $700 instrument says:

"Piano reached us in good condition I am well pleased with it. It is all you represent it to be."

From E. K. Baldridge, Bennington Furnace, Pa., after receiving a $700 piano.

"The Beatty" received 4th inst., all O. K., and comes fully up to your representation and exceeds our expectations. While I don't profess to be a judge in the matter, Mrs. B. does, and pronounce it of very sweet tone; and is very much pleased with it."

Best inducements ever offered. Money refunded upon return of Piano and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory, after a test trial of five days. Piano warranted for six years. Agents wanted. Send for catalogue. Address.

DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

CARPENTER'S Manual.—A practical guide to all operations of the trade; drawing for carpenters, forms of contract, specifications, plans, &c.; plain instructions for beginners, and full glossary of terms. Illustrated, 50 cts. Painter's Manual, 50. Book of Alphabets, 50. Scrolls and Ornaments, $1. Watchmaker and Jeweler, 50. Salesmanship, 25. Of booksellers, or by mail. JESSE HANEY & CO., 119 Nassau street, N. Y.
2-24-kwem

OPIUM and Morphine habit absolutely and speedily cured. Painless; no publicity. Send stamp for particulars. Dr. Carlton, 157 Washington st., Chicago, Ill.

Official Railroad Time Table

Giving arrival and departure of all trains of Montgomery. Reported and corrected expressly for the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL by Messrs HOUGH & BENSON, General Ticket Agents Office under Exchange Hotel, where any information as to rates, connections or distance be obtained.

Tickets sold to all points North, South, East and West.

Calls for the Omnibus or Baggage Wagon left at our office, or at the Exchange Hotel will receive prompt attention.

SOUTH AND NORTH ALA. RAILROAD

GOING NORTH.

	No 2—Mail	No 4—Exp
Leaves Montgomery	7:00 am	8:00 pm
Calera	9:35 am	10:25 pm
Birmingham	10:55 am	11:46 pm
Decatur	2:45 pm	3:05 am
Nashville	8:15 pm	8:30 am
Arrive at Louisville	3:45 am	3:40 pm

Accommodation.

	No 8
Leaves Montgomery	4:00 p m
Calera	10:25 p m
Arrive Birmingham	3:00 a m

COMING SOUTH.

	No 1—Mail	No 3—Exp
Le

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1876.

Sow turnip seed.

Getting warm again.

Local items are scarce.

Wages are on the decline.

Pin-backs are getting scarce.

Evening drives are pleasant.

Boarding prices are reduced.

To vote you must be registered.

Hurry and go to the Centennial.

Registration is an important thing.

Make your bets on the coming elections.

Hotels would do better with lower rates.

Hackmen are busy now-a-days—killing flies.

The man who advertises is sure of being successful.

We haven't had a swimming match this season.

Now is the time to get clear of roaches and bedbugs.

Japanese umbrellas are getting to be quite popular.

The city will soon be deserted, everybody is going away.

It is sometimes difficult for the shoemaker to swear not at awl.

The fast mail is stuck fast, but the lightning express is still a-going.

People who think that newspaper reporters know everything are mistaken.

Every dog should have his day, but it appears that the supply of purps outnumbers the days.

One who knows says that the worst behaved children in the country are those at the watering-places.

It is impossible to convince a dog, with a string of popcrackers attached to his tail, that the American Republic is a complete success.

Young-man-with-his-hair-parted-in-the-center, one of our popular dry-goods spirits—that is, clerks, has gone to the Centennial.

The attention of Republican readers is invited to the announcement elsewhere of a mass meeting to be held in the U. S. Court Room on the evening of the 1st inst.

If you are not registered you cannot vote. See that your name is registered on the day of election. There must be a Registrar at each polling place, and the law specifies his duties.

Legal.—The attention of whom it may concern is respectfully invited to the legal notice of Capt. Jos. W. Dimmick, Clerk of the United States Circuit Court, which appears elsewhere.

Planters in the city yesterday from the country report the cotton worm on nearly every farm they heard of. They say that unless these insects are destroyed not more than three fourths—probably a half—cotton crop will be made in this county.

Personal.—John A. Bingham, Esq., the former clever and popular chief clerk of the Treasury Department, who has been rusticating among the mountains, vales and forests of east Alabama, returned to the city Monday night, and is the guest of the proprietor of this journal.

Do not the tax payers of this county prefer the gentlemen who are candidates on the regular Republican County ticket, to the ignorant boys and hangers-on of the Court House on the ticket put out by Mr. Barber? It is reasonable to suppose all sensible citizens prefer the ticket headed by Charles Steele for Senator.

Did you ever watch the noiseless movement of a pretty girl's lips as her dress is trodden upon, and marvel at the self command which enables her to do the situation justice in so quiet a manner? A dozen fonts of type wouldn't furnish dashes enough to represent the remarks of the average man under like incitement.

Mr. J. H. Moorefield, of the Atlanta Times was in the city yesterday, and honored our office with a call. Mr. Moorefield was formerly foreman of this office, and won the respect and confidence of all with whom he came in contact by his pleasant address and urbane manners. He is now publishing one of the most attractive papers in this section.

Montgomery county needs a good sound home government. If the regular Republican County ticket headed by Charles Steele for Senator, is elected, the gentlemen on that ticket will act with any majority to secure the masses of our people a good local government. They will do all in their power to protect as well as advance the interests of the farmer, laborer, merchant and all classes of citizens.

Some of our young friends who trotted off into the river swamps when the late grand jury met, have not heard of the adjournment of that body, and are yet growing moss on their backs. Come home, boys, you need not fear that your little indiscretions leaked out. Come home. Stop gambling. Let liquor alone, if you can't keep sober. Let these dazzling cyprians severely alone. You are destroying the reputation of our city, by lying out in the woods as if you had murdered somebody or stolen something. Come home, boys, and be men hereafter.

Personal.—Hon. George Turner, our popular United States Marshal, returned to the city yesterday, from a business trip to Mobile. He looks in fine health, and brings a good report from the Gulf city. Col. Turner is one of the most effective campaign speakers in the State, and although his business has prevented him from taking an active part in the State canvass, he will be heard from before the Presidential election. He never fails to make a ten strike on the stump, and will be of immense service to the cause of Hayes and Wheeler.

Register on the 7th of August at the polls.

The condition of some of the sewers and bridges about the city is really shameful. Somebody will be injured by these loose concerns, and then the city will be mulcted in $3,000 or $4,000 damages. It is the wiser policy to give Street Commissioner Garrett men and means to repair the streets as they need to be. Mr. Garrett does the best he can with the means at his command. If one thousand dollars were spent upon our streets they would be in fine condition, and the city would save money by it. It costs more to patch up the streets every month or two, than it would to repair them completely once, and thoroughly. The city fathers ought to look into this.

Republicans Read.

FACTS FOR REPUBLICAN VOTERS TO CONSIDER.—THE MEN WHO HAVE DECEIVED REPUBLICANS IN THIS COUNTY, SHOWN UP.

Montgomery, Aug. 1, 1876.

To the Editor of the Journal—

Sir:—The Republican voters of Montgomery county, especially the colored voters, will remember that the bolting-Court-House-Ring ticket, is put out by Robert Barber as self-styled chairman. Nothing more need be said about him than has already been said by Hon. Paul Strobach in his card recently printed in your columns. This whole bolting ticket was manipulated by the Court-House ring—by the very same men who deceived the Republican people of this county in 1874. The ticket is alone supported by those men.

Here are a few of the facts which bring to memory the frauds practiced upon Republican voters.

1. The man Floyd, who was a perfect stranger here, was taken up by this Court House ring, and forced upon the people for the office of Clerk of the City Court. They used him during the canvass, and succeeded in electing him. But after the election—after they succeeded in getting the offices they wanted—they refused to make Floyd's bond. They boasted that they would not make a bond for a "nigger." The consequence was Floyd had to sell out the office to a Democrat for $800. There is now, or was a short time ago, an order in the Sheriff's office for $800, due to said Floyd from the present Democratic Clerk to whom Floyd sold the office, to be paid out of the fees collected by the Sheriff. Robert Barber who is a clerk in the Sheriff's office, is the author of this statement.

2. The colored man, Geo. W. Sewell, who was elected tax assessor, by this ring, could not make his bond and run the office himself, because these men declared they would not make a bond for a "nigger." But mark you! A gentleman by the name of Robertson steps forward, makes the bond and takes charge of the office. Sewell has no more control or direction of the office than a man in Bombay. Mr. Robertson is a Democrat, and he and his sons, who are all Democrats are in entire control and possession of the Tax Assessor's office. Sewell's name does not ever appear on the official notices and blanks of the office, nor does he ever dare to interfere in any manner in the conduct of said office. Thus the Court-House ring virtually deprives the real officer of his rights because he is a "nigger."

Instead of looking after his office, Sewell shovels coal at the Court House for the members of the ring, who make him do the work of a servant.

3. The Republican sheriff has none but Democratic deputies in his employ, and never advertises his official notices in any save Democratic papers. He even refuses to advertise the election notice in which Republicans are vitally interested, in the only Republican newspaper in the State.

4. The tax collector, who has twice been elected by colored Republican votes, can be best illustrated by quoting from the Montgomery Advertiser, the Democratic organ of Alabama. That paper of May the 5th, 1875, the day after the city election here, which turned this Republican city into the hands of Democrats, said: ☞ WE OWE MUCH OF THE SPLENDOR OF THE VICTORY TO THE INDEFATIGABLE LABORS of several of the leading Republicans of the city ☜ who becoming disgusted with Spencerism and Kefferism in combination, spewed the nauseous compound out of their mouths. ☞ FOREMOST AMONG THESE WERE **PAT ROBINSON** (the sturdy Irish oak), **Robert Barber, Sheriff Murphey** ☜ and perhaps others not now remembered."

Thus the Democratic organ thanks the tax collector, and sheriff, who were elected by Republicans, for a Democratic victory in this city, which turned out all the colored policemen.

5. The clerk of the circuit court, elected by colored votes, published a card a few days after his election, denouncing the Republican party and declaring that he would have nothing more to do with it. This looked like killing the man who gave him meat and bread.

6. The Probate Judge who was elected by colored votes, and who made so many nice promises, has not much patronage, but the only clerks in his office are Democrats. He never gives any patronage to Republicans or to Republican papers.

The colored voters remember the profuse promises made by these men during the campaign in 1874. Are we not correct, then, in saying they deceived the Republicans of this county? These men denounced Mr. Strobach and his friends as Democrats, but they knew that they were uttering that which was untrue. They knew that they were playing into the hands of Democrats then, and are now.

Mr. Frederick Wolffe, the county treasurer, is the only gentleman elected on that ticket, who has been faithful and true. He is not a ring man, and does not use his office to oppress Republicans, like the Solicitor and others of the ring. Republicans respect Mr. Wolffe, and I noticed an article in the local columns of the Journal, a few days ago, speaking truly of Mr. Wolffe's bond. He is a clever gentleman and will do a Republican a favor whenever he can. But the others are all men who have been untrue and are really Democrats.

Aug. 2 tt True Republican.

Every citizen of Montgomery county who feels the nebessity for sound and substantial home government, should vote for the regular Republican County ticket, with Charles Steele for Senator.

Register on the day of election, if not already done.

Why do you walk so crooked, John?" said Mrs. Henry, with sarcastic intonation, as her husband came in from the "Club."

"Boots tight, my dear."

"Humph! if the boots are half as tight as you, John, they'll be quite willing to go to bed with you—and I rather think they will."

"There's a gal for you," muttered John, as he struggled up stairs. "Can't fool her: (hic) Gosh she knows where them bootsh goin' sleep."

Some of the leading strikers of the Court House bolting ring are deceiving the colored voters of this county, by declaring that Hon. Paul Strobach had a number of negro women, commonly called street-walkers, indicted by the late grand jury, and that Mr. Strobach is persecuting these women.

A more flagrant falsehood was never uttered by the lips of men. Mr Strobach neither knows these women nor ever heard of them until he was summoned to appear in their cases. He was so summoned, not because he knew anything about these women, but we believe it was to prevent him from making a canvass of the county. Indeed these strikers boast that they had him subpœnaed in all these cases so he would be compelled to wait at the court house constantly, and would not, therefore, have time to go out in the county to canvass for the regular Republican ticket. The cause of these ring strikers must be very desperate if they would thus prostitute the ends of justice to base personal and partisan ends. Can such a cause succeed in this enlightened country.

The Journal in California.

As an evidence of the growing popularity of the Journal we take pleasure in stating that we have recently received subscriptions from other States, besides quite a number of clubs in various sections of Alabama. It must be remembered that the Journal is the only Republican paper in Alabama, and therefore its circulation must constantly increase. Recently we have been greatly encouraged by the letters we have received from numbers of the best citizens of this State. Not a day passes that we do not receive subscriptions from clubs or individuals. Our circulation is quite flattering amongst the solid substantial trading people, and the merchants of Montgomery are respectfully reminded that as an advertising medium the Journal has no superior.

Yesterday we received the following letter:

Colusa, Cal., July 24th, 1876.

To the Editor of the State Journal—

Sir: Find enclosed $2, for which please send one copy of the daily edition of your paper—or campaign edition, until after the Presidential election.

If this is not sufficient to pay for it, send your bill for the balance with the first copy. Address to the "Hayes and Wheeler Club," Colusa, Colusa Co., California. Yours Truly,

M. L. Tindall.

Republican County Executive Committee.

MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE YESTERDAY.

There was a meeting of the regular Republican County Executive Committee yesterday, which was well attended, and a spirit of enthusiasm was prevalent which was accepted as the harbinger of victory.

The purpose of the meeting was to consider the propriety of accepting the resignation of James K. Greene as a candidate for the lower House of the Legislature,—he having some doubts as to his eligibility, having served as Senator from Hale County in the last Legislature. As there were doubts of his being eligible he resigned, and the Committee unanimously nominated Solomon Terrell, who accepted the nomination in an earnest speech, pledging his best efforts in behalf of the ticket.

Mr. Terrell is commended to the people as a young man of talent and integrity. His record is good and his character untarnished.

After making preparations to make a strong canvass this week, the Committee adjourned.

Paul Strobach, Chairman.

T. C. Bingham, Secretary.

Local and Business Notices.

To Whom It May Concern.

Montgomery, May 15, 1876.

On and after this date, no liabilities contracted on account of the Alabama State Journal, without a written order from T. C. Bingham & Co., countersigned by T. C. Bingham will be paid by us. T. C. Bingham & Co.,

dtf. Proprietors.

Advances on State Certificates.

We are prepared to make liberal advances on State Certificates.

WOLFFE, HERTZ & CO.

7-26dtw

The highest musical authorities, as well as all who have purchased the Beatty Piano, are equally charmed with its beauty and purity of tone. The manufacturer has succeeded in imparting to it a roundness, fullness and richness of tone, perfectly astonishing. None should be without one. See his advertisement. Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J., U. S. A.

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.*

3-14 d&c 1em

Nervous Debility.

Vital weakness or depression: A weak, exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental overwork, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by Humphrey's Homeopathic Specific No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy, stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price $1 per single vial, or $5 per package of five vials and $2 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Homeopathic Medicine Company, 662 Broadway, New York.

1-1d&w-1y.

The Star Parlor Organs are celebrated for their purity of tone, elegant design and thorough construction. Send for catalogue. Address,

Alleger, Bowlby & Co,

6-30d&wom Washington, N. J.

New Advertisements.

GRAND REPUBLICAN RALLY!



"Rally round the flag, boys,
Rally once again,
Shouting the battle-cry of Freedom."

There will be a mass meeting of the Republicans of Montgomery county at the UNITED STATES COURT ROOM, in the city of Montgomery, on

SATURDAY EVE., AUGUST 5 1876,

at 8 o'clock, p. m.

Every person who favors the election of Hayes and Wheeler for President and Vice President, and the Independent State Ticket, and also the Regular Republican County Ticket, headed by the Hon. Charles Steele, is earnestly requested to be present. It is earnestly desired that every Republican should be present, as this will be the last meeting of the campaign. With a united effort at the polls next Monday, the Democratic ticket can be defeated, and the glorious old Republican party once more be placed in power. Distinguished speakers from various portions of the State will be present and address the meeting.

By order of the Republican Co. Ex. Committee.

PAUL STROBACH, Chairman

T. C. BINGHAM, Secretary, 8-1td

In the Circuit Court of the United States—For the Middle District of Alabama.—E. C. Kells vs. J. W. Oatis, Frank D Smith, Hopkins, Dwight & Trowbridge.

In this cause, it appearing to the Court that the bill is filed to enforce an equitable claim against real property within this district, and that Hopkins, Dwight and Trowbridge, defendants therein, are non-inhabitants of and cannot be found in said district, and that they do not voluntarily appear in said suit; on motion of Benjamin Gardner, Esq., the solicitor of the complainants, it is ordered, that the said defendants above named appear plead, answer or demur to said bill on the first day of this Court, in September A. D. 1876. And it appearing to the Court that it is not practical to serve said order on said named defendants. It is ordered, that this order be published by the Clerk of this Court in the Alabama State Journal (a newspaper published in the city of Montgomery, Alabama,) once a week for four successive weeks. And upon such publication being made, and the certificate thereof by the Clerk being filed in this cause. It is ordered, that the complainants have leave to proceed in the preparation of said cause for trial, without further service upon said named defendants.

Witness, the Honorable Morrison R. Waite, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, this first day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five.

J. W. DIMMICK,

[L. S.] Clerk U. S. Circuit Court,
Middle District of Alabama.

Note.—The defendants are required and hereby notified to enter appearance and answer in the above entitled cause, in the Clerk's office of said Court, on or before the 4th day of September, 1876, or the petition may be taken pro confesso against them. J. W. DIMMICK, Clerk.

Benjamin Gardner,
Complainant's Solicitor. 8-20aw1m

Awarded the Highest Medal at Vienna.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

591 Broadway, New York.

(Opp. Metropolitan Hotel.)

Manufacturers, Importers & Dealers in

Engravings, Chromos And Frames. STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS, Albums, Graphoscopes, Photographs

And kindred goods—Celebrities, Actresses, etc.

Photographic Materials.

We are Headquarters for everything in the way of

STEREOPTICONS AND MAGIC LANTERNS,

Being Manufacturers of the

Micro-Scientific Lanterns, Stereo—Panopticon, University Stereopticon, Advertiser's Stereopticon, Artioptican.

SCHOOL LANTERNS, FAMILY LANTERNS PEOPLE'S LANTERNS.

Each style being the best of its class in the Market.

Catalogues of Lanterns and Slides, with directions for using, sent on application.

Any enterprising man can make money with a Magic Lantern.

☞ Visitors to the Centennial Exposition will do wisely to defer purchasing goods in our line until they come to our store in New York, where they will find greater variety and more moderate prices, and can select more at their leisure. But we have a concession to sell some styles of our goods in the building of the Department of Public Comfort, and those not coming to New York are invited to call on our representative there.

☞ A full stock of Views of the Exposition Buildings and their contents.

☞ Cut out this advertisement for reference. ☜

EDUCATE YOUR DAUGHTERS.

NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.

Parents having daughters to send off the first of September next will not find a School of higher Scholastic advantages or more careful family training than

DR. WARD'S SEMINARY

in the healthy and beautiful city of Nashville.

7-30dawlw

GAUGING.

Notice to Wholesale Liquor Merchants.

UNITED STATES GAUGER'S OFFICE, Montgomery, October 16, 1875.

The wholesale Liquor dealers of Montgomery are hereby notified that the undersigned can be found at all times, at his office in the JOURNAL building, on Perry street. All orders left at this office will be promptly attended to.

J. M. LEVEY,

U. S. Gauger, Second District of Alabama.

10-17 tf

Western & Atlantic Railroad and its Connections.

"Kennesaw Route."

The following schedule takes effect June 4th, 1875:

NORTHWARD.

	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 11.
Leave Atlanta	4.10 p. m.	7.00 a. m.	5.55 p. m
Ar. Cartersville	6.14 p m.	9.22 a m.	8.41 p m
Ar. Kingston	6.42 p m.	9.56 a m.	9.17 p m
Ar. Dalton	8.4 p m.	11.04 a m.	11.35 p m
Ar. Chattanooga	10.25 p m.	1.56 p m.	

SOUTHWARD.

	No. 2.	No. 4.	No. 12.
Leave Chattanooga	4.00 p. m.	5.00 a. m.	
Ar Dalton	5.41 p m.	7.01 a m.	1.06 a m
Ar Kingston	7.38 p m.	9.07 a m.	4.19 a m
Ar Cartersville	8.12 p m.	9.42 a m.	5.18 a m
Ar Atlanta	10.15 p m.	12.06 m.	9.30 a m

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 1 and 2, between New Orleans and Baltimore.

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 1 and 4, between Atlanta and Nashville.

Pullman Palace cars run on Nos. 3 and 2, between Louisville and Atlanta.

☞ No change of cars between New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Atlanta and Baltimore, and only one change to New York.

Passengers leaving Atlanta at 4.10 p m. arrive in New York the second afternoon thereafter at 4.15 p. m.

Excursion tickets to the Virginia Springs and various summer resorts will be on sale in New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, Macon, Savannah, Augusta and Atlanta, at greatly reduced rates 1st of June.

Parties desiring a whole car through to the Virginia Springs or to Baltimore, should address the undersigned.

Parties contemplating traveling should send for a copy of Kennesaw Route Gazette, containing schedules, etc.

☞ Ask for tickets via "Kennesaw Route."

B. W. WRENN,

Gen'l Passenger and Ticket Agent, Atlanta, Ga

New Advertisements.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and Outfit FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine

Psychomancy, or Soul Charming. How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess free, by mail, for 25 cents, together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc. 1,000,000 sold. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pub's, Philadelphia

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population of each of not less than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing over 5,000 copies each issue. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Fashion, and other special class journals; very complete list. Together with complete lists of over 300 German papers printed in the United States. Also, an essay upon advertising, many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers, and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know. Address, GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

NEWSPAPERS UNITED STATES.

A complete list, numbering 8,126 with A Directory correct to date, of the 1,074 towns and cities in which newspapers are published; historical and statistical sketches of the Great Newspaper Establishments; illustrated with numerous engravings of the principal newspaper buildings. Book of 500 pages, post paid, to any address for $5.00. Applications, post paid, to any address for $5.00. Apply (inclosing price) to Superintendent of the Newspaper Pavilion, Centennial Grounds, Philadelphia, or American News Company, N. Y. Every advertiser needs it.

ICE! ICE! ICE

Ice! Ice!

No Short Crop in Alabama.

The Montgomery Protective Ice Co.

Having bought the Stock and Fixtures of D. P. WEST, and contracted for all the Ice made by the

Montgomery Ice Manufacturing Co.,

Are now prepared to supply the public at their old stand, MONROE ST., opposite the CITY HALL. J. A. DIAZ & CO., 4-14tf Agents.

Gulf City Hotel.

CORNER WATER & CONTI STREETS.

Mobile Ala.

GREAT REDUCTION OF RATES!

This HOTEL, with its beautifully furnished ROOMS and the best TABLE this line market affords, is undoubtedly the

CHEAPEST HOTEL

—IN THE—

SOUTH!

ONLY $2.00 and $2.50 PER DAY.

W. C. MORROW, Jr., Proprietor.

3-8dtf

Wanted—

—FROM—

TEN TO FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS

—OF—

Black Moss,

Delivered at our shops.

Highest market price paid.

AUGS. ORLANDER & SON,

Mattress Makers and Renovators,

49 Market St., Shop corner South and McDonough.

Lea & Perrins'

CELEBRATED



Pronounced by Connoisseurs to be the

"Only Good SAUCE,"

And applicable to every variety of dish.

Extract of a letter from a Medical Gentleman at Madras to his brother at Worcester, May, 1851.

"Tell Lea & Perrins that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

LEA & PERRINS'

SIGNATURE is on EVERY BOTTLE.

Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,

7-7 NEW YORK.

BEATTY PIANO.

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.

This instrument is the most handsome and best piano ever before manufactured in this country or Europe, having the greatest possible depth, richness and volume of tone, combined with a rare brilliancy, clearness and perfect evenness throughout the entire scale, and above all a surpassing singing quality of tone, the power and sympathetic quality of which never changes under the most delicate or powerful touch. Space forbids a full description of this matchless instrument. Agents discount given where I have no agents. Remember you take no risk in purchasing one of these CELEBRATED IN SIXTY DAYS trial. If during sixty days trial it proves unsatisfactory the money you have paid will be returned upon return of first named and freight charges paid by me both ways. Pianos warranted for 6 years. Address,

DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington N. J.

Dust and Foam:

Or Journeyings Toward the Setting Sun. A novel containing record of Sight-Seeing, Fun, and Adventure in FOUR CONTINENTS AND MANY SEAS. Mysteries of the Orient. 220 ENGRAVINGS. Bright, witty, entertaining and instructive to both sexes. In every respect first class. It sells rapidly, pays splendidly. AGENTS WANTED. Write at once for full particulars and extra terms, to ANCHOR PUBLISHING CO., 320 Pine street, St. Louis Mo. 2-19dlm

Prices Reduced. 1st Quality

CHAMPION

CENTENNIAL YEAR.

CHAS. M. EVANS, Manufr.

123 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati, O.

Fourth and Market Sts., Louisville, Ky.

BEATTY'S Parlor Organs

Established in 1856.

The best and most lasting parlor organ now in use. No other parlor organ has ever attained the same popularity.

It has been tested by thousands, many of them competent judges, and gives universal satisfaction to all.

The music is adapted to the human voice, ranging from the softest flute-like tone to a volume of sound sufficient to fill a large church.

This instrument has all the latest improvements, and every organ is fully warranted for six years. Be careful of polish, black walnut panelled cases, which will not crack or warp, and forms, in addition to a splendid instrument of music, a beautiful piece of furniture.

This organ needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and is sent extremely low figures for cash. Second-hand instruments taken in exchange.

Agents wanted, male or female, in every county in the United States and Canada. A liberal discount made to teachers, ministers, churches, schools, lodges etc., where we have no agents. Illustrated catalogue and price list free. I have no agents. Best offer ever given now ready.

Address, DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.

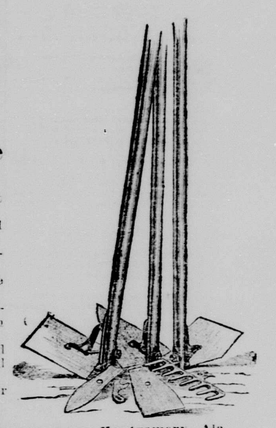
COMBINATION HOE.

First Premium Awarded at the Grangers' State Fair

Of Alabama, October, 1875, the first place where the Hoe was exhibited.

Manufactured by the Granger Hoe Company.

WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.



Requires no wedging. Can be adjusted for any work, or to suit the height of workman in fifteen seconds.

The Blade of the Field Hoe is made entirely of cast steel, square in shape, and when one edge becomes dull or worn out, the blade may be reversed, thus making

Two Hoes for the Price of One

It can be taken from the handle without trouble for the purpose of grinding.

The fixtures are made of malleable iron and cannot be broken.

The handles are made of sound ash wood—the best material known for handles.

Hoes handled ready for use, as cheap as the best hoe blade manufactured.

Saves time and money in the item of handles—no wedges to shrink up and pull out in dry weather.

No. 2, "Boys' Hoe" medium size, for field or garden work. Adjustable same as field hoe.

An entire set of splendid garden tools for the price of one implement.

For further information, address,

W. R. NOBLE, Secretary Granger Hoe Company, Montgomery, Ala

1776 Centennial. 1876

SPRING AND SUMMER

SEASON.

GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,

—AT—

5 COURT SQUARE

HAVE NOW ON HAND THE COMPLETEST LINES OF

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS

TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

New Dress Goods, Real Iron Frame Grenadines,
Novelties in Matamora Suitings, Exquisite Knickerbockers,
Stylish Damassee Suitings, and everything that is new in Dress Goods.
Fresh White Goods, Rich Fancy Goods, Elegant Ecru Ties

Novel Ecru Ruffling, Handsome Parasols,
Complete Stock of Bleachings, Large Selection
In Hosiery, Best 10-4 Sheetings, Genuine Irish Linens, Good
Table Damasks, Latest in Lace Curtains, full selections in White Piques,

Guaranteed Kid Gloves, Perfect fitting Corsets,
Excelsior Trimmings. Full selections in Cassimers,
Tweeds, Linens, Cottonades, Etc., for Men and Boys' wear.

WE OFFER THE BEST ASSORTMENTS IN

Ladies', Children and Misses' Philadelphia Hand-Made Shoes.

In fact everything desirable in a First class Dry Goods House will be found at our Store, all offering at the very

Lowest Prices.

TO THE MERCHANTS:

We are displaying the largest stock of Goods ever received by our firm, and we guarantee bottom prices. Call early and look at our stock.

GOETTER, WEIL & CO.,

5 Court Square, Montgomery, Ala.

NEW DOLLAR STORE.

1776 CENTENNIAL 1876

Centennial Dry Goods,
Centennial Hats,
Centennial Boots,
Centennial Shoes,
Centennial Clothing,
Centennial Hosiery,
Centennial Parasols.

In fact a general assortment of CENTENNIAL goods, suitable for the CENTENNIAL Spring and Summer, recently purchased at the very lowest cash prices. Give me a call and be satisfied. If you don't see what you want ask for it.

S. A. MEERTIEF, New Dollar Store.

A. Moody & Co.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND DEALERS IN

WINES AND LIQUORS

Agents for Cincinnati Lager Beer

No. 85 Commerce Street

MONTGOMERY ALABAMA.

Have resumed business and are prepared with full stock of and ample facilities to supply all their customers with anything they may need.

They have a choice selection of OLD LIQUORS which they are prepared to sell at the very lowest rates. They ask a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended to them. 2-24tf

PRESCRIPTION FREE.

For the speedy cure of Seminal Weakness, Loss of Manhood, and all disorders brought on by indiscretions or excess. Any Druggist has the ingredients. Address DAVIDSON & CO., Box 266, New York. 12-51f

GIVEN AWAY

To agents and others, male and female, a $50 secret, and beautifully illustrated 16p. page Novelty Catalogue. R. F. Young & Co., 29 Broadway, New York. 8-20w12m

Rice, Jones & Wiley,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

No. 16 Perry St.,

MONTGOMERY ALABAMA.

Merchants,

MERCHANTS, MERCHANTS

We are now prepared to furnish

Blank Note Books.

Either with or without exemption waived, printed and bound in the latest and most improved style.

Every Merchant Ought to Have One.

Price 50 cents. By mail, prepaid, 60 cents. Each Book contains fifty handsomely printed promissory notes, with stub, etc. Hundreds of them sold annually. Send your orders to

T. C. BINGHAM & CO.,

Book and Job Printers,

Journal Building, 92 and 94 Perry St.

4-8dtf Montgomery, Ala.

Charles Pelabi,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Four and One-Half St., Washington, D. C.

Prompt attention given all business requiring professional services at the National Capital. aug24tf

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Grangers' State Fair
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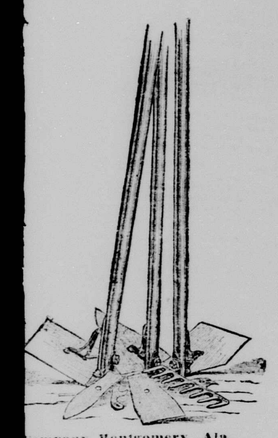
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ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OUR AND ONE HALF ST., WASHINGTON, D. C
Prompt attention given all business requir-
professional services at the National Capitol
aug24tf

ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL.

BY T. C. BINGHAM & CO. "The Union of Our Forefathers------Peace and Prosperity to All Men!" Terms---$8 Per Annum.

VOLUME VIII. MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 3, 1876 NUMBER 272

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET:



For President of the United States,
Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio.

For Vice-President,
Wm. A. Wheeler, of New York.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:
L. C COULSON, of Jackson.
CHAS. E MAYER, of Mobile.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.
FIRST DISTRICT—Lon H Mayer of Mobile.
SECOND DISTRICT—Paul Strobach of Montgomery.
THIRD DISTRICT—P G Clarke of Barbour.
FOURTH DISTRICT — J T Rapier of Lowndes.
FIFTH DISTRICT—S S Booth of Autauga.
SIXTH DISTRICT—A B Hays, of Winston.
SEVENTH DISTRICT—H C Sanford, of Cherokee.
EIGHTH DISTRICT—Jos B Bates of Limestone.

INDEPENDENT TICKET.
FOR GOVERNOR,
NOADIAH WOODRUFF of Dallas.
FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
AMOS MOODY of Franklin.
FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,
H. J. LIVINGSTON of Autauga.
FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
F. H. GRANDIN, of Mobile.
FOR AUDITOR,
LEWIS OWEN of Montgomery.
FOR TREASURER,
W. B. HARRIS of Russell.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN TICKET OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.
FOR STATE SENATOR.
CHARLES STERLE.
FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
T. C. BINGHAM, W. H. CRUSIUS,
SOLOMON TERRELL, J. K. P. LUCAS.

GOVERNOR HENDRICKS voted for the salary-grab of 1867 to increase his own salary.

REFORMER TILDEN and Deformer Morrissey are at Saratoga in close consultation about the great interests of the country.

DOES Houston draw pay as Governor for the time he is out running over the State abusing his betters and deceiving the people?

OF all queer newspapers the Chicago Times is the queerest. It damns Democracy, supports Tilden, and discards Hendricks. We admire editorial independence; but that appears to be independence with too wide a straddle.

WHAT was the biggest steal in the history of American political rascality? The Credit Mobilier steal. Whose fine Italian hand shows itself through all the transactions of the Credit Mobilier? Samuel J. Tilden's. Comment is superfluous.

BOSS TWEED'S old friend, Slippery Sam, was in the Credit Mobilier swindle, also. "Ha," said he on hearing the news of his nomination, "I know what did it. The people want reform, and they knew they could find it here," pointing to his own manly bosom.

WHEN Mr. Salary Grabber Houston boasts of having reduced the taxes of the people, why don't he show them where the reduction is? He knows the people pay just the same taxes now that they did under Republican administration. Does Mr. Salary Grabbing Bald Eagle desire to be handed down to posterity as the great Manchausen of the age?

IT is really very awkward. Here is the Boston Post explaining all the time that Mr. Hendricks is a hard-money man; and there is the Cincinnati Enquirer asserting that he was put on the ticket to capture the soft money men. Has Mr. Hendricks two voices, like the distinguished Orator Puff? Or did the people of Indiana, who made him Governor on the soft-money issue, know what they were doing?

DID not the salary grab of George S. Houston, when he was a member of Congress in 1867, lay the foundation of his now boasted wealth? Did he not buy that property in Washington with the back pay grab? These are questions which some of the sovereign people of Alabama would like to have answered. Mr. Salary Grab Houston should authorize some of his mouthpieces to say that the whole thing is a lie. Will he do it?

HOW much does Mr. Levi W. Lawler pay for the rent of that office in New York? and how much will he ask the people to pay him for going to that city to settle up the bond matter, when there is an Auditor and Treasurer for that purpose? Is this another one of the brilliant acts of Salary Grabber Houston, for which he is now seeking vindication? Let the people know why they are put to the expense of keeping a man in New York at a heavy expense, while the State Treasurer is here doing nothing?

NO ONE supposed that Hendricks could crowd Tilden off the ticket, nor Tilden, Hendricks. They are of the kind that stick. As the only use they know for principles or policies is as a means to get into place, it would be ridiculous to suppose that anything in the way of principles or measures could cause either of them to decline a nomination. But that they and their several partisans are intriguing in the Confederate House to influence its action on the Resumption Act, each against the other, is not only probable, but is believed by the Democrats. Also, that they are delaying their letters of acceptance to see how the inflation car jumps.

Woodruff's Platform.

Some of the Bourbon strikers are constantly asking for Woodruff's platform. "What platform does he stand on?" they ask.

We are authorized to say that Mr. Woodruff favors a strong exemption law which will secure to the poor men of the State enough property to save their families from want. He is also in favor of free trade—of wiping out all license tax laws so that every citizen who desires to engage in business may do so.

This is a platform which embraces all the real elements of a prosperous condition for the people of Alabama. Under the present condition of affairs, brought about by Houston's Bourbon tyranny, the merchant and farmer are forced to pay a license tax to carry on business, while the professional gentlemen of the State are relieved of this burden. Should Mr. Woodruff be elected, he will endeavor to have such laws enacted as will enforce the true doctrine of equal and exact justice to all men. He will see that no codfish aristocracy dominates the State to the oppression and injury of the commercial and agricultural interests of the commonwealth.

The Question of Personal Fitness.

Articles deprecatory of a discussion of the personal fitness of the Presidential candidates continue to make their appearance with stated and cheerful regularity in the columns of the Tilden newspapers. They call such a discussion "mudthrowing," and with various other ugly epithets endeavor to create the impression that such discussion is improper. It is a sign of weakness. In the earlier stages of the campaign, before Tilden was nominated, it was urged that the man was to be the platform, and that Tilden was a Reformer. This was Parke Godwin's position. It was the ground occupied by all the more prominent of Mr. Tilden's supporters. It was very proper, therefore, that Mr. Tilden's character should undergo close and rigid scrutiny. He was comparatively an unknown man. It was in the highest degree important that the people who were asked to entrust him with the highest executive office in their gift should want to be more acquainted with him. Mr. Tilden's own friends had invited this inspection. The fact that they deprecate now what they had asked for at an earlier stage of the canvass, shows that the discussion of personal fitness is not proceeding to their liking. This may be regretted by Mr. Tilden's friends, but we have heard no complaint from the people. They want to know, and have a right to know, the manner of man he is that seeks to rule over them.

It is noticeable that this impatience of personal discussion only comes after it has been discovered that there is no vulnerable point in Governor Hayes' record. The attacking comes from one side only, simply because only one candidate presents opportunities for attack. It is not to be wondered at that the course of the discussion is disagreeable to Mr. Tilden's friends. It is too one-sided.

THE members of the Congressional Committee to investigate Secretary Robeson—for that is what it all meant—who do not happen to belong to the Democratic party, have presented a striking indictment against their colleagues who offered the majority report. This minority of the committee themselves have submitted a report entirely exonerating the Secretary and arraigning the other report as false and malicious while the Democratic members of the committee are accused of partisan malignity.

THE Atlanta (Georgia) Republican has this paragraph on the political situation in Georgia: "There is not an old Whig in the State of Georgia who does not loathe and despise the Democratic party as heartily as a Christian does the doctrine and ways of the Mahometans, or the Greeks the Turks. There are also thousands of modern Democrats in this State who have become so disgusted with the history and practices of this party that they would leave to-morrow were it not for the persecution they dread from its Bourbon leaders."

THE Mobile Register must not put too much confidence in Renegade Republicans, who flop over to its side, when they find themselves kicked out of the Republican party. These sort of characters are hunting up dollars and cents. They would betray their own households for a small consideration in the shape of greenbacks. In fact some of them would put Judas Iscariot to the blush so quickly that if the latter were now in the flesh, he would hesitate long before committing that act for which he hung himself.

POOR old John Forsyth! He sits in his easy chair in the Register office at Mobile, like Patience on the legendary monument, and sees Salary Grabber Houston, who was a loyal man during the war, grasp the honors which are Forsyth's due—for services rendered the Bourbon cause. Is this not one of the most ungrateful things that a political party ever did? There is Forsyth who has scratched and snapped at everything that looked anti-Bourbon, and yet when the honors are to be dispensed—as well as the spoils—he is kicked out of the way and a semi-traitor installed in the high places of the State. Shame!

MR. SALARY GRABBER HOUSTON is a candidate for United States Senator. So is Pope Walker, John T. Morgan, John Forsyth and two dozen other Bourbon politicians. The wool pulling will begin in January, next.

Hon. Noadiah Woodruff.

A correspondent writing from Selma under a recent date, has this to say of Mr. N. Woodruff, the Independent candidate for Governor of Alabama:

"He is the Mayor of Selma, elected on the Independent ticket in 1875; he is President of the Central City Insurance Company in Selma; he is the largest commission merchant in Selma; he is one of the largest and most successful planters in the State; he is no politician; he never made a speech nor wrote a political letter; he is a man who well understands how to attend to his own business, as an evidence of this, coming to Alabama twenty-six years ago a poor lad, to-day he is one of the wealthiest men in the State.

"He is the man who took charge of the municipal affairs of Selma when she had a floating debt and her property in custody of the sheriff. To-day her books show a balance on hand of fifteen thousand dollars and all her floating debts paid, without increasing taxation; he is one of the best financiers in the State; he combines energy with sound judgment; he is a Democrat with liberal ideas; he is charitable and acts on the square. In his official capacity he knows no friend nor foe; he is not afraid to do his duty; he is a man who regards his oath to the strict letter of the law. Let the people know him as he is, and there are none but what would admire him. He is the personification of candor in what he thinks is right."

American Press Association.

The JOURNAL prints the dispatches prepared and sent to the country by the American Press Association, a corporation similar to the New York Associated Press. The difference in these corporations amounts to this: The Associated Press has exclusive control of the wires of the Western Union Telegraph Company, and to that extent is enabled to diffuse intelligence through the press to the exclusion of all other combinations. The American Press Association has the same broad field within which to gather intelligence, but owing to a lack of telegraph facilities in the South, is not able to furnish as great a variety of news. All important events transpiring throughout the Union are reported by the American Press Association at the same time that the Associated Press transmits them. The telegrams daily printed in these columns will be found to be as full and interesting as those of any other association—especially the reports of the proceedings of Congress and the markets.

We have found that it is not always in the quantity of dispatches that the most interesting intelligence is to be found, but in the quality. Frequently an important event can be expressed quite as intelligently in three lines as in half a column of the most superfluous elaboration. The dispatches which we give our readers contain all that is important in the daily history of the world, and we shall see that they are kept up to a first class standard.

Macon County.

We shall be curious to see the returns from Macon county after the election. The Republicans alone, in that county have a majority of more than two thousand, exclusive of the Independents, who will vote with them. All of this vote will be polled. But the counting is pretty much in the hands of the Democrats, and it is claimed they will commit all the frauds necessary to give Macon a Democratic majority. The Independents must keep a sharp lookout in that county, and carefully note every act of fraud that is committed. Every man should vote as it is his duty to do. If their votes are not counted, the fact must be made known to the courts and the country.

THE Brownsville (Tenn.) Democrat exults extravagantly over the letter from a negro in that town, who says that he has joined the Democrats because he has been voting with the Republicans nine years and they wouldn't give him an office. He got sick of such foolishness and turned Democrat. It is remarkable that whenever a negro leaves the Republicans, it is for the same reason precisely that the Democrats left the Union in 1861, because they couldn't get office.

A DISTINGUISHED Democrat of Montgomery recently declared that it was useless for the opponents of the Democracy to struggle against them in this State; that no amount of majority would be of any service, because the vote would not be counted. We shall see. If the right of suffrage does not exist in this State, it is well that the fact should be known. The coming election will make the truth plain.

THIS from the Camden Pacificator hits the nail squarely on the head: "Gov. Woodruff is the nominee of no party. The Independents are opposed to Conventions to make nominations—they savor too much of rings and cliques. He is a free and independent candidate for the office of Governor, whom the Houstonian Democrats are attempting to *frown* down."

IT seems antecedently probable that it is Governor Hendricks that yielded to Governor Tilden rather than Governor Tilden to Governor Hendricks. This surrender on the currency question will, of course, endear Governor Hendricks to the Indiana Democracy, and strengthen him for the October race.

CARL SCHURZ reminds Mr. Ottendorfer, of the New York Staatszeitung, that he lately spoke of Tilden as "a demagogue, popularity-hunter, and one suspected of dishonorable railroad transactions." And now Ottendorfer affects to wonder why Schurz is not for "Tilden and Reform."

President Grant and the Whiskey Frauds.

THE GOOD NAME OF OUR HERO PRESIDENT DEAR TO THE PEOPLE.

[N. Y. Herald, July 29th.

The Herald has always contended that the attempt to connect the President with the frauds upon whiskey would react upon those who inspired it. The President's record, as it comes to light point by point, shows that he was as earnest in his desires to have the frauds prevented and the perpetrators punished as Bristow. Common sense would have proved this; for if the President had wished to protect the thieves he could have done so. The evidence of Bluford Wilson is an exoneration of the President. The country should rejoice at this. The fame of the President should always be dear to the people, more especially when the President is a man like Grant, one of the most conspicuous figures in our history, whose name will be among the glories of our country when Tilden and Hendricks, Hayes and Wheeler, Bristow, Jewell, Bluford Wilson and all the rest are forgotten. No one has censured more severely than the Herald the blunders of the administration. No one regrets more than the Herald that the administration should have failed to meet the wishes of its friends. But we should deem it a calamity, which every true American would feel, if the victor of Appomattox should prove to be a venal, corrupt man. We have no such fear, and the vindication of Wilson's evidence is precisely what we expected from Wilson when he was put under the solemnity of an oath.

Not the Man for Governor.

[From the Wilcox Pacificator.]

Gov. Houston, although we are supporting him, is not the man to occupy the Gubernatorial chair of our State. He allows himself to be controlled, in State affairs, by time serving politicians, without sufficient firmness or courage to govern his own State in person. Thus we have many Governors at the same time. Gov. Houston is forced to admit, in his speeches, that the taxes have been raised. He cannot *frown* down that fact. And while he does this, he utterly fails to show this increase in the taxes at all necessary at this time. He was in favor of taking the tax off of a certain class of our citizens and placing it upon the planters of our country.

A Conundrum.

[N. Y. Herald.]

If G—v—rn—r T—ld—n (we purposely conceal the name of the gentleman) is unable to manage his pony, how can he be expected to manage the government? What will he run into if he should be elected Pr—s—d—nt?

DOES Mr. Salary Grabber Houston hold that because Gov. Lewis paid a heavy bill of lawyers' fees contracted by the Democratic Governor Lindsay, that he, George S. Houston, is justified in doing the same thing? If not, then the fat eagle must muzzle his organs.

THE return of Gov. Curtin of Pa., and Gen. Banks, of Mass., to the Republican party, is one of the most gratifying incidents of the canvass. They are strong men and earnest patriots, and will render efficient service in the campaign which is to result in the election of Hayes and Wheeler.

WE don't hear so much as we did about the German defection in Ohio. It is pleasant to see a tolerably accurate conception of the Ohio situation prevailing in the public mind.

THE Camden News says, truly: "Until his selection as a candidate for Governor, we never heard Mr. N. Woodruff charged with being a Radical. The idea is preposterous—it is simply ridiculous."

THE "true inwardness" of the average Democratic politician is represented by the amount of whisky he can get into a glass without being called to order by the bar-keeper.

A call has been issued for a Greenback State Convention in Kentucky, to to nominate an electoral ticket. The time and place have not yet been designated.

THE Barbour Democrats, it is said, will kindly refrain from killing their opponents when they attempt to vote at the next election. Thank you.

FOURTEEN Democratic papers in Indiana, six in Kansas, and two in Ohio, repudiate Tilden. The most of them are for Peter Cooper.

THAT inflation bolt in Indiana means trouble for the Democrats. If Gov. Hendricks won't hold the soft-money vote, of what use is he to the ticket?

To the Working Class.—We can furnish you employment at which you can make very large pay, in your own localities, without being away from home over night. Agents wanted in every town and county to take subscribers for The Centennial Record, the largest publication in the United States—16 pages, 64 columns; handsomely Illustrated; Terms only $1 per year. The Record devoted to whatever is of interest connected with the Centennial year. The Great Exhibition at Philadelphia is fully illustrated in detail. Everybody wants it. The whole people feel great interest in their Country's Centennial Birthday, and want to know all about it. An elegant patriotic engraving premium picture is presented free to each subscriber. It is entitled, "In remembrance of the One Hundredth Anniversary of the Independence of the United States." Size, 23 by 30 inches. Any one can become a successful agent, for but little time and capital are necessary. Nature and hundreds of subscribers are easily obtained everywhere. There is no business that will pay like this at present. We have many agents who are making as high as $20 per day and upwards. Now is the time; don't delay. Remember it costs nothing to give the business a trial. Send for our circulars, terms, and sample copy of paper, which are sent free to all who apply; do it to-day. Complete outfit free to those who decide to engage. Farmers and mechanics, and their sons and daughters make the very best of agents. Address,
THE CENTENNIAL RECORD, Portland, Me. 6-30wum

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Nineteenth annual session begins first of September. For circular giving Faculty and expenses, address
R. H. RAWLINGS M. A., Principal.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported expressly for the STATE JOURNAL by the American Press Association.

WASHINGTON.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, August 2.—The Senate met at 11 a. m., and the chair laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of War, calling attention to an omission from the sundry civil appropriation for military surveys, and recommending the passage of the bill appropriating unexpended balances for that purpose.

Mr. Wright, from committee on claims, reported the House bill granting pensions to E. W. Hansell, with substitute for the same, giving him a gross sum of $2,000, in lieu of a pension. He was one of the two attendants upon Secretary Seward at the time of the attempted assassination, and was thoroughly injured, crippled and disabled. The bill was passed as amended.

Mr. Boutwell reported a bill to provide for the payment of pensions by the Treasury department. Placed on the calendar.

Mr. Howe, from committee on library, reported a bill to provide for the reprinting of acts, resolves and ordinances of the Continental Congress, and Congress of Confederation. Placed on the calendar.

Mr. Morton submitted a resolution to print 10,000 copies of the message of the President, and accompanying documents, in relation to the massacre at Hamburg, South Carolina.

Mr. Thurman objected, and the bill was laid over.

The Senate then went into executive session, and when the doors were opened the river and harbor bill was proceeded with.

House.

The regular order being demanded the House proceeded with the consideration of the bill to utilize the products of gold and silver mines. After considerable debate Mr. Bland demanded the previous question.

Mr. Hewitt and Mr. Odell, of New York, moved to adjourn until Saturday, and on each question the yeas and nays were demanded. The vote was 3 yeas, 190 nays.

After some discussion the House failed to arrive at any satisfactory arrangement, and Mr. Neil, of Ohio, objected to any arrangement. The question then recurred upon Hewitt's motion to adjourn, and it was rejected, yeas 2, nays 174.

The morning hour having expired during the roll call, the bill went over.

Mr. Lord, of New York, one of the managers of the impeachment of W. W. Belknap, submitted to the House an official report of the trial. The report sets forth the facts of acquittal, because less than two-thirds had not voted guilty.

After some debate the report was ordered to be printed and laid on the table.

The House then went into committee of the whole on the general calendar.

Mr. Clymer in the chair, the first bill reached was one reported by Mr. Cook, from the committee on military affairs, to transfer the Indian bureau to the War Department.

After the bill had been read Mr. Lamar took the floor and proceeded to make a speech upon the general political situation, especially with reference to the administration of public affairs.

The President has signed the acts for declaring temporary expenditures of the government for continuing the government printing, and making appropriation for the committee on investigating Chinese immigration.

The President yesterday also signed his proclamation declaring that the fundamental conditions imposed by Congress to entitle Colorado to admission into the Union as a State, having been complied with, the admission of that State is now complete.

WEATHER.—In the Gulf States slightly higher barometer, nearly stationary temperature, light to fresh variable winds mostly from the East and South; partly cloudy weather, and in the southwest frequent rains.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, August 2.—The Longshoremen's strike is beginning to weaken, and the ma'contents are slowly returning to work at the old rates of thirty cents per hour.

At a meeting in this city to day, the National Executive Council appointed by the Indianapolis convention of the Independent or Greenback party, in discharge of the duty imposed by the convention, have, after consultation with Peter Cooper and leading greenback men of the Union, nominated Gen. Sam'l F. Carey, of Ohio, for the Vice Presidency.

The Executive Committee of the Republican National Committee formally assembled for campaign business to-day, at Fifth Avenue Hotel. The committee was called to order shortly after 11 o'clock, by Zachariah Chandler, with closed doors, and they discussed the state of things in the South for several hours. No business of a formal nature was discussed to-day.

About 25 members of the Democratic National Committee went into session at noon to-day, at the Everett House. President Hewitt was absent, and Governor Tilden's secretary—Mr. W. T. Pelton—presided. The session was strictly private. Pelton said the letters of acceptance of Tilden and Hendricks had not arrived this afternoon.

A special from Washington says that Bluford Wilson has arrived, but was too sick to appear before the whisky investigating committee, this evening. He will be examined at his hotel this evening.

A special to the Graphic from Washington, says that the President has received evidence from Chicago to-day, that Bluford Wilson offered distiller Jonathan Turner, immunity from punishment if he would testify against Senator Logan and Congressman Farwell. He also offered an additional $1,500 for Turner's services, and said this offer was made on the authority of Secretary Bristow.

A special from Albany says that Governor Tilden has not yet completed his letter. It will not be given out to day, and it is difficult to say when it will be.

SYRACUSE, August 2.—The Stars of this city to-day defeated the Buckeye base ball club of Columbus, Ohio, by a score of three to nothing.

BUFFALO, August 2.—This was the second day of the races at the Buffalo Driving Park. The weather was fine, and about 10,000 persons were present. Lulu's special trial of speed resulted as follows: First heat 2:18¼; second heat 2:16¾; third heat 2:17¼. The mare was accompanied by a running horse after the first heat. Her appearance with Charley Green elicited great applause. She broke in the first and third heat, only for a moment each time, otherwise she was steady. For the 2:22 race, five started—Cozette, Badger Girl, Prospero, Purdy, and Two Pin. Cozette was the favorite, and four heats were trotted. Cozette won the first heat, and Purdy the last three. The race time was 2:22½, 2:22¼, 2:22¼ and 2:23¼. Cozette took the 2d money, and Prospero the 3d. For the 2:29 race nine started; five heats were trotted, Grant won the second fourth and fifth heats, Trio won the first heat and Mattie the third; time 2:23½, 2:25, 2:23¾, 2:25 and 2:26. Mattie took the 2d money and Trio the 3d. The colt race is postponed until to-morrow after noon.

SARATOGA, Aug. 2.—Gov. Tilden has not yet returned from Albany, and his letter of acceptance, as also that of Gov. Hendricks, will not be issued to-night.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, August 2.—Mr. John Henry Puleston, M. P., a member of the banking house of McCulloch & Co., has resigned his interest in that firm.

Mr. Mortimer Collins, the poet and novelist, died on the 25th of July. His remains were interred in Petersham church-yard, yesterday.

The American horse Preakness, won the Brighton cup by a walk over the track.

The Williams & Guion steamer, Wyoming, which sailed from Liverpool today for New York, took the London rowing clubs which are to participate in the Centennial regatta at Philadelphia.

ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, August 2.—A special to the Tribune says that A. J. Miller's store, at Blake station, near Baxter, was burned this morning. Loss $14,000—insurance $10,000. A boy named Herman Nelson, was burned to death. Two other persons narrowly escaped with their lives. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, August 2.—The stable of J. H. Barnard, on Chestnut street, was partially burned this morning. Three persons perished in the flames. Loss $8,000 or $10,000.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 2.—An official dispatch received here confirms the report of the advance of the Turkish army into Servia. The Turks have won the battle near Gramana. Another battle is imminent.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 2.—The 600 points French carom game of billiards between Sexton and Daly, last night, was won by Sexton by 77 points on the 31st inning. The greatest runs were Sexton, 119 Daly, 184. The averages were, Sexton 19 11-16, Daly 17 13-14.

FRANCE.

PARIS, August 2.—A bloodless duel was fought yesterday on the Belgian frontier, between two deputies—Mr. Ducloud and M. Oranan. The weapons used were pistols.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, August 2.—The Germania reports that Cardinal Antonelli's debility is increasing.

BEATTY'S CELEBRATED GOLDEN TONGUE
PARLOR ORGANS.

Messrs Geo. P Rowell & Co., (N. Y.) Newspaper Reporter, say's:
"Daniel F. Beatty, the organ builder, of Washington, N. J., presses forward with greatest vigor."

From Wm. Peel, Niagara Falls, N. Y.
"Several months use of the elegant Parlor Organ you sent me, satisfies me that it is one of the best made. It has a rich tone, its various tones are most pleasant. I most heartily recommend your organs for parlor, school, church or other use."

Best offer ever given. Money refunded upon return of organ and freight charges paid by me (Daniel F. Beatty) both ways if unsatisfactory, after a trial of five days. Organ warranted for five years. Send for extended price list of testimonials before buying a parlor organ. Address,
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ATLANTA & WEST POINT R. R

To take Effect Monday, Oct. 4, 1875

AT 8.55 A. M.

Passenger Train—South.

STATIONS.	ARRIVE.	LEAVE.
Atlanta	.....	10 25 P M
East Point	10 45	10 45
Red Oak	11 01	11 06
Fairburn	11 24	11 26
Palmetto	11 41	11 42
Powell's	12 05	12 05 A M
Newnan	12 20	12 21
Puckett's	12 36	12 41
Grantville	12 56	12 57
Hogansville	1 17	1 18
Whitfield's	1 44	1 44
LaGrange	2 04	2 05
Long Cane	2 24	2 24
West Point	2 50	.....

Passenger Train—North.

West Point	.....	12 15 P M
Long Cane	12 31	12 31
LaGrange	12 57	12 58
Whitfield	1 16	1 16
Hogansville	1 36	1 37
Grantville	1 52	1 53
Puckett's	2 08	2 08
Newnan	2 24	2 25
Powell's	2 40	2 40
Palmetto	3 01	3 02
Fairburn	3 17	3 18
Red Oak	3 33	3 37
East Point	3 52	3 52
Atlanta	4 10	.....

L. P. GRANT,
Superintendent.

Commercial.

Montgomery Cotton Market.

AUGUST 2.—Our market to-day is dull at the following quotations:

Ordinary	8¼@8¼
Good Ordinary	9¼@—
Strict Good Ordinary	10 @—
Low Middling	10¼@—
Middling	11¼@—

Montgomery Wholesale Grocery and Produce Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SCHLOSS AND KAHN.

Bacon—C R Sides	11¼@	12¼
" Shoulders	10 @	10¾
Bulk—C R Sides	11½@	11¾
" Shoulders	9 @	9¾
Plain Sugar-cured Hams	— @	—
Canvas'd " "	15½@	16
Lard—Choice, in tierces	13 @	13½
" " ½ bbls	14 @	14½
" " kegs	14½@	15
" " buckets	3 15 @	3 25
Sugar—Snow White	12 @	—
" W. C	11¼@	11¾
" Y. C	11¼@	—
" Strictly Choice	11¼@	—
" Prime	10¾@	10¾
" Fair	10 @	10¾
Molasses—Choice	65 @	70
" Prime	50 @	55
" Fair	45 @	50
" Common	25 @	40
Coffee—Choice	23 @	—
" Prime	— @	—
" Fair	21 @	21½
" Common	20 @	20½
Rice—Choice	8 @	8½
" Prime	7 @	7½
" Fair	6½@	7
Flour—Fancy	8 00 @	8 50
" Choice	7 50 @	7 75
" Family	6 25 @	7 00
" Superfine	5 00 @	5 50
" Common	4 75 @	5 00
Tobacco	42 @	1 00
Whisky—Rectified	1 08 @	1 35
" Bcrter Grades	1 50 @	2 50
Wines—Port and Sherry	1 25 @	2 00
" Claret	3 50 @	6 00
Brandies	1 25 @	2 50
" French	6 00 @	10 00
" Peach and Apple	2 00 @	3 50
Gin	1 40 @	2 25
" in cases	6 00 @	7 00
Beer in bottles, per doz	1 65 @	1 75
" in kegs	3 50 @	—
Cigars, per thousand	18 00 @	60 00
CASEGOODS—		
Oysters, 1 lb cans, per doz	90 @	1 00
" 2 " " "	1 75 @	2 00
Fresh Peaches, 2 lb cans, per doz	2 00 @	2 50
Brandy Peaches, per case	4 00 @	4 25
" Cherries, " "	4 25 @	4 50
Sardines, ¼ b'xs, " "	16 00 @	16 50
Condensed Milk, " "	11 00 @	12 00
Yeast Powders, per doz	1 50 @	2 10
Pickles, gal's, " "	5 00 @	6 00
" ½ " " "	3 75 @	4 50
" ¼ " " "	2 50 @	3 00
" ⅛ " " "	1 50 @	2 00
Soda, in kegs, " lb	5½@	6
" b'xs, " "	6½@	7½
Potash, " " doz	5 50 @	6 50
Candles, full weight, per lb	16½@	17½
Soaps, " " "	5 @	7½
Starch, " " "	5½@	6½
Salt, Liverpool, per sack	1 35 @	1 40
Fine Liverpool	2 00 @	—
" Virginia, "	2 10 @	2 25
Drop Shot	2 50 @	—
Buck Shot	2 75 @	—
Powder, " " keg	5 75 @	6 25
Nails, standard rate, per keg	3 50 @	—
Snuff—Maccaboy, Lorillard's	80 @	—
Miller's	75 @	—
Gail & Ax	76 @	—
Scotch, per gross	9 00 @	—
Garrett's, per doz	4 75 @	—
Ink, per case	1 50 @	—
Mustard, per dozen	1 25 @	3 00
Ground Spices	1 00 @	1 25
Pepper	1 00 @	1 25
Ginger	1 00 @	1 25
Allspice	1 00 @	1 25
Cloves	1 00 @	1 25
Cinnamon	1 50 @	—
Percussion Caps	85 @	85
G. D. Caps	45 @	—
Toilet Soaps, box	1 75 @	2 25
Shaving, box	50 @	1 00
Smoking Tobacco	50 @	60
Tea	75 @	1 25
Wampoo Bitters	6 50 @	—
Diamond Gin	7 50 @	—
Plantation Bitters	8 50 @	—
Hostetter's Bitters	8 50 @	—
Rhine Wines	8 00 @	12 50
Wrapping Paper, Large	75 @	—
D C	65 @	—
Medium	50 @	—
Small	40 @	—
Nutmegs	1 50 @	—
Brooms	2 25 @	2 50

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Market.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—Money closed at 1¼@2. Gold 111¾. Stocks firmer.

COTTON.

Spot cotton to-day closed easier: Middling Orleans 11½c; middling Alabama, 11 13-16c; middling upland, 11¾c; strict low middling upland, 11⅜c; low middling upland, 11 1-16c; strict good ordinary upland, 10⅝c; good ordinary upland, 9 15-16c; ordinary upland, 8 9-16c.

Sales for Future Delivery closed weak; sales 7,600 bales, at the following quotations:

July	11 25-32@11 15-32
August	11 2 -32@
September	11 7-16@11 15-32
October	11 9-32@
November	11 25-32@11 11-16
December	11 7-32@11 11-16

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 2.—Cotton steady; middling uplands, 5 7-8d; middling Orleans, 6d; sales to-day 8,000 bales, of which 2000 bales are for export and speculation; receipts ——— bales, American ——bales.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 2.—Receipts 57, gross 2, exports to Great Britain —; sales 2; stock 1,-425; price of middlings, 10¾c; market quiet.

WILMINGTON, Aug. 2—Net receipts ; sales —; stock 376; price of middlings 10¼c; market steady.

MOBILE, Aug. 2.—Net receipts 8; exports o Great Britain ——, coast 268; sales 250; stock 2,400; price of middlings 10¾c, low middlings 9¾c, good ordinary 8¾c; market weak.

BOSTON, Aug. 2.—Net receipts 184, gross 320, exports to Great Britain —; sales ——; stock 15,-34; price of middlings 12c; market quiet.

NORFOLK, Aug. 2.—Net receipts 9; sales —; stock 2,295; price of middlings 11—c; market quiet.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 2.—Net receipts 4, sales 50; stock 3,709; price of middlings 11¾c; market dull.

GALVESTON, Aug. 2.—Net receipts 69, gross 70; sales 300; stock 5,239; price of middlings 11c; market dull.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 2.—Net receipts 23; sales 150; stock 4,310; price of middlings 11½c; market quiet.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 2.—Net receipts 196; gross 233; sales——; price of middlings 11¾c; market quiet.

PROVIDENCE, Aug. 2.—Stock 14,000 bales.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 2.—Net receipts 144, gross 171; exports to Great Britain 11.6; coast —; sales 500; stock 52,284 price of middlings 11¾c, low middlings 10¾c, good ordinary 9¾c, market quiet.

PROVISION MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—Flour quiet, extra $4 25@5 75. Wheat lower, No. 2 spring 92½c. Corn firm, No. 2 mixed 44¾c, new mixed 43c. Oats dull, No. 2 mixed 28¾c. Rye dull, 62@62½c. Barley dull, 58c. Mess Pork quiet, $19 42—Lard steady, 10½c. Dry Salt Meats quiet, shoulders 8¾c, long clear 11¾c. Green Meats quiet and unchanged. Whisky quiet, $1 10½.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 2.—Sugar strong, fair 7@7¼c, prime 8c. Molasses, demand good, choice 48@50c, strictly prime 22c. Flour dull, superfine $3 75, choice family $6 75@7 75. Pork steady, mess $24 00@24 75. Corn, in sacks, white 55c, mixed 54c, yellow 58c. Oats quiet, 42c. Hay prime $15@16. Dry Salt Meats, shoulders 8¼@9, clear rib sides 12½c, clear 13c. Bacon, shoulders 10¼c, clear rib sides 13½@13¾c, clear 14c. Hams, choice sugar cured, 14¾c. Lard, scarce tierces 14½c, keg 14¾@15c, bucket 15¼c. Coffee firm, fair 17½@17¾c, prime 18½@18¾c in job lots.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 2—Lard firm, fair demand, steam refined 11½c, city kettle 12¼@—c. Mess Pork, little demand, prime city $20 25. Live Hogs active, common to light $7 25@7 50, fair to good light $8 00@8 25, fair to medium heavy $

DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 3 1876.

Some Points of Contrast

[New York Times, July 30.]

By whatever sacrifice of consistency and principle Messrs. Tilden and Hendricks patched up their differences, and for the time appear to work in unison, it is evident that the fact of their alliance has dispelled the illusion which, in the minds of many worthy men, hung around the name of Tilden. There were independent voters—genuine, unselfish reformers—who had looked up to him as one of their ideals of a Presidential candidate. They had cut a charitable interpretation upon his devious ways, in the Governorship and out of it, and had assumed that upon two or three important questions his ideas of duty were too grounded to admit of doubt or compromise. The equivocal declarations of the platform in regard to a financial policy, and its unequivocal declaration against the only step that has been taken specially in the direction of redemption, would have been quite enough to impair the confidence that had been felt in his political integrity. All that remained of it vanished when this man of much pretension and, as he would have us believe, of at least Spartan virtue, sought to overcome his unpopularity in the West by associating with himself the very man who is everywhere regarded as the expotent of principles diametrically opposed to his own. From that moment nothing remained in the name or fame of Tilden that could charm any but the most credulous. One illusion there is, indeed who still bows down before the broken idol. But of all men, Mr. Parke Goodwin is most completely destitute of representative character. One that covers his entire constituency. And when he insults the popular intelligence by pooh-poohing Mr. Hendricks as a piece of party which Mr. Tilden can shape at will, and by offering to guarantee the long life of the latter as an assurance that Hendricks in the Vice Presidency will be at the best a dummy, with no voice in the councils of his party, Mr. Godwin simply shows that for the time he plays the part of to-day, and that his devotion to Mr. Tilden is entitled to no weight in the judgement of dispassionate observers. Drop Mr. Godwin out of sight, and in whom has Mr. Tilden an advocate outside of the ranks of his party? Where is the first sign of his acquisition of strength from, that non-partisan vote which, if it does not actually control the balance of power, is confessedly of the very highest importance? What reason is there for believing that independent reformers, or any respectable percentage of them, are prepared to support him in spite of his den ification with dangerous financial heresies, and with opinions in reference to the civil service that would render thorough reform impossible? These queries are pertinent now. And the inability to answer them satisfactorily strengthens the presumption that the Tilden ticket has little force anywhere apart from that which is inherent in the Democratic organization. The imaginary character which, under other circumstances, might have served Mr. Tilden well, has been ruthlessly demolished, and he must remain exactly where the St. Louis Convention placed him.

The Republican nominations, on the other hand, have to-day a much wider and firmer hold on the country than when they were originally announced. It would be absurd to say in their behalf that they took the country by storm. The ground upon which they were presented, however, commended itself to the party they represent, and their individual qualifications soon emerged bright and clear from the ordeal to which they were subjected. The scrutiny was more severe because it was in good part conducted by shrewd and somewhat suspicious inquirers, who recognized no partisan obligation in connection with the ticket, and who started with a conception of fitness that had been heightened by the action of the Fifth Avenue Conference and of the numerous independent associations that were in efficient operation prior to the gathering at Cincinnati. Nothing was taken for granted. Mr. Hayes' capacity and character was tried as by fire. His record as a man and a soldier, as a member of Congress and the re-elected Governor of a great State, as the advocate of honest money and an untarnished public credit, and as the reformer resolved to sweep away the abuses which choke the channels of the public service—every point was examined with a thoroughness as rare in political contests as it was honorable to the integrity of those by whom the examination was conducted. The result we know. Mr. Hayes was immensely strengthened. The more he was investigated the more manifest the excellence of the nomination became. The outlines of policy sketched in the Cincinnati resolutions were filled in with materials gathered from the record of the man. Harmony and vitality were thus secured. The platform derived unwonted significance from the emphatic declarations of principle and purpose on the part of the candidate; and the candidate found in the platform pledges of hearty support by the party in the line of duty he had so plainly defined. His colleague on the ticket, moreover, was in keeping with his own habits and antecedents. There was no necessity for journeyings and conferences to explain away differences and convey the notion of unity which has no existence. The intervention of friends was not required to justify each in tolerating association with the other. This species of legerdemain is reserved for Tilden and Hendricks, whose reciprocally repellent claims would otherwise bring to grief the delightful arrangement consummated at St. Louis. Hayes and Wheeler were in accord from the outset. Their convictions of duty being identical, the harmony that exists between their respective letters of acceptance has stimulated into increased activity the moral elements already at work within the Republican party, and so has ratified its declaration in regard to reform?

The contrast between the nominations and positions of the two parties does not end here. While Tilden and Hendricks have failed to heal the intestine divisions of the Democracy, and have even driven off helpful agencies which the selection of Hendricks was supposed to have secured, Hayes and Wheeler have received the enthusiastic indorsement of all sections of their own party, and have, besides, elicited the approval of that no-party movement upon whose support the result next November in a large degree depends. The deliberation with which this adhesion is given adds to its significance. One after another, the independent leaders have declared that in Hayes and his policy they find all that satisfies the demands promulgated in advance. They desire financial reform, and they find in his position and antecedents assurances that it will come. They desire reform in the administration of the Government, and they discover that he outstrips them in the race to obtain it. The independent journals tread the same path and with the same result. With hardly an exception, they now ardently sustain the Republican candidates. These are gains of which the candidates and the party may be alike proud. But they are not all. The intelligent German vote gravitates steadily in the same direction. The Turners' Association of Cincinnati is not alone in the transfer of its influence to the Republicans. All over the country there are noteworthy accessions from the German ranks, and the process will undoubtedly go on under the influence of appeals which are addressed to the reason and patriotism of naturalized not less than of native citizens. As regards the Germans, these changes imply so many heavy and direct losses to the Democracy. And as regards the independent reformers, their adhesion to Hayes and Wheeler deprives Mr. Tilden's managers of a prolific source of help, and one which they have striven zealously to secure.

PLATFORM
—OF THE—
REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALABAMA

Adopted in Convention, May 25, 1876.

The Republican party of Alabama assembled in convention, to organize for the approaching elections State and Federal, announces as their political creed the following cardinal principles, and submit them to the people of Alabama, challenging candid criticism, and asking for them their attention and respectful consideration.

1st. The civil and political equality of all men as the fundamental principle of our government, and the basis of our popular institutions, from which there can be no departure without imperiling the liberties of the whole people.

2nd. A system of free public schools, non-sectarian in their character, established and sustained by the State, at which all the children in the State may be educated, without charge to any.

3rd. The protection and encouragement of labor and enhancement of the value of property, by the cultivation of harmony and good will among all classes of our people; by the adjustment of our capital and labor upon a basis of reciprocal benefits, by an intelligent recognition of the good of all, as embraced in the cordial recognition of the rights of all; by just and equal laws, by stimulating and diversifying our industries, by inviting capital and skilled labor from abroad into the State, and by banishing intolerance, and according to all perfect freedom of opinion and action, in all matters religious and political.

4th. The suppression of sectional prejudices and agitations, and the cultivation of fraternal feeling among all the people of our wide extended Republic, the preservation of the States and maintenance of the Federal Union—the one as indestructible, the other as indissoluble.

5th. The preservation and maintainance of the Republican party in the Southern States, as a safeguard against sectionalism, and the strongest guaranty of an inviolate union.

Resolved 1st, That we indorse and approve of the administration of President Grant as wise and just in its policy, patriotic in spirit, and impartial and vigorous in execution. It has carried the nation through a period of unprecedented difficulties and trials with safety and success, and has won for the President a renown as a statesman, as solid and enduring as his fame as a soldier.

Resolved 2nd, That we deplore the divisions in our party in Alabama as endangering its very existence, and giving aid and comfort to our political enemies, and that now, as in the past, we are ready and desirous of healing these divisions and uniting with all Republicans in Alabama, in our effort to redeem the State from Democratic misrule, and to put it again under the control of the party which alone has given any impulse to its energies or hope to its future, since the war, and through whose auspices and policy only our people can retrieve a prosperous condition for generations to come.

ALEX WHITE, Chairman.

PLATFORM OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(Adopted at Cincinnati, June 15th, 1876.)

When, in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of the government of the people by the people and for the people was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history, and we look back to them with pride. Incited by their memories and high aims for the good of our country and mankind and looking to the future with courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party, the National Convention assembled, make the following declaration of principles:

1. The United States of America is a nation, not a league. By the combined working of the National and State Governments, under their respective Constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured at home and protected abroad.

2. The Republican party has preserved these governments to the hundredth anniversary of the nation's birth, and they are now the embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends, governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.' Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be vigorously enforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union, and the complete protection of its citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights are duties to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitutional amendments is in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous use all their constitutional powers for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and private rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts of its purpose to discharge its just obligation to public creditors, and solemnly pledged its faith to make provision, at the earliest practicable moment, for the redemption of United States notes in coin. Commmercial prosperity, public morals and the national credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Constitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office, the Senate is to advise and consent to the appointments, and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interests of the public service demand that these distinctions be respected, and that Senators and Representatives, who may be judges and accusers, should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule for appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, preferring friends of the party in power for places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency of the public service and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to their country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be speedy, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence, we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligation of the public debt must be largely derived from duties on importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interest of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizen that is given to the native born, and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect immigrants in the absence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognize with approval the substantial advance recently made toward the establishment of equal rights for women, by the many important amendments effected by Republican Legislatures in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights and privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States, for their government. In the exercise of this power, it is the right and the duty of Congress to prohibit and extirpate in the Territories that relic of barbarism, polygamy, and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the nation has given to our soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled. The grateful people will always hold those who perilled their lives for the country's preservation, in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We therefore note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts as its chief hope of success on the electoral vote of a united South, secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the nation; we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil the national honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party as being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason; with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and the opportunity of the nation's recent foes; with reasserting and applauding in the National Capitol the sentiments of unrepented rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear and promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing financial question; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan mismanagement and obstruction of investigation; with proving itself, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government. We warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant and incapable.

17. The national administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of our domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued and hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and immense services in war and in peace.

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100 Cash Gifts of	500 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	400 each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts of	300 each	30,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200 each	40,000
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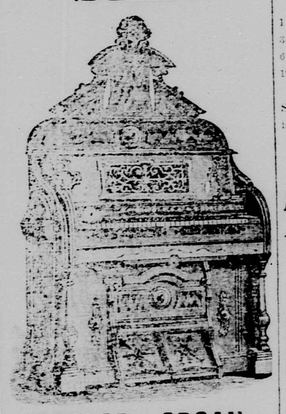

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Atlanta	.....	10 25 P M
East Point	10 45	10 45
Red Oak	11 01	11 05
Fairburn	11 24	11 25
Palmetto	11 41	11 42
Powell's	12 05	12 05 A M
Newnan	12 20	12 21
Puckett's	12 26	12 43
Grantville	12 56	12 57
Hogansville	1 17	1 18
Whitfield's	1 44	1 44
LaGrange	2 04	2 05
Long Cane	2 31	2 31
West Point	2 50	.....

Passenger Train—North.

West Point	.....	12 15 P M
Long Cane	12 31	12 31
LaGrange	12 57	12 58
Whitfield	1 16	1 17
Hogansville	1 38	1 37
Grantville	1 52	1 53
Puckett's	2 08	2 08
Newnan	2 24	2 25
Powell's	2 45	2 45
Palmetto	3 01	3 02
Fairburn	3 18	3 18
Red Oak	3 35	3 37
East Point	3 57	3 57
Atlanta	4 10	.....

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THURSDAY, AUGUST 3, 18

CENTENNIAL POETRY

A CONTRIBUTION BY MR. PUNCH.

[From the London Punch.]

(On the Centennial Anniversary of American Independence.)

"We have to confess that England is of
United States younz."—[Times.

Punch sees no harm in that confession,
Age is a thing comparative;
In his ory's immense procession
Some realms than others longer live.
What diagnosis marks the time
When any State is in its prime?

Ame ica is young, no doubt,
And keeps her hundredth birthday
Her cannon roar; her speake s spout
Her toasts and sentiments ring cheer
And how tall talk in fyttes has flowed
In Bayard Taylor's long-drawn Ode!

Hail we the democratic Maid,
Self-crowned with Freedom's deathle
Nor her large Liberty upbraid,
Because its winning cost a quarrel;
Prosperity and social health
To the colossal Commonwealth!

Yet is Old England quite so old
As the Chronologer maintains
Wh se oldest, noblest Hood is rolled
Through the wide Union's yo thful
In all things good beneath the sun
John Bull and Jonathan are one.

Long centuries of stately life
Vee England's birthday gift to he
Columbia's youth, with vigor rife,
Is felt in England's heart astir.
In Young Amer ca's Centenn al
Old England feels herself perennial

THE STATE JOURNAL

The Paper for the people—A
ing Testimonial.

In the Republican State Conv
Alabama, on Thursday, May 2
following resolutions were pres
the Committee on Platform, c
adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention
ly appreciates the services of the
MA STATE JOURNAL in the cause
Republicanism, and that we com
to the favor and support of th
of Alabama as an able and in
exponent of the principles wh
ate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we comm
STATE JOURNAL to the Republ
Alabama as worthy of their p
and support, and that during
vass now upon us it is highly
that Republicans subscribe for
culate the STATE JOURNAL th
the State.

Resolved, That each delegat
convention be requested to a
agent for the STATE JOURNA
purpose of securing subscriptio
to, and circulating it in every
the State.

Resolved, That we hereby t
thanks to the proprietors of t
JOURNAL for their firm and un
support of our party, and for t
ble service they have rendered
posing the malicious character
upon Senator Spencer.

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DAILY STATE JOURNAL.
THURSDAY, AUGUST 3, 1876.

CENTENNIAL POETRY.

A CONTRIBUTION BY MR. PUNCH.

(From the London Punch.]

(On the Centennial Anniversary of American Independence.)

...we have to confess that England is old and the United States young."—[Times.

Punch sees no harm in that confession.
Age is a thing comparative:
In history's ancient procession
Is there realms than others longer live.
What diagnosis marks the time
When any state is in its prime?

Age is so young, no doubt,
As well keeps her hundredth birthday merrily;
And keeps her hundredth birthday speaks sooth
Her cannon roar and speake sooth:
Her songs and sentiments ring cheerily;
Her cups full talk in fyttes has flowed
As those tall talk in fyttes has flowed
In Bayard Taylor's long-drawn Ode!

Hail we the democratic Maid,
Self-crowned with Freedom's deathless laurel;
Nor her large Liberty upbraid,
Because its running cost a quarrel;
Prosperity and social health
Prosperity and social health
Is the real Commonwealth!

Is old England quite so old
As the chronologer maintains
Are her sensitive, noblest bloods rolled
Through the wide Union's youthful veins?
Hail thing good beneath the sun
Hail and Jonathan are one.

Long centuries of stately life
Are England's birthday gift to her;
To America's youth, with vigor rife,
Is left in England's heart astir.
In Young America Centennial
Old England feels herself perennial.

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THE STATE JOURNAL,

The Paper for the people—A Flattering Testimonial.

In the Republican State Convention of Alabama, on Thursday, May 26th, the following resolutions were presented by the Committee on Platform, etc., and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this convention heartily appreciates the services of the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL in the cause of true Republicanism, and that we commend it to the favor and support of the people of Alabama as an able and honorable exponent of the principles which actuate the Republican party.

Resolved, That we commend the STATE JOURNAL to the Republicans of Alabama as worthy of their patronage and support, and that during the canvass now upon us it is highly necessary that Republicans subscribe for and circulate the STATE JOURNAL throughout the State.

Resolved, That each delegate to this convention be requested to act as an agent for the STATE JOURNAL for the purpose of securing subscriptions thereto, and circulating it in every beat in the State.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our thanks to the proprietors of the STATE JOURNAL for their firm and unwavering support of our party, and for the valuable service they have rendered us in exposing the malicious character of the war upon Senator Spencer.

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Parties desiring to act as agents must accompany their application by a letter of recommendation as to character and responsibility from and signed by the Editor of a newspaper published in the town or county for which agent he desires to act. The agency is to sell the bonds of the Industrial Exhibition Company.
Bonds $20 Each.
The Industrial Exhibition Company will furnish agents with Circulars, etc., etc.
Each newspaper published in the town where agent is located will, as soon as agency is established, be given an advertisement, advertising such agency and the company, and fully explaining the plans, purposes and objects of the company. Such advertisement will continue in such papers as long as agency is successfully conducted.
The Industrial Exhibition Company is the first to adopt the plan so long in use by the European governments of issuing bonds when the principal is made secure and not risked, but where there is a chance for a large premium, an investment of $20 is sure to return to the investor $3—one dollar more than cost—and the holder of a $20 bond may obtain a premium either of $50, $100, $250, $500, $1,000, $5,000, $25,000, $10,000, $20,000 or $100,000. The interest, which is ordinarily distributed to all the bondholders pro rata, is in this loan distributed by chance. The purchaser of a bond knows he will receive back his investment, with a small rate of interest added, and in consideration of taking this small rate of interest, he has a chance in the above named premiums, which are simply the distribution of interest on the whole loan.
Each bond participates in four drawings each year, until it has drawn a premium, when it is surrendered, the premium paid, and the bond cancelled.
The Industrial Exhibition Company, under a special charter, granted by the State of New York, is given authority to issue these bonds. The Legislature of the State, recognizing the great benefits which will arise from the success of this enterprise, have exempted all the real estate and property of the company from taxation and assessments for five years, and has also conferred other great privileges.
Every American who understands the purposes of this company will, of a necessity, feel a pride in aiding it in a successful termination.
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The building will contain 5,320,000 square feet of space.
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Giving arrival and departure of all trains of Montgomery. Reported and corrected expressly for the ALABAMA STATE JOURNAL, by Messrs HOUGH & BENSON, General Ticket Agents Office under Exchange Hotel, where any information as to rates, connections or distance be obtained.

Tickets sold to all points North, South, East and West.

Calls for the Omnibus or Baggage Wagon left at our office, or at the Exchange Hotel will receive prompt attention.

SOUTH AND NORTH ALA. RAILROAD

GOING NORTH.

	No 2—Mail	No 4—Exp
Leaves Montgomery	7:00 am	8:00 pm
Calera	9:35 am	10:25 pm
Birmingham	10:55 am	11:45 pm
Decatur	2:45 pm	2:05 am
Nashville	8:15 pm	8:30 am
Arrive at Louisville	3:45 am	3:40 pm

Accommodation.

	Nos
Leaves Montgomery	4:00 p m
Calera	10:25 p m
Arrive Birmingham	3:00 a m

COMING SOUTH.

	No 1—Mail	No 3—Exp
Leaves Louisville	10:45 am	12:25 am
Nashville	6:45 pm	8:25 am
Decatur	12:10 am	2:00 p m
Birmingham	3:50 am	5:30 pm
Calera	6:10 am	6:50 pm
Arrive at Montgomery	7:40 am	9:25 pm

ROBERT MEEK, Supt.
C. P. ATMORE, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.

MONTGOMERY & EUFAULA R. R.

GOING EAST.

Leave Montgomery.....*2:00 and 10:00 p m
Arrive at Union Springs.....5:30 p m and 1:20 a m
Arrive at Eufaula.....9:55 p m and 6:40 a m
Connecting closely at Union Springs with train for Troy, and at Eufaula with Southwestern railroad for all points in Southwest Georgia and Florida, and with Central line of Boats for Apalachicola, Jacksonville, Tallahassee, etc.

COMING WEST.

Leave Eufaula.....*10:00 pm and 4:15 p m
Arrive at Union Springs.....1:25 a m and 5:36 p m
Arrive at Montgomery.....6:25 a m and 7:50 a m
Connecting closely at Union Springs with train for Columbus, and at Montgomery with all roads for all points north, south, east and west.

R. DUNHAM Sup't
T. P. WELLS, Gen. Ticket Agent.
*Does not run on Sundays.
* 2 pm. train runs to Eufaula Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays; to Union